SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

ngton, D.C. 2054 Amendment No. 1 to

FORM S-4 **REGISTRATION STATEMENT**

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) 2834

Bermuda (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

98-1173944 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Num

er)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Amount of Registration Fee(4)

Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom Telephone: +44 207 400 3347

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices) Copies to:

Derek J. Dostal Derek J. Dostal Lee Hochbaum Brian Wolfe Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 (212) 450-4000 Sophia Hudson, P.C. Tamar Donikyan Alla Digilova Kirkland & Ellis LLP 601 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10022 (212) 446-4800

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement is declared effective and all other conditions to the business combination described in the enclosed proxy statement/prospectus have been satisfied or waived. in une enclosed proxy satement prospectus nave been satistice or warven. If the securities being registered on this form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box. If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. If this form is a post-effective wandment filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. If this form is a post-effective wandment filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) dure the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. Indicate by check mark veheten the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, an on-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer, "accelerated filer, "accelerated filer, "accelerated filer, and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act").

Large accelerated filer

Roivant Common

Non-accelerated filer Emerging Growth Company

□ □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer)

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE Proposed Maximum Propose Maximu Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered Amount to be Registered(1)(2) Offering Price Per Unit(2)(3) Aggregate Offering Pric

Warrants to purchase Roivant Common Shares(6) Total \$12.82 \$394,372,289.7 \$902,122,704.0 \$43,026.02 al Subject States of the States of Warant States and St

(2) (3)

(4) (5)

(6) (7)

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as ministion, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a) effective on such date as many be necessary to delay its effective as the second section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as ministion, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a) and determine. states the Co

The information in this preliminary proxy statement/prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The registrant may not sell the securities described in this preliminary proxy statement/prospectus until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is declared effective. This preliminary proxy statement/prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

PRELIMINARY-SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 30, 2021

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130 Menlo Park, CA 94025

Dear Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. stockholders:

You are cordially invited to attend the special meeting (the "MAAC Special Meeting") of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("MAAC"), at a.m., Eastern Time, on , 2021, unless postponed or adjourned to a later date or time. In light of the novel coronavirus disease (referred to as "COVID-19") pandemic and to support the well-being of MAAC's stockholders and employees, the MAAC Special Meeting will be completely virtual. All MAAC stockholders as of the record date, or their duly appointed proxies, may attend the MAAC Special Meeting virtually. Registration will begin at Eastern Time.

At the MAAC Special Meeting, MAAC stockholders are being asked to consider and vote upon a proposal, which is referred to herein as the "Business Combination Proposal," to approve and adopt the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021 (as amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by MAAC's independent directors and Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bernuda exempted limited company ("Roivant"), and as may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, collectively, the "Business Combination") among MAAC, Roivant and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"), a copy of which is attached to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A. The Business Combination will not occur unless MAAC stockholders approve the Business Combination Proposal. In connection with the Business Combination, outstanding shares and warrants of MAAC will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into shares and warrants of Roivant that are expected to be listed on Nasdaq under the new ticker symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW," in each case in accordance with the terms of the Business Combination Agreement.

In addition, MAAC and Roivant entered into subscription agreements (collectively, the "Subscription Agreements") with certain institutional and accredited investors (collectively, the "PIPE Investors"), pursuant to which PIPE Investors agreed to subscribe for and purchase, and MAAC agreed to issue and sell to PIPE Investors, prior to and substantially concurrently with the closing of the Business Combination (the "Closing"), an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$220,000,000 (the "PIPE Financing"). The MAAC Class A Shares to be offered and sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and the Roivant Common Shares into which such MAAC Class A Shares are converted in connection with the Merger have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), in reliance upon the exemption provided in Section 4(a)(2) thereof. Each MAAC Class A Share issued in the PIPE Financing will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share in the Merger.

The closing of the PIPE Financing is subject to customary conditions for a financing of this nature, including the substantially concurrent consummation of the Business Combination. The Subscription Agreements provide that Roivant will grant the PIPE Investors certain customary registration rights with respect to their Roivant Common Shares following the closing of the Business Combination.

In connection with the Business Combination, certain related agreements were entered into in connection with the signing of the Business Combination Agreement, including the Subscription Agreements, the Transaction Support Agreements, the Sponsor Support Agreement and the Lock-Up Agreements (as defined and each described in more detail in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus). See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements" in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus for more information.

MAAC's units, consisting of one MAAC Class A Share and one-half of one MAAC Warrant (the "MAAC Units"), MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants are currently listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market LLC ("Nasdaq") under the symbols "MAACU," "MAAC" and "MAACW," respectively. MAAC will apply for listing, to be effective at the time of the Closing, of Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants on Nasdaq under the symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW," respectively. It is a condition of the consummation of the Business Combination that Roivant's initial listing application with Nasdaq shall have been approved. If such listing condition is not met or if such confirmation is not obtained, the Business Combination may not be consummated.

You will be also asked to vote upon (a) a proposal herein referred to as the "Nasdaq Proposal" to approve, for the purposes of complying with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(a), (b) and (d), the issuance of more than 20% of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares upon the completion of the Business Combination and (b) a proposal herein referred to as the "Adjournment Proposal" to consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting to a later date or time, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the MAAC Special Meeting, there are not sufficient votes to approve the Business Combination Proposal, or holders of MAAC Class A Shares have elected to redeem an amount of MAAC Class A Shares such that (i) MAAC would have less than \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets or (ii) the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account are not equal to or greater than \$210,000,000 and the related closing condition has not been waived by Roivant.

The MAAC board of directors has unanimously approved the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby and recommends that MAAC stockholders vote "FOR" each of the proposals to be considered at the MAAC Special Meeting. The Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (collectively, the "Business Combination") were approved by the boards of directors of each of MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub, the requisite shareholders of Roivant and Roivant in its capacity as the sole shareholder of Merger Sub.

YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT, REGARDLESS OF THE NUMBER OF MAAC CLASS A SHARES YOU OWN. To ensure your representation at the MAAC Special Meeting, please complete and return the enclosed proxy card or submit your proxy by following the instructions contained in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus and on your proxy card. Please submit your proxy promptly whether or not you expect to attend the MAAC Special Meeting. Submitting a proxy now will NOT prevent you from being able to vote online at the meeting.

You may attend the meeting and vote your shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting . You will need the control number that is printed on your proxy card to enter the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC recommends that you log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure you are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts. Please note that you will not be able to attend the MAAC Special Meeting in person. If your shares are held in "street name" in a stock brokerage account or by a broker, bank or other nominee, you will need to contact Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company ("CST") to receive a control number.

The accompanying proxy statement/prospectus provides you with detailed information about the proposed Business Combination. It also contains or references information about MAAC, Roivant and certain related matters. You are encouraged to read the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus carefully. In particular, you should read the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 34 for a discussion of the risks you should consider in evaluating the proposed Business Combination and how it will affect you. If you have any questions regarding the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus, you may contact (banks and brokers call) or email at

, MAAC's proxy solicitor, toll-free

,

Sincerely,

at

James C. Momtazee

Chairman of the Board

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Business Combination, the issuance of Roivant Common Shares in connection with the Business Combination or the other transactions described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus, or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the disclosure in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The accompanying proxy statement/prospectus is dated , 2021, and is first being mailed to MAAC's stockholders on or about 2021.

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130 Menlo Park, CA 94025

NOTICE OF THE SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON , 202

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation, will be held virtually, conducted via live audio webcast on , 2021, unless postponed or adjourned to a later date or time. In light of the COVID-19 pandemic and to support the well-being of MAAC's stockholders and employees, the MAAC Special Meeting, will be completely virtual. All MAAC stockholders as of the record date, or their duly appointed proxies, may attend the MAAC Special Meeting. Registration will begin a Eastern Time. You may attend the meeting and vote your shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting . You will need the control number that is printed on your proxy card to enter the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC recommends that you log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure you are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts. Please note that you will not be able to attend the MAAC Special Meeting in person.

On May 1, 2021, Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("MAAC"), entered into a Business Combination Agreement (as amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by MAAC's independent directors (the "MAAC Independent Directors" and each, a "MAAC Independent Director") and Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company ("Roivant"), and as may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Business Combination Agreement") with Roivant, and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"), a copy of which is attached to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A.

The Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (collectively, the "Business Combination") were approved by the boards of directors of each of MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub. The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, the following transactions: (i) the bye-laws of Roivant will be amended and restated; (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant (the "Merger"); and (iii) in connection with the aforementioned transactions and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the PIPE Financing and the Transaction Support Agreements (each as defined and described in more detail in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus) will be completed. As described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus) were on the Business Combination, among other proposals.

At the effective time of the Merger (the "Effective Time"), (a) each share of MAAC Class A common stock (the "MAAC Class A Shares") and each share of MAAC Class B common stock (the "MAAC Class B Shares," together with the MAAC Class A Shares, the "MAAC Shares") that is outstanding immediately before the Effective Time (other than treasury shares and any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (b) each MAAC Class B Share that is outstanding immediately before the Effective Time and held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into a number of Roivant Common Shares based on an exchange ratio (the "MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio"), with a portion of such Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as defined and more fully described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus), and (c) each warrant to purchase MAAC Class A Shares (the "MAAC Warrants") that is outstanding immediately before the Effective Time will be converted automatically into the right to acquire Roivant Common Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the MAAC Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and between MAAC and the Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company. Pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement, the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio is 1.0, subject to reduction in an amount equal to one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed in connection with the Business Combination (i.e., if 10% of the MAAC Class A Shares are so redeemed, then the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio will be equal to 0.95), provided that in no event will the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio be less than 0.75.

The Business Combination Proposal — To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve the Business Combination Agreement, certain related agreements and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Business Combination, as defined in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus). The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, that the Business Combination shall be effectuated through Merger Sub merging with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant. As described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus, MAAC's stockholders are being asked to consider a vote on the Business Combination, among other proposals. A copy of the Business Combination Agreement is attached to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A (Proposal No. 1).

The Nasdaq Proposal — To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve, for the purposes of complying with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(a), (b) and (d), the issuance of more than 20% of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares upon the completion of the Business Combination (Proposal No. 2).

The Adjournment Proposal — To consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting to a later date or time, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the MAAC Special Meeting, there are not sufficient votes to approve the Business Combination Proposal, or holders of MAAC Class A Shares have elected to redeem an amount of MAAC Class A Shares such that (i) MAAC would have less than \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets or (ii) the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account not being equal to or greater than \$210,000,000 would not be satisfied or waived by Roivant. The Business Combination is not conditioned upon the approval of the Adjournment Proposal (Proposal No. 3).

Only holders of record of MAAC Shares at the close of business on , 2021 are entitled to notice of the MAAC Special Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof. A complete list of MAAC stockholders of record entitled to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting will be available for ten days before the MAAC Special Meeting, the principal executive offices of MAAC for inspection by stockholders during ordinary business hours for any purpose germane to the MAAC Special Meeting. The eligible MAAC stockholder list will also be available on the MAAC Special Meeting the available on the MAAC Special Meeting will be available on the MAAC Special Meeting will be available on the MAAC Special Meeting live audio webcast.

Holders of MAAC Class A Shares have the right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the cash held in a trust account (the "Trust Account"), which holds the net proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering, as of two business days prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay taxes, if any) upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, together with any affiliate of such holder or any other person with whom such holder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), will be restricted from seeking redemption with respect to such warrants in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Approval of the Business Combination Proposal requires that the initial Business Combination be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination. Approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting, regardless of whether a quorum is present. Broker non-votes, while considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum, will not count as shares entitled to vote or votes cast at the MAAC Special Meeting, and otherwise will have no effect on the Nasdaq Proposal and Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes will have the same effect as a vote "**AGAINST**" the Business Combination Proposal. The MAAC board of directors has approved each of the proposals.

As of March 31, 2021, there was approximately \$410.8 million in the Trust Account, which MAAC intends to use for the purposes of consummating the Business Combination within the time period described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus and to pay \$14,375,138 in deferred underwriting commissions to the

underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering. Each redemption of MAAC Class A Shares by its public stockholders will decrease the amount in the Trust Account. MAAC will not consummate the Business Combination if the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares would result in MAAC's failure to have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets (as determined in accordance with Rule 3a51-1(g)(1) of the Exchange Act) (or any successor rule).

If MAAC stockholders fail to approve the Business Combination Proposal, the Business Combination will not occur. The proxy statement/prospectus accompanying this notice explains the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, as well as the proposals to be considered at the MAAC Special Meeting. Please review the proxy statement/prospectus carefully.

YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT, REGARDLESS OF THE NUMBER OF MAAC CLASS A SHARES YOU OWN. To ensure your representation at the MAAC Special Meeting, please complete and return the enclosed proxy card or submit your proxy by following the instructions contained in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus and on your proxy card. Please submit your proxy promptly whether or not you expect to attend the meeting. Submitting a proxy now will NOT prevent you from being able to vote online at the MAAC Special Meeting. If your shares are held in "street name" in a stock brokerage account or by a broker, bank or other nominee, you will need to contact CST to receive a control number.

The MAAC board of directors has unanimously approved the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby and recommends that you vote "FOR" the Business Combination Proposal, "FOR" the Nasdaq Proposal and, if required, "FOR" the Adjournment Proposal.

If you plan to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting you will need to have a legal proxy from your bank, broker, or other nominee or if you would like to join and not vote CST will issue you a guest control number with proof of ownership. In either case, you must contact CST for specific instructions on how to receive the control number. Please allow up to 72 hours prior to the meeting for processing your control number.

If you do not have internet capabilities, you can listen only to the meeting by dialing +1 (toll-free) inside the U.S. and Canada or +1 (standard rates apply), and when prompted enter the pin number #. This is listen-only, you will not be able to vote or enter questions during the meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

James C. Momtazee

Chairman of the Board

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES REGULATORY AGENCY HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THE TRANSACTIONS DESCRIBED IN THE ACCOMPANYING PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS OR ANY OF THE SECURITIES TO BE ISSUED IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUSINESS COMBINATION, PASSED UPON THE MERITS OR FAIRNESS OF THE BUSINESS COMBINATION OR RELATED TRANSACTIONS OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THE DISCLOSURE IN THE ACCOMPANYING PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY CONSTITUTES A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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MAAC and Roivant are responsible for the information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus. Neither MAAC nor Roivant have authorized anyone to provide you with different information, and neither MAAC nor Roivant take responsibility for any other information others may give you. MAAC and Roivant are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than its date.

For investors outside of the United States, neither MAAC nor Roivant have done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. You are required to inform yourselves about, and to observe any restrictions relating to, this offering and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This proxy statement/prospectus includes references to the clinical trials that Roivant has conducted with respect to its product candidates. Where reference is made to a clinical trial being "successful," that indicates that the product candidate under evaluation in that clinical trial met its pre-specified primary endpoint(s). The eight successful Phase 3 clinical trials referenced in this proxy statement/prospectus evaluated four distinct drug candidates or combination therapies: tapinarof, vibegron, relugolix monotherapy, and a combination of relugolix, estradiol, and norethindrone acetate. The one unsuccessful Phase 3 clinical trials refore the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. With respect to the drug candidates that have completed successful Phase 3 clinical trials: (i) our subsidiary, Dermavant Sciences, has submitted an NDA to the FDA for tapinarof, for which a decision on its approval is expected in mid-2022; (ii) our former subsidiary, Myovant Sciences, has received FDA approval for relugolix (marketed as Orgovyx) for the treatment of prostate cancer and the combination of relugolix, estradiol and norethindrone acetate (marketed as Myfembree) for the treatment of overactive bladder.

Certain summary statistics and other information presented in proxy statement/prospectus, including our pipeline of drug candidates, our clinical trial count, the number of Vant launches and the return on our investment in publicly-listed Vants, include three entities in which we retain both a substantial economic interest and have representation on the entities' boards of directors: Arbutus Biopharma, Sio Gene Therapies and Datavant. Other than the potential appreciation in the value of our equity interests in these entities, we do not have any further economic interests in the product candidates they are developing or their marketed technology products, as applicable.

MARKET, INDUSTRY AND OTHER DATA

This proxy statement/prospectus contains estimates, projections and other information concerning Roivant's industry, Roivant's business and the markets for Roivant's products. Some market data and statistical information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus are also based on Roivant's management's estimates and calculations, which are derived from their review and interpretation of the independent sources listed below, internal research and knowledge of Roivant's market. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding the market, industry or other data presented herein, such projections, assumptions and estimates of the future performance of the industry in which Roivant operates and Roivant's future performance are necessarily subject to uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors, including those described in the sections titled "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors."

Unless otherwise expressly stated, we obtained industry, business, market and other data from the reports, publications and other materials and sources listed below. In some cases, we do not expressly refer to the sources from which this data is derived. In that regard, when we refer to one or more sources of this type of data in any paragraph, you should assume that other data of this type appearing in the same paragraph is derived from the same sources, unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires.

TRADEMARKS

This document contains references to trademarks, trade names and service marks belonging to other entities. Solely for convenience, trademarks, trade names and service marks referred to in this proxy statement/consent solicitation statement/prospectus may appear without the [®], TM or SM symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that the applicable licensor will not assert to the fullest extent under applicable licensity of the trademarks and trade names. MAAC and Roivant do not intend that use or display of other companies' trade names, trademarks, or service marks to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us, by any other companies.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This proxy statement/prospectus may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our or our management team's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future, and statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the Business Combination. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue, "estimate," "expect," "intends," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "portential," "predict," "project," "should," "would" and similar expressions may identify forwardlooking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

The forward-looking statements contained in this proxy statement/prospectus are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us taking into account information currently available to us. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, they could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Some factors that could cause actual results to differ include, but are not limited to:

- the timing to complete the Business Combination;
- · the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the termination of the Business Combination Agreement;
- the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against MAAC or Roivant in connection with the Business Combination and related transactions;
- the inability to complete the Business Combination and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement due to the failure to obtain the requisite approval of our shareholders, or other conditions to closing in the Business Combination Agreement;
- MAAC'S ability to obtain the listing of Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants on Nasdaq following the Business Combination;
- the risk that the Business Combination disrupts Roivant's current operations as a result of the announcement and consummation of the transactions described herein;
- the ability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the Business Combination, which may be affected by, among other things, competition, and the ability of the combined business to grow and manage growth profitably;
- costs related to the Business Combination;
- changes in applicable laws or regulations;
- the possibility that MAAC or Roivant may be adversely affected by other economic, business and/or competitive factors; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those described under the heading "Risk Factors."

We are not undertaking any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should not take any statement regarding past trends or activities as a representation that the trends or activities will continue in the future. Accordingly, you should not put undue reliance on these statements in deciding how to grant your proxy or instruct how your vote should be cast on the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus.

CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this proxy statement/prospectus to:

"Basic" means, when referring to Roivant's ownership interest in an entity, and unless otherwise indicated, Roivant's percentage ownership of the issued and outstanding shares of the entity.

"Business Combination" means the merger pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, whereby, among other things, (a) the bye-laws of Roivant will be amended and restated, (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant, and (iii) and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

"Business Combination Agreement" means the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021, by and among MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub, as amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant and as may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

"Closing" means the closing of the Business Combination

"Effective Time" means the effective time of the Merger.

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

"Founder Shares" means 10,267,956 MAAC Class B Shares outstanding as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus that were issued to the MAAC Sponsor in a private placement prior to MAAC's initial public offering, which immediately prior to the Effective Time will automatically convert, on a one-for-one basis, into 10,267,956 MAAC Class A Shares subject to the terms of the Sponsor Support Agreement.

"Fully Diluted" means, when referring to Roivant's ownership interest in an entity, and unless otherwise indicated, Roivant's percentage ownership of all outstanding equity interests, whether vested or unvested, of the entity.

"HSR Act" means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"MAAC" means Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation.

"MAAC Class A Shares" means each share of Class A common stock of MAAC, par value \$0.0001 per share.

"MAAC Class B Shares" means each share of Class B common stock of MAAC, par value \$0.0001 per share.

"MAAC Shares" means, collectively, the MAAC Class A Shares and the MAAC Class B Shares.

"MAAC Sponsor" means Patient Square Capital LLC, a limited liability company organized under the State of Delaware.

"MAAC Unit" means each issued and outstanding unit of MAAC, consisting of one MAAC Class A Share and one-half of one MAAC Warrant.

"MAAC Warrant" means each whole warrant of MAAC entitling the holder to purchase one MAAC Class A Share per warrant at a price of \$11.50 per share.

"MAAC Warrant Agreement" means the Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and between MAAC and the Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company.

"Merger" means the merger between MAAC and Merger Sub.

"Merger Sub" means Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Roivant.

"NDA" means a New Drug Application.

"PIPE Financing" means the commitment by the PIPE Investors to purchase an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds to MAAC of \$220,000,000.

"PIPE Investors" means those certain institutional and accredited investors that entered into the Subscription Agreements in connection with the PIPE Financing.

"Roivant" means Roivant Sciences Ltd., an exempted company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda.

"Roivant Common Shares" means each common share of Roivant either, as context requires, prior to or following the consummation of the Business Combination.

"Roivant Warrants" means each warrant to be issued by Roivant to MAAC Warrant holders and the Roivant Common Shares underlying such warrants.

"Sponsor Support Agreement" means the agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021, as amended by Amendment No. 1, dated as of June 9, 2021, pursuant to which the MAAC Sponsor agreed to undertake certain actions in support of the Business Combination, including, but not limited to, delivering a voting proxy pursuant to which the MAAC Sponsor will vote in favor of the proposals presented for approval herein.

"Subscription Agreements" means the subscription agreements entered into among MAAC, Roivant and the PIPE Investors, pursuant to which such investors have agreed to subscribe for and purchase, and MAAC has agreed to issue and sell to such investors, an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$220,000,000.

"Transaction Support Agreements" means, collectively, the agreements pursuant to which certain shareholders of Roivant entered into with MAAC and Roivant, pursuant to which such shareholders of Roivant have agreed to, among other things, certain covenants and agreements, to support, or that are otherwise related to, the Business Combination, including an agreement to terminate certain existing agreements between Roivant and such shareholders, an agreement to not transfer his, her or its Roivant Common Shares prior to Closing and, in the case of certain Roivant shareholders also participating in the PIPE Financing, certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act, to the extent applicable, with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to such shareholder in connection with the Business Combination.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

The following are answers to certain questions that you, as a stockholder of MAAC, may have regarding the Business Combination and the stockholder meeting. We urge you to carefully read the remainder of this proxy statement/prospectus because the information in this section may not provide all the information that might be important to you in determining how to vote. Additional important information is also contained in the annexes to this proxy statement/prospectus.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE BUSINESS COMBINATION

Q: WHAT IS THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?

A: MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub have entered into a Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021 (as amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant and as may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time), pursuant to which, among other things: (i) the bye-laws of Roivant will be amended and restated; (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant; and (iii) in connection with the aforementioned transactions and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the PIPE Financing and the Transaction Support Agreements will be completed.

MAAC will hold the MAAC Special Meeting of stockholders to consider matters relating to the proposed Business Combination. See "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination." In addition, a copy of the Business Combination Agreement is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A. We urge you to carefully read this proxy statement/prospectus and the Business Combination Agreement in their entirety. MAAC and Roivant cannot complete the Business Combination unless MAAC's stockholders approve the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby. MAAC is sending you this proxy statement/prospectus to ask you to vote in favor of these and the other matters described in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Q: WHY AM I RECEIVING THIS DOCUMENT?

A: MAAC is sending this proxy statement/prospectus to its stockholders to help them decide how to vote their MAAC Shares with respect to the matters to be considered at the MAAC Special Meeting.

The Business Combination cannot be completed unless MAAC's stockholders approve the Business Combination Proposal, as set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus. Information about the MAAC Special Meeting, the Business Combination and the other business to be considered by stockholders at the MAAC Special Meeting is contained in this proxy statement/prospectus.

This document constitutes a proxy statement of MAAC and a prospectus of Roivant. It is a proxy statement because the board of directors of MAAC is soliciting proxies using this proxy statement/prospectus from its stockholders. It is a prospectus because Roivant, in connection with the Merger, is offering Roivant Common Shares in exchange for the outstanding MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Shares.

Q: WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO MAAC'S SECURITIES UPON CONSUMMATION OF THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?

A: MAAC Units, the MAAC Class A Shares and the MAAC Warrants are publicly traded on Nasdaq under the symbols "MAACU," "MAAC" and "MAACW," respectively. At the effective time of the Merger, outstanding MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants will be exchanged for newly issued Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants, respectively, which are expected to be listed on Nasdaq under the new ticker symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW." MAAC warrant holders and those stockholders who do not elect to have their shares redeemed need not deliver their MAAC Class A Shares or warrant certificates to MAAC or MAAC's transfer agent and they will remain outstanding.

Q: WHAT WILL MAAC STOCKHOLDERS RECEIVE IN THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?

A: At the effective time of the Merger, (a) each MAAC Class A Share and each MAAC Class B Share that is outstanding immediately before the effective time (other than treasury shares and any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (b) each MAAC Class B Share that is outstanding immediately before the effective time held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into a number of Roivant Common Shares based on an exchange ratio, with a portion of such Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as more fully described in the section entitled "Summary of the Proxy Statement/Prospectus—Sponsor Support Agreement" below), and (c) each MAAC Warrant that is outstanding immediately before the effective time will be converted automatically into the right to acquire Roivant Common Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the MAAC Sponsor Cloude 5, 2020, by and between MAAC and the Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company. Pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement, the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio is 1.0, subject to reduction in an amount equal to one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed in connection with the Business Combination (i.e., if 10% of the MAAC Class A Shares are so redeemed, then the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio will be equal to 0.95), provided that in no event will the MAAC Class A Shares are so redeemed.

Q: WHEN WILL THE BUSINESS COMBINATION BE COMPLETED?

A: MAAC and Roivant currently expect that the Business Combination will be completed during the third calendar quarter of 2021. However, MAAC cannot assure you of when or if the Business Combination will be completed, and it is possible that factors outside of the control of MAAC could result in the Business Combination being completed at a different time or not at all. MAAC must first obtain the approval of MAAC stockholders for each of the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus (other than the Adjournment Proposal) and certain other closing conditions must be fulfilled. See "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination."

Q: WHAT ARE THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE MERGER TO U.S. HOLDERS OF MAAC CLASS A SHARES AND/OR MAAC WARRANTS?

A: Subject to the limitations and qualifications described in "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of the Merger" below, the Merger is generally intended to be tax-deferred to U.S. Holders (as defined in "Material United States Tax Considerations") of MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants for U.S. fedderal income tax purposes, except to the extent that such U.S. Holders of MAAC Class A Shares receive cash pursuant to the exercise of redemption rights. However, there are significant factual and legal uncertainties as to whether the Merger qualifies for tax-deferred treatment as a "reorganization" under Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). If any requirement for Section 368(a) of the Code is not met, then a U.S. Holder of MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants may recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the fair market value (as of the date of the Closing) of Roivant Common Shares received in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by Roivant in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by such U.S. Holder in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by such U.S. Holder in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by such U.S. Holder in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by societ.

Section 367(a) of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, in certain circumstances, may impose additional requirements for certain U.S. Holders to qualify for tax-deferred treatment with respect to the exchange of MAAC Class A Shares and/or the assumption of MAAC Warrants by Roivant in the Merger.

The tax consequences of the Merger are complex and will depend on your particular circumstances. For a more complete discussion of the U.S. federal income tax considerations of the Merger, including the application of Section 367(a) of the Code, see the sections entitled "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of the Merger", and "Material United States Tax Considerations—Additional Requirements for Tax Deferral."

If you are a U.S. Holder whose MAAC Class A Shares are exchanged, or whose MAAC Warrants are assumed by Roivant, in the Merger, you are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine the tax consequences thereof. The summary above is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed discussion provided in the section entitled "Material United States Tax Considerations."

Q: WHAT ARE THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF EXERCISING MY REDEMPTION RIGHTS?

A: Whether the redemption is subject to U.S. federal income tax depends on the particular facts and circumstances. Please see the section entitled "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of Exercising Redemption Rights." We urge you to consult your tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of exercising your redemption rights.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING

Q: WHAT AM I BEING ASKED TO VOTE ON AND WHY IS THIS APPROVAL NECESSARY?

A: MAAC stockholders are being asked to vote on the following proposals:

- the Business Combination Proposal;
- the Nasdaq Proposal; and
- the Adjournment Proposal.

The Business Combination will not occur unless MAAC stockholders approve each of the proposals specified in this proxy statement/prospectus, other than the Adjournment Proposal.

Q: WHY IS MAAC PROPOSING THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?

A: MAAC is a blank check company incorporated to effect a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses.

On October 9, 2020, MAAC completed its initial public offering, generating gross proceeds of \$410,718,230 (which includes the gross proceeds from the partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option on November 10, 2020), which were placed in the Trust Account. All of MAAC's activity since its initial public offering has related to identifying a target company for a business combination.

Based on its due diligence investigations of Roivant and the industry in which Roivant operates, including the financial and other information provided by Roivant in the course of the negotiations of the Business Combination Agreement, MAAC believes that Roivant aligns well with the objectives laid out in MAAC's investment thesis. As a result, MAAC believes that a business combination with Roivant will provide MAAC stockholders with an opportunity to participate in the ownership of a publicly-listed company with significant growth potential at an attractive valuation. See "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination—The MAAC Board of Directors' Reasons for the Business Combination."

- Q: DID THE MAAC BOARD OBTAIN A THIRD-PARTY VALUATION OR FAIRNESS OPINION IN DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT TO PROCEED WITH THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?
- A: MAAC's board of directors did not obtain a third-party valuation or fairness opinion in connection with its determination to approve the Business Combination. MAAC's officers have more than 50 years of

combined investing experience during which they have conducted diligence on a broad set of private and publicly held health care companies. MAAC's directors also have significant operating experience, acquisition experience and relationships in the health care industry. MAAC's officers and directors, together with their advisors, employed a disciplined and highly selective investment process that focused on accessing differentiated opportunities through deep relationships with executives, advisors, and intermediaries to enhance the growth potential and value of a target business and provide opportunities for an attractive return to our stockholders. They concluded that their experience and backgrounds, together with the experience and sector expertise of MAAC's advisors, enabled them to make the necessary analyses and determinations regarding the Business Combination. Accordingly, investors will be relying solely on the judgment of MAAC's board of directors in valuing Roivant's business.

Q: DO I HAVE REDEMPTION RIGHTS?

A: If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, you have the right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the cash held in the Trust Account, which holds the net proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering, as of two business days prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay taxes, if any) upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, together with any affiliate of such holder or any other person with whom such holder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), will be restricted from seeking redemption with respect to more than 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares.

Holders of the outstanding MAAC Warrants do not have redemption rights with respect to such warrants in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Under the Pre-Closing MAAC Certificate of Incorporation, the Business Combination may be consummated only if MAAC has at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets after giving effect to redemptions by all holders of MAAC Class A Shares that properly demand redemption of their MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

Q: WILL MY VOTE AFFECT MY ABILITY TO EXERCISE MY REDEMPTION RIGHTS?

A: No. You may exercise your redemption rights whether you vote your MAAC Class A Shares for or against, or whether you abstain from voting on, the Business Combination Proposal or any other proposal described in this proxy statement/prospectus. As a result, the Business Combination Proposal can be approved by stockholders who will redeem their MAAC Class A Shares and will no longer be stockholders and the Business Combination may be consummated even though the funds available from the Trust Account and the number of public stockholders are substantially reduced as a result of redemptions by public stockholders. With fewer MAAC Class A Shares and public stockholders, the trading market for MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination and MAAC may not be able to meet the listing standards of a national securities exchange, including Nasdaq. In addition, with fewer funds available from the Trust Account, the capital infusion from the Trust Account into Roivant's business will be reduced and the amount of working capital available to Roivant following the Business Combination may be reduced. Your decision to exercise your redemption rights with respect to MAAC Class A Shares will have no effect on the MAAC Warrants you may also hold.

Q: HOW DO I EXERCISE MY REDEMPTION RIGHTS?

A: If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares and wish to exercise your redemption rights, you are required to tender your share certificates or deliver your shares to the transfer agent electronically using The Depository Trust Company's DWAC (Deposit/Withdrawal at Custodian) system, at your option, in each

case by the date that is two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination. Accordingly, you have until two days prior to the initial vote on the Business Combination to tender your shares if you wish to exercise your redemption rights. Given the relatively short period in which to exercise redemption rights, it is advisable for you to use electronic delivery of your shares. If you exercise your redemption right, your shares will be redeemed for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (which, for illustrative purposes, was \$410,790,995, or \$10.00 per MAAC Class A Share, as of March 31, 2021). Such amount, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any, will be paid promptly upon consummation of the Business Combination. However, under Delaware law, the proceeds held in the Trust Account clud be subject to claims that could take priority over those of MAAC's public stockholders exercising redemption rights, regardless of whether such holders vote for or against the Business Combination Proposal. The per share distribution from the Trust Account in such a situation may be less than originally anticipated due to such claims. Your vote on any proposal other than the Business Combination Proposal will have no impact on the amount you will receive if you exercise your redemption rights.

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, may be withdrawn at any time up to two days prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal at the MAAC Special Meeting. If you deliver your shares for redemption to MAAC's transfer agent and later decide, prior to the MAAC Special Meeting, not to redeem your shares, you may request that MAAC's transfer agent return the shares electronically.

No demand will be effectuated unless the holder's MAAC Class A Shares have been delivered electronically to the transfer agent prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal at the MAAC Special Meeting.

If a holder of MAAC Class A Shares properly makes a request for redemption and the MAAC Class A Shares are delivered to MAAC's transfer agent no later than two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination, then, if the Business Combination is consummated, MAAC will redeem these shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account. If you exercise your redemption rights, then you will be exchanging your MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

For a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations for holders of MAAC Class A Shares with respect to the exercise of these redemption rights, see "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of Exercising Redemption Rights."

Q: WHAT HAPPENS TO THE FUNDS DEPOSITED IN THE TRUST ACCOUNT AFTER CONSUMMATION OF THE BUSINESS COMBINATION?

A: The net proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering, together with funds raised from the sale of the private placement warrants simultaneously with the consummation of MAAC's initial public offering, were placed in the Trust Account immediately following MAAC's initial public offering. After consummation of the Business Combination, the funds in the Trust Account will be used to pay holders of the MAAC Class A Shares who exercise redemption rights, to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination (including aggregate fees of \$14,375,138 as deferred underwriting commissions related to MAAC's initial public offering) and for Roivant's working capital and general corporate purposes, which may include future strategic transactions.

Q: WHAT HAPPENS IF THE BUSINESS COMBINATION IS NOT CONSUMMATED?

A: If MAAC does not complete the Business Combination with Roivant for any reason, MAAC intends to search for another target business with which to complete a business combination. If MAAC does not complete the Business Combination with Roivant or another target business by October 9, 2022, MAAC will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares at a per-share price, payable

in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law; and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining stockholders and the board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to our obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

Q: HOW DOES THE MAAC SPONSOR INTEND TO VOTE ON THE PROPOSALS?

A: The MAAC Sponsor owns of record, and is entitled to vote, an aggregate of approximately 20% of the outstanding MAAC Shares. The MAAC Sponsor has agreed to vote any MAAC Class B Shares, and any MAAC Class A Shares held by it as of the record date, in favor of the Business Combination Proposal. Further, the MAAC Sponsor intends to vote in favor of all of the proposals.

Q: WHAT CONSTITUTES A QUORUM AT THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING?

A: A majority of the voting power of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares entitled to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting as of the MAAC record date must be present virtually or by proxy, at the MAAC Special Meeting to constitute a quorum and in order to conduct business at the MAAC Special Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for the purpose of determining a quorum. The holders of the MAAC Class B Shares, who currently own approximately 20% of the issued and outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, will count towards this quorum. In the absence of a quorum, the holders of a majority of the MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, and entitled to vote at the meeting, may adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting.

As of the MAAC record date, 25,669,890 MAAC Shares would be required to achieve a quorum.

Q: WHAT VOTE IS REQUIRED TO APPROVE EACH PROPOSAL AT THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING?

A: The Business Combination Proposal: MAAC shall consummate the proposed initial Business Combination only if it is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination.

The Nasdaq Proposal: The affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting is required to approve the Nasdaq Proposal.

The Adjournment Proposal: The affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting, regardless of whether a quorum is present, is required to approve the Adjournment Proposal. The Business Combination is not conditioned upon the approval of the Adjournment Proposal.

Q: DO ANY OF MAAC'S DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS HAVE INTERESTS IN THE BUSINESS COMBINATION THAT DIFFER FROM OR ARE IN ADDITION TO THE INTERESTS OF MAAC'S PUBLIC STOCKHOLDERS?

A: Each of MAAC's directors and officers owns MAAC Class B Shares and/or MAAC Warrants and therefore may have a conflict of interest in determining whether a particular target business is an appropriate business with which to effectuate our initial business combination. MAAC's board of directors was aware of and considered this, among other matters, in approving the Business Combination Agreement and in

recommending that the Business Combination be approved by MAAC's stockholders of MAAC. See "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination—Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination."

Q: WHAT DO I NEED TO DO NOW?

A: After carefully reading and considering the information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus, please submit your proxies as soon as possible so that your shares will be represented at the MAAC Special Meeting. Please follow the instructions set forth on the proxy card or on the voting instruction card provided by your broker, bank or other nominee if your shares are held in the name of your broker, bank or other nominee.

Q: HOW DO I VOTE?

- A: If you are a stockholder of record of MAAC as of any of the following ways, if available:
 - use the toll-free number shown on your proxy card;
 - visit the website shown on your proxy card to vote via the Internet; or
 - complete, sign, date and return your proxy card in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

Stockholders who choose to participate in the MAAC Special Meeting can vote their shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting www. .com. You will need the control number that is printed on your proxy card to enter the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC recommends that you log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure you are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts.

If your shares are held in "street name" through a broker, bank or other nominee, your broker, bank or other nominee will send you separate instructions describing the procedure for voting your shares. "Street name" stockholders who wish to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting will need to obtain a legal proxy from their broker, bank or other nominee.

Q: WHEN AND WHERE IS THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING?

A: The MAAC Special Meeting of stockholders will be held on ,2021, unless postponed or adjourned to a later date. In light of the COVID-19 pandemic and to support the well-being of MAAC's stockholders and employees, the MAAC Special Meeting will be completely virtual. All MAAC stockholders as of the record date, or their duly appointed proxies, may attend the MAAC Special Meeting. Registration will begin at Eastern Time.

Q: HOW CAN MAAC'S STOCKHOLDERS ATTEND THE SPECIAL MEETING?

A: If you are a registered stockholder, you will receive a proxy card from MAAC's transfer agent, CST. Your proxy card contains instructions on how to attend the virtual MAAC Special Meeting including the URL address, along with your control number. You will need your control number to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting. If you do not have your control number, contact CST at the phone number or e-mail address below. CST's contact information is as follows: , or email

You can pre-register to attend the virtual MAAC Special Meeting three days prior to the meeting date starting , 2021 at Eastern Time. Enter the URL address into your browser , enter your control number, name and email address. Once you pre-register you can vote or enter questions in the chat box. At the start of the meeting you will need to re-log in using your control number and will also be prompted to enter your control number if you vote during the meeting. MAAC recommends that you log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure you are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts.

If your shares are held in "street name" in a stock brokerage account or by a broker, bank or other nominee, you will need to contact CST to receive a control number. If you plan to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting you will need to have a legal proxy from your bank, broker, or other nominee or if you would like to join and not vote CST will issue you a guest control number with proof of ownership. In either case, you must contact CST for specific instructions on how to receive the control number. Please allow 72 hours prior to the meeting for processing your control number.

If you do not have internet capabilities, you can listen only to the meeting by dialing +1 (toll-free) inside the U.S. and Canada or +1 (standard rates apply), and when prompted enter the pin number #. This is listen-only, you will not be able to vote or enter questions during the meeting.

Q: WHY IS THE SPECIAL MEETING A VIRTUAL MEETING?

- A: MAAC has decided to hold the MAAC Special Meeting virtually due to the COVID-19 pandemic. MAAC is sensitive to the public health and travel concerns of MAAC's stockholders and employees and the protocols that federal, state and local governments may impose. MAAC believes that hosting a virtual meeting will enable greater stockholder attendance and participation from any location around the world.
- Q: WHAT IF DURING THE CHECK-IN TIME OR DURING THE SPECIAL MEETING I HAVE TECHNICAL DIFFICULTIES OR TROUBLE ACCESSING THE VIRTUAL MEETING WEBSITE?
- A: If you encounter any difficulties accessing the virtual meeting during the check-in or meeting time, please call the technical support number that will be posted on the virtual stockholder meeting log in page.
- Q: IF MY SHARES ARE HELD IN "STREET NAME" BY A BROKER, BANK OR OTHER NOMINEE, WILL MY BROKER, BANK OR OTHER NOMINEE VOTE MY SHARES FOR ME?
- A: If your shares are held in "street name" in a stock brokerage account or by a broker, bank or other nominee, you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares. Please follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee. Please note that you may not vote shares held in "street name" by returning a proxy card directly to MAAC or by voting online at the MAAC Special Meeting unless you provide a "legal proxy," which you must obtain from your broker, bank or other nominee.

Pursuant to applicable rules, brokers who hold shares in "street name" for a beneficial owner of those shares typically have the authority to vote in their discretion on "routine" proposals when they have not received instructions from beneficial owners. However, brokers are not permitted to exercise their voting discretion with respect to the approval of matters that the Nasdaq determines to be "non-routine" without specific instructions from beneficial owner. It is expected that all proposals to be voted on at the MAAC Special Meeting will be "non-routine" matters.

If you are a holder of MAAC Shares holding your shares in "street name" and you do not instruct your broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your broker, bank or other nominee will not vote your shares on any of the proposals presented in this proxy statement/prospectus. The failure of your broker to vote will have no effect on the vote count for such proposals.

Q: WHAT HAPPENS IF I SELL MY MAAC CLASS A SHARES BEFORE THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING?

A: The record date for the MAAC Special Meeting will be earlier than the date of the consummation of the Business Combination. If you transfer your MAAC Class A Shares after the record date, but before the MAAC Special Meeting, unless the transferee obtains from you a proxy to vote those shares, you will retain

your right to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting. However, you will not be able to seek redemption of your MAAC Class A Shares because you will no longer be able to deliver them for cancellation upon the consummation of the Business Combination in accordance with the provisions described herein. If you transfer your MAAC Class A Shares prior to the record date, you will have no right to vote those shares at the MAAC Special Meeting or redeem those shares for a pro rata portion of the proceeds held in the Trust Account.

Q: WHAT IF I ATTEND THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING AND ABSTAIN OR DO NOT VOTE?

A: For purposes of the MAAC Special Meeting, an abstention occurs when a stockholder attends the meeting online and does not vote or returns a proxy with an "abstain" vote.

If you are a holder of MAAC Shares that attends the MAAC Special Meeting virtually and fails to vote, or if you vote abstain, your failure to vote or abstention will have the same effect as a vote "AGAINST" the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes, while considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum, will not count as shares entitled to vote or votes cast at the MAAC Special Meeting, and otherwise will have no effect on the Nasdaq Proposal and Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes will have the same effect as a vote "AGAINST" the Business Combination Proposal.

Q: WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF I RETURN MY PROXY CARD WITHOUT INDICATING HOW TO VOTE?

A: If you sign and return your proxy card without indicating how to vote on any particular proposal, the MAAC Shares represented by your proxy will be voted as recommended by MAAC's board of directors with respect to that proposal.

Q: MAY I CHANGE MY VOTE AFTER I HAVE DELIVERED MY PROXY OR VOTING INSTRUCTION CARD?

A: Yes. You may change your vote at any time before your proxy is voted at the MAAC Special Meeting (provided that you do not hold your shares through a broker, bank or other nominee).

- You may do this in one of two ways:
- mailing a new, subsequently dated proxy card; or
- by attending the MAAC Special Meeting virtually and electing to vote your shares online at the meeting.

Any proxy that you submitted may also be revoked by submitting a new proxy by mail, or online or by telephone, not later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on , 2021, or by voting online at the MAAC Special Meeting. Simply attending the MAAC Special Meeting will not revoke your proxy. If you have instructed a broker, bank or other nominee to vote your MAAC Shares, you must follow the directions you receive from your broker, bank or other nominee in order to change or revoke your vote.

Q: WHAT HAPPENS IF I FAIL TO TAKE ANY ACTION WITH RESPECT TO THE MAAC SPECIAL MEETING?

A: If you fail to take any action with respect to the MAAC Special Meeting and the Business Combination is approved by stockholders and consummated, you will continue to be a stockholder of MAAC and your shares will be automatically cancelled and extinguished and converted into Roivant Common Shares at the consummation of the Business Combination. Failure to take any action with respect to the MAAC Special Meeting will not affect your ability to exercise your redemption rights. If you fail to take any action with

respect to the MAAC Special Meeting and the Business Combination is not approved, you will continue to be a stockholder of MAAC while MAAC searches for another target business with which to complete a business combination.

Q: WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I RECEIVE MORE THAN ONE SET OF VOTING MATERIALS?

A: Stockholders may receive more than one set of voting materials, including multiple copies of this proxy statement/prospectus and multiple proxy cards or voting instruction cards. For example, if you hold your shares in more than one brokerage account, you will receive a separate voting instruction card for each brokerage account in which you hold shares. If you are a holder of record and your shares are registered under more than one name, you will receive more than one proxy card. Please complete, sign, date and return each proxy card and voting instruction card that you receive in order to cast a vote with respect to all of your shares.

Q: WHOM SHOULD I CONTACT IF I HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THE PROXY MATERIALS OR VOTING?

A: If you have any questions about the proxy materials, need assistance submitting your proxy or voting your shares or need additional copies of this proxy statement/prospectus or the enclosed proxy card, you should contact (banks and brokers call) or email .

SUMMARY OF THE PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

This summary highlights selected information from this proxy statement/prospectus and does not contain all of the information that is important to you. To better understand the Business Combination and the proposals to be considered at the MAAC Special Meeting, you should read this entire proxy statement/prospectus carefully, including the attached annexes. See also the section entitled "Where You Can Find Additional Information."

Parties to the Business Combination

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.

MAAC is a blank check company incorporated as a Delaware corporation in July 2020 for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities.

The MAAC Class A Shares and warrants are currently listed on Nasdaq under the symbols "MAAC" and "MAACW," respectively. Certain MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants currently trade as units consisting of one share of a MAAC Class A Share and one-half of one MAAC Warrant, and are listed on Nasdaq under the symbol "MAACU." The units will automatically separate into their component securities upon consummation of the Business Combination and, as a result, will no longer trade as an independent security. Upon the Closing, the Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants received in exchange for the MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants will be listed on Nasdaq under the symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW," respectively.

MAAC's principal executive offices are located at 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130, Menlo Park, California 94025 and its phone number is (650) 384-6558.

Roivant Sciences Ltd.

We are building the next-generation "big pharma" company, organized to harness modern technologies and the entrepreneurial spirit of nimble biotechnology companies at scale. Our mission is to improve the delivery of healthcare to patients by treating every inefficiency as an opportunity.

We are a diverse team of experienced drug developers, scientists, physicians, company builders, data scientists and engineers, biopharma investors, physicists and business development professionals dedicated to improving the lives of patients. At Roivant, we combine our team's extensive experience and multi-disciplinary expertise with innovative technologies to identify and advance potentially transformative medicines.

We deploy a hypothesis-driven approach to identify novel or clinically-validated targets and biological pathways in areas of high unmet medical need. We then seek to acquire, in-license or discover promising drug candidates against those targets or pathways. Our small molecule discovery engine is powered by a unique combination of leading computational physics and machine learning capabilities for *in silico* drug design.

We develop drug candidates in subsidiary companies we call "Vants" with a distinct approach to sourcing talent, aligning incentives and deploying technology. Each of our Vant teams is built with deep relevant expertise to promote successful execution of our development strategy. Our Vants continue to benefit from the support of the Roivant platform and technologies that are built to address inefficiencies in the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.

Our agile Vant model has allowed us to rapidly add capabilities in diverse therapeutic areas, including immunology, dermatology, hematology and oncology, and modalities, including biologics, topicals, gene

therapies and bifunctional small molecules. We currently have 16 Vants and, together, we are advancing a deep and diversified pipeline of over 30 drug candidates. The Vant model also enables a modular approach to the monetization of therapies we advance through development, allowing us to pursue commercialization of some products independently, while selectively establishing partnerships for other Vants or divesting of the Vants entirely.

Since our founding in 2014, we have:

- conducted nine international Phase 3 trials, the last eight of which have been successful; .
- consummated a \$3 billion upfront partnership with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma ("Sumitomo") (see "Business of Roivant-Platform . Validation"):
- developed three drugs that received FDA approval shortly after their transfer to Sumitomo;
- launched and taken public multiple Vants, resulting in an aggregate ownership stake of \$1.0 billion in public Vants as of May 28, 2021, based on a \$289 million aggregate investment in those Vants;
- built a pipeline of over 30 drug candidates ranging from early discovery to registration; and
- created innovative software tools to optimize each stage of the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.

Since our inception in 2014, we have focused substantially all of our efforts and financial resources on acquiring and developing our product candidates and expanding our platform and technologies. For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we incurred losses from continuing operations of \$900.2 million and \$568.1 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.1 billion and our accumulated deficit was approximately \$1.9 billion. We have not generated any revenues to date from the sale of our product candidates. Our revenue, primarily generated through license agreements as well as from subscription and service-based fees, has not been significant to date. Our operations to date have been financed primarily through the sale of equity securities, sale of subsidiary interests, debt financings and revenue generated from licensing and collaboration arrangements.

Roivant's principal executive office is located at Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom.

Rhine Merger Sub, Inc.

Merger Sub is a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant formed for the purpose of effecting the Business Combination. Merger Sub owns no material assets and does not operate any business. In the Business Combination, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC continuing as the surviving entity.

Merger Sub's principal executive office is located at 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor, New York, New York 10036.

The Business Combination

On May 1, 2021, MAAC entered into a Business Combination Agreement with Roivant and Merger Sub and was subsequently amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant.

The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, the following transactions: (i) Roivant's bye-laws will be amended and restated, each outstanding share of Roivant will be subdivided (and

in the case of certain non-voting shares of Roivant, converted) into Roivant Common Shares based on a fixed exchange ratio of 2.9262:1 (the "Roivant Exchange Ratio"), and each outstanding equity award of Roivant will be subdivided and adjusted into comparable equity awards of Roivant, based on the Roivant Exchange Ratio (the steps contemplated by this clause (i), collectively, the "Pre-Closing Steps"); and (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the Merger. At the Effective Time, (a) each outstanding MAAC Class A Share and MAAC Class B Share (other than treasury shares and any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (b) each outstanding MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (b) each outstanding MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee by virtue of the Merger being subject to the wating and conterter automatically into the Sponsor Exchange Ratio, with a portion of such Roivant Common Shares issued to the WAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement, and (c) each outstanding warrant to purchase MAAC Class A Shares will be converted automatically into the right to acquire Roivant Common Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio will be equal to 0.95), provided that in no event will the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio be less than 0.75.

All Roivant Common Shares that are outstanding and held by Roivant equityholders immediately prior to the Closing (including Roivant Common Shares issued after the Closing upon the exercise or settlement of incentive equity awards that were held by Roivant equityholders immediately prior to the Closing) will be subject to restrictions on transfer for six months following the Closing, subject to customary exceptions. In addition, the MAAC Sponsor, the MAAC Independent Directors and certain Roivant equityholders have entered into Lock-Up Agreements and are subject to extended transfer restrictions.

For more information about the Business Combination Agreement and the Business Combination, see the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination."

Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement

On June 9, 2021, MAAC entered into an amendment (the "BCA Amendment") to the Business Combination Agreement. Pursuant to the BCA Amendment, the Business Combination Agreement was revised to reflect the execution of the Lock-Up Agreement described in this proxy statement/prospectus. In particular, the BCA Amendment revised the Business Combination Agreement to reflect the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant entering into respective lock-up agreement substantially in the form attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex F.

Conditions to the Closing

The respective obligations of each party to the Business Combination Agreement to consummate the Business Combination are subject to the satisfaction, or written waiver by the party for whose benefit such condition exists, at or prior to the Closing of the following conditions:

there being no order or law issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental entity (i) in the United States or any
other jurisdiction in which the Roivant and its subsidiaries conduct material operations or (ii) that is otherwise material, in each case,
preventing the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement in effect;

- the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part must have become effective in accordance with
 the provisions of the Securities Act, no stop order has been issued by the SEC and remains in effect with respect to the registration
 statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part, and no proceeding seeking such a stop order has been threatened or
 initiated by the SEC and remains pending;
- the approval of the Business Combination Agreement by the affirmative vote of the holders of the requisite number MAAC Shares being obtained in accordance with MAAC's governing documents and applicable law;
- the approval by Nasdaq of Roivant's initial listing application in connection with the Business Combination and, immediately
 following the effective time of the Merger, Roivant satisfying any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of Nasdaq,
 and Roivant not having received any notice of non-compliance in connection therewith that has not been cured or would not be cured
 at or immediately following the effective time of Merger, and Roivant Common Shares to be issued in connection with the Business
 Combination, being approved for listing on Nasdaq;
- the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account (after, for the avoidance of doubt, giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination) being equal to or greater than \$210,000,000; and
- after giving effect to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including the PIPE Financing), Roivant
 having at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets (as determined in accordance with Rule 3a51-1(g)(1) of the Exchange Act).

The obligations of the parties to the Business Combination Agreement to consummate the Business Combination are subject to additional conditions, as described more fully below in the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal—Business Combination Agreement—Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination."

Other Agreements

The following agreements were entered into or will be entered into in connection with the Business Combination, the Business Combination Agreement and the other transactions contemplated thereby:

Support Agreements

Concurrently with the signing of the Business Combination Agreement, certain shareholders of Roivant entered into a Transaction Support Agreement (collectively, the "Transaction Support Agreements") with MAAC and Roivant, pursuant to which such shareholders of Roivant have agreed to, among other things, certain covenants and agreements to support, or that are otherwise related to, the Business Combination, including an agreement to terminate certain existing agreements between Roivant and such shareholders, an agreement to not transfer his, her or its Roivant Common Shares prior to the Closing and, in the case of certain Roivant shareholders also participating in the PIPE Financing, certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act, to the extent applicable, with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to such shareholder in connection with the Business Combination.

See the section entitled The Business Combination Proposal-Related Agreements."

Lock-Up Agreements

On May 1, 2021 and June 9, 2021, Roivant, on the one hand, and the MAAC Sponsor, both of MAAC's independent directors (the "MAAC Independent Directors") and certain Roivant equityholders, on the other

hand, entered into lock-up agreements substantially in the form attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex F (the "Lock-Up Agreements"), pursuant to which, among other things, the MAAC Sponsor, the MAAC Independent Directors and such Roivant equityholders have agreed not to, subject to, and conditioned upon the effectiveness of, the Closing, effect any sale or distribution of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards or Roivant Warrants) held by the MAAC Sponsor, the MAAC Independent Directors or such equityholders as of immediately following the Closing during the applicable lock-up period, subject to customary exceptions. The lock-up period applicable to Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, so immediately following the Closing will be (i) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, six months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, six months following the Closing. The Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, six months following the Closing. The Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, birty-six months following the Closing. The Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC Independent Directors, intervesix months following the Closing (b) with respect to a additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor as of immediately following the Closing, (b) with respect to a additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, revewer months from Closing and (c) with respect to 50% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, thirty-six months from the Closing, (b) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by such Roivant equityholders (including those underlying incentive equity awards), six months following the Closing, (y) with respect to a additional 2

See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal-Related Agreements-Lock-Up Agreements."

Sponsor Support Agreement

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, MAAC, MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and each of James C. Momtazee, George Barrett, Stephen Oesterle and Maria C. Walker, each of whom is a member of MAAC's board of directors and/or management (collectively, the "MAAC Insiders"), entered into the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "Sponsor Support Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things: (i) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each reaffirmed his, her or its obligations in existing arrangements with MAAC to vote in favor of each of the proposals to be voted upon at the meeting of MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination, including approval of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby; (ii) the MAAC Sponsor has waived any adjustment to the conversion ratio set forth in the governing documents of MAAC or any other anti-dilution or similar protection with respect to the MAAC Class B Common Shares that may result from the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination; (iii) subject to, and conditioned upon, the occurrence of and effective as of, the Effective Time, the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each agreed to terminate certain existing arrangements with MAAC, Including existing registration rights and the existing lock-up obligations with respect to his, her or its MAAC Shares; (iv) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders that hold Roivant Common Shares immediately following the Effective Time will be granted the right to include his, her or its Roivant Common Shares in a resale registration statement to be filed in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Subscription Agreements following the Effective Time; (v) MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and MAAC have each agreed to certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to the MAAC Sponsor in connection with the Business

Combination; and (vi) subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of, and effective as of immediately after, the Effective Time, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its MAAC Class B Common Shares will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$15 Earn-Out Shares") and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its MAAC Class B Common Shares will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$12 Earn-Out Shares") and (b) ten vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$20 Earn-Out Shares") and together with the \$15 Earn-Out Shares, the "Earn-Out Shares").

The \$15 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$15.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing, and the \$20 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$20.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing. The five year vesting period described in the preceding sentence will, if a definitive purchase agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) is entered into on or prior to the end of such period, be extended to the earlier of one day after the consummation of such Sale and the termination of such definitive transaction agreement, and if a Sale occurs during such five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period, then all of the Earn-Out Shares unvested as of such time will automatically vest immediately prior to the consummation of such Sares will be forfeited.

On June 9, 2021, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and the MAAC Insiders entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement ("SSA Amendment") pursuant to which the Sponsor Support Agreement was revised to reflect the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant entering into respective Lock-Up Agreements. In particular, among other things, the SSA Amendment revised the Sponsor Support Agreement to subject the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director in respect of his or her MAAC Class B Shares to the same vesting conditions applicable to the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor. Specifically, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$15 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$20 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement).

See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal-Related Agreements-Sponsor Support Agreement."

Registration Rights Agreement

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, certain Roivant shareholders entered into the Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement pursuant to which, among other things, Roivant will be obligated to file a registration statement to register the resale of certain Roivant Common Shares within 30 days after the consummation of the Business Combination and certain Roivant shareholders party thereto, subject to certain exceptions, will be granted certain customary registration rights as of the effective date of the Business Combination.

See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal-Related Agreements-Registration Rights Agreement."

Subscription Agreements

MAAC and Roivant entered into Subscription Agreements with certain institutional and accredited investors, pursuant to which such investors agreed to subscribe for and purchase, and MAAC agreed to issue and

sell to such investors, prior to and substantially concurrently with the Closing, an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$220,000,000. The MAAC Class A Shares to be offered and sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and the Roivant Common Shares (into which such MAAC Class A Shares are converted in connection with the Merger) have not been registered under the Securities Act, in reliance upon the exemption provided in Section 4(a)(2) thereof. Each MAAC Class A Share issued in the PIPE Financing will be converted into one Roivant Common Share in the Merger.

The closing of the PIPE Financing is subject to customary conditions for a financing of this nature, including the substantially concurrent consummation of the Business Combination. The Subscription Agreements provide that Roivant will grant the investors in the PIPE Financing certain customary registration rights with respect to their Roivant Common Shares following the Closing.

See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal-Related Agreements."

Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination

When considering the recommendation of the MAAC board of directors to vote in favor of the Business Combination, you should be aware that, aside from their interests as stockholders, the MAAC Sponsor and the holders of the Founder Shares have other interests in the Business Combination that are different from, or in addition to, those of other MAAC stockholders generally. The MAAC board of directors was aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in evaluating and unanimously approving the Business Combination and in recommending to MAAC stockholders that they approve the Business Combination. MAAC stockholders should take these interests into account in deciding whether to approve the Business Combination. These interests include, among other things, the interests listed below:

- MAAC's directors and officers and the MAAC Sponsor have waived their right to redeem any Founder Shares and MAAC Class A Shares held by them (if any) in connection with a stockholder vote to approve a proposed initial business combination;
- the fact that the MAAC Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for the Founder Shares, which will convert into 10,267,956 MAAC Class A Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Independent Directors in accordance with the terms of MAAC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and such securities will have a significantly higher value at the time of the Business Combination when such shares convert into shares in the combined company, as described further below:

	Shares of Class A Stock(1)		lue of Class A Stock(3)
MAAC Sponsor ⁽²⁾	10,167,956	\$ 1	01,679,560
George Barrett	50,000	\$	500,000
Stanhan Oastarla	50.000	¢	500.000

- (1) Interests shown consist solely of Founder Shares, classified as Class B common stock. Such shares will automatically convert into Class A common stock concurrently with or immediately following the consummation of the Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment pursuant to the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio. Share amounts are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement.
- (2) Patient Square Capital LLC is the record holder of the shares reported herein. James C. Momtazee is the managing member of Patient Square Capital LLC and has voting and dispositive power over such securities.

(3) Assumes a value of \$10.00 per share, the deemed value of the Class A Stock in the Business Combination.

- the fact that the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's directors and officers have agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to the Founder Shares if we fail to complete an initial business combination by October 9, 2022;
- the fact that the MAAC Sponsor, in which certain of MAAC's officers and directors hold a direct or indirect interest, purchased an aggregate of 10,214,365 warrants in a private placement from MAAC for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,214,365 (or \$1.00 per warrant), each of such private placement warrants is exercisable commencing on the later of 12 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering and 30 days following the Closing for one MAAC Class A Share at \$11.50 per share; if we do not consummate an initial business combination by October 9, 2022, then the proceeds from the sale of the private placement warrants will be part of the liquidating distribution to the public stockholders and the private placement warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor will be worthless; the warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor had an aggregate market value of approximately \$ based upon the closing price of \$ per warrant on Nasdaq on , 2021;
- James C. Momtazee, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of MAAC, is expected to be a director of Roivant after the
 consummation of the Business Combination. As such, in the future, he may receive cash fees, stock options, stock awards or other
 remuneration that the Roivant board of directors determines to pay to him and any applicable compensation as described under section
 "Executive Compensation—Director Compensation";
- if the Trust Account is liquidated, including in the event we are unable to complete an initial business combination within the required time period, the MAAC Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to us if and to the extent any claims by a third-party (other than MAAC's independent public accountants) for services rendered or products sold to us, or a prospective target business with which we have entered into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the trust account to below: (i) \$10.00 per public share; or (ii) such lesser amount per public share held in the trust account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case, net of the interest which may be withdrawn to pay taxes, except as to any claims by a third-party who executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the trust account and except as to any claims under our indemnity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act; and
- the fact that the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors will lose their entire investment in us, which investment amount totaled \$10,239,365, and will not be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses, which totaled \$23,418 as of June 17, 2021, if the Business Combination, or an alternative initial business combination, is not consummated by October 9, 2022.

At any time prior to the Special Meeting, during a period when they are not then aware of any material non-public information regarding MAAC or its securities, the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's directors and officers, Roivant and/or their respective affiliates may purchase shares and/or warrants from investors, or they may enter into transactions with such investors and others to provide them with incentives to acquire shares of MAAC Shares or vote their shares in favor of the Business Combination Proposal. The purpose of such share purchases and other transactions would be to increase the likelihood that the proposals presented to stockholders for approval at the Special Meeting are approved or to provide additional equity financing. Any such share purchases and other transactions may thereby increase the likelihood of obtaining stockholder approval of the Business Combination. This may result in the completion of our Business Combination area propectus, they might include, without limitation, arrangements to protect such investors or holders against potential loss in value of their shares, including the granting of put options.

Entering into any such incentive arrangements may have a depressive effect on MAAC Shares. For example, as a result of these arrangements, an investor or holder may have the ability to effectively purchase shares at a price lower than market and may therefore be more likely to sell the shares he owns, either prior to or immediately after the Special Meeting. If such transactions are effected, the consequence could be to cause the Business Combination to be approved in circumstances where such approval could not otherwise be obtained. Purchases of shares by the persons described above would allow them to exert more influence over the approval could not otherwise be obtained. Purchases of shares on would likely increase the chances that such proposals would be approved. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, there have been no such discussions and no agreements to such effect have been entered into with any such investor or holder. MAAC will file a Current Report on Form 8-K to disclose any arrangements entered into or significant purchases by any of the aforementioned persons that would affect the vote on the proposals to be voted on at the Special Meeting. Any such report will include descriptions of any arrangements entered into or significant purchases by any of the aforementioned personal interests of the aforementioned personal interests of or adoretor's personal interests when determining to recommend that stockholders vote for the proposals. See the sections entitled "Risk Factors," "The Business Combination Proposal-Interests.

Reasons for Approval of the Business Combination

MAAC's board of directors considered a wide variety of factors in connection with its evaluation of the Business Combination. In light of the complexity of those factors, MAAC's board of directors, as a whole, did not consider it practicable to, nor did it attempt to, quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors it took into account in reaching its decision. Individual members of MAAC's board of directors may have given different weight to different factors.

For a more complete description of MAAC's reasons for the approval of the Business Combination and the recommendation of MAAC's board of directors, see the section entitled "The Business Combination—MAAC Board of Directors' Reasons for the Business Combination."

Redemption Rights

If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, you have the right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the cash held in the Trust Account, which holds the net proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering, as of two business days prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay taxes, if any) upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, together with any affiliate of such holder or any other person with whom such holder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), will be restricted from seeking redemption with respect to more than 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares.

Holders of the outstanding MAAC Warrants do not have redemption rights with respect to such warrants in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Under the Pre-Closing MAAC Certificate of Incorporation, the Business Combination may be consummated only if MAAC has at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets after giving effect to redemptions by all holders of MAAC Class A Shares that properly demand redemption of their MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

You may exercise your redemption rights whether you vote your MAAC Class A Shares for or against, or whether you abstain from voting on, the Business Combination Proposal or any other proposal described in this proxy statement/prospectus. As a result, the Business Combination Proposal can be approved by stockholders who will redeem their MAAC Class A Shares and will no longer be stockholders and the Business Combination may be consummated even though the funds available from the Trust Account and the number of public stockholders, the trading market for MAAC Class A Shares and public stockholders, the trading market for MAAC Class A Shares and public stockholders, the trading market for MAAC Class A Shares may be less liquid than the market for MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination and MAAC may not be able to meet the listing standards of a national securities exchange, including Nasdaq. In addition, with fewer funds available from the Trust Account, the capital infusion from the Trust Account into Roivant's business will be reduced and the amount of working capital available to Roivant following the Business Combination may be reduced. Your decision to exercise your redemption rights with respect to MAAC Class A Shares will have no effect on the MAAC Warrants you may also hold.

If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares and wish to exercise your redemption rights, you are required to tender your share certificates or deliver your shares to the transfer agent electronically using The Depository Trust Company's DWAC (Deposit/Withdrawal at Custodian) system, at your option, in each case until the date that is two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination. Accordingly, you have until two days prior to the initial vote on the Business Combination to tender your shares if you wish to exercise your redemption rights. Given the relatively short period in which to exercise redemption rights, it is advisable for you to use electronic delivery of your shares. If you exercise your redemption right, your shares will be redeemed for a pro rata portion of the amount, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any, will be paid promptly upon consummation of the Business Combination. However, under Delaware law, the proceeds held in the Trust Account less that could take priority over those of MAAC's public stockholders exercising redemption rights, regardless of whether such holders vote for or against the Business Combination Proposal. The per share distribution from the Trust Account in such a situation may be less than originally anticipated due to such claims. Your vote on any proposal other than the Business Combination Proposal will have no impact on the amount you will receive if you exercise your redemption rights.

MAAC's transfer agent can be contacted at the following address:

Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company One State Street, 30th Floor New York, NY 10004 Attn:

Email:

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, may be withdrawn at any time up to two days prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal at the MAAC Special Meeting. If you deliver your shares for redemption to MAAC's transfer agent and later decide, prior to the MAAC Special Meeting, not to redeem your shares, you may request that MAAC's transfer agent return the shares electronically.

No demand will be effectuated unless the holder's MAAC Class A Shares have been delivered electronically to the transfer agent not later than two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination.

If a holder of MAAC Class A Shares properly makes a request for redemption and the MAAC Class A Shares are delivered to MAAC's transfer agent no later than two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination, then, if the Business Combination is consummated, MAAC will redeem these shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account. If you exercise your redemption rights, then you will be exchanging your MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

For a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations for holders of MAAC Class A Shares with respect to the exercise of these redemption rights, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences—Tax Consequences of a Redemption of MAAC Public Shares."

Board of Directors of Roivant Following the Business Combination

Following the Closing, it is expected that the Roivant Board will consist of a number of directors determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC) prior to the Effective Time, with one director being an individual designated by MAAC, who is currently expected to be James C. Momtazee, and the other directors being determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC).

Information about the current MAAC directors and executive officers can be found in the section entitled "Where You Can Find Additional Information."

Accounting Treatment

The Business Combination is a capital transaction in substance whereby MAAC will be treated as the acquired company for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, the Business Combination will be treated similar to an equity contribution in exchange for the issuance of Roivant shares. The net assets of MAAC, which are primarily comprised of cash and cash equivalents, will be stated at historical cost with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

Appraisal Rights

Appraisal rights are not available to MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination.

Proposals to be Put to the Stockholders of MAAC at the MAAC Special Meeting

The following is a summary of the proposals to be put to the MAAC Special Meeting.

The Business Combination Proposal. MAAC shall consummate the proposed initial Business Combination only if the Business Combination Proposal is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination.

The Nasdaq Proposal. MAAC shall consummate the proposed initial Business Combination only if the Nasdaq Proposal is approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting.

The Adjournment Proposal. The affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting, regardless of whether a quorum is present, is required to approve the Adjournment Proposal. The Business Combination is not conditioned upon the approval of the Adjournment Proposal.

Date, Time and Place of MAAC Special Meeting

The MAAC Special Meeting will be held on , 2021, at , Eastern Time, via a virtual meeting. In light of COVID-19 pandemic and to support the well-being of MAAC's stockholders and employees, the MAAC Special Meeting will be completely virtual. MAAC stockholders may attend the MAAC Special Meeting and vote their shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting MAAC Stockholders will need the control number that is printed on their proxy card to enter the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC recommends that stockholders log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure they are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts. MAAC stockholders will not be able to attend the MAAC Special Meeting in person.

Voting Power; Record Date

You will be entitled to vote or direct votes to be cast at the MAAC Special Meeting if you owned MAAC Shares at the close of business on , 2021, which is the record date for the MAAC Special Meeting. You are entitled to one vote for each MAAC Share that you owned as of the close of business on the MAAC record date. If your shares are held in "street name" through a broker, bank or other nominee, your broker, bank or other nominee will send you separate instructions describing the procedure for voting your shares. On the MAAC record date, there were 51,339,779 MAAC Shares outstanding.

Proxy Solicitation

MAAC is soliciting proxies on behalf of its board of directors. This solicitation is being made by mail but also may be made by telephone. MAAC and its directors, officers and employees may also solicit proxies online. MAAC will file with the SEC all scripts and other electronic communications as proxy soliciting materials. MAAC will bear the cost of the solicitation.

MAAC has hired to assist in the proxy solicitation process. MAAC will pay to a fee of \$, plus disbursements.

MAAC will ask banks, brokers and other institutions, nominees and fiduciaries to forward the proxy materials to their principals and to obtain their authority to execute proxies and voting instructions. MAAC will reimburse them for their reasonable expenses.

Quorum and Required Vote for Proposals for the MAAC Special Meeting

A quorum of MAAC stockholders is necessary to hold a valid meeting. A quorum will be present at the MAAC Special Meeting if a majority of the outstanding MAAC Shares as of the MAAC record date at the MAAC Special Meeting is represented virtually or by proxy. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for the purpose of determining a quorum. The holders of the MAAC Class B Common Shares, who currently own 20% of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares, will count towards this quorum. As of the MAAC record date for the MAAC Special Meeting, 25,669,890 MAAC Shares would be required to achieve a quorum.

Approval of the Business Combination Proposal requires that the initial Business Combination be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder

meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination. Approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote thereon, regardless of whether a quorum is present. The MAAC board of directors has approved each of the proposals.

Recommendation to MAAC Stockholders

After careful consideration, MAAC's board of directors recommends that MAAC's stockholders vote "FOR" each proposal being submitted to a vote of MAAC's stockholders at the MAAC Special Meeting.

For a more complete description of MAAC's reasons for the approval of the Business Combination and the recommendation of MAAC's board of directors, see the section entitled "The Business Combination—MAAC Board of Directors' Reasons for the Business Combination."

When you consider the recommendation of the board of directors to vote in favor of approval of the proposals, you should keep in mind that our sponsor and certain of our directors and officers have interests have interests in the Business Combination that are different from or in addition to (and which may conflict with) your interests as a stockholder. Please see the section entitled "The Business Combination—Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination."

Comparison of Corporate Governance and Shareholder Rights

For a summary of the material differences among the rights of holders of Roivant Common Shares and holders of MAAC Shares see "The Business Combination Proposal—The Business Combination—Comparison of Corporate Governance and Shareholder Rights."

Regulatory Matters

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The Business Combination and the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are not subject to any federal or state regulatory requirements or approvals.

Summary of Risk Factors

You should consider carefully the risks described under "Risk Factors" in this proxy statement/prospectus. A summary of the risks that could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results and prospects include the following:

Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this subsection to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination, as the context requires.

Our limited operating history and the inherent uncertainties and risks involved in biopharmaceutical product development may make it difficult for us to execute on our business model and for you to assess our future viability.

We will likely incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future and may never achieve or maintain profitability.

•	The ongoing global pandemic resulting from the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2, which causes COVID-19, could adversely impact our business, including our clinical trials and pre-clinical studies.
•	We may not be successful in our efforts to acquire, in-license or discover new product candidates.
•	Because we have multiple programs and product candidates in our development pipeline and are pursuing a variety of target indications and treatment approaches, we may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product candidate and fail to capitalize on development opportunities or product candidates that may be more profitable or for which there is a greater likelihood of success.
•	We face risks associated with the Vant structure.
•	Clinical trials and pre-clinical studies are very expensive, time-consuming, difficult to design and implement and involve uncertain outcomes. We may encounter substantial delays in clinical trials, or may not be able to conduct or complete clinical trials or pre-clinical studies on the expected timelines, if at all.
•	Our approach to the discovery and development of product candidates from our targeted protein degradation platform is unproven, which makes it difficult to predict the time, cost of development and likelihood of successfully developing any product candidates from this platform.
•	We may not be successful in our efforts to acquire, in-license or discover new product candidates.
•	Certain of our product candidates, including our gene therapy product candidates, are novel, complex and difficult to manufacture.
•	Obtaining approval of a new drug is an extensive, lengthy, expensive and inherently uncertain process, and the FDA or another regulator may delay, limit or deny approval.
•	Our clinical trials may fail to demonstrate substantial evidence of the safety and efficacy of product candidates that we may identify and pursue for their intended uses, which would prevent, delay or limit the scope of regulatory approval and commercialization.
•	Our product candidates may cause adverse effects or have other properties that could delay or prevent their regulatory approval, cause us to suspend or discontinue clinical trials, abandon further development or limit the scope of any approved label or market acceptance.
•	We depend on the knowledge and skills of our senior leaders, and may not be able to manage our business effectively if we are unable to attract and retain key personnel.
•	Changes in funding for, or disruptions to the operations of, the FDA, the SEC and other government agencies could hinder their ability to hire and retain key leadership and other personnel, prevent new products and services from being developed or commercialized in a timely manner or otherwise prevent those agencies from performing normal functions on which the operation of our business may rely, which could negatively impact our business.
•	We will need to expand our organization and may experience difficulties in managing this growth, which could disrupt operations.
•	If we are unable to obtain and maintain patent and other intellectual property protection for our technology and product candidates or if the scope of the intellectual property protection obtained is not sufficiently broad, we may not be able to compete effectively in our markets.
•	If the patent applications we hold or have in-licensed with respect to our product candidates fail to issue, if their breadth or strength of protection is threatened, or if they fail to provide meaningful exclusivity for our product candidates or any future product candidate, it could dissuade companies from collaborating with us to develop product candidates, and threaten our ability to commercialize, future drugs.

Patent terms and their scope may be inadequate to protect our competitive position on current and future product candidates for an
adequate amount of time.

Risks Related to MAAC and the Business Combination

- The MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors have agreed to vote in favor of the Business Combination, regardless of how MAAC's public stockholders vote.
- The MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's directors and officers and their respective affiliates may elect to purchase shares from public stockholders in connection with the Business Combination, which may influence the vote on the Business Combination and reduce the public "float" of the Roivant Common Shares.
- If third parties bring claims against MAAC, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be reduced and the per share redemption
 amount received by stockholders may be less than \$10.00 per share (which was the offering price in MAAC's initial public offering).
- MAAC has not obtained an opinion from an independent investment banking firm or from an independent accounting firm, and
 consequently, you may have no assurance from an independent source that the price MAAC is paying for the business is fair to
 MAAC's stockholders from a financial point of view.
- Since holders of MAAC's founder shares and private placement warrants will lose their entire investment in us if MAAC's initial business combination is not completed, a conflict of interest may arise in determining whether Roivant is an appropriate target for the Business Combination.

Risks Related to Roivant Following the Consummation of the Business Combination and Related to Ownership of Roivant Common Shares Following the Business Combination

- Roivant will incur increased costs as a result of operating as a public company, and its management will devote substantial time to new compliance initiatives.
- Roivant's failure to timely and effectively implement controls and procedures required by Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
 that will be applicable to it after the Business Combination is consummated could have a material adverse effect on its business.
- Anti-takeover provisions in Roivant's memorandum of association, proposed bye-laws and Bermuda law could delay or prevent a change in control, limit the price investors may be willing to pay in the future for Roivant Common Shares and could entrench management.
- Roivant's largest shareholders and certain members of Roivant's management own a significant percentage of our stock and will be able to exert significant control over matters subject to shareholder approval.

Emerging Growth Company

Roivant is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to non-emerging growth companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. Roivant intends to irrevocably elect not to avail itself of this extended transition period, and, as a result, will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies.

Roivant will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of Roivant Common Shares pursuant to an effective registration statement or (b) in which it has total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion (as adjusted for inflation pursuant to SEC rules from time to time), and (2) the date on which (x) it is deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of Roivant Common Shares that are held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the prior September 30th, or (y) the date on which it has issued more than \$1.0 billion in nonconvertible debt during the prior three-year period.

SUMMARY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been derived from the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 31, 2021 and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021, included in "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information."

The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations, and the accompanying notes. In addition, the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information was based on and should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements of Roivant and MAAC, including the accompanying notes, which are included elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus.

As MAAC does not represent a business for accounting purposes and its primary asset represents cash and cash equivalents, the Business Combination will be treated similar to an equity contribution in exchange for the issuance of Roivant Common Shares. The net assets of MAAC will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the assumptions below with respect to the potential redemption of MAAC Class A Shares into cash:

Assuming No Redemptions: This presentation of the no redemption scenario assumes that no MAAC stockholders exercise
redemption rights with respect to their MAAC Class A Shares.

Assuming Maximum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that the maximum possible number of MAAC's public stockholders
exercise redemption rights with respect to their MAAC Class A Shares. This scenario assumes that 20,075,542 MAAC Class A Shares
are redeemed for an aggregate redemption payment of approximately \$200.8 million. The maximum redemption scenario is based on
the maximum number of redemptions that may occur, but which would still provide the minimum proceeds consisting of Trust
Account funds of \$210 million to be contributed at Closing of the Business Combination.

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Historica	Historical		Pro Forma	
	Roivant	MAAC	No Redemptions Scenario	Maximum Redemptions Scenario	
Statement of Operations Data—For the Year Ended March 31,					
2021					
Revenue, net	\$ 23,795	_	\$ 23,795	\$ 23,795	
Total operating expenses	1,094,693	4,469	1,570,355	1,570,355	
Loss from operations	(1,070,898)	(4,469)	(1,546,560)	(1,546,560)	
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to Roivant					
Sciences Ltd.	(809,234)	8,245	(1,275,230)	(1,276,133)	
Basic and diluted net loss per share	(3.76)		(1.76)	(1.81)	



in thousands)	Histor	Historical		Pro Forma	
	Roivant	MAAC	No Redemptions Scenario	Maximum Redemptions Scenario	
Balance Sheet Data—As of March 31, 2021					
Total current assets	\$2,186,995	\$ 1,700	\$ 2,767,885	\$2,567,094	
Total assets	2,589,692	412,491	3,168,253	2,967,462	
Total current liabilities	218,961	4,203	223,164	223,164	
Total liabilities	527,687	44,716	578,235	573,297	
Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	_	362,775	_	_	
Redeemable non-controlling interest	22,491	_	22,491	22,491	
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	2,039,514	5,000	2,567,527	2,371,674	

TICKER SYMBOL AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

MAAC

MAAC Units, MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC's public warrants are currently listed on Nasdaq under the symbols "MAACU," "MAAC" and "MAACW," respectively. The MAAC Units will automatically separate into their component securities upon consummation of the Business Combination and, as a result, will no longer trade as an independent security. Upon the Closing, Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants will be listed on Nasdaq under the symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW," respectively.

Holders

As of March 10, 2021, there was one holder of record of MAAC Units, one holder of record of MAAC Class A Shares, three holders of record of MAAC Class B Shares and two holders of record of MAAC public warrants. The number of holders of record does not include a substantially greater number of "street name" holders or beneficial holders whose MAAC Units, MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants are held of record by banks, brokers and other financial institutions.

Dividend Policy

MAAC has not paid any cash dividends on the MAAC Class A Shares to date and does not intend to pay cash dividends prior to the completion of the business combination. The payment of cash dividends in the future will be dependent upon the Company's revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements and general financial condition subsequent to completion of the Business Combination. The payment of any cash dividends subsequent to a Business Combination will be within the discretion of the Board at such time.

Roivant

Historical market price information for Roivant Common Shares is not provided because there is no public market for Roivant Common Shares. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Roivant."

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider all the following risk factors, together with all of the other information in this proxy statement/prospectus, including the financial statements and other financial information included herein, before deciding how to vote or instruct your vote to be cast to approve the proposals described in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Investing in the Roivant Common Shares involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the following risks, together with all the other information in this proxy statement/prospectus, including the combined and consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, as well as the risks, uncertainties and other information set forth in the reports and other materials filed or furnished by MAAC and by Roivant's majority-controlled subsidiary Immunovant, Inc. ("Immunovant"), with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), before you invest in the Roivant Common Shares. The value of your investment following the completion of the Business Combination will be subject to significant risks affecting, among other things, Roivant's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. If any of the following risks or the risks included in the public filings of Immunovant actually materializes following the Business Combination, Roivant's operating results, financial condition and liquidity could be materially adversely affected. As a result, the trading price of the Roivant Common Shares could decline and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this subsection "—Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry" to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination, as the context requires.

Risks Related to Our Financial Position and Strategy

Our limited operating history and the inherent uncertainties and risks involved in biopharmaceutical product development may make it difficult for us to execute on our business model and for you to assess our future viability. We have never generated product revenue from the commercialization of our drug product candidates, and there is no guarantee that we will do so in the future.

We are a biopharmaceutical and healthcare technology company with a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our business and prospects. We were formed in April 2014, and our operations to date have been limited to acquiring or in-licensing product candidates or developing technologies for the discovery, development, and commercialization of product candidates, starting or acquiring subsidiary businesses, which we refer to as the Vants, in which to house those product candidates or technologies, and hiring management teams to operate the Vants and oversee the development of our product candidates and technologies.

Our ability to execute on our business model and generate revenues depends on a number of factors including our ability to:

- identify new acquisition or in-licensing opportunities;
- successfully identify new product candidates through our computational discovery and targeted protein degradation platforms and advance those product candidates into pre-clinical studies and clinical trials;
- successfully complete ongoing pre-clinical studies and clinical trials and obtain regulatory approvals for our current and future product candidates;
- successfully market our healthcare technology products and services;
- raise additional funds when needed and on terms acceptable to us;
- attract and retain experienced management and advisory teams;

- add operational, financial and management information systems and personnel, including personnel to support clinical, pre-clinical manufacturing and planned future commercialization efforts and operations;
- launch commercial sales of product candidates, whether alone or in collaboration with others, including establishing sales, marketing and distribution systems;
- initiate and continue relationships with third-party suppliers and manufacturers and have commercial quantities of product candidates manufactured at acceptable cost and quality levels and in compliance with the FDA and other regulatory requirements;
- set acceptable prices for product candidates and obtain coverage and adequate reimbursement from third-party payors;
- achieve market acceptance of product candidates in the medical community and with third-party payors and consumers; and
- maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio.

If we cannot successfully execute any one of the foregoing, our business may not succeed and the price of our common shares may be negatively impacted.

Biopharmaceutical product development, which represents the core of our business model, is a highly speculative undertaking and involves a significant degree of risk. Our product candidates will require substantial development time – including extensive clinical, and in some cases pre-clinical, research and development – and resources before we would be able to apply for or receive applicable regulatory approvals and begin generating revenue from product sales.

We have not yet demonstrated an ability to successfully acquire regulatory clearance, develop or manufacture a commercial scale product, or arrange for a third-party to do so on our behalf, or conduct sales and marketing activities necessary for successful biopharmaceutical product commercialization. We have generated minimal revenues to date, and no revenues from the commercialization of our drug product candidates. Consequently, we have limited operations upon which to evaluate our business and predictions about our future success or viability may not be as accurate as they could be if we had a longer operating history or a history of successfully developing and commercializing biopharmaceutical product candidates.

Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with biopharmaceutical product development, we are unable to predict the timing or amount of increased expenses, or when we will be able to generate any meaningful revenue or achieve or maintain profitability, if ever. Our expenses could increase beyond expectations if we are required by the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities to perform studies or clinical trials in addition to those that are currently anticipated or to otherwise provide data beyond that which we currently believe is necessary to support an application for marketing approval or to continue clinical development, or if there are any delays in any of our or our future collaborators' clinical trials or the development of our product candidates that we may identify. Even if a product is approved for commercial sale, we could incur significant costs associated with the commercial launch of any such product.

We may never be able to develop or commercialize a marketable drug or achieve profitability. Revenue from the sale of any product candidate for which regulatory approval is obtained will be dependent, in part, upon the size of the markets in the territories for which we gain regulatory approval, the accepted price for the product, the ability to obtain reimbursement at any price, the strength and term of patent exclusivity for the product, the competitive landscape of the product market, and whether we own the commercial rights for that territory. Even if we achieve profitability in the future, we may not be able to sustain profitability in subsequent periods. Our failure to achieve sustained profitability would depress the value of our company and could impair our ability to raise capital, expand our business, expand our pipeline, market our product candidates, if approved, and pursue or continue our operations. Our prior losses, combined with expected future losses, have had and will continue to have an adverse effect on our shareholders' equity and working capital.

We will likely incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future and may never achieve or maintain profitability.

Investment in biopharmaceutical product development is highly speculative because it entails substantial upfront capital expenditures and significant risk that a product candidate will fail to gain regulatory approval or become commercially viable. None of our current product candidates has received marketing approval anywhere in the world and we have not generated any product revenues from the commercial sale of our biopharmaceutical products. We cannot estimate with precision the extent of our future losses. We may never generate product revenue from the commercial sales of our product candidates or achieve profitability.

We expect to continue to incur substantial operating losses through the projected commercialization of our product candidates. Our ability to generate product revenue and achieve profitability is dependent on the ability to complete the development of our product candidates, obtain necessary regulatory approvals and manufacture and successfully market product candidates alone or in collaboration with others.

If we do successfully obtain regulatory approval to market product candidates, our revenue will be dependent upon, in part and among other things, the size of the markets in the territories for which we gain regulatory approval, the number of competitors in such markets, the accepted price for product candidates and whether we own the commercial rights for those territories. If the indication approved by regulatory authorities is narrower than expected, or the treatment population is narrowed by competition, physician choice or treatment guidelines, we may not generate significant revenue from sales of our product candidates, even if approved. We cannot assure you that we will be profitable even if we successfully commercialize our product candidates.

The ongoing global pandemic resulting from the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2, which causes COVID-19, could adversely impact our business, including our clinical trials and pre-clinical studies.

Public health crises such as pandemics or similar outbreaks could adversely impact our business. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2, which causes COVID-19, emerged. COVID-19 has since spread globally, including to the countries in which we and our other business partners conduct business. Governments in affected regions have implemented, and may continue to implement or re-implement, safety precautions, including quarantines, travel restrictions, business closures, cancellations of public gatherings and other measures they deem necessary. Like many other organizations and individuals, we and our employees have taken additional steps to avoid or reduce infection, including limiting travel and implementing remote work arrangements. We will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions that could alter our business operations as may be required by national, state or local authorities, or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees and shareholders.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and policy responses to it, in April and May 2020 we initially observed a decrease in both patient screening and patient enrollment in certain of our ongoing clinical trials. Patient screening and the number of patients eligible for enrollment in our clinical trials has since returned to expected levels. However, some of our development programs have been delayed. Together with our investigators and clinical sites, we continue to assess the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on enrollment and the ability to maintain patients enrolled in our clinical trials and the corresponding impact on the timing of the completion of our ongoing clinical trials. We have experienced, or may in the future experience, disruptions as a result of COVID-19 or future pandemics that severely impact our business, clinical trials and pre-clinical studies, including:

- delays or difficulties in enrolling patients in our clinical trials, and the consequences of such delays or difficulties, including terminating clinical trials prematurely;
- delays or difficulties in clinical site initiation, including difficulties in recruiting clinical site investigators and clinical site staff;

delays or disruptions in non-clinical experiments due to unforeseen circumstances at contract research organizations ("CROs"), and vendors along their supply chain;

- increased rates of patients withdrawing from our clinical trials following enrollment as a result of contracting COVID-19, being forced to quarantine or not accepting home health visits;
- diversion of healthcare resources away from the conduct of clinical trials, including the diversion of hospitals serving as our clinical trial sites and hospital staff supporting the conduct of our clinical trials;
- interruption of key clinical trial activities, such as clinical trial site data monitoring, due to limitations on travel imposed or recommended by federal or state governments, employers and others or interruption of clinical trial subject visits and study procedures (particularly any procedures that may be deemed non-essential), which may impact the integrity of subject data and clinical study endpoints;
- interruption or delays in the operations of the FDA and comparable non-U.S. regulatory agencies, which may impact review and approval timelines;
- interruption of, or delays in receiving, supplies of our product candidates from our contract manufacturing organizations due to staffing shortages, production slowdowns or stoppages and disruptions in delivery systems;
- limitations on employee resources that would otherwise be focused on the conduct of our clinical trials and pre-clinical studies, including because of sickness of employees or their families, the desire of employees to avoid contact with large groups of people, an increased reliance on working from home or mass transit disruptions;
- other disruptions to our business generally, including from the transition to remote working for the majority of our employees and the
 implementation of new health and safety requirements for our employees; and
- waiver or suspension of patent or other intellectual property rights.

These and other factors arising from the COVID-19 pandemic, including risks relating to the emergence of new variants, the efficacy and availability of vaccines and rates of vaccination, the pandemic worsening in countries that are already afflicted with COVID-19 or the COVID-19 pandemic continuing to spread to additional countries or returning to countries where the pandemic has been partially contained, could further adversely impact our ability to conduct clinical trials and our business generally, and could have a material adverse impact on our operations and financial condition and results.

We are continuing to monitor potential delays or other impacts on our business, our clinical trials, healthcare systems and the global economy as a whole. These effects could have a material impact on our business, operations and financial results.

To the extent the COVID-19 pandemic adversely affects our business, operations and financial results, it may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described elsewhere in "Risk Factors," such as those relating to our clinical development operations, the supply chain for our ongoing and planned clinical trials and our ability to seek and receive regulatory approvals for our product candidates.

We may not be successful in our efforts to acquire, in-license or discover new product candidates.

The success of our business is highly dependent on our ability to successfully identify new product candidates, whether through acquisitions or in-licensing transactions, or through our internal discovery capabilities. Our acquisition and in-licensing efforts focus on identifying assets in development by third parties across a diverse range of therapeutic areas that, in our view, are underutilized or undervalued. Our strategy often entails designing low-cost studies that result in quick "go/no-go" decisions when deciding whether or how to proceed with future development for a given asset, once acquired. We may decide to proceed with the development of a drug candidate on this basis

and later determine that the more costly and time intensive trials do not support the initial value the product was thought to hold. Even if a product candidate does prove to be valuable, its value may be less than anticipated at the time of investment. We may also face competition for attractive investment opportunities. A number of entities compete with us for such opportunities, many of which have considerably greater financial and technical resources. If we are unable to identify a sufficient number of such product candidates, or if the product candidates that we identify do not prove to be as valuable as anticipated, we will not be able to generate returns and implement our investment strategy and our business and results of operations may suffer materially.

Our drug discovery efforts are centered on our targeted protein degradation platform and our computational discovery technology. As a company we have relatively limited experience in drug discovery generally, with targeted protein degradation as an approach to target inhibition and with computational discovery as a technology. Our future success depends, in part, on our ability to successfully use targeted protein degradation and computational discovery technology to identify promising new product candidates.

Very few small molecule product candidates using targeted protein degradation, such as the product candidates which may be generated by our targeted protein degradation platform, have been tested in humans and none has been approved in the United States or Europe. The data underlying the feasibility of developing therapeutic products based on protein degradation technology is both preliminary and limited. We have not yet succeeded and may not succeed in advancing any product candidates developed using our targeted protein degradation platform into clinical trials, demonstrating the efficacy and safety of such product candidates or obtain marketing approval thereafter. As a result, it is difficult to predict the time and cost of protein degradator product candidate development and we cannot predict whether the application of our targeted protein degradation platform or any of our related development and marketing approval of any products. Any problems we experience in the future related to this platform or any of our related development us from completing our preclinical studies or any clinical trials that we may initiate or commercially viable product. Any of these factors may prevent us from completing our profilated subsis, if at all.

Although we believe that our computational discovery platform has the potential to identify more promising molecules than traditional research methods and to accelerate drug discovery efforts, our focus on using our platform technology to discover and design molecules with therapeutic potential may not result in the discovery and development of commercially viable products for us. Computational discovery is at performs on the average of the development of commercially viable products for us. Computational discovery is at performs on the discovery and development. As an organization, we have not yet developed any product candidates using this technology that have advanced into clinical trials and we may fail to identify potential product candidates for clinical development. Even if we are able to advance product candidates identified through our computational discovery platform into clinical trials, those trials may not be successful in demonstrating the efficacy and safety of such product candidates.

Any such failure to in-license or acquire new product candidates from third parties, or to discover new product candidates using our targeted protein degradation or computational discovery platforms would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Because we have multiple programs and product candidates in our development pipeline and are pursuing a variety of target indications and treatment approaches, we may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product candidate and fail to capitalize on development opportunities or product candidates that may be more profitable or for which there is a greater likelihood of success.

We have limited financial and management resources. As a result, we may forego or delay pursuit of opportunities with potential target indications or product candidates that later prove to have greater commercial potential than our current and planned development programs and product candidates. Our resource allocation decisions may cause us to fail to capitalize on viable commercial product candidates or profitable market opportunities. Our spending on current and future research and development programs and other future product candidates for specific indications may not yield any commercially viable future product candidates. If we do not accurately evaluate the commercial potential or target market for a particular product candidate, we may be required to relinquish valuable rights to that product candidate through collaboration, licensing or other royalty arrangements in cases in which it would have been more advantageous for us to retain sole development and commercialization rights to such future product candidates.

Additionally, we may pursue additional in-licenses or acquisitions of product candidates or programs, which entails additional risk to us. Identifying, selecting and acquiring promising product candidates requires substantial technical, financial and human resources expertise. Efforts to do so may not result in the actual acquisition or license of a successful product candidate, potentially resulting in a diversion of our management's time and the expenditure of our resources with no resulting benefit. For example, if we are unable to identify programs that ultimately result in approved products, we may spend material amounts of our capital and other resources evaluating, acquiring and developing products that ultimately do not provide a return on our investment.

We face risks associated with the Vant structure.

We develop our product candidates in the Vants, which operate similarly to independent biopharmaceutical companies. While we believe that there are significant competitive advantages to this structure, as compared to traditional pharmaceutical companies or smaller biopharma companies, the Vant structure also poses certain risks for our business.

Operating the Vants independently, rather than under a centralized, consolidated management team, may result in increased costs at the Vants, as certain functions or processes, including clinical and non-clinical personnel, business development, finance, accounting, human resources and legal functions, are replicated across the Vants. There may also be certain start-up costs, associated with the establishment of a new Vant or integration of a newly acquired business into a Vant, which are greater under the Vant model than they would be under a centralized model. The use of the Vant model may also entail increased costs at Roivant centrally, including the time and expenses associated with the restaud of a new Vant model may also entail increased rosts at Roivant centrally, including the time and expenses associated with the restaud costs at Roivant central start may also be exposed to increased "key employee" risks, in the event a Vant CEO were to depart, including the loss of other senior Vant personnel, potentially resulting in significant delays to the development programs at the Vant. These increased expenses, complexities and other challenges may make using and scaling the Vant model more challenging and costly than it would be or a traditional pharmaceutical company to both operate and expand the number of product candidates under development, which could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects. This decentralized model could also make compliance with applicable laws and regulations more challenging to monitor and may expose us to increased costs that could, in turn, harm our business, financial condition, results of operations.

In addition, a single or limited number of the Vants may, now or in the future, comprise a large proportion of our value. Similarly, a large proportion of our consolidated revenues may in the future be derived from one or a small number of Vants. Any adverse development at those Vants, including the termination of a key license agreement or other loss of the intellectual property underlying a product candidate or the failure of a clinical trial for a product candidate under development at the Vant, could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

We manage the Vants in part through Roivant designees who serve on the Vant boards of directors. In their capacities as directors, those individuals owe fiduciary duties to the Vants and its shareholders under applicable law, which may at times require them to take actions that are not directly in Roivant's interest. To the extent any such actions have an adverse effect on the value of Roivant's ownership interest in the Vant, it could further adversely impact our consolidated business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

Our business may suffer reputational harm due to failures of our product candidates.

The failure of any of our product candidates could have a lasting negative impact on our reputation, which could, in turn, impact our ability to successfully enter into future licensing arrangements or other transactions with potential counterparties, raise future capital or attract key personnel to join us. As a result, our business and prospects would be materially harmed and our results of operations and financial condition would likely suffer materially.

We face risks associated with potential future payments related to our product candidates.

Our model for asset in-licensing transactions typically involves a low upfront payment combined with milestone and royalty payments contingent upon the achievement of certain future development and commercial events. These arrangements generally involve a payment or payments upon certain regulatory milestones, including regulatory approval, and then upon achieving specified levels of sales, with ongoing royalty payments which can extend for up to the life of a product. These payments may become due before a product is generating revenues, in which case we may not have sufficient funds available to meet our obligations. If this were to occur, we would default on our payment obligations and could face penalties, delays in development or reputational damage. Even if a product is commercialized and generating revenue, payments could become due that are so large that the investment is not profitable or is less profitable than anticipated. For example, this could occur if at the time of the initial investment, we overestimated the value of the product candidates when due, our business and prospects could suffer.

Our investment strategy and future growth relies on a number of assumptions, some or all which may not be realized.

Our investment strategy and plans for future growth rely on a number of assumptions, including, in the case of our biopharmaceutical product candidates, assumptions related to adoption of a particular therapy, incidence of an indication, use of a product candidate versus competitor therapies and size of patient populations. Some or all of these assumptions may be incorrect. We cannot accurately predict whether our product candidates will achieve significant market acceptance in line with these assumptions or whether there will be a market for our product candidates that reaches that which is anticipated. If any of these assumptions are incorrect or overstated, our results and future prospects will be materially and adversely affected.

If we enter into acquisitions or strategic partnerships, this may increase our capital requirements, dilute our shareholders, cause us to incur debt or assume contingent liabilities and subject us to other risks.

We may engage in various acquisitions and strategic partnerships in the future, including licensing or acquiring new product candidates, intellectual property rights, technologies or businesses. Any acquisition or strategic partnership may entail numerous risks, including:

- increased operating expenses and cash requirements;
- the assumption of indebtedness or contingent liabilities;
- the issuance of our or our subsidiaries' equity securities which would result in dilution to our shareholders;
- assimilation of operations, intellectual property, products and product candidates of an acquired company, including difficulties associated with integrating new personnel;
- the diversion of our management's attention from our existing product programs and initiatives in pursuing such an acquisition or strategic partnership;
- retention of key employees, the loss of key personnel and uncertainties in our ability to maintain key business relationships;

- risks and uncertainties associated with the other party to such a transaction, including the prospects of that party and their existing products or product candidates, intellectual property, and regulatory approvals; and
- our inability to generate revenue from acquired intellectual property, technology and/or products sufficient to meet our objectives or even to offset the associated transaction and maintenance costs.

In addition, if we undertake such a transaction, we may issue dilutive securities, assume or incur debt obligations, incur large one-time expenses and acquire intangible assets that could result in significant future amortization expense.

We face risks associated with our ongoing strategic alliance with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo"), as well as other acquisitions, partnerships, alliances or strategic transactions we may undertake in the future.

In December 2019, Roivant and Sumitomo completed various transactions in connection with the formation of a strategic alliance between the companies, including (i) Sumitomo indirectly acquiring from us our controlling equity interests in five affiliates, (ii) our granting Sumitomo options to purchase, subject to certain exceptions, our existing equity interests in six other privately-held Roivant affiliates, (iii) our granting Sumitomo access to key elements of our proprietary technology platforms and (iv) issuing our common shares to Sumitomo. In exchange, Sumitomo made a \$3.0 billion upfront cash payment to us upon the closing of the transactions.

We face a number of risks in connection with our transactions with Sumitomo, including, but not limited to:

- diversion of management time and focus away from operating our business;
- reliance on certain employees of the alliance with Sumitomo who will continue to provide key services for us, including information technology services;
- changes in relationships with strategic partners as a result of product acquisitions or strategic positioning resulting from these transactions;
 risks arising from technological and data platforms shared between us and the alliance with Sumitomo, such as DrugOme, including data
- risks arising from technological and data platforms shared between us and the alliance with Sumitomo, such as DrugOme, including data
 or other security breaches at Sumitomo or its affiliates that could, in turn, impact us, or disputes over ownership of intellectual property
 between us and the alliance with Sumitomo, which could impact our access to those platforms;
- non-competition obligations arising from the formation of the alliance with Sumitomo;
- · coordination of research and development efforts; and
- litigation or other claims, including claims from terminated employees, customers, former shareholders or other third parties.

We may also face similar risks in connection with any other mergers, acquisitions, divestitures or strategic alliances that we have undertaken in the past or may undertake in the future, including our acquisition of Oncopia Therapeutics, which closed in November 2020, and of Silicon Therapeutics, which closed in March 2021. If we acquire businesses with promising technologies, we may not be able to realize the benefits of acquiring such businesses, including any anticipated synergies between the acquired businesses and our existing businesses, if we are unable to successfully integrate them with our existing operations, technology and company culture.

In addition, any such mergers, acquisitions, divestitures or strategic alliances may be complex, time consuming and expensive to execute and may be subject to regulatory requirements that could impact our business. There can be no guarantee that we will be able to successfully consummate such acquisitions or other transactions, which could result in a significant diversion of management and other employee time, as well as substantial out-of-pocket costs. For example, on March 8, 2021, we filed an amendment to our Schedule 13D,

relating to our ownership interest in our subsidiary Immunovant, announcing our intention to propose to Immunovant that Roivant and Immunovant evaluate a potential transaction pursuant to which Roivant or an affiliate would acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of Immunovant's common stock not currently owned by Roivant (the "Potential Immunovant Transaction"). If that transaction or other transactions are not completed for any reason, we may incur significant costs and the market price of our common shares – and, in the case of the Potential Immunovant Transaction, the market price of Immunovant's common stock – may decline. In addition, even if an acquisition is consummated, the integration of the acquired business, product or other assets into our Company may be complex and time-consuming, and we may not achieve the anticipated benefits, cost-savings or growth opportunities we expect. Potential difficulties that may be encountered in the integration process include the following: integrating personnel, operations and systems; coordinating geographically dispersed organizations; distracting management and employees from current operations; maintaining the existing business relationships of the acquired company; and managing inefficiencies associated with integrating the operations or the Company and the acquired business, product or other assets. For biopharmaceutical businesses we have acquired or may acquire in the future, or alliances or joint ventures in the biopharmaceutical industry, we may encounter numerous difficulties in developing, manufacturing and marketing any new drugs related to such businesses, which may delay or prevent us from realizing the expected benefits or enhancing our business. We cannot assure you that, following any such acquisition, alliance or partnership, we will achieve the expected synergies to justify the transaction.

Our failure to address these risks or other problems encountered in connection with the strategic alliance with Sumitomo, or other past or future acquisitions, partnerships or strategic alliances could cause us to fail to realize the anticipated benefits of these transactions, incur unanticipated liabilities and harm our business generally. There is also a risk that current or future acquisitions will result in the shareholder litigation, incurrence of debt, contingent liabilities, amortization expenses or incremental operating expenses, any of which could harm our financial condition or results of operations.

If we obtain a controlling interest in additional companies in the future, it could adversely affect our operating results and the value of our common shares, thereby disrupting our business.

As part of our strategy, we expect to form and invest in additional wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. Investments in our existing and any future subsidiaries involve numerous risks, including, but not necessarily limited to, risks related to:

- conducting research and development activities in new therapeutic areas or treatment approaches in which we have little to no experience;
 - diversion of financial and managerial resources from existing operations;
- actual or potential conflicts among new and existing Vants to the extent they have overlapping or competing areas of focus or pipeline products;
- successfully negotiating a proposed acquisition, in-license or investment in a timely manner and at a price or on terms and conditions favorable to us;
- successfully combining and integrating a potential acquisition into our existing business to fully realize the benefits of such acquisition;
- · the impact of regulatory reviews on a proposed acquisition, in-license or investment; and
- · the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted with respect to the proposed acquisition, in-license or investment.

If we fail to properly evaluate potential acquisitions, in-licenses, investments or other transactions associated with the creation of new research and development programs or the maintenance of existing ones, we

might not achieve the anticipated benefits of any such transaction, we might incur costs in excess of what we anticipate, and management resources and attention might be diverted from other necessary or valuable activities.

We will require additional capital to fund our operations, and if we fail to obtain necessary financing, we may not be able to complete the development and commercialization of our product candidates.

We expect to spend substantial capital to complete the development of, seek regulatory approvals for and commercialize our biopharmaceutical product candidates, as well as to advance the development of our healthcare technologies. Because the length of time and activities associated with successful development of our biopharmaceutical product candidates is highly uncertain, and due to the inherent challenges and uncertainties associated with the development of novel healthcare technologies, we are unable to estimate with certainty the actual funds we will require to execute on our strategy.

Our future funding requirements, both near- and long-term, will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to:

- with respect to our biopharmaceutical product candidates:
- · the cost and timing of newly launched product candidates or Vants;
- the initiation, timing, progress, costs and results of pre-clinical studies and clinical trials for our product candidates;
- the outcome, timing and cost of meeting regulatory requirements established by the FDA and other comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities globally;
- the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing our patent claims and other intellectual property rights;
- the cost of defending potential intellectual property disputes, including patent infringement actions brought by third parties against us or any of our current or future product candidates;
- · the cost and timing of completion of pre-clinical, clinical and commercial manufacturing activities;
- the cost of establishing sales, marketing and distribution capabilities for our product candidates in regions where we choose to commercialize our product candidates on our own;
- · the initiation, progress, timing and results of our commercialization of our product candidate, if approved for commercial sale; and
- other costs associated with preparing the commercial launch of our product candidates;
- for our healthcare and drug discovery technologies:
 - the costs related to hiring and retaining employees with the expertise necessary to manage these technologies;
 - · investments in wet labs, computational resources and other facilities; and
 - the costs needed to update, maintain and improve these technologies and the infrastructure underlying these technologies, including
 with respect to data protection and cybersecurity.

We cannot be certain that additional capital will be available on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital in sufficient amounts or on terms acceptable to us, we may have to significantly delay, scale back or discontinue the development or commercialization of any product candidate, delay the launch or expansion of a given healthcare technology product or potentially discontinue our operations altogether. In addition, attempting to secure additional capital may divert the time and attention of our management from day-to-day activities and harm our business. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with our business, we are unable to estimate the amounts of increased capital outlays, operating expenditures and capital requirements associated with our current product development programs and technology products.

We expect that significant additional capital will be needed in the future to continue our planned operations, including with respect to fulfilling our and the Vants' human resources needs, which may be costly. Until such time, if ever, that we can generate substantial revenues, we expect to continue to finance our cash needs through a combination of equity offerings, debt financings, strategic alliances and dicense and development agreements or other collaborations both at our parent and at certain affiliates. To the extent that we raise additional capital by issuing equity securities at the parent or subsidiary level, our existing shareholders' ownership, or our ownership in our subsidiaries, may experience substantial dilution, and the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that could harm the rights of a common shareholder. Additionally, any agreements for future debt or preferred equity financings, if available, may involve covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends. If we raise additional funds through collaborations, strategic alliances or marketing, distribution or licensing arrangements with third parties, we may have to relinquish valuable rights to our product candidates, future revenue streams, research programs or technologies, or grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us. The foregoing restrictions associated with potential sources of additional capital may make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital or to pursue business opportunities, including potential acquisitions. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing or financing on terms satisfactory to us, if and when we require it, our ability to grow or support our business and to respond to business challenges could be significantly limited.

Risks Related to the Development of Our Product Candidates

Clinical trials and pre-clinical studies are very expensive, time-consuming, difficult to design and implement and involve uncertain outcomes. We may encounter substantial delays in clinical trials, or may not be able to conduct or complete clinical trials or pre-clinical studies on the expected timelines, if at all.

Our biopharmaceutical product candidates are in clinical development or pre-clinical studies and will require extensive clinical testing before an Investigational New Drug ("IND"), New Drug Application ("NDA") or other similar application for regulatory approval, such as a Biologics License Application ("BLA"), may be submitted. We cannot provide you any assurance that we will submit an IND, NDA or other similar application for regulatory approval for our product candidates within projected timeframes or whether any such application will be approved by the relevant regulatory authorities.

Clinical trials and pre-clinical studies are very expensive, time-consuming and difficult to design and implement, in part because they are subject to rigorous regulatory requirements. For instance, the FDA, an institutional review board ("IRB") or other regulatory authorities may not agree with the proposed analysis plans or trial design for the clinical trials of our product candidates, and during any such review, may identify unexpected efficacy or safety concerns, which may delay the approval of an NDA or similar application. The FDA may also find that the benefits of any product candidate in any applicable indication do not outweigh its risks in a manner sufficient to grant regulatory approval.

The FDA or other regulatory authorities may also not agree with the scope of our proposed investigational plan. For example, they may find that our proposed development program is not sufficient to support a marketing authorization application, or that the proposed indication is considered to be too broad. Moreover, the FDA or other regulatory authorities may also refuse or impose certain restrictions on our reliance on data supporting our marketing authorization application should such data originate from studies outside of the relevant jurisdiction. In each case, this could delay the clinical development timeline for a given product candidate.

Failures can occur at any stage of clinical trials or pre-clinical studies, and we could encounter problems that cause us to abandon or repeat clinical trials or pre-clinical studies. In addition, results from clinical trials or pre-clinical studies may require further evaluation, delaying the next stage of development or submission of an NDA or similar application. Further, product candidates in later stages of clinical trials may fail to show the desired safety and efficacy traits despite having progressed through nonclinical studies and initial clinical trials, and such product candidates may exhibit safety signals in later stage clinical trials that they did not exhibit in

pre-clinical or early-stage clinical trials. A number of companies in the biopharmaceutical industry have suffered significant setbacks in or the discontinuation of advanced clinical trials due to lack of efficacy or adverse safety profiles, notwithstanding promising results in earlier trials or studies. Likewise, the results of early clinical trials or pre-clinical studies of our product candidates may not be predictive of the results of planned development programs, and there can be no assurance that the results of studies conducted by collaborators or other third parties will be viewed favorably or are indicative of our own future trial results.

The commencement and completion of pre-clinical studies and clinical trials may be delayed by several factors, including:

- failure to obtain regulatory authorization to commence a trial or reaching consensus with regulatory authorities regarding the design or implementation of our studies;
- other regulatory issues, including the receipt of any inspectional observations on FDA's Form-483, Warning or Untitled Letters, clinical holds, or complete response letters;
- unforeseen safety issues, or subjects experience severe or unexpected adverse events;
- occurrence of serious adverse events in trials of the same class of agents conducted by other sponsors;
- lack of effectiveness during clinical trials;
- resolving any dosing issues, including those raised by the FDA or other regulatory authorities;
- inability to reach agreement on acceptable terms with prospective CROs and clinical trial sites, the terms of which can be subject to
 extensive negotiation and may vary significantly among different CROs and trial sites;
- slower than expected rates of patient recruitment or failure to recruit suitable patients to participate in a trial;
- failure to add a sufficient number of clinical trial sites;
- unanticipated impact from changes in or modifications to protocols or clinical trial design, including those that may be required by the FDA or other regulatory authorities;
- inability or unwillingness of clinical investigators or study participants to follow our clinical and other applicable protocols or applicable regulatory requirements;
- an IRB or ethics committee ("EC") refusing to approve, suspending, or terminating the trial at an investigational site, precluding
 enrollment of additional subjects, or withdrawing their approval of the trial;
- premature discontinuation of study participants from clinical trials or missing data;
- failure to manufacture or release sufficient quantities of our product candidate or failure to obtain sufficient quantities of active comparator medications for our clinical trials, if applicable, that in each case meet our quality standards, for use in clinical trials;
- inability to monitor patients adequately during or after treatment; or
- inappropriate unblinding of trial results.

In addition, disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic increase the likelihood that we encounter such difficulties or delays in initiating, enrolling, conducting or completing our planned and ongoing clinical trials. Further, we, the FDA or other regulatory authorities may suspend our clinical trials in an entire country at any time, or an IRB/EC may suspend our clinical trial sites within any country, if it appears that we or our collaborators are failing to conduct a trial in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements, including GCP regulations, that we are exposing participants to unacceptable health risks, or if the FDA or other regulatory authority finds deficiencies in our IND or equivalent applications for other countries or in the manner in which clinical trials are conducted. Therefore, we cannot predict with any certainty the schedule for commencement and completion of future clinical trials.

If we experience delays in the commencement or completion of our clinical trials, or if we terminate a clinical trial prior to completion, the commercial prospects of our product candidates could be harmed, and our ability to generate product revenue from any of our product candidates, if approved, may be delayed. In addition, any delays in our clinical trials could increase our costs, cause a decline in our share price, slow down the approval process, and jeopardize our ability to commence product sales and generate revenue. Any of these occurrences may harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, many of the factors that cause or lead to a termination or suspension of, or delay in the commencement or completion of clinical trials may also ultimately lead to the denial of regulatory approval of our product candidates. We may make formulation or manufacturing changes to our product candidates, in which case we may need to conduct additional pre-clinical or clinical studies to bridge our modified product candidates to earlier versions. Any delays to our clinics trials that occur as a result could shorten any period during which we may have the exclusive right to commercialize our product candidates and our competitors may be able to bring product candidates to market before we do, and the commercial viability of our product candidates could be significantly reduced.

Moreover, principal investigators for our clinical trials may serve as scientific advisors or consultants to us from time to time and receive compensation in connection with such services. Under certain circumstances, we may be required to report some of these relationships to the FDA or other regulatory authorities. The FDA or other regulatory authorities may conclude that a financial relationship between us and a principal investigator has created a conflict of interest or otherwise affected the integrity of the study. The FDA or other regulatory authority may therefore question the integrity of the data generated at the applicable clinical trial site and the utility of the clinical trial istelf may be jeopardized. This could result in a delay in approval, or rejection, of our marketing applications by the FDA or other regulatory authority, as the case may be, and may ultimately lead to the denial of marketing approval of any of our product candidates.

In addition, for our product candidates in clinical development, prior to our acquisition of the rights to those product candidates we had no involvement with or control over the pre-clinical or clinical development of those product candidates. We are therefore dependent on our licensing and other transaction partners having conducted such research and development in accordance with the applicable protocol and legal, regulatory and scientific standards, having accurately reported the results of all clinical trials and other research they conducted prior to our acquisition of the rights to product candidates, having correctly collected and interpreted the data from these trials and other research and having supplied us with complete information, data sets and reports required to adequately demonstrate the results roported through the date of our acquisition of these product candidates. Problems associated with the pre-acquisition development of our product candidates ould result in increased costs and delays in the development of our product candidates, which could harm our ability to generate any future revenue from sales of product candidates, if approved.

Our approach to the discovery and development of product candidates from our targeted protein degradation platform is unproven, which makes it difficult to predict the time, cost of development and likelihood of successfully developing any product candidates from this platform.

Treating diseases using targeted protein degradation is a new treatment approach. Our future success depends in part on the successful development of this novel therapeutic approach. Very few small molecule product candidates using targeted protein degradation have been tested in humans. None have been approved in the United States or Europe, and the data underlying the feasibility of developing these types of therapeutic products is both preliminary and limited. If any adverse learnings are made by other developers of chimeric targeting molecules, development of these product candidates could be materially impacted, which could in turn adversely impact our financial condition and future growth.

The scientific research that forms the basis of our efforts to develop our degrader product candidates is ongoing and the scientific evidence to support the feasibility of developing these treatments is both preliminary and limited. In addition, we may be unable to replicate the scientific evidence supporting our protein degrader candidates observed by our academic collaborators in commercial laboratories.

Further, certain cancer patients have shown inherent primary resistance to approved drugs that inhibit disease-causing proteins and other patients have developed acquired secondary resistance to these inhibitors. Although we believe our products candidates may have the ability to degrade the specific mutations that confer resistance to currently marketed inhibitors of disease-causing enzymes, any inherent primary or acquired secondary resistance to our product candidates in patients, or if the research proves to be contradicted, would prevent or diminish their clinical benefit.

We have not yet completed IND-enabling work for, or initiated a clinical trial of, any product candidate associated with our targeted protein degradation platform and we have not yet assessed the safety of any of these product candidates in humans. Although some of our product candidates have produced observable results in animal studies, there is a limited safety data set for their effects in animals. In addition, these product candidates may not demonstrate the same chemical and pharmacological properties in humans and may interact with human biological systems in unforeseen, ineffective or harmful ways. As a result, there could be adverse effects from treatment with any of our current or future product candidates that we cannot predict at this time.

Additionally, the regulatory approval process for novel product candidates such as those associated with our targeted protein degradation platform is uncertain and can be more expensive and take longer than for other, better-known or extensively studied classes of product candidates. Although other companies are also developing therapeutics based on targeted protein degradation, no product candidates of this type have been approved in the United States or Europe. As a result, it is difficult for us to predict the time and cost of developing our product candidates and we cannot predict whether any of these product candidates will receive marketing approval or achieve commercial acceptance. Any development problems we experience in the future related to our targeted protein degradation platform or any of our related research programs may cause significant delays or unanticipated costs or may prevent the development of a commercially viable product. Any of these factors may prevent us from completing our profitable basis, if at all.

Certain of our product candidates, including our gene therapy product candidates, are novel, complex and difficult to manufacture. We could experience manufacturing problems that result in delays in our development or commercialization programs or otherwise harm our business.

The manufacturing processes our contract manufacturing organizations ("CMOs") use to produce our product candidates are complex, novel and have not necessarily been validated for commercial use. Several factors could cause production interruptions, including equipment malfunctions, facility contamination, raw material shortages or contamination, natural disasters, disruption in utility services, human error or disruptions in the operations of our suppliers.

Our gene therapy product candidates may require processing steps that are more complex than those required for most small molecule drugs. Moreover, unlike small molecules, the physical and chemical properties of biologics generally cannot be fully characterized. As a result, assays of the finished product may not be sufficient to ensure that the product is consistent from lot-to-lot or will perform in the intended manner. Accordingly, our CMOs must employ multiple steps to control the manufacturing process to assure that the process is reproducible and the product candidate is made strictly and consistently in compliance with the process. Problems with the manufacturing process, even minor deviations from the normal process, could result in product defects or manufacturing failures that result in lot failures, product recalls, product liability claims or insufficient inventory to conduct clinical trials or supply commercial markets. We may encounter problems achieving adequate quantities and quality of clinical-grade materials that meet the FDA, the EU or other applicable standards or specifications with consistent and acceptable production yields and costs.

In addition, the FDA, the European Medicines Agency (the "EMA") and other comparable regulatory authorities may require us to submit samples of any lot of any approved product together with the protocols showing the results of applicable tests at any time. Under some circumstances, the FDA, the EMA or other

comparable regulatory authorities may require that we not distribute a lot until the agency authorizes its release. Slight deviations in the manufacturing process, including those affecting quality attributes and stability, may result in unacceptable changes in the product that could result in lot failures or product recalls. Lot failures or product recalls could cause us to delay product launches or clinical trials, which could be costly to us and otherwise harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Our CMOs also may encounter problems hiring and retaining the experienced scientific, quality assurance, quality-control and manufacturing personnel needed to operate our manufacturing processes, which could result in delays in production or difficulties in maintaining compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. Any problems in our CMOs' manufacturing process or facilities could result in delays in planned clinical trials and increased costs, and could make us a less attractive collaborator for potential partners, including larger biotechnology companies and academic research institutions, which could limit access to additional attractive development programs. Problems in our manufacturing process could restrict our ability to meet potential future market demand for products.

We may encounter difficulties enrolling and retaining patients in clinical trials, and clinical development activities could thereby be delayed or otherwise adversely affected.

We may encounter delays or difficulties in enrolling, or be unable to enroll, a sufficient number of patients to complete any of our clinical trials for our product candidates on current timelines, or at all, and even once enrolled we may be unable to retain a sufficient number of patients to complete any of our clinical trials for these product candidates. Enrollment in our clinical trials may also be slower than we anticipate, or be stopped, leading to delays in the development timelines for our product candidates.

Patient enrollment and retention in clinical trials depends on many factors, including the size of the patient population, the nature of the trial protocol, our ability to recruit clinical trial investigators with the appropriate competencies and experience, delays in enrollment due to travel or quarantine policies, or other factors, related to COVID-19, the existing body of safety and efficacy data with respect to the study drug, the number and nature of competing treatments and ongoing clinical trials of competing drugs for the same indication, the proximity of patients to clinical sites, the eligibility criteria for the trial and the proportion of patients screened that meets those criteria, our ability to obtain and maintain patient consents, our ability to successfully complete prerequisite studies before enrolling cretain patient populations. For certain of our product candidates, including IMVT-1401, which targets certain rare autoimmune indications, there are limited patient poors from which to draw in order to complete our clinical trials in a timely and cost-effective manner. In addition, for certain of our early-stage development programs, there may be a limited number of sites where it is feasible to run clinical trials, making such programs particularly susceptible to delays caused by issues at those sites.

Furthermore, any negative results or new safety signals we may report in clinical trials of our product candidates may make it difficult or impossible to recruit and retain patients in other clinical trials we are conducting or to resume enrolling patients once a paused clinical trial has been resumed. For example, in February 2021, our subsidiary, Immunovant, voluntarily paused dosing in its clinical trials for IMVT-1401 globally due to elevated total cholesterol and LDL levels observed in patients treated with IMVT-1401, resulting in a delay in Immunovant's development of IMVT-1401. If Immunovant commences a future trial of IMVT-1401, it may be more difficult to recruit and retain patients for such clinical trials. Similarly, negative results reported by our competitors about their drug candidates may negatively affect patient recruitment in our clinical trials. Also, marketing authorization of competitors in this same class of drugs may impair our ability to enroll patients into our clinical trials, delaying or potentially preventing us from completing recruitment of one or more of our trials.

Delays or failures in planned patient enrollment or retention may result in increased costs, program delays or both, which could have a harmful effect on our ability to develop our product candidates, or could render further development impossible. In addition, we expect to rely on CROs and clinical trial sites to ensure proper

and timely conduct of our future clinical trials, and, while we intend to enter into agreements governing their services, we will be limited in our ability to compel their actual performance.

The results of our clinical trials may not support our proposed claims for our product candidates, or regulatory approvals on a timely basis or at all, and the results of earlier studies and trials may not be predictive of future trial results.

Success in pre-clinical testing and early clinical trials does not ensure that later clinical trials will be successful, and we cannot be sure that the results of later clinical trials will replicate the results of prior pre-clinical testing and clinical trials. In particular, we cannot assure you that the reductions in IgG antibodies that we have observed to date in our clinical trials of IMVT-1401 will be observed in any future clinical trials. Likewise, promising results in interim analyses or other preliminary analyses do not ensure that the clinical trial as a whole will be successful. A number of companies in the pharmaceutical industry, including biotechnology companies, have suffered significant setbacks in, or the discontinuation of, clinical trials, even after promising results in earlier pre-clinical studies or clinical trials. These setbacks have been caused by, among other things, pre-clinical findings made while clinical trials were underway and safety or efficacy observations made in clinical trials for IMVT-1401 globally due to elevated total cholesterol and LDL levels observed in patients treated with IMVT-1401, resulting in a delay in Immunovant's development of IMVT-1401. Immunovant plans to progress discussions with regulatory authorities, further discussions with external experts are ongoing to determine whether a specific population can be identified to optimize the clinical performance of IMVT-1401. Based on these analyses, Immunovant is likely to design another Phase 2 trial in TED or another thyroid-related disease as its next study in this therapeutic area and initiate discussions with regulatory authorities before the end of the calendar year 2021. Failure to successfully complete clinical trials of IMVT-1401 and to demonstrate the efficacy and safety necessary to obtain regulatory approval to market IMVT-1401 would significantly harm our business.

The results of pre-clinical studies and early clinical trials of our product candidates may not be predictive of the results of later-stage clinical trials. Product candidates in later stages of clinical trials may fail to show the desired safety and efficacy traits despite having progressed through pre-clinical and initial clinical trials. A future failure of a clinical trial to meet its pre-specified endpoints would likely cause us to abandon our product candidates. Any delay in, or termination of, our clinical trials will delay the submission of an NDA or other similar applications to the FDA or other relevant comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities and, ultimately, our ability to commercialize our product candidates, if approved, and generate product revenues. Even if our clinical trials are completed as planned, we cannot be certain that their results will support our claims for differentiation or the effectiveness or safety of our product candidates. The FDA has substantial discretion in the review and approval process and may disagree that our data support the differentiated claims we propose. In addition, only a small percentage of product candidates under development result in the submission of an NDA or other similar application to the FDA and other comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities and even fewer are approved for commercialization.

Interim, top-line or preliminary data from our clinical trials that we announce or publish from time to time may change as more patient data become available and are subject to audit and verification procedures that could result in material changes in the final data.

From time to time, we may publicly disclose preliminary or top-line data from our clinical trials, which is based on a preliminary analysis of thenavailable top-line data, and the results and related findings and conclusions are subject to change following a full analysis of all data related to the particular trial. We also make assumptions, estimations, calculations and conclusions as part of our analyses of data, and we may not have

received or had the opportunity to fully and carefully evaluate all data. As a result, the preliminary and top-line results that we report may differ from future results of the same trials, or different conclusions or considerations may qualify such results, once additional data have been received and fully evaluated. Top-line data also remain subject to audit and verification procedures that may result in the final data being materially different from the top-line data we previously published. As a result, preliminary and top-line data should be viewed with caution until the final data are available. From time to time, we may also disclose interim data from our clinical trials. Interim data from clinical trials that we may complete are subject to the risk that one or more of the clinical outcomes may materially change as patient enrollment continues and more patient data become available. Adverse differences between preliminary top-line or interim data and final data could significantly harm our business prospects. Further, disclosure of preliminary or interim data by us or by our competitors could result in increased volatility in the price of our shares.

Further, others, including regulatory agencies, may not accept or agree with our assumptions, estimates, calculations, conclusions or analyses or may interpret or weigh the importance of data differently, which could impact the value of the particular program, the approvability or commercialization of the particular product candidate or product and our business in general. In addition, the information we choose to publicly disclose regarding a particular study or clinical trial is based on what is typically extensive information, and you or others may not agree with what we determine is the material or otherwise appropriate information to include in our disclosure, and any information we determine not to disclose may ultimately be deemed significant with respect to future decisions, conclusions, views, activities or otherwise regarding a particular product, product candidate or our business. If the top-line data that we report differ from actual results, or if others, including regulatory authorities, disagree with the conclusions reached, our ability to obtain approval for and commercialize product candidates, our business, operating results, prospects or financial condition may be harmed.

Changes in methods of product manufacturing or formulation may result in additional costs or delay.

As product candidates proceed through pre-clinical studies to pivotal clinical trials towards potential approval and commercialization, it is common that various aspects of the development program, such as manufacturing methods and formulation, are altered along the way in an effort to optimize processes and results. Such changes carry the risk that they will not achieve these intended objectives. Any of these changes carry the risk that they will not achieve these intended objectives. Any of these changes could cause product candidates to perform differently and affect the results of planned clinical trials or other future clinical trials conducted with the altered materials. Such changes may also require additional testing, FDA notification or FDA approval. Similar requirements apply in other jurisdictions. This could delay completion of clinical trials, require the conduct of bridging clinical trials or the repetition of one or more clinical trials, increase clinical trial costs, delay approval of our product candidates and jeopardize our ability to commence sales and generate revenues.

We rely on third parties to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials, and if those third parties perform in an unsatisfactory manner or fail to comply with applicable requirements, it may harm our business.

We rely on CROs and clinical trial sites to ensure the proper and timely conduct of our clinical trials, and we expect to have limited influence over their actual performance. In addition, we rely upon CROs to monitor and manage data for our clinical programs, as well as the execution of future non-clinical studies. We expect to control only certain aspects of our CROs' activities. Nevertheless, we will be responsible for ensuring that each of our studies is conducted in accordance with the applicable protocol, legal, regulatory and scientific standards and that clinical trial sites meet applicable protocol and regulatory requirements, and our reliance on the CROs does not relieve us of our regulatory responsibilities.

We and our CROs will be required to comply with the Good Laboratory Practices ("GLPs") and GCPs, which are regulations and guidelines enforced by the FDA and other comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities, which also require compliance with the International Council for Harmonization of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use ("ICH") guidelines for any of our product candidates that are in pre-clinical and

clinical development. The regulatory authorities enforce GCP regulations through periodic inspections of trial sponsors, principal investigators and clinical trial sites. Although we may rely on CROs to conduct our GLP-compliant nonclinical studies and GCP-compliant clinical trials, we remain responsible for ensuring that each of our GLP nonclinical studies and GCP clinical trials is conducted in accordance with its investigational plan and protocol and applicable laws and regulations, and our expected reliance on the CROs does not relieve us of our regulatory responsibilities. If we or our CROs fail to comply with GCPs, the clinical data generated in our clinical trials may be deemed unreliable and the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities may reject our marketing applications and require us to perform additional clinical trials before approving our marketing applications. Accordingly, if our CROs fail to comply with these regulations or other applicable laws, regulations or standards, or fail to recruit a sufficient number of subjects, we may be required to repeat clinical trials, which would delay the regulatory approval process. Failure by any future CROs to properly execute study protocols in accordance with applicable law could also create product liability and healthcare regulatory risks for us as sponsors of those studies.

Our CROs will not be our employees, and we will not control whether or not they devote sufficient time and resources to our future clinical and nonclinical programs. These CROs may also have relationships with other commercial entities, including our competitors, for whom they may also be conducting clinical trials, or other drug development activities which could harm our competitive position. We face the risk of potential unauthorized disclosure or infringement, misappropriation or other violation of our intellectual property by CROs, which may reduce our trade secret and intellectual property protection and allow our potential competitors to access and exploit our proprietary technology. If our CROs do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or obligations, fail to meet expected deadlines, or if the quality or accuracy of the clinical triats may be extended, delayed or terminated, and we may not be able to obtain regulatory approval for, or successfully commercialize any product candidate that we develop. As a result, our financial results and the commercial prospects for any product candidate that we develop would be harmed, our costs could increase, and our ability to generate revenues could be delayed.

If our relationships with these CROs terminate, we may not be able to enter into arrangements with alternative CROs or do so on commercially reasonable terms or in a timely manner. Switching or adding additional CROs involves substantial cost and requires management time and focus. In addition, there is a natural transition period when a new CRO commences work. As a result, delays occur, which can adversely impact our ability to meet our desired clinical development timelines. Though we intend to carefully manage our relationships with the CROs, there can be no assurance that we will not encounter challenges or delays in the future or that these delays or challenges will not have an adverse impact on our business, financial condition and prospects.

We do not have our own manufacturing capabilities and will rely on third parties to produce clinical supplies and commercial supplies of our product candidates and any future product candidate.

We do not own or operate, and do not expect to own or operate, facilities for product manufacturing, storage and distribution, or testing. We will rely on third parties to produce clinical and commercial supplies of our product candidates and any future product candidate.

Third-party vendors may be difficult to identify for our product process and formulation development and manufacturing due to special capabilities required, and they may not be able to meet our quality standards. In addition, certain of our third-party manufacturers and suppliers may encounter delays in providing their services as a result of supply chain constraints. If any third-party manufacturers or third parties in the supply chain for materials used in the production of our product candidates or any future product candidates for our pre-clinical studies, clinical trials, research and development operations and commercialization. Any significant delay in the supply of a product candidate, or the raw material components

thereof, for an ongoing clinical trial due to the need to replace a third- party manufacturer could considerably delay completion of our clinical trials, product testing and potential regulatory approval of our product candidate. If our manufacturers or we are unable to purchase these raw materials after regulatory approval has been obtained for our product candidates, the commercial launch of our product candidates would be a shortage in supply, which would impair our ability to generate revenue from the sale of our product candidates. Moreover, as a result of projected supply constraints for certain materials used in the production of our product candidates, we have in the past and may in the future reserve manufacturing capacity in advance of receiving required efficacy or safety results from our clinical trials, which may involves commiting substantial financial resources to current or future potential product candidates that may never be approved or achieve commercialization at scale or at all.

The facilities used by our contract manufacturers to manufacture our product candidates must be approved by the FDA pursuant to inspections that will be conducted after we submit an NDA or other similar application to the FDA. Similar requirements apply in other jurisdictions. We do not control the manufacturing partners for compliance with cGMP requirements for manufacture of drug product candidates. If our contract manufactures nont successfully manufacture material that conforms to our specifications and the strict regulatory requirements of the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities, we will not be able to secure or maintain regulatory approval for our product candidates. In addition, we have limited control over the ability of our contract manufacturers to maintain adequate quality control, quality assurance and qualified personnel. If the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities do not approve these facilities for the manufacture of our product candidates or if they withdraw any such approval in the future, we may need to find alternative manufacturing facilities, which would significantly impact our ability to develop, obtain regulatory approval for or market our product candidates, if approved.

Further, our reliance on third-party manufacturers entails risks to which we would not be subject if we manufactured product candidates ourselves, including:

- inability to meet our product specifications and quality requirements consistently;
- delay or inability to procure or expand sufficient manufacturing capacity;
- manufacturing and product quality issues related to scale-up of manufacturing;
- costs and validation of new equipment and facilities required for scale-up;
- failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and standards, including cGMP and similar standards;
- deficient or improper record-keeping;
- inability to negotiate manufacturing agreements with third parties under commercially reasonable terms;
- termination or nonrenewal of manufacturing agreements with third parties in a manner or at a time that is costly or damaging to us;
- reliance on a limited number of sources, and in some cases, single sources for product components, such that if we are unable to secure a
 sufficient supply of these product components, we will be unable to manufacture and sell our product candidates in a timely fashion, in
 sufficient quantities or under acceptable terms;
- · lack of qualified backup suppliers for those components that are currently purchased from a sole or single source supplier;
- operations of our third-party manufacturers or suppliers could be disrupted by conditions unrelated to our business or operations, including the bankruptcy of the manufacturer or supplier or other regulatory sanctions related to the manufacturer of another company's product candidates;

- · carrier disruptions or increased costs that are beyond our control; and
 - failure to deliver our product candidates under specified storage conditions and in a timely manner.

Any of these events could lead to clinical trial delays, cost overruns, delay or failure to obtain regulatory approval or impact our ability to successfully commercialize our product candidates as well as potential product liability litigation, product recalls or product withdrawals. Some of these events could be the basis for FDA or other regulatory authority action, including injunction, recall, seizure, or total or partial suspension of production.

If the contract manufacturing facilities on which we rely do not continue to meet regulatory requirements or are unable to meet our requirements, including providing an adequate supply, our business will be harmed.

All entities involved in the preparation of product candidates for clinical trials or commercial sale, including our existing CMOs for all of our product candidates, are subject to extensive regulation. Components of a finished therapeutic product approved for commercial sale or used in late-stage clinical trials must be manufactured in accordance with cGMP, or similar regulatory requirements outside the United States. These regulations govern manufacturing processes and procedures, including recordkeeping, and the implementation and operation of quality systems to control and assure the quality of investigational products and products approved for sale. Poor control of production processes can lead to the introduction of contaminants or to inadvertent changes in the properties or stability of our product candidates. Our failure, or the failure of third-party manufacturers, to comply with applicable regulations could result in the issuance of inspectional observations on FDA's Form-483, Warning or Untitled Letters, public safety alerts identifying our company or products and sanctions being imposed on us, including clinical holds, import alerts, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, delays, suspension or withdrawal of approvals, license revocation, suspension of production, seizures or recalls of product candidates or marketed drugs, operating restrictions and criminal prosecutions, any of which could significantly and adversely affect clinical or commercial supplies of our product candidates.

We or our CMOs must supply all necessary documentation in support of an NDA or similar regulatory application on a timely basis, and must adhere to regulations enforced by the FDA and other regulatory agencies through their facilities inspection program. Some of our CMOs have never produced a commercially approved pharmaceutical product and therefore have not obtained the requisite regulatory authority approvals to do so. The facilities and quality systems of some or all of our third-party contractors must pass a pre-approval inspection for compliance with the applicable regulations as a condition of regulatory approval of our product candidates or any of our other potential products. In addition, the regulatory authorities may, at any time, audit or inspect a manufacturing facility involved with the preparation of our product candidates or our other potential products or the associated quality systems for compliance with the regulations applicable to the activities being conducted. Although we oversee the CMOs, we cannot control the manufacturing process of, and are completely dependent on, our CMO partners for compliance with the regulatory requirements. If these facilities do not pass a pre-approval plant inspection, regulatory authority, if ever.

The regulatory authorities also may, at any time following approval of a product for sale, audit the manufacturing facilities of our third-party contractors. If any such inspection or audit identifies a failure to comply with applicable regulations or if a violation of our product specifications or applicable regulations occurs independent of such an inspection or audit, we or the relevant regulatory authority may require remedial measures that may be costly and/or time consuming for us or a third party to implement, and that may include the temporary or permanent suspension of a clinical trial or commercial sales or the temporary or permanent closure of a facility. Any such remedial measures imposed upon us or third parties with whom we contract could materially harm our business.

Additionally, if supply from one approved manufacturer is interrupted, an alternative manufacturer would need to be qualified through an NDA or similar regulatory filing, which could result in further delay. The

regulatory agencies may also require additional studies if a new manufacturer is relied upon for commercial production. In some cases, the technical skills required to manufacture our product candidates may be unique or proprietary to the original CMO and we may have difficulty, or there may be contractual restrictions prohibiting us from, transferring such skills to a back-up or alternate supplier, or we may be unable to transfer such skills at all. In addition, if we are required to change CMOs for any reason, we will be required to verify that the new CMO maintains facilities and procedures that comply with quality standards and with all applicable regulations. We will also need to verify, such as through a manufacturing comparability study, that any new manufacturing process will produce our product candidate according to the specifications previously submitted to the FDA or another regulatory authority. The delays associated with the verification of a new CMO could negatively affect our ability to develop product candidates or commercialize our products in a timely manner or within budget. In addition, changes in manufacturers often involve changes in manufacturing processes, which could require that we conduct bridging studies between our prior clinical supply used in our clinical trials and that of any new manufacturer. We may be unsuccessful in demonstrating the comparability of clinical supplies, which could require the conduct of additional clinical trials. Accordingly, switching manufacturers may involve substantial costs and is likely to result in a delay in our desired clinical and commercial timelines.

These factors could cause us to incur higher costs and could cause the delay or termination of clinical trials, regulatory submissions, required approvals, or commercialization of our product candidates. Furthermore, if our suppliers fail to meet contractual requirements and we are unable to secure one or more replacement suppliers capable of production at a substantially equivalent cost, our clinical trials may be delayed or we could lose potential revenue.

If malignancies arise in patients treated with our gene therapy product candidates, including ARU-1801, or if there are other safety events that require us to halt or delay clinical development of ARU-1801 or other gene therapies, the development of those therapies would be delayed and the commercial potential of those therapies would be materially and negatively impacted.

A potentially significant risk in any gene therapy product candidate using viral vectors is that the vector will insert in or near cancer-causing oncogenes leading to uncontrolled clonal proliferation of mature cancer cells in the patient, known as insertional oncogenesis, which can lead to certain forms of cancer. In early 2021, a company developing a gene therapy for the treatment of sickle cell disease announced that one of its patients has developed acute myelogenous leukemia following treatment. While Aruvant has not experienced any similar safety events to date, any such events arising in patients treated with ARU-1801 could result in delays to the clinical development timeline, the suspension of clinical development altogether or, following approval by the FDA, if received, the product being removed from the market or its market opportunity being significantly reduced. In addition, the sickle cell disease population has an elevated underlying risk of malignancy. As a result, if patients treated with ARU-1801 develop a malignancy, it may be difficult for us to determine the underlying cause of the malignancy and the link, if any, to ARU-1801, potentially causing further delays to our clinical development timeline. Any of the foregoing issues arising in relation to ARU-1801 or other gene therapy product candidates could lead to adverse publicity and have a material adverse effect on our business and the price of the Roivant Common Shares.

Risks Related to Regulatory Approval and Commercialization of Our Product Candidates

Obtaining approval of a new drug is an extensive, lengthy, expensive and inherently uncertain process, and the FDA or another regulator may delay, limit or deny approval. If we are unable to obtain regulatory approval in one or more jurisdictions for any product candidates, our business will be substantially harmed.

We cannot commercialize a product until the appropriate regulatory authorities have reviewed and approved the product candidate. Approval by the FDA and comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities is lengthy and unpredictable, and depends upon numerous factors, including substantial discretion of the regulatory authorities. Approval policies, regulations, or the type and amount of non-clinical or clinical data necessary to gain approval may change during the course of a product candidate's development and may vary among jurisdictions, which

may cause delays in the approval or the decision not to approve an application. To date, we have not obtained regulatory approval for any product candidates, and it is possible that our current product candidates and any other product candidates which we may seek to develop in the future will not ever obtain regulatory approval. We cannot be certain that any of our product candidates will receive regulatory approval or be successfully commercialized even if we receive regulatory approval.

Obtaining marketing approval of a new drug is an extensive, lengthy, expensive and inherently uncertain process and the FDA or other non-U.S. regulatory authorities may delay, limit or deny approval of a product candidate for many reasons, including:

- we may not be able to demonstrate that a product candidate is safe and effective as a treatment for the targeted indications, and in the case of our product candidates regulated as biological products, that the product candidate is safe, pure, and potent for use in its targeted indication, to the satisfaction of the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may require additional pre-approval studies or clinical trials, which would increase costs and prolong development timelines;
- the results of clinical trials may not meet the level of statistical or clinical significance required by the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities for marketing approval;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may disagree with the number, design, size, conduct or implementation of clinical trials, including the design of proposed pre-clinical and early clinical trials of any future product candidates;
- the CROs that we retain to conduct clinical trials may take actions outside of our control, or otherwise commit errors or breaches of
 protocols, that adversely impact the clinical trials and ability to obtain marketing approvals;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may not find the data from nonclinical, pre-clinical studies or clinical trials sufficient to
 demonstrate that the clinical and other benefits of a product candidate outweigh its safety risks;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may disagree with an interpretation of data or significance of results from nonclinical, pre-clinical studies or clinical trials or may require additional studies;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may not accept data generated at clinical trial sites;
- if an NDA or BLA is reviewed by an advisory committee, the FDA or other relevant regulatory authority, as the case may be, may have
 difficulties scheduling an advisory committee meeting in a timely manner or the advisory committee may recommend against approval of
 our application or may recommend that the FDA or other relevant regulatory authority, as the case may be, require, as a condition of
 approval, additional nonclinical, pre-clinical studies or clinical trials, limitations on approved labeling or distribution and use restrictions;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may require development of a risk evaluation and mitigation strategy ("REMS") or its
 equivalent, as a condition of approval;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may require additional post-marketing studies and/or patient registries for product candidates;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may find the chemistry, manufacturing and controls data insufficient to support the quality
 of our product candidate;
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may identify deficiencies in the manufacturing processes or facilities of third-party manufacturers; or
- the FDA or other relevant regulatory authorities may change their approval policies or adopt new regulations.

Our future success depends significantly on our ability to successfully complete clinical trials for our product candidates, obtain regulatory approval and then successfully commercialize those product candidates. Any inability to successfully initiate, conduct or complete clinical trials could result in additional costs to us or impair our ability to generate revenue. In addition, if we make manufacturing or formulation changes to our product candidates, we may be required to or we may elect to conduct additional non-clinical studies or clinical trials to bridge data obtained from our modified product candidates to data obtained from non-clinical and clinical research conducted using earlier versions of these product candidates. Clinical trial delays could also shorten any periods during which our products have patent protection and may allow our competitors to bring products to market before we do, which could impair our ability to successfully commercialize product candidates and may harm our business and results of operations.

Delays in the initiation, conduct or completion of any clinical trial of our product candidates will increase our costs, slow down the product candidate development and approval process and delay or potentially jeopardize our ability to receive regulatory approvals, commence product sales and generate revenue. In addition, many of the factors that cause, or lead to, a delay in the commencement or completion of clinical trials may also ultimately lead to the denial of regulatory approval of our product candidates. Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations and have a negative impact on the price of our common shares.

Our clinical trials may fail to demonstrate substantial evidence of the safety and efficacy of product candidates that we may identify and pursue for their intended uses, which would prevent, delay or limit the scope of regulatory approval and commercialization.

Before obtaining regulatory approvals for the commercial sale of any of our product candidates, we must demonstrate through lengthy, complex and expensive non-clinical studies, pre-clinical studies and clinical trials that the applicable product candidate is both safe and effective for use in each target indication, and in the case of our product candidates regulated as biological products, that the product candidate is safe, pure, and potent for use in its targeted indication. Each product candidate must demonstrate an adequate risk versus benefit profile in its intended patient population and for its intended use.

Clinical testing is expensive and can take many years to complete, and its outcome is inherently uncertain. Failure can occur at any time during the clinical development process. Most product candidates that begin clinical trials are never approved by regulatory authorities for commercialization. We have limited experience in designing clinical trials and may be unable to design and execute a clinical trial to support marketing approval.

We cannot be certain that our current clinical trials or any other future clinical trials will be successful. Additionally, any safety concerns observed in any one of our clinical trials in our targeted indications could limit the prospects for regulatory approval of our product candidates in those and other indications, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, even if such clinical trials are successfully completed, we cannot guarantee that the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities will interpret the results as we do, and more trials could be required before we submit our product candidates for approval. Moreover, results acceptable to support approval in one jurisdiction may be deemed inadequate by another regulatory authority to support regulatory approval in that other jurisdiction. To the extent that the results of the trials are not satisfactory to the FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities for support of a marketing application, we may be required to expend significant resources, which may not be available to us, to conduct additional trials in support of potential approval of our product candidates. Even if regulatory approval is secured for a product candidate, the terms of such approval may limit the scope and use of the specific product candidates, which may also limit its commercial potential.

Our product candidates may cause adverse effects or have other properties that could delay or prevent their regulatory approval, cause us to suspend or discontinue clinical trials, abandon further development or limit the scope of any approved label or market acceptance.

Adverse events caused by our product candidates could cause us, other reviewing entities, clinical trial sites or regulatory authorities to interrupt, delay or halt clinical trials and could result in the denial of regulatory approval. If an unacceptable frequency or severity of adverse events or new safety signals are reported in our clinical trials for our product candidates or any future product candidates, our ability to obtain regulatory approval for such product candidates may be negatively impacted. Treatment-related side effects arising from, or those perceived to arise from, our product candidates or those from other companies targeting similar diseases, could also affect patient recruitment or the ability of enrolled patients to complete the trial or result in potential product liability claims. In addition, these side effects may not be appropriately recognized or managed by the treating medical staff. For example, in February 2021, our subsidiary Immunovant voluntarily paused dosing in its ongoing trials for IMVT-1401 globally due to elevated total cholesterol and LDL levels observed in a patients treated with IMVT-1401, resulting in a delay in Immunovant's development of IMVT-1401. Any of these occurrences may harm our business, financial condition and prospects.

Furthermore, if any of our product candidates are approved and then cause serious or unexpected side effects, a number of potentially significant negative consequences could result, including:

- regulatory authorities may withdraw, suspend or limit their approval of the product or require a REMS (or equivalent outside the United States) to impose restrictions on its distribution or other risk management measures;
- regulatory authorities may require that we recall a product;
- additional restrictions being imposed on the marketing or manufacturing processes of product candidates or any components thereof;
- regulatory authorities may require the addition of labeling statements, such as warnings or contraindications, require other labeling changes
 of a product or require field alerts or other communications to physicians, pharmacies or the public;
- we may be required to change the way a product is administered or to conduct additional clinical trials, change the labeling of a product or conduct additional post-marketing studies or surveillance;
- we may be required to repeat pre-clinical studies or clinical trials or terminate programs for a product candidate, even if other studies or trials related to the program are ongoing or have been successfully completed;
- we could be sued and held liable for harm caused to patients;
- we could elect to discontinue the sale of our products;
- our product candidates may become less competitive; and
- our reputation may suffer.

Any of these events could prevent us from achieving or maintaining market acceptance of the affected product candidate and could substantially increase the costs of commercializing our product candidates and have a negative impact on the price of our common shares.

The regulatory approval processes of the FDA and comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities are lengthy, time consuming and inherently unpredictable, and even if we obtain approval for a product candidate in one country or jurisdiction, we may never obtain approval for or commercialize it in any other jurisdiction, which would limit our ability to realize our full market potential.

Prior to obtaining approval to commercialize a product candidate in any jurisdiction, we or our collaborators must demonstrate with substantial evidence from well-controlled clinical trials, and to the satisfaction of the FDA or

comparable non-U.S. regulatory agencies, that such product candidate is safe and effective for its intended use. Results from non-clinical studies and clinical trials can be interpreted in different ways. Even if we believe the nonclinical or clinical data for a product candidate are promising, such data may not be sufficient to support approval by the FDA and other regulatory authorities. In order to market any products in any particular jurisdiction, we must establish and comply with numerous and varying regulatory requirements on a country-by-country basis regarding safety and efficaey. Approval by the FDA does not ensure approval by regulatory authorities in other country or jurisdiction outside the United States. In addition, clinical trials conducted in one country may not be accepted by regulatory authorities in other countries, and regulatory approval in one country does not guarantee regulatory approval in any other country. Approval processes vary among countries and can involve additional product testing and validation, as well as additional administrative review periods. Seeking regulatory approval could result in difficulties and costs for us and require additional nonclinical studies or clinical trials, which could be costly and time consuming. Regulatory requirements can vary widely from country to country and could delay or prevent the introduction of our products in those countries. We do not have any product candidates approved for sale in any jurisdiction, including in international markets, and we do not have experience in obtaining regulatory approvals in international markets are delayed, our target market will be reduced and our ability to realize the full market potential of any product we develop will be unrealized.

Our failure to maintain or continuously improve our quality management program could have an adverse effect upon our business, subject us to regulatory actions, cause a loss of patient confidence in us or our products, among other negative consequences.

Quality management plays an essential role in contract manufacturing of drugs or drug products, conducting clinical trials, preventing defects, improving our product candidates and services and assuring the safety and efficacy of our product candidates. Our goal is to maintain a robust quality management program which includes the following broad pillars of quality:

- monitoring and assuring regulatory compliance for clinical trials, manufacturing and testing of GxP products;
- monitoring and providing oversight of all GxP suppliers (e.g., contract development manufacturing organizations and CROs);
- establishing and maintaining an integrated, robust quality management system for clinical, manufacturing, supply chain and distribution operations; and
- cultivating a proactive, preventative quality culture and employee and supplier training to ensure quality.

Our future success depends on our ability to maintain and continuously improve our quality management program. A quality or safety issue may result in adverse inspection reports, warning letters, monetary sanctions, injunction to halt manufacture and distribution of drugs or drug products, civil or criminal sanctions, costly litigation, refusal of a government to grant approvals and licenses, restrictions on operations or withdrawal of existing approvals and licenses. An inability to address a quality or safety issue in an effective and timely manner may also cause negative publicity, or a loss of patient confidence in us or our future products, which may result in difficulty in successfully launching product candidates and the loss of potential future sales, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Even if we obtain FDA approval for a product candidate in the United States, we may never obtain approval for or commercialize our product candidates in any other jurisdiction, which would limit our ability to realize the drug candidate's full market potential.

In order to market any products outside of the United States, we must establish and comply with numerous and varying regulatory requirements of other countries regarding safety and effectiveness. Clinical trials

conducted in one country may not be accepted by regulatory authorities in other countries, and regulatory approval in one country does not mean that regulatory approval will be obtained in any other country. Approval processes vary among countries and can involve additional product testing and validation and additional or different administrative review periods from those in the United States, including additional pre-clinical studies or clinical trials, as clinical trials conducted in one jurisdiction may not be accepted by regulatory authorities in other jurisdictions. In many jurisdictions outside the United States, a product candidate must be approved for reimbursement before it can be approved for sale in that jurisdiction. In some cases, the price that we intend to charge for our products is also subject to approval.

Seeking regulatory approval outside of the United States could result in difficulties and costs and require additional nonclinical studies or clinical trials which could be costly and time-consuming. Regulatory requirements can vary widely from country to country and could delay or prevent the introduction of our product candidates in those countries. The regulatory approval outside of the United States process may include all of the risks associated with obtaining FDA approval. We do not have any product candidates approved for sale in any jurisdiction, including international markets, and we do not have experience in obtaining regulatory approval in international markets. If we fail to comply with regulatory requirements in international markets or to obtain and maintain required approvals, or if regulatory approval in international markets is delayed, our target market will be reduced and our ability to realize the full market potential of our products will be harmed.

Even if we obtain regulatory approval for our product candidates, we will still face extensive ongoing quality and regulatory obligations and continued regulatory review, which may result in significant additional expense, and our product may face future development and quality or regulatory compliance difficulties.

Any product candidate for which we obtain marketing approval will be subject to extensive and ongoing regulatory requirements, including for manufacturing processes, post-approval clinical data, labeling, packaging, distribution, adverse event reporting, storage, recordkeeping, conduct of potential post-market studies and post-market submission requirements, export, import, advertising and promotional activities for such product, among other things, will be subject to extensive and ongoing requirements of and review by the FDA and other regulatory authorities. These requirements include submissions of safety and other post-marketing information and reports, establishment of registration and drug listing requirements, continued compliance with current CGMP, requirements relating to manufacturing, quality control, quality assurance and corresponding maintenance of records and documents, requirements regarding the distribution of samples to physicians, recordkeeping and GCP requirements for any clinical trials that we conduct post-approval. Even if marketing approval of a product candidate is granted, the approval may be subject to limitations on the indicated uses for which the product may be marketed or to the conditions of approval, including any requirement to implement a REMS. If a product candidate receives marketing approval, the accompanying label may limit the approved use of the drug or the FDA or other regulatory authorities may require that contraindications, warnings or precautions, including in some cases, a boxed warning, be included in the product labeling, which could limit sales of the product.

The FDA may also impose requirements for costly post-marketing studies or clinical trials and surveillance to monitor the safety or efficacy of the product. The FDA closely regulates the post-approval marketing and promotion of drugs to ensure drugs are marketed only for the approved indications and in accordance with the provisions of the approved labeling and that promotional and advertising materials and communications are truthful and non-misleading. Although the FDA and other regulatory agencies do not regulate a physician's choice of drug treatment made in the physician's independent medical judgment, regulatory authorities impose stringent restrictions on manufacturers' communications and if we do not market our product candidates for their approved indications or in a manner which regulators believe to be truthful and non-misleading, we may be subject to enforcement action. Violations of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act in the United States and other comparable regulations in other jurisdictions relating to the promotion of prescription drugs may lead to enforcement actions and investigations by the FDA, Department of Justice, State Attorneys General and other comparable non-U.S. regulatory agencies alleging violations of United States federal and state health care fraud and abuse laws, as well as state consumer protection laws and comparable laws in other jurisdictions.

In addition, later discovery of previously unknown adverse events or other problems with our product candidates, manufacturers or manufacturing processes, or failure to comply with regulatory requirements, may negatively impact our business and the price of our common shares and may yield various results, including:

- restrictions on the manufacture such product candidates;
- restrictions on the labeling or marketing of such product candidates, including a "black box" warning or contraindication on the product label or communications containing warnings or other safety information about the product;
- restrictions on product distribution or use;
- requirements to conduct post-marketing studies or clinical trials, or any regulatory holds on our clinical trials;
- requirement of a REMS (or equivalent outside the United States);
- Warning or Untitled Letters;
- withdrawal of the product candidates from the market;
- refusal to approve pending applications or supplements to approved applications that we submit;
- recall of product candidates;
- fines, restitution or disgorgement of profits or revenues;
- suspension or withdrawal of marketing approvals;
- refusal to permit the import or export of our product candidates;
- product seizure; or
- lawsuits, injunctions or the imposition of civil or criminal penalties.

Non-compliance by us or any current or future collaborator with regulatory requirements, including safety monitoring or pharmacovigilance can also result in significant financial penalties.

Breakthrough Therapy Designation, Fast Track Designation, Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy Designation or orphan drug designation by the FDA, even if granted for any product candidate, may not lead to a faster development, regulatory review or approval process, and does not necessarily increase the likelihood that any product candidate will receive marketing approval in the United States.

We have sought, or may in the future seek, Breakthrough Therapy Designation, Fast Track Designation, Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy Designation or orphan drug designation for certain of our product candidates. ARU-1801, a gene therapy in development by Anuvant for the treatment of sickle cell disease, has received orphan drug designation and rare pediatric designation by the FDA, as well as priority review and orphan designation by the EMA. In addition, two gene therapies under development by Sio Gene Therapies, AXO-AAV-GM1, in development for the treatment of GM1 gangliosidosis, and AXO-AAV-GM2, in development for the treatment of GM2 gangliosidosis, also known as Tay-Sachs and Sandhoff diseases, have received rare pediatric designation and orphan drug designation (in the case of AXO-AAV-GM1) and rare pediatric designation (in the case of AXO-AAV-GM2) from the FDA.

A breakthrough therapy is defined as a therapy that is intended, alone or in combination with one or more other therapies, to treat a serious or lifethreatening disease or condition, and preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the therapy may demonstrate substantial improvement over existing therapies on one or more clinically significant endpoints, such as substantial treatment effects observed early in clinical development. For therapies that have been designated as breakthrough therapies, interaction and communication between the FDA and the sponsor of the trial can help to identify the most efficient path for clinical development while minimizing

the number of patients placed in potentially less efficacious control regimens. Therapies designated as breakthrough therapies by the FDA may also be eligible for priority review and accelerated approval. Designation as a breakthrough therapy is within the discretion of the FDA. Accordingly, even if we believe a product candidate meets the criteria for designation as a breakthrough therapy, the FDA may disagree and instead determine not to make such designation. In any event, the receipt of a Breakthrough Therapy Designation for a product candidate may not result in a faster development process, review or approval compared to therapies considered for approval under conventional FDA procedures and does not assure ultimate approval by the FDA. In addition, even if a product candidate qualifies as a breakthrough therapy, the FDA may later decide that such product candidate no longer meets the conditions for qualification or decide that the time period for FDA review or approval will not be shortened.

If a therapy is intended for the treatment of a serious or life-threatening condition and the therapy demonstrates the potential to address unmet medical needs for this condition, the therapy sponsor may apply for Fast Track Designation. The FDA has broad discretion whether or not to grant this designation, so even if we believe a particular product candidate is eligible for this designation, we cannot assure you that the FDA would decide to grant it. Even if we do receive Fast Track Designation, we may not necessarily experience a faster development process, review or approval compared to conventional FDA procedures. The FDA may withdraw Fast Track Designation if we believe that the designation is no longer supported by data from our clinical development program. Fast Track Designation alone does not guarantee qualification for the FDA's priority review procedures.

Regulatory authorities in some jurisdictions, including the United States and the EEA, may designate drugs and biologics for relatively small patient populations as orphan drugs. In the United States, the FDA may designate a drug or biologic as an orphan drug if it is intended to treat a rare disease or condition, which is defined as a disease or condition that affects fewer than 200,000 individuals annually in the United States or for which there is no reasonable expectation that costs of research and development of the drug for the disease or condition, and her United States. Generally, if a product with an orphan drug designation subsequently receives the first marketing approval for the indication for which it has such designation, the product is entitled to a period of marketing exclusivity, which precludes the FDA from approving another marketing application for the same drug or biologic for that time period. In the United States, in order for a product to receive orphan drug exclusivity. FDA must not have previously approved a drug considered the same drug for the same orphan indication, or the subsequent drug must be shown to be clinically superior to such a previously approved sane drug. The applicable period is seven years in the United States. A similar data exclusivity scheme exists in the EEA, whereby no company can make reference to (rely on) the innovator drug gromany's pre-clinical and clinical data in order to obtain a marketing authorization for eight years from the date of the first approval of the innovator drug in the EEA and no generic drug can be marketed for ten years from the first approval of the innovator drug may qualify for an extra year's protection. This additional one year of marketing exclusivity may be obtained in a number of circumstances, such as where the innovator company is granted a marketing authorization for a significant new indication for the relevant medicinal product. In such a situation, the generic company can only market their product after 11 years from the fins

Orphan drug exclusivity may be lost if the FDA or EMA determines that the request for designation was materially defective or if the manufacturer is unable to assure sufficient quantity of the drug or biologic to meet the needs of patients with the rare disease or condition. In the EEA, orphan drug designation, and the related benefits, may be lost if it is established before the market authorization is granted that the designation criteria are no longer met.

If we obtain orphan drug exclusivity for a product, that exclusivity may not effectively protect the product from competition because different drugs can be approved for the same condition. Even after an orphan drug is approved, the FDA or the EMA can subsequently approve the same drug for the same condition if the FDA or the

EMA concludes that the later drug is clinically superior in that it is shown to be safer, more effective or makes a major contribution to patient care. In the EEA, a marketing authorization may also be granted, for the same therapeutic indication, to a competitor with a similar medicinal product during the exclusivity period if we are unable to supply sufficient quantities of the medicinal product for which we received marketing authorization.

Certain of our gene therapy product candidates are based on novel technologies and the regulatory landscape that governs these product candidates we may develop is rigorous, complex, uncertain and subject to change, which makes it difficult to predict the time and cost of developing the product candidates and subsequently obtaining regulatory approval.

The clinical study requirements of the FDA, the EMA and other regulatory agencies and the criteria these regulators use to determine the safety and efficacy of a product candidate vary substantially according to the type, complexity, novelty and intended use and market of the potential product candidates. The regulatory approval process for novel product candidates such as our gene therapies can be more expensive and take longer than for other, better known or more extensively studied pharmaceutical or other product candidates. Currently, a limited number of gene therapy products have been approved by the FDA, the EMA and the European Commission. Given the few precedents of approved gene therapy products, it is difficult to determine how long it will take or how much it will cost to obtain regulatory approvals for our product candidates in the United States, the EU or other jurisdictions. Approvals by the EMA and the European Commission may not be indicative of what the FDA may require for approval.

Regulatory requirements governing the development of gene therapy products have changed frequently and may continue to change in the future. The FDA has established the Office of Tissues and Advanced Therapies within the CBER, to consolidate the review of gene therapy and related products, and to advise the CBER on its review. The FDA can put an IND on clinical hold if the information in an IND is not sufficient to assess the risks in pediatric patients. In addition to FDA oversight and oversight by IRBs, under guidelines promulgated by the National Institutes of Health ("NIH") gene therapy clinical trials funded by NIH are also subject to review and oversight by an institutional biosafety committee ("IBC"), a local institutional committee that reviews and oversees research utilizing recombinant or synthetic nucleic acid molecules at that institutions. Before a clinical risk to public health or the environment. While the NIH guidelines are not mandatory unless the research in question is being conducted at or sponsored by institutions receiving NIH funding of recombinant or synthetic nucleic acid molecule research, many companies and other institutions to otherwise subject to the NIH Guidelines voluntarily follow them. Moreover, serious adverse events or developments in clinical trials of gene therapy product candidates conducted by others may cause the FDA or other regulatory bodies to initiate a clinical hold on our clinical trials or otherwise change the review process and determinations of other reviewing bodies can impede or delay the initiation of a clinical trial, even if the FDA has reviewed the trial and approved its initiation.

Adverse developments in pre-clinical studies or clinical trials conducted by others in the field of gene therapy and gene regulation products may cause the FDA, the EMA and other regulatory bodies to revise the requirements for approval of any product candidates we may develop or limit the use of products utilizing gene regulation technologies, either of which could harm our business. In addition, the clinical trial requirements of the FDA, the EMA and other regulatory authorities and the criteria these regulators use to determine the safety and efficacy of a product candidate vary substantially according to the type, complexity, novelty, and intended use and market of the potential products. The regulatory approval process for novel product candidates such as our gene therapies can be more expensive and take longer than for other, better known, or more extensively studied pharmaceutical or other product candidates. In addition, because of the evolving regulatory landscape for novel product candidates such as our gene therapies, there is a heightened risk relating to changes in regulatory requirements, such as the required trial size, the size of safety databases and duration of clinical follow-up required for approval, which could develop in a manner that adversely impacts our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Further, as we are developing novel potential treatments for diseases in which there is little clinical experience with new endpoints and methodologies, there is heightened risk that the FDA, the EMA or other regulatory bodies may not consider the clinical trial endpoints to provide clinically meaningful results, and the resulting clinical data and results may be more difficult to analyze. The prospectively designed natural history studies with the same endpoints as our corresponding clinical trials may not be accepted by the FDA, EMA or other regulatory authorities. Regulatory agencies administering existing or future regulations or legislation may not allow production and marketing of products utilizing gene regulation technology in a timely manner or under technically or commercially feasible conditions. In addition, regulatory action or private litigation could result in expenses, delays, or other impediments to our research programs or the commercialization of resulting products.

Even if our product candidates receive marketing approval, they may fail to achieve market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors or others in the medical community necessary for commercial success.

The commercial success of our product candidates will depend upon their degree of market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors and others in the medical community. Even if any product candidates we may develop receive marketing approval, they may nonetheless fail to gain sufficient market acceptance by physicians, patients, healthcare payors and others in the medical community. The degree of market acceptance for any product candidates we may develop, if approved for commercial sale, will depend on a number of factors, including:

- the efficacy and safety of such product candidates as demonstrated in pivotal clinical trials and published in peer-reviewed journals;
- · the potential and perceived advantages compared to alternative treatments, including any similar generic treatments;
- the ability to offer these products for sale at competitive prices;
- the ability to offer appropriate patient financial assistance programs, such as commercial insurance co-pay assistance;
- convenience and ease of dosing and administration compared to alternative treatments;
- the clinical indications for which the product candidate is approved by FDA or comparable non-U.S. regulatory agencies;
- product labeling or product insert requirements of the FDA or other comparable non-U.S. regulatory authorities, including any limitations, contraindications or warnings contained in a product's approved labeling;
- restrictions on how the product is dispensed or distributed;
- the timing of market introduction of competitive products;
- publicity concerning these products or competing products and treatments;
- the strength of marketing and distribution support;
- · favorable third-party coverage and sufficient reimbursement; and
- · the prevalence and severity of any side effects or AEs.

Sales of medical products also depend on the willingness of physicians to prescribe the treatment, which is likely to be based on a determination by these physicians that the products are safe, therapeutically effective and cost effective. In addition, the inclusion or exclusion of products from treatment guidelines established by various physician groups and the viewpoints of influential physicians can affect the willingness of other physicians to prescribe such products.

If approved, our products candidates regulated as biologics may face competition from biosimilars approved through an abbreviated regulatory pathway.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (the "ACA"), includes a subtile called the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009 (the "BPCIA"), which created an abbreviated approval pathway under section 351(k) of the Public Health Service Act ("PHSA") for biological products that are biosimilar to or interchangeable with an FDA-licensed reference biological product. Under the BPCIA, a section 351(k) application for a biosimilar or interchangeable product may not be submitted to the FDA until four years following the date that the reference product was first licensed by the FDA. In addition, the approval of a biosimilar or interchangeable product may not be made effective by the FDA until 12 years from the date on which the reference product was first licensed. During this 12-year period of exclusivity, another company may still market a competing version of the reference product if the FDA approves a full BLA for the competing product submitted under section 351(a) of the PHSA containing the competing sponsor's own pre-clinical data and data from adequate and well-controlled clinical trials to demostrate the safety, purity, and potency of the other company's product. The law is complex and is still being interoreted and implemented by the FDA. As a result, its ultimate impact, implementation, and meaning are subject to uncertainty.

Whether approval of a biological product qualifies for reference product exclusivity turns on whether FDA consider the approval a "first licensure". Not every licensure of a biological product is considered a "first licensure" that gives rise to its own exclusivity period. We believe that our product candidates approved as a biological product under a BLA should qualify for the 12-year period of exclusivity. However, there is a risk that this exclusivity could be shortened due to congressional action or otherwise. Other aspects of the BPCIA, some of which may impact the BPCIA exclusivity provisions, have also been the subject of recent litigation. Moreover, the extent to which a biosimilar, once licensed, will be substituted for any one of our reference products is not yet clear, and will depend on a number of marketplace and regulatory factors that are still developing. If competitors are able to obtain marketing approval for biosimilars referencing our products, our products may become subject to competition from such biosimilars, with the attendant competitive pressure and consequences.

If, in the future, we are unable to establish sales, marketing and distribution capabilities or enter into agreements with third parties to sell, market and distribute any product candidates we may develop, we may not be successful in commercializing those product candidates if and when they are approved.

We do not currently have any infrastructure for the sales, marketing or distribution of any product, and the cost of establishing and maintaining such an organization may exceed the cost-effectiveness of doing so. In order to market any product that may be approved, we must build our sales, distribution, marketing, compliance, managerial and other non-technical capabilities or make arrangements with third parties to perform these services. To achieve commercial success for any product for which we obtain marketing approval, we will need a sales and marketing organization or outsource these functions to third parties. In the future, we may choose to build a focused sales, marketing, and commercial support infrastructure to market and sell our product candidates, if and when they are approved. We may also elect to enter into collaborations or strategic partnerships with third parties to engage in commercialization activities with respect to selected product candidates, indications or geographic territories, including territories outside the United States, although there is no guarantee we will be able to enter into these arrangements even if the intent is to do so.

There are risks involved with both establishing our own commercial capabilities and entering into arrangements with third parties to perform these services. For example, recruiting and training a sales force or reimbursement specialists is expensive and time consuming and could delay any product launch. If the commercial launch of a product candidate for which we recruit a sales force and establish marketing and other commercialization capabilities is delayed or does not occur for any reason, we would have prematurely or unnecessarily incurred these commercialization expenses. This may be costly, and our investment would be lost if we cannot retain or reposition commercialization personnel.

Factors that may inhibit our efforts to commercialize any approved product on our own include:

- the inability to recruit and retain adequate numbers of effective sales, marketing, reimbursement, customer service, medical affairs, and other support personnel;
- the inability of sales personnel to obtain access to physicians or persuade adequate numbers of physicians to prescribe any future approved products;
- the inability of reimbursement professionals to negotiate arrangements for formulary access, reimbursement, and other acceptance by payors;
- the inability to price products at a sufficient price point to ensure an adequate and attractive level of profitability;
- restricted or closed distribution channels that make it difficult to distribute our products to segments of the patient population;
- the lack of complementary products to be offered by sales personnel, which may put us at a competitive disadvantage relative to companies with more extensive product lines; and
- unforeseen costs and expenses associated with creating an independent commercialization organization.

If we are unable to build our own sales force or negotiate a collaborative relationship for the commercialization of any product candidate, we may be forced to delay potential commercialization or reduce the scope of our sales or marketing activities. If we elect to increase our expenditures to fund commercialization activities ourselves, we will need to obtain additional capital, which may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. If we do not have sufficient funds, we will not be able to bring any product candidate to market or generate product revenue. We could enter into arrangements with collaborative partners at an earlier stage than otherwise would be ideal and we may be required to relinquish certain rights to our product candidate or otherwise agree to terms unfavorable to us, any of which may have an adverse effect on our business, operating results and prospects.

If we enter into arrangements with third parties to perform sales, marketing, commercial support, and distribution services, our product revenue or the profitability of product revenue may be lower than if we were to market and sell any products we may develop internally. In addition, we may not be successful in entering into arrangements with third parties to commercialize our product candidates or may be unable to do so on terms that are favorable to us or them. We may have little control over such third parties, and any of them may fail to devote the necessary resources and attention to sell and market our products effectively or may expose us to legal and regulatory risk by not adhering to regulatory requirements and restrictions governing the sale and promotion of prescription drug products, including those restricting off-label promotion. If we do not establish commercialization capabilities successfully, either on our own or in collaboration with third parties, we will not be successful in commercializing our product candidates, if approved.

Our current and future relationships with investigators, health care professionals, consultants, third-party payors, patient support, charitable organizations, customers, and others are subject to applicable healthcare regulatory laws, which could expose us to penalties and other risks.

Our business operations and current and potential future arrangements with investigators, healthcare professionals, consultants, third-party payors, patient support, charitable organizations, customers, and others, expose us to broadly applicable fraud and abuse and other healthcare laws and regulations. These laws regulate the business or financial arrangements and relationships through which we conduct our operations, including how we research, market, sell and distribute our product candidates for which we obtain marketing approval. Such laws include, without limitation:

the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, which is a criminal law that prohibits, among other things, persons and entities from knowingly and willfully soliciting, offering, receiving or providing remuneration,

directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, to induce or reward, or in return for, either the referral of an individual for, or the purchase, lease, order or recommendation of, any good, facility, item or service, for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under a federal healthcare program (such as Medicare and Medicaid). The term "remuneration" has been broadly interpreted by the federal government to include anything of value. Although there are a number of statutory exceptions and regulatory safe harbors protecting certain activities from prosecution, the exceptions and safe harbors are drawn narrowly, and arrangements may be subject to scrutiny or penalty if they do not fully satisfy all elements of an available exception or safe harbor. Practices that involve remuneration that may be alleged to be intended to induce prescribing, purchases or recommendations may be subject to scrutiny if they do not qualify for an exception or safe harbor. A person or entity does not need to have actual knowledge of the federal Anti-Kickback Statute or specific intent to violate it to have committed a violation; in addition, the government may assert that a claim including items or services resulting from a violation of the federal Anti-Kickback Statute may result in civil monetary penalties up to \$100,000 for each violation. Civil penalties for such conduct can further be assessed under the federal False Claims Act. Violations can also result in criminal penalties, including criminal fines and imprisonment of up to 10 years. Similarly, violations can result in exclusion from participation in government healthcare barder programs, including Medicare and Medicaid;

- the federal false claims laws, including the False Claims Act, which imposes civil penalties, including through civil whistleblower or qui tam actions, against individuals or entities for knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented, to the federal government, claims for payment that are false or fraudulent, knowingly making, using or causing to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim, or knowingly making or causing to be made, a false statement to avoid, decrease or conceal an obligation to pay money to the federal government. When an entity is determined to have violated the federal civil False Claims Act, the government may impose civil fines and penalties currently ranging from \$11,665 to \$23,331 for each false claim or statement for penalties assessed after June 19, 2020, with respect to violations occurring after November 2, 2015, plus treble damages, and exclude the entity from participation in Medicare, Medicare and other federal healthcare programs;
- the federal health care fraud statute (established by Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA")), which
 imposes criminal and civil liability for, among other things, knowingly and willfully executing, or attempting to execute, a scheme to
 defraud any healthcare benefit program or making false or fraudulent statements relating to healthcare matters; similar to the federal AntiKickback Statute, a person or entity does not need to have actual knowledge of the statute or specific intent to violate it to have committed
 a violation;
- HIPAA, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act ("HITECH"), and their implementing
 regulations, which also imposes obligations, including mandatory contractual terms, with respect to safeguarding the privacy, security, and
 transmission of individually identifiable health information on health plans, health care clearing houses, and most providers and their
 business associates, defined as independent contractors or agents of covered entities that create, receive or obtain protected health
 information in connection with providing a service for or on behalf of a covered entity;
- a variety of privacy, cybersecurity and data protection laws, rules and regulations at the international, federal, state and local level imposes
 obligations with respect to safeguarding the privacy, security, and transmission of personal data and health information generally;
- the federal Civil Monetary Penalties Law, which authorizes the imposition of substantial civil monetary penalties against an entity that
 engages in activities including, among others (1) knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented, a claim for services not provided as
 claimed or that is otherwise false or fraudulent in any way; (2) arranging for or contracting with an individual or entity that is excluded
 from participation in federal health care programs to provide items or services reimbursable by a federal health care program; (3) violations
 of the federal Anti-Kickback Statute; or (4) failing to report and return a known overpayment;

- the federal Physician Payments Sunshine Act, which requires certain manufacturers of drugs, devices, biologics, and medical supplies for which payment is available under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (with certain exceptions) to report annually to the government information related to payments or other "transfers of value" made to physicians, certain other healthcare providers, and teaching hospitals, and requires applicable manufacturers and group purchasing organizations to report annually to the government on wnership and investment interests held by the physicians described above and their immediate family members and payments or other "transfers of value" to such physician owners (covered manufacturers are required to submit reports to the government by the 90th day of each calendar year); and
- analogous state and national laws and regulations, such as state anti-kickback and false claims laws, which may apply to our business
 practices, including but not limited to, research, distribution, sales, and marketing arrangements and claims involving healthcare items or
 services reimbursed by non-governmental third-party payors, including private insurers, or otherwise restrict payments that may be made
 to healthcare providers and other potential referral sources; and state laws that require pharmaceutical companies to comply with the
 pharmaceutical industry's voluntary compliance guidelines and the relevant compliance guidance promulgated by the federal government,
 and state laws that require drug manufacturers to report information related to payments and other transfers of value to physicians and
 other healthcare providers or marketing expenditures; and several recently passed state laws that require laiclosures related to state
 agencies and/or commercial purchasers with respect to certain price increases that exceed a certain level as identified in the relevant
 statutes, some of which contain ambiguous requirements that government officials have not yet clarified.

Efforts to ensure that our current and future business arrangements with third parties will comply with applicable healthcare laws and regulations will involve substantial costs. It is possible that governmental authorities will conclude that our business practices do not comply with current or future statutes, regulations, agency guidance or case law involving applicable healthcare laws. If our operations are found to be in violation of any of these or any other applicable health regulatory laws that may apply to us, we may be subject to significant penalties, including the imposition of significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, monetary fines, disgorgement, individual imprisonment, possible exclusion from participation in Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, additional reporting requirements and oversight if we become subject to a corporate integrity agreement or similar agreement and curtailment or restructuring of our operations, any of which could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our results of operations. Even the mere issuance of a subpoena, civil investigative demand or the fact of an investigation alone, regardless of the merit, may result in negative publicity, a drop in our share price and other harm to our business, financial condition and our results of operations. Defending against any such actions can be costly, time-consuming and may require significant financial and personnel resources. Therefore, even if we are successful in defending against any such actions that may be brought against us, our business may be impaired.

Healthcare legislative measures aimed at reducing healthcare costs may have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

The United States and many other jurisdictions have enacted or proposed legislative and regulatory changes affecting the healthcare system that could prevent or delay marketing approval of our product candidates or any future product candidates, restrict or regulate post-approval activities and affect our ability to profitably sell any product for which we obtain marketing approval. Changes in regulations, statutes or the interpretation of existing regulations could impact our business in the future by requiring, for example: (i) changes to our manufacturing arrangements; (ii) additions or modifications to product labeling; (iii) the recall or discontinuation of our products; or (iv) additional record-keeping requirements. If any such changes were to be imposed, they could adversely affect the operation of our business.

In the United States, there have been and continue to be a number of legislative initiatives to contain healthcare costs, including costs for pharmaceuticals. For example, in March 2010, the ACA was passed, which substantially changed the way healthcare is financed by both governmental and private insurers, and significantly impacted the U.S. pharmaceutical industry. The ACA, among other things, subjects biological products to potential competition by lower-cost biosimilars, addresses a new methodology by which rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program are calculated for drugs that are inhaled, infused, instilled, implanted or injected, increases the minimum Medicaid rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program and extends the rebate program to individuals enrolled in Medicaid managed care organizations, establishes annual fees and taxes on manufacturers of certain branded prescription drugs, and creates a new Medicare Part D coverage gap discount program, in which manufacturers must agree to offer 70% point-of-sale discounts off negotiated prizes of applicable brand drugs to eligible beneficiaries during their coverage gap period, as a condition for the manufacturer's outpatient drugs to be covered under Medicare Part D.

Since its enactment, there have been numerous judicial, administrative, executive, and legislative challenges to certain aspects of the ACA, and we expect there will be additional challenges and amendments to the ACA in the future. Various portions of the ACA are currently undergoing legal and constitutional challenges in the United States Supreme Court; the former Trump Administration issued various Executive Orders which eliminated cost sharing subsidies and various provisions that would impose a fiscal burden on states or a cost, fee, tax, penalty or regulatory burden on individuals, healthcare providers, health insurers, or manufacturers of pharmaceuticals or medical devices; and Congress has introduced several pieces of legislation aimed at significantly revising or repealing the ACA. The United States Supreme Court is expected to rule on a legal challenge to the constitutionality of the ACA in the coming months. The implementation of the ACA is ongoing, the law appears likely to continue the downward pressure on pharmaceutical pricing, especially under the Medicare program, and may also increase our regulatory burdens and operating costs. Litigation and legislation related to the ACA are likely to continue, with unpredictable and uncertain results.

In addition, other legislative changes have been proposed and adopted in the United States since the ACA was enacted. In August 2011, the Budget Control Act of 2011, among other things, created measures for spending reductions by Congress. A Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction, tasked with recommending a targeted deficit reduction of at least 51.2 trillion for the years 2013 through 2021, was unable to reach required goals, thereby triggering the legislation's automatic reduction to several government programs. This includes aggregate reductions of Medicare payments to providers of 2% per fiscal year, which went into effect in 2013, and, due to subsequent legislative amendments, will remain in effect through 2029 unless additional Congressional action is taken. Pursuant to the CARES Act and subsequent legislation, these reductions were suspended from May 1, 2020 through December 31, 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As the legislation currently stands, the reductions will go back into effect as of January 2022 and will remain in effect through 2030 unless additional Congressional action is taken. The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 further reduced Medicare payments to several providers, including hospitals and cancer treatment centers, and increased the statute of limitations period for the government to recover overpayments to providers from three to five years.

There has been increasing legislative and enforcement interest in the United States with respect to drug pricing practices. Specifically, there have been several recent U.S. Congressional inquiries and proposed federal and state legislation designed to, among other things, bring more transparency to drug pricing, reduce the cost of prescription drugs under Medicare, review the relationship between pricing and manufacturer patient programs, and reform government program reimbursement methodologies for drugs. At the federal level, including the former administration's budget for fiscal year 2020 contained further drug price control measures to permit Medicare Part D plans to negotiate the price of certain drugs under Medicare Part B, to allow some states to negotiate drug prices under Medicaid, and to eliminate cost sharing for generic drugs for low-income patients. Additionally, the former Trump administration released a "Blueprint" to lower drug prices and reduce out of pocket costs of drugs that contains additional proposals to increase manufacturer competition, increase the negotiating power of certain federal healthcare programs, incentivize manufacturers to lower the list price of their products and reduce the out of pocket costs of drug state stores to lower the list price of their products and reduce the out of pocket costs of drug programs, incentivize manufacturers to lower the list price of their products and reduce the out of pocket costs of drug products paid by consumers. The U.S. Department of Health

and Human Services ("HHS"), has already implemented several of these provisions to date. In May 2019, CMS issued a final rule to allow Medicare Advantage Plans the option of using step therapy, a type of prior authorization, for Part B drugs beginning January 1, 2020. Additionally, on November 20, 2020, HHS finalized a regulation removing safe harbor protection for price reductions from pharmaceutical manufacturers to plan sponsors under Part D, either directly or through pharmacy benefit managers, unless the price reduction is required by law. The rule also creates a new safe harbor for price reductions reflected at the point-of-sale, as well as a safe harbor for certain fixed fee arrangements between pharmacy benefit managers and manufacturers. These modifications to the safe harbors are being challenged in court and HHS has delayed their implementation until January 1, 2023. Although a number of these and other proposed measures will require authorization through additional legislation to become effective, it is unclear whether the Biden administration will challenge, reverse, revoke or otherwise modify these recent executive and administrative actions.

There have been, and likely will continue to be, legislative and regulatory proposals at the national and state levels in jurisdictions around the world directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare, including prescription drugs. The implementation of cost containment measures or other healthcare reforms may prevent us from being able to generate revenue, attain profitability, or commercialize our product. Such reforms could have an adverse effect on anticipated revenue from product candidates that we may successfully develop and for which we may obtain regulatory approval and may affect our overall financial condition and ability to develop product candidates. We cannot predict the initiatives that may be adopted in the future. The continuing efforts of the government, insurance companies, managed care organizations and other payors of healthcare services to contain or reduce costs of healthcare and/or impose price controls may adversely affect:

- the demand for our product candidates, if approved;
- our ability to receive or set a price that we believe is fair for our products;
- our ability to generate revenue and achieve or maintain profitability;
- the amount of taxes that we are required to pay; and
- the availability of capital.

We expect that the ACA, as well as other healthcare reform measures that may be adopted in the future, may result in additional reductions in Medicare and other healthcare funding, more rigorous coverage criteria, lower reimbursement and new payment methodologies. This could lower the price that we receive for any approved product. Any denial in coverage or reduction in reimbursement from Medicare or other government-funded programs may result in a similar denial or reduction in payments from private payors, which may prevent us from being able to generate sufficient revenue, attain profitability or commercialize our product candidates, if approved.

Recent federal legislation and actions by state and local governments in the United States may permit reimportation of drugs from foreign countries into the United States, including foreign countries where the drugs are sold at lower prices than in the United States, which could materially adversely affect our operating results.

Coverage and adequate reimbursement may not be available for our product candidates, which could make it difficult for us to sell our product candidates profitably.

Market acceptance and sales of any approved product candidates that we develop will depend in part on the extent to which coverage and adequate reimbursement for these product candidates and related treatments will be available from third-party payors, including government health administration authorities and private health insurers. The target patient populations for our drugs are often relatively small, as a result of which the pricing and reimbursement of our product candidates, if approved, must be adequate to support commercial infrastructure. If we are unable to obtain adequate levels of reimbursement, our ability to successfully market and sell our product candidates will be adversely affected. The manner and level at which reimbursement is provided for services related to our product candidates (e.g., for administration of our product to patients) is also

important. Inadequate reimbursement for such services may lead to physician resistance and adversely affect our ability to market or sell our product candidates. There is no assurance that our product candidates, if approved, would achieve adequate coverage and reimbursement levels.

In the United States, no uniform policy of coverage and reimbursement for product candidates exists among third-party payors. Third-party payors decide which drugs they will pay for and establish reimbursement levels. Third-party payors often rely upon Medicare coverage policy and payment limitations in setting their own coverage and reimbursement policies. However, decisions regarding the extent of coverage and amount of reimbursement to be provided for any product candidates that we develop will be made on a plan-by-plan basis. One payor's determination to provide coverage for a product does not assure that other payors will also provide coverage, and adequate reimbursement, for the product. Additionally, a third-party payor's decision to provide coverage for a drug does not imply that an adequate reimbursement rate will be approved. Each plan determines whether or not it will provide coverage for a drug, what amount it will pay the manufacturer for the drug, on what tier of its formulary the drug will be placed and whether to require step therapy. The position of a drug on a formulary generally determines the co-payment that a patient will need to make to obtain the drug and can strongly influence the adoption of a drug by patients and physicians. Patients who are prescribed treatments for their conditions and providers prescribing such services generally rely on third-party payors to reimburseel or part of the associated healthcare costs. Patients are unlikely to use our product candidates unless coverage is provided and reimbursement is adequate to cover a significant portion of the cost of the product candidates, to the extent that patients who are prescribed our product candidates, if approved, are not separately reimburseel or product candidates, to the extent that patients who are prescribed our product candidates, if approved, are not separately reimbursed for the cost of the product.

The process for determining whether a third-party payor will provide coverage for a product may be separate from the process for setting the price of a product or for establishing the reimbursement rate that such a payor will pay for the product. Even if we obtain adequate levels of reimbursement, third-party payors, such as government or private healthcare insurers, carefully review and increasingly question the coverage of, and challenge the prices charged for, product candidates. A primary trend in the U.S. healthcare industry and elsewhere is cost containment. Increasingly, third-party payors are requiring that pharmaceutical companies provide them with predetermined discounts from list prices and are challenging the prices for product candidates. We may also be required to conduct expensive pharmacoeconomic studies to justify the coverage and the amount of reimbursement for particular medications. We cannot be sure that coverage and reimbursement will be available for any product that we commercialize and, if reimbursement is available, what the level of reimbursement will be. Inadequate coverage and are not available, or are available only to limited levels, we may not be able to successfully commercialize any product candidates that we develop.

Additionally, there have been a number of legislative and regulatory proposals to change the healthcare system in the United States and in some other jurisdictions that could affect our ability to sell any future drugs profitably. These legislative and regulatory changes may negatively impact the reimbursement for any future drugs, following approval. There can be no assurance that our candidates, if approved, will be considered medically reasonable and necessary, that they will be considered cost-effective by third-party payors, that coverage or an adequate level of reimbursement will be available, or that reimbursement product candidates in other countries where our product candidates are sold will not harm our ability to sell our product candidates profitably, if they are approved for sale.

Recent federal legislation and actions by state and local governments may permit reimportation of drugs from foreign countries into the United States, including foreign countries where the drugs are sold at lower prices than in the United States, which could materially adversely affect our operating results.

We may face competition in the United States for our product candidates, if approved, from therapies sourced from foreign countries that have placed price controls on pharmaceutical products. In the United States, the

Medicare Modernization Act ("MMA") contains provisions that may change U.S. importation laws and expand pharmacists' and wholesalers' ability to import cheaper versions of an approved drug and competing products from Canada, where there are government price controls. These changes to U.S. importation laws will not take effect unless and until the Secretary of the HHS certifies that the changes will pose no additional risk to the public's health and safety and will result in a significant reduction in the cost of products to consumers. On September 23, 2020, the Secretary of HHS made such certification to Congress, and on October 1, 2020, the FDA published a final rule that allows for the importation of certain prescription drugs from Canada. Under the final rule, States and Indian Tribes, and in certain future circumstances pharmacists and wholesalers, may submit importation program proposals to the FDA for review and authorization. Since the issuance of the final rule, on November 23, 2020, several industry groups filed federal lawsuits in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, requesting injunctive relief to prevent implementation of the rule. Further, authorities in Canada have passed rules designed to safeguard the Canadian drug supply from shortages. On September 25, 2020, CMS stated drugs imported by States under this rule will not be eligible for federal rebates under Section 1927 of the Social Security Act and manufacturers would not report these drugs for "best price" or Average Manufacturer Price purposes. Since these drugs are not considered covered outpatient drugs, CMS further stated it will not publish a National National National Drug Code ("NDC"), for an FDA-approved drug that was originally intended to be marketed in a foreign country and that was authorized for sale in that foreign country. If implemented, importation of drugs from Canada may materially and adversely affect the price we receive for any of our product candidates. The regulatory and market implications of the fina

Other Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

We depend on the knowledge and skills of our senior leaders, and may not be able to manage our business effectively if we are unable to attract and retain key personnel.

We have benefited substantially from the leadership, performance and vision of our senior leaders, in particular, our founder and Executive Chairman, Vivek Ramaswamy, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Matthew Gline, and other senior executives at Roivant and the Vants. We rely greatly on the investment experience and medical and scientific expertise of our senior leadership team to identify product candidates and guide future investments and opportunities, as well as the drug development expertise of our and the Vants' senior leadership to guide the pre-clinical and clinical development of our product candidates. Our success will depend on our ability to retain our current management team. In addition, while we expect to engage in an orderly transition process as we integrate newly appointed officers and managers, we face a variety of risks and uncertainties relation to management transition, including diversion of management attention from business concerns, failure to retain other key personnel or loss of institutional knowledge. Competition for senior leadership in the healthcare investment industry is intense, and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to retain key personnel at Roivant or the Vants.

Our senior leaders and key employees may terminate their positions with us at any time. Due to the small number of employees at some of the Vants, the loss of key employee may have a larger impact on our business. In particular, we rely on a limited number of employees in certain key jurisdictions, including the UK, Switzerland and Bermuda. If we lose one or more members of our or the Vants' senior leadership teams or other key employees, our ability to successfully implement our business strategies could be adversely impacted. Replacing these individuals may be difficult, cause disruption and may take an extended period of time due to the limited number of individuals in our industry with the breadth of skills and experience required to develop, gain regulatory approval of, and commercialize product candidates successfully. Competition to hire from this limited pool is intense, and we may be unable to hire, train, retain or motivate additional key personnel. We do not maintain "key person" insurance for any members of our senior leadership team or other employees.

To encourage valuable employees to remain at our company, in addition to salary and cash incentives, we have provided certain equity awards that vest over time. The value to employees of equity awards that vest over time may be significantly affected by movements in our share price that are beyond our control and may at any time be insufficient to contreater torne lucrative offers from other companies. Despite our efforts to retain invaluable employees, members of our management, scientific and development teams may terminate their employment with us at any time. Although we have employment agreements with our key employees, certain of these employment agreements provide for at-will employment, which means that any of our employees could leave our employment at any time. Our success also depends on our ability to continue to attract, retain and motivate high skilled junior, mid-level and senior managers as well as junior, mid-level and senior scientific and medical personnel.

Changes in funding for, or disruptions to the operations of, the FDA, the SEC and other government agencies could hinder their ability to hire and retain key leadership and other personnel, prevent new products and services from being developed or commercialized in a timely manner or otherwise prevent those agencies from performing normal functions on which the operation of our business may rely, which could negatively impact our business.

The ability of the FDA to review and approve new products or take action with respect to other regulatory matters can be affected by a variety of factors, including government budget and funding levels, ability to hire and retain key personnel and accept payment of user fees, the availability of personnel and other resources in light of governmental "stay at home" orders in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, and statutory, regulatory and policy changes. Average review times at the agency have fluctuated in recent years as a result. In addition, government funding of the SEC and other government agencies on which our operations may rely, including those that fund research and development activities is subject to the political process, which is inherently fluid and unpredictable.

Disruptions at the FDA and other agencies may also slow the time necessary for new drugs to be reviewed and/or approved, or for other actions to be taken, by relevant government agencies, which would adversely affect our business. For example, over the last several years, including for 35 days beginning on December 22, 2018, the U.S. government has shut down several times and certain regulatory agencies, such as the FDA and the SEC, have had to furlough critical FDA, SEC and other government employees and stop critical activities. Since March 2020, foreign and domestic inspections by the FDA have largely been on hold due to impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, with the FDA announcing plans in July 2020 to resume prioritized domestic inspections. With respect to pre-approval inspections, FDA has been using other tools and approaches where possible, including requesting existing inspection reports from other foreign regulatory partners, requesting information from applicants, and requesting necords and other information directly from facilities and other inspected entities. Should FDA determine that an inspection is necessary for approval of a marketing application and an inspection cannot be completed nin 2020, several companies announced receipt of complete response letters due to the FDA's inability to complete required inspections for their applications. Regulatory authorities outside the United States may adopt similar restrictions or other policy measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and may experience delays in their regulatory activities. Additionally, as of June 23, 2020, the FDA noted that it is continuing to expedite oncology product development with its staff teleworking full-time. However, the FDA may note bable to continue its current pace and approval timelines could be extended, including where a pre-approval inspection or an inspection or an inspection or the COVID-19 pandemic and travel restrictions of the FDA is unable to complete atorin thowever, the FDA may note bable to continue its cur

government shutdown or disruption to the operations of the USPTO could prevent the timely review of our patent applications, which could delay the issuance of any U.S. patents to which we might otherwise be entitled. Future government shutdowns and similar events could impact our ability to access the public markets and obtain necessary capital in order to properly capitalize and continue our operations.

We will need to expand our organization and may experience difficulties in managing this growth, which could disrupt operations.

In connection with our continued growth and the Business Combination, we expect to hire, either directly or through our current or future affiliates, additional employees for our managerial, finance and accounting, clinical, scientific and engineering, regulatory, operational, manufacturing, sales and marketing teams. We may have difficulties in connection with identifying, hiring and integrating new personnel. Future growth would impose, significant additional responsibilities on management, including the need to identify, recruit, maintain, motivate and integrate additional employees, consultants and contractors. Also, management may need to divert a disproportionate amount of its attention away from our day-to-day activities and devote a substantial amount of time to managing these growth activities. We may not be able to effectively manage the expansion of operations across our entities, which may result in weaknesses in infrastructure, give rise to operational mistakes, loss of business opportunities, loss of employees, our future growth could require significant capital expenditures and may divert financial resources from other projects, such as the development of product candidates. If our management is unable to effectively manage our growth, our expenses may increase more than expected, our ability to generate and/or grow revenues could be reduced, and we may not be able to implement our business strategy. Our future financial performance and ability to commercialize product candidates and new technologies and compete effectively will partly depend on our ability to effectively manage any future growth.

Many of the other pharmaceutical and healthcare technology companies that we compete against for qualified personnel and consultants have greater financial and other resources, different risk profiles and a longer operating history in the industry than us. They also may provide more diverse opportunities and better chances for career advancement. Some of these opportunities may be more appealing to high-quality candidates and consultants than what we have to offer. If we are unable to continue to attract and retain high-quality personnel and consultants, the rate and success at which we can discover and develop product candidates and our business will be harmed.

Our international operations may expose us to business, legal, regulatory, political, operational, financial and economic risks associated with conducting business globally.

Part of our business strategy involves potential expansion internationally with third-party collaborators to seek regulatory approval for our product candidates globally. Doing business internationally involves a number of risks, including but not limited to:

- multiple conflicting and changing laws and regulations such as tax laws, export and import restrictions, employment laws, anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws, regulatory requirements and other governmental approvals, permits and licenses;
- failure by us or our collaborators to obtain appropriate licenses or regulatory approvals for the sale or use of our product candidate, if approved, in various countries;
- difficulties in managing operations in different jurisdictions;
- complexities associated with managing multiple payor-reimbursement regimes or self-pay systems;
- financial risks, such as longer payment cycles, difficulty enforcing contracts and collecting accounts receivable and exposure to currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- varying protection for intellectual property rights;

- natural disasters, political and economic instability, including wars, terrorism and political unrest, outbreak of disease, boycotts, curtailment of trade and other business restrictions; and
- failure to comply with the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA"), including its books and records provisions and its anti-bribery provisions, the United Kingdom Bribery Act 2010 (the "U.K. Bribery Act"), and similar anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws in other jurisdictions, for example by failing to maintain accurate information and control over sales or distributors' activities.

Any of these risks, if encountered, could significantly harm our future international expansion and operations and, consequently, negatively impact our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Unfavorable global economic conditions could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our ability to invest in and expand our business and meet our financial obligations, to attract and retain third-party contractors and collaboration partners and to raise additional capital depends on our operating and financial performance, which, in turn, is subject to numerous factors, including the prevailing economic and political conditions and financial, business and other factors beyond our control, such as the rate of unemployment, the number of uninsured persons in the United States, political influences and inflationary pressures. For example, an overall decrease in or loss of insurance coverage among individuals in the United States as a result of unemployment, underemployment or the repeal of certain provisions of the ACA may decrease the demand for healthcare services and pharmaceuticals. If fewer patients are seeking medical care because they do not have insurance coverage, we may experience difficulties in any eventual commercialization of our product candidates and our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows could be adversely affected.

In addition, our results of operations could be adversely affected by general conditions in the global economy and in the global financial markets upon which pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical companies such as us are dependent for sources of capital. In the past, global financial crises have caused extreme volatility and disruptions in the capital and credit markets. A severe or prolonged economic downturn could result in a variety of risks to our business, including a reduced ability to raise additional capital when needed on acceptable terms, if at all, and weakened demand for our product candidates. A weak or declining economy could also strain our suppliers, possibly resulting in supply disruption. Any of the foregoing could harm our business and we cannot anticipate all of the ways in which the current economic climate and financial market conditions could adversely impact our business.

We face significant competition in an environment of rapid technological and scientific change, and there is a possibility that our competitors may achieve regulatory approval before us or develop therapies that are safer, more advanced or more effective than ours, which may negatively impact our ability to successfully market or commercialize any product candidates we may develop and ultimately harm our financial condition.

The development and commercialization of new drug products is highly competitive. We may face competition with respect to any product candidates that we seek to develop or commercialize in the future from major pharmaceutical companies, specialty pharmaceutical companies and biotechnology companies worldwide. Potential competitors also include academic institutions, government agencies and other public and private research organizations that conduct research, seek patent protection, and establish collaborative arrangements for research, development, manufacturing, and commercialization.

There are a number of large pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies that are currently pursuing the development and commercialization of products for the treatment of the indications that we are pursuing, including, but not limited to:

Roflumilast, a PDE4 inhibitor, a potential competitor to tapinarof, in development by Dermavant for the topical treatment of psoriasis;

- Teprotumumab, an insulin-like growth factor-1 receptor inhibitor, a potential competitor to IMVT-1401, in development by Immunovant for the treatment of thyroid eye disease;
- Efgartigimod, an anti-FcRn antibody fragment, and nipocalimab, an anti-FcRn antibody, both potential competitors to IMVT-1401, in development by Immunovant for the treatment of myasthenia gravis; and
- CTX001, a gene-editing therapy and LentiGlobin, a gene therapy delivering a modified form of adult hemoglobin, both potential competitors to ARU-1801, in development by Aruvant for the treatment of sickle cell disease.

If any of these or other competitors, including competitors for our other product candidates, receive FDA approval before we do, our product candidates would not be the first treatment on the market, and our market share may be limited. In addition to competition from other companies targeting our target indications, any products we may develop may also face competition from other types of therapies.

Many of our current or potential competitors, either alone or with their strategic partners, have significantly greater financial resources and expertise in research and development, manufacturing, pre-clinical testing, conducting clinical trials, obtaining regulatory approvals and marketing approved products than we do.

Mergers and acquisitions in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries may result in even more resources being concentrated among a smaller number of our competitors. Smaller or early-stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors, particularly through collaborative arrangements with large and established companies. These competitors also compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified scientific and management personnel and establishing clinical trial sites and patient registration for clinical trials, as well as in acquiring technologies complementary to, or necessary for, our programs. Our commercial opportunity could be reduced or eliminated if our competitors develop and commercialize products that are safer, more effective, have fewer or less severe side effects, are more convenient, or are less expensive than any products that we may develop. Furthermore, currently approved products could be discovered to have application for treatment of our targeted disease indications or similar indications, which could give such products significant regulatory and market timing advantages over our product candidates. Our competitors also may obtain FDA or other regulatory approval for their products more rapidly than we may obtain approval for ours and may obtain orphan product exclusivity from the FDA for indications that we are targeting, which could result in our competitors may render our potential product candidates uneconomical or obsolete and we may not be successful in marketing any product candidates we may develop against competitors.

In addition, we could face litigation or other proceedings with respect to the scope, ownership, validity and/or enforceability of our patents relating to our competitors' products and our competitors may allege that our products infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate their intellectual property. The availability of our competitors' products could limit the demand, and the price we are able to charge, for any products that we may develop and commercialize.

The markets in which our healthcare technology Vants participate are competitive, and if we do not compete effectively, our business and operating results could be adversely affected.

The overall market for healthcare technologies and software is global, rapidly evolving, competitive and subject to changing technology and shifting customer focus. Our healthcare technology Vants, including Datavant, a healthcare data infrastructure company, Lokavant, a clinical trial technology company, and Alyvant, a salesforce technology company, face competition from well-established providers of these solutions, certain of which may have long-standing relationships with many of our current and potential customers, including large biopharmaceutical companies. We also face competition from solutions that biopharmaceutical companies develop internally and from smaller companies that offer products and services directed at more specific markets

than we target, enabling these smaller competitors to focus a greater proportion of their efforts and resources on these markets, as well as a large number of companies that have been founded with the goal of applying machine learning technologies to drug discovery.

Many of our competitors are able to devote greater resources to the development, promotion, and sale of their software solutions and services. Third parties with greater available resources and the ability to initiate or withstand substantial price competition could acquire our current or potential competitors. Our competitors may also establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties that may further enhance their product offerings or resources. If our competitors' products, services or technologies become more accepted than our solutions, if our competitors are successful in bringing their products or services to market earlier than ours, if our competitors are able to respond more quickly and effectively to new or changing opportunities, technologies, or customer requirements, or if their products or services are more technologically capable than ours, then the business and prospects of these Vants could be adversely affected.

Roivant and its subsidiaries are subject to litigation and investigation risks which could adversely affect their business, results of operations and financial condition and could cause the market value of the Roivant Common Shares to decline. Insurance coverage may not be available for, or adequate to cover, all potential exposure for litigation and other business risks.

Roivant and its subsidiaries are from time to time subject to various litigation matters and claims, including regulatory proceedings, administrative proceedings, securities litigation and other lawsuits, and governmental investigations. In addition, Roivant and its subsidiaries may receive requests for information from governmental agencies in connection with their regulatory or investigators and thor private third parties pursuant to subpoena. These proceedings may be complex and prolonged, and may occupy the resources of Roivant's and its subsidiaries' management and employees. These proceedings are also costly to prosecute and defend and may involve substantial awards or damages payable by Roivant or its subsidiaries if not favorably resolved. Roivant and its subsidiaries may be required to pay substantial amounts or grant certain rights on unfavorable terms in order to settle such proceedings. We also face risks relating to litigation arising from judgments made by us and the Vants' as to the materiality of favorably the substances, including with respect to pre-clinical and clinical data, and the resulting disclosure (or lack thereof) may give rise to securities litigation.

We maintain insurance policies for litigation and various business risks, but such policies may not be adequate to compensate us for potential losses. In addition, such insurance may not be available to us in the future on economically reasonable terms, or at all. Further, our insurance may not cover all claims made against us and defending a suit, regardless of its merit, could be costly and divert management's attention. Because of the uncertain nature of litigation, investigations and insurance coverage decisions, it is not possible to predict the outcome of these matters, which could have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations, and financial condition of Roivant and its subsidiaries, as applicable, could impact the ability to consummate a transaction that is challenged or otherwise subject to such litigation and could cause the market value of the Roivant Common Shares to decline.

Negative public opinion and increased regulatory scrutiny of gene therapy and genetic research may damage public perception of our gene therapy product candidates and any future products or adversely affect our ability to conduct our business or obtain and maintain marketing approvals for our product candidates.

Public perception may be influenced by claims that gene therapy, including gene editing technologies, is unsafe or unethical, and research activities and adverse events in the field, even if not ultimately attributable to us or our product candidates, could result in increased governmental regulation, unfavorable public perception, challenges in recruiting patients to participate in our clinical studies, potential regulatory delays in the testing or approval of our potential products, stricter labeling requirements for those product candidates that are approved and a decrease in demand for any such product. More restrictive government regulations or negative public

opinion would have a negative effect on our business or financial condition and may delay or impair the development and commercialization of our product candidates or demand for any approved products.

We may not hold a controlling stake in certain of our subsidiaries and thus may not be able to direct our business or the development of our product candidates.

For certain of the Vants, including Arbutus, Datavant and Sio Gene Therapies, we hold less than a majority ownership interest or are otherwise limited in our ability to direct or control the business and the development of the product candidates or technologies at the Vant. In addition, for certain other Vants, including Immunovant, we may in the future come to hold less than a majority ownership interest in the Vant. Furthermore, even if we own a majority ownership interest in a Vant, we may not necessarily be able to control the outcome of certain corporate actions. If the business or development of a product candidate at one of these Vants were to face challenges, we would be adversely affected as a result and would be limited in our ability to cause or influence the Vant in question to take appropriate remediative actions.

Our business and operations would suffer in the event of system failures, cyber-attacks or a deficiency in our cyber-security.

Our computer systems, as well as those of various third parties on which we presently rely, or may rely on in the future, including our CROs and other contractors, consultants and law and accounting firms, may sustain damage from computer viruses, unauthorized access, data breaches, phishing attacks, cybercriminals, natural disasters (including hurricanes and earthquakes), terrorism, war and telecommunication and electrical failures. Such information technology systems are additionally vulnerable to security breaches from inadvertent or intentional actions by our employees, third-party vendors, contractors, consultants, business partners, and/or other third parties. Any of the foregoing may compromise our system infrastructure, or that of our third-party vendors and other contractors and consultants, or lead to data leakage. The risk of a security breach or disruption, particularly through cyber-attacks or cyber intrusion, including by computer hackers, sovereign governments and cyber terrorists, has generally increased along with the number, intensity and sophistication of attempted attacks and intrusions from around the world.

We rely on our third-party providers to implement effective security measures and to identify and correct for any such failures, deficiencies or breaches. Although we seek to supervise such third parties' security measures, our ability to do so is limited. If the information technology systems of our third-party vendors and other contractors and consultants become subject to disruptions or security breaches, we may have insufficient recourse against such third parties and we may have to expend significant resources to mitigate the impact of such an event, and to develop and implement protections to prevent future events of this nature from occurring.

We may not be able to anticipate all types of security threats and we cannot assure you that our data protection efforts and our investment in information technology will prevent significant breakdowns, data leakages, breaches in our systems, or those of our third-party vendors and other contractors and consultants, or other cyber incidents that could have a material adverse effect upon our reputation, business, operations, or financial condition. If any of the aforementioned security events were to occur, it could result in a material disruption of our drug development programs and business operations. For example, the loss of nonclinical or clinical trial data from completed, ongoing or planned trials could result in delays in our regulatory approval efforts and significantly increase our costs to recover or reproduce the data. Similarly, we rely on third parties to supply components for and manufacture our product candidates and to conduct clinical trials, and similar events relating to their computer systems could also have a material adverse effect on our business. To the extent that any disruption or security breach were to result in a loss of or damage to our data or applications, or inappropriate disclosure of personal, confidential or proprietary information, we could incur liability and reputational damage and the further development of any product candidate could be delayed. The costs related to significant security breaches or disruptions could be material and exceed the limits of the cybersecurity insurance we maintain against such risks.

We are subject to stringent privacy laws, information security laws, regulations, policies and contractual obligations related to data privacy and security and changes in such laws, regulations, policies and contractual obligations could adversely affect our business, including in particular our healthcare technology businesses.

We are subject to data privacy and protection laws and regulations that apply to the collection, transmission, storage and use of personallyidentifying information, which among other things, impose certain requirements relating to the privacy, security and transmission of personal information. The legislative and regulatory landscape for privacy and data protection continues to evolve in jurisdictions worldwide, and there has been an increasing focus on privacy and data protection issues with the potential to affect our business, including in particular our healthcare technology businesses. Failure to comply with these laws and regulations could result in enforcement action against us, including fines, imprisonment of company officials and public censure, claims for damages by affected individuals, damage to our reputation and loss of goodwill, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

There are numerous U.S. federal and state laws and regulations related to the privacy and security of personal information. In particular, regulations promulgated pursuant to HIPAA establish privacy and security standards for covered entities that limit the use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information, or protected health information, and require the implementation of administrative, physical and technological safeguards to protect the privacy of protected health information and ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability of electronic protected health information. While we generally do not receive protected health information subject to HIPAA in our business, we do business with various entities that are subject to HIPAA or that process protected health information, and as HIPAA obligations or our business evolves, we may have to expend resources to understand our obligations, adjust contractual relationships, or change business practices.

In addition, many states in which we operate have laws that protect the privacy and security of sensitive and personal information. Certain state laws may be more stringent or broader in scope, or offer greater individual rights, with respect to sensitive and personal information than federal, international or other state laws, and such laws may differ from each other, which may complicate compliance efforts. For example, the California Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (the "CMIA"), a statute similar to HIPAA that expressly applies to pharmaceutical companies, imposes stringent data privacy and security requirements and obligations with respect to the personal health information of California residents. Among other things, the CMIA requires that a patient or employee provide a signed, written authorization for disclosure of his or her personal health information, with limited exceptions, and requires security measures to protect the information. The CMIA authorizes administrative fines and civil penalties of up to \$25,000 for willful violations and up to \$25,000 if the violation is for purposes of financial gain, as well as criminal fines. In addition, the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 (the "CCPA"), which went into effect on January 1, 2020, requires covered businesses to provide substantial disclosures to California residents and honor such residents' data protection and privacy rights, including the right to opt-out of certain sales of personal information, which may increase the likelihood of, and risks associated with, data breach litigation. The CCPA has been amended several times, and will be significantly updated from the California Privacy Sights Act (the "CDCPA"), a blalto initiative that passed in November 2020. Effective in most material aspects starting on January 1, 2023, the CPRA's amendments to the CCPA will expand California residents' rights with respect to certain sensitive personal information and give California residents' a right to opt out of the sharing of certain pers

CMIA, CCPA, CPRA, VDCPA and other similar state laws and general consumer protection authorities are potentially significant, and may require us to modify our data processing practices and policies and to incur substantial costs and expenses in an effort to comply. Privacy laws are changing rapidly and there is discussion in Congress of a new federal data protection and privacy law to which we may be subject.

Outside of the United States, laws, regulations and standards in many jurisdictions apply broadly to the collection, use, retention, security, disclosure, transfer and other processing of personal information. For example, in the European Economic Area (the "EEA"), the collection and use of personal data is governed by the provisions of the General Data Protection Regulation (the "GDPR"). The GDPR came into effect in May 2018, superseding the European Union Data Protection Directive, and imposing more stringent data privacy and security requirements on companies in relation to the processing of personal data. The GDPR, together with national legislation, regulations and guidelines of the EU member states governing the processing of personal data, impose strict obligations on controllers, including *inter alia*: (i) accountability and transparency requirements, and enhanced requirements for obtaining valid consent; (ii) obligations to consider data protection rights of data subjects; and (iv) reporting of certain personal data breaches to the supervisory authority without undue delay (and no later than 72 hours where feasible). The GDPR also prohibits the transfer of personal data from the EEA to countries outside of the EEA unless made to a country deemed to have adequate data privacy laws by the European Commission or a data transfer mechanism has been put in place. Until recently, one such data transfer mechanism was the EU-US Privacy Shield, but the Privacy Shield was invalidated for international transfers of personal data in July 2020 by the Court of Justice of the European Union ("CJEU"). The CJEU upheld the validity of standard contractual clauses ("SCCs") as a legal mechanism to transfer personal data but companies relying on SCCs will, subject to additional guidance from regulators in the EEA and the UK, need to evaluate and implement supplementary measures that provide privacy protections additional to hose provided under SCCs. It remains to be seen whether SCCs will remain available and whether addit

Further, as of January 1, 2021, and the expiry of transitional arrangements agreed to between the United Kingdom and EU (*i.e.*, following the United Kingdom's exit from the EU – otherwise known as Brexit), data processing in the United Kingdom is governed by a United Kingdom version of the GDPR (combining the GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018), exposing us to two parallel regimes, each of which potentially authorizes similar fines and other potentially divergent enforcement actions for certain violations. Pursuant to the Trade and Cooperation Agreement, which went into effect on January 1, 2021, the United Kingdom and the EU agreed to a specified period during which the United Kingdom will be treated like an EU member state in relation to transfers of personal data from the EU to the United Kingdom for four months from January 1, 2021 provided the UK makes no substantive changes to its data protection laws and as such, data flows remain unrestricted. This "bridging period" may be extended by two further months. Unless the European Commission makes an "adequacy finding" in respect of the United Kingdom before the expiration of the bridging period, the United Kingdom will become an "inadequate third country" under the GDPR and transfers of data from the EEA to the United Kingdom will require the implementation of a "transfer mechanism," such as the SCCs. Furthermore, following the expiration of the Brexit transition period, there is increasing scope for divergence in application, interpretation and enforcement of the data protection law as between the United Kingdom and EEA. Other countries have also passed or are considering passing laws requiring local data residency or restricting the international transfer of data.

If we or our third party service providers are unable to properly protect the privacy and security of personal information, or other sensitive data we process in our business, we could be found to have breached our contracts. Further, if we fail to comply with applicable privacy laws, we could face civil and criminal penalties.

Enforcement activity from state Attorneys General, the FTC, EU Data Protection Authorities and other regulatory authorities in relation to privacy and cybersecurity matters can result in financial liability and reputational harm, and responses to such enforcement activity can consume significant internal resources. We cannot be sure how these privacy laws and regulations will be interpreted, enforced or applied to our operations. In addition to the risks associated with enforcement activities and potential contractual liabilities, our ongoing efforts to comply with evolving laws and regulations at the federal and state level may be costly and require ongoing modifications to our policies, procedures and systems.

Data privacy remains an evolving landscape at both the domestic and international level, with new regulations coming into effect. It is possible that these laws may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent with our practices and our efforts to comply with the evolving data protection rules may be unsuccessful. Significant resources are needed to understand and comply with this changing landscape. Failure to comply with federal, state and international laws regarding privacy and security of personal information could expose us to penalties under such laws. Any such failure to comply with data protection and privacy laws could result in government-imposed fines or orders requiring that we change our practices or unwind certain lines of business, claims for damages or other liabilities, regulatory investigations and enforcement action, litigation and significant costs for these issues typically require the expenditure of significant resources and generate negative publicity, which could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

Our or our affiliates' employees, independent contractors, principal investigators, consultants, commercial collaborators, service providers and other vendors or potential collaborators may engage in misconduct or other improper activities, including noncompliance with regulatory standards and requirements, which could harm our results of operations.

We are exposed to the risk that our or our affiliates' employees and contractors, including principal investigators, CROs, CMOs, consultants, commercial collaborators, service providers and other vendors may engage in misconduct or other illegal activity. Misconduct by these parties could include intentional, reckless or negligent conduct or other unauthorized activities that violate the laws and regulations of the FDA and other similar regulatory bodies, including those laws that require the reporting of true, complete and accurate information to such regulatory bodies; manufacturing and the FDA's GCP, GLP and GMP standards; federal, state and foreign healthcare fraud and abuse laws and data privacy; or laws that require the true, complete and accurate reporting of financial information or data. In particular, sales, marketing and other business arrangements in the healthcare industry are subject to extensive laws intended to prevent fraud, kickbacks, self-dealing, bribery, corruption, antitrust violations, and other abusive practices. These laws may restrict or prohibit a wide range of business activities, including research, manufacturing, distribution, pricing, discounting, marketing and promotion, sales commission, customer incentive programs and other business arrangements. Activities subject to these laws also involve the improper use or misrepresentation of information obtained in the course of clinical trials, creating fraudulent data in our nonclinical studies or clinical trials or illegal misappropriation of drug product, which could result in regulatory sanctions and serious harm to our reputation. It is not always possible to identify and deter employee or third-party misconduct, and the precautions we take to detect and prevent this activity may not be effective in controlling unknown or unmanaged risks or losses or in protecting us from governmental investigations or other actions or lawsuits stemming from a failure to comply with such laws or regulations.

Additionally, we are subject to the risk that a person, including any person who may have engaged in any fraud or misconduct, or government agency could allege such fraud or other misconduct, even if none occurred. Furthermore, we rely on our CROs and clinical trial sites to adequately report data from our ongoing clinical trials. Moreover, in some instances, our licensing partners conduct clinical trials with respect to product candidates in different territories and we rely on any such partners to share data from their ongoing clinical trials as required under our agreements with such partners. For example, any failure by such parties to adequately

report safety signals to us in a timely manner from any such trials may also affect the approvability of our product candidates or cause delays and disruptions for the approval of our product candidates, if at all. If our or our affiliates' employees, independent contractors, principal investigators, consultants, commercial collaborators, service providers or other vendors are alleged or found to be in violation of any such regulatory standards or requirements, or become subject to a corporate integrity agreement or similar agreement and curtailment of our operations, it could have a significant impact on our business and financial results, including the imposition of significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, monetary fines, suspension or delay in our clinical trials, possible exclusion from participation in Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs, FDA debarment, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, and additional reporting requirements and oversight, any of which could harm our ability to operate our business and our results of operations.

Potential product liability lawsuits against us could cause us to incur substantial liabilities and limit commercialization of any product candidates that we may develop.

The use of existing product candidates in clinical trials and the sale of any product candidates for which we obtain marketing approval exposes us to the risk of product liability claims. Product liability claims might be brought against us by consumers, health care providers, other pharmaceutical companies or others taking or otherwise coming into contact with our product candidates. On occasion, large judgments have been awarded in class action lawsuits where drugs have had unanticipated harmful effects. If we cannot successfully defend against product liability claims, it could incur substantial liability and costs. In addition, regardless of merit or eventual outcome, product liability claims are yesuit in:

- impairment of our business reputation and significant negative media attention;
- delay or termination of clinical trials, or withdrawal of participants from our clinical trials;
- significant costs to defend the related litigation;
- distraction of management's attention from our primary business;
- substantial monetary awards to patients or other claimants;
- inability to commercialize existing product candidates or any future product candidate, if approved;
- product recalls, withdrawals or labeling, marketing or promotional restrictions;
- decreased demand for existing product candidates or any future product candidate, if approved; and
- loss of revenue.

The product liability insurance we currently carry, and any additional product liability insurance coverage we acquire in the future, may not be sufficient to reimburse us for any expenses or losses we may suffer. Moreover, insurance coverage is becoming increasingly expensive and in the future we may not be able to maintain insurance coverage at a reasonable cost or in sufficient amounts to protect us against losses due to liability. If we obtain marketing approval for product candidates, we intend to acquire insurance coverage to include the sale of commercial product candidates; however, it may be unable to obtain product liability insurance on commercially reasonable terms or in adequate amounts. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us could adversely affect our results of operations and business, including preventing or limiting the commercialization of any product candidates, if approved, that we develop.

If we fail to comply with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, we could become subject to fines or penalties or incur costs that could harm our business.

We are subject to numerous environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, including those governing laboratory procedures and the handling, use, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous materials

and wastes. Certain of our operations may involve the use of hazardous and flammable materials, including chemicals and biological materials, and may also produce hazardous waste products. We generally contract with third parties for the disposal of these materials and wastes. We cannot eliminate the risk of contamination or injury from these materials. In the event of contamination or injury resulting from our use of hazardous materials, we could be held liable for any resulting damages, and any liability could exceed our resources. We also could incur significant costs associated with civil or criminal fines and penalties for failure to comply with such laws and regulations.

Although we maintain workers' compensation insurance to cover us for costs and expenses we may incur due to injuries to our employees resulting from the use of hazardous materials, this insurance may not provide adequate coverage against potential liabilities. We do not maintain insurance for environmental liability or toxic tort claims that may be asserted against us in connection with our storage or disposal of biological, hazardous or radioactive materials.

In addition, we may incur substantial costs in order to comply with current or future environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. These current or future laws and regulations may impair our research, development or production efforts. Our failure to comply with these laws and regulations also may result in substantial fines, penalties or other sanctions.

We or the third parties upon whom we depend may be adversely affected by earthquakes, outbreak of disease or other natural disasters and our business continuity and disaster recovery plans may not adequately protect us from a serious disaster.

Earthquakes or other natural disasters could severely disrupt our operations, and have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects. If a natural disaster, power outage or other event occurred that prevented us from using all or a significant portion of our offices, that damaged critical infrastructure, such as the manufacturing facilities of our third-party CMOs, or that otherwise disrupted operations, it may be difficult or, in certain cases, impossible for us to continue our business for a substantial period of time. The disaster recovery and business continuity plans we have in place currently are limited and are unlikely to prove adequate in the event of a serious disaster or similar event. We may incur substantial expenses as a result of the limited nature of our disaster recovery and business continuity plans, which, particularly when taken together with our lack of earthquake insurance, could have a material adverse effect on our business.

The increasing use of social media platforms presents new risks and challenges.

Social media is increasingly being used to communicate about our research, product candidates, investigational medicines and the diseases our product candidates and investigational medicines are being developed to treat. Social media practices in the biopharmaceutical industry continue to evolve and regulations relating to such use are not always clear. This evolution creates uncertainty and risk of noncompliance with regulations applicable to our business, resulting in potential regulatory actions against us. For example, patients may use social media channels to comment on their experience in an ongoing blinded clinical study or to report an alleged adverse event. When such disclosures occur, there is a risk that we fail to monitor and comply with applicable adverse event reporting obligations or we may not be able to defend our business or the public's legitimate interests in the face of the political and market pressures generated by social media due to restrictions on what we may about our development candidates and investigational medicines. There is also a risk of inappropriate disclosure of sensitive information or negative or inaccurate posts or comments about us on any social media or in other forums could result in adverse publicity for us. Any negative publicity as a result of social media posts, whether or not such claims are accurate, could adversely impact us. If any of these events were to occur or we otherwise fail to comply with applicable regulatory, we could incur liability, face regulatory actions, or incur other harm to our business.

The United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union may adversely impact our ability to obtain regulatory approvals of our product candidates in the European Union and may require us to incur additional expenses in order to develop, manufacture and commercialize our product candidates in the European Union.

Our headquarters are located in the United Kingdom. The United Kingdom formally exited the EU, commonly referred to as Brexit, on January 31, 2020. Under the terms of its departure, the United Kingdom entered a transition period (the "Transition Period"), during which it continued to follow all EU rules. The Transition Period ended on December 31, 2020. On December 30, 2020, the United Kingdom and European Union signed the Trade and Cooperation Agreement, which includes an agreement on free trade between the two parties.

There is considerable uncertainty resulting from a lack of precedent and the complexity of the United Kingdom and the EU's intertwined legal regimes as to how Brexit (following the Transition Period) will impact the life sciences industry in Europe, including our company, including with respect to ongoing or future clinical trials. The impact will largely depend on the model and means by which the United Kingdom's relationship with the EU is governed post-Brexit and the extent to which the United Kingdom chooses to diverge from the EU regulatory framework. For example, following the Transition Period, Great Britain will no longer be covered by the centralized procedures for obtaining EU-wide marketing authorizations and our products will therefore require a separate marketing authorization to allow us to market such products in Great Britain. It is unclear as to whether the relevant authorities in the EU and the United Kingdom are adequately prepared for the additional administrative burden caused by Brexit. Any delay in obtaining, or an inability to obtain, any marketing approvals, as a result of Brexit or otherwise, would prevent us from or delay us commercializing our product candidates in the United Kingdom and/or the EEA and restrict our ability to generate revenue and achieve and sustain profitability. In the short term, following the respective United Kingdom and EU customs agencies that may delay time-sensitive shipments and may negatively impact our product supply chain. Further, under current plans, orphan designation in the United Kingdom (or Great Britain, depending on whether there is a prior centralized marketing authorization in the EA) following Brexit is to be based on the prevalence of the condition in Great Britain as opposed to the current position where prevalence in the EU is the determinant. It is therefore possible that conditions that are currently designated as orphan conditions in the United Kingdom will be designated as orphan conditions in the European Union will be designated as su

If any of these outcomes occur, we may be forced to restrict or delay efforts to seek regulatory approval in the United Kingdom and/or EEA for our product candidates, which could significantly and materially harm our business. There is a degree of uncertainty regarding the overall impact that Brexit will have on (i) the marketing of pharmaceutical products, (ii) the process to obtain regulatory approval in the United Kingdom for product candidates or (iii) the award of exclusivities that are normally part of the EU legal framework (for instance Supplementary Protection Certificates, Pediatric Extensions or Orphan exclusivity).

Brexit may also result in a reduction of funding to the EMA once the United Kingdom no longer makes financial contributions to European institutions, such as the EMA. If funding to the EMA is so reduced, it could create delays in the EMA issuing regulatory approvals for our product candidates and, accordingly, have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

In addition, we may be required to pay taxes or duties or be subjected to other hurdles in connection with the importation of our product candidates into the EU, or we may incur expenses in establishing a manufacturing facility in the EU in order to circumvent such hurdles. If any of these outcomes occur, we may be forced to restrict or delay efforts to seek regulatory approval in the United Kingdom or the EU for our product candidates, or incur significant additional expenses to operate our business, which could significantly and materially harm or delay our ability to generate revenues or achieve profitability of our business.

As a result of Brexit, other EU Member States may seek to conduct referenda with respect to their continuing membership with the EU. Given these possibilities and others we may not anticipate, as well as the absence of comparable precedent, it is unclear what financial, regulatory and legal implications the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the EU will have and how such withdrawal will affect us, and the full extent to which our business could be adversely affected.

Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property

If we are unable to obtain and maintain patent and other intellectual property protection for our technology and product candidates or if the scope of the intellectual property protection obtained is not sufficiently broad, we may not be able to compete effectively in our markets.

We rely, and will continue to rely, upon a combination of patents, trademarks, trade secret protection and confidentiality agreements with employees, consultants, collaborators, advisors and other third parties to protect the intellectual property related to our brand, current and future drug development programs and product candidates. Our success depends in large part on our ability to obtain and maintain patent protection in the United States and other countries with respect to our product candidates and any future product candidates. We seek to protect our proprietary position by in-licensing or acquiring intellectual property and filing patent applications in the United States and abroad related to our current and future development programs and product candidates, defending our intellectual property rights against third-party challenges and enforcing our intellectual property rights to prevent third-party infringement. The patent prosecution process is expensive and time-consuming, and we may not be able to file and prosecute all necessary or desirable patent applications at a reasonable cost or in a timely manner. Furthermore, there is always a risk that our licensed or owned issued patents and any pending and future patent applications may not protect our product candidates, or processes may provide sufficient basis for a competitor to avoid infringing our patent claims. The risks associated with patent rights generally apply to patent rights that we in-license now or in the future, as well as batent rights that we may own now or in the future.

It is also possible that we will fail to identify patentable aspects of our research and development output before it is too late to obtain patent protection. Although we enter into non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements with parties who have access to confidential or patentable aspects of their research and development output, such as employees, corporate collaborators, outside scientific collaborators, CROs, contract manufacturers, consultants, advisors and other third parties, any of these parties may breach the agreements and disclose such output before a patent application is filed, thereby jeopardizing our ability to obtain patent protection. In addition, while we have pre-publication review procedures in effect, premature or inadvertent publication of potentially patentable subject matter could preclude our ability to obtain patent protection. We may choose not to seek patent protection for certain innovations or product candidates and may choose not to pursue patent protection in certain jurisdictions, and under the laws of certain jurisdictions, patents or other intellectual property rights may be unavailable or limited in scope and, in any event, any patent protection we obtain may be limited. As a result, product candidates may not be protected by patents in all jurisdictions. We generally apply for patents in those countries where we intend to make, have made, use, offer for sale, or sell product candidates and where we assess the risk of infringement to justify the accurately predict all the countries where patent protection would ultimately be desirable. If we fail to timely file a patent application in any such country or major market, we may be precluded from doing so at a later date. The patent applications that we own or in-license may fail to result in issued patents with claims that cover product candidates in the United States or in other countries. We may also inadvertently make statements to regulatory agencies during the regulatory approval process that may be inconsistent with po

The patent applications that we own or in-license may fail to result in issued patents with claims that cover our product candidates or any future product candidate in the United States or in other countries. Our pending PCT patent applications are not eligible to become issued patents until, among other things, we file a national stage patent application within 30 months in the countries in which we seek patent protection. If we do not timely file any national stage patent applications, we may lose our priority date with respect to our PCT patent applications and any patent protection on the inventions disclosed in such PCT patent applications. We cannot guarantee any current or future patents will provide us with any meaningful protection or competitive advantage. For example, any issued patents might not cover the pharmaceutical composition of the product candidate that is ultimately commercialized. There is no assurance that all of the potentially relevant prior art relating to our patents and patent applications has been found, which can prevent a patent from issuing from a pending patent application or be used to invalidate an issued patent. The examination process may require us to narrow our claims, which may limit the scope of patent protection that we may ultimately obtain. Even if patents do successfully issue and even if such patents cover our product candidates or any future product candidate, third parties may challenge their validity, enforceability or scope, which may result in such patents being narrowly construed, invalidated, or held unenforceable, any of which could limit our ability to prevent competitors and other third parties from developing and marketing similar product candidates or limit the length of terms of patent protection we may have for our product candidates and technologies. Other companies may also design around technologies we have patented, licensed or developed. In addition, the issuance of a patent does not give us the right to practice the patented invention. Third parties may have blocking patents that could prevent us from marketing product candidates or practicing our own patented technology or impose a substantial royalty burden to do so. Any successful opposition to these patents or any other patents owned by or licensed to us could deprive us of rights necessary for the successful commercialization of any product candidates that we may develop. Further, if we encounter delays in regulatory approvals, the period of time during which we could market a product candidate under patent protection could be reduced. If any of our patents are challenged, invalidated, circumvented by third parties or otherwise limited or expire prior to the commercialization of our product candidates, and if we do not own or have exclusive rights to other enforceable patents protecting our product candidates or other technologies, competitors and other third parties could market product candidates and use processes that are substantially similar to, or superior to, ours and our business would suffer.

If the patent applications we hold or have in-licensed with respect to our product candidates fail to issue, if their breadth or strength of protection is threatened, or if they fail to provide meaningful exclusivity for our product candidates or any future product candidate, it could dissuade companies from collaborating with us to develop product candidates, and threaten our ability to commercialize, future drugs. Any such outcome could have a materially adverse effect on our business. Our pending patent applications cannot be enforced against third parties practicing the technology claimed in such applications unless and until a patent issues from such applications.

The patent position of biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies generally is highly uncertain, involves complex legal and factual questions and has in recent years been the subject of much litigation. The standards that the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (the "USPTO") and its counterparts in other countries use to grant patents are not always applied predictably or uniformly. In addition, the laws of countries other than the United States may not protect our rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States, and many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting and defending such rights in such jurisdictions. For example, European patent law restricts the patentability of methods of treatment of the human body more than United States law does.

Other parties have developed technologies that may be related or competitive to our own technologies and such parties may have filed or may file patent applications, or may have received or may receive patents, claiming inventions that may overlap or conflict with those claimed in our own or licensed patent applications or issued patents. Furthermore, publications of discoveries in scientific literature often lag behind the actual discoveries, and patent applications in the United States and other jurisdictions are typically not published until 18 months after filing, or in some cases not at all. Therefore, we cannot know with certainty whether we or our

licensors were the first to make the inventions claimed in our owned or licensed patents or pending patent applications, or that we or our licensors were the first to file for patent protection of such inventions. As a result, the issuance, scope, validity, enforceability and commercial value of our patent rights are highly uncertain. Our pending and future patent applications may not result in patents being issued which protect our technology or product candidates, in whole or in part, or which effectively prevent others from commercializing competitive technologies and product candidates. Changes in either the patent laws or interpretation of the patent laws in the United States and other countries may diminish the value of our patents or narrow the scope of our patent protection.

Patent reform legislation in the United States, including the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act ("the Leahy-Smith Act"), could increase those uncertainties and costs surrounding the prosecution of our patent applications and the enforcement or defense of our issued patents. The Leahy-Smith Act was signed into law on September 16, 2011 and includes a number of significant changes to U.S. patent law. These include provisions that affect the way patent applications are prosecuted, redefine prior art and provide more efficient and cost-effective avenues for competitors to challenge the validity of patents. These include allowing third-party submission of prior art to the USPTO during patent prosecution and additional procedures to challenge the validity of a patent by USPTO administered post-grant proceedings, including post-grant review, *inter partes* review, and derivation proceedings. After March 15, 2013, under the Leahy-Smith Act, the United States transitioned to a first inventor to file system in which, assuming that the other statutory requirements are met, the first inventor to file a patent application will be entitled to the patent on an invention regardless of whether a third party was the first to invent the claimed invention. The Leahy-Smith Act and its implementation could increase the uncertainties and costs surrounding the prosecution of our patent applications, our ability to obtain future patents, and the enforcement or defense of our issued patents, all of which could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The issuance of a patent is not conclusive as to its inventorship, scope, validity or enforceability, and our owned and licensed patents may be challenged in the courts or patent offices in the United States and abroad. We are currently and may in the future be subject to third-party pre-issuance submissions of prior art to the USPTO or its equivalents and we or our licensors have in the pats, and may in the future, become involved in opposition, derivation, *reexamination, inter partes* review, post-grant review or interference proceedings in the U.S. or in other jurisdictions challenging our patent rights or the patent rights of others. A third party may also claim that our owned or licensed patent rights are invalid or unenforceable in a litigation. For example, three U.S. patents (U.S. Patent Nos. 8,058,069, 9,364,435 and 9,404,127) relating to lipid nanoparticle molar ratios and the aggregation of lipid nanoparticles that Genevant exclusively licenses from Arburus Biopharma Corp. ("Arbutus") were the subject of *inter partes* review proceedings brought by Moderna Therapeutics, Inc. ("Moderna") before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board of the USPTO ("PTAB"). The PTAB upheld all claims of U.S. Patent No. 8,058,069 and 9,364,435 are currently on appeal at the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Federal Circuit vacated and remanded the PTAB's decision on U.S. Patent No. 9,494,127, and the PTAB's decision with respect to U.S. Patent No. 9,494,127 patent is currently held in administrative abeyance, pending a review following a recent Supreme Court ruling in an unrelated case. Additionally, one European patent (EU patent no. PE2279254) relating to lipid nanoparticle molar ratios that Genevant exclusively licenses from Arbutus is the subject of an opposition proceeding brought by Merck Sharp & Dohme Corporation and Moderna at the European Patent Office Opposition Division. The outcome following legal assertions of invalidate, allo varindectable. An adverse determination in any such submissi

exclusivity or freedom to operate or in patent claims being narrowed, invalidated or held unenforceable, in whole or in part, which could limit our ability to stop others from using or commercializing similar or identical technology and product candidates, or limit the duration of the patent protection of our technology and product candidates. Such challenges also may result in substantial cost and require significant time from our scientists and management, even if the eventual outcome is favorable to us. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Even if they are unchallenged, our owned and licensed patents and pending patent applications, if issued, may not provide us with any meaningful protection or prevent competitors from designing around our patent claims to circumvent our owned or licensed patents by developing similar or alternative technologies or therapeutics in a non-infringing manner. For example, a third party may develop a competitive product that provides benefits similar to one or more of our product candidates but that falls outside the scope of our patent protection. Moreover, patents have a limited lifespan. In the United States, the natural expiration of a patent is generally 20 years after it is filed. Various extensions may be available; however the life of a patent, and the protection it affords, is limited. Without patent protection for our current or future product candidates, it may be open to competition form generic versions of such product candidates might expire before or shortly after such candidates are commercialized. As a result, our owned and licensed patent protection may not provide us with sufficient rights to exclude others from commercializing product candidates similar or identical to our own and, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Patent terms and their scope may be inadequate to protect our competitive position on current and future product candidates for an adequate amount of time.

Patents have a limited lifespan. In the United States, if all maintenance fees are timely paid, the natural expiration of a patent is generally 20 years from its earliest U.S. non-provisional filing date. In certain instances, the patent term may be adjusted to add additional days to compensate for delays incurred by the USPTO in issuing the patent. Also, the patent term may be extended for a period of time to compensate for at least a portion of the time a product candidate was undergoing FDA regulatory review. However, the life of a patent, and the protection it affords, is limited. Even if patents covering product candidates are obtained, once the patent life has expired, we may be open to competition from competitive product candidates, including generics or biosimilars. Given the amount of time required for the development, testing and regulatory review of new product candidates, patents protecting such candidates might expire before or shortly after such candidates are commercialized. For example, the patent covering the use of tapinarof as an active ingredient to treat psoriasis and atopic dermatitis, but not limited to any formulation, expired in December 2020. As a result, our owned and licensed patent portfolio may not provide us with sufficient rights to exclude others from commercializing product candidates similar or identical to ours.

We do not currently and may not in the future own or license any issued composition of matter patents covering certain of our product candidates, including tapinarof, and we cannot be certain that any of our other issued patents will provide adequate protection for such product candidates.

Composition-of-matter patents on the active pharmaceutical ingredient ("API") in prescription drug products are generally considered to be the strongest form of intellectual property protection for drug products because those types of patents provide protection without regard to any particular method of use or manufacture or formulation of the API used. While we generally seek composition of matter patents for our product candidates, such patents may not be available for all of our product candidates. For example, we do not own or in-license any issued composition of matter patents in the United States or any other jurisdiction with respect to tapinarof. Instead, we rely on an issued U.S. patent claiming topical formulations of tapinarof, including the formulation studied in Phase 3, and an issued U.S. patent covering methods of using the patented topical formulations to treat inflammatory diseases, including psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. The formulation and

method-of-use patents have natural expiration dates in 2036. We additionally rely on a drug substance ("DS") patent covering the high purity commercial crystal form of the DS, the commercial DS synthesis and several novel intermediates that are formed in the synthesis, which has a natural expiration date in 2038.

Method-of-use patents protect the use of a product for the specified method and formulation patents cover formulations of the API. These types of patents do not prevent a competitor or other third party from developing or marketing an identical product for an indication that is outside the scope of the patented method or from developing a different formulation that is outside the scope of the patented formulation. Moreover, with respect to method-of-use patents, even if competitors or other third parties do not actively promote their product for our targeted indications or uses for which we may obtain patents, physicians may recommend that patients use these products off-label, or patients may do so themselves. Although off-label use may infringe or contribute to the infringement of method-of-use patents, the practice is common, and this type of infringement is difficult to prevent or prosecute.

Our owned and licensed patents and pending patent applications, if issued, may not adequately protect our intellectual property or prevent competitors or others from designing around our patent claims to circumvent our owned or licensed patents by developing similar or alternative technologies or therapeutics in a non-infringing manner. If the breadth or strength of protection provided by the patents and patent applications we own or license with respect to our product candidates is not sufficient to impede such competition or is otherwise threatened, it could dissuade companies from collaborating with us to develop, and threaten our ability to commercialize, our product candidates. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

If we do not obtain protection under the Hatch-Waxman Amendments by extending the patent term, our business may be harmed.

Our commercial success will largely depend on our ability to obtain and maintain patent and other intellectual property in the United States and other countries with respect to our proprietary technology, product candidates and our target indications. Given the amount of time required for the development, testing and regulatory review of new product candidates, patents protecting our product candidates might expire before or shortly after such candidate begins to be commercialized. We expect to seek extensions of patent terms in the United States and, if available, in other countries where we are prosecuting patents.

Depending upon the timing, duration and specifics of FDA marketing approval of product candidates, one or more of our U.S. patents may be eligible for a limited patent term extension ("PTE") under the Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984, referred to as the Hatch-Waxman Amendments. The Hatch-Waxman Amendments permit a patent restoration term of up to five years beyond the normal expiration of the patent as compensation for patent term lost during development and the FDA regulatory review process, which is limited to the approved indication (and potentially additional indications approved during the period of extension) covered by the patent. This extension cannot extend the remaining term of a patent beyond a total of 14 years from the date of product approval and is limited to only one patent that covers the approved product, the approved use of the product, or a method of manufacturing the product. However, the applicable authorities, including the FDA and the USPTO in the United States, and any equivalent regulatory authority in other countries, may not agree with our assessment of whether such extensions because of, for example, failing to apply within applicable deadlines, failing to apply prior to expiration of relevant patents or otherwise failing to satisfy applicable requirements. Moreover, the applicable time-period or the scope of patent protection afforded could be less than we request. Even if we are able to obtain an extension, the patent term may still expire before or shortly after we receive FDA marketing approval.

If we are unable to extend the expiration date of our existing patents or obtain new patents with longer expiry dates, our competitors may be able to take advantage of our investment in development and clinical trials

by referencing our clinical and pre-clinical data to obtain approval of competing product candidates following our patent expiration and launch their product earlier than might otherwise be the case.

Obtaining and maintaining our patent protection depends on compliance with various procedural, document submission, fee payment and other requirements imposed by governmental patent agencies, and our patent protection could be reduced or eliminated as a result of non-compliance with these requirements.

Periodic maintenance fees on any issued patent are due to be paid to the USPTO and other patent agencies in other jurisdictions in several stages over the lifetime of the patent. The USPTO and various national or international patent agencies require compliance with a number of procedural, documentary, fee payment and other similar provisions during the patent application process. In certain circumstances, we rely on our licensing partners to pay these fees due to U.S. and non-U.S. patent agencies and to take the necessary action to comply with these requirements with respect to our licensed intellectual property. While an inadvertent lapse can in many cases be cured by payment of a late fee or by other means in accordance with the applicable rules, there are situations in which noncompliance can result in abandomment or lapse of the patent application, resulting in partial or complete loss of patent rights in the relevant jurisdiction. Non-compliance events that could result in abandomment or lapse of patent rights in the relevant jurisdiction. Non-compliance events that could result in abandomment or lapse of patent rights in the relevant jurisdiction. Non-compliance events that could result in abandomment or lapse of patent rights in the relevant jurisdiction. Non-compliance and line to properly legalize and submit formal documents. If we or our licensors fail to maintain the patents and patent applications covering our product candidates or any future product candidate, our completiors might be able to enter the market earlier than anticipated, which would have an adverse effect on our business.

We rely on certain in-licensed patents and other intellectual property rights in connection with our development of certain product candidates and, if we fail to comply with our obligations under our existing and any future intellectual property licenses with third parties, we could lose license rights that are important to our business.

Our ability to develop and commercialize product candidates is dependent on licenses to patent rights and other intellectual property granted to it by third parties. Further, development and commercialization of our current product candidates, and development of any future product candidates, may require us to enter into additional license or collaboration agreements.

Our current license agreements impose, and future agreements may impose, various development, diligence, commercialization and other obligations on us and require us to meet development timelines, or to exercise commercially reasonable efforts to develop and commercialize licensed products, in order to maintain the licenses. If we fail to comply with our obligations under these licenses, our licensors may have the right to terminate these license agreements, in which event we may not be able to market our product candidates. Termination of any of our license agreements or reduction or elimination of our licensed rights may also result in our having to negotiate new or reinstated licenses with less favorable terms. Additionally, certain provisions in our intellectual property agreements may be susceptible to multiple interpretations. The resolution of any of our other obligations under the relevant agreement, either of which could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. For example, disputes may arise with respect to our current or future licensing agreement include disputes relating to:

- the scope of rights granted under the license agreement and other interpretation-related issues;
- our financial or other obligations under the license agreement;
- the extent to which our technology and product candidates infringe on intellectual property of the licensor that is not subject to the licensing agreement;
- the sublicensing of patent and other rights;

- our diligence obligations under the license agreements and what activities satisfy those diligence obligations;
- the inventorship or ownership of inventions and know-how resulting from the joint creation or use of intellectual property by our licensors and us and our partners; and
- the priority of invention of patented technology.

If disputes over intellectual property that we have licensed prevent or impair our ability to maintain our current licensing arrangements on acceptable terms, we may be unable to successfully develop and commercialize our product candidates. If our licenses are terminated, we may lose our rights to develop and market our technology and product candidates, lose patent protection for our product candidates and technology. experience significant delays in the development and commercialization of our product candidates, or incur liability for damages. In addition, we may need to obtain additional licenses from our licensors and, in connection with obtaining such licenses, we may agree to amend our existing licenses in a manner that may be more favorable to the licensors, including by agreeing to terms that could enable third parties, including our competitors, to receive licenses to a portion of the intellectual property that is subject to our existing licenses and to compete with our product candidates.

Furthermore, if our licenses are terminated, or if the underlying patents fail to provide the intended exclusivity, competitors or other third parties would have the freedom to seek regulatory approval of, and to market, products identical or competitive to ours and we may be required to cease our development and commercialization of certain of our product candidates. Moreover, if disputes over intellectual property that we license prevent or impair our ability to maintain other licensing arrangements on commercially acceptable terms, we may be unable to successfully develop and commercialize the affected product candidates. In addition, certain of these license agreements, may not be assignable by us without the consent of the respective licensor, which may have an adverse effect on our ability to engage in certain transactions. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition, in some circumstances, we may not have the right to control the preparation, filing and prosecution of patent applications, or to maintain or enforce the patents, covering technology that it licenses from third parties. For example, pursuant to the CCHMC License Agreement, as defined below, CCHMC controls such activities for certain patents licensed to ASG under such agreement, subject to ASG's right to review and comment. Therefore, we cannot be certain that these or other patents will be prosecuted, maintained and enforced in a manner consistent with the best interests of our business. Additionally, we may not have sufficient ability to provide input into the patent prosecution, maintenance and defense process with respect to such patents, and our licensors may fail to take the steps that we believe are necessary or desirable in order to obtain, maintain, defend and enforce the licensed patents. If our current or future licensors or collaboration partners fail to obtain, maintain, defend, protect or enforce any patents or patent applications licensed to agreement agibt could be adversely affected.

Furthermore, certain of our current and future licenses may not provide us with exclusive rights to use the licensed intellectual property and technology, or may not provide us with rights to use such intellectual property and technology in all relevant fields of use and in all territories in which we may wish to develop or commercialize our technology and product candidates in the future. The intellectual property portfolio licensed to us by our licensors at least in some respects, may therefore be used by such licensors or licensed to third parties, and such third parties may have certain enforcement rights with respect to such intellectual property. For example, Immunovant does not have rights to develop, manufacture, use or commercialize IMVT-1401 or file or enforce patents relating to these assets in territories other than the United States, Canada, Mexico, the E.U., the U.K., Switzerland, the Middle East, North Africa and Latin America, as such rights in other jurisdictions have been retained by HanAll or licensed by HanAll to divide parties. Additionally, Dermavant does not have the right to develop, manufacture, use or commercialize to such and the or not oce such as the right to develop, manufacture, use or retained by HanAll or licensed to develop, Macau or Taiwan, as



such rights were retained by Welichem. Patents licensed to us could be put at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly in litigation filed by or against our licensors or another licensee or in administrative proceedings brought by or against our licensors or another licensee in response to such litigation or for other reasons. As a result, we may not be able to prevent competitors or other third parties from developing and commercializing competitive products, including in territories covered by our licenses.

Third party claims or litigation alleging infringement, misappropriation or other violations of third-party patents or other proprietary rights or seeking to invalidate our patents or other proprietary rights, may delay or prevent the development and commercialization of our product candidates and any future product candidate.

Our commercial success depends in part on our avoidance of infringement, misappropriation and other violations of the patents and proprietary rights of third parties. However, our research, development and commercialization activities may be subject to claims that we infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate patents or other intellectual property rights owned or controlled by third parties. Our competitors or other third parties may assert infringement claims against us, alleging that our product candidates are covered by their patents. We cannot be certain that we do not infringe existing patents or that we will not infringe patents that may be granted in the future. There is a substantial amount of litigation, both within and outside the United States, involving patent and other intellectual property rights in the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries, including patent infringement lawsuits, interferences, derivation and administrative law proceedings, *inter partes* review, and post-grant review before the USPTO, as well as oppositions and similar processes in other jurisdictions. Numerous U.S. and non-U.S. issued patents and pending patent applications, which are owned by third parties, exist in the fields in which we and our collaborators are developing product candidates. As the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries expand and more patents are issued, and as we gain greater visibility, the risk increases that our product candidates. For example, we are aware of third-party patents or methods for treatment related to the use or manufacture of our product candidates. For example, we are aware of third-party bents that, if issued as patents, patent applications, could be construed in a manner that negatively impacts the commercialization of ARU-1801. If any such patents, may only be available on a non-exclusive basis or may not be available at all. We could also be required to pay damages, which could be significant, including treble damages and attorneys' fees if we are found to have willful

Additionally, because patent applications can take many years to issue, there may be currently pending patent applications which may later result in issued patents that our product candidates may infringe. In addition, third parties may obtain patents in the future and claim that use of our technologies infringes upon these patents. If any third-party patents were held by a court of competent jurisdiction to cover any of our product candidates, the holders of any such patents may be able to block our ability to commercialize such product candidate unless we obtained a license under the applicable patents, or until such patents expire. Similarly, if any third-party patent were held by a court of competent jurisdiction to cover aspects of our formulations, processes for manufacture or methods of use, including combination therapy, the holders of any such patent may be able to block our ability to develop and commercialize the applicable product candidate unless we obtained a license or until such patent expires. In either case, such a license may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Claims that we have misappropriated the confidential information or trade secrets of third parties could have a similar negative impact on our business. In addition, we may be subject to claims that we are infringing other intellectual property rights, such as trademarks or copyrights, or misappropriating the trade secrets of others, and to the extent that our employees, consultants or contractors use intellectual property or proprietary

information owned by others in their work for us, disputes may arise as to the rights in related or resulting know-how and inventions, which could be time-consuming and divert the attention of senior management.

Parties making claims against us may obtain injunctive or other equitable relief, which could effectively block our ability to further develop and commercialize one or more of our product candidates. Defense of these claims, regardless of their merit, would involve substantial litigation expense and would be a substantial diversion of employee resources from our business. In the event of a successful infringement or other intellectual property claim against it, we may have to pay substantial damages, including treble damages and attorneys' fees for willful infringement, obtain one or more licenses from third parties, pay royalties or redesign our affected product candidates, which may be impossible or require substantial time and monetary expenditure. We cannot predict whether any such license would be available at all or whether it would be available on commercially reasonable terms. Furthermore, even in the absence of litigation, we may need to obtain licenses from third parties to advance our research or allow commercialization of our product candidates, and we have done so from time to time. We may fail to obtain any of these licenses at a reasonable cost or on reasonable terms, if at all. In that event, we would be unable to further develop and commercialize one or more of our product candidates, which could harm our business significantly. We cannot provide any assurances that third-party patents do not exist which might be enforced against our product candidates, resulting in either an injunction prohibiting our sales, or, with respect to our sales, an obligation on our part to pay royalties and/or other forms of compensation to third parties.

Some of our competitors may be able to sustain the costs of complex intellectual property litigation more effectively than we can because the competitors have substantially greater resources. In addition, intellectual property litigation, regardless of its outcome, may cause negative publicity, adversely impact prospective customers, cause product shipment delays, or prohibit us from manufacturing, marketing or otherwise commercializing our product candidates, services, and technology. Any uncertainties resulting from the initiation and continuation of any litigation could adversely impact our ability to raise additional funds or otherwise harm our business, results of operation, financial condition or cash flows.

Furthermore, because of the substantial amount of discovery required in connection with intellectual property litigation, there is a risk that some of our confidential information could be compromised by disclosure during this type of litigation. There could also be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions or other interim proceedings or developments, which could adversely impact the price of our common shares.

We may not identify relevant third-party patents or may incorrectly interpret the relevance, scope or expiration of a third-party patent, which might harm our ability to develop and market our product candidates.

We cannot guarantee that any of our or our licensors' patent searches or analyses, including the identification of relevant patents, the scope of patent claims or the expiration of relevant patents, are complete or thorough, nor can we be certain that we have identified each and every third-party patent and pending application in the United States and abroad that is or may be relevant to or necessary for the commercialization of product candidates in any jurisdiction. Patent applications in the United States and elsewhere are not published until approximately 18 months after the earliest filing for which priority is claimed, with such earliest filing date being commonly referred to as the priority date. In addition, U.S. patent applications filed before November 29, 2000 and certain U.S. patent applications filed after that date that will not be filed outside the United States remain confidential until patents issue. Therefore, patent applications covering our product candidates could have been filed by others without our knowledge. Additionally, pending patent applications that have been published can, subject to certain limitations, be later amended in a manner that could cover our product candidates, or the use thereof, provided such pending patent applications where such patents. Our ability to develop and market our product candidates can be adversely affected in jurisdictions where such patents are issued.

The scope of a patent claim is determined by an interpretation of the law, the written disclosure in a patent and the patent's prosecution history. Our interpretation of the relevance or the scope of a patent or a pending

application may be incorrect, which may negatively impact our ability to market our product candidates. We may incorrectly determine that our product candidates are not covered by a third-party patent or may incorrectly predict whether a third party's pending application will issue with claims of relevant scope. Our determination of the expiration date of any patent in the United States or abroad that we consider relevant may be incorrect and we may incorrectly conclude that a third-party patent is invalid or unenforceable. Our failure to identify and correctly interpret relevant patents may negatively impact our ability to develop and market our product candidates or any future product candidates, if approved.

If we fail to identify and correctly interpret relevant patents, we may be subject to infringement claims. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to successfully settle or otherwise resolve such infringement claims. If we fail in any such dispute, in addition to being forced to pay damages, we may be temporarily or permanently prohibited from commercializing any of our product candidates that are held to be infringing. We might, if possible, also be forced to redesign product candidates or services so that we no longer infringe the third-party intellectual property rights. Any of these events, even if we we ultimately to prevail, could require us to divert substantial financial and management resources that we would otherwise be able to devote to our business.

We may be involved in lawsuits to protect or enforce our patents, the patents of our licensors or our other intellectual property rights, which could be expensive, time consuming and unsuccessful.

Competitors may infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate our patents, the patents of our licensors or our other intellectual property rights. To counter infringement or unauthorized use, we may be required to file and prosecute legal claims against one or more third parties, which can be expensive and time-consuming, even if ultimately successful. In addition, in an infringement proceeding, a court may decide that a patent of ours or our licensors is not valid or is unenforceable, or may refuse to stop the other party from using the technology at issue on the grounds that our patents do not cover the technology in question. The standards that courts use to interpret patents are not always applied predictably or uniformly and can change, particularly as new technologies develop. As a result, we cannot predict with certainty how much protection, if any, will be given to our patents if we attempt to enforce them and they are challenged in court. Further, even if we prevail against an infringer in U.S. district court, there is always the risk that the infringer will file an appeal and the district court judgment will be overturned at the appeals court and/or that an adverse decision will be issued by the appeals court relating to the validity or enforceability of our patents. An adverse result in any litigation or defense proceedings could put one or more of our patents at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly in a manner insufficient to achieve our business objectives, or could put our patent applications at risk of not issuing. The initiation of a claim against a third party may also cause the third party to bring counter claims against us such as claims asserting that our patents are invalid or unenforceable. In patent litigation in the United States, defendant counterclaims alleging invalidity or unenforceability are commonplace. Grounds for a validity challenge could be an alleged failure to meet any of several statutory requirements, including lack of novelty, obviousness, non-enablement or lack of written description or statutory subject matter. Grounds for an unenforceability assertion could be an allegation that someone connected with prosecution of the patent withheld relevant material information from the USPTO, or made a materially misleading statement, during prosecution. Third parties may also raise similar validity claims before the USPTO in postgrant proceedings such as ex parte reexaminations, inter partes review, or post-grant review, or oppositions or similar proceedings outside the United States, in parallel with litigation or even outside the context of litigation. The outcome following legal assertions of invalidity and unenforceability is unpredictable. We cannot be certain that there is no invalidating prior art, of which it and the patent examiner were unaware during prosecution. For the patents and patent applications that we have licensed, we may have limited or no right to participate in the defense of any licensed patents against challenge by a third party. If a defendant were to prevail on a legal assertion of invalidity or unenforceability, we would lose at least part, and perhaps all, of any future patent protection on our current or future product candidates. Such a loss of patent protection could harm our business. Additionally, any adverse outcome could allow third parties to commercialize our products and compete directly with us, without payment to us, or result in our inability to manufacture or commercialize products without infringing third-party patent rights.

Even if we establish infringement, the court may decide not to grant an injunction against further infringing activity and instead award only monetary damages, which may or may not be an adequate remedy. We may not be able to detect or prevent, alone or with our licensors, misappropriation of our intellectual property rights, particularly in countries where the laws may not protect those rights as fully as in the United States. Our business could be harmed if in litigation the prevailing party does not offer us a license on commercially reasonable terms. Any litigation or other proceedings to enforce our intellectual property rights may fail, and even if successful, may result in substantial costs and distract our management and other employees.

Furthermore, because of the substantial amount of discovery required in connection with intellectual property litigation, there is a risk that some of our confidential information could be compromised by disclosure during this type of litigation. There could also be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions or other interim proceedings or developments. If securities analysts or investors perceive these results to be negative, it could have an adverse effect on the price of our common shares.

We may not have sufficient financial or other resources to adequately conduct such litigation or proceedings. Some of our competitors or other third parties may be able to sustain the costs of such litigation or proceedings more effectively than we can because of their greater financial resources and more mature and developed intellectual property portfolios. Because of the expense and uncertainty of litigation, we may conclude that even if a third party is infringing our issued patent, any patents that may be issued as a result of our pending or future patent applications or other intellectual property rights, the risk-adjusted cost of bringing and enforcing such a claim or action may be too high or not in the best interest of our company or our shareholders. In such cases, we may decide that the more prudent course of action is to simply monitor the situation or initiate or seek some other non-litigious action or solution.

Because many of the patents we own are owned by our subsidiaries, and in certain cases by subsidiaries that are not or will not be directly commercializing products, we may not be in a position to obtain a permanent injunction against a third party that is found to infringe our patents.

Many patents that we own are assigned to our subsidiaries or to their respective subsidiaries. For example, any patents that Immunovant owns are assigned to its wholly-owned subsidiary Immunovant Sciences GmbH and any patents that Dermavant owns are assigned to its wholly-owned subsidiary Dermavant Sciences GmbH. If a third party is found to be infringing such patents, we and our direct subsidiaries may not be able to permanently enjoin the third party from making, using, offering for sale or selling the infringing such patents, we and our direct subsidiaries may not be able to permanently enjoin the third party from making, using, offering for sale or selling the infringing product or activity for the remaining life of such patent in the United States or other jurisdictions when the patent is assigned to a subsidiary, which is not the entity that is or would be commercializing a potentially competitive product or service. In such a circumstance, such third party may be able to compete with us or our subsidiaries, which could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects.

Changes in U.S. patent law or the patent law of other countries or jurisdictions could diminish the value of patents in general, thereby impairing our ability to protect our product candidates.

As is the case with other biopharmaceutical companies, our success is heavily dependent on intellectual property. Obtaining and enforcing patents in the biopharmaceutical industry involves both technological and legal complexity and is therefore costly, time consuming and inherently uncertain. Changes in either the patent laws or interpretation of the patent laws in the United States or USPTO rules and regulations could increase the uncertainties and costs.

The United States has recently enacted and implemented wide-ranging patent reform legislation. In addition, patent reform legislation may pass in the future that could lead to additional uncertainties and increased costs surrounding the prosecution, enforcement and defense of our patents and pending patent applications. The U.S. Supreme Court has ruled on several patent cases in recent years, either narrowing the scope of patent protection

available in certain circumstances or weakening the rights of patent owners in certain situations. In addition to increasing uncertainty with regard to our ability to obtain patents in the future, this combination of events has created uncertainty with respect to the value of patents, once obtained. For example, the Biden administration recently indicated its support for a proposal at the World Trade Organization to waive patent rights with respect to COVID-19 vaccines. Any waiver of our patent or other intellectual property protection by the U.S. and other foreign governments, including with respect to Genevant's licensed LNP delivery technology as used in connection with mRNA vaccine delivery, could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Depending on actions by the U.S. Congress, the federal courts, and the USPTO, the laws and regulations governing patents could change in unpredictable ways that would weaken our ability to obtain new patents or to enforce patents that we have licensed or that we might obtain in the future. Similarly, changes in patent law and regulations in other countries or jurisdictions or changes in the governmental bodies that enforce them or changes in how the relevant governmental authority enforces patent laws or regulations may weaken our ability to obtain new patents or to enforce patents that we have licensed or that we may obtain in the future. We cannot predict future changes in the interpretation of patent laws or changes to patent laws that might be enacted into law by United States and non-U.S. legislative bodies. Those changes may materially affect our patents or patent applications and our ability to obtain additional patent protection in the future.

In addition, the United States federal government retains certain rights in inventions produced with its financial assistance under the Bayh-Dole Act also provides federal agencies with "march-in rights." March-in rights allow the government, in specified circumstances, to require the contractor or successors in tile to the patent to grant a "nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license" for its own benefit. The Bayh-Dole Act also provides federal agencies with "march-in rights." March-in rights allow the government, in specified circumstances, to require the contractor or successors in tile to the patent to grant a "nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license" to a "responsible applicant or applicants." For example, the research resulting in certain of our in-licensed patent rights and technology for certain product candidates was funded in part by the U.S. federal government decides to exercise these rights, it is not required to engage us as its contractor in connection with doing so. The federal government s' rights may also permit it to disclose our confidential information to third parties and to exercise march-in rights to use or allow third parties to use our licensed technology. The federal government-funded technology, or because action is necessary to alleviate health or safety needs, to meet requirements of federal regulations, or to give preference to U.S. industry. Further, the recipient of U.S. government and timely electing tile to such inventions. The U.S. government has the right to take title to such intellectual property rights if we, on the applicable licensor, fail to disclose the inventions to the government thanded program is also subject to certain reporting requirements, compliance with which may require us or the applicable licensor to expend substantial resources. In addition, our rights in wentions may be subject to certain requirements on anadcure product candidates embodying such inventions in the United States. We cannot be certain tha our current or future

The validity, scope and enforceability of any patents listed in the Orange Book that cover our product candidates or patents that cover our biologic product candidates can be challenged by third parties.

If one of our product candidates is approved by the FDA and if a third party files an application under Section 505(b)(2) or an abbreviated new drug application ("ANDA") under Section 505(j) for a generic product

containing any of our product candidates, including tapinarof (which, following the natural expiration of our method of use patent family, will be protected only by our formulation patent), and relies in whole or in part on studies conducted by or for us, the third party will be required to certify to the FDA that either: (1) there is no patent information listed in the Orange Book with respect to our NDA for the applicable approved product candidate; (2) the patents listed in the Orange Book have expired; (3) the listed patents have not expired, but will expire on a particular date and approval is sought after patent expiration; or (4) the listed patents are invalid or will not be infringed by the manufacture, use or sale of the third party's generic product. A certification under 21 CFR § 314.94(a)(12)(i)(A)(4) that the new product will not infringe the Orange Book-listed patents for the applicable approved product candidate, or that such patents are invalid, is called a paragraph IV certification. If the third party submits a paragraph IV certification to the FDA, a notice of the paragraph IV certification must also be sent to us once the third party's ANDA is accepted for filing by the FDA. We may then initiate a lawsuit to defend the patents identified in the notice. The filing of a patent infringement lawsuit within 45 days of receipt of the notice automatically prevents the FDA from approving the third party's ANDA until the earliest of 30 months or the date on which the patent expires, the lawsuit is settled, or the court reaches a decision in the infringement lawsuit in favor of the third party. If we do not file a patent infringement lawsuit within the required 45-day period, the third party's ANDA will not be subject to the 30-month stay of FDA approval.

Moreover, a third party may challenge the current patents, or patents that may issue in the future, within our portfolio, which could result in the invalidation of some or all of the patents that might otherwise be eligible for listing in the Orange Book for one of our products. If a third party successfully challenges all of the patents that might otherwise be eligible for listing in the Orange Book for one of our products before an ANDA or 505(b)(2) NDA is filed we will be unable to obtain a 30-month stay of FDA approval of a 505(b)(2) or ANDA.

For example, our three issued U.S. patents covering tapinarof may not provide adequate protection from competitive products developed by 505(b)(1) NDA, 505(b)(2) NDA or 505(j) ANDA applicants containing paragraph IV certifications if such applicants are able to design around the three patents. One or more competitors may circumvent these patents by filing a marketing application with the FDA under Sections 505(b)(2) or 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act containing a paragraph IV certification for a competitive product containing the active moiety in tapinarof and successfully challenging the validity of the three patents or successfully designing around the three patents. Any successful challenge against the three patents and/or designing around one or more of the patents could result in a generic version of tapinarof being commercialized before the expiration of the three patents. If the three patents are successfully challenged or designed around, our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects would be harmed.

For biologics, the BPCIA provides a mechanism for one or more third parties to seek FDA approval to manufacture or sell a biosimilar or interchangeable versions of brand name biological product candidates. Due to the large size and complexity of biological product candidates, as compared to small molecules, a biosimilar must be "highly similar" to the reference product with "no clinically meaningful differences between the two." The BPCIA does not require reference product stypnosros to list patents in the FDA's Orange Book and does not include an automatic 30-month stay of FDA approval upon the timely filing of a lawsuit. The BPCIA, however, does require a formal pre-litigation process which includes the exchange of information between a biosimilar applicant and a reference biologic sponsor that includes the identification of relevant patents and each parties' basis for infringement and invalidity. After the exchange of this information, we may then initiate a lawsuit within 30 days to defend the patents identified in the exchange. If the biosimilar applicant successfully challenges the asserted patent claims, it could result in the invalidation of, or render unenforceable, some or all of the relevant patent claims or result in a finding of non-infringement.

If we are unsuccessful in enforcing our patents against generics or biosimilars, our products could face competition prior to the expiration of the patents which cover such products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Furthermore, any such litigation or other proceedings to enforce or defend intellectual property rights are often very complex in nature, may be very expensive and time-consuming, may divert management's attention from our core business, and may result in unfavorable results that could limit our ability to prevent third parties from competing with product candidates.

We may not be able to protect our intellectual property rights throughout the world.

Filing, prosecuting and defending patents on product candidates in all countries throughout the world would be prohibitively expensive, and our intellectual property rights in some countries outside the United States can be less extensive than those in the United States. The requirements for patentability may differ in certain countries, particularly developing countries, and the breadth of patent claims allowed can be inconsistent. In addition, the laws of some countries do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as laws of the United States.

Consequently, we may not be able to prevent third parties from practicing our inventions in all countries outside the United States, or from selling or importing product candidates made using our inventions in and into the United States or other jurisdictions. Competitors may use our technologies in jurisdictions where we have not obtained patent protection to develop their own product candidates and may also export infringing product candidates territories where we have patent protection, but enforcement is not as strong as that in the United States. These product candidates may compete with our product candidates and our patents or other intellectual property rights may not be effective or sufficient to prevent them from competing.

We do not have patent rights in all countries in which a market may exist. Moreover, in jurisdictions where we do have patent rights, proceedings to enforce such rights could result in substantial costs and divert our efforts and attention from other aspects of our business, could put our patents at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly, and our patent applications at risk of not issuing. Additionally, such proceedings could provoke third parties to assert claims against us. We may not prevail in any lawsuits that we initiate and the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, may not be commercially meaningful. Thus, we may not be able to stop a competitor from marketing and selling in other countries product candidates and services, and our competitive position would be harmed.

Many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting and defending intellectual property rights in other jurisdictions. The legal systems of certain countries, particularly certain developing countries, do not favor the enforcement of patents, trade secrets, and other intellectual property protection, particularly those relating to biotechnology product candidates, which could make it difficult for us to stop the infringement of our patents or marketing of competing product candidates in violation of our proprietary rights generally. Proceedings to enforce our patent rights in other jurisdictions, whether or not successful, could result in substantial costs and divert our efforts and attention from other aspects of our business, could put our patents at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly and our patent applications at risk of not issuing and could provoke third parties to assert claims against us. We may not prevail in any lawsuits that we initiate and the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, may not be commercially meaningful. Accordingly, our efforts to enforce our intellectual property rights around the world may be inadequate to obtain a significant commercial advantage from the intellectual property that we develop or license.

Many countries, including European Union countries, India, Japan and China, have compulsory licensing laws under which a patent owner may be compelled under specified circumstances to grant licenses to third parties. In addition, many countries limit the enforceability of patents against government agencies or government contractors. In those countries, we may have limited remedies, which could materially diminish the value of those patents. This could limit our potential revenue opportunities. Accordingly, our efforts to enforce our intellectual property rights around the world may be inadequate to obtain a significant commercial advantage from the intellectual property that we develop or license.

If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of any trade secrets, our business and competitive position would be harmed.

In addition to seeking patents for any product candidates, we may rely on trade secrets, including unpatented software, know-how, technology and other proprietary information, to maintain our competitive position. We seek to protect this software and information, in part, by entering into non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements with parties who have access to them, such as our employees, corporate collaborators, outside

scientific collaborators, contract manufacturers, consultants, advisors and other third parties. We also enter into confidentiality and invention or patent assignment agreements with our employees and consultants.

Because we rely and expect to continue to rely on third parties to manufacture our product candidates and future product candidates, we must, at times, share trade secrets to continue to collaborate with third parties on the development of current and future product candidates, we must, at times, share trade secrets with them. We also conduct joint research and development programs that may require us to share trade secrets under the terms of our research and development partnerships or similar agreements. We seek to protect our proprietary technology in part by entering into confidentiality agreements and, if applicable, material transfer agreements, consulting agreements or other similar agreements with our advisors, employees, third-party contractors and consultants prior to beginning research or disclosing proprietary information. These agreements typically limit the rights of the third parties to use or disclose our confidential information, including our trade secrets. Despite the contractual provisions employeed when working with third parties, the need to share trade secrets and other confidential information increases the risk that such trade secrets become known by our competitors, are inadvertently incorporated into the technology of others, or are disclosed or used in violation of these agreements. Any disclosure, either intentional or unintentional, by our employees, the employees of third parties to whom we share facilities or third-party consultants and vendors that we engage to perform research, clinical trials or manufacturing activities, or misappropriation by third parties (such as through a cybersecurity breach) of our trade secrets or proprietary information could enable competitors to duplicate or surpass our technological achievements, thus eroding our competitive position in the market. Further, adequate remedies may not exist in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure. Given that our proprietary position is based, in part, on our know-how and trade secrets, a competitory for our tra

In addition, these agreements typically restrict the ability of our advisors, employees, third-party contractors and consultants to publish data potentially relating to our trade secrets, although our agreements may contain certain limited publication rights. Policing unauthorized use of our or our licensors' intellectual property is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and we may be unable to determine the extent of any unauthorized use. Moreover, enforcing a claim that a party illegally disclosed or misappropriated a trade secret is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, some courts inside and outside the United States are less willing or unwilling to protect trade secrets. Despite our efforts to protect our trade secrets, our competitors and other third parties may discover our trade secrets, including our proprietary software, either through breach of our agreements with third parties, independent development or publication of information by any of our third-party collaborators. A competitor's or other third party's discovery of our trade secrets, including our proprietary software, adverse impact on our business.

We cannot guarantee that we have entered into non-disclosure, confidentiality agreements, material transfer agreements or consulting agreements with each party that may have or have had access to our trade secrets or proprietary software, technology and processes. Despite these efforts, any of these parties may breach the agreements and disclose our proprietary information, including our trade secrets and proprietary software, and we may not be able to obtain adequate remedies for such breaches. Monitoring unauthorized uses and disclosures of our intellectual property is difficult, and we do not know whether the steps we have taken to protect our intellectual property will be effective. In addition, we may not be able to obtain adequate remedies for any such breaches. Enforcing a claim that a party illegally disclosed or misappropriated a trade secret is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, some courts inside and outside the United States are less willing or unwilling to protect trade secrets. If any of our trade secrets, including our proprietary software, were to be lawfully obtained or independently developed by a competitor or other third party, we would have no right to prevent them, or those to whom they communicate it, from using that technology or information to compete with us. If any of our trade secrets, including our proprietary software, were to be disclosed to or independently developed by a competitor or other third party, our competitive position would be harmed.

Certain software utilized in our computational drug discovery efforts may include third party open source software. Any failure to comply with the terms of one or more open source software licenses could adversely affect our business, subject us to litigation, or create potential liability.

Certain software utilized in our computational drug discovery efforts may include third party open source software and we expect to continue to incorporate open source software in the future. The use of open source software involves a number of risks, many of which cannot be eliminated and could negatively affect our business. For example, we cannot ensure that we have effectively monitored our use of open source software or that we are in compliance with the terms of the applicable open source licenses or our current policies and procedures. There have been claims against companies that use open source software asserting that the use of such open source software infringes the claimants' intellectual property rights. As a result, we could be subject to suits by third parties claiming infringement on such third parties' intellectual property rights. Litigation could be costly for us to defend, have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations, or require us to devote additional research and development resources to modify our computational drug discovery platform.

Use of open source software may entail greater risks than use of third-party commercial software, as open source licensors generally do not provide warranties, controls on the origin of the software or other contractual protections regarding infringement claims or the quality of the code, including with respect to security vulnerabilities. In addition, certain open source licenses require that source code for software programs that interact with such open source software be made available to the public at no cost and that any modifications or derivative works to such open source software continue to be licensed under the same terms as the open source software license. The terms of various open source licenses have not been interpreted by courts in the relevant jurisdictions, and there is a risk that such licenses could be construed in a manner that imposes unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to market our solutions. By the terms of certain open source licenses, if portions of our proprietary software are determined to be subject to an open source licenses or if we combine our proprietary software with open source software in a certain manner, we could be required to release the source code of our proprietary software and to make our proprietary software available under open source licenses, each of which could reduce or eliminate the effectiveness of our computational discovery efforts. We may also face claims alleging noncompliance with open source license terms or misappropriation or other violation of open source technology. Any of these events could create liability for us and damage our reputation, which could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

We may be subject to claims that our employees, consultants or independent contractors have wrongfully used or disclosed confidential information of their former employers or other third parties.

We employ individuals who were previously employed at universities or other software, biotechnology or pharmaceutical companies, including our licensors, competitors or potential competitors. Although we seek to protect our ownership of intellectual property rights by ensuring that our agreements with our employees, collaborators and other third parties with whom we do business include provisions requiring such parties to not use the confidential information of their former employer, we may be subject to claims that we or our employees, consultants, independent contractors or other third parties have inadvertently or otherwise used or disclosed confidential information of our employees, former employers or other third parties have an ownership interest in our owned or licensed patents or patent applications. Litigation may be necessary to defend against these claims. There is no guarantee of success in defending these claims, and if we fail in defending any such claims, in addition to paying monetary damages, we may lose valuable intellectual property rights, such as exclusive ownership or right to use, valuable intellectual property, which could limit our ability to stop others from using or commercializing similar technology and therapeutics, without payment to us, could limit the duration of the patent protection covering our technology and product candidates and could result in our inability to develop, manufacture or commercialize our product candidates without infringing third-party patent rights. Such intellectual property rights could be awarded

to a third party, and we could be required to obtain a license from such third party to commercialize our current or future product candidates. Such a license may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Even if we are successful, litigation could result in substantial cost and be a distraction to our management and other employees. Moreover, any such litigation or the threat thereof may harm our reputation, our ability to form strategic alliances or sublicense our rights to collaborators, engage with scientific advisors or hire employees or consultants, each of which would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may be subject to claims challenging the inventorship or ownership of our patents and other intellectual property.

We rely on a combination of internally developed and in-licensed intellectual property rights and we or our licensors may be subject to claims that former employees, collaborators or other third parties have an interest in our owned or in-licensed patents, trade secrets, or other intellectual property as an inventor or co-inventor. For example, we or our licensors may have inventorship disputes arise from conflicting obligations of employees, consultants or other third parties who are involved in developing product candidates. Litigation may be necessary to defend against these and other claims challenging inventorship or our or our licensors' ownership of our owned or in-licensed patents, trade secrets or other intellectual property. If we or our licensors fail in defending any such claims, in addition to paying monetary damages, we may lose valuable intellectual property rights, such as exclusive ownership of, or right to use, intellectual property that is important to product candidates. Even if we are successful in defending against such claims, litigation could result in substantial costs and be a distraction to management and other employees. Any of the foregoing could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition, while it is our policy to require our employees, contractors and other third parties who may be involved in the development of intellectual property to execute agreements assigning such intellectual property to us, we may be unsuccessful in executing such an agreement with each party who in fact develops intellectual property that we regard as our own. Our invention assignment agreements may not be self-executing or may be breached, and we may not have adequate remedies for any such breach. Additionally, we may be forced to bring claims against third parties, or defend claims they may bring against us, to determine the ownership of what we regard as our intellectual property. Furthermore, individuals executing agreements with us may have preexisting or competing obligations to a third party, such as an academic institution, and thus an agreement with us may be ineffective in perfective in perfective in perfective of the institution.

Intellectual property litigation could cause us to spend substantial resources and distract our personnel from their normal responsibilities, and have a harmful effect on the success of our business.

Even if resolved in our favor, litigation or other legal proceedings relating to intellectual property claims may cause us to incur significant expenses, and could distract our technical and management personnel from their normal responsibilities. In addition, there could be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions or other interim proceedings or developments, and if securities analysts or investors perceive these results to be negative, it could adversely impact the price of our common shares. Such litigation or proceedings could substantially increase our operating losses and reduce the resources available for development activities or any future sales, marketing or distribution activities. We may not have sufficient financial or other resources to conduct such litigation or proceedings adequately. Some of our competitors may be able to sustain the costs of such litigation or proceedings more effectively than we can because of their greater financial resources.

Accordingly, despite our efforts, we may not be able to prevent third parties from infringing upon or misappropriating our intellectual property. In addition, the uncertainties associated with litigation could compromise our ability to raise the funds necessary to continue our clinical trials and internal research programs, or in-license needed technology or other future product candidates. Uncertainties resulting from the initiation and continuation of patent litigation or other proceedings could compromise our ability to compete in the marketplace, including compromising our ability to raise the funds necessary to continue our clinical trials,

continue our research programs, license necessary technology from third parties, or enter into development collaborations that would help us commercialize product candidates, if approved. Any of the foregoing could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

We may not be successful in obtaining necessary intellectual property rights to future product candidates through acquisitions and in-licenses.

A third party may hold intellectual property, including patent rights, that are important or necessary to the development of our product candidates. Accordingly, we may seek to acquire or in-license patented or proprietary technologies to develop such product candidates or to grow our product offerings and technology portfolio. However, we may be unable to acquire or in-license intellectual property rights relating to, or necessary for, any such product candidate or technology from third parties on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Even if we are able to in-license any such necessary intellectual property, it could be on non-exclusive terms, thereby giving our competitors and other third parties access to the same intellectual property licensed to us, and it could require us to make substantial licensing and royalty payments. In that event, we may be unable to develop or commercialize such product candidates or technology. We may also be unable to identify product candidates or technology that we believe are an appropriate strategic fit for our company and protect intellectual property relating to, or necessary for, such product candidate and technology.

The in-licensing and acquisition of third-party intellectual property rights for any future product candidate is a competitive area, and a number of more established companies are also pursuing strategies to in-license or acquire third-party intellectual property rights for product candidates that we may consider attractive or necessary. These established companies may have a competitive advantage over us due to their size, cash resources and greater clinical development and commercialization capabilities. Furthermore, companies that perceive us to be a competitor may be unwilling to assign or license rights to us. If we are unable to successfully obtain rights to additional technologies or product candidates, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects for growth could suffer.

In addition, we expect that competition for the in-licensing or acquisition of third-party intellectual property rights for any future product candidate and technologies that are attractive to us may increase in the future, which may mean fewer suitable opportunities for us as well as higher acquisition or licensing costs. We may be unable to in-license or acquire the third-party intellectual property rights for product candidates or technology on terms that would allow us to make an appropriate return on our investment.

Any trademarks we have obtained or may obtain may be infringed or successfully challenged, resulting in harm to our business

We rely on trademarks as one means to distinguish product candidates that are approved for marketing from the product candidates of our competitors. Our current and future trademark applications in the United States and in other jurisdictions may not be allowed or may subsequently be opposed, challenged, infringed, circumvented, declared generic or determined to be infringing other marks. Additionally, once we select new trademarks and apply to register them, our trademark applications may not be approved. Third parties have in the past opposed, are currently opposing and may in the future oppose or attempt to cancel our trademark applications or trademarks, or otherwise challenge our use of the trademarks. In the event that our trademarks are successfully challenged, we could be forced to rebrand product candidates, which could result in loss of brand recognition and could require us to devote resources to advertising and marketing new brands. Our competitors may infringe our trademarks and we may not have adequate resources to enforce our trademarks. If we attempt to enforce our trademarks and assert trademark infringement claims, a court may determine that the marks we have asserted are invalid or unenforceable, or that the party against whom we have asserted trademark infringement has superior rights to the marks in question. In this case, we could ultimately be forced to cease use of such trademarks.

We may not be able to protect our rights to these trademarks and trade names, which we need to build name recognition among potential partners or customers in our markets of interest. At times, competitors may adopt

trade names or trademarks similar to ours, thereby impeding our ability to build brand identity and possibly leading to market confusion. In addition, there could be potential trade name or trademark infringement claims brought by owners of other registered trademarks or trademarks that incorporate variations of our registered or unregistered trademarks or trade names. Over the long term, if we are unable to establish name recognition based on our trademarks and trade names, then we may not be able to compete effectively and our business may be adversely affected. Our efforts to enforce or protect our proprietary rights related to trademarks, trade secrets, domain names, copyrights or other intellectual property may be ineffective and could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Intellectual property rights do not necessarily address all potential threats to our competitive advantage.

Once granted, patents may remain open to invalidity challenges including opposition, interference, re-examination, post-grant review, *inter partes* review, nullification or derivation action in court or before patent offices or similar proceedings for a given period after allowance or grant, during which time third parties can raise objections against such grant. In the course of such proceedings, which may continue for a protracted period of time, the patent owner may be compelled to limit the scope of the allowed or granted claims thus attacked, or may lose the allowed or granted claims altogether.

In addition, the degree of future protection afforded by our intellectual property rights is uncertain because intellectual property rights have limitations, and may not adequately protect our business, provide a barrier to entry against our competitors or potential competitors, or permit us to maintain our competitive advantage.

Moreover, if a third party has intellectual property rights that cover the practice of our technology, we may not be able to fully exercise or extract value from our intellectual property rights. The following examples are illustrative:

- others may be able to make formulations or compositions that are the same as or similar to product candidates, but that are not covered by the claims of the patents that we own;
- others may be able to make product candidates that are similar to product candidates that we intend to commercialize that are not covered by the patents that we exclusively licensed and have the right to enforce;
- we, our licensor or any collaborators might not have been the first to make or reduce to practice the inventions covered by the issued
 patents or pending patent applications that we own or have exclusively licensed;
- we or our licensor or any collaborators might not have been the first to file patent applications covering certain of our inventions;
- others may independently develop similar or alternative technologies or duplicate any of our technologies without infringing our intellectual property rights;
- it is possible that our pending patent applications will not lead to issued patents;
- issued patents that we own or have exclusively licensed may not provide us with any competitive advantages, or may be held invalid or unenforceable as a result of legal challenges;
- our competitors might conduct research and development activities in the United States and other countries that provide a safe harbor from
 patent infringement claims for certain research and development activities, as well as in countries where we do not have patent rights, and
 then use the information learned from such activities to develop competitive product candidates for sale in our major commercial markets;
 and we may not develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable;

- third parties performing manufacturing or testing for us using our product candidates or technologies could use the intellectual property of others without obtaining a proper license;
- parties may assert an ownership interest in our intellectual property and, if successful, such disputes may preclude us from exercising exclusive rights over that intellectual property;
- we may not develop or in-license additional proprietary technologies that are patentable;
- we may not be able to obtain and maintain necessary licenses on commercially reasonable terms, or at all;
- the patents of others may harm our business; and
- we may choose not to file a patent application in order to maintain certain trade secrets or know-how, and a third party may subsequently file a patent application covering such intellectual property.

Should any of these events occur, they could significantly harm our business and results of operations.

Risks Related to MAAC and the Business Combination

For purposes of this subsection only, "we," "us" or "our" refer to (i) MAAC prior to the consummation of the Business Combination or (ii) Roivant following the consummation of the Business Combination, unless the context otherwise requires.

The MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors have agreed to vote in favor of the Business Combination, regardless of how MAAC's public stockholders vote.

Unlike certain blank check companies in which the initial stockholders agree to vote their founder shares in accordance with the majority of the votes cast by the public stockholders in connection with an initial Business Combination, the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors have agreed (and their permitted transferees will agree), pursuant to the terms of a letter agreement entered into with MAAC, to vote any founder shares, placement shares or MAAC Class A Shares held by them, in favor of MAAC's Business Combination. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, MAAC's initial stockholders own approximately 20% of MAAC's issued and outstanding shares. As a result, in addition to MAAC's initial stockholders' shares, MAAC would need only 15,401,934, or 37.50%, of the 41,071,823 MAAC Class A Shares outstanding as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus to be voted in favor of the Business Combination (assuming all outstanding shares are voted) in order to have the Business Combination approved. Accordingly, it is more likely that the necessary stockholder approval will be received than would be the case if such persons agreed to vote their shares in accordance with the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting.

The MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's directors and officers and their respective affiliates may elect to purchase shares from public stockholders in connection with the Business Combination, which may influence the vote on the Business Combination and reduce the public "float" of the Roivant Common Shares

MAAC's Sponsor, directors, officers or their affiliates may purchase shares in privately negotiated transactions or in the open market either prior to or following the completion of the Business Combination, although they are under no obligation to do so. Please see "Information about MAAC-Permitted Purchases of MAAC's Securities" for a description of how such persons will determine which stockholders to seek to acquire shares from. Such purchases may include a contractual acknowledgement that such stockholder, although still the record holder of MAAC's shares, is no longer the beneficial owner thereof and therefore agrees not to exercise its redemption rights. In the event that MAAC's Sponsor, directors, officers or their affiliates purchase shares in privately negotiated transactions from public stockholders who have already elected to exercise their redemption rights, such selling stockholders would be required to revoke their prior elections to redeem their shares. The

price per share paid in any such transaction may be different than the amount per share a public stockholder would receive if it elected to redeem its shares in connection with the Business Combination. The purpose of such purchases could be to vote such shares in favor of the Business Combination and thereby increase the likelihood of obtaining stockholder approval or to satisfy the closing condition that requires MAAC to have a minimum amount of cash at the Closing of the Business Combination, where it appears that such requirement would otherwise not be met. This may result in the completion of the Business Combination although it may not otherwise have been possible. Any such purchases will be reported pursuant to Sections 13 and 16 of the Exchange Act to the extent such purchasers are subject to such reporting requirements.

In addition, if such purchases are made, the public float of MAAC Class A Shares or public warrants and the number of beneficial holders of MAAC securities may be reduced, possibly making it difficult to maintain the quotation, listing or trading of MAAC securities on a national securities exchange, including Nasdaq.

If third parties bring claims against MAAC, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be reduced and the per share redemption amount received by stockholders may be less than \$10.00 per share (which was the offering price in MAAC's initial public offering).

MAAC's placing of funds in the Trust Account may not protect those funds from third-party claims against MAAC. Although MAAC has sought and will seek to have all vendors, service providers (other than its independent registered public accounting firm), prospective target businesses or other entities with which MAAC does business execute agreements with MAAC waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account, there is no guarantee that they will execute such agreements or even if they execute such agreements that they would be prevented from bringing claims against the Trust Account, including, but not limited to, fraudulent inducement, breach of fiduciary responsibility or other similar claims, as well as claims challenging the enforceability of the waiver, in each case in order to gain advantage with respect to a claim against MAAC's assets, including the funds held in the Trust Account. If any third party refuses to execute an agreement waiving such claims to the monies held in the Trust Account, MAAC's management will perform an analysis of the alternatives available to it and will only enter into an agreement with a third party that has not executed a waiver if management believes that such third party's engagement would be significantly more beneficial to MAAC than any alternative.

Examples of possible instances where MAAC may engage a third party that refuses to execute a waiver include the engagement of a third party consultant whose particular expertise or skills are believed by management to be significantly superior to those of other consultants that would agree to execute a waiver or in cases where management is unable to find a service provider willing to execute a waiver. In addition, there is no guarantee that such entities will agree to waive any claims they may have in the future as a result of, or arising out of, any negotiations, contracts or agreements with MAAC and will not seek recourse against the Trust Account for any reason. Upon redemption of MAAC Class A Shares, if MAAC is unable to complete its business combination within the prescribed time frame, or upon the exercise of a redemption right in connection with its business combination, MAAC will be required to provide for payment of claims of creditors that were not waived that may be brought against it within the ten years following redemption. Accordingly, the per share redemption amount received by public stockholders could be less than the \$10.00 per share initially held in the Trust Account, due to claims of such creditors. In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, Sponsor has agreed to be liable to MAAC if and to the extent any claims by a vendor for services rendered or products sold to MAAC, or a prospective target business with which MAAC has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduces the amount of funds in the Trust Account. This liability will not apply with respect to any claims by a third party who executed a waiver of any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account or to any claims under our indemnity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. Moreover, even in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable again

such indemnification obligations. Therefore, MAAC cannot assure you that Sponsor would be able to satisfy those obligations. None of MAAC's officers will indemnify it for claims by third parties including, without limitation, claims by vendors and prospective target businesses.

Additionally, if MAAC is forced to file a bankruptcy case or an involuntary bankruptcy case is filed against it that is not dismissed, or if MAAC otherwise enters compulsory or court supervised liquidation, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be subject to applicable bankruptcy law, and may be included in MAAC's bankruptcy estate and subject to the claims of third parties with priority over the claims of its stockholders. To the extent any bankruptcy claims deplete the Trust Account, MAAC may not be able to return to its public stockholders \$10.00 per share (which was the offering price in its initial public offering).

MAAC has not obtained an opinion from an independent investment banking firm or from an independent accounting firm, and consequently, you may have no assurance from an independent source that the price MAAC is paying for the business is fair to MAAC's stockholders from a financial point of view.

Since the Business Combination is not with an affiliated entity, MAAC is not required to obtain an opinion from an independent investment banking firm or another independent firm that commonly renders valuation opinions for the type of company MAAC is seeking to acquire or from an independent accounting firm that the price MAAC is paying for a target is fair to MAAC's stockholders from a financial point of view, unless MAAC's Board of Directors cannot independently determine the fair market value of the target business or businesses. Since no opinion has been obtained, MAAC's stockholders are relying on the judgment of MAAC's Board of Directors, who determined fair market value based on standards generally accepted by the financial community. Such standards are disclosed in this proxy statement/prospectus under "The Business Combination—Satisfaction of 80% Test."

MAAC's stockholders will experience immediate dilution due to the issuance of common shares to the MAAC stockholders as consideration in the Business Combination. Having a minority share position likely reduces the influence that MAAC's current stockholders have on its management following the Business Combination.

Based on MAAC's current capitalization, MAAC anticipates Roivant issuing (or reserving for issuance) an aggregate of 41,071,823 Roivant Common Shares, subject to adjustment, to the MAAC stockholders as consideration in the Business Combination. It is anticipated that, upon completion of the Business Combination, assuming no redemptions MAAC's public stockholders will own approximately 5.7% outstanding of Roivant Common Shares, assuming that no shares are elected to be redeemed in connection with the Business Combination, In addition, this does not take into account:

- warrants to purchase common shares that will remain outstanding immediately following the Business Combination; or
- the issuance of any shares upon completion of the Business Combination under the 2021 EIP (as defined herein).

If any of MAAC's shares are redeemed in connection with the Business Combination, the percentage of Roivant's outstanding common shares held by public stockholders will decrease and the percentages of Roivant's outstanding common shares held immediately following the Closing of the Business Combination by each of Roivant's initial shareholders will increase. See the section entitled "Summary—Impact of the Business Combination on the Company's Public Float" and "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Information" for further information. To the extent that any of the outstanding warrants or options are exercised for Roivant Common Shares, or awards are issued under the 2021 EIP, MAAC's existing stockholders may experience substantial dilution. Such dilution could, among other things, limit the ability of MAAC's current stockholders to influence management through the election of directors following the Business Combination. In addition, the issuance of additional common stock will significantly dilute the equity interests of existing holders of MAAC securities, and may adversely affect prevailing market prices for Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants.

Since holders of MAAC's founder shares and private placement warrants will lose their entire investment in us if MAAC's initial business combination is not completed, a conflict of interest may arise in determining whether Roivant is an appropriate target for the Business Combination.

MAAC's initial holders currently own 10,267,956 Founder Shares, which will be worthless if MAAC does not consummate its initial business combination. Sponsor has purchased 10,214,365 private placement warrants for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,214,365. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to the Founder Shares, shares underlying the private placement warrants or private placement warrants, which will expire worthless if MAAC does not consummate a business combination prior to October 9, 2022. If MAAC does not consummate the Business Combination or another initial business combination, Sponsor will realize a loss on the private placement warrants it purchased. As a result, the personal and financial interests of certain of MAAC's officers and directors, directly or as members of Sponsor, in consummating the Business Combination or another initial business combination is not consummated, may in the future influence their motivation in identifying and selecting Roivant as the target for the Business Combination and, if the Business Combination and completing an initial business combination that is not in the best interests of MAAC's stockholders. Consequently, the discretion of MAAC's officers and directors, in identifying and selecting Roivant as the target business combination may result in a conflict of interest when determining whether the terms, conditions and timing of the Business Combination or another initial business combination and the terms, conditions and timing of the Business Combination or another initial business combination are appropriate and in the best interest of MAAC's public stockholders.

Since the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors will not be eligible to be reimbursed for their out-of-pocket expenses if MAAC's initial business combination is not completed, a conflict of interest may arise in determining whether the Business Combination or an alternative initial business combination target is appropriate for MAAC's initial business combination.

At the Closing of the Business Combination or, if the Business Combination is not consummated, at the closing of an alternative initial business combination, Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors, or any entities with which they are affiliated, will be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with activities on MAAC's behalf such as identifying Roivant or any alternative target businesses and performing due diligence on suitable business combinations. As of June 17, 2021, the MAAC Sponsor had incurred approximately \$23,418 of out-of-pocket expenses eligible for reimbursement if the Business Combination, or an alternative initial business combination, is consummated. There is no cap or ceiling on the reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with activities on MAAC's behalf. These financial interests of Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors may influence their motivation in identifying and selecting Roivant or an alternative target business combination and completing the Business Combination or an alternative initial business.

The exercise of MAAC's directors' and executive officers' discretion in agreeing to changes or waivers in the terms of the Business Combination may result in a conflict of interest when determining whether such changes to the terms of the Business Combination or waivers of conditions are appropriate and in MAAC's stockholders' best interest.

In the period leading up to the closing of the Business Combination, events may occur that, pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, would require MAAC to agree to amend the Business Combination Agreement, to consent to certain actions taken by Roivant or to waive rights that MAAC is entitled to under the Business Combination Agreement. Such events could arise because of changes in the course of Roivant's business, a request by Roivant to undertake actions that would otherwise be prohibited by the terms of the

Business Combination Agreement or the occurrence of other events that would have a material adverse effect on Roivant's business and would entitle MAAC to terminate the Business Combination Agreement. In any of such circumstances, it would be at MAAC's discretion, acting through its board of directors, to grant its consent or waive those rights. The existence of financial and personal interests of one or more of the directors described in the preceding risk factors may result in a conflict of interest on the part of such director(s) between what he or they may believe is best for MAAC and its stockholders and what he or they may believe is best for himself or themselves in determining whether or not to take the requested action. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, MAAC does not believe there will be any changes or waivers that MAAC's directors and executive officers would be likely to make after stockholder approval of the Business Combination Proposal has been obtained. While certain changes could be made without further stockholder approval, MAAC to circulate a new or amended proxy statement/prospectus and resolicit MAAC's stockholders if changes to the terms of the transaction that would have a material impact on its stockholders are required prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal.

Subsequent to consummation of the Business Combination, MAAC may be required to subsequently take write-downs or write-offs, restructuring and impairment or other charges that could have a significant negative effect on MAAC's financial condition, results of operations and the share price of its securities, which could cause you to lose some or all of your investment.

MAAC cannot assure you that the due diligence conducted in relation to Roivant has identified all material issues or risks associated with Roivant, its business or the industry in which it competes. As a result of these factors, MAAC may incur additional costs and expenses and MAAC may be forced to later write-odown or write-off assets, restructure its operations, or incur impairment or other charges that could result in MAAC reporting losses. Even if MAAC's due diligence has identified certain risks, unexpected risks may arise and previously known risks may materialize in a manner not consistent with its preliminary risk analysis. If any of these risks materialize, this could have a material adverse effect on MAAC's financial condition and results of operations and could contribute to negative market perceptions about MAAC's securities or Roivant. Accordingly, any stockholders of MAAC who choose to remain shareholders of Roivant following the Business Combination could suffer a reduction in the value of their investment. Such stockholders are unlikely to have a remedy for such reduction in value unless they are able to successfully pursue claims under applicable state law or federal securities laws.

The listing of Roivant securities on Nasdaq will not benefit from the process undertaken in connection with an underwritten initial public offering.

MAAC and Roivant will apply to list the Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants on Nasdaq under the symbols "ROIVV" and "ROIVW," respectively, to be effective at Closing. Unlike an underwritten initial public offering of the Roivant securities, the initial listing of Roivant's securities as a result of the Business Combination will not benefit from the following:

- the book-building process undertaken by underwriters that helps to inform efficient price discovery with respect to opening trades of newly listed securities;
- underwriter support to help stabilize, maintain or affect the public price of the new issue immediately after listing; and
- underwriter due diligence review of the offering and potential liability for material misstatements or omissions of fact in a prospectus used in connection with the securities being offered or for statements made by its securities analysts or other personnel.

The lack of such a process in connection with the listing of Roivant's securities could result in diminished investor demand, inefficiencies in pricing and a more volatile public price for Roivant's securities during the period immediately following the listing than in connection with an underwritten initial public offering.

Termination of the Business Combination Agreement could negatively impact Roivant and MAAC.

If the Business Combination is not completed for any reason, including as a result of MAAC's stockholders declining to approve the proposals required to effect the Business Combination, the ongoing business of MAAC may be adversely impacted and, without realizing any of the anticipated benefits of completing the Business Combination, MAAC would be subject to a number of risks, including the following:

- MAAC may experience negative reactions from the financial markets, including negative impacts on its share price (including to the extent that the current market price reflects a market assumption that the merger will be completed);
- MAAC will have incurred substantial expenses, to the extent not reimbursable by Roivant, and will be required to pay certain costs relating to the Business Combination, whether or not the Business Combination is completed; and
- since the Business Combination Agreement restricts the conduct of MAAC's businesses prior to completion of the Business Combination, MAAC may not have been able to take certain actions during the pendency of the Business Combination that would have benefitted it as an independent company, and the opportunity to take such actions may no longer be available. See "The Business Combination Proposal— Business Combination—Covenants of the Parties" for a description of the restrictive covenants applicable to Roivant and MAAC.

Roivant and the Vants will be subject to business uncertainties and contractual restrictions while the Business Combination is pending.

Uncertainty about the effect of the Business Combination on employees and other stakeholders may have an adverse effect on Roivant and consequently on MAAC. These uncertainties may impair Roivant's ability to attract, retain and motivate key personnel until the Business Combination is completed, and could cause Roivant's counterparties to seek to change existing business relationships. Retention of certain employees may be challenging during the pendency of the Business Combination, as certain employees may experience uncertainty about their future roles. If key employees depart because of issues relating to the uncertainty and difficulty of integration or a desire not to remain with the business, Roivant's business following the Business Combination could be negatively impacted. In addition, the Business Combination Agreement restricts Roivant from taking certain specified actions without the consent of MAAC until the Business Combination occurs. These restrictions may prevent Roivant from pursuing attractive business opportunities that may arise prior to the completion of the Business Combination. See "The Business Combination Proposal— Business Combination—Covenants of the Parties." Additionally, Roivant is a clinical stage biopharmaceutical and healthcare technology company with a limited operating history and has never generated any revenue from the sale of its product candidates. Roivant has not yet demonstrated an ability to manufacture a commercial scale product or arrange for a third party to do so on its behalf or conduct sales and marketing activities necessary for successfully in the future.

MAAC is attempting to complete the Business Combination with a private company about which little information is available, which may result in a business combination that is not as profitable as MAAC suspected, if at all.

MAAC is seeking to effectuate the Business Combination with a privately held company. MAAC cannot assure that the due diligence conducted in relation to Roivant has identified all material issues or risks associated with Roivant and its business, because little public information generally exists about private companies, including Roivant. MAAC's board of directors was required, and MAAC's stockholders will be required to evaluate the Business Combination on the basis of limited information, which may result in the Business Combination being less profitable than MAAC suspected, if at all.

Nasdaq may not list Roivant's securities on its exchange, and if they are listed Roivant may be unable to satisfy listing requirements in the future, which could limit investors' ability to effect transactions in Roivant securities and subject Roivant to additional trading restrictions.

As a result of the Business Combination, Nasdaq rules require that MAAC and Roivant apply for the listing of the Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants. While MAAC and Roivant will apply to have the Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants listed on the Nasdaq at the Closing of the Business Combination, Roivant will be required to meet Nasdaq's initial listing requirements. Roivant may be unable to meet those requirements. Even if Roivant's securities are listed on the Nasdaq immediately following the Business Combination, it may be unable to maintain the listing of its securities in the future.

If Roivant fails to meet the initial listing requirements and Nasdaq does not list Roivant's securities on its exchange, or if Roivant is delisted, there could be significant material adverse consequences, including:

- a limited availability of market quotations for Roivant's securities;
 - a limited amount of news and analyst coverage; and

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a decreased ability to obtain capital or pursue acquisitions by issuing additional equity or convertible securities.

If Roivant's performance following the Business Combination does not meet market expectations, the price of its securities may decline.

If Roivant's performance following the Business Combination does not meet market expectations, the price of the Roivant Common Shares may decline from the price of MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Closing of the Business Combination. The market value of MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination. The market value of MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination. The market value of MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination. The market value of MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination shares issued as consideration in the business Combination will not be adjusted to reflect any changes in the market price of MAAC Class A Shares A Shares, the value of the Roivant Common Shares issued in the Business Combination will not be adjusted to reflect any changes in the market price of MAAC Class A Shares A Shares on earlier dates.

In addition, if an active market for the Roivant Common Shares develops and continues, the trading price of the Roivant Common Shares following the Business Combination could be volatile and subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors, some of which are beyond its control. Prior to the Business Combination, there has not been a public market for the Roivant Common Shares, and trading in the Roivant Common Shares has not been active. Accordingly, the valuation ascribed to the Roivant Common Shares in the Business Combination may not be indicative of the price that will prevail in the trading market following the Business Combination. Any of the factors listed below could have a material adverse effect on the price of the Roivant Common Shares.

Factors affecting the trading price of the Roivant Common Shares following the closing of the Business Combination may include:

- actual or anticipated fluctuations in Roivant's quarterly and annual financial results or the quarterly and annual financial results of companies perceived to be similar to it;
- changes in the market's expectations about operating results;
- Roivant's operating results failing to meet market expectations in a particular period;
- a Vant's operating results failing to meet market expectations in a particular period, which could impact the market prices of shares of a
 public Vant or the valuation of a private Vant, and in turn adversely impact the trading price of the Roivant Common Shares;

- the results of clinical trials or pre-clinical studies at Roivant and the Vants;
- changes in financial estimates and recommendations by securities analysts concerning Roivant, the Vants or the biopharmaceutical industry and market in general;
- operating and stock price performance of other companies that investors deem comparable to Roivant;
- changes in laws and regulations affecting Roivant's and the Vants' businesses;
- commencement of, or involvement in, litigation involving MAAC or Roivant;
- changes in Roivant's capital structure, such as future issuances of securities or the incurrence of debt;
- the volume of Roivant Common Shares available for public sale;
- any significant change in Roivant's board of directors or management;
- sales of substantial amounts of Roivant Common Shares directors, executive officers or significant shareholders or the perception that such sales could occur; and
- general economic and political conditions such as recessions, interest rates, fuel prices, international currency fluctuations and acts of war
 or terrorism.

Broad market and industry factors may depress the market price of Roivant Common Shares irrespective of Roivant's or the Vants' operating performance. The stock market in general has experienced price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the particular companies affected. The trading prices and valuations of these stocks, and of Roivant's securities, may not be predictable. A loss of investor confidence in the market for companies engaging in digital payments or the stocks of other companies which investors perceive to be similar to Roivant could depress our stock price regardless of its business, prospects, financial conditions or results of operations. A decline in the market price of Roivant sability to obtain additional financing in the future.

Provisions in MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation and Delaware law may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against its directors and officers.

MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation requires, unless it consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, that (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on its behalf, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or other employee to MAAC or its stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim against MAAC, its directors, officers or employees arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation or amended and restated bylaws, or (iv) any action asserting a claim against MAAC, its directors, officers or employees governed by the internal affairs doctrine may be brought only in the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware, except any claim (A) as to which the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware determines that there is an indispensable party not subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery (and the indispensable party does not consent to the personal jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery, or (C) for which the Court of Chancery does not have subject matter jurisdiction. If an action is brought outside of Delaware, the stockholder bringing the suit will be deemed to have consented to service of process on such stockholder's counsel. Although MAAC believes this provision benefits it by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law in the types of lawsuits to which it applies, a court may determine that this provision is unenforceable, and to the extent it is enforceable, the provision may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against MAAC's directors and officers, although MAAC's stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that the exclusive forum provision will not apply to suits brought to enforce a duty or liability created by the

Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. Section 27 of the Exchange Act creates exclusive federal jurisdiction over all suits brough to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. Although MAAC believes this provision benefits it by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law in the types of lawsuits to which it applies, the provision may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against MAAC's directors and officers.

Our warrant agreement designates the courts of the State of New York or the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York as the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by holders of our warrants, which could limit the ability of warrant holders to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with our company.

Our warrant agreement provides that, subject to applicable law, (i) any action, proceeding or claim against us arising out of or relating in any way to the warrant agreement, including under the Securities Act, will be brought and enforced in the courts of the State of New York or the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and (ii) that we irrevocably submit to such jurisdiction, which jurisdiction shall be the exclusive forum for any such action, proceeding or claim. We waive any objection to such exclusive jurisdiction and that such courts represent an inconvenient forum.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, these provisions of the warrant agreement do not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal district courts of the United States of America are the sole and exclusive forum. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any of our warrants shall be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the forum provisions in our warrant agreement. If any action, the subject matter of which is within the scope the forum provisions of the Warrant agreement, is filed in a court other than a court of the State of New York or the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (a "foreign action") in the name of any holder of our warrants, such holder shall be deemed to have consented to: (x) the personal jurisdiction of the state and federal courts located in the State of New York in connection with any action brought in any such court to enforce the forum provisions (an "enforcement action") and (y) having service of process made upon such warrant holder.

This choice-of-forum provision may limit a warrant holder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with our company, which may discourage such lawsuits. Warrant holders who do bring a claim in a court of the State of New York or the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York could face additional litigation costs in pursuing any such claim, particularly if they do not reside in or near the State of New York. Alternatively, if a court were to find this provision of our warrant agreement inapplicable or unenforceable with respect to one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and result in a diversion of the time and resources of our management and board of directors.

You do not have any rights or interests in funds from the Trust Account, except under certain limited circumstances. If MAAC does not complete the Business Combination, to liquidate your investment, therefore, you may be forced to sell your MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants, potentially at a loss.

MAAC's public stockholders will be entitled to receive funds from the Trust Account only upon the earlier to occur of: (i) the completion of MAAC's initial business combination, (ii) the redemption of any MAAC Class A Shares properly tendered in connection with a stockholder vote to amend MAAC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation to (A) modify the substance or timing of MAAC's obligation to redeem 100% of MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete its initial business combination by October 9, 2022 or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to stockholders' rights and (iii) the redemption of all MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC is unable to complete MAAC's initial business combination by October 9, 2022.

subject to applicable law and as further described herein. In no other circumstances will a public stockholder have any right or interest of any kind in the Trust Account. Holders of warrants will not have any right to the proceeds held in the Trust Account with respect to the warrants. Accordingly, to liquidate your investment, you may be forced to sell your MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants, potentially at a loss.

The ability of MAAC's stockholders to exercise redemption rights with respect to MAAC Class A Shares may prevent MAAC from completing the Business Combination or optimizing its capital structure.

MAAC does not know how many stockholders will ultimately exercise their redemption rights in connection with the Business Combination. As such, the Business Combination is structured based on MAAC's expectations (and those of the other parties to the Business Combination Agreement) as to the number of shares that will be submitted for redemption. In addition, if a larger number of shares are submitted for redemption than MAAC initially expected, MAAC may need to seek to arrange for additional third party financing to be able to satisfy the Aggregate Trust Account Proceeds Condition (or such lower amount designated by the seller if the seller waives the condition).

If too many public stockholders elect to redeem their shares and additional third-party financing is not available to MAAC, MAAC may not be able to complete the Business Combination. Even if such third-party financing is available, MAAC's ability to obtain such financing is subject to restrictions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement. For information regarding the parameters of such restrictions, please see the sections of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Business Combination Proposal—Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination."

Furthermore, raising such additional financing may involve dilutive equity issuances or the incurrence of indebtedness at higher than desirable levels.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information included in this proxy statement/prospectus is preliminary, and the actual financial condition and results of operations after the merger may differ materially.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information included in this proxy statement/prospectus is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what Roivant's actual financial position or results of operations would have been had the Business Combination been completed on the date(s) indicated. The preparation of the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is based upon available information and certain assumptions and estimates that MAAC and Roivant currently believe are reasonable. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information" in this proxy statement/prospectus.

MAAC has identified a material weakness in its internal controls over financial reporting. This material weakness could continue to adversely affect its ability to report its results of operations and financial condition accurately and in a timely manner.

MAAC's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. MAAC's management also evaluates the effectiveness of its internal controls and will disclose any changes and material weaknesses identified through such evaluation in those internal controls. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal controls over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of MAAC's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

MAAC identified a material weakness in its internal control over financial reporting related to the classification of its warrants as equity instead of liabilities. On May 11, 2021, its audit committee authorized

management to restate its audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, and, accordingly, management concluded that the control deficiency that resulted in the incorrect classification of its warrants constituted a material weakness as of December 31, 2020. This material weakness resulted in a material misstatement of MAAC's warrant liabilities, change in fair value of warrant liabilities, additional paid-in capital, accumulated deficit and related financial disclosures for the affected periods.

MAAC has implemented a remediation plan to remediate the material weakness surrounding its historical presentation of its warrants but can give no assurance that the measures MAAC has taken will prevent any future material weaknesses or deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. Even though MAAC has strengthened its controls and procedures, in the future those controls and procedures may not be adequate to prevent or identify irregularities or errors or to facilitate the fair presentation of its financial statements.

The MAAC Warrants are accounted for as derivative liabilities with changes in fair value each period included in earnings, which may have an adverse effect on the market price of our securities or may make it more difficult for it to consummate an initial business combination.

The MAAC Warrants are accounted for as derivative warrant liabilities. At each reporting period (1) the accounting treatment of the warrants will be re-evaluated for proper accounting treatment as a liability or equity and (2) the fair value of the liability of the public warrants and private placement warrants will be remeasured and the change in the fair value of the liability will be recorded as other income (expense) in our income statement. The impact of changes in fair value on earnings may have an adverse effect on the market price of our securities.

The provisions of MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that relate to our pre-Business Combination activity (and corresponding provisions of the agreement governing the release of funds from its Trust Account) may be amended with the approval of holders of at least 60% of MAAC Shares, which is a lower amendment threshold than that of some other blank check companies. It may be easier for MAAC, therefore, to amend its amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation to facilitate the completion of an initial business combination that some of its stockholders may not support.

Some other blank check companies have a provision in their charter which prohibits the amendment of certain of its provisions, including those which relate to a company's pre-Business Combination activity, without approval by 90% of the company's stockholders attending and voting at an annual meeting. MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that any of its provisions related to pre-Business Combination activity (including the requirement to deposit proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering and the private placement of warrants into the Trust Account and not release such amounts except in specified circumstances, and to provide redemption rights to Public Stockholders as described herein) may be amended if approved by holders of 60% of MAAC Shares entitled to vote thereon and corresponding provisions of the trust agreement governing the release of funds from its Trust Account may be amended if approved by holders of at least 60% of MAAC Shares entitled to vote thereon. In all other instances, MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation may be amended by holders of a majority of outstanding MAAC Shares entitled to vote thereon, subject to applicable provisions of the DGCL or applicable stock exchange rules. The MAAC Sponsor and its permitted transferees, if any, who collectively beneficially own, on an as converted basis, 20% of MAAC Class A Shares upon the closing of Incorporation and/or trust agreement and have the discretion to vote in any manner they choose. As a result, MAAC may be able to amend the provisions of MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation with which you do not agree. MAAC's stockholders may pursue remedies against us for any breach of its mended and restated Certificate of Incorporation and/or trust agreement and have the discretion to vote in any manner they choose. As a result, MAAC may be able to amend the provisions of MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation which govern MAAC's pre-Business Combination behavior more e

The MAAC Sponsor, executive officers and directors have agreed, pursuant to a written agreement with MAAC, that they will not propose any amendment to MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect the substance or timing of MAAC's obligation to allow redemption in connection with MAAC is initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of its initial public offering, unless MAAC provides holders of MAAC Class A Shares with the opportunity to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay MAAC's taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses) divided by the number of then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares. These agreements are contained in letter agreements that MAAC entered into with the MAAC's directors and each member of MAAC's management team. MAAC's stockholders are not parties to, or third-party beneficiaries of, these agreements and, as a result, do not have the ability to pursue remedies against the MAAC Sponsor, executive officers or directors for any breach of these agreements. As a result, in the event of a breach, MAAC's stockholders would need to pursue a stockholder derivative action, subject to applicable law.

The Business Combination may give rise to a taxable event for U.S. Holders of MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants.

Subject to the limitations and qualifications described in "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of the Merger" below, the Business Combination is generally intended to be tax-deferred to U.S. Holders (as defined in "Material United States Tax Considerations") of MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Warrants for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that such U.S. Holders (as A Shares receive cash pursuant to the exercise of redemption rights. However, there are significant factual and legal uncertainties as to whether the Merger qualifies for tax-deferred treatment as a reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Code. Under Section 368(a) of the Code, the acquired corporation must continue, either directly or indirectly through certain controlled corporations, either a significant line of the acquired corporation 's historic business or use a significant portion of the acquired corporation's historic business assets in a business. However, there is an absence of guidance directly on point as to how the provisions of Section 368(a) of the Code apply in the case of an acquisition of a corporation with investment-type assets, such as MAAC. There are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning the determination of this requirement. Moreover, qualification of the Merger for tax-deferred treatment is based on facts which will not be known until or following the closing of the Merger, and the closing of the Merger is not conditioned upon the receipt of an opinion of counsel that the Merger qualifies for tax-deferred treatment, and neither MAAC nor Roivant intends to request a ruling from the United States Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Merger.

If any requirement for Section 368(a) of the Code is not met, then a U.S. Holder of MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants may recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the fair market value (as of the Closing Date) of Roivant Common Shares received in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by Roivant in the Merger, over such U.S. Holder's aggregate tax basis in the corresponding MAAC Class A Shares surrendered by such U.S. Holder in the Merger or MAAC Warrants assumed by Roivant in the Merger, respectively.

Section 367(a) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, in certain circumstances, may impose additional requirements for certain U.S. Holders to qualify for tax-deferred treatment with respect to the exchange of MAAC Class A Shares and/or the assumption of MAAC Warrants by Roivant in the Merger. The requirements for tax-deferred treatment, including Section 367(a) of the Code, and the U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. Holders if such requirements are not met are discussed in more detail under the sections entitled "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of the Merger" and "Material United States Tax Considerations—Additional Requirements for Tax Deferral." If you are a U.S. Holder exchanging

MAAC Class A Shares in the Merger or holding MAAC Warrants at the time of the consummation of the Merger, you are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine the tax consequences thereof.

Furthermore, if a U.S. Holder exercises its redemption rights to receive cash from the trust account in exchange for a portion or, if such U.S. Holder maintains its ownership of MAAC Warrants, all of its MAAC Class A Shares, such redemption may be treated as integrated with the Merger rather than as a separate transaction. In such case, cash received by such U.S. Holder in the redemption may also be treated as taxable boot received in a "reorganization" which, depending on the circumstances applicable to such U.S. Holder, may be treated as capital gain (but not loss) or dividend income. If the IRS were to assert, and a court were to sustain such a contrary position, such U.S. Holder may be required to recognize more gain or income than if the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares was treated as a separate transaction from the exchanges pursuant to the Merger. For further discussion on the tax implications of such treatment, please see the discussion under the headings "Material United States Tax Considerations.—Tax Consequences of Exercising Redemption Rights," If you are a U.S. Holder exercising your redemption rights with respect to the MAAC Class A Shares, you are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine the tax consequences if the Merger and the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares are to be treated as an integrated transaction.

The IRS may not agree that Roivant should be treated as a non-U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Under current U.S. federal income tax law, a corporation generally will be considered to be a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes only if it is created or organized in the United States or or any State. Accordingly, under generally applicable U.S. federal income tax rules, Roivant, which is not created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any State. Accordingly, under generally applicable U.S. federal income tax rules, Roivant, which is not created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any State but is instead a Bermuda incorporated entity and tax resident of the UK, would generally be classified as a non-U.S. corporation. Section 7874 of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, however, contain specific rules that may cause a non-U.S. federal income tax purposes. If it were determined that Roivant is treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Section 7874 of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, Roivant would be liable for U.S. federal income tax on its income just like any other U.S. corporation and certain distributions made by Roivant to its shareholders that are not U.S. Holders (as defined in "Material United States Tax Considerations—) of Roivant as Non-U.S. Corporation for U.S. Federal income tax purposes under Section 7874 of the Code. However, whether the requirements for such treatment have been satisfied must be finally determined after the completion of The Sury regulations relating to the required onvership of Roivant is subject to uncertainty and there is limited guidance regarding their application. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a contrary position to those described above or that a court will not agree with a contrary position of the RS in the event of litigation. You are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine the tax consequences if the classification of Roivant as a non-U.S. cor

We may amend the terms of the warrants in a manner that may be adverse to holders of public warrants with the approval by the holders of at least 50% of the then outstanding public warrants. As a result, the exercise price of your warrants could be increased, the exercise period could be shortened and the number of shares purchasable upon exercise of a warrant could be decreased, all without your approval.

Our warrants were issued in registered form under a warrant agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as warrant agent, and us.

The warrant agreement provides that the terms of the warrants may be amended without the consent of any holder for the purpose of (i) curing any ambiguity or correct any mistake or defective provision (ii) amending the

provisions relating to cash dividends on common stock as contemplated by and in accordance with the warrant agreement or (iii) adding or changing any provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under the warrant agreement as the parties to the warrant agreement may deem necessary or desirable and that the parties deem to not adversely affect the rights of the registered holders of the warrants, provided that the approval by the holders of at least 50% of the then-outstanding public warrants is required to make any change that adversely affects the interests of the registered holders of at least 50% of the then-outstanding public warrants is nequired to make any change that adversely affects the interests of the registered holders of public warrants. Accordingly, we may amend the terms of the public warrants in a manner adverse to a holder if holders of at least 50% of the then outstanding public warrants is unlimited, examples of such amendments could be amendments to, among other things, increase the exercise price of the warrants, convert the warrants into cash, shorten the exercise period or decrease the number of MAAC Class A Shares purchasable upon exercise of a warrant.

The MAAC Sponsor may have interests in the Merger different from the interests of MAAC's public stockholders.

The MAAC Sponsor has financial interests in the Business Combination that are different from, or in addition to, those of other MAAC stockholders generally. See the section entitled "The Business Combination Proposal—Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination" for more information. In addition, the MAAC Sponsor may be incentivized to complete the Business Combination, or an alternative initial business combination with a less favorable company or on terms less favorable to shareholders, rather than to liquidate, in which case the MAAC Sponsor would lose its entire investment. As a result, the MAAC Sponsor may have a conflict of interest in determining whether Roivant is an appropriate business of MAAC—Directors and Executive Officers—Conflicts of Interest" for more information. The MAAC board of directors was aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in evaluating and unanimously approving the Business Combination and in recommending to MAAC stockholders that they approve the Business Combination.

The MAAC Sponsor and its affiliates may receive a positive return on the 10,167,956 Founder Shares and 10,214,365 private placement warrants even if MAAC's public stockholders experience a negative return on their investment after consummation of the Merger.

If MAAC is able to complete a business combination within the required time period, the MAAC Sponsor may receive a positive return on the 10,167,956 Founder Shares (after giving effect to the MAAC Sponsor's surrender of 1,232,044 Founder Shares to the Company for no consideration), which were acquired by the MAAC Sponsor for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 prior to MAAC's initial public offering, and the 10,214,365 private placement warrants, which were acquired for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,214,365 (or \$1.00 per warrant) concurrently with completion of MAAC's initial public offering, even if MAAC's public stockholders experience a negative return on their investment in MAAC Class A Shares and private placement warrants after consummation of the Merger.

Risks Related to the Redemption

Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference in this section to "MAAC," the "Company," "we," "us" or "our" refers to MAAC prior to the Business Combination and to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination. Public Stockholders who wish to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares for a pro rata portion of the Trust Account must comply with specific requirements for redemption that may make it more difficult for them to exercise their redemption rights prior to the deadline. If stockholders fail to comply with the redemption requirements specified in this proxy statement/prospectus, they will not be entitled to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares for a pro rata portion of the funds held in the Trust Account.

A public stockholder will be entitled to receive cash for any MAAC Class A Shares to be redeemed only if such public stockholder: (i)(a) holds MAAC Class A Shares, or (b) if the public stockholder holds MAAC Class A Shares through units, the public stockholder elects to separate its units into the underlying MAAC Class A Shares and public warrants prior to exercising its redemption rights with respect to the MAAC Class A Shares; (ii) submits a written request to Continental, MAAC's transfer agent, in which it (a) requests that Roivant redeem all or a portion of its MAAC Class A Shares for cash, and (b) identifies itself as a beneficial holder of the MAAC Class A Shares and provides its legal name, phone number and address; and (iii) delivers its MAAC Class A Shares to Continental, MAAC's transfer agent, physically to Continental or electronically through DWAC. Holders must complete the procedures for electing to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares in the manner described above prior to , 2021 (two days prior to the initial vote on the Business Combination) in order for their shares to be redeemed. In order to obtain a physical share certificate, a stockholder's broker and/or clearing broker, DTC and Continental, MAAC's transfer agent, will need to act to facilitate this request. It is MAAC's understanding that stockholders should generally allot at least two weeks to obtain physical certificates from the transfer agent. However, because MAAC does not have any control over this process or over DTC, it may take significantly longer than two weeks to obtain a physical scheck cultifier. If it takes longer than anticipated to obtain a physical certificate, public stockholders who wish to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares may be unable to obtain physical certificates by the deadline for exercising their redemption rights and thus will be unable to redeem their shares.

If the Business Combination is consummated, and if a public stockholder properly exercises its right to redeem all or a portion of the MAAC Class A Shares that it holds and timely delivers its shares to Continental, MAAC's transfer agent, Roivant will redeem such MAAC Class A Shares for a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the pro rata portion of the Trust Account established at the consummation of our initial public offering, calculated as of two business days prior to the consummation of the Business Combination. Please see the section entitled "Special Meeting of MAAC Stockholders—Redemption Rights" for additional information on how to exercise your redemption rights.

If a public stockholder fails to receive notice of MAAC's offer to redeem MAAC Class A Shares in connection with the Business Combination, or fails to comply with the procedures for tendering its shares, such shares may not be redeemed.

If, despite MAAC's compliance with the proxy rules, a public stockholder fails to receive MAAC's proxy materials, such public stockholder may not become aware of the opportunity to redeem his, her or its MAAC Class A Shares. In addition, the proxy materials that MAAC is furnishing to holders of MAAC Class A Shares in connection with the Business Combination describes the various procedures that must be complied with in order to validly redeem the MAAC Class A Shares. In the event that a public stockholder fails to comply with these procedures, its MAAC Class A Shares may not be redeemed. Please see the section entitled "Special Meeting of MAAC Stockholders—Redemption Rights" for additional information on how to exercise your redemption rights.

If the minimum Trust Account condition is waived, MAAC does not have a specified maximum redemption threshold. The absence of such a redemption threshold may make it possible for us to complete the Business Combination with which a substantial majority of MAAC's stockholders do not agree.

The Existing Governing Documents do not provide a specified maximum redemption threshold, except that MAAC will not redeem MAAC Class A Shares in an amount that would cause MAAC's net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 after giving effect to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination

Agreement, the PIPE Financing and all of the MAAC stockholder redemptions (as determined in accordance with Rule 3a51-1(g)(1) of the Exchange Act).

As a result, MAAC may be able to complete the Business Combination even though a substantial portion of public stockholders do not agree with the transaction and have redeemed their shares or have entered into privately negotiated agreements to sell their shares to Sponsor, directors or officers or their affiliates. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, no agreements with respect to the private purchase of MAAC Class A Shares by MAAC or the persons described above have been entered into with any such investor or holder. MAAC will file or submit a Current Report on Form 8-K to disclose any material arrangements entered into or significant purchases made by any of the aforementioned persons that would affect the vote on the proposals to be put to the extraordinary general meeting or the redemption threshold. Any such report will include descriptions of any arrangements entered into or significant purchases by any of the aforementioned persons.

If you or a "group" of stockholders of which you are a part are deemed to hold an aggregate of more than 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares, you (or, if a member of such a group, all of the members of such group in the aggregate) will lose the ability to redeem all such shares in excess of 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares.

A public stockholder, together with any of his, her or its affiliates or any other person with whom it is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined under Section 13 of the Exchange Act), will be restricted from redeeming in the aggregate his, her or its shares or, if part of such a group, the group's shares, in excess of 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares. In order to determine whether a stockholder is acting in concert or as a group with another stockholder, MAAC will require each public stockholder seeking to exercise redemption rights to certify to MAAC whether such stockholder is acting in concert or as a group with any other stockholder. Such certifications, together with other public information relating to stock ownership available to MAAC at that time, such as Section 13D, Section 13G and Section 16 filings under the Exchange Act, will be the sole basis on which MAAC makes the above-referenced determination. Your inability to redeem any such excess shares will reduce your influence over MAAC's ability to consummate the Business Combination and you could suffer a material loss on your investment in MAAC if you sell such excess shares in open market transactions. Additionally, you will continue to hold that number of shares aggregating to more than 15% of the MAAC cans A Shares and, in order to dispose of such excess shares, would be required to sell your stock in open market transactions, potentially at a loss. MAAC cannot assure you that the value of such excess shares will appreciate over time following the Business Combination or that the market price of the MAAC Class A Shares will exceed the per-share redemption price. Notwithstanding the foregoing, stockholders may challenge MAAC's determination as to whether a stockholder is acting in concert or as a group with another stockholder in a court of competent jurisdiction.

However, MAAC's stockholders' ability to vote all of their shares (including such excess shares) for or against the Business Combination is not restricted by this limitation on redemption.

There is no guarantee that a stockholder's decision whether to redeem its shares for a pro rata portion of the Trust Account will put the stockholder in a better future economic position.

MAAC can give no assurance as to the price at which a stockholder may be able to sell its MAAC Class A Shares in the future following the completion of the Business Combination or any alternative business combination. Certain events following the consummation of any initial business combination, including the Business Combination, may cause an increase in MAAC share price, and may result in a lower value realized now than a stockholder of MAAC might realize in the future had the stockholder not redeemed its shares. Similarly, if a stockholder does not redeem its shares, the stockholder will bear the risk of ownership of the MAAC Class A Shares after the consummation of any initial business combination, and there can be no assurance that a stockholder can sell its shares in the future for a greater amount than the redemption price set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus. A stockholder should consult the stockholder's own financial advisor for assistance on how this may affect his, her or its individual situation.

The securities in which we invest the funds held in the Trust Account could bear a negative rate of interest, which could reduce the value of the assets held in trust such that the per-share redemption amount received by public stockholders may be less than \$10.00 per share.

The proceeds held in the Trust Account will be invested only in U.S. government treasury obligations with a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act, which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. While short-term U.S. government treasury obligations currently yield a positive rate of interest, they have briefly yielded negative interest rates in recent years. Central banks in Europe and Japan pursued interest rates below zero in recent years, and the Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve has not ruled out the possibility that it may in the future adopt similar policies in the United States. In the event that we are unable to complete our initial business combination or make certain amendments to our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association, our public stockholders are entitled to receive their pro-rate share of the proceeds held in the Trust Account, plus any interest income, net of income taxes paid or payable (less, in the case we are unable to complete our initial business combination, \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses). Negative interest rates could reduce the value of the assets held in trust such that the per-share redemption amount received by public stockholders may be less than \$10.00 per share.

Risks if the Adjournment Proposal is Not Approved

If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved, and an insufficient number of votes have been obtained to authorize the consummation of the Business Combination, the MAAC Board will not have the ability to adjourn the special MAAC meeting to a later date in order to solicit further votes, and, therefore, the Business Combination will not be approved, and, therefore, the Business Combination may not be consummated.

The MAAC Board is seeking approval to adjourn the special MAAC meeting to a later date or dates if, at the extraordinary general meeting, based upon the tabulated votes, there are insufficient votes to approve each of the Condition Precedent Proposals. If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved, the MAAC Board will not have the ability to adjourn the extraordinary general meeting to a later date and, therefore, will not have more time to solicit votes to approve the proposals. In such events, the Business Combination would not be completed.

Risks Related to Roivant Following the Consummation of the Business Combination

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this subsection "—Risks Related to Roivant Following the Consummation of the Business Combination" to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates from and after the consummation of the Business Combination.

Roivant will incur increased costs as a result of operating as a public company, and its management will devote substantial time to new compliance initiatives.

If the Business Combination is completed and Roivant becomes a public company, it will incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that it did not incur as a private company, and these expenses may increase even more after Roivant is no longer an emerging growth company, as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act. In addition, we expect to record share based compensation expense of approximately \$ in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination.

As a public company, Roivant will be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the Dodd-Frank Act, as well as rules adopted, and to be adopted, by the SEC and the Nasdaq. Roivant's management and other personnel will need to devote a substantial amount of time to these compliance initiatives. Moreover, Roivant expects these rules and regulations to substantially increase its legal and financial compliance costs and to make some activities more time-consuming and costly. For example, Roivant expects these rules and regulations to make it more difficult and more expensive for it to obtain director and officer liability insurance and it may be forced to accept reduced policy limits or incur substantially higher

costs to maintain the same or similar coverage. Roivant cannot predict or estimate the amount or timing of additional costs it may incur to respond to these requirements. The impact of these requirements could also make it more difficult for Roivant to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on its board of directors, its board committees or as executive officers.

Roivant's failure to timely and effectively implement controls and procedures required by Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act that will be applicable to it after the Business Combination is consummated could have a material adverse effect on its business.

Roivant is currently not subject to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. However, following the consummation of the Business Combination, Roivant will be required to provide management's attestation on internal controls. The standards required for a public company under Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act are significantly more stringent than those required of Roivant as a privately-held company. Management may not be able to effectively and timely implement controls and procedures that adequately respond to the increased regulatory compliance and reporting requirements that will be applicable after the Business Combination. If Roivant is not able to implement the additional requirements of Section 404(a) in a timely manner or with adequate compliance, it may not be able to assess whether its internal controls over financial reporting are effective, which may subject it to adverse regulatory consequences and could harm investor confidence and the market price of its securities.

Failure to properly implement internal controls on a timely basis may lead to the identification of one or more material weaknesses or control deficiencies in the future, which may prevent us from being able to report our financial results accurately on a timely basis or help prevent fraud, and could cause our reported financial results to be materially misstated and result in the loss of investor confidence or delisting and cause the market price of our common shares to decline. If we have material weaknesses in the future, it could affect the financial results that we report or create a perception that those financial results do not fairly state our financial position or results of operations. Either of those events could have an adverse effect on the value of our common shares.

Further, even if we conclude that our internal control over financial reporting provides reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP, because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect fraud or misstatements. Failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation, could harm our results of operations or cause us to fail to meet our future reporting obligations.

Roivant may redeem your unexpired warrants prior to their exercise at a time that is disadvantageous to you, thereby making your warrants worthless.

Following the Business Combination, Roivant has the ability to redeem outstanding warrants at any time after they become exercisable and prior to their expiration, at a price of \$0.01 per warrant, provided that the last reported sales price of Roivant Common Shares is equal to or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for share sub divisions, share capitalizations, rights issuances, subdivisions, rogranizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading-day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date they send the notice of redemption to the warrant holders. If and when the warrants become redeemable by Roivant, they may not exercise their redemption right if the issuance of shares upon exercise of the warrants is not exempt from registration or qualification under applicable state blue sky laws or Roivant is unable to effect such registration or qualification. Roivant will use its best efforts to register or qualify such shares under the blue sky laws of the state of residence in those states in which the warrants were offered by us in this offering. Redemption of the outstanding warrants could force you (i) to exercise your warrants and pay the exercise price therefor at a time when it may be disadvantageous for you to do so, (ii) to sell your warrants at the then-current market price when you might otherwise wish to hold your warrants or (iii) to accept the nominal redemption price which, at the time the outstanding warrants are called for redemption, is likely to be substantially less than the market value of your warrants.

In addition, following the Business Combination, Roivant may redeem your warrants at any time after they become exercisable and prior to their expiration at a price of \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption provided that holders will be able to exercise their warrants prior to redemption for a number of common shares determined based on the redemption date and the fair market value of Roivant Common Shares. Please see "Description of Securities—Redeemable Warrants—Public Shareholders' Warrants—Redemption of warrants for common shares when the price per common share equals or exceeds \$10.00." The value received upon exercise of the warrants (1) may be less than the value the holders would have received if they had exercised their warrants at a later time where the underlying share price is higher and (2) may not compensate the holders for the value of the warrants, including because the number of shares received is capped at 0.361 common shares per warrant (subject to adjustment) irrespective of the remaining life of the warrants. None of the private placement warrants will be redeemable by us (except as set forth under "Description of Securities—Warrants—Public Shareholders' Warrants—Redemption of warrants for common shares when the price per common shares due to the private placement warrants will be redeemable by us (except as set forth under "Description of Securities—Warrants—Public Shareholders' Warrants—Redemption of warrants for common shares when the price per common share equals or exceeds \$10.00") so long as they are held by the MAAC Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

Following the Business Combination, Roivant's management will have the ability to require holders of Roivant's warrants to exercise such warrants on a cashless basis, which will cause holders to receive fewer common shares upon their exercise of the warrants than they would have received had they been able to exercise their warrants for cash.

If Roivant calls the public warrants for redemption after the redemption criteria described elsewhere in this prospectus have been satisfied, Roivant's management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise their warrant (including any warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's former officers or directors, other purchasers of MAAC's founders' units, or their permitted transferees) to do so on a "cashless basis." If Roivant's management chooses to require holders to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis, the number of common shares received by a holder upon exercise will be fewer than it would have been had such holder exercised his warrant for cash. This will have the effect of reducing the potential "upside" of the holder's investment in Roivant's company.

Changes in laws or regulations, or a failure to comply with any laws and regulations, may adversely affect Roivant's business, investments and results of operations.

Roivant is subject to laws and regulations enacted by national, regional and local governments. In particular, it will be required to comply with certain SEC and other legal requirements. Compliance with, and monitoring of, applicable laws and regulations may be difficult, time consuming and costly. Those laws and regulations and their interpretation and application may also change from time to time and those changes could have a material adverse effect on Roivant's business, investments and results of operations. In addition, a failure to comply with applicable laws or regulations, as interpreted and applied, could have a material adverse effect on Roivant's business and results of operations.

Risks Related to the Ownership of Roivant Common Shares Following the Business Combination

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this subsection "—Risks Related to Roivant Following the Consummation of the Business Combination" to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates from and after the consummation of the Business Combination.

Anti-takeover provisions in Roivant's memorandum of association, proposed bye-laws and Bermuda law could delay or prevent a change in control, limit the price investors may be willing to pay in the future for Roivant Common Shares and could entrench management.

Roivant's memorandum of association and proposed bye-laws contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a third-party to acquire us without the consent of our board of directors. These provisions provide for:

- a classified board of directors with staggered three-year terms;
- the ability of Roivant's Board of Directors to determine the powers, preferences and rights of preference shares and to cause us to
 issue the preference shares without shareholder approval;
- the ability of Roivant's Board of Directors to prevent the transfer of capital stock, or the exercise of rights with respect to Roivant's capital stock, if the effect of such transfer or exercise of rights would result in a shareholder holding more than 9.9% of the total issued and outstanding shares of Roivant capital stock on a fully diluted basis; and
- requiring advance notice for shareholder proposals and nominations and placing limitations on convening shareholder meetings.

These provisions may make more difficult the removal of management and may discourage transactions that otherwise could involve payment of a premium over prevailing market prices for Roivant's securities. These provisions could also discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for you and other shareholders to elect directors of your choosing and cause us to take corporate actions other than those you desire, any of which could harm Roivant's share price. See "Description of Securities Post-Business Combination."

Roivant's largest shareholders and certain members of Roivant's management own a significant percentage of our stock and will be able to exert significant control over matters subject to shareholder approval.

Roivant's founder and certain of our largest shareholders are expected to hold approximately 77.7% of our common shares following the Business Combination (assuming no MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed). As a result, these holders will have the ability to substantially influence Roivant and exert significant control through this ownership position and, in the case of certain holders, service on Roivant's board of directors. For example, these holders may be able to control elections of directors, issuance of equity, including to Roivant's employees under equity incentive plans, amendments of Roivant's organizational documents, or approval of any merger, amalgamation, sale of assets or other major corporate transaction. These holders' interests may not always coincide with Roivant's corporate interests or the interests of other shareholders, and it may exercise its voting and other rights in a manner with which you may not agree or that may not be in the best interests of Roivant's other shareholders. So long as these holders continue to wan a significant amount of Roivant's equity, they will continue to be able to strongly influence and effectively control Roivant's decisions.

Future sales and issuances of our or the Vants' equity securities or rights to purchase equity securities, including pursuant to our or the Vants' equity incentive and other compensatory plans, will result in additional dilution of the percentage ownership of our shareholders and could cause our share price to fall.

We and the Vants will need additional capital in the future to continue our planned operations. To the extent we raise additional capital by issuing equity securities, including in our subsidiaries, our shareholders may experience substantial dilution. We or the Vants may sell common shares, convertible securities or other equity securities in one or more transactions at prices and in a manner we determine from time to time. If we sell common shares, convertible securities or other equity securities in more than one transaction, investors may be materially diluted by subsequent sales. In addition, new investors could gain rights superior to our existing shareholders.

Pursuant to our 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 EIP"), we are authorized to grant options and other share-based awards to our employees, directors and consultants. The aggregate number of shares initially

reserved for issuance under the 2021 EIP will be increased annually on the first day of each fiscal year during the term of the plan in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) 5% of the number of Roivant Common Shares outstanding as of the day of the immediately preceding fiscal year and (ii) such number of Roivant Common Shares as determined by our board of directors in its discretion. As a result of this annual increase, or if our board of directors elects in the future to make any additional increase in the number of shares available for future grant under the 2021 EIP, and if our shareholders approve of any such additional increase, our shareholders may experience additional dilution, and our share price may fall.

Issuance of options and other share-based awards pursuant to equity incentive plans at the Vants may indirectly have a similar effect of diluting your ownership in Roivant since a portion of the value of Roivant Common Shares is tied to the value of the Vants, which would be diluted in the event of a grant of options or other similar equity grants to the employees of the Vants.

If securities analysts do not publish research or reports about our business or if they publish negative evaluations of our shares, the price of our shares could decline.

The trading market for Roivant's securities will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts may publish about Roivant, its business, market or competitors. Securities and industry analysts do not currently, and may never, publish research on Roivant. If no securities or industry analysts commence coverage of Roivant, Roivant's share price and trading volume would likely be negatively impacted. If any of the analysts who may cover Roivant change their recommendation regarding Roivant Common Shares adversely, or provide more favorable relative recommendations about its competitors, the price of Roivant Common Shares would likely decline. If any analyst who may cover Roivant were to cease coverage or fail to regularly publish reports, Roivant could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause its share price or trading volume to decline.

Roivant's founder and certain of our largest shareholders will own a substantial portion of our common shares. As a result, there may be limited liquidity for our common shares.

Roivant's founder and certain of our largest shareholders are expected to hold approximately 77.7% of our common shares following the Business Combination (assuming no MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed). Such shareholders are subject to the lock-ups described elsewhere in this prospectus, and as a result there may initially be limited liquidity in the trading market for our common shares. In addition, even once the applicable lock-up periods expire, the liquidity for our common shares may remain limited given the substantial holdings of such shareholders, which could make the price of our common shares more volatile and may make it more difficult for investors to buy or sell large amounts of our common shares.

Because there are no current plans to pay cash dividends on Roivant Common Shares for the foreseeable future, you may not receive any return on investment unless you sell Roivant Common Shares for a price greater than that which you paid for it.

Roivant may retain future earnings, if any, for future operations, expansion and debt repayment and has no current plans to pay any cash dividends for the foreseeable future. Any decision to declare and pay dividends as a public company in the future will be made at the discretion of Roivant's board of directors and will depend on, among other things, Roivant's results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, contractual restrictions, applicable law and other factors that Roivant's board of directors may deem relevant. In addition, Roivant's ability to pay dividends may be limited by covenants of any existing and future outstanding indebtedness it or its subsidiaries incur. As a result, you may not receive any return on an investment in Roivant Common Shares unless you sell your shares of for a price greater than that which you paid for it.

We are an exempted company limited by shares incorporated under the laws of Bermuda and following the completion of the Business Combination it may be difficult for you to enforce judgments against us or our directors and executive officers.

We are an exempted company limited by shares incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. As a result, the rights of our shareholders following the completion of the Business Combination will be governed by Bermuda law and our memorandum of association and proposed bye-laws. The rights of shareholders under Bermuda law may differ from the rights of shareholders of companies incorporated in another jurisdiction. It may be difficult for investors to enforce in the U.S. judgments obtained in U.S. courts against us based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. securities laws. It is doubtful whether courts in Bermuda will enforce judgments obtained in other jurisdictions, including the U.S., against us or our directors or officers under the securities laws of those jurisdictions or entertain actions in Bermuda against us or our directors or officers under the securities laws of other jurisdictions.

Bermuda law differs from the laws in effect in the U.S. and may afford less protection to our shareholders.

We are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. As a result, our corporate affairs are governed by the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, as amended, (the "Companies Act") which differs in some material respects from laws typically applicable to U.S. corporations and shareholders, including the provisions relating to interested directors, amalgamations, mergers and acquisitions, takeovers, shareholder lawsuits and indemnification of directors. Generally, the duties of directors and officers of a Bermuda company are owed to the company only. Shareholders of Bermuda companies typically do not have rights to take action against directors or officers of the company and may only do so in limited circumstances. Shareholder class actions are not available under Bermuda law. The circumstances in which shareholder derivative actions may be available under Bermuda law are substantially more proscribed and less clear than they would be to shareholders of U.S. corporations. The Bermuda courts, however, would ordinarily be expected to permit a shareholder to commence an action in the name of a company to remedy a wrong to the company where the act complained of is alleged to be beyond the corporate power of the company or illegal or would result in the violation of the company's memorandum of association or bye-laws. Furthermore, consideration would be given by a Bermuda court to acts that are alleged to constitute a fraud against the minority shareholders or, for instance, where an act requires the approval of a greater percentage of the company's shareholders than they word it.

When the affairs of a company are being conducted in a manner that is oppressive or prejudicial to the interests of some shareholders, one or more shareholders may apply to the Supreme Court of Bermuda, which may make such order as it sees fit, including an order regulating the conduct of the company's affairs in the future or ordering the purchase of the shares of any shareholders by other shareholders or by the company. Additionally, under our proposed bye-laws that will be in effect from the completion of the Business Combination, and as permitted by Bermuda law, each shareholder will waive any claim or right of action against our directors or officers for any action taken by directors or officers in the performance of their duties, except for actions involving fraud or dishonesty. In addition, the rights of our shareholders and the fiduciary responsibilities of our directors under Bermuda law are not as clearly established as under statutes or judicial precedent in existence in jurisdictions in the U.S., particularly the State of Delaware. Therefore, following the completion of the Business Combination, our shareholders may have more difficulty protecting their interests than would shareholders of a corporation incorporated in a jurisdiction within the U.S.

There are regulatory limitations on the ownership and transfer of our common shares.

Common shares may be offered or sold in Bermuda only in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act and the Bermuda Investment Business Act 2003, which regulates the sale of securities in Bermuda. In addition, the Bermuda Monetary Authority must approve all issues and transfers of shares of a Bermuda exempted company. However, the Bermuda Monetary Authority has, pursuant to its statement of June 1, 2005, given its general permission under the Exchange Control Act 1972 and related regulations for the



issue and free transfer of our common shares to and among persons who are non-residents of Bermuda for exchange control purposes as long as the shares are listed on an appointed stock exchange, which includes Nasdaq. Additionally, we have sought and have obtained a specific permission from the Bermuda Monetary Authority for the issue and transfer of our common shares up to the amount of our authorized capital from time to time, and options, warrants, depository receipts, rights, loan notes, debt instruments and our other securities to persons resident and non-resident for exchange control purposes with the need for prior approval of such issue or transfer. The general permission or the specific permission would cease to apply if we were to cease to be listed on the Nasdaq or another appointed stock exchange.

Legislation enacted in Bermuda as to economic substance may affect our operations.

Pursuant to the Economic Substance Act 2018 of Bermuda, as amended (the "Economic Substance Act") that came into force on January 1, 2019, a registered entity other than an entity which is resident for tax purposes in certain jurisdictions outside Bermuda (a "non-resident entity") that carries on as a business any one or more of the "relevant activities" referred to in the Economic Substance Act must comply with economic substance requirements. The Economic Substance Act may require in-scope Bermuda entities which are engaged in such "relevant activities" to be directed and managed in Bermuda, have an adequate level of qualified employees in Bermuda, incur an adequate level of annual expenditure in Bermuda, maintain physical offices and premises in Bermuda or perform core income-generating activities in Bermuda. The list of "relevant activities" includes carrying on any one or more of: banking, insurance, fund management, financing, leasing, headquarters, shipping, distribution and service centre, intellectual property and holding entities.

Based on the Economic Substance Act currently, for so long as we are a non-resident entity, we are not required to satisfy any such economic substance requirements other than providing the Bermuda Registrar of Companies annually information on the jurisdiction in which it claims to be resident for tax purposes together with sufficient evidence to support that tax residence. We currently do not anticipate material impact on our business or operations from the Economic Substance Act. However, since such legislation is new and remains subject to further clarification and interpretation, it is not currently possible to ascertain the precise impact of the Economic Substance Act on us. If we ceased to be a non-resident entity, we may be unable to comply with the Economic Substance Act, either of which may have a material adverse effect on our business.

We may become subject to unanticipated tax liabilities and higher effective tax rates.

We are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. We are centrally managed and controlled in the U.K., and under current U.K. tax law, a company which is centrally managed and controlled in the U.K. is regarded as resident in the U.K. for taxation purposes. Accordingly, we expect to be subject to U.K. taxation on our income and gains, and subject to U.K.'s controlled foreign company rules, except where an exemption applies. We may be treated as a dual resident company for U.K. tax purposes. As a result, our right to claim certain reliefs from U.K. tax may be restricted, and changes in law or practice in the U.K. could result in the imposition of further restrictions on our right to claim U.K. tax reliefs. We may also become subject to income, withholding or other taxes in certain jurisdictions by reason of our activities and operations, and it is also possible that taxing authorities in any such jurisdictions could assert that we are subject to greater taxation than we currently anticipate. Any such additional tax liability could materially adversely affect our results of operations.

The intended tax effects of our corporate structure and intercompany arrangements depend on the application of the tax laws of various jurisdictions and on how we operate our business.

We are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. We currently have subsidiaries in the U.S., U.K., Switzerland, China and certain other jurisdictions. If we succeed in growing our business, we expect to conduct increased operations through our subsidiaries in various countries and tax jurisdictions, in part through intercompany service agreements between our subsidiaries and us. In that case, our corporate structure and

intercompany transactions, including the manner in which we develop and use our intellectual property, will be organized so that we can achieve our business objectives in a tax-efficient manner and in compliance with applicable transfer pricing rules and regulations. If two or more affiliated companies are located in different countries or tax jurisdictions, the tax laws and regulations of each country generally will require that transfer prices be the same as those between unrelated companies dealing at am's length and that appropriate documentation be maintained to support the transfer prices. While we believe that we operate in compliance with applicable transfer pricing laws and intend to continue to do so, our transfer price prices are not binding on applicable taxing authorities. If taxing authorities in any of these countries were to successfully challenge Roivant's transfer prices as not reflecting arm's length transactions, they could require it to adjust its transfer prices and thereby reallocate its income to reflect these revised transfer prices, which could result in a higher tax liability to Roivant. In addition, if the country from which the income is reallocated does not agree with the reallocation, both countries could tax the same income, resulting in double taxation. If taxing authorities were to allocate income to a higher tax jurisdiction, subject Roivant's income to double taxation or assess interest and penalties, it would increase its consolidated tax liability, which could adversely affect Roivant's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Significant judgment is required in evaluating our tax positions and determining our provision for income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. For example, our effective tax rates could be adversely affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates or by changes in the relevant tax, accounting, and other laws, regulations, principles, and interpretations. As we intend to operate in numerous countries and taxing jurisdictions, the application of tax laws can be subject to diverging and sometimes conflicting interpretations by tax authorities of these jurisdictions. It is not uncommon for taxing authorities in different countries to have conflicting views, for instance, with respect to, among other things, the manner in which the arm's length standard is applied for transfer pricing purposes, or with respect to the valuation of intellectual property.

In addition, tax laws are dynamic and subject to change as new laws are passed and new interpretations of the law are issued or applied. We continue to assess the impact of such changes in tax laws and interpretations on our business and may determine that changes to our structure, practice, tax positions or the manner in which we conduct our business are necessary in light of such changes and developments in the tax laws of other jurisdictions in which we operate. Such changes may nevertheless be ineffective in avoiding an increase in our consolidated tax liability, which could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Changes in our effective tax rate may reduce our net income in future periods.

Our tax position could be adversely impacted by changes in tax rates, tax laws, tax practice, tax treaties or tax regulations or changes in the interpretation thereof by the tax authorities in Europe (including the U.K. and Switzerland), the U.S., Bermuda, China and other jurisdictions, as well as being affected by certain changes currently proposed by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development and their action plan on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting. Such changes may become more likely as a result of recent economic trends in the jurisdictions in which we operate, particularly if such trends continue. If such a situation were to arise, it could adversely impact our tax position and our effective tax rate. Failure to manage the risks associated with such changes, or misinterpretation of the laws providing such changes, could result in costly audits, interest, penalties, and reputational damage, which could adversely affect our business, results of our operations, and our financial condition.

Our actual effective tax rate may vary from our expectation and that variance may be material. A number of factors may increase our future effective tax rates, including: (1) the jurisdictions in which profits are determined to be earned and taxed; (2) the resolution of issues arising from any future tax audits with various tax authorities; (3) changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities; (4) increases in expenses not deductible for tax purposes, including transaction costs and impairments of goodwill in connection with acquisitions; (5)

changes in the taxation of stock-based compensation; (6) changes in tax laws or the interpretation of such tax laws, and changes in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; and (7) challenges to the transfer pricing policies related to our structure.

U.S. holders that own 10% or more of the combined voting power or value of our common shares may suffer adverse tax consequences because we and our non-U.S. subsidiaries may be characterized as "controlled foreign corporations" ("CFCs"), under Section 957(a) of the Code.

A non-U.S. corporation is considered a CFC if more than 50% of (1) the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation entitled to vote, or (2) the total value of the stock of such corporation, is owned, or is considered as owned by applying certain constructive ownership rules, by U.S. shareholders (U.S. persons who own stock representing 10% or more of the combined voting power or value of all outstanding stock of such non-U.S. corporation) on any day during the taxable year of such non-U.S. corporation. Certain U.S. shareholders of a CFC generally are required to include currently in gross income such shareholders' share of the CFC's "Subpart F income", a portion of the CFC's earnings to the extent the CFC holds certain U.S. property, and a portion of the CFC's "global intangible low-taxed income" (as defined under Section 951A of the Code). Such U.S. shareholders. "Subpart F income" includes, among other things, certain passive income (such as income from dividends, interests, royalties, rents and annuities or gain from the sale of property that produces such types of income) and certain sales and services income arising in connection with transactions between the CFC and a person related to the CFC. "Global intangible low-taxed income" may include most of the remainder of a CFC's income over a deemed return on its tangible assets.

We believe that we will not be classified as a CFC in the current taxable year. However, it is possible that our non-U.S. subsidiaries could be classified as CFCs in the current taxable year. For U.S. holders who hold 10% or more of the combined voting power or value of our common shares, this may result in adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences, such as current U.S. taxation of Subpart F income (regardless of whether we make any distributions), taxation of amounts treated as global intangible low-taxed income under Section 951A of the Code with respect to such shareholder, and being subject to certain reporting requirements with the IRS. Any such U.S. holder who is an individual generally would not be allowed certain tax deductions or foreign tax credits that would be allowed to a U.S. corporation. If you are a U.S. holder who holds 10% or more of the combined voting power or value of our common shares, you should consult your own tax advisors regarding the U.S. tax consequences of acquiring, owning, or disposing of our common shares.

U.S. holders of our common shares may suffer adverse tax consequences if we are characterized as a passive foreign investment company.

Generally, if, for any taxable year, at least 75% of our gross income is passive income, or at least 50% of the average quarterly value of our assets is attributable to assets that produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income, including cash, we would be characterized as a passive foreign investment company (a "PFIC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. For purposes of these tests, passive income generally includes dividends, interest, gains from the sale or exchange of investment property and rents and royalties other than rents and royalties which are received from unrelated parties in connection with the active conduct of a trade or business. Additionally, a look-through rule generally applies with respect to 25% or more owned subsidiaries. If we are characterized as a PFIC, U.S. holders of our common shares may suffer adverse tax consequences, including having gains realized on the sale of our common shares treated as ordinary income rather than capital gain, the loss of the preferential tax rate applicable to dividends received on our common shares by individuals who are U.S. holders, and having interest charges apply to certain distributions by us and the proceeds of sales or other dispositions of our common shares that result in a gain to the U.S. holder. In addition, special information reporting may be required.

Our status as a PFIC will depend on the nature and composition of our income and the nature, composition and value of our assets from time to time. The 50% passive asset test described above is generally based on the

fair market value of each asset. If we are a CFC (determined by disregarding certain downward attribution rules) and not publicly traded for the relevant taxable year, however, the test shall be applied based on the adjusted basis of our assets.

Recently adopted Treasury regulations (the "New Regulations"), modify certain of the rules described above. Such modifications include, for example, permitting asset value to be determined more frequently than on a quarterly basis and treating a non-U.S. corporation as publicly traded for a taxable year if the stock of such corporation is publicly traded, other than in de minimis quantities, for at least twenty trading days during such taxable year.

The New Regulations generally apply to taxable years of shareholders beginning on or after January 14, 2021. A shareholder, however, may choose to apply such rules for any open taxable year beginning before January 14, 2021, provided that, with respect to a non-U.S. corporation being tested for PFIC status, the shareholder consistently applies certain of the provisions of the New Regulations and certain other Treasury regulations for such year and all subsequent years. Investors who are U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact and applicability of the New Regulations.

If we are considered "publicly traded" for the current taxable year that ends on March 31, 2022 (i.e., the Business Combination closes within such current taxable year and Roivant Common Shares are publicly traded, other than in de minimis quantities, for at least twenty days during the current taxable year) we would apply the 50% passive asset test using the fair market value of our assets. This determination, however, is subject to uncertainty. In addition, our status may also depend, in part, on how quickly we utilize our cash on-hand and cash from future financings in our business.

Based on the foregoing, with respect to the taxable year that ended on March 31, 2021, we believe that we were not a PFIC (based in part on our belief that we were not classified as a CFC in the taxable year that ended on March 31, 2021) and presently do not anticipate that we will be a PFIC based upon the expected value of our assets, including any goodwill and intangible property, and the expected nature and composition of our income and assets. However, our status as a PFIC is a fact-intensive determination made on an annual basis, and we cannot provide any assurances regarding our PFIC status for the current or future taxable years. Our U.S. counsel expresses no opinion with respect to our PFIC status for the current or future taxable years. We will determine our PFIC status for each taxable years and make such determination available to U.S. holders.

We have implemented structures and arrangements intended to mitigate the possibility that we will be classified as a PFIC. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not successfully challenge these structures and arrangements, which may result in an adverse impact on the determination of whether we are classified as a PFIC in the current and future taxable years. In addition, recently finalized U.S. Treasury regulations, of which we are continuing to assess the impact, may also adversely affect the treatment of these structures and arrangements with respect to our PFIC status.

SPECIAL MEETING OF MAAC STOCKHOLDERS

General

MAAC is furnishing this proxy statement/prospectus to its stockholders as part of the solicitation of proxies by the MAAC board of directors for use at the MAAC Special Meeting to be held on , 2021 and at any adjournment or postponement thereof. This proxy statement/prospectus is first being furnished to MAAC's stockholders on or about , 2021 in connection with the vote on the proposals described in this proxy statement/prospectus. This proxy statement/prospectus provides MAAC's stockholders with information they need to know to be able to vote or direct their vote to be cast at the MAAC Special Meeting.

Date, Time and Place

The MAAC Special Meeting will be held on , 2021, at , Eastern Time, on , 2021, via a virtual meeting. In light of COVID-19 pandemic and to support the well-being of MAAC's stockholders and employees, the MAAC Special Meeting will be completely virtual. MAAC stockholders may attend the MAAC Special Meeting and vote their shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting . MAAC Stockholders log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure they are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts. MAAC stockholders will not be able to attend the MAAC Special Meeting in person.

Purpose of MAAC Special Meeting

MAAC stockholders are being asked to consider and vote upon:

- the Business Combination Proposal;
- 2. the Nasdag Proposal; and
- 3. the Adjournment Proposal (if necessary).

Voting Power; Record Date

You will be entitled to vote or direct votes to be cast at the MAAC Special Meeting if you owned MAAC Shares at the close of business on , 2021, which is the record date for the MAAC Special Meeting. You are entitled to one vote for each MAAC Share that you owned as of the close of business on the MAAC record date. If your shares are held in "street name" through a broker, bank or other nominee, your broker, bank or other nominee will send you separate instructions describing the procedure for voting your shares. On the MAAC record date, there were 51,339,779 MAAC Shares outstanding.

Vote of the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's Directors and Officers

The MAAC Sponsor has agreed to vote any MAAC Class B Shares, and any MAAC Class A Shares held by it as of the record date, in favor of the Business Combination Proposal. Further, the MAAC Sponsor intends to vote in favor of all of the proposals.

The MAAC Sponsor has waived any redemption rights in connection with Business Combination. The MAAC Class B Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor has no redemption rights upon MAAC's liquidation and will be worthless if no business combination is effected by MAAC by October 9, 2022. However, the MAAC Sponsor is entitled to redemption rights upon MAAC's liquidation with respect to any MAAC Class A Shares it may own.

The MAAC Sponsor owns 10,167,956 MAAC Class B Shares as of the record date.

Quorum and Required Vote for Proposals for the MAAC Special Meeting

A quorum of MAAC stockholders is necessary to hold a valid meeting. A quorum will be present at the MAAC Special Meeting if a majority of the outstanding MAAC Shares as of the MAAC record date at the MAAC Special Meeting is represented virtually or by proxy. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for the purpose of determining a quorum. The holders of the MAAC Class B Shares, who currently own 20% of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares, will count towards this quorum. As of the MAAC record date for the MAAC Special Meeting, MAAC Shares are used as the quorum.

Approval of the Business Combination Proposal requires that the initial Business Combination be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination. Approval of the Nasdaq Proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote the regardless of whether a quorum is present. The MAAC board of directors has approved each of the proposals.

If MAAC stockholders fail to approve the Business Combination Proposal or the Nasdaq Proposal, then the Business Combination will not occur. The Business Combination is not conditioned upon the Adjournment Proposal. It is important for you to note that, in the event that the Business Combination Proposal or the Nasdaq Proposal does not receive the requisite vote for approval, then the Business Combination will not be consummated. If MAAC does not consummate the Business Combination and fails to otherwise complete a business combination by October 9, 2022, MAAC will be required to dissolve and liquidate its Trust Account by returning the then remaining funds in such account to the public stockholders.

Recommendation of the MAAC Board of Directors

MAAC's board of directors unanimously determined that the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Merger, were advisable and in the best interests of, MAAC and its stockholders. Accordingly, MAAC's board of directors unanimously recommends that its stockholders vote "FOR" the Business Combination Proposal, "FOR" the Nasdaq Proposal and, if required, "FOR" the Adjournment Proposal.

When you consider the recommendation of MAAC's board of directors in favor of approval of these proposals, you should keep in mind that MAAC's directors and officers have interests in the Business Combination that are different from or in addition to (and which may conflict with) your interests as a stockholder. These interests include, among other things:

- If the Business Combination or another business combination is not consummated by October 9, 2022, MAAC will cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, redeeming 100% of the outstanding MAAC Class A Shares for cash and, subject to the approval of its remaining stockholders and its board of directors, dissolving and liquidating. In such event, the 10,167,956 MAAC Class B Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, which were acquired for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000, would be worthless because the holders of MAAC Class B Shares are not entitled to participate in any redemption or distribution with respect to such shares. Such shares had an estimated aggregate market value of \$ based upon the closing price of \$ per MAAC Class A Share on Nasdaq on , 2021, the MAAC record date.
- The MAAC Sponsor purchased an aggregate of 10,214,365 private placement warrants from MAAC for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,214,365 (or \$1.00 per warrant) in a private placement. This purchase took place on a private placement basis simultaneously with the consummation of MAAC's initial public offering. A portion of the proceeds MAAC received from this purchase was placed in the

Trust Account. Such warrants had an estimated aggregate value of \$ based on the closing price of \$ per public warrant on Nasdaq on , 2021, the MAAC record date. The private placement warrants will become worthless if MAAC does not consummate a business combination by October 9, 2022.

- If MAAC is unable to complete a business combination within the required time period, its executive officers will be personally liable
 under certain circumstances described herein to ensure that the proceeds in the Trust Account are not reduced by the claims of target
 businesses or claims of vendors or other entities that are owed money by MAAC for services rendered or contracted for or products sold to
 MAAC. If MAAC consummates a business combination, on the other hand, MAAC will be liable for all such claims.
- MAAC's officers and directors, and their affiliates are entitled to reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them in connection
 with certain activities on MAAC's behalf, such as identifying and investigating possible business targets and business combinations.
 However, if MAAC fails to consummate a business combination within the required period, they will not have any claim against the Trust
 Account for reimbursement. Accordingly, MAAC may not be able to reimburse these expenses if the Business Combination or another
 business combination, are not completed by October 9, 2022.
- The continued indemnification of current directors and officers and the continuation of directors' and officers' liability insurance.

MAAC Placement Agents and Advisory Fees

Upon consummation of the closing of the purchase of the applicable securities and the Business Combination, (i) J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, SVB Leerink LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Truist Securities, Inc. (collectively, the "Placement Agents") will be entitled to customary fees in connection with their role as MAAC's joint placement agents for the PIPE Financing. If the Business Combination is not consummated, the Placement Agents will not be entitled to such fees.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

If you are a holder of MAAC Shares that attends the MAAC Special Meeting virtually and fails to vote, or if you vote abstain, your failure to vote or abstention will have the same effect as a vote "AGAINST" the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes, while considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum, will not count as shares entitled to vote or votes cast at the MAAC Special Meeting, and otherwise will have no effect on the Nasdaq Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes will have no effect on the Nasdaq Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes will have the same effect as a vote "AGAINST" the Business Combination Proposal.

Voting Your Shares

If you are a stockholder of record of MAAC as of , 2021, the record date, you may submit your proxy before the MAAC Special Meeting in any of the following ways, if available:

- use the toll-free number shown on your proxy card;
- visit the website shown on your proxy card to yote via the Internet; or
- complete, sign, date and return your proxy card in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

Stockholders who choose to participate in the MAAC Special Meeting can vote their shares electronically during the meeting via live audio webcast by visiting www. .com. You will need the control number that is printed on your proxy card to enter the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC recommends that you log in at least 15 minutes before the meeting to ensure you are logged in when the MAAC Special Meeting starts.

If your shares are held in "street name" through a broker, bank or other nominee, your broker, bank or other nominee will send you separate instructions describing the procedure for voting your shares. "Street name" stockholders who wish to vote at the MAAC Special Meeting will need to obtain legal proxy form from their broker, bank or other nominee.

Revoking Your Proxy

You may change your vote at any time before your proxy is voted at the MAAC Special Meeting (provided that you do not hold your shares through a broker, bank or other nominee).

You may do this in one of two ways:

- mailing a new, subsequently dated proxy card; or
- by attending the MAAC Special Meeting virtually and electing to vote your shares online at the meeting.

Any proxy that you submitted may also be revoked by submitting a new proxy by mail, or online or by telephone, not later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on , 2021, or by voting online at the MAAC Special Meeting. Simply attending the MAAC Special Meeting will not revoke your proxy. If you have instructed a broker, bank or other nominee to vote your MAAC Shares, you must follow the directions you receive from your broker, bank or other nominee in order to change or revoke your vote.

Who Can Answer Your Questions About Voting Your Shares

If have any questions about how to vote or direct a vote in respect of your MAAC Shares, you may call , the proxy solicitation agent for MAAC, toll-free at (800) (banks and brokers call) or email at

Redemption Rights

If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, you have the right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the cash held in the Trust Account, which holds the net proceeds of MAAC's initial public offering, as of two business days prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay taxes, if any) upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, together with any affiliate of such holder or any other person with whom such holder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), will be restricted from seeking redemption with respect to more than 15% of the MAAC Class A Shares.

Holders of the outstanding MAAC Warrants do not have redemption rights with respect to such warrants in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

Under the Pre-Closing MAAC Certificate of Incorporation, the Business Combination may be consummated only if MAAC has at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets after giving effect to redemptions by all holders of MAAC Class A Shares that properly demand redemption of their MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

You may exercise your redemption rights whether you vote your MAAC Class A Shares for or against, or whether you abstain from voting on, the Business Combination Proposal or any other proposal described in this proxy statement/prospectus. As a result, the Business Combination Proposal can be approved by stockholders

who will redeem their MAAC Class A Shares and will no longer be stockholders and the Business Combination may be consummated even though the funds available from the Trust Account and the number of public stockholders are substantially reduced as a result of redemptions by public stockholders. With fewer MAAC Class A Shares and public stockholders, the trading market for MAAC Class A Shares may be less liquid than the market for MAAC Class A Shares prior to the Business Combination and MAAC may not be able to meet the listing standards of a national securities exchange, including Nasdaq. In addition, with fewer funds available from the Trust Account, the capital infusion from the Trust Account into Roivant's business will be reduced and the amount of working capital available to Roivant following the Business Combination may be reduced. Your decision to exercise your redemption rights with respect to MAAC Class A Shares will have no effect on the MAAC Warrants you may also hold.

If you are a holder of MAAC Class A Shares and wish to exercise your redemption rights, you are required to tender your share certificates or deliver your shares to the transfer agent electronically using The Depository Trust Company's DWAC (Deposit/Withdrawal at Custodian) system, at your option, in each case no later than two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination. Accordingly, you have until two days prior to the initial vote on the Business Combination to tender your shares if you wish to exercise your redemption rights, Given the relatively short period in which to exercise redemption rights, it is advisable for you to use electronic delivery of your shares. If you exercise your redemption right, your shares will be redeemed for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (which, for illustrative purposes, was \$410,790,995, or \$10.00 per share, as of March 31, 2021). Such amount, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any, will be paid promptly upon consummation of the Business Combination. However, under Delaware law, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be subject to claims that could take priority over those of MAAC's public stockholders exercising redemption rights, regardless of whether such holders vote for or against the Business Combination Proposal. The per share distribution from the Trust Account in such a situation may be less than originally anticipated due to such claims. Your vote on any proposal other than the Business Combination Proposal will have no impact on the amount you will receive if you exercise your redemption rights.

MAAC's transfer agent can be contacted at the following address:

Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company One State Street, 30th Floor New York, NY 10004 Attn: Email:

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of MAAC Class A Shares, may be withdrawn at any time up to two days prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal at the MAAC Special Meeting. If you deliver your shares for redemption to MAAC's transfer agent and later decide, prior to the MAAC Special Meeting, not to redeem your shares, you may request that MAAC's transfer agent return the shares electronically.

No demand will be effectuated unless the holder's MAAC Class A Shares have been delivered electronically to the transfer agent prior to the vote on the Business Combination Proposal at the MAAC Special Meeting.

If a holder of MAAC Class A Shares properly makes a request for redemption and the MAAC Class A Shares are delivered to MAAC's transfer agent no later than two business days prior to the initially scheduled vote to approve the Business Combination, then, if the Business Combination is consummated, MAAC will redeem these shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account. If you exercise your redemption rights, then you will be exchanging your MAAC Class A Shares for cash.

For a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations for holders of MAAC Class A Shares with respect to the exercise of these redemption rights, see "Material United States Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences of a Redemption of MAAC Public Shares."

Appraisal Rights

Appraisal rights are not available to holders of MAAC Shares in connection with the Business Combination.

Proxy Solicitation Costs

MAAC is soliciting proxies on behalf of its board of directors. This solicitation is being made by mail but also may be made by telephone. MAAC and its directors, officers and employees may also solicit proxies online. MAAC will file with the SEC all scripts and other electronic communications as proxy soliciting materials. MAAC will bear the cost of the solicitation.

MAAC has hired to assist in the proxy solicitation process. MAAC will pay to a fee of \$, plus disbursements.

MAAC will ask banks, brokers and other institutions, nominees and fiduciaries to forward the proxy materials to their principals and to obtain their authority to execute proxies and voting instructions. MAAC will reimburse them for their reasonable expenses.

MATERIAL UNITED STATES TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a description of material U.S. federal income tax considerations to U.S. Holders (as defined below) of MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Warrants (each, a "MAAC Security"), the Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, as a consequence of (i) electing to have their MAAC Class A Shares redeemed for cash if the Merger is completed, (ii) the Merger, and (iii) the ownership and disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, as a consequence of a disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes (generally, property held for investment). In addition, it does not describe all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant in light of a U.S. Holder's particular circumstances, including any alternative minimum tax considerations, the potential application of the provisions of the Code known as the Medicare contribution tax and tax considerations applicable to U.S. Holders subject to special rules, such as:

- certain financial institutions;
- dealers or traders in securities that use mark-to-market method of tax accounting;
- persons holding MAAC Securities, the Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, as part of a straddle, wash sale, hedging transaction, conversion transaction or integrated transaction or entering into a constructive sale with respect to such securities;
- · persons whose functional currency for U.S. federal income tax purposes is not the U.S. dollar;
- persons that are subject to the "applicable financial statement" rules under Section 451(b) of the Code;
- entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes and their partners;
- tax-exempt entities, "individual retirement accounts" or "Roth IRAs";
- persons actually or constructively owning five percent (measured by vote or value) or more of MAAC Class A shares, or, following the Merger, Roivant Common Shares;
- persons owning shares in connection with a trade or business conducted outside of the United States;
- persons who purchase MAAC Class A Shares as part of the PIPE Financing;
- persons who acquire MAAC Class A Shares or, following the Merger, Roivant Common Shares pursuant to an exercise of employee share options, in connection with employee share incentive plans or otherwise as compensation;
- persons subject to special tax accounting rules as a result of any item of gross income with respect to MAAC Securities, Roivant Common Shares, or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, being taken into account in an applicable financial statement; and
- founders, sponsors, officers or directors of MAAC or holders of private placement warrants.

If a partnership (or other entity that is classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds MAAC Securities, the Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, the tax treatment of a partner in such partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partnerships holding MAAC Securities, the Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants and partners in such partnerships should consult their tax advisor as to the particular tax consequences of the exercise of redemption rights with respect to MAAC Class A Shares, the Merger and/or the ownership and disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant by the partnership.

As used here in, a "U.S. Holder" is a person that for U.S. federal income tax purposes is a beneficial owner of MAAC Securities, Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants, as the case may be, and:

a citizen or individual resident of the United States;

- a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state therein or the District of Columbia;
- an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust that (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a U.S. court and the control of one or more "United States persons" (within the
 meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) or (2) has a valid election in effect to be treated as a United States person for U.S. federal
 income tax purposes.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions, and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date hereof, and of which is subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. We have not sought, and will not seek, a ruling from the IRS as to any U.S. federal income tax consequences described herein. The IRS may disagree with the discussion herein, and its determination may be upheld by a court. Moreover, there can be no assurance that future legislation, regulations, administrative rulings or court decisions will not adversely affect the accuracy of the statements in this discussion. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal taxes (such as estate or gift taxes) other than income taxes, nor does it address any state, local or non-U.S. tax considerations. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of (i) electing to have their MAAC Class A Shares redeemed for cash if the Merger is completed, (ii) the Merger, and (iii) the ownership and disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants after the Merger in their particular circumstances.

THE FOLLOWING IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. EACH U.S. HOLDER SHOULD CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO SUCH HOLDER OF (I) ELECTING TO HAVE ITS MAAC CLASS A SHARES REDEEMED FOR CASH IF THE MERGER IS COMPLETED, (II) THE MERGER AND (III) THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF ROIVANT COMMON SHARES OR ROIVANT WARRANTS AFTER THE MERGER.

Treatment of Roivant as a Non-U.S. Corporation for U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes

Under current U.S. federal income tax law, a corporation generally will be considered to be a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes only if it is created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any State. Accordingly, under generally applicable U.S. federal income tax rules, Roivant, which is not created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any State but is instead a Bermuda incorporated entity and tax resident of the UK, would generally be classified as a non-U.S. corporation. Section 7874 of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, however, contain specific rules (more fully discussed below) that may cause a non-U.S. corporation to be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

The Section 7874 rules are complex and require analysis of all relevant facts, and there is limited guidance as to their application. Under Section 7874 rules are comportion created or organized outside the United States (i.e., a non-U.S. corporation) will nevertheless be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes (and, therefore, be subject to U.S. federal income tax on its worldwide income) if (1) the non-U.S. corporation directly or indirectly acquires substantially all of the assets held directly or indirectly by a U.S. corporation (including through the acquisition of all of the outstanding stock of the U.S. corporation), (2) the non-U.S. corporation's "expanded affiliated group" does not have substantial business activities in the non-U.S. corporation before the acquisition hold at least 80% (by either vote or value) of the shares of the non-U.S. acquiring corporation after the acquisition by reason of holding shares in the acquired U.S. corporation (the "Ownership Test").

Based on the complex rules for determining share ownership under Section 7874 of the Code and certain factual assumptions, former MAAC stockholders are expected to be treated as holding less than 80% (by both

vote and value) of Roivant by reason of their former ownership of MAAC Shares, and therefore Roivant is not expected to satisfy the Ownership Test. As a result, Roivant believes, and the remainder of this discussion assumes that, it will not be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Section 7874 of the Code. However, whether the Ownership Test has been satisfied must be finally determined after the completion of the Business Combination, by which time there could be adverse changes to the relevant facts and circumstances. Furthermore, the interpretation of Treasury regulations relating to the Ownership Test is subject to uncertainty, and there is limited guidance regarding their application. In addition, changes to the rules in Section 7874 of the Code or the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, or other changes in law, could adversely affect Roivant's status as a non-U.S. entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a contrary position to those described above or that a court will not agree with a contrary position of the IRS in the event of litigation.

If it were determined that Roivant is treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Section 7874 of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, Roivant would be liable for U.S. federal income tax on its income just like any other U.S. corporation, and U.S. Holders of the Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants would be treated as holders of stock and warrants of a U.S. corporation.

Tax Consequences of Exercising Redemption Rights

Subject to the discussion below under the heading "—Tax Consequences of the Merger," the U.S. federal income tax consequences to a U.S. Holder of MAAC Class A Shares that exercises its redemption rights to receive cash from the trust account in exchange for all or a portion of its MAAC Class A Shares will depend on whether the redemption qualifies as a sale of the MAAC Class A Shares redeemed under Section 302 of the Code or is treated as a distribution under Section 301 of the Code.

Treatment of Redemptions. The redemption of MAAC Class A Shares generally qualifies as a sale of the MAAC Class A Shares redeemed if such redemption either (i) is "substantially disproportionate" with respect to the redeeming U.S. Holder, (ii) results in a "complete termination" of such U.S. Holder's interest in MAAC or (iii) is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" with respect to such U.S. Holder. These tests are explained more fully below.

For purposes of such tests, a U.S. Holder takes into account not only MAAC Shares actually owned by such U.S. Holder, but also MAAC Shares that are constructively owned by such U.S. Holder. A redeeming U.S. Holder may constructively own, in addition to MAAC Class A Shares owned directly, MAAC Shares owned by certain related individuals and entities in which such U.S. Holder has an interest or that have an interest in such U.S. Holder, as well as any MAAC Class A Shares such U.S. Holder has a right to acquire by exercise of an option, which would generally include MAAC Class A Shares which could be acquired pursuant to the exercise of the MAAC Warrants.

The redemption of MAAC Class A Shares generally will be "substantially disproportionate" with respect to a redeeming U.S. Holder if the percentage of MAAC's outstanding voting shares that such U.S. Holder actually or constructively owns immediately after the redemption is less than 80 percent of the percentage of MAAC's outstanding voting shares that such U.S. Holder actually or constructively owned immediately before the redemption, and such U.S. Holder immediately after the redemption actually and constructively owned less than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of MAAC Shares. There will be a complete termination of such U.S. Holder's interest if either (i) all of the MAAC Shares actually or constructively owned by such U.S. Holder are redeemed or (ii) all of the MAAC Shares actually owned by such U.S. Holder are redeemed and such U.S. Holder is eligible to waive, and effectively waives in accordance with specific rules, the attribution of MAAC Shares owned by certain family members and such U.S. Holder does not constructively own any other MAAC Shares (including any stock constructively owned by the U.S. Holder as result of owning warrants). The redemption of MAAC Class A Shares will not be essentially equivalent to a dividend if it results in a "meaningful reduction" of such U.S. Holder's proportionate interest in MAAC. Whether the redemption will result in a "meaningful reduction" in such U.S. Holder's proportionate interest in MAAC will depend on the particular facts and circumstances applicable to it. The IRS has indicated in a published ruling that even a small reduction in the proportionate interest of a small minority shareholder in a publicly held corporation who exercises no control over corporate affairs may constitute such a "meaningful reduction."

If none of the above tests is satisfied, a redemption will be treated as a distribution and the tax effects will be as described under "—Taxation of Redemptions Treated as Distributions" below.

Taxation of Redemptions Treated as Distributions. A redemption treated as a distribution generally will be taxable as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from MAAC's current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. Distributions in excess of MAAC's current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax and reduce (but not below zero) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its MAAC Class A Shares. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain realized on the sale or other disposition of the MAAC Class A Shares and will be treated as described under "—Taxation of Gain or Loss on Redemptions Treated as a Sale or Exchange of MAAC Class A Shares' below. Amounts treated as described under "—Taxation of Gain or Loss on Redemptions (including, but not limited to, dividends treated as investment income for purposes of investment interest deduction limitations), and provided certain holding period requirements are met, amounts treated as dividends that MAAC pays to a non-corporate U.S. Holder may be taxed as "qualified dividend income" at the preferential tax rate accorded to long-term capital gains. It is unclear whether the redemption rights described herein with respect to the MAAC Class A Shares may have suspended the running of the applicable holding period for these purposes. If the holding period requirements are not satisfied, then a corporation may not be able to qualify for the dividends received deduction and would have taxable income equal to the entire dividend amount, and non-corporate U.S. Holders may be subject to tax on such dividend at regular ordinary income tax rates instead of the preferential rate that applies to to to capital gains. It is unclear whether the redemption rights described herein with respect to tax on such dividend at regular ordinary income tax rates instead of the preferential rate that applies to "qualified dividend amount, and non-corporate U.S. Holders may be subje

After the application of those rules, any remaining tax basis of the U.S. Holder in the redeemed Class A Shares will be added to the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its remaining MAAC Class A Shares, or, if it has none, to the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its MAAC Warrants or possibly in other shares of common stock constructively owned by it.

Taxation of Gain or Loss on Redemptions Treated as a Sale or Exchange of MAAC Class A Shares. If a redemption qualifies as a sale of such U.S. Holder's MAAC Class A Shares redeemed, such U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss. Any such capital gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period for the MAAC Class A Shares so redeemed exceeds one year. It is unclear, however, whether the redemption rights described herein with respect to the MAAC Class A Shares may have suspended the running of the applicable holding period for this purpose. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate U.S. Holders generally will be eligible to be taxed at reduced rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Generally, the amount of gain or loss recognized by a U.S. Holder's an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of the amount of cash and the fair market value of any property received in such disposition and (ii) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its MAAC Class A Shares so redeemed. See "—Exercise, Lapse or Redemption of MAAC Warrant." below for a discussion regarding a U.S. Holder's tax basis in Roivant Common Shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of a MAAC Warrant.

IF YOU ARE A U.S. HOLDER OF MAAC CLASS A SHARES CONTEMPLATING EXERCISE OF YOUR REDEMPTION RIGHTS, WE URGE YOU TO CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES THEREOF.

Tax Consequences of the Merger

It is intended that the Merger qualifies as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. To qualify as a reorganization, a transaction must satisfy certain requirements, including, among others, that the acquiring corporation (or, in the case of certain reorganizations structured similarly to the Merger, its corporate parent), either directly or indirectly through certain controlled corporations, either continue a significant line of the acquired corporation's historic business or use a significant portion of the acquired corporation's historic business assets in a business, in each case, within the meaning of Treasury regulations Section 1.368-1(d). However, due to the absence of guidance bearing directly on how the above rules apply in the case of an acquisition of a corporation with investment-type assets, such as MAAC, the qualification of the Merger qualifies as a reorganization, and neither MAAC nor Roivant intends to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Merger. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge the Merger's qualification as a reorganization or that a court will not sustain such a challenge by the IRS.

If the Merger qualifies as a reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Code, subject to the discussion below under the heading "—Additional Requirements for Tax Deferral," a U.S. Holder generally should not recognize gain or loss if, pursuant to the Merger, the U.S. Holder exchanges only MAAC Class A Shares for Roivant Common Shares. In such a case, the aggregate tax basis of the Roivant Common Shares received by a U.S. Holder in the Merger should be equal to the aggregate adjusted tax basis of the MAAC Class A Shares surrendered in exchange therefor. The holding period of the Roivant Common Shares received by a U.S. Holder in the Merger should include the period during which the MAAC Class A Shares exchanged therefor were held by such U.S. Holder. It is unclear whether the redemption rights with respect to the MAAC Class A Shares have suspended the running of the applicable holding period for this purpose.

Every "significant transferor" pursuant to the exchange must include a statement on or with such transferor's income tax return for the taxable year of the exchange. For this purpose, a significant transferor is generally a person that transferred property to a corporation and received stock of the transferee corporation if, immediately after the exchange, such person—(i) owned at least five percent (by vote or value) of the total outstanding stock of the transferee corporation if the stock owned by such person is publicly traded, or (ii) owned at least one percent (by vote or value) of the total outstanding stock of the transferee corporation if the stock owned by such person is not publicly traded. We expect that Roivant Common Shares will be treated as publicly traded for this purpose.

If, notwithstanding the above, any requirement for Section 368(a) is not met, a U.S. Holder of MAAC Class A Shares would generally recognize gain or loss with respect to its MAAC Class A Shares in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the fair market value as of the Closing Date of Roivant Common Shares received by such U.S. Holder in the Merger over such U.S. Holder's tax basis in the MAAC Class A Shares surrendered by such U.S. Holder in the Merger. Any gain or loss so recognized would generally be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder had held the MAAC Class A Shares for more than one year (or short-term capital gain or loss otherwise). It is unclear, however, whether certain redemption rights (described above) may suspend the running of the applicable holding period for this purpose. Long-term capital gains of non-corporate U.S. Holders (including individuals) currently are eligible for preferential U.S. federal income tax rates. However, the deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. A U.S. Holder should have a tax basis in Roivant Common Shares received equal to the fair market value on the date of exchange, and the U.S. Holder's holding period in the Roivant Common Shares received in the Merger, if any, would not include the holding period for the MAAC Class A Shares surrendered in exchange therefor.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a U.S. Holder exercises its redemption rights to receive cash from the trust account in exchange for a portion of its MAAC Class A Shares, such redemption may be treated as integrated with the Merger rather than as a separate transaction. In such case, cash received by such U.S. Holder in the

redemption may also be treated as taxable boot received in a "reorganization" (which, depending on the circumstances applicable to such U.S. Holder, may be treated as capital gain or dividend income to the extent of MAAC's accumulated earnings and profits, in each case, taxable as described above under the heading "—Tax Consequences of Exercising Redemption Rights"). Under this characterization, such U.S. Holder may be required to recognize more gain or income than if the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares was treated as a separate transaction from the exchange pursuant to the Merger, and would not be entitled to recognize any loss with respect to its redeemed MAAC Class A Shares. In addition, if a U.S. Holder that elects to participate in a redemption with the Merger rather than as a separate transaction (with the same taxation effects described above). Under this characterization, such U.S. Holder generally is expected to recognize capital gain (but not loss) on such exchange in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and such U.S. Holder's adjusted basis in the MAAC Class A Shares exchanged therefor. If the IRS were to assert, and a court were to sustain such a contrary position, such U.S. Holder may be required to recognize more gain or income than if the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares was treated as a separate transaction (with the same taxation effects described above). Under this characterization, such U.S. Holder generally is expected to recognize capital gain (but not loss) on such exchange in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and such U.S. Holder's adjusted basis in the MAAC Class A Shares exchanged therefor. If the IRS were to assert, and a court were to sustain such a contrary position, such U.S. Holder may be required to recognize more gain or income than if the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares was treated as a separate transaction from the exchanges pursuant to the Merger.

It is intended that the MAAC Warrants becoming exercisable for Roivant Common Shares, and the MAAC warrant agreements being assigned to, and assumed by, Roivant, also constitutes a tax-deferred transaction in which no gain or loss is recognized by the U.S. Holders of MAAC Warrants if the Merger qualifies as a reorganization as discussed above. It is also possible the transaction is treated as tax-deferred on the basis that the terms of the MAAC Warrants are not otherwise being changed pursuant to the Merger, and because the terms of the MAAC Warrants, when originally issued, contemplated, among other things, the MAAC Warrants becoming exercisable into shares of another corporation under circumstances similar to the Merger. Accordingly, the adjusted tax basis of the Roivant Warrants of such a U.S. Holder immediately after the Merger should be the same as the adjusted tax basis of such U.S. Holder's MAAC Warrants immediately prior to the Merger. In addition, the holding period of the Roivant Warrants of such a U.S. Holder is MAAC Warrants immediately prior to the Merger. In addition, the holding period of the Roivant Warrants immediately prior to the Merger. However, due to a lack of clear authority, the issue is not free from doubt, and there is a risk that the warrant exchange transaction would be treated as a taxable exchange of MAAC Warrants for Roivant Warrants, and no assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, such a contrary position. In that case, a U.S. Holder of MAAC Warrants would U.S. Holder's tax basis in the MAAC Warrants treated as having been exchanged. Any such gain would generally be long-term capital gain if the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the MAAC Warrants treated as having been exchanged. Any such gain would generally be long-term capital gain if the U.S. Holder's holding period in the MAAC Warrants is more than one year at the time of the Merger. In that case, the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Roivant Warrants at such time.

Additional Requirements for Tax Deferral

Section 367(a) of the Code and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, in certain circumstances described below, impose additional requirements for a U.S. Holder to qualify for tax-deferred treatment under Section 368 of the Code with respect to the exchange of MAAC Class A Shares and/or the assumption of the MAAC Warrants by Roivant in the Merger.

Section 367(a) of the Code potentially may apply to the exchange by a U.S. Holder of MAAC Class A Shares for Roivant Common Shares pursuant to the Merger. Section 367(a) of the Code generally requires a U.S. Holder of stock in a U.S. corporation to recognize gain (but not loss) when such stock is exchanged for stock of a non-U.S. corporation in an exchange that would otherwise qualify for tax-deferred treatment (such as pursuant to a reorganization under Section 368 of the Code) and any of the following is true: (i) the U.S. corporation fails to comply with certain reporting requirements; (ii) U.S. Holders of stock of the acquired U.S. corporation receive more than 50% (by vote or value) of the stock of the non-U.S. corporation; (iii) U.S. persons that are officers,

directors, or 5% or greater shareholders of the acquired U.S. corporation own more than 50% (by vote or value) of the stock of the non-U.S. corporation immediately after the acquisition; (iv) such U.S. Holder is a 5% or greater shareholder of the non-U.S. corporation immediately after the acquisition agreement with the IRS to recognize gain in certain circumstances with respect to the acquired U.S. corporation is presumed to be a U.S. person unless that person signs an ownership statement certifying certain information, including its residency. The "active trade or business test." A holder of an acquired U.S. corporation is presumed to be a U.S. person unless that person signs an ownership statement certifying certain information, including its residency. The "active trade or business test" generally requires (A) that the non-U.S. corporation (and its qualified subsidiaries, including for this purpose Roivant and its subsidiaries) be engaged in an "active trade or business" outside of the U.S. for the 36-month period immediately before the exchange and that neither the transferors nor the non-U.S. corporation has an intention to substantially dispose of or discontinue such trade or business, and (B) that the fair market value of the non-U.S. corporation be at least equal to the fair market value of muposes of applying the substantiality test to the Merger, the fair market value of MAAC generally will be deemed to include the value of any non-ordinary course distributions, as determined under applicable Treasury regulations, made by MAAC during the 36-month period ending on the Merger.

To the extent that U.S. Holders of MAAC Class A Shares and/or MAAC Warrants are required to recognize gain under Section 367(a) of the Code for any of the foregoing reasons, a U.S. Holder generally would recognize gain, if any, in an amount equal to the excess of (i) the sum of the fair market value of the Roivant Common Shares received and/or Roivant Warrants deemed received by such U.S. Holder, over (ii) such U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the MAAC Class A Shares exchanged and/or MAAC Warrants deemed exchanged therefor. Any such gain would generally be capital gain, and would be long-term capital gain if the U.S. Holder's holding period for the MAAC Class A Shares and/or MAAC Warrants was more than one year at the time of the Merger. In either case described in the previous sentence, the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants received in the exchange would be equal to the fair market value of such Roivant Common Shares and/or Roivant Warrants at the time of the Merger. In either as the spot rate in effect at the time of the Merger).

The rules dealing with Section 367(a) of the Code discussed above are very complex and are affected by various factors in addition to those described above. Accordingly, U.S. Holders are strongly urged to consult their tax advisor concerning the application of these rules to the exchange of MAAC Class A Shares and/or deemed exchange of MAAC Warrants under your particular circumstances, including, if a U.S. Holders that it will be a 5% or greater shareholder of Roivant, the possibility of entering into a "gain recognition agreement" under applicable Treasury regulations.

Ownership and Disposition of the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants

Dividends and Other Distributions on the Roivant Common Shares

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below under the heading "—Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules," distributions (including, for the avoidance of doubt and for the purpose of the balance of this discussion, deemed distributions) on Roivant Common Shares will generally be taxable as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from Roivant's current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. Distributions in excess of Roivant's current and accumulated earnings and profits will constitute a return of capital that will be applied against and reduce (but not below zero) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its Roivant Common Shares. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain realized on the sale or other disposition of the Roivant Common Shares and will be treated as described below under the heading "— Gain or Loss on Sale, Taxable Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants." The amount of any such distribution will include any amounts withheld by us (or another applicable withholding agent). Subject to applicable limitations, dividends paid to certain non-corporate U.S.



Holders generally will be taxed at the lower applicable long-term capital gains rate if the Roivant Common Shares are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States (such as the Nasdaq, where the Roivant Common Shares are intended to be listed) or Roivant is eligible for benefits under an applicable tax treaty with the United States, and, in each case, Roivant is not treated as a PFIC with respect to such U.S. Holder at the time the dividend was paid or in the preceding year and provided certain holding period requirements are met. The amount of any dividend distribution paid in foreign currency will be the U.S. dollar amount calculated by reference to the applicable exchange rate in effect on the date of actual or constructive receipt, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars at that time. A U.S. Holder may have foreign currency gain or loss if the dividend is converted into U.S. dollars after the date of receipt.

Amounts taxable as dividends generally will be treated as income from sources outside the U.S. and will, depending on the circumstances of the U.S. Holder, be "passive" or "general" category income which, in either case, is treated separately from other types of income for purposes of computing the foreign tax credit allowable to such U.S. Holder. The rules governing foreign tax credits are complex and U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the creditability of foreign taxes in their particular circumstances. In lieu of claiming a foreign tax credit, a U.S. Holder may, in certain circumstances, deduct foreign taxes in computing their taxable income, subject to generally applicable limitations under U.S. law. Generally, an election to deduct foreign taxes instead of claiming foreign tax credits applies to all foreign taxes paid or accrued in the taxable year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (a) Roivant is 50% or more owned, by vote or value, by U.S. persons and (b) at least 10% of Roivant's earnings and profits are attributable to sources within the U.S. then for foreign tax credit purposes, a portion of Roivant's dividends would be treated as derived from sources within the U.S. In such case, with respect to any dividend paid for any taxable year, the U.S.-source ratio of such dividends for foreign tax credit purposes would be equal to the portion of Roivant's earnings and profits from sources within the U.S. for such taxable year, divided by the total amount of Roivant's earnings and profits from sources within the U.S. for such taxable year, divided by earnings and profits for such taxable year.

Gain or Loss on Sale, Taxable Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below under the heading "—Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules," upon any sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of (x) the amount of cash and (y) the fair market value of any other property, received in such sale, exchange or other taxable disposition and (ii) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in such Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants (determined as described above or below), in each case as calculated in U.S. dollars. Any such gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period for such Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants (determined by a non-corporate U.S. Holder generally will be taxable at a reduced rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Any gain or loss recognized on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants generally will be U.S.-source income or loss for purposes of computing the foreign tax credit allowable to a U.S. Holder. Consequently, a U.S. Holder may not be able to claim a credit for any non-U.S. tax imposed upon a disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants unless such credit can be applied (subject to applicable limitations) against tax due on other income treated as derived from foreign sources. Prospective U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors as to the foreign tax credit implications of such sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants.

Exercise, Lapse or Redemption of Roivant Warrants

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below and except as discussed below with respect to the cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant, a U.S. Holder generally will not recognize taxable gain or loss on the exercise of a Roivant Warrant. The U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Roivant Common Share received upon exercise of a Roivant

Warrant generally will be an amount equal to the sum of the U.S. Holder's initial investment in the MAAC Warrant in respect of which the exercised Roivant Warrant was received (assuming the Merger is a tax-deferred transaction, as discussed above) and the exercise price of such Roivant Warrant. It is unclear whether the U.S. Holder's holding period for the Roivant Common Share received upon exercise of the Roivant Warrant will begin on the date following the date of exercise or on the date of exercise of the Roivant Warrant; in either case, the holding period will not include the period during which the U.S. Holder held the Roivant Warrant. If a Roivant Warrant is allowed to lapse unexercised, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize a capital loss equal to such U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Roivant Warrant.

The tax consequences of a cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant are not clear under current tax law. Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, a cashless exercise may be tax-free, either because the exercise is not a realization event or because the exercise is treated as a recapitalization for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In either tax-free situation, a U.S. Holder's basis in the Roivant Common Shares received generally should equal the U.S. Holder's basis in the Roivant Warrants exercise duerefor. If the cashless exercise were treated as not being a realization event (and not a recapitalization), it is unclear whether a U.S. Holder's holding period in the Roivant Common Shares would be treated as commencing on the date following the date of exercise or on the date of exercise of the Roivant Warrant; in either case, the holding period would not include the period during which the U.S. Holder held the Roivant Warrants. If the cashless exercise were treated as a recapitalization, the holding period of the Roivant Warrants exercise diterefor.

It is also possible that a cashless exercise could be treated in part as a taxable exchange in which gain or loss would be recognized. In such event, a U.S. Holder could be deemed to have surrendered a number of Roivant Warrants with an aggregate fair market value equal to the exercise price for the total number of Roivant Warrants with an aggregate fair market value equal to the exercise d. Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, the U.S. Holder would recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the total exercise price for the total number of Roivant Warrants to be exercised and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Roivant Warrants deemed surrendered. In this case, a U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Roivant Warrants to be avercised Roivant Warrants was received, assuming the Merger is a tax-free transaction as discussed above) and the exercise price of which the exercised Roivant Warrants was received, assuming the Merger is a tax-free transaction as discussed above) and the exercise price of such Roivant Warrants. It is unclear whether a U.S. Holder's holding period for Roivant Common Shares would commence on the date following the date of exercise or on the date of exercise of the Roivant Warrants; in either case, the holding period would not include the period during which the U.S. Holder held the Roivant Warrants.

Due to the absence of authority on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a cashless exercise, including when a U.S. Holder's holding period would commence with respect to the Roivant Common Shares received, there can be no assurance which, if any, of the alternative tax consequences and holding periods described above would be adopted by the IRS or a court of law. Accordingly, U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of a cashless exercise.

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, if we redeem Roivant Warrants for cash pursuant to the redemption provisions described in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Description of Securities—Roivant Warrants—Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" or the redemption provisions described in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Description of Securities—Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$10.00" or if we purchase Roivant Warrants—Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$10.00" or if we purchase Roivant Warrants in an open market transaction, such redemption or purchase generally will be treated as a taxable disposition to the U.S. Holder, taxed as described above under "—Gain or Loss on Sale, Taxable Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants." The tax consequences of a cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant occurring after our giving notice of an intention to redeem the Roivant Warrant for \$0.01 as described in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Description of Securities—Roivant

Warrants—Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" or for \$0.10 as described in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Description of Securities—Roivant Warrants—Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$10.00" are unclear under current law. Such cashless exercise may be treated either as if we redeemed such Roivant Warrant for Roivant Common Shares or as an exercise of the Roivant Warrant. If the cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant for Roivant Common Shares is treated as a redemption, then such redemption generally should be treated as a tax-deferred recapitalization for U.S. federal income tax purposes, in which case a U.S. Holder should not recognize any gain or loss on such redemption, and accordingly, a U.S. Holder's basis in the Roivant Warrant and the holding period of the Roivant Common Share stould include the holding period of the Roivant Warrant. If the cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant is treated as such, the tax consequences generally should be as described under the heading "—Exercise, Lapse or Redemption of Roivant Warrants." Due to the lack of clarity under current law regarding the treatment of a cashless exercise of a Roivant Warrant for \$0.01 or \$0.01, there can be no assurance as to which, if any, of the alternative tax consequences described above would be adopted by the IRS or a court of law. Accordingly, U.S. Holders shoult chart tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the exercise of a Roivant Warrant occurring after our giving notice of an intention to redeem the Roivant Warrant for such above.

Possible Constructive Distributions

The terms of each Roivant Warrant provide for an adjustment to the number of Roivant Common Shares for which the Roivant Warrant may be exercised or to the exercise price of the Roivant Warrant in certain events, as discussed in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "Description of Securities—Roivant Warrants—Anti-Dilution Adjustments." An adjustment which has the effect of preventing dilution generally is not taxable. The U.S. Holders of the Roivant Warrants would, however, be treated as receiving a constructive distribution from us if, for example, the adjustment to the number of such Roivant Common Shares received upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants or to the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants in curases the proportionate interest of the U.S. Holder of Roivant Common Shares received upon exercise or through a decrease in the exercise price of a Roivant Warrant) as a result of a distribution (or a transaction treated as a distribution as described under "—Dividends and Other Distributions on the Roivant Common Shares, which is taxable to the holders of such shares as a distribution as described under "—Dividends and Other Distributions on the Roivant Common Shares." Such constructive distribution would be subject to tax as described under "—Dividends and Other Distributions on the Roivant Warrants received a cash distribution from us equal to the fair market value of such increased interest. For certain information reporting purposes, we are required to determine the date and amount of such constructive distributions are determined.

Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules

The treatment of U.S. Holders of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants could be materially different from that described above if Roivant is treated as a <u>PEIC</u> for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A foreign (i.e., non-U.S.) corporation will be classified as a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes if either (i) at least 75% of its gross income in a taxable year, including its pro rata share of the gross income of any corporation in which it is considered to own at least 25% of the shares by value, is passive income or (ii) at least 50% of its assets in a taxable year (ordinarily determined based on fair market value and averaged quarterly over the year), including its pro rata share of the assets of any corporation in which it is considered to own at least 25% of the shares by value, are held for the production of, or produce, passive income. Passive income generally includes, among other things, dividends, interest, rents and royalties (other than rents or royalties derived from the active conduct of a trade or business) and gains from the disposition of passive assets.

Roivant's status as a PFIC will depend on the nature and composition of its income and the nature, composition and value of its assets from time to time. The 50% passive asset test described above is generally based on the fair market value of each asset. If Roivant is a CFC (determined by disregarding certain downward attribution rules) and not publicly traded for the relevant taxable year, however, the test shall be applied based on the adjusted basis of our assets.

The New Regulations modify certain of the rules described above. Such modifications include, for example, permitting asset value to be determined more frequently than on a quarterly basis and treating a non-U.S. corporation as publicly traded for a taxable year if the stock of such corporation is publicly traded, other than in de minimis quantities, for at least twenty trading days during such taxable year.

The New Regulations generally apply to taxable years of shareholders beginning on or after January 14, 2021. A shareholder, however, may choose to apply such rules for any open taxable year beginning before January 14, 2021, provided that, with respect to a non-U.S. corporation being tested for PFIC status, the shareholder consistently applies certain of the provisions of the New Regulations and certain other Treasury regulations for such year and all subsequent years. Investors who are U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact and applicability of the New Regulations.

If Roivant is considered "publicly traded" for the current taxable year that ends on March 31, 2022, assuming that the Business Combination closes within such current taxable year and that Roivant Common Shares are publicly traded, other than in de minimis quantities, for at least twenty days during the current taxable year, Roivant would apply the 50% passive asset test using the fair market value of its assets. This determination, however, is subject to uncertainty. In addition, Roivant's status may also depend, in part, on how quickly it utilizes its cash on-hand and cash from future financings in its business.

Based on the foregoing, with respect to the taxable year that ended on March 31, 2021, Roivant believes that it was not a PFIC (based in part on its belief that it was not classified as a CFC in the taxable year that ended on March 31, 2021) and presently does not anticipate that it will be a PFIC based upon the expected value of its assets, including any goodwill and intangible assets, and the expected nature and composition of its income and assets. However, Roivant's status as a PFIC is a fact-intensive determination made on an annual basis, and it cannot provide any assurances regarding its PFIC status for the current or future taxable years. Roivant's U.S. counsel expresses no opinion with respect to Roivant's PFIC status for the current or future taxable years. Roivant will determine its PFIC status for each taxable year and make such determination available to U.S. Holders.

Roivant has implemented structures and arrangements intended to mitigate the possibility that it will be classified as a PFIC. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not successfully challenge these structures and arrangements, which may result in an adverse impact on the determination of whether Roivant is classified as a PFIC in the current and future taxable years. In addition, recently finalized U.S. Treasury regulations, of which Roivant is continuing to assess the impact, may also adversely affect the treatment of these structures and arrangements with respect to its PFIC status. Although Roivant's PFIC status is determined annually, an initial determination that Roivant is a PFIC will generally apply for subsequent years to a U.S. Holder who held Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants while Roivant was a PFIC, whether or not Roivant meets the test for PFIC status in those subsequent years. If Roivant is determined to be a PFIC for any taxable year (or portion thereof) that is included in the holding period of a U.S. Holder of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants and, in the case of Roivant Common Shares, the U.S. Holder did not make an applicable PFIC election (or elections), as further described below under the heading "—PFIC Elections," for the first taxable year of Roivant in which it was treated as a PFIC, and in which the U.S. Holder held (or was deemed to hold) such Roivant Common Shares, such U.S. Holder generally will be subject to special and adverse rules. Such rules apply to (i) any gain recognized by the U.S. Holder of the sale or other disposition of its Roivant Kommon Shares or Roivant Warrants for thansfers of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants that would otherwise qualify as nonrecognition transections for U.S. federal income tax purposes) and

(ii) any "excess distribution" made to the U.S. Holder (generally, any distributions to such U.S. Holder during a taxable year of the U.S. Holder that are greater than 125% of the average annual distributions received by such U.S. Holder in respect of the Roivant Common Shares during the three preceding taxable years of such U.S. Holder or, if shorter, the portion of such U.S. Holder's holding period for the Roivant Common Shares that preceded the taxable year of the distribution).

Under these rules:

- the U.S. Holder's gain or excess distribution will be allocated ratably over the U.S. Holder's holding period for the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants;
- the amount allocated to the U.S. Holder's taxable year in which the U.S. Holder recognized the gain or received the excess distribution, or to the period in the U.S. Holder's holding period before the first day of Roivant's first taxable year in which Roivant is a PFIC, will be taxed as ordinary income:
- the amount allocated to other taxable years (or portions thereof) of the U.S. Holder and included in its holding period will be taxed at the highest tax rate in effect for that year and applicable to the U.S. Holder without regard to the U.S. Holder's other items of income and loss for such year; and
- an additional tax equal to the interest charge generally applicable to underpayments of tax will be imposed on the U.S. Holder with respect to the tax attributable to each such other taxable year of the U.S. Holder.

PFIC Elections

If Roivant is a PFIC and Roivant Common Shares constitute "marketable stock," a U.S. Holder may avoid the adverse PFIC tax consequences discussed above with respect to its Roivant Common Shares if such U.S. Holder makes a mark-to-market election with respect to such shares for the first taxable year in which it holds (or is deemed to hold) Roivant Common Shares and each subsequent taxable year. Such U.S. Holder generally will include for each of its taxable years as ordinary income the excess, if any, of the fair market value of its Roivant Common Shares at the end of such year over its adjusted basis in its Roivant Common Shares. These amounts of ordinary income would not be eligible for the favorable tax rates applicable to qualified dividend income or long-term capital gains. The U.S. Holder also will recognize an ordinary loss in respect of the excess, if any, of its adjusted basis of its Roivant Common Shares over the fair market value of its Roivant Common Shares over the fair market value of its Roivant Common Shares over the fair market value of its Roivant Common Shares are (but only to the extent of the net amount of previously included income as a result of the mark-to-market election). The U.S. Holder's basis in its Roivant Common Shares will be adjusted to reflect any such income or long-term capital and any further gain recognized on a sale or other taxable disposition of its Roivant Common Shares.

The mark-to-market election is available only for "marketable stock," generally, stock that is regularly traded on a national securities exchange that is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Nasdaq (on which Roivant Common Shares are intended to be listed), or on a foreign exchange or market that the IRS determines has rules sufficient to ensure that the market price represents a legitimate and sound fair market value. If made, a mark-to-market election would be effective for the taxable year for which the election was made and for all subsequent taxable years unless the Roivant Common Shares cease to qualify as "marketable stock" for purposes of the PFIC rules or the IRS consents to the revocation of the election. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the availability and tax consequences of a mark-to-market election with respect to Roivant Common Shares under their particular circumstances.

Alternatively, if Roivant is determined to be a PFIC, a U.S. Holder may avoid the adverse PFIC tax consequences described above in respect of Roivant Common Shares (but not Roivant Warrants) by making and maintaining a timely and valid qualified electing fund ("QEF") election (if eligible to do so). If a U.S. Holder makes a QEF election with respect to a PFIC, the U.S. Holder will be taxed on its pro rata share of the PFIC's

ordinary earnings and net capital gain (at ordinary income and capital gain rates, respectively) for each taxable year that the entity is a PFIC. If a U.S. Holder makes a QEF election with respect to the Roivant Common Shares, any distributions paid by Roivant out of its earnings and profits that were previously included in the U.S. Holder's income under the QEF election would not be taxable to the U.S. Holder. A U.S. Holder will increase its tax basis in its Roivant Common Shares by an amount equal to any income included under the QEF election and will decrease its tax basis by any amount distributed on the Roivant Common Shares that is not included in the U.S. Holder's income. In addition, a U.S. Holder will recognize capital gain or loss on the disposition of Roivant Common Shares in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Roivant Common Shares, as determined in U.S. dollars. U.S. Holders should note that if they make QEF elections with respect to Roivant, they may be required to pay U.S. federal income tax with respect to their Roivant Common Shares for such taxable year. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding making QEF elections in their particular circumstances. A U.S. Holder generally may make a separate election to defer the payment of taxes on undistributed income inclusions under the QEF rules, but if deferred, any such taxes will be subject to an interest charge.

A U.S. Holder must make the QEF election for each PFIC by attaching a separate properly completed IRS Form 8621 for each PFIC to the U.S. Holder's timely filed U.S. federal income tax return. However, Roivant currently does not intend to provide information necessary for U.S. Holders to make QEF elections with respect to Roivant Common Shares, and the QEF election would be unavailable with respect to the Roivant Warrants in all cases under current law.

Related PFIC Rules

If Roivant is a PFIC and, at any time, has a foreign subsidiary that is classified as a PFIC, a U.S. Holder generally would be deemed to own a proportionate amount of the shares of such lower-tier PFIC, and generally could incur liability for the deferred tax and interest charge described above if Roivant receives a distribution from, or disposes of all or part of its interest in, the lower-tier PFIC, or the U.S. Holder otherwise was deemed to have disposed of an interest in the lower-tier PFIC. Roivant currently does not intend to cause any lower-tier PFIC to provide to a U.S. Holder the information that may be required to make or maintain a QEF election with respect to the lower-tier PFIC. A mark-to-market election generally would not be available with respect to such lower-tier PFIC. Solutions are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax issues raised by lower-tier PFICs.

A U.S. Holder that owns (or is deemed to own) shares in a PFIC during any taxable year of the U.S. Holder, may have to file an IRS Form 8621 (whether or not a QEF or mark-to-market election is made) and to provide such other information as may be required by the U.S. Treasury Department. Failure to do so, if required, will extend the statute of limitations applicable to such U.S. Holder until such required information is furnished to the IRS.

The rules dealing with PFICs and with the purging, mark-to-market and QEF elections are very complex and are affected by various factors in addition to those described above. Accordingly, U.S. Holders of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants are urged to consult their own tax advisors concerning the application of the PFIC rules to Roivant securities under their particular circumstances.

Additional Reporting Requirements

Certain U.S. Holders may be required to file an IRS Form 926 (Return by a U.S. Transferor of Property to a Foreign Corporation) to report a transfer of property to Roivant. Substantial penalties may be imposed on a U.S. Holder that fails to comply with this requirement and the period of limitations on assessment and collection of U.S. federal income taxes will be extended in the event of a failure to comply. In addition, certain U.S. Holders holding specified foreign financial assets with an aggregate value in excess of the applicable dollar thresholds are

required to report information to the IRS relating to Roivant Common Shares, subject to certain exceptions (including an exception for Roivant Common Shares held in accounts maintained by U.S. financial institutions), by attaching a complete IRS Form 8938 (Statement of Specified Foreign Financial Assets) with their tax return for each year in which they hold Roivant Common Shares. Substantial penalties apply to any failure to file IRS Form 8938 and the period of limitations on assessment and collection of U.S. federal income taxes will be extended in the event of a failure to comply. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of these rules on the ownership and disposition of Roivant Common Shares.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of dividends and sales proceeds that are made within the United States or through certain U.S.-related financial intermediaries are subject to information reporting, and may be subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding generally will not apply, however, to a U.S. Holder if (i) the U.S. Holder is a corporation or other exempt recipient or (ii) the U.S. Holder provides a correct taxpayer identification number and certifies that it is not subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a holder will be allowed as a credit against such holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle it to a refund, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX DISCUSSION SET FORTH ABOVE IS INCLUDED FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY AND MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE TO YOU DEPENDING UPON YOUR PARTICULAR SITUATION, YOU ARE URGED TO CONSULT YOUR OWN TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO YOU OF THE DISPOSITION OF MAAC CLASS A SHARES OR MAAC WARRANTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE MERGER, OF THE EXERCISE OF REDEMPTION RIGHTS, AND OF THE ACQUISITION, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF ROIVANT COMMON SHARES OR ROIVANT WARRANTS INCLUDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES UNDER STATE, LOCAL, ESTATE, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX LAWS AND TAX TREATIES AND THE POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN U.S. OR OTHER TAX LAWS.

MATERIAL UNITED KINGDOM TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a general summary of material United Kingdom tax considerations relating to the Business Combination and the ownership and disposal of Roivant Common Shares and Roivant Warrants applicable to a non-UK Holder. The comments set out below are based on current United Kingdom tax law as applied in England and Wales and HM Revenue & Customs, or HMRC, practice (which may not be binding on HMRC) as at the date of this summary, both of which are subject to change, possibly with retrospective effect. They are intended as a general guide and, save where expressly stated otherwise, apply only to absolute beneficial owners of the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants who are (i) individuals not resident in the United Kingdom for United Kingdom tax purposes who do not hold Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants for the purposes of a trade, profession, or vocation which they carry on in the United Kingdom through a branch or agency, or (ii) companies not resident in the United Kingdom tax purposes which do not hold the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants for the purpose of a trade carried on in the United Kingdom through a permanent establishment in the United Kingdom, together, "non-UK Holders."

This summary does not address all possible tax consequences relating to an investment in the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants. Certain categories of holders, including those falling outside the category described above (such as those who are resident in the United Kingdom for United Kingdom tax purposes), those carrying on certain financial activities, those subject to specific tax regimes or benefitting from certain reliefs or exemptions, those connected with Roivant and those for whom the shares are employment-related securities may be subject to special rules and this summary does not apply to such holders and any general statements made in this disclosure do not take them into account.

Potential investors should satisfy themselves prior to investing as to the overall tax consequences, including, specifically, the consequences under United Kingdom tax law and HMRC practice of the acquisition, ownership and disposal of the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants in their own particular circumstances by consulting their own tax advisors.

THE FOLLOWING IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. EACH HOLDER SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO SUCH HOLDER OF THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSAL OF ROIVANT COMMON SHARES AND ROIVANT WARRANTS, AND OF THE BUSINESS COMBINATION AND AN EXERCISE OF REDEMPTION RIGHTS, INCLUDING THE EFFECTS OF UNITED KINGDOM TAX LAWS.

United Kingdom Taxation of Dividends

Roivant will not be required to withhold amounts on account of United Kingdom tax at source when paying a dividend in respect of Roivant Common Shares to a non-UK Holder.

Non-UK Holders who hold their Roivant Common Shares as an investment should not be subject to United Kingdom tax in respect of any dividends.

United Kingdom Taxation of Capital Gains

Effect of the Business Combination

An individual who is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable to United Kingdom capital gains tax on capital gains (if any) realized on either the cancellation of his or her MAAC Class A Shares and their conversion into Roivant Common Shares, or the conversion of his or her MAAC Warrants into Roivant Warrants.

A company that is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable for United Kingdom corporation tax on chargeable gains realized (if any) on either the cancellation of its MAAC Class A Shares and their conversion into Roivant Common Shares, or the conversion of its MAAC Warrants into Roivant Warrants.

An individual non-UK Holder who is only temporarily a non-UK resident for United Kingdom tax purposes may, in certain circumstances, become liable to UK tax on capital gains in respect of gains realized (if any) while he or she was not resident in the United Kingdom.

Acquisition of Roivant Common Shares on exercise of the Roivant Warrants

An individual that is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable to United Kingdom capital gains tax on capital gains realized (if any) on the exercise of Roivant Warrants.

A company that is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable to United Kingdom corporation tax on chargeable gains realized (if any) on the exercise of Roivant Warrants.

An individual non-UK Holder who is only temporarily a non-UK resident for United Kingdom tax purposes, may, in certain circumstances, become liable to United Kingdom tax on capital gains in respect of gains realized (if any) while he or she was not resident in the United Kingdom.

Disposal of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants

An individual who is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable to United Kingdom capital gains tax on capital gains realized on the disposal of his or her Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants.

A company that is a non-UK Holder will generally not be liable for United Kingdom corporation tax on chargeable gains realized on the disposal of its Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants.

An individual non-UK Holder who is only temporarily a non-UK resident for United Kingdom tax purposes will, in certain circumstances, become liable to United Kingdom tax on capital gains in respect of gains realized while he or she was not resident in the United Kingdom.

United Kingdom Stamp Duty ("stamp duty") and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax ("SDRT")

No stamp duty or SDRT is expected to be payable on the issue, grant or transfer of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants, subject to the comments below.

Stamp duty will in principle be payable on any instrument that vests or transfers Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants that is executed in the United Kingdom or that relates to any property situated, or to any matter or thing done or to be done, in the United Kingdom. Holders of Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants should be aware that, even where such an instrument is in principle subject to stamp duty, stamp duty is not required to be paid unless it is necessary to rely on the instrument for legal purposes, for example to register a change of ownership or in litigation in a United Kingdom court. Provided that the Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants are not registered in any register maintained in the United Kingdom, any agreement to transfer Roivant Common Shares or Roivant Warrants will not be subject to SDRT. Roivant currently does not intend that any register of its Roivant Common Shares or when with the maintained in the United Kingdom.



PROPOSAL NO. 1 - THE BUSINESS COMBINATION PROPOSAL

Overview

We are asking our stockholders to adopt and approve the Business Combination Agreement, certain related agreements and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Business Combination). MAAC stockholders should read carefully this proxy statement/prospectus in its entirety for more detailed information concerning the Business Combination Agreement, which is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus, and the transactions contemplated thereby. Please see the section entitled *"The Business Combination Agreement"* for additional information and a summary of certain terms of the Business Combination Agreement. You are urged to read carefully the Business Combination Agreement in its entirety before voting on this proposal.

Because we are holding a stockholder vote on the Business Combination, we may consummate the Business Combination only if such initial Business Combination is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares that are voted at a stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination.

Business Combination

The Business Combination Agreement

This subsection of this proxy statement/prospectus describes the material provisions of the Business Combination Agreement, but does not purport to describe all of the terms of the Business Combination Agreement. The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the Business Combination Agreement, which is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus. You are urged to read the Business Combination. Combination Agreement in its entirety because it is the primary legal document that governs the Business Combination.

The Business Combination Agreement contains representations, warranties and covenants that the respective parties made to each other as of the date of the Business Combination Agreement or other specific dates. The assertions embodied in those representations, warranties and covenants were made for purposes of the contract among the respective parties and are subject to important qualifications and limitations agreed to by the parties in connection with negotiating the Business Combination Agreement. The representations, warranties and covenants in the Business Combination Agreement. The representations, warranties and covenants in the Business Combination Agreement are also modified in part by the underlying disclosure schedules (the "disclosure schedules"), which are not filed publicly and which are subject to a contractual standard of materiality different from that generally applicable to stockholders and were used for the purpose of allocating risk among the parties rather than establishing matters as facts. We do not believe that the disclosure schedules Contain information that is material to an investment decision. Additionally, the representations and warranties of the parties to the Business Combination Agreement may or may not have been accurate as of any specific date and do not purport to be accurate as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus. Accordingly, no person should rely on the representations and warranties in the Business Combination Agreement prospectus as characterizations of the actual state of facts about MAAC, Sponsor, Roivant, Merger Sub or any other matter.

General Description of the Business Combination; Structure of the Business Combination

On May 1, 2021, MAAC, Merger Sub, and Roivant entered into the Business Combination Agreement, as amended, which provides for, among other things, the following transactions:

(a) Prior to the Pre-Closing Steps (defined below), the non-voting common shares of Roivant will be converted and redesignated into voting shares of Roivant, subject to the expiration or termination of

any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to such conversion, provided that if such expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act does not occur, then the parties shall, prior to the Effective Time, appropriately modify Roivant's post-closing bye-laws to provide for a separate class of common shares of Roivant that are identical to the common shares of Roivant (the "Roivant Common Shares"), except that they will not be entitled to voting rights;

- (b) On the date of Closing (defined below) prior to the Effective Time, Roivant will amend and restate its existing bye-laws to be in the form of the Roivant's post-closing bye-laws, each outstanding share of Roivant will be subdivided into the Roivant Common Shares based on a fixed exchange ratio of 2.9262:1 (the "Roivant Exchange Ratio"), and each outstanding equity award of Roivant will be subdivided and adjusted into comparable equity awards of Roivant, based on the Roivant Exchange Ratio (the steps contemplated by this clause (b), collectively, the "Pre-Closing Steps");
- (c) On the date of Closing, the parties to the Business Combination Agreement will cause a certificate of merger to be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, pursuant to which Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the Merger; and
- (d) At the Effective Time, (i) each outstanding MAAC Class A Share and each outstanding MAAC Class B Share (other than treasury shares and any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor or its affiliates) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (ii) each outstanding MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor or any of its affiliates will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into a number of Roivant Common Shares based on the MAAC Sponsor cr any of its affiliates by with a portion of such Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor or any of its affiliates by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as more fully described in the section entitled "—Related Agreements") and (iii) each outstanding MAAC Warrant to purchase MAAC Class A Shares will automatically convert into the right to acquire Roivant Common Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the MAAC Warrant Agreement.

The Sponsor Exchange Ratio is 1.0, subject to reduction in an amount equal to one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed in connection with the Business Combination (i.e., if 10% of the MAAC Class A Shares are so redeemed, then the Sponsor Exchange Ratio will be equal to 0.95), provided that in no event will the Sponsor Exchange Ratio be less than 0.75.

In addition, MAAC and Roivant entered into Subscription Agreements with certain institutional and accredited investors, pursuant to which such investors have agreed to subscribe for and purchase, and MAAC has agreed to issue and sell to such investors, an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$220,000,000, which we refer to as the "PIPE Financing." The MAAC Class A Shares to be offered and sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and the Roivant Common Shares into which such MAAC Class A Share so to be offered and sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and the Roivant Common Shares into which such MAAC Class A Share is used in the PIPE Financing will be converted into one Roivant Common Share in the Merger. Roivant will grant the investors certain registration rights in connection with the PIPE Financing. The PIPE Financing is contingent upon, among other things, the substantially concurrent Closing.

The proceeds from MAAC's Trust Account (after, for the avoidance of doubt, giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination) and the PIPE Financing will be used for general capital purposes of Roivant following the Business Combination.

In connection with the Business Combination, certain related agreements have been, or will be entered into substantially concurrently with, or prior to the Closing, including the Transaction Support Agreements, the Sponsor Support Agreement, the Registration Rights Agreement and the Lock-Up Agreement (each as defined in this proxy statement/prospectus). See "—Related Agreements" for more information.

Closing and Effective Time of the Business Combination

The Closing is required to take place electronically by exchange of the closing deliverables as promptly as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than the third business day, following the satisfaction (or, to the extent permitted by applicable law, waiver) of the conditions described below under the section entitled "—Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination," (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the closing of the Business Combination, but subject to satisfaction or waiver of such conditions) or at such other place, date and/or time as MAAC and Roivant may agree in writing.

The Effective Time will occur at the time that the parties file a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on the date of the Closing or at such other time mutually agreed to by the parties and set forth in the certificate of merger.

Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination

Conditions to Each Party's Obligations

The respective obligations of each party to the Business Combination Agreement to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable law, written waiver by all of the parties to the Business Combination Agreement of the following conditions:

- no order or law issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental entity (i) in the United States or any other jurisdiction in which the Group Companies (as defined below) conduct material operations or (ii) that is otherwise material, in each case, preventing the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement being in effect;
- the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part becoming effective in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Act, no stop order being issued by the SEC and remaining in effect, and no proceeding seeking such a stop order being threatened or initiated by the SEC and remaining pending;
- the approval of each of the Business Combination Approval and the Nasdaq Approval by the affirmative vote of the holders of the requisite number of MAAC Shares being obtained in accordance with MAAC's governing documents and applicable law;
- Roivant's initial listing application with Nasdaq in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement being approved and, immediately following the Effective Time, Roivant satisfying any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of Nasdaq, and Roivant not having received any notice of non-compliance in connection therewith that has not been cured or would not be cured at or immediately following the Effective Time, and the Roivant Common Shares to be issued in connection with the Business Combination, being approved for listing on Nasdaq; and
- after giving effect to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (including the PIPE Financing), Roivant having at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets (as determined in accordance with Rule 3a51-1(g)(1) of the Exchange Act) immediately after the Effective Time.

Other Conditions to the Obligations of MAAC

The obligations of MAAC to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable law, waiver by MAAC of the following further conditions:

 the representations and warranties of Roivant regarding its organization and qualification, the authority of Roivant to execute and deliver the Business Combination Agreement and each of the ancillary documents thereto to which it is or will be a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated

thereby and Roivant brokers' fees and certain representations and warranties of Roivant regarding its capitalization, being true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation of "materiality" or Company Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) or any similar limitation set forth in the Business Combination Agreement) in all material respects as of the date of Closing, as though made on and as of the date of Closing (or, if given as of an earlier date, as of such earlier date);

- the representation and warranty regarding the absence of a Company Material Adverse Effect since July 6, 2020 being true and correct in all respects as of the date of Closing, provided that such representation and warranty will be deemed satisfied if there is no Company Material Adverse Effect that is continuing;
- certain representations and warranties of Roivant regarding its capitalization being true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation
 of "materiality" or Company Material Adverse Effect or any similar limitation set forth in the Business Combination Agreement) as of the
 date of Closing, as though made on and as of the date of Closing, (or, if given as of an earlier date, as of such earlier date), except where
 the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct would not be material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole;
- the other representations and warranties of Roivant being true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation of "materiality" or Company Material Adverse Effect or any similar limitation set forth in the Business Combination Agreement) in all respects as of the date of Closing, as though made on and as of the date of Closing (or, if given as of an earlier date, as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect;
- Roivant and Merger Sub having performed and complied in all material respects with the covenants and agreements required to be
 performed or complied with by Roivant and Merger Sub under the Business Combination Agreement at or prior to the Closing;
- since the date of the Business Combination Agreement, no Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred that is continuing;
- as of immediately after the Effective Time, the Roivant Board shall include the MAAC director designee as a director;
- the Pre-Closing Steps having been consummated on the date of Closing prior to the Effective Time in accordance with the applicable terms
 of the Business Combination Agreement;
- the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the Notification and Report Form to be filed by the MAAC Sponsor as an acquiring
 person (as that term is defined by 16 C.F.R. 801.2) in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination
 Agreement having been expired or terminated; and
- MAAC must have received a certificate executed by an authorized officer of Roivant confirming that the conditions set forth in the first six bullet points in this section have been satisfied.

Other Conditions to the Obligations of Roivant

The obligations of Roivant to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable law, waiver by Roivant of the following further conditions:

 the representations and warranties regarding organization and qualification of MAAC, the authority of MAAC to execute and deliver the Business Combination Agreement, and each of the ancillary documents thereto to which it is or will be a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby, the absence of a MAAC Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the Business Combination

Agreement), MAAC's brokers' fees and MAAC's Trust Account and certain representations and warranties regarding the capitalization of MAAC being true and correct in all material respects as of the date of Closing, as though made on and as of such date of Closing (or, if given as of an earlier date, as of such earlier date), provided that the representation and warranty related to the absence of a MAAC Material Adverse Effect since July 6, 2020 will be deemed satisfied if there is no MAAC Material Adverse Effect that is continuing;

- the other representations and warranties of MAAC being true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or MAAC Material Adverse Effect or any similar limitation set forth in the Business Combination Agreement) in all respects as of the date of Closing, as though made on and as of the date of Closing (or, if given as of an earlier date, as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect;
- MAAC having performed and complied in all material respects with the covenants and agreements required to be performed or complied with by it under the Business Combination Agreement at or prior to the Closing;
- since the date of the Business Combination Agreement, no MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred that is continuing;
- the aggregate proceeds from the Trust Account (after, for the avoidance of doubt, giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination) being equal to or greater than \$210,000,000;
- Sponsor having complied in all material respects with its covenants and agreements required to be performed or complied with by it under the Sponsor Support Agreement at or prior to the Closing;
- MAAC having delivered to Roivant a certificate duly executed by an authorized officer of MAAC dated as of the date of Closing
 confirming that the conditions set forth in the first four bullet points of this section have been satisfied; and
- MAAC having delivered to Roivant a certificate prepared in a manner consistent and in accordance with the requirements of the Treasury Regulations Sections 1.897-2(g), (h) and 1.1445-2(c)(3), certifying that no interest in MAAC is, or has been during the relevant period specified in Section 897(c)(1)(A)(ii) of the Code, a "United States real property interest" within the meaning of Section 897(c) of the Code, and a form of notice to the Internal Revenue Service prepared in accordance with the provisions of Treasury Regulations Section 1.897-2(h)(2).

Representations and Warranties

Under the Business Combination Agreement, Roivant and Merger Sub made customary representations and warranties to MAAC relating to, among other things: organization and qualification; capitalization; authorization; financial statements; absence of undisclosed liabilities; consents and approvals; permits; material contracts; absence of certain changes; the absence of a Company Material Adverse Effect; litigation; compliance with law; Merger Sub activities; employee plans; environmental matters; intellectual property; labor matters; insurance; tax matters; brokers; real and personal property; transactions with affiliates and other related parties; data privacy and security; compliance with international trade and anti-corruption laws; information supplied; investigation; regulatory compliance; investment company act; and SEC filings and others matters relating to Roivant's subsidiaries that are public companies.

Under the Business Combination Agreement, MAAC made customary representations and warranties to Roivant relating to, among other things: organization and qualification; authorization; consent and approvals; brokers; information supplied; capitalization; SEC filings; the Trust Account; the absence of a MAAC Material Adverse Effect; material contracts; transactions with affiliates and other related parties; litigation; compliance

with law; MAAC's activities; internal controls, listing and financial statements; absence of undisclosed liabilities; employees; tax matters; compliance with international trade and anti-corruption laws; PIPE Financing; and investigation.

Material Adverse Effect

Under the Business Combination Agreement, certain representations and warranties of Roivant and MAAC are qualified in whole or in part by materiality thresholds. In addition, certain representations and warranties of Roivant and MAAC are qualified in whole or in part by a material adverse effect standard for purposes of determining whether a breach of such representations and warranties has occurred.

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, a "Company Material Adverse Effect" means any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that, individually or in the aggregate with any other change, event, development, effect or occurrence, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (a) the business, results of operations, assets or financial conditions of the Group Companies, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of Roivant or Merger Sub to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement on the date of Closing (including the Merger and the Pre-Closing Steps); provided, however, that, in the case of clause (a), none of the following shall be taken into account in determining whether a Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur: any adverse change, event, development, effect or occurrence arising after the date of the Business Combination Agreement from or related to (i) general business or economic conditions in or affecting the United States, or changes therein, or the global economy generally, (ii) any national or international political or social conditions in the United States or any other country, including the engagement by the United States or any other country in hostilities, whether or not pursuant to the declaration of a national emergency or war, or the occurrence in any place of any military or terrorist attack, sabotage or cyberterrorism, (iii) changes in conditions of the financial, banking, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or changes therein, including changes in interest rates in the United States or any other country and changes in exchange rates for the currencies of any countries, (iv) changes in any applicable Laws, (v) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to the industries or markets in which any of Roivant or any of its Subsidiaries (each a "Group Company") operates, (vi) the execution or public announcement of the Business Combination Agreement or the pendency or consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, including the impact thereof on the relationships, contractual or otherwise, of any Group Company with employees, customers, investors, contractors, lenders, suppliers, vendors, partners, licensors, licensees, payors or other third parties related thereto (provided that the exception in this clause (vi) shall not apply to the representations and warranties set forth in Section 3.5(b) of the Business Combination Agreement to the extent that its purpose is to address the consequences resulting from the public announcement or pendency or consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or the condition set forth in Section 6.2(a) of the Business Combination Agreement to the extent it relates to such representations and warranties), (vii) any failure by any Group Company to meet, or changes to, any internal or published budgets, projections forecasts, estimates or predictions (although the underlying facts and circumstances resulting in such failure may be taken into account to the extent not otherwise excluded from this definition, (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake, tsunami, natural disaster, mudslides, wild fires, epidemics pandemics (including COVID-19) or quarantines, acts of God or other natural disasters or comparable events in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or any escalation of the foregoing, or (ix) any regulatory, preclinical, clinical, pricing or reimbursement changes, effects, developments or occurrences arising after the date of the Business Combination Agreement and relating to or affecting any product candidate, product or platform that is being or has been researched, tested, developed, manufactured, distributed, sold, promoted, advertised or marketed by or on behalf of the Group Companies ("Company Product") (including (A) any suspension, rejection, refusal of, request to refile or any delay in obtaining or making any regulatory application or filing relating to any Company Product, (B) any negative regulatory actions, requests, recommendations or decisions of any Governmental Entity (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) relating to any Company Product or the manufacture thereof, or any other regulatory or preclinical or clinical

development relating to any Company Product, (C) any preclinical or clinical studies, trials, tests, results or adverse events, or announcements of any of the foregoing, with respect to any Company Product, (D) any delay, hold or termination of any preclinical or clinical study, trial or test or any delay, hold or termination of any product (E) any preclinical or clinical study, trial or test or any delay, hold or termination of any proteclinical or clinical study, trial or test or any delay, hold or termination of any proteclinical or clinical study, trial or test or any delay, hold or termination of any proteclinical or clinical studies, trials, tests, results or adverse events, or announcements of any of the foregoing, with respect to any Company Product, (E) any preclinical or clinical studies, trials, tests, results or adverse events, or announcements of any of the foregoing, with respect to any Company Product, commendations, statements, decisions or other pronouncements made, published or proposed by professional medical organizations, payors, Governmental Entities or representatives of the foregoing, or any panel or advisory body empowered or appointed thereby, relating to any Company Product or any fraud or intentional and material violation of any applicable Public Health Law or Order (each as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) by any Group Company; provided, however, that (A) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence resulting from a matter described in any of the foregoing clauses (i) through (v) may be taken into account in determining whether a Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur to the extent such change, event, development, effect or occurrence has had a disproportionate adverse effect on the Group Companies, taken as a whole, relative to other participants operating in the industries or markets in which the Group Companies operate and (B) in no event shall (x) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence to the subscriptio

Under the Business Combination Agreement, certain representations and warranties of MAAC are qualified in whole or in part by a material adverse effect standard for purposes of determining whether a breach of such representations and warranties has occurred.

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, a "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" means any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that, individually or in the aggregate with any other change, event, development, effect or occurrence, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (a) the business, results of operations, assets or financial condition of MAAC, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of MAAC to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement to occur on the date of Closing (including the Merger); provided, however, that, in the case of clause (a), none of the following shall be taken into account in determining whether a MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur: any adverse change, event, development, effect or occurrence arising after the date of this Agreement from or related to (i) general business or economic conditions in or affecting the United States, or changes therein, or the global economy generally, (ii) any national or international political or social conditions in or a flocting in conditions, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country in hostilities, whether or not pursuant to the declaration of a national emergency or war, or the occurrence in any place of any military or terrorist attack, sabotage or cyberterrorism, (iii) changes in conditions of the financial, banking, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or changes therein, including changes in interest rates in the United States or any other country and changes in exchange rates for the currencies of any countries, (iv) changes in any applicable Laws, (v) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to the industries or markets in which MAAC operates, (vi) the execution or public announcement of the Business Combination Agreement or the pendency or consummation of the transactions conte

condition set forth in Section 6.3(a) of the Business Combination Agreement to the extent it relates to such representations and warranties), (vii) any failure by MAAC to meet, or changes to, any internal or published budgets, projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions (although the underlying facts and circumstances resulting in such failure may be taken into account to the extent not otherwise excluded from this definition), (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake, tsunami, natural disaster, mudslides, wild fires, epidemics, pandemics (including COVID-19) or quarantines, acts of God or other natural disasters or comparable events in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or any escalation of the foregoing or (ix) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to "SPACs"; provided, however, that (A) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to "SPACs"; provided, however, that (A) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that any of the foregoing clauses (i) through (v) or clause (ix) may be taken into account in determining whether a MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur to the extent such change, event, development, effect or occurrence to the extent relating to any of the Group Companies, (v) any MAAC stockholder redemption, in and of itself, or (2) any failure, in and of itself, by a PIPE Investor to fulfill its obligations under each Subscription Agreement constitute a MAAC Material Adverse Effect.

Covenants of the Parties

Covenants of Roivant and Merger Sub

Roivant and Merger Sub made certain covenants under the Business Combination Agreement, including, among others, the following:

- subject to certain exceptions, as required by law or as consented to in writing by MAAC (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), prior to the Closing, Roivant will, and will cause the other non-public Group Companies to, use commercially reasonable efforts to (i) operate the non-public Group Companies in the ordinary course of business in all material respects and (ii) maintain and preserve intact in all material respects the business organization, assets, properties and material business relations of the non-public Group Companies, taken as a whole.
- subject to certain exceptions (including those set forth in the applicable subsections of Section 5.1(b) of the Business Combination Agreement or in the disclosure schedules) or as consented to in writing by MAAC (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), prior to the Closing, Roivant will, and will cause the other non-public Group Companies to, not do any of the following:
 - declare, set aside, make or pay dividend on, or make any other distribution payment in respect of, any equity securities of Roivant or repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any outstanding equity securities of Roivant;
 - (i) merge, consolidate, combine or amalgamate Roivant with any person or (ii) purchase or otherwise acquire any corporation, partnership, association or other business entity or organization or division thereof, except, in the case of this clause (ii) for any such transaction that would not be material to the business of all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole;
 - adopt any amendments, supplements, restatements or modifications to Roivant's governing documents or Roivant's shareholder
 agreements that are material and adverse to the holders of MAAC Shares or that would adversely affect the ability of Roivant to
 perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under the Business Combination Agreement or
 any ancillary document or any holder of Roivant common shares prior to the Effective Time to perform, or otherwise comply with,
 any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under the Transaction Support Agreements;
 - (i) sell, assign, abandon, lease, exclusively license or otherwise dispose of any assets or properties of the non-public Group Companies that are material to the business of all of the Group

Companies, taken as a whole or (ii) create, subject or incur any lien (other than any Permitted Liens (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement)) on any assets or properties of the non-public Group Companies that are material to the business of all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole;

- incur, create or assume any indebtedness for borrowed money to a third party in excess of \$200 million in the aggregate;
- (i) enter into, or amend or modify in any manner that would be adverse to the existing MAAC stockholders in any material respect following the Closing (including, for the avoidance of doubt, by reason of any additional payments or consideration that occur prior to the Closing) or that would adversely affect the ability of Roivant to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary document, any related party contract required to be or that, if existing on the date of the Business Combination Agreement, would be required to be, disclosed on the disclosure schedules or (ii) consummate any other related party transaction or make any other payments to a related party that, if reflected in a contract and existing on the date of the Business Combination Agreement, would be required to be disclosed on the disclosure schedules;
- enter into or provide for, or amend or modify in a manner that would result in material additional payments or other amounts under (either individually or in the aggregate), any retention, transaction bonus or other similar payments or amounts that become payable as a result of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement;
- make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or guarantees for the benefit of, any person in an amount in excess of \$25 million in the aggregate;
- enter into any settlement agreement or similar contract the performance of which would involve the payment in excess of \$2 million individually or \$10 million in the aggregate, or that imposes or will impose any material, non-monetary obligations on any nonpublic Group Company;
- authorize, recommend, propose or announce an intention to adopt, or otherwise effect, a plan of (A) complete or partial liquidation, dissolution or restructuring involving any non-public Group Company (other than a non-public Group Company with no material operations) or (B) recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction involving any non-public Group Company (other than the Pre-Closing Steps);
- · change any non-public Group Company's methods of accounting in any material respect;
- enter into a contract with any broker, finder, investment banker or other person that would entitle such person to a brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary documents; or
- enter into any contract to take any of the above actions prohibited under the Business Combination Agreement.
- Roivant will not, and will cause the other non-public Group Companies that may hold equity securities of Datavant Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Datavant") not to, take any action in furtherance of, approve or consent to any dividend, distribution or other payment by Datavant to any Roivant related party (including, if applicable, by voting its equity securities of Datavant against any proposal to make any such dividend, distribution or other payment), except for a dividend, distribution or other payment, except for a dividend, distribution or other payment to the direct holders of equity securities of Datavant that is made in accordance with the governing documents of Datavant and applicable contracts governing such equity securities (in each case, as in effect as of the date of the Business Combination Agreement), without the prior written consent of MAAC.

- Merger Sub will not take any action, engage in any activities or business, or incur any liabilities or obligations, other than (i) those incident to its organization, (ii) the execution of the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary documents to which it is or will be a party, (iii) those contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary document or (iv) those that are consented to in writing by MAAC.
- Prior to the Effective Time, Roivant will cause the conversion and redesignation of non-voting common shares of Roivant into Roivant Common Shares to occur, subject to the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to such conversion.
- As promptly as reasonably practicable (and in any event within one business day) following the date of the Business Combination Agreement, Roivant, as the sole shareholder of Merger Sub, will approve and adopt the Business Combination Agreement, the ancillary documents to which Merger Sub is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Merger).
- Roivant will use its reasonable best efforts to cause: (i) Roivant to satisfy any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of Nasdaq, in each case, as promptly as reasonably practicable after the date of the Business Combination Agreement and in any event prior to the Effective Time, and (ii) the Roivant Common Shares issuable in accordance with the Business Combination Agreement, including the Merger, to be approved for listing on Nasdaq, subject to official notice of issuance thereof.
- As promptly as reasonably practicable following the date of the Business Combination Agreement, Roivant will deliver to MAAC
 (i) Roivant audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020, (ii) Roivant audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 and (iii) customary pro forma financial statements (after giving effect to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement).
- Roivant will use reasonable best efforts to terminate at or prior to the Closing the Roivant shareholders agreements set forth in the disclosure schedules without any further liabilities to Roivant or any of its affiliates;
- Following the Effective Time, Roivant will maintain the rights to indemnification or exculpation in favor of the current or former directors and officers of both MAAC and Roivant for a period of six years after the Effective Time and will maintain in effect for six years after the Effective Time a "tail" policy obtained by MAAC providing liability insurance covered for MAAC directors and officers with respect to matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time.
- Roivant will, subject to certain exceptions, at or prior to the Closing, obtain a "tail" policy providing liability insurance coverage for
 Roivant directors and officers with respect to matters occurring on or prior to the Effective Time.
- Prior to the earlier of the Closing or termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms, Roivant will not
 and will cause the non-public Group Companies and its and their respective officers and directors to not, and will use their reasonable best
 efforts to cause its and their affiliates and the other representatives to not, directly or indirectly: (i) solicit, initiate, knowingly and information), knowingly facilitate, discuss or negotiate, directly or indirectly, any inquiry,
 proposal or offer (written or oral) with respect to a Company Acquisition Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement);
 (ii) furnish or disclose any non-public information to any person in connection with, or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, a
 Company Acquisition Proposal; (iii) enter into any contract or other arrangement or understanding regarding a Company Acquisition
 Proposal; (iv) make any filings with the SEC in connection with a public offering of any securities of Roivant, other than in connection
 with the transactions contemplated by, and in accordance with, the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents; or
 (v) otherwise cooperate in any way with, or assist or participate in, or knowingly facilitate or knowingly encourage any effort or attempt by
 any person to do or seek to do any of the foregoing.

- Roivant will take all such actions as may be necessary or appropriate such that effective as of the Effective Time the Roivant Board will
 consist of a number of directors determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC) prior to the Effective Time, with
 one director being an individual designated by MAAC, who is currently expected to be James C. Montazee, and the other directors being
 determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC).
- Prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part, the board of directors of Roivant (i) will approve and adopt the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan, with any changes or modifications thereto as Roivant and MAAC may mutually agree (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either Roivant or MAAC, as applicable) and (ii) may approve and adopt an employee stock purchase plan, with any changes or modifications thereto as Roivant and MAAC may mutually agree (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either Roivant or MAAC, as applicable).
- Roivant will, and will cause its representatives to, reasonably consult with and reasonably cooperate with MAAC and its representatives in
 connection with the Pre-Closing Steps and otherwise keep MAAC and its representatives apprised, in reasonable detail, of the status of the
 Pre-Closing Steps.
- (i) within a reasonable time prior to the Closing (and in any event ten business days prior to the date of Closing), Roivant will provide, or
 cause to be provided, drafts of all agreements, documents and instruments related to the Pre-Closing Steps, and give MAAC and its
 representatives a reasonable amount of time to review all such agreements, documents and instruments and will consider in good faith all
 comments provided by MAAC and its Representatives and (ii) none of Roivant or the other Group Companies will enter into any
 agreement, document or instrument related to the Pre-Closing Steps that is not in a form and substance reasonably satisfactory to MAAC.

Covenants of MAAC

MAAC made certain covenants under the Business Combination Agreement, including, among others, the following:

- subject to certain exceptions (including the ability of MAAC to use funds held by MAAC outside the Trust Account to pay any MAAC
 expenses or liabilities to distribute or pay over any funds held by MAAC outside the Trust Account to the MAAC Sponsor or any of its
 affiliates, in each case, prior to the Closing) or as consented to in writing by Roivant (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld,
 conditioned or delayed), prior to the Closing, MAAC will, and will cause its subsidiaries to, not do any of the following:
 - adopt any amendments, supplements, restatements or modifications to the Trust Agreement (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement), the MAAC Warrant Agreement or the governing documents of MAAC;
 - create or form any subsidiary;
 - acquire any corporation, partnership, other business organization or enter into any strategic joint ventures, partnerships or alliances with any other person, or make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or guarantees for the benefit of, or any investments in, any person or entity;
 - declare, set aside, make or pay any dividend or distribution or payment in respect of, or repurchase any outstanding, any equity securities of MAAC;
 - split, combine or reclassify any of its capital stock or other equity securities or issue any other security in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of its capital stock;
 - (i) incur, create or assume any indebtedness for borrowed money (other than working capital loans from the MAAC Sponsor in an
 amount not to exceed \$3 million) or (ii) guarantee any liability of any person or entity;

- make any loans or advances to, or capital contributions in, any other person;
- issue any equity securities of MAAC or grant any options, warrants or stock appreciation rights with respect to its equity securities;
- enter into, amend, renew, modify or revise any MAAC related party transaction or make any material payment to any MAAC related party;
- engage in any activities or business, or incur any liabilities, other than any activities, businesses or liabilities that are contemplated by, incurred in connection with or that are otherwise incidental or attendant to the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary document;
- enter into, amend or modify any material term of (in a manner adverse to MAAC), terminate, or waive or release any material rights, claims or benefits under, certain material contracts;
- enter into any collective bargaining agreement;
- authorize, recommend, propose or announce an intention to adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, restructuring, recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction involving MAAC;
- make, change or revoke any material election concerning taxes, enter into any material tax closing agreement, settle any material tax claim or assessment, or consent to any extension or waiver of the limitation period applicable to or relating to any material tax claim or assessment
- make any changes to the methods of accounting of MAAC in any material respect;
- enter into or amend any contract providing for the payment of any brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection
 with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or any ancillary document;
- (i) establish, adopt, modify, amend or terminate any "employee benefit plan" (as such term is defined in Section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), whether or not subject to ERISA), equity or equity-based, deferred compensation, severance, retention, bonus, incentive, retirement, retiree or post-employment welfare, vacation, and other benefit or compensatory plan, program, policy, arrangement or contract, (ii) grant or increase (or accelerate the timing of payment or funding of) any compensation or benefits (including, without limitation, any severance or change in control or retention payments) to any employee or independent contractor or (iii) (A) hire any employee or (B) engage any individual independent contractor or consultant for fees:
- make any change of control payments that become payable as a result of or in connection with the Business Combination or the ancillary documents; or
- enter into any contract to take any of the above actions prohibited under the Business Combination Agreement.

As promptly as reasonably practicable following the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part, MAAC will (i) duly give notice of and use reasonable best efforts to duly convene and hold a meeting of its stockholders to approve the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, any proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the proxy statement/prospectus or in correspondence related hereto, and any proposal reasonably agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination (the "Transaction Proposals"), (ii) use reasonable best efforts to solicit proxies from the holders of MAAC's outstanding shares to vote in favor of the Transaction Proposals and (iii) provide MAAC stockholders with the opportunity to elect to effect an MAAC stockholder redemption in accordance with MAAC's governing documents.

- Except as otherwise required by applicable law, none of the MAAC board of directors, MAAC or any committee of the MAAC board of directors will (i) change, withdraw, withhold, qualify, amend or modify, or publicly propose to change, withdraw, withhold, qualify, amend or modify, in a manner adverse to Roivant, the recommendation of MAAC's board of directors or any other recommendation by the MAAC board of directors or MAAC of the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus, (ii) adopt, approve, recommend or declare advisable to the existing MAAC stockholders, or publicly propose to adopt, approve, recommend or declare advisable, any MAAC acquisition Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement or (iii) fail to include the recommendation of MAAC's board of directors in the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part.
- Upon the satisfaction of the conditions to closing, MAAC will deliver to the Trust Account trustee all documents, certificates or other
 notices required to be delivered to the trustee pursuant to the Trust Agreement and will cause the trustee to (i) pay all amounts (if any)
 payable to the holders of MAAC Class A Shares in connection with the MAAC stockholder redemption, (ii) pay the deferred underwriting
 expenses as set forth in the Trust Agreement, (iii) pay all remaining amounts to MAAC in accordance with the Trust Agreement and
 (iv) terminate the Trust Account following the completion of the actions described in clauses (i) through (iii).
- MAAC will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the PIPE Financing, enforce the obligations of the PIPE Investors and satisfy and comply with all the conditions to each Subscription Agreement.
- · Subject to certain exceptions, MAAC will not amend, modify or waiver any provision of any Subscription Agreement.
- MAAC will also promptly notify Roivant of any material breach or termination under any Subscription Agreement and will deliver a Closing Notice (as defined in the Subscription Agreements) to the PIPE Investors promptly (and in any event within two (2) business days) following Roivant's reasonable request once all the conditions to
- Investors promptly (and in any event within two (2) business days) following Roivant's reasonable request once all the conditions to Closing have been satisfied.
- Prior to the earlier of the Closing or termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC will not, and will cause Sponsor and its and their respective officers and directors to not, and will use their reasonable best efforts to cause its and their other representatives to not, directly or indirectly: (i) solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage (including by means of furnishing or disclosing information), knowingly facilitate, discuss or negotiate, directly or indirectly, any inquiry, proposal or offer (written or oral) with respect to a MAAC Acquisition Proposal (as first referenced above); (ii) furnish or disclose any non-public information to any person in connection with, or that could reasonably be expected to lead to, a MAAC Acquisition Proposal; (iii) enter into any contract or other arrangement or understanding regarding a MAAC Acquisition Proposal; or (iv) otherwise cooperate in any way with, or assist or participate in, or knowingly facilitate or knowingly encurage any effort or attempt by any person to do or seek to do any of the foregoing.
- Prior to the earlier of the Closing or termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC will use its
 reasonable best efforts to keep current and timely file all reports required to be filed or furnished with the SEC and otherwise comply in all
 material respects with its reporting obligations under applicable securities laws.
- MAAC will, and will cause its Representatives to, reasonably cooperate with the Roivant and its representatives in connection with
 approval of the Roivant Common Shares for listed on Nasdaq.
- MAAC will, subject to certain exceptions, at or prior to the Closing, obtain a "tail" policy providing liability insurance coverage for MAAC directors and officers with respect to matters occurring on or prior to the Effective Time.
- MAAC will use its reasonable best efforts to cooperate with Roivant in connection with the preparation of customary pro forma financial
 statements that are required to be included in this proxy statement/prospectus.

MAAC will (i) reasonably assist Roivant in preparing in a timely manner any financial information or statements that involve financial
information or statements of MAAC required to be included in this proxy statement/prospectus and any other SEC filings in connection
with the transactions contemplated hereby and (ii) obtain the consents of its auditors as may be required by applicable law or requested by
the SEC.

Mutual Covenants of the Parties

- The parties made certain covenants under the Business Combination Agreement, including, among others, the following:
- using reasonable best efforts to consummate the Business Combination;
- notifying the other party in writing promptly after learning of any shareholder demands or other shareholder proceedings (including derivative claims) relating to the Business Combination Agreement, any ancillary documents or any matters relating thereto, and reasonably cooperating with one another in connection therewith;
- not settling any shareholder demands or other shareholder proceedings (including derivative claims) relating to the Business Combination Agreement, any ancillary documents or any matters relating thereto without the written consent of the other party (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed);
- · keeping certain information confidential in accordance with the existing confidentiality agreement between Roivant and MAAC;
- subject to certain exceptions, providing the other party reasonable access to the directors, officers, books and records;
- agreeing to, and making the appropriate SEC filings with respect to, a signing and a closing press release;
- · subject to certain exceptions, refraining from making public announcements or press releases;
- using reasonable best efforts to cause the Merger to constitute a transaction treated as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the IRS Code or otherwise use commercially reasonable efforts to restructure the Merger to so qualify; and
- cooperating in connection with certain tax matters and filings.

In addition, MAAC and Roivant agreed that MAAC and Roivant will prepare and mutually agree upon and Roivant will file with the SEC, the registration statement on Form S-4, of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part, relating to the Business Combination.

Board of Directors

Following the Closing, it is expected that the current management of Roivant will remain the management of Roivant, and the Roivant Board will consist of directors determined by Roivant (upon reasonable consultation with MAAC) prior to the Closing, with one director being designated by MAAC, which is currently expected to be James C. Momtazee, and the remaining directors being designated by Roivant.

Survival of Representations, Warranties and Covenants

The representations, warranties, agreements and covenants in the Business Combination Agreement terminate at the Effective Time, except for the covenants and agreement which by their terms contemplate performance after the Effective Time.

Termination

The Business Combination Agreement may be terminated under certain customary circumstances prior to the Closing, including, but not limited to, the following:

- by the mutual written consent of MAAC and Roivant;
- by MAAC, subject to certain exceptions, if any of the representations or warranties made by Roivant or Merger Sub are not true and correct or if Roivant or Merger Sub fails to perform any covenant or agreement set forth in the Business Combination Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the Closing) such that certain conditions to closing, as described in the section entitled "— Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination" above, would not (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date) be satisfied and the breach (or breaches) of such representations or warranties not to be true and correct, or the failures to perform any such covenant or agreements is (or are) not cured or cannot be cured within the earlier of (i) thirty days after written notice thereof is delivered to MAAC by the Company, and (ii) November 30, 2021 (the "Termination Date");
- by Roivant, subject to certain exceptions, if any of the representations or warranties made by MAAC are not true and correct or if MAAC has failed to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of MAAC set forth in the Business Combination Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the Closing) such that certain conditions to Closing, as described in the section entitled "—Conditions to the Closing of the Business Combination" above, would not (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date) be satisfied and the breach or breaches causing such representations or warranties not to be true and correct, or the failures to perform any covenant or agreement, as applicable, is (or are) not cured or cannot be cured within the earlier of (i) thirty (30) days after written notice thereof is delivered to MAAC by the Company and (ii) the Termination Date;
- by either MAAC or Roivant, subject to certain exceptions, if the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are not consummated on or prior to the Termination Date;
- by either MAAC or Roivant
 - if any governmental entity of competent jurisdiction has issued an order or taken any other action permanently enjoining, restraining
 or otherwise prohibiting the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and such order has become final and
 nonappealable;
 - if the MAAC Special Meeting has been held (including and adjournment or postponement thereof), has concluded, the MAAC stockholders have duly voted and the approval of the Business Combination Proposal was not obtained; and
- by MAAC, if Roivant does not deliver, or cause to be delivered to MAAC, the Merger Sub shareholder approval, when required under the Business Combination Agreement.

If the Business Combination Agreement is validly terminated, none of the parties to the Business Combination Agreement will have any liability or any further obligation under the Business Combination Agreement, except in the case of Willful Breach or Fraud (each as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) and for customary provisions and obligations that survive the termination thereof (such as confidentiality obligations).

Fees and Expenses

The fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents thereto, and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, will be paid by the party incurring such fees or expenses.

Governing Law

The Business Combination Agreement is governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the law of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware (except that the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 shall also apply to the Pre-Closing Steps).

Amendment

The Business Combination Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written agreement executed and delivered by MAAC and Roivant, provided that the amendment of certain provisions also require the prior written consent of the MAAC Sponsor following the Closing.

Ownership of Roivant Immediately Following the Business Combination

As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, there are 41,071,823 MAAC Class A Shares, 10,267,956 shares of MAAC Class B Shares, and 30,750,267 MAAC Warrants issued and outstanding. Therefore, as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus (without giving effect to the Business Combination and assuming that none of the outstanding MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed in connection with the Business Combination), assuming that each outstanding warrant is exercised and one MAAC Class A Share is issued as a result of such exercise, MAAC's fully-diluted capital stock would consist of 82,090,046 MAAC Shares.

The following table summarizes the pro forma Roivant Common Shares outstanding as of June 25, 2021 based on the varying levels of redemptions by the public stockholders, excluding the potential dilutive effect of outstanding stock options, unvested RSUs and common stock warrants.

				Maximum redemption	
	No redemption	No redemption scenario		scenario	
	Shares	%	Shares	%	
Roivant Stockholders	651,576,330	89.9%	651,576,330	92.8%	
MAAC's Public Shareholders	41,071,823	5.7%	20,996,281	3.0%	
Founder Shares(1)	10,267,956	1.4%	7,758,513	1.1%	
PIPE Investors	22,000,000	3.0%	22,000,000	3.1%	
Total	724,916,109	100.0%	702,331,124	100.0%	

 An aggregate of 30% of the MAAC Class B Shares held by the holders are subject to those certain earn-out provisions in the Sponsor Support Agreement.

Related Agreements

This section describes certain additional agreements entered into or to be entered into pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, but does not purport to describe all of the terms thereof. The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of each of the agreements. The form of Subscription Agreement, the Registration Rights Agreement, the form of the Transaction Support Agreement, the Sponsor Support Agreement and the form of the Lock-Up Agreement are attached hereto as Annex B, Annex C, Annex D, Annex E and Annex F, respectively. You are urged to read such agreements in their entirety prior to voting on the proposals presented at the special meeting.

PIPE Financing

MAAC and Roivant entered into the Subscription Agreements with certain institutional and accredited investors, pursuant to which such investors agreed to subscribe for and purchase, and MAAC agreed to issue and sell to such investors, prior to and substantially concurrently with the Closing, an aggregate of 22,000,000 MAAC Class A Shares at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$220,000,000. The MAAC Class A Shares to be offered and sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and the Roivant Common Shares into which such MAAC Class A Shares are converted into in the Merger have not been registered under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemption provided in Section 4(a)(2) thereof. Each MAAC Class A Share issued in the PIPE Financing will be converted into one Roivant Common Share in the Merger. The closing of the PIPE Financing is contingent upon, among other things, the substantially concurrent consummation of the Business Combination. The Subscription Agreements provide that Roivant will grant the investors in the PIPE Financing certain customary registration rights with respect to their Roivant Common Shares following the Closing.

Registration Rights Agreement

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, certain Roivant shareholders entered into the Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") pursuant to which, among other things, certain Roivant shareholders party thereto, subject to certain exceptions, will be granted certain customary registration rights as of the effective date of the Business Combination.

Pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, Roivant will be obligated to file a registration statement to register the resale of certain Roivant Common Shares within 30 days after the consummation of the Business Combination. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement and subject to certain requirements and customary conditions, including with regard to the number of demand rights that may be exercised and other requirements, at any time beginning 180 days following the consummation of the Business Combination, certain significant shareholders (as provided in the Registration Rights Agreement), if any, holding at least five percent (5.0%) of the then-outstanding number of registrable securities of Roivant who is party to the Registration Rights Agreement may request that Roivant file a registration statement to register the registration securities of Roivant held by such significant shareholder. The Registration Rights Agreement will also provide certain shareholders with "piggy-back" registration rights, subject to certain requirements and customary conditions.

Transaction Support Agreements

Concurrently with the signing of the Business Combination Agreement, certain shareholders of Roivant entered into a Transaction Support Agreement (collectively, the "Transaction Support Agreements") with MAAC and Roivant, pursuant to which such shareholders of Roivant have agreed to, among other things, certain covenants and agreements to support, or that are otherwise related to, the Business Combination, including an agreement to terminate certain existing agreements between Roivant and such shareholders, an agreement to not transfer his, her or its Roivant shares prior to the Closing and, in the case of certain Roivant shareholders also participating in the PIPE Financing, certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act, to the extent applicable, with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to such shareholder in connection with the Business Combination.

Lock-Up Agreements

On May 1, 2021 and June 9, 2021, Roivant, on the one hand, and the MAAC Sponsor, both of MAAC's independent directors (the "MAAC Independent Directors") and certain Roivant equityholders, on the other hand, entered into lock-up agreements substantially in the form attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex F (the "Lock-Up Agreements"), pursuant to which, among other things, the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC Independent Directors and such Roivant equityholders have agreed not to, subject to, and conditioned upon the effectiveness of, the Closing, effect any sale or distribution of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards or Roivant Warrants) held by the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC Independent Directors or such equityholders as of immediately following the Closing during the applicable lock-up period, subject to customary exceptions. The lock-up period applicable to Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, divendendt Directors as of immediately following the Closing will be (i) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, the artier of twelve months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, there are norther following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, there are norther following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, there are the divent Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, thirty-six months following the Closing, The Roivant warrants and the Roivant Common Shares underlying warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (b) with respect to a additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, twelve months from Closing and (c) with respect to 50% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponso



certain Roivant equityholders as of immediately following the Closing will be (x) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, six months following the Closing, (y) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, twelve months following the Closing and (z) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity hole underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, twelve months following the Closing and (z) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, thirty-six months following the Closing.

Sponsor Support Agreement

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and each of the MAAC Insiders, entered into the Sponsor Support Agreement, pursuant to which, among other things: (i) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each reaffirmed his, her or its obligations in existing arrangements with MAAC to vote in favor of each of the proposals to be voted upon at the meeting of MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination, including approval of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby; (ii) the MAAC Sponsor has waived any adjustment to the conversion ratio set forth in the governing documents of MAAC or any other anti-dilution or similar protection with respect to the MAAC Class B Shares that may result from the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination, (iii) subject to, and conditioned upon, the occurrence of and effective as of, the Effective Time, the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each agreed to terminate certain existing arrangements with MAAC, including existing registration rights and the existing lock-up obligations with respect to his, her or its MAAC Shares; (iv) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Classing registration rights and the existing lock-up obligations with respect to his, her or its MAAC Shares; (iv) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders that hold Roivant Common Shares immediately following the Effective Time will be granted the right to include his, her or its Roivant Common Shares in a resale registration statement to be filed in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Subscription Agreements following the Effective Time; (v) the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and MAAC have each agreed to certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to the MAAC Sponsor in connection with the Business Combination; and (vi) subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of, and effective

The \$15 Eam-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$15.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing, and the \$20 Eam-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$20.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing. The five year vesting period described in the preceding sentence will, if a definitive purchase agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) is entered into on or prior to the end of such period, be extended to the earlier of one day after the consummation of such Sale and the termination of such definitive transaction agreement, and if a Sale occurs during such five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period, then all of the Eam-Out Shares unvested as of such time will automatically vest immediately prior to the consummation of such Sale. If any Eam-Out Shares have not vested on or prior to the end of the five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting heriod.

On June 9, 2021, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and the MAAC Insiders entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement ("SSA Amendment") pursuant to which the Sponsor Support Agreement was revised to reflect the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant entering into respective Lock-Up Agreements. In particular, among other things, the SSA Amendment revised the Sponsor Support Agreement to subject the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director in respect of his or her MAAC Class B Shares to the same vesting conditions applicable to the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor. Specifically, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC

Independent Director will be treated as \$15 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$20 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement).

For a summary of the material differences among the rights of holders of Roivant Common Shares and holders of MAAC Shares see "The Business Combination Proposal—The Business Combination—Comparison of Corporate Governance and Shareholder Rights."

Background of the Business Combination

MAAC is a blank check company incorporated on July 6, 2020 as a Delaware corporation and formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses. MAAC's management team have more than 50 years of combined investing experience during which they have conducted diligence on a broad set of privately and publicly held health care companies. MAAC's directors also have significant operating experience, acquisition experience and relationships in the health care industry. MAAC's management and directors, together with their advisors, employed an investment process that focused on accessing differentiated opportunities through relationships with executives, advisors, and intermediaries in an effort to enhance the growth potential and value of a target business and provide opportunities for an attractive return to our shareholders. The terms of the Business Combination Agreement and the related ancillary documents are the result of extensive negotiations among MAAC, Roivant and their respective representatives and advisors.

Prior to the pricing of MAAC's initial public offering, neither MAAC, nor any authorized person on its behalf, initiated any substantive discussions, formal or otherwise, with respect to a business combination involving MAAC.

On October 6, 2020, MAAC priced its initial public offering of 40,000,000 units at an offering price of \$10.00 per unit. Each unit consists of one MAAC Class A Share and one-half of one redeemable MAAC Warrant. Each whole MAAC Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one MAAC Class A Share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share. On October 9, 2020, MAAC closed its initial public offering, generating gross proceeds of \$400,000,000 before underwriting discounts and expenses. Simultaneously with the closing of the initial public offering, MAAC completed the private sale of an aggregate of 10,000,000 private placement warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, or \$10,000,000 in the aggregate, in a private placement to MAAC Sponsor. Each whole private placement warrant issued to MAAC Sponsor entitles the holder thereof to purchase one MAAC Class A Share at a price of \$1.50 per share, subject to certain adjustments. Subsequently, on November 10, 2020, the underwriters' over-allotment option in part for the sale of an additional 1,071,823 units. In connection with the partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, MAAC Sponsor at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, or \$214,365 in the aggregate. Following the expiration of the remainder of the underwriters' over-allotment option, MAAC Sponsor MAAC Sponsor owned 10,167,956 MAAC Class B Shares and 10,214,365 warrants to purchase.

Following the consummation of its initial public offering, MAAC's management and directors commenced an active, targeted search for potential business combination targets, leveraging its management's and directors' relationship network built over decades of investing in and growing health care businesses. The focus of this search was potential business combination targets in the health care industry, which MAAC's directors and officers believed, based on their experiences, were likely to satisfy several of the key criteria for a business combination target, including, among others: serving a critical role in the health care ecosystem; being family or founder-owned, venture or investor-backed, or a corporate divestiture; being growth-oriented companies led by strong management teams; having durable revenue or the potential to develop a durable revenue base; having the ability to drive innovation in their product or service offering; would benefit from MAAC's management and directors network and expertise including acquisition strategy, capital structure optimization and operational enhancements to drive growth; would benefit from being a public company by utilizing broader access to capital;

and having the ability to generate attractive returns on capital and a compelling use for capital to achieve a growth strategy

During this search, MAAC and MAAC Sponsor initiated contact with or were contacted by various representatives regarding more than 70 potential business combination targets that represent a broad array of potential targets across the healthcare industry, which encompasses, among other things, biopharmaceuticals, pharmaceutical value chain, medical devices, diagnostics, providers, digital health and consumer health. Notably, on October 7, 2020, Mr. Matthew Gline, then Roivant's Chief Financial Officer and currently Roivant's Chief Executive Officer, contacted Mr. James C. Momtazee, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of MAAC, by email to congratulate Mr. Momtazee on the pricing of the MAAC initial public offering. Mr. Gline also expressed an interest in scheduling a time at a future date for Mr. Vivek Ramaswamy, then Roivant's Chief Executive Officer and currently Roivant's Executive Chief Executive Officer of Mr. Momtazee to discuss Roivant and its business. Mr. Momtazee had known Mr. Ramaswamy and Mr. Gline for a number of years prior to Mr. Gline reaching out and proposing a discussion.

MAAC Sponsor provided support to MAAC throughout its evaluation, analysis and due diligence regarding potential business combination targets and a potential business combination (including the potential business combination with Roivant). This support included assistance in the initial identification of potential business combination targets, business and financial due diligence of such potential business combination targets (including Roivant) and the management and coordination of third party advisors. MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, engaged in varying levels of preliminary evaluation, analysis and due diligence with respect to these 70 potential business combination targets based on a multitude of factors, including, (a) interest from, and due diligence access granted by, the potential targets, (b) which potential targets could best satisfy MAAC's key criteria for a business combination target, and (c) the receptivity to, and preparedness of, the potential targets with respect to a business combination and the terms on which such targets were willing to consider a potential business combination (including the valuation expectations of the potential business combination targets). This evaluation, analysis and due diligence included, among other things, a review of publicly available information and other market research available to MAAC and presentations and discussions with each potential target's management. The focus of this evaluation, analysis and due diligence was on each potential target's business, product pipeline or services, as applicable, technology, historical performance, management team (including that team's ability to lead a public company) and competitive positioning.

Based on its preliminary analysis and due diligence of potential business combination targets, MAAC and its representatives, including Mr. Momtazee, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, determined to focus MAAC's evaluation, analysis and due diligence efforts on seven potential targets (including Roivant) that, in their belief, could best satisfy MAAC's key criteria for a business combination target and were receptive to a potential business combination. The other potential business combination targets were not further pursued because such targets did not, in the judgment of MAAC's management, including Mr. Momtazee, satisfy MAAC's investment criteria, the valuation expectations of such targets were, in the judgment of MAAC's management, including Mr. Momtazee, too high, or such targets were not receptive to a potential business combination with MAAC.

On October 20, 2020, Mr. Gline had a virtual meeting with Mr. Momtazee. During the course of their meeting, Mr. Gline indicated to Mr. Momtazee that Roivant was in the process of considering financing transactions and Mr. Momtazee indicated that MAAC would potentially be interested in exploring a business combination involving MAAC and Roivant. Mr. Gline and Mr. Momtazee determined that additional discussions and the exploration of a potential business combination were warranted and that, in order to facilitate them, MAAC and Roivant should enter into a non-disclosure agreement. Specific terms of a potential business combination were not discussed during this conversation.

Between October 25, 2020 and December 11, 2020, MAAC entered into non-disclosure agreements with the seven potential business combination targets, including entering into a non-disclosure agreement with Roivant on

October 26, 2020, for purposes of performing additional due diligence and further evaluating and analyzing these companies as potential business combination targets. These seven potential targets were businesses that operate in the health care industry and included biopharmaceutical companies, multi-site health care services companies, diagnostics companies, health care technology companies and medical device companies, with equity values ranging from approximately \$1 billion to \$10 billion, based on preliminary due diligence and financial analysis conducted by MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor.

Beginning on October 26, 2020, MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, engaged in varying levels of further due diligence, evaluation and analysis and discussions with these seven potential business combination targets. This additional due diligence, evaluation and analysis included access to materials in online data rooms and additional presentations and discussions with these potential business combination targets' management and included, in addition to the general business and financial due diligence described in this section with respect to the potential business combination targets, a review and evaluation of certain financial and operating information of each business combination target, a comparable company analysis and other financial analyses to better understand and evaluate various entry and exit valuations, and market research to better understand potential growth opportunities of each business combination target.

Based on the additional due diligence, evaluation and analysis of these seven potential targets conducted between October 26, 2020 and December 24, 2020, MAAC further focused its resources and efforts on three potential targets, including Roivant, which MAAC's management and board of directors believed were most suitable for a potential business combination due to the strength of the following factors relative to other potential targets: the ability to drive innovation, strong growth opportunities, being led by strong management teams and having the ability to achieve a strong revenue base. In addition to Roivant, the other potential targets included a multi-site health care services company ("Company A") and a technologybased consumer health company ("Company B"). Like other potential business combination opportunities, MAAC Sponsor assisted MAAC as they further explored a potential business combination with each of these three potential targets, including Roivant, which further exploration included additional business and financial due diligence, market research and analysis and evaluation of the extent to which each of these potential targets satisfied MAAC's investment criteria.

While MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, continued its evaluation, analysis and due diligence review of potential targets, including Company A and Company B, between November 10, 2020 and December 17, 2020, representatives of Roivant and MAAC held numerous video conferences and calls to discuss Roivant's business, including its product pipeline, technology, acquisition pipeline and corporate and tax structure, and a potential business combination between Roivant and MAAC.

On November 24, 2020, Roivant provided MAAC with access to an online data room for purposes of conducting business and financial due diligence with respect to Roivant. Thereafter, MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor engaged by MAAC to assist in business and financial due diligence, conducted additional business and financial due diligence, including with respect to Roivant's product pipeline, technology, industry dynamics, competitive positioning and historical performance. MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, reviewed information available in the online data room, asked follow-up questions of, and received written responses from, Roivant's management and participated in due diligence calls with Roivant's management and advisors.

On December 24, 2020, MAAC, including MAAC Sponsor, met to discuss and evaluate business and financial due diligence findings with respect to and financial analysis prepared by MAAC, with the assistance of MAAC Sponsor, regarding Roivant, Company A and Company B. Based on this discussion, MAAC management determined that the valuation expectations of Company A were not supported by the results of MAAC's business and financial due diligence and that Company A's primary revenue generating asset was insufficient to support Company A's valuation. Accordingly, after further review, analysis and discussion of the three targets, MAAC concluded that Company A did not represent an attractive business combination target for MAAC and narrowed its search to Roivant and Company B. MAAC caesed its discussions with Company A on December 24, 2020.

On December 31, 2020, MAAC and Roivant held a virtual meeting to introduce MAAC's management and directors, including Mr. Momtazee, Ms. Maria Walker, MAAC's Chief Financial Officer, and Mr. George Barrett and Dr. Steve Oesterle, each a director of MAAC, to members of Roivant's management team, including Mr. Ramaswamy, Mr. Gline, Dr. Eric Venker, Roivant's Chief Operating Officer, Dr. Mayukh Sukhatme, Roivant's Chief Investment Officer, Dr. Frank Torti, Roivant's Vant Chair, and Dr. Roger Sidhu, Roivant's Chief Medical Officer and Head of Research and Development, to further discuss and explore a potential business combination. During this meeting, Roivant's management team presented a management presentation that included an overview of Roivant's business, including its product pipeline and technical capabilities. At the conclusion of the meeting, the representatives of both MAAC and Roivant expressed an interest in further exploring a potential business combination.

Between the pricing of its initial public offering and January 4, 2021, the MAAC board of directors met several times both informally and in formal board meetings to discuss MAAC's ongoing evaluation, analysis and business and financial diligence, analysis and evaluation with respect to potential business combination targets. On January 4, 2021, a virtual meeting of the MAAC board of directors was held with MAAC and its representatives present. Members of MAAC management provided the MAAC board of directors with an overview of its evaluation and analysis of potential business combination targets, including an overview of its discussions with Roivant's management with respect to due diligence on Roivant to-date. The MAAC board of directors reviewed the merits of a potential business combination with Company B. Based on those discussions, the MAAC board of directors determined that Company B did not, in the judgment of the MAAC board of directors well with vestment criteria, including due to certain shortcomings in the performance of Company B's main product offerings and due to the excessive valuation expectations of Company B. MAAC ceased its discussions with Roivant, the MAAC board of directors directed MAAC board of directors on the merits of a potential business combination transaction with Roivant, the MAAC board of directors directed MAAC to pursue and negotiate a term sheet with respect to such a potential business combination with Roivant and further discussed a work plan for completing due diligence, including the potential advisors who would assist in those efforts.

On January 5, 2021, Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline held a call to discuss the potential business combination and MAAC's ongoing due diligence with respect to Roivant and its business. During this call, Mr. Momtazee informed Mr. Gline that the MAAC board of directors was supportive of further pursuing a potential business combination with Roivant, and provided a high-level overview of, and the participants discussed, MAAC's remaining due diligence and its due diligence work plan (including outstanding key business, financial, legal and other diligence matters).

On January 6, 2021, MAAC, Roivant, Kirkland & Ellis LLP ("Kirkland"), counsel to MAAC, and Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP ("Davis Polk"), counsel to Roivant, held a virtual meeting during which the parties and their respective advisors discussed the potential business combination and related process (including the potential delivery of a draft term sheet by MAAC based on economic terms to be proposed by Roivant).

On January 7, 2021, Roivant provided MAAC's representatives and advisors with access to the online data room for purposes of conducting additional financial, legal, regulatory, insurance, tax and accounting due diligence with respect to Roivant.

Between January 7, 2021 and April 14, 2021, including after January 21, 2021, when Roivant provided MAAC's advisors access to a new data room, MAAC engaged legal, tax and other advisors to review information available in the online data room, ask follow up questions of, and receive written responses from, Roivant's management and participate in due diligence calls with Roivant's management and advisors. This due diligence focused on an assessment of Roivant's business as a whole, as well as various individual "Vants," the prospects of certain of the technologies and drug products being developed by Roivant and its Vants, Roivant's tax profile and corporate structure, Roivant's intellectual property protection and regulatory interactions, as well as general legal diligence. MAAC and its advisors also analyzed the competitive environment for certain of the individual "Vants" and certain of Roivant's technologies and drug products. On January 10, 2021, Mr. Gline sent an email to Mr. Momtazee proposing certain key terms with respect to a potential business combination, which included the following: (a) each Roivant Common Share having a fixed value of \$40.00 per Roivant Common Share (or a fixed exchange ratio of 4.0 MAAC shares per Roivant Common Share); (b) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor and Roivant shares held by certain Roivant Shareholders would be subject to vesting and become vested if the price of the Roivant Common Share seceeded certain price thresholds; (c) forfeiture by MAAC Sponsor and the Roivant shareholders of a portion of the vesting shares described in the preceding clause (b) proportionately to any MAAC stockholder redemptions in connection with the Business Combination; (d) all of the private placement warrants held by MAAC Sponsor being forfeited at the closing of the Business Combination; and (e) MAAC Sponsor waiving any applicable anti-dilution rights with respect to its MAAC Class B Shares.

On January 11, 2021, Mr. Gline and Mr. Momtazee held a call to discuss the email proposal sent on January 10, 2021 and next steps, including the delivery by MAAC of a non-binding term sheet reflecting a response to Roivant's proposed terms as well as other terms and conditions with respect to a potential business combination. Mr. Gline and Mr. Momtazee also discussed general guiding principles and themes with respect to a potential business combination, including alignment among the parties, long-term commitment to Roivant and the terms of the potential transaction being market-based.

On January 12, 2021, Mr. Momtazee, on behalf of MAAC, provided Roivant with a draft non-binding (except for the exclusivity provision described below) term sheet (the "Initial Term Sheet") setting forth the key terms with respect to a potential business combination transaction involving MAAC and Roivant. Between January 12, 2021 and January 20, 2021, representatives of MAAC and Kirkland, on the one hand, and representatives of Roivant and Davis Polk, on the other hand, exchanged multiple drafts of the Initial Term Sheet, the details of which are more fully described below, and had numerous telephone conversations concerning the key terms with respect to a potential business combination that are more fully described below.

The first draft of the Initial Term Sheet provided by Mr. Momtazee to Roivant on January 12, 2021 proposed certain key terms with respect to a potential business combination, which included the following: (a) each Roivant Common Share having a value of \$40.00, with such value per share (and the exchange ratio derived therefrom) being subject to adjustment based on any changes to the capitalization of Roivant since a specified date and subject to confirmatory due diligence by MAAC and its advisors and appropriate representations, warranties and covenants; (b) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor would be subject to vesting and become vested if the price of the Roivant Common Share seceeds certain price thresholds; (c) no forfeiture of any MAAC Class B Shares or private placement warrants by MAAC Sponsor; (d) MAAC Sponsor waiving any applicable anti-dilution rights with respect to its MAAC Class B Shares; (e) the lock-up periods that would be applicable to the shares held by MAAC Sponsor and key Roivant shareholders following the closing of the Business Combination, with 25% of such shares held by MAAC Sponsor and such key Roivant shareholders being subject to a 6-month lock-up period, 25% of such shares held by such key Roivant shareholders being subject to a 12-month lock-up period, 25% of the such shares held by MAAC Sponsor and such key Roivant shareholders being subject to a 3-year lock-up period; (f) that the parties would seek \$250 million of committed PIPE financing at signing (the "PIPE Financing"); (g) the implementation of a post-closing incentive equity plan with the sizes and terms to be agreed by the parties; (h) the initial size of the post-closing Roivant board of directors being doing a continuing right to designate one director following the closing, subject to a specified sell-down threshold; (i) representations, warranties and pre-closing covenants not surviving the closing of the Business Combination; (j) the Business Combination being subject to canse mutually agreed to by the pa

On January 14, 2021, Mr. Gline, on behalf of Roivant, provided MAAC with a revised draft of the Initial Term Sheet that included the following terms: (a) the value per Roivant Common Share would not be subject to adjustment based on changes to capitalization of Roivant following a specified date (i.e., the value per Roivant Common Share would be fixed at \$40.00 per share); (b) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor would be forfeited at the closing of the Business Combination; (c) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor would be subject to vesting and become vested if the price of the Roivant Common Share sexceeded certain revised price thresholds; (d) forfeiture by MAAC Sponsor of a portion of its remaining MAAC Class B Shares (including the shares subject to vesting) proportional to any MAAC stockholder redemptions in connection with the Business Combination, with MAAC Sponsor forfeiting one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed, provided that in no event would MAAC Sponsor forfeit more than 25% of its Class B Shares (e) the lock-up period applicable to the Roivant shareholders (including the ky Roivant shareholders) being subject to a 3-year lock-up period following the closing of the Business Combination; (g) the implementation of a post-closing employee stock purchase plan and incentive equity plan; (h) the initial size of the post-closing Roivant dord for directors being determined by Roivant in consultation with MAAC, with the directors serving staggered 3-year terms, and MAAC Sponsor not having a continuing right to designate one director following the closing of the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account (after giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders) are no less than \$300 million; and (j) a mutual exclusivity period the expires on the later of (1) February 19, 2021 and 30 days following the execution of the term sheet and (2) the time at which either party gives written notice to the other party of termination.

On January 15, 2021, representatives of MAAC and Roivant held a call to discuss certain business and financial due diligence matters, including the potential transaction that Roivant planned to pursue with Silicon Therapeutics. During this call, representatives of Roivant provided an overview of, and the participants discussed, the potential key terms of the Silicon Therapeutics transaction, Roivant's and its advisors' due diligence to date with respect to such transaction and the timeline and process for completion of such transaction.

On January 15, 2021, Mr. Momtazee, on behalf of MAAC, provided Roivant with a revised draft of the Initial Term Sheet that proposed terms which included the following: (a) the value per Roivant Common Share would be subject to adjustment based on changes to capitalization of Roivant following a specified date; (b) none of MAAC Sponsor's MAAC Class B Shares would be forferited at the closing of the Business Combination; (c) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor's MAAC Class D Shares would be forferited at the Business Combination; (c) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor's MAAC class D Shares would be fore the Roivant shareholders that had been proposed in the initial January 12, 2021 draft of the Initial Term Sheet; (e) private placement warrants and any shares underlying such warrants being subject to the same lock-periods and in the same proportion as those applicable to the key Roivant shareholders; (f) the initial size of the post-closing Roivant board of directors being mutually agreed to by the parties and MAAC having a consultation right with respect to the directors designated by Roivant prior to the signing: and (g) the deletion of the one-way condition in favor of Roivant that the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account (after giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders) would be no less than 5300 million.

On January 16, 2021, Mr. Gline, on behalf of Roivant, provided MAAC with a revised draft of the Initial Term Sheet that proposed terms which included the following: (a) the value per Roivant Common Share would not be subject to adjustment based on changes to capitalization of Roivant following a specified date (i.e., the value per Roivant Common Share would be fixed at \$40 per share); (b) certain MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor would be subject to vesting and become vested if the price of the Roivant Common Share sexceeds certain revised price thresholds; and (c) one-way condition in favor of Roivant that the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account (after giving effect to any redemptions by MAAC stockholders) would be no less than \$210 million.

On January 17, 2021, Mr. Momtazee, on behalf of MAAC, provided Roivant with a revised draft of the Initial Term Sheet that proposed a revision to the quantity of MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC Sponsor that would be subject to vesting.

Between January 17, 2021 and early March 2021, representatives of MAAC, Roivant, Kirkland, Davis Polk, KPMG, LLP, tax advisor to MAAC, White & Case LLP, special tax counsel to Roivant, and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, tax advisor to Roivant, held numerous calls and virtual meetings to discuss and determine the transaction structure of the proposed business combination.

On January 18, 2021, a virtual meeting of the MAAC board of directors was held with representatives of MAAC and Kirkland present. Representatives of Kirkland provided the MAAC board of directors with an overview regarding certain legal considerations related to a potential business combination, including directors' fiduciary duties in connection therewith. MAAC's management and representatives then provided the MAAC directors with an update on the due diligence of Roivant and the evaluation and analysis of a potential business combination, including directors' fiduciary duties in connection therewith. MAAC's management and representatives then provided the MAAC directors with an update on the due diligence of Roivant and the evaluation and analysis of a potential business combination with Roivant. They discussed the terms of the proposed Initial Term Sheet to be entered into by MAAC and Roivant. The MAAC board of directors engaged in discussion and asked representatives of MAAC various questions regarding Roivant, including questions regarding Roivant's management and track record, certain of the "Vant" businesses, and an analysis of the value of publicly traded companies that are comparable to certain of the Vants, as well as their comparet to the other potential targets that MAAC had considered to date. Following discussion, the MAAC board of directors determined that it was supportive of continuing to pursue a potential business combination with Roivant.

On January 20, 2021, a virtual meeting of the Roivant board of directors was held with representatives of Roivant management in attendance. Mr. Gline presented the terms of the proposed Initial Term Sheet to be entered into by MAAC and Roivant. Following discussion, the Roivant board of directors determined that it was supportive of continuing to pursue a potential business combination with MAAC and approved the Initial Term Sheet.

On January 20, 2021, MAAC and Roivant executed the Initial Term Sheet, which provided for, among other things, a binding exclusivity period ending on the later of (a) 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on February 19, 2021 and (b) the time at which either party gave written notice to the other party of termination thereof, and otherwise included the terms described above and exchanged between MAAC and Roivant between January 10, 2021 and January 20, 2021.

On February 2, 2021, Roivant entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Silicon Therapeutics, which subsequently closed on March 19, 2021.

On February 2, 2021, Immunovant, Inc. ("IMVT"), a publicly listed biopharmaceutical company of which Roivant owns approximately 58% of the outstanding common stock, announced a voluntary pause of dosing in its ongoing clinical trials for IMVT-1401, its lead product candidate.

Between February 2, 2021 and February 29, 2021, MAAC's management, representatives and advisors (including Sidley Austin LLP ("Sidley"), MAAC's outside intellectual property and regulatory counsel) conducted due diligence with respect to the IMVT-1401 clinical trial pause, including numerous calls and meetings with management and advisors of Roivant and IMVT, and analyzed and evaluated the information gathered in the due diligence process. MAAC also engaged new and existing third party consultants and advisors to evaluate the clinical findings released by IMVT to form an internal view as to the probability of technical success of IMVT-1401.

On February 5, IMVT's management and Roivant's management held a call with MAAC management, the MAAC board of directors and representatives and advisors of MAAC, including MAAC Sponsor, to discuss the voluntary pause of dosing in its ongoing clinical trials for IMVT-1401, its lead product candidate.

On February 16, 2021, Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline held a call in which they discussed the IMVT-1401 clinical trial pause, and the Silicon Therapeutics acquisition and their respective effects on Roivant, its business and its valuation. Following this discussion, Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline agreed that amendments to the Initial Term Sheet were warranted and to work in good faith to memorialize any necessary amendments in light of recent developments and events affecting Roivant.

On February 17, 2021, Mr. Momtazee, on behalf of MAAC, provided Roivant with a draft of an amended and restated non-binding (except for the exclusivity provision and fee reimbursement provision therein) term sheet (the "A&R Term Sheet") that proposed the following material revisions to the Initial Term Sheet: (a) the value of each Roivant Common Share and the related pre-transaction equity value and exchange ratio would be subject to diligence and discussion among the parties; (b) the exclusivity period would be extended to the later of 5:00 pm Eastern Time on March 19, 2021 and the time at which either party gives written notice of termination thereof; and (c) a binding provision that Roivant would reimburse MAAC and its affiliates for transaction fees and expenses incurred on or after February 16, 2021 (subject to a cap of \$1.5 million) if the parties did not execute a definitive transaction agreement prior to the end of the exclusivity period. Between February 17, 2021 and February 19, 2021, MAAC and MAAC Sponsor, on the one hand, and Roivant, on the other hand, also held numerous calls regarding the revised drafts of the A&R Term Sheet.

On February 19, 2021, MAAC and MAAC Sponsor, on the one hand, and Roivant, on the other hand, exchanged multiple revised drafts of the A&R Term Sheet containing revisions to the MAAC fee reimbursement provision, with the parties ultimately agreeing that MAAC would not be entitled to the contemplated fee reimbursement if the parties did not enter into a definitive transaction agreement by May 19, 2021 on terms and conditions consistent with the A&R Term Sheet financing commitments of \$250 million and at a price per share of \$10.00, and MAAC and Roivant executed the A&R Term Sheet, which superseded the Initial Term Sheet.

On March 3, 2021, MAAC management, MAAC Sponsor, the MAAC board of directors and Roivant held a call in which Roivant provided MAAC's management, advisors and directors with an update on, and the participants discussed, the IMVT-1401 clinical trial pause, including Roivant management's perspective and evaluation of the clinical trial data around the implications of the clinical pause.

On March 5, 2021, a virtual meeting of the MAAC board of directors was held with MAAC's management and representatives, including Kirkland, present. MAAC's management and representatives provided the MAAC board of directors with an update on their due diligence with respect to the IMVT-1401 clinical trial pause, the potential consequences of the safety signal that led to the clinical trial pause and the competitive landscape for IMVT-1401. MAAC management discussed the pending acquisition by Roivant of Silicon Therapeutics that was expected to bolster Roivant's technological capabilities in physics computational driven drug discovery. They also discussed the other potential targets that MAAC had considered and concluded that Roivant continued to be a superior target for a potential business combination because of the overall strength of its pipeline. Following discussion, the MAAC board of directors determined that it was supportive of continuing to pursue a potential business combination with Roivant and agreed with MAAC's management's recommendation to modify the existing term sheet to take into account both the decline in the stock price of Immunovant and the increase in value resulting from the anticipated acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics.

On March 8, 2021, Roivant filed a Schedule 13D/A with the Securities and Exchange Commission that disclosed that Roivant intended to propose to IMVT that Roivant and IMVT evaluate a potential transaction pursuant to which Roivant or an affiliate would acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of IMVT not currently owned by Roivant and that Roivant had engaged investment banks as financial advisors in connection with the evaluation of a potential transaction.

Due to, among other factors, the IMVT-1401 clinical trial pause and the decrease in the trading price of Immunovant common stock, which reduced the value of Roivant's holdings of Immunovant, Roivant and MAAC

agreed to reduce the pre-transaction equity value of Roivant from the value reflected in the Initial Term Sheet and the A&R Term Sheet. Accordingly, on March 9, 2021, representatives and MAAC and Roivant agreed on, and executed, a second amended and restated non-binding (except for the exclusivity provisions described below) term sheet (the "Second A&R Term Sheet"), which superseded the A&R Term Sheet and provided for the following changes to the A&R Term Sheet: the transaction would value each outstanding Roivant Common Share at \$38.50 per share (or a fixed exchange ratio of 3.85 per Roivant Common Share), which would, based on the December 31, 2020 Roivant capitalization, on a pro forma basis taking into account the pending acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics, equate to an approximately \$9.4 billion pro forma equity value.

Beginning in mid-March, representatives of the Placement Agents commenced conversations with prospective investors in the PIPE Financing (the "PIPE Investors") to provide an overview of Roivant's business and the potential business combination. MAAC's management and Roivant's senior management met with prospective investors to discuss Roivant and the rationale for the business combination and investment in Roivant, as well as address questions from such prospective investors with respect to Roivant and the potential business combination and the related PIPE financing.

On March 11, 2021, the PIPE investor presentation was distributed to prospective PIPE Investors.

Between early March 2021 and late April 2021, MAAC and Roivant, along with their respective advisors, held numerous conversations with JPMorgan and SVB Leerink (the "Placement Agents") to determine the aggregate amount of the PIPE Financing and the proposed allocations among prospective PIPE Investors. During this same time period, the prospective PIPE Investors conveyed their initial proposed subscription amounts.

On March 11, 2021, Kirkland provided the initial draft of the Business Combination Agreement to Davis Polk. Between March 11, 2021 and May 1, 2021, Kirkland and Davis Polk exchanged numerous drafts of the Business Combination Agreement, the details of which are more fully described below, and, over the same time period, Kirkland and other representatives and advisors for MAAC, on the one hand, and Davis Polk and other representatives and advisors for Roivant, on the other hand, held numerous conference calls regarding certain terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement.

Between March 11, 2021 and May 1, 2021, Kirkland, on the one hand, and Davis Polk, on the other hand, exchanged multiple drafts of the other transaction documents, including the Transaction Support Agreements, the Sponsor Support Agreement and the Lock-Up Agreements, each of which was executed on May 1, 2021, concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement. Over this same time period, Kirkland and other representatives and advisors for MAAC, on the one hand, and Davis Polk and other representatives and advisors for Roivant, on the other hand, held numerous conference calls regarding certain terms and conditions of these other transaction documents.

On March 18, 2021, a draft of the form of subscription agreement for the PIPE Financing was distributed to prospective PIPE Investors.

On March 22, 2021, Davis Polk provided Kirkland with a revised draft of the Business Combination Agreement that, in addition to proposed revisions to the overall suite of representations, warranties and covenants to be provided by each party under the Business Combination Agreement, proposed the following material revisions: (a) representations and warranties with respect to the organization and qualification of Roivant's subsidiaries, capitalization of Roivant's subsidiaries, capitalization of Roivant's subsidiaries and the authorized capital structure of Roivant following the transaction brought down to a Company Material Adverse Effect standard, rather than an "in all material respects" standard for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition in favor of MAAC; (b) representations and warranties with respect to MAAC's Trust Account brought down to an "in all material respects" standard, rather than a MAAC Material Adverse Effect standard, for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition in favor of qualifications and exceptions to the definition of Company Material Adverse Effect, including (i) that

the definition does not apply to adverse effects on the assets of Roivant and its subsidiaries and (ii) a carve-out for regulatory or similar events related to Roivant's and its subsidiaries products and product candidates; (d) the deletion or qualification of certain interim operating covenants of Roivant, including the deletion of, among other covenants, those restricting (i) the transfer or sale of equity securities, (ii) amendments to subsidiary governing documents, (iii) taking material actions with respect to certain types of "materials contracts" (e.g., material partnership or similar agreements, related party contracts, etc.), (iv) entering into or providing for change of control or similar payments, (v) entering into brokers' arrangements related to the transactions, and (v) material changes to tax elections or similar items; (e) a carve-out to the exclusivity provision for equity or similar investments in Roivant; (f) the deletion of the right of MAAC to designate its director designee to serve on Roivant board committees following closing; and (g) the addition of covenants, agreements and obligations of MAAC to comply with its obligations, and enforce its rights, under the Subscription Agreements and Roivant's right, in certain circumstances, to cause MAAC to enforce its rights under the Subscription Agreements on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Subscription Agreements.

On March 23, 2021, a virtual meeting of the Roivant board of directors was held with representatives of Roivant management in attendance. Mr. Momtazee also attended a portion of this meeting and was introduced to the members of the Roivant board of directors and answer questions.

Between March 25, 2021 and May 1, 2021, Kirkland, Davis Polk and Latham & Watkins LLP, counsel to the Placement Agents, collectively negotiated the terms and exchanged drafts of the Subscription Agreements with prospective PIPE Investors and their respective representatives and responded to follow-up questions and comments related thereto.

On March 31, 2021, Kirkland provided Davis Polk with a revised draft of the Business Combination Agreement that, in addition to proposed revisions to the overall suite of representations, warranties and covenants to be provided by each party under the Business Combination Agreement, proposed the following material revisions: (a) certain representations and warranties with respect to capitalization of Roivant's subsidiaries and the authorized capital structure of Roivant being brought down to an "in all material respects" standard for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition in favor of MAAC; (b) representations and warranties with respect to MAAC's Trust Account being brought down to a MAAC Material Adverse Effect standard for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition in favor of Roivant; (c) the definition of Company Material Adverse Effect adverse effects on the assets of Roivant and its subsidiaries; (d) the Company Material Adverse Effect carve-out for regulatory or similar events arising out of fraud or wrongdoing by Roivant or its subsidiaries; (e) certain revisions to Roivant's interim operating covenants, including the addition of covenants restricting (i) taking material actions with respect to related party contracts, (ii) entering into or providing for change of control or similar payments, (iii) material changes to tax elections or similar items and (iv) entering into brokers' arrangements related to the transactions; and (f) the carve-out to the exclusivity provision for equity or similar issuances of Roivant being qualified by a requirement for any such issuance to be consistent with past valuation practices of Roivant.

On April 2, 2021, Davis Polk provided Kirkland with a revised draft of the Business Combination Agreement that, in addition to proposed revisions to the overall suite of representations, warranties and covenants to be provided by each party under the Business Combination Agreement, proposed the following material revisions: (a) certain representations and warranties with respect to capitalization of Roivant's subsidiaries and the authorized capital structure of Roivant being brought down to an "material to Roivant and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole" standard, rather than an "in all material respects" standard, for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition in favor of MAAC; (b) representations and warranties with respect to MAAC's Trust Account being brought down to an "in all material respects" standard, rather than MAAC Material Adverse Effect standard, for purposes of the "bring-down" closing condition to the Company Material Adverse Effect carve-out for regulatory or similar event being limited to fraud of Roivant and

its subsidiaries, rather than fraud or wrongdoing of the Group Companies; (d) certain exceptions and qualifications to Roivant's interim operating covenants; and (e) a proposed outside date for completing the Business Combination by December 31, 2021.

Between April 2, 2021 and May 1, 2021, Kirkland, on the one hand, and Davis Polk, on the other hand, exchanged revised drafts of the Business Combination Agreement and the parties came to agreement on the outstanding issues and other matters in the Business Combination Agreement, including, among other things: (a) the overall suite of other representations, warranties and covenants to be provided by each party under the Business Combination Agreement (including the suite of Roivant interim operating covenants); (b) the standard for the "bring-down" at the closing for certain representations and warranties (including those related to certain representations and warranties with respect to Roivant's capitalization and the Trust Account); (c) the definition of Company Material Adverse Effect and Roivant Material Adverse Effect; (d) the mechanics for determining the postclosing Roivant board of directors; (e) the size, terms and establishment of the 2021; incentive equity plan and employee stock purchase plan; (f) an outside date for completing the Business Combination (by November 30, 2021); and (g) as more fully described below, the value per Roivant Common Share and the exchange ratio based thereon. For further information related to the final resolution of items (a) through (g) and the other material terms of the Business Combination Agreement, please see the section entitled "Business Combination Proposal—The Business Combination Agreement."

On April 14, 2021, a virtual meeting of the MAAC board of directors was held, with members of MAAC management and representatives of MAAC Sponsor, Kirkland, Sidley, and Ropes & Gray LLP ("Ropes"), special intellectual property counsel to MAAC, present. Members of MAAC management provided the MAAC directors with an update with respect to the transaction process, including an update with respect to the PIPE Financing process and an overview of the business, financial, tax, insurance and accounting due diligence process and findings with respect thereto. Representatives from Kirkland again advised the MAAC board of directors of their fiduciary duties in connection with the potential business combination, and representatives from Kirkland, Sidley and Ropes each provided an overview of its due diligence findings with respect to Roivant.

On April 29, 2021, Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline held a call to discuss the proposed business combination, including the status of the PIPE process. Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline evaluated whether a transaction at the agreed-upon valuation of \$38.50 per Roivant Common Share was preferable to a transaction with a lower valuation that would allow additional selected investors to participate in the PIPE Financing. After discussion regarding the benefits of allowing such additional investors to participate in the PIPE Financing. Mr. Momtazee and Mr. Gline agreed to reduce the value per outstanding Roivant Common Share from \$38.50 per share to \$29.26 per share (or from a fixed exchange ratio of 3.85 to 2.9262 per Roivant Common Share), which would, based on the December 31, 2020 Roivant capitalization, pro forma for the acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics, equate to an approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value. The parties also agreed to adjust the vesting terms applicable to MAAC Sponsor in respect of its MAAC Class B Shares would vest based on a \$15.00 per share trigger price within five years of the closing of the Business Combination and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Share Sisued to MAAC Sponsor in respect of its MAAC Class B Shares would vest based on a \$20.00 per share trigger price within 5 years of the closing of the Business Combination.

Between April 29, 2021 and May 1, 2021, the final investment allocations of the PIPE Investors that executed and delivered Subscription Agreements were determined and PIPE Investors delivered executed signature pages to the Subscription Agreements, which contemplated a \$200 million PIPE Financing.

On April 30, 2021, a virtual meeting of the MAAC board of directors was held, with members of MAAC management and representatives of MAAC Sponsor, Kirkland, Sidley and Ropes present. At the meeting, members of MAAC management and the MAAC board of directors discussed the strategic rationale for the proposed Business Combination (including the potential benefits and the risks related thereto) and the valuation

of the combined company as implied by the terms of the Business Combination, including the PIPE Financing (see "Certain Financial Analysis" for more information). Representatives from Kirkland also provided the MAAC board of directors with an overview of the material terms of the Business Combination Agreement, the other key transaction documents and an overview of directors' fiduciary duties in connection with approving the Business Combination. Representatives of Kirkland also held, prior to the making of a motion to adopt and approve the transaction, an executive session with MAAC's independent directors only in which the independent directors and Kirkland discussed certain aspects of the transaction and Kirkland answered certain questions from the independent directors. Based on the factors cited in "—Reasons for the Business Combination", the MAAC board of directors then unanimously adopted and approved, among other resolutions, resolutions (a) that it was fair to and in the best interests of MAAC and its stockholders, and that it was advisable, to enter into the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger and the PIPE Financing), (b) to adopt and approve the Business Combination Agreement, the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger and the PIPE Financing), (c) to recommend that the MAAC stockholders vote in favor of the Business Combination Proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, any proposal tracenably agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination, and (d) to direct that each of the Business Combination Proposal, and proposal reasonably agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination to be submitted to the MAAC stockholders for MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with

On April 30, 2021, a virtual meeting of the Roivant board of directors was held, with Roivant management in attendance, to discuss the final negotiated terms of the Business Combination. Following discussions among the Roivant board of directors, the Roivant board of directors (a) unanimously approved the Business Combination Agreement, the ancillary documents to which Roivant is or will be a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Roivant Pre-Closing Steps (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) and the Merger) and (b) recommented, among other things, the entry into the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents to which Roivant is or will be a party and the Consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Roivant Pre-Closing Steps (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) and the Merger) to the holders of the Roivant Common Shares entitled to vote thereon for their approval.

On May 1, 2021, the parties entered into the Business Combination Agreement and the related ancillary documents. Also, on May 1, 2021, the PIPE Investors executed and delivered the Subscription Agreements.

On May 3, 2021, MAAC and Roivant issued a joint press release announcing the execution and delivery of the Business Combination Agreement, and MAAC filed a Current Report on Form 8-K, which filed as an exhibit (a) the Business Combination Agreement, (b) the Sponsor Support Agreement, (c) the form of Subscription Agreement, (d) the form of Transaction Support Agreement, (e) the form of Lock-Up Agreement, (f) a joint press release, dated May 3, 2021, (g) an investor presentation providing information on Roivant and a summary of certain key terms of the Business Combination and (h) a transcript of the investor presentation.

The MAAC Board of Directors' Reasons for the Business Combination

The MAAC board of directors, in evaluating the Business Combination, consulted with its management and legal, tax, insurance, accounting and other advisors. In reaching its unanimous resolution (a) that it was fair to and in the best interests of MAAC and its stockholders, and that it was advisable, to enter into the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger and the PIPE Financing), (b) to adopt and approve the Business Combination Agreement, the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the

transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger and the PIPE Financing), (c) to recommend that the MAAC stockholders vote in favor of the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, any proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the proxy statement/prospectus or in correspondence related hereto, and any proposal reasonably agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination, and (d) to direct that each of the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, any proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the proxy statement/prospectus or in correspondence related hereto, and any proposal reasonably agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination Proposal, the NAAC stockholders for approval, the MAAC board of directors considered and evaluated a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the factors discussed below. In light of the number and wide variety of factors considered in onection with its evaluation of the Business Combination, the MAAC board of directors did not consider i practicable, and did not attempt, to quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors that it considered in consider i practicable, and did not considered by it. In addition, individual directors may have given different weight to different factors. This explanation of MAAC board of directors' reasons for the Business Combination and all other information presented in factors. This explanation of MAAC board of directors' reasons for the Business combination and all other information presented in factors. This explanation of MAAC board of directors' reasons for the Business are busines and the factors directors weight to different factors. This explanation of MAAC board of directors' reasons for the Business are busines and busines are busines comb

The members of the MAAC board of directors are well qualified to evaluate the Business Combination with Roivant, as each of such directors has decades of operating and acquisition experience as well as relationships in the health care industry.

The MAAC board of directors considered a number of factors pertaining to Roivant and the Business Combination as generally supporting its decision to enter into the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including, but not limited to, the following material factors:

A. Satisfies Certain Key MAAC Acquisition Criteria. The MAAC board of directors believes that Roivant meets many of the key acquisition criteria that MAAC established at its initial public offering, namely that Roivant drives innovation, is growth oriented, is led by an outstanding team and has the potential to develop a durable revenue base.

B. Strong Management Team. The MAAC board of directors believes that Roivant has a strong management team, as evidenced by their individual experience and skill sets, as well as their strong track record at Roivant, further discussed below. This management team, led by Roivant's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Investment Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and President of Roivant Health, many of whom have successfully worked together for most of Roivant's existence, has guided Roivant through a number of significant milestones over recent years, including eight consecutive positive Phase 3 trials and a \$3.0 billion upfront transaction with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma. Together with Roivant's founder Vivek Ramaswamy, who will continue to serve Roivant as Executive Chairman, this team intends to remain with Roivant and will provide important continuity in advancing Roivant's strategic and growth goals. James C. Montazee, the Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman of MAAC's board of directors, will join Roivant's board of directors after completion of the Business Combination. Mr. Moinazee brings over 23 years of broad operational and transaction experience in the healthcare industry that make him well qualified to serve on Roivant's board of directors.

C. Roivant's Track Record. Founded in 2014, Roivant is a next-generation "big pharma" company, organized to harness modern technologies and the entrepreneurial spirit of nimble biotechnology companies at scale. The Company has brought over 40 medicines into development, conducted nine international Phase 3 trials, the last eight of which have been successful, and developed two drugs that received FDA approval shortly after their transfer to Sumitomo. Roivant's return on investment from inception to March 31, 2021, based on the

realized return associated with the partnership with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma and the value of Roivant's ownership stakes in its public Vants as of April 30, 2021, has far exceeded average research and development returns for select large cap biopharmaceutical companies based on average cost to develop assets and projected revenues.

D. **Proprietary Technology Assets**. Roivant has differentiated capabilities in computational drug discovery, organized in its small molecule discovery engine. The combination of both machine-learning and physics driven computational drug discovery capabilities may accelerate the hit-to-lead and lead optimization stages of the drug discovery process.

E. Promising Development Pipeline. Roivant has a deep and diversified pipeline of over 30 drug candidates.

F. Recent Targeted Acquisitions. The recent acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics will expand Roivant's computational physics capabilities, potentially providing distinct advantages in drug discovery.

G. Attractive Entry Valuation. After the close of the Business Combination, Roivant will have an anticipated initial equity value of approximately \$7.3 billion assuming that the MAAC Shares are trading at \$10.00 per share. The MAAC board of directors reviewed and considered valuations of private and publicly traded companies in similar and adjacent sectors as Roivant and its material Vants. Based on these valuations, the MAAC board of directors conducted a sum of the parts analysis and determined that the anticipated initial market capitalization represents an attractive discount as compared to such comparable private and public companies. For additional information, see "—Certain Financial Analyses."

H. Post-Closing Economic Interest in Roivant. If the Business Combination were consummated, MAAC stockholders (other than MAAC stockholders that redeem their MAAC Class A Shares) would have a continuing economic interest in Roivant and as a result would have a continuing opportunity to benefit from the success of Roivant following the consummation of the Business Combination.

I. Due Diligence. The MAAC board of directors reviewed and discussed in detail the results of the due diligence examination of Roivant conducted by MAAC's officers and MAAC's legal, tax, insurance, accounting and other advisors which included virtual meetings with the management team and advisors of Roivant regarding Roivant's business and business plan, operations, prospects and other material matters, as well as financial, legal, intellectual property, regulatory, cyber, insurance, tax and accounting due diligence.

J. Support of Key Shareholders. The fact that (i) key Roivant shareholders representing approximately 90% of the currently issued and outstanding Roivant Common Shares entered into Transaction Support Agreements, demonstrating their support for the Business Combination, and (ii) certain Roivant shareholders and their affiliates committed to invest an aggregate of over \$100 million in the PIPE Financing, demonstrating their continued conviction in Roivant's business and prospects for growth following the Business Combination.

K. Roivant Shareholder and Sponsor Lock-Up. Certain Roivant shareholders and the MAAC Sponsor have agreed to subject 75% of their holdings to an extended lock-up, further demonstrating their conviction in Roivant's long-term success. For additional information, see "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements."

L. Financial Condition. The MAAC board of directors reviewed certain factors related to Roivant's financial condition, such as Roivant's historical financial results, outlook and business and financial plans. The MAAC board of directors took note of the fact that Roivant had over \$2.0 billion of consolidated cash and cash equivalents on its balance sheet as of December 31, 2020, and that the Business Combination is expected to provide up to approximately \$611 million of gross proceeds to Roivant, assuming no redemptions by the MAAC shareholders of their MAAC Class A Shares. In reviewing these factors, the MAAC board of directors concluded that Roivant will be well-capitalized with sufficient funding to advance its development plans.

M. Other Alternatives. The MAAC board of directors' belief that, after a thorough review of other business combination opportunities reasonably available to MAAC, based upon the process utilized to diligence, evaluate and analyze other potential business combination targets, that the Business Combination represents the best potential business combination for MAAC.

N. Negotiated Transaction. The financial and other terms of the Business Combination Agreement and the fact that such terms and conditions were the product of arm's-length negotiations between MAAC and Roivant, as well as feedback on valuation from the investors who participated in the PIPE Financing.

The MAAC board of directors also considered a variety of uncertainties and risks and other potentially negative factors related to Roivant's business and prospects and related to the Business Combination including, but not limited to, the following:

A. Roivant Business Plan Execution. The risk that the potential benefits of the Business Combination may not be fully achieved or may not be achieved within the expected timeframe.

B. Liquidation of MAAC. The risks and costs to MAAC if the Business Combination is not completed, including the risk of diverting management focus and resources from other business combination opportunities, which could result in MAAC being unable to effect a business combination by October 9, 2022 and force MAAC to liquidate.

C. Redemption Risk. The potential that a significant number of MAAC stockholders elect to redeem their shares prior to the consummation of the Business Combination and pursuant to MAAC's Pre-Closing Certificate of Incorporation, and that Roivant's obligation to consummate the Business Combination is conditioned on there being at least \$210 million remaining in MAAC's trust account to be released to MAAC on the closing date after giving effect to any such redemptions.

D. *Exclusivity*. The fact that the Business Combination Agreement includes an exclusivity provision that prohibits MAAC from soliciting other business combination proposals, which restricts MAAC's ability, so long as the Business Combination Agreement is in effect, to consider other potential business combinations.

E. Stockholder Vote. The risk that MAAC's stockholders may fail to provide the votes necessary to effect the Business Combination.

F. Macroeconomic Risks. The risk that the future financial performance of Roivant may not meet the MAAC board of directors' expectations due to factors in Roivant's control or out of its control, including economic cycles or other macroeconomic factors.

G. Limitations of Review. The MAAC board of directors considered that they were not obtaining an opinion from any independent investment banking or accounting firm that the consideration to be received by the MAAC Stockholders is fair to MAAC or its stockholders from a financial point of view.

H. Closing Conditions. The fact that completion of the Business Combination is conditioned on the satisfaction of certain closing conditions that are not within MAAC's or Roivant's control, including approval by MAAC stockholders and approval by Nasdaq of the initial listing application in connection with the Business Combination.

I. Post-Business Combination Corporate Governance. The fact that the board of directors of Roivant will be classified and that all Roivant directors will not be elected annually.

J. Litigation. The possibility of litigation challenging the Business Combination or that an adverse judgment granting permanent injunctive relief could indefinitely enjoin consummation of the Business Combination.

K. Fees and Expenses. The expected fees and expenses associated with the Business Combination, some of which would be payable regardless of whether the Business Combination is ultimately consummated.

In addition to considering the factors described above, the MAAC board of directors also considered other factors including, without limitation:

A. Interests of Certain Persons. The MAAC Sponsor, each member of the MAAC board of directors, MAAC's officers and certain of MAAC's advisors directly or indirectly own MAAC Class B Shares and warrants to purchase MAAC Class A Shares and, accordingly, may have a conflict of interest in determining whether a particular target business is an appropriate business with which to effectuate our business combination. The MAAC board of directors reviewed and considered this during the negotiation of the Business Combination and in evaluating and unanimously approving, as members of the MAAC board of directors, the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated therein, including the Business Combination.

B. Other Risks. The various risks associated with the Business Combination, the business of Roivant, and the business of MAAC, as described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" of this proxy statement/ prospectus.

The MAAC board of directors concluded that the potential benefits expected to be received by MAAC and its stockholders as a result of the Business Combination outweighed the potentially negative factors and other risks associated with the Business Combination. Accordingly, the MAAC board of directors unanimously resolved that (a) that it was fair to and in the best interests of MAAC and its stockholders, and that it was advisable, to enter into the Business Combination Agreement and the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger and the PIPE Financing), (b) to adopt and approve the Business Combination Agreement, the ancillary documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the MAC stockholders vote in favor of the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, any proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the proposal, the Adjournment Proposal, and (d) to direct that each of the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the proxy statement/prospectus or in correspondence related hereto, and any proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq indicates is necessary in its comments to the Business Combination Agreed by MAAC and Roivant to be appropriate in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination and (d) to direct that each of the Business Combination Proposal, the Nasdaq Proposal, the Adjournment to be appropriate in connection with the consummation to be submitted to the MAAC stockholders for approval.

Summary of MAAC Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses prepared and reviewed by MAAC's management in connection with the valuation of Roivant. The summary set forth below does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed or factors considered by MAAC nor does the order of the financial analyses described represent the relative importance or weight given to those financial analyses by the Board. MAAC may have deemed various assumptions more or less probable than other assumptions, so the valuations resulting from any particular portion of the analyses summarized below should not be taken to be MAAC's view of the actual value of Roivant. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses set forth below include information presented in tabular format. Considering the data in the tables below without considering all financial analyses or factors or the full narrative description of such analyses or factors, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying such analyses or factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the processes underlying MAAC's financial analyses and the Board's recommendation.

In performing analyses, MAAC's management made numerous material assumptions with respect to, among other things, timing of clinical trials, patient enrollment, timing of receipt of regulatory approvals that may be needed, characterization of the product candidates, the timing of, and amounts of, any royalty payments,

milestone payments or other payments due to third parties by Roivant, the entry by Roivant into license or collaboration agreements, market size, commercial efforts, industry performance, general business and economic conditions and numerous other matters, many of which are beyond the control of MAAC, Roivant or any other parties to the Business Combination. None of Roivant, MAAC, or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those discussed. Any estimates contained in these analyses are not necessarily indicative of actual values or predictive of future results or values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than as set forth below. In addition, analyses relating to the value of Roivant do not purport to be appraisals or reflect the prices at which Roivant shares may actually be valued. Accordingly, the assumptions and estimates used in, and the results derived from, the financial analyses are inherently subject to substantial uncertainty. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before April 30, 2021 and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions. For private and acquired companies, selected valuation figures were sourced from certain financial databases and other publicly available information.

General Approach

In performing its financial analysis, MAAC's management reviewed certain financial and operating information of Roivant and deployed a number of different valuation methodologies, as discussed below, selected based on the experience and the professional judgment of MAAC's management. On this basis, MAAC's management ultimately concluded that the equity value of Roivant was greater than the approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value agreed upon in the Business Combination Agreement and validated by the PIPE Financing.

Sum of the Parts

MAAC's management utilized a sum of the parts approach in its evaluation of Roivant. MAAC's management separately derived the enterprise value of Roivant's material Vants using various methodologies discussed below and, based on the enterprise value of such Vants, extrapolated an implied equity value for Roivant taken as a whole.

Interests in Publicly Traded Vants

With respect to the Vants that are publicly traded, MAAC's management evaluated the value of the public equity ownership stakes over time of each such Vant. MAAC's management also evaluated each such Vant as compared to comparable publicly traded companies and selected precedent transactions as discussed below. Based on such analysis, MAAC determined that Roivant's interests in the publicly traded Vants, which based on the publicly traded stock price of such Vants as of April 30, 2021 were in the aggregate equal to approximately \$1.1 billion, were undervalued.

Comparable Company Analysis

With respect to certain of the Vants, MAAC's management reviewed information of comparable publicly traded companies, selected based on the experience and the professional judgment of MAAC's management. In particular, MAAC selected publicly traded companies that are oriented towards (a) atopic dermatitis and plaque psoriasis treatment, (b) sickle cell gene therapy, (c) anti-FcRN therapies, (d) targeted protein degrader platforms, and (e) computational small molecule discovery engines, in each case that MAAC deemed relevant for analysis. The selected publicly traded companies, among others, were:

Dermavant-Atopic Dermatitis and Plaque Psoriasis Treatment:

Arcutis Biotherapeutics, Inc. ("Arcutis Biotherapeutics")

Aruvant—Sickle Cell Gene Therapy:

- CRISPR Therapeutics AG ("CRISPR Therapeutics")
- bluebird bio Inc. ("bluebird bio")
- Intellia Therapeutics, Inc. ("Intellia Therapeutics")
- Sangamo Therapeutics, Inc. ("Sangamo Therapeutics")

Immunovant—Anti-FcRn Therapies:

argenx SE ("argenx")

Targeted Protein Degradation Platform:

- Arvinas, Inc. ("Arvinas")
- Kymera Therapeutics, Inc. ("Kymera Therapeutics")
- Nurix Therapeutics, Inc. ("Nurix Therapeutics")
- C4 Therapeutics, Inc. ("C4 Therapeutics")

Silicon Therapeutics / VantAI—Computational Small Molecule Discovery Engine:

- AbCellera Biologics Inc. ("AbCellera")
- Schrödinger, Inc. ("Schrödinger")
- Certara, Inc. ("Certara")
- Relay Therapeutics, Inc. ("Relay Therapeutics")

None of the selected companies has characteristics identical to Roivant or any one of the Vants. Companies were selected because they have a combination of comparable stage of drug development, comparable drug mechanism of action, comparable target indications or comparable technologies to the assets at one or more of the Vants. An analysis of selected publicly traded companies is not purely quantitative; rather it involves complex consideration and judgments concerning differences in financial and operating characteristics of the selected companies and other factors that could affect the valuations of the company eviewed. MAAC believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the quantitative results of the selected public company analysis. Accordingly, MAAC also made qualitative judgments, based on the experience and professional judgment of its management team and advisors, concerning differences between the operational, business and/or financial characteristics of Roivant and the Vants and the selected companies to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis.

MAAC reviewed certain valuation metrics (including market capitalization and enterprise value, which are indicated below as of April 30, 2021) of the selected comparable companies that MAAC deemed relevant based on its professional judgment and expertise:

Dermavant—Atopic Dermatitis and Plaque Psoriasis Treatment

	Stage(s) of Comparable				
Company	Program(s)	Market	Cap (\$BN)	Enterprise	Value (\$BN)
Arcutis Biotherapeutics	Clinical Stage	\$	1.7	\$	1.4
Mean		\$	1.7	\$	1.4

Aruvant—Sickle Cell Gene Therapy

	Stage(s) of Comparable					
Company	Program(s)	Market	Cap (\$BN)	Enterprise	Enterprise Value (\$BN)	
CRISPR Therapeutics	Clinical Stage	\$	9.9	\$	8.2	
Intellia Therapeutics	Clinical Stage	\$	5.2	\$	4.7	
bluebird bio	On Market and Clinical Stage	\$	2.0	\$	0.9	
Sangamo Therapeutics	Clinical Stage	\$	1.7	\$	1.0	
Mean		S	4.7	s	3.7	

Immunovant—Anti-FcRn Therapies

	Stage(s) of Comparable				
Company	Program(s)	Market Cap	(\$BN)	Enterprise Value	: (\$BN)
argenx	Pre-Clinical and Clinical Stage	\$	14.7	\$	12.7
Mean		\$	14.7	\$	12.7

Targeted Protein Degradation Platform

	Stage(s) of Comparable					
Company	Program(s)	Market	Cap (\$BN)	Enterprise	Enterprise Value (\$BN)	
Arvinas	Pre-Clinical and Clinical Stage	\$	3.4	\$	2.7	
Kymera Therapeutics	Pre-Clinical	\$	2.1	\$	1.6	
Nurix Therapeutics	Pre-Clinical	\$	1.5	\$	1.2	
C4 Therapeutics	Pre-Clinical	\$	1.4	\$	1.1	
Mean		\$	2.1	\$	1.7	

Silicon Therapeutics / VantAI—Small Molecule Discovery Engine

	Stage(s) of Comparable						
Company	Program(s)	Market	Cap (\$BN)	Enterprise	Enterprise Value (\$BN)		
AbCellera	Pre-Clinical and Clinical Stage	\$	7.2	\$	6.6		
Schrödinger	Discovery	\$	5.4	\$	4.7		
Certara	Discovery	\$	4.9	\$	4.9		
Relay Therapeutics	Clinical Stage and Discovery	\$	2.9	\$	2.2		
Mean		s	5.1	s	4.6		

Selected Precedent Transaction Analysis

MAAC's management also performed a selected precedent transaction analysis of certain of the private and publicly traded Vants. The target companies acquired in the selected precedent transactions included among others:

Dermavant—Atopic Dermatitis and Plaque Psoriasis Treatment:

- Otezla ("Otezla")
- Anacor Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Anacor")
- Dermira, Inc. ("Dermira")

Immunovant—Anti FcRn and Myasthenia Gravis Therapies:

Momenta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Momenta")

Ra Pharma Inc. ("Ra Pharma")

Datavant—Healthcare Data Platform:

- Komodo Health, Inc. ("Komodo Health")
- Definitive Healthcare, LLC ("Definitive Healthcare")

None of the selected companies acquired in such precedent transactions has characteristics identical to Roivant or any one of the Vants. Companies subject to such precedent transaction analysis were selected because they have a combination of comparable stage of drug development, comparable drug mechanism of action, comparable target indications or comparable technologies to the assets or technologies at one or more of the Vants. An analysis of selected precedent transactions is not purely quantitative; rather it involves complex consideration and judgments concerning differences in financial and operating characteristics of the target companies and other factors that could affect the valuations of the companies acquired. MAAC believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the quantitative results of the selected precedent transaction analysis. Accordingly, MAAC also made qualitative judgments, based on the experience and professional judgment of its management team and advisors, concerning differences between the operational, business and/or financial characteristics of Roivant and the applicable Vants and the selected comparable companies to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis.

MAAC reviewed certain valuation metrics, including the implied enterprise value, of the target companies acquired in the selected precedent transactions that MAAC deemed relevant based on its professional judgment and expertise:

Dermavant—Atopic Dermatitis and Plaque Psoriasis Treatment

Company or Product	Stage(s) of Comparable Program(s)	Enterpris	value (\$BN)
Otezla	On Market	\$	13.0
Anacor Pharmaceuticals	On Market and Clinical Stage	\$	5.2
Dermira	On Market and Clinical Stage	\$	1.1
Mean		\$	6.4

Immunovant—Anti FcRn and Myasthenia Gravis Therapies

	Stage(s) of Comparable		
Company	Program(s)	Enterprise	Value (\$BN)
Momenta	Clinical Stage	\$	6.5
Ra Pharma	Clinical Stage	\$	2.1
Mean		\$	4.3

Datavant—Healthcare Data Platform

	Stage(s) of Comparable		
Company	Program(s)	Enterprise	e Value (\$BN)
Komodo Health	N/A	\$	3.3
Definitive Health	N/A	\$	1.7
Mean		\$	2.5

Based on the results of the above Comparable Companies Analysis and the Selected Precedent Transactions Analysis, and taking into account the value of Roivant's interests in the publicly traded Vants, MAAC's management concluded, on a sum of the parts basis, that the equity value of Roivant was greater than the approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value ultimately agreed upon in the Business Combination

Agreement and validated by the PIPE Financing. This determination that the equity value of Roivant was greater than the approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value ultimately agreed upon in the Business Combination did not take into account any potential additional value of certain private Vants where there were not comparable publicly traded companies or precedent transactions.

Historical Equity Financings of Roivant

In addition to the sum of the parts analysis described above, MAAC's management derived an implied equity value of Roivant based on the previous equity financings of Roivant, taking into account various financial and operational developments since the latest such financing.

From September to December 2018, several large institutional asset managers and existing Roivant shareholders subscribed for approximately \$200 million in Roivant Common Shares at a price of \$32.25 per share. On October 31, 2019, Sumitomo agreed to subscribe for \$1.0 billion in Roivant Common Shares at a price of \$37.10 per share. Sumitomo's subscription closed on December 27, 2019.

From October 31, 2019 through April 30, 2021, the market value of Roivant's ownership interests in the publicly traded Vants increased by an amount in excess of \$500 million.

During the same period, Roivant:

- received positive Phase 3 trial results in the PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2 trials and positive data in the PSOARING 3 long-term openlabel study, each at Dermavant;
- implemented improvements to the manufacturing process of ARU-1801 at Aruvant and observed that the first patient treated under this
 new manufacturing process had the highest levels of fetal hemoglobin achieved to date and experienced no VOEs at twelve months; and
- launched its small molecule discovery engine and targeted protein degradation platform, including through the acquisitions of Silicon Therapeutics and Oncopia Therapeutics.

Notwithstanding achieving such milestones, each of which MAAC's management concluded was indicative of Roivant's increasing value, as well as various other achievements and developments across the various Vants since its most recent equity financing transactions, the valuation implied by such prior equity financing transactions was greater than the approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value ultimately agreed upon in the Business Combination Agreement and validated by the PIPE Financing.

Other Considerations

In addition to the analysis described above, MAAC's management considered the financing that would be required in connection with the Business Combination and determined that (a) Roivant had no significant outstanding indebtedness to service or retire and (b) the PIPE Financing was sized such that, together with the cash from MAAC's Trust Account and Roivant's own operating cash balances, Roivant's near- and medium-term cash needs would be met, specifically with respect to research and development costs.

Taking into account the analysis described above, on March 5, 2021 the MAAC board of directors determined that it was supportive of continuing to pursue a business combination with Roivant and commencing the PIPE Financing process based on a pro forma equity value of Roivant of approximately \$9.4 billion. MAAC's management ultimately concluded that the equity value of Roivant was greater than the approximately \$7.3 billion pro forma equity value agreed upon in the Business Combination Agreement and validated by the PIPE Financing. And, taking that conclusion and the supporting analysis into account, on April 30, 2021 the MAAC board of directors approved the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby. For further information related to this approval, please see the section entitled "*Background of the Business Combination.*"

Satisfaction of 80% Test

It is a requirement under MAAC's existing organizational documents and Nasdaq listing requirements that the business or assets acquired in MAAC's initial business combination have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance of the funds in the Trust Account (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on the income earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the execution of a definitive agreement for the initial business combination.

As of the date of the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the balance of the funds in the Trust Account was approximately \$396.4 million (excluding the deferred underwriting amount) and 80% thereof represents approximately \$317.1 million. In reaching its conclusion that the business combination meets the 80% asset test, MAAC's board of directors looked at the enterprise value of Roivant of approximately \$7.3 billion (calculated on a debt and cash free basis). In determining whether the enterprise value described above represents the fair market value of Roivant, MAAC's board of directors concluded that the fair market value of the business acquired was significantly in excess of 80% of the assets held in the Trust Account (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on the income earned on the Trust Account). In light of the financial background and experience of the members of MAAC's management team and the board of directors as to whether the business combination meets the 80% asset test. MAAC's board of directors did not seek or obtain an opinion of an outside financial advisor as to whether the 80% asset test. MAAC's board of directors did not seek or obtain an opinion of an outside financial advisor as to whether the 80% asset test has been met.

Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination

When considering the recommendation of the MAAC board of directors to vote in favor of the Business Combination, you should be aware that, aside from their interests as stockholders, the MAAC Sponsor and the holders of the Founder Shares have other interests in the Business Combination that are different from, or in addition to, those of other MAAC stockholders generally. The MAAC board of directors was aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in evaluating and unanimously approving the Business Combination and in recommending to MAAC stockholders that they approve the Business Combination. MAAC stockholders should take these interests into account in deciding whether to approve the Business Combination. These interests include, among other things, the interests listed below:

- MAAC's directors and officers and the MAAC Sponsor have waived their right to redeem any Founder Shares and MAAC Class A Shares held by them (if any) in connection with a stockholder vote to approve a proposed initial business combination;
- the fact that the MAAC Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for the Founder Shares, which will convert into 10,267,956 MAAC Class A Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Independent Directors in accordance with the terms of MAAC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and such securities will have a significantly higher value at the time of the Business Combination when such shares convert into shares in the combined company, as described further below:

	Shares of Class A	Value of Class A
	Stock(1)	Stock(3)
MAAC Sponsor(2)	10,167,956	\$ 101,679,560
George Barrett	50,000	500,000
Stephen Oesterle	50,000	500,000

(1) Interests shown consist solely of Founder Shares, classified as Class B common stock. Such shares will automatically convert into Class A common stock concurrently with or immediately following the

consummation of the Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment pursuant to the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio. Share amounts are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement.

- (2) Patient Square Capital LLC is the record holder of the shares reported herein. James C. Momtazee is the managing member of Patient Square Capital LLC and has voting and dispositive power over such securities.
- (3) Assumes a value of \$10.00 per share, the deemed value of the Class A Stock in the Business Combination.
 - the fact that the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's directors and officers have agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to the Founder Shares if we fail to complete an initial business combination by October 9, 2022;
 - the fact that the MAAC Sponsor, in which certain of MAAC's officers and directors hold a direct or indirect interest, purchased an aggregate of 10,214,365 warrants in a private placement from MAAC for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,214,365 (or \$1.00 per warrant), each of such private placement warrants is exercisable commencing on the later of 12 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering and 30 days following the Closing for one MAAC Class A Share at \$11.50 per share; if we do not consummate an initial business combination by October 9, 2022, then the proceeds from the sale of the private placement warrants will be part of the liquidating distribution to the public stockholders and the private placement warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor will be worthless; the warrant held by the MAAC Sponsor had an aggregate market value of approximately \$ based upon the closing price of \$ per warrant on Nasdaq on , 2021;
 - James C. Momtazee, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of MAAC, is expected to be a director of Roivant after the
 consummation of the Business Combination. As such, in the future, he may receive cash fees, stock options, stock awards or other
 remuneration that the Roivant board of directors determines to pay to him and any applicable compensation as described under section
 "Executive Compensation—Director Compensation";
 - if the Trust Account is liquidated, including in the event we are unable to complete an initial business combination within the required time period, the MAAC Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to us if and to the extent any claims by a third-party (other than MAAC's independent public accountants) for services rendered or products sold to us, or a prospective target business with which we have entered into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the trust account to below: (i) \$10.00 per public share; or (ii) such lesser amount per public share held in the trust account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case, net of the interest which may be withdrawn to pay taxes, except as to any claims by a third-party who executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the trust account and except as to any claims under our indemnity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act; and
 - the fact that the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's officers and directors will lose their entire investment in us, which investment amount totaled \$10,239,365, and will not be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses, which totaled \$23,418 as of June 17, 2021, if the Business Combination, or an initial business combination, is not consummated by October 9, 2022.

At any time prior to the Special Meeting, during a period when they are not then aware of any material non-public information regarding MAAC or its securities, the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's directors and officers, Roivant and/or their respective affiliates may purchase shares and/or warrants from investors, or they may enter into transactions with such investors and others to provide them with incentives to acquire shares of MAAC Shares or vote their shares in favor of the Business Combination Proposal. The purpose of such share purchases and other transactions would be to increase the likelihood that the proposals presented to stockholders for approval at the Special Meeting are approved or to provide additional equity financing. Any such share purchases and other transactions may thereby increase the likelihood of obtaining stockholder approval of the Business Combination. This may result in the completion of our Business Combination that may not otherwise have been



possible. While the exact nature of any such incentives has not been determined as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, they might include, without limitation, arrangements to protect such investors or holders against potential loss in value of their shares, including the granting of put options.

Entering into any such incentive arrangements may have a depressive effect on MAAC Shares. For example, as a result of these arrangements, an investor or holder may have the ability to effectively purchase shares at a price lower than market and may therefore be more likely to sell the shares he owns, either prior to or immediately after the Special Meeting. If such transactions are effected, the consequence could be to cause the Business Combination to be approved in circumstances where such approval could not otherwise be obtained. Purchases of shares by the persons described above would allow them to exert more influence over the approval of the proposals to be presented at the Special Meeting and would likely increase the chances that such proposals would be approved. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, there have been no such discussions and no agreements to such effect have been entered into with any such investor or holder. MAAC will file a Current Report on Form 8-K to disclose any arrangements entered into or significant purchases made by any of the aforementioned persons that would affect the vote on the proposals to be voted on at the Special Meeting. Any such report will include descriptions of any arrangements entered into or significant purchases of MAAC and its stockholders and officers may result in conflicts of interest, including a conflict between what may be in the best interests of MAAC and its stockholders and what may be best for a director's personal interests when determining to recommend that stockholders vote for the proposals. See the sections entitled "Risk Factors," "The Business Combination Proposal—Interests of Certain MAAC Persons in the Business Combination" and "Beneficial Ownership of Securities" for more information and other risks.

Sources and Uses for the Business Combination

The following table summarizes the sources and uses for funding the Business Combination assuming that no MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed in connection with the Business Combination.

Sources		Uses			
	(in millions)		(in millions)		
Cash in the Trust Account	\$411	Cash to Roivant's balance sheet	\$577		
PIPE Financing proceeds	\$220	Transaction expenses(1)	\$54		
Total Sources	\$631	Total Uses	\$631		

 Transaction expenses includes fees and expenses incurred by both Roivant and MAAC in connection with the Business Combination, including deferred underwriting fees, fees related to the PIPE Financing and advisory, legal and other fees.

Board of Directors of Roivant Following the Business Combination

Following the Closing, it is expected that the Roivant Board will consist of a number of directors determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC) prior to the Effective Time, with one director being an individual designated by MAAC, who is currently expected to be James C. Momtazee, and the other directors being determined by Roivant (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC).

Information about the current MAAC directors and executive officers can be found in the section entitled "Where You Can Find Additional Information."

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Redemption Rights

Redemption Rights for Public Stockholders upon Completion of MAAC's Initial Business Combination

MAAC is providing the MAAC stockholders with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their MAAC Class A Shares prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account calculated as of two business days prior to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any divided by the number of then outstanding MAAC Class A Share, subject to the limitations described herein. The amount in the Trust Account is initially anticipated to be approximately \$10.00 per MAAC Class A Share. The per-share amount MAAC will distribute to investors who properly redeem their shares will not be reduced by the deferred underwriting commissions MAAC will pay to the underwriters of its initial public offering. The redemption rights will include the requirement that a beneficial holder must identify itself in order to validly redeem its shares. There will be no redemption rights upon the completion of MAAC's initial Business Combination with respect to the MAAC Warrants. The MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's directors and each member of MAAC's management team have entered into a letter agreement with MAAC, pursuat to which they have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to any Founder Shares and any MAAC Class A Shares in connection with (i) the completion of the Business Combination and (ii) a stockholder vote to approve an amendment to MAAC's mended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect the substance or timing of MAAC's obligation to allow redemption in connection with MAAC's initial business combination or to redeem 100% of the MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC has not completed an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering.

Limitations on Redemptions

MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that in no event will MAAC redeem its MAAC Class A Shares in an amount that would cause its net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (so that MAAC is not subject to the SEC's "penny stock" rules). However, the proposed Business Combination may require: (i) cash consideration to be paid to the target or its owners; (ii) cash to be transferred to the target for working capital or other general corporate purposes; or (iii) the retention of cash to satisfy other conditions in accordance with the terms of the proposed Business Combination. In the event the aggregate cash consideration MAAC would be required to pay for all MAAC Class A Shares that are validly submitted for redemption plus any amount required to satisfy cash conditions pursuant to the terms of the proposed Business Combination exceed the aggregate amount of cash available to MAAC, MAAC will not complete the Business Combination or redeem any shares, and all MAAC Class A Shares submitted for redemption will be returned to the holders thereof.

Redemption of Public Shares and Liquidation If No Initial Business Combination

The MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's officers and directors have agreed that MAAC has only 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering to complete MAAC's initial business combination. If MAAC has not completed an initial business combination within 24-months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering, MAAC will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law; and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of MAAC's remaining stockholders and MAAC's board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to MAAC's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption

rights or liquidating distributions with respect to the MAAC Warrants, which will expire worthless if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering.

The MAAC Sponsor, directors and each member of its management team have entered into a letter agreement with MAAC, pursuant to which they have waived their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to their Founder Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering. However, if MAAC's Sponsor, director or members of MAAC's management team acquire MAAC Class A Shares in or after MAAC's initial public offering, they will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Closing of MAAC's initial public offering, they will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering. However, if MAAC's close to such MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering.

MAAC's Sponsor, executive officers and directors have agreed, pursuant to a written agreement with MAAC, that they will not propose any amendment to MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect the substance or timing of MAAC's obligation to allow redemption in connection with MAAC's initial business combination or to redeem 100% of the MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering, unless MAAC provides its stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their MAAC class A Shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses) divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares. However, MAAC may not redeem the MAAC Class A Shares in an amount that would cause MAAC's net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (so that MAAC is not subject to the SEC's "penny stock" rules). If this optional redemption right is exercised with respect to an excessive number of MAAC Class A Shares at such time. This redemption right shall apply in the event of the approval of any such amendment, whether proposed by MAAC's sponsor, any executive officer, director, or any other person. MAAC expects that all costs and expenses associated with implementing MAAC's plan of dissolution, as well as payments to any creditors, will be funded from amounts remaining out of the approximately \$1,700,000 of proceeds held outside the Trust Account as of March 31, 2021 plus up to \$100,000 of funds from the Trust Account available to MAAC to pay dissolution expenses, although MAAC cannot sassure you that three will be sufficient funds for such purpose.

If MAAC were to expend all of the net proceeds of its initial public offering and the sale of the Private Placement warrants, other than the proceeds deposited in the Trust Account, and without taking into account interest, if any, earned on the Trust Account, the per-share redemption amount received by stockholders upon MAAC's dissolution would be approximately \$10.00. The proceeds deposited in the Trust Account could, however, become subject to the claims of MAAC's creditors which would have higher priority than the claims of MAAC's Public Stockholders. MAAC cannot assure you that the actual per-share redemption amount received by stockholders will not be substantially less than \$10.00. Under Section 281(b) of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"), MAAC's plan of dissolution must provide for all claims against MAAC to be paid in full or make provision for payments to be made in full, as applicable, if there are sufficient assets. These claims must be paid or provided for before MAAC makes any distribution of MAAC's remaining assets to MAAC's stockholders. While MAAC intends to pay such amounts, if any, MAAC cannot assure you that MAAC will have funds sufficient to pay or provide for all claims.

Although MAAC will seek to have all vendors, service providers (other than MAAC's independent auditors), prospective target businesses and other entities with which MAAC does business execute agreements with MAAC waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account for the benefit of MAAC's Public Stockholders, there is no guarantee that they will execute such agreements or

even if they execute such agreements that they would be prevented from bringing claims against the Trust Account including, but not limited, to fraudulent inducement, breach of fiduciary responsibility or other similar claims, as well as claims challenging the enforceability of the waiver, in each case in order to gain an advantage with respect to a claim against MAAC's assets, including the funds held in the Trust Account. If any third party refuses to execute an agreement waiving such claims to the monies held in the Trust Account, MAAC's management will perform an analysis of the alternatives available to it and will only enter into an agreement with a third party that has not executed a waiver if management believes that such third party's engagement would be significantly more beneficial to MAAC than any alternative. Examples of possible instances where MAAC may engage a third party that refuses to execute a waiver include the engagement of a third-party consultant whose particular expertise or skills are believed by management to be significantly superior to those of other consultants that would agree to execute a waiver or in cases where management is unable to find a service provider willing to execute a waiver. In addition, there is no guarantee that such entities will agree to waive any claims they may have in the future as a result of, or arising out of, any negotiations, contracts or agreements with MAAC and will not seek recourse against the Trust Account for any reason. In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the MAAC Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to MAAC if and to the extent any claims by a third party for services rendered or products sold to MAAC (other than MAAC's independent registered public accounting firm), or a prospective target business with which MAAC has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amounts in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per Public Share and (ii) the actual amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account if less than \$10.00 per share, due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case net of the interest that may be withdrawn to pay MAAC's taxes, if any, provided that such liability will not apply to any claims by a third party or prospective target business that executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account nor will it apply to any claims under MAAC's indemnity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the MAAC Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third party claims. However MAAC has not asked the MAAC Sponsor to reserve for such indemnification obligations, nor has MAAC independently verified whether MAAC's Sponsor has sufficient funds to satisfy its indemnity obligations and MAAC believes that the MAAC Sponsor's only assets are securities of MAAC's company. Therefore, MAAC cannot assure you that the MAAC Sponsor would be able to satisfy those obligations. None of MAAC's officers or directors will indemnify MAAC for claims by third parties including, without limitation, claims by vendors and prospective target businesses.

In the event that the proceeds in the Trust Account are reduced below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per Public Share and (ii) the actual amount per MAAC Class A Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account if less than \$10.00 per share, due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case net of the interest which may be withdrawn to pay MAAC's taxes, if any, and MAAC's Sponsor asserts that it is unable to satisfy its indemnification obligations or that they have no indemnification obligations related to a particular claim, MAAC's independent directors would determine whether to take legal action against the MAAC Sponsor to enforce its indemnification obligations. While MAAC currently expects that MAAC's independent directors would take legal action on MAAC's behalf against the MAAC Sponsor to enforce its indemnification obligations to the AAAC, it is possible that MAAC's independent directors in exercising their business judgment may choose not to do so in any particular instance. Accordingly, MAAC cannot assure you that due to claims of creditors the actual value of the per-share redemption price will not be less than \$10.00 per share.

MAAC will seek to reduce the possibility that the MAAC Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers (other than MAAC's independent auditors), prospective target businesses or other entities with which MAAC does business execute agreements with MAAC waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account. MAAC's Sponsor will also not be liable as to any claims under MAAC's indemnity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. MAAC will have access to up to approximately \$1,700,000 from the proceeds held outside the Trust Account as of

March 31, 2021 with which to pay any such potential claims (including costs and expenses incurred in connection with MAAC's liquidation, currently estimated to be no more than approximately \$100,000). In the event that MAAC liquidates and it is subsequently determined that the reserve for claims and liabilities is insufficient, stockholders who received funds from the Trust Account could be liable for claims made by creditors, however such liability will not be greater than the amount of funds from the Trust Account received by any such stockholder.

Under the DGCL, stockholders may be held liable for claims by third parties against a corporation to the extent of distributions received by them in a dissolution. The pro rata portion of the Trust Account distributed to MAAC's stockholders upon the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares in the event MAAC does not complete MAAC's initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering may be considered a liquidating distribution under Delaware law. If the corporation complies with certain procedures set forth in Section 280 of the DGCL intended to ensure that it makes reasonable provision for all claims against it, including a 60-day notice period during which any third-party claims can be brought against the corporation, a 90-day period during which the corporation may reject any claims brought, and an additional 150-day waiting period before any liquidating distributions are made to stockholders, any liability of stockholders with respect to a liquidating distribution is limited to the lesser of such stockholder's pro rata share of the claim or the amount distributed to the stockholder, and any liability of the stockholder would be barred after the third anniversary of the dissolution.

Furthermore, if the pro rata portion of the Trust Account distributed to MAAC's Public Stockholders upon the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares in the event MAAC does not complete MAAC's initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering, is not considered a liquidating distribution under Delaware law and such redemption distribution is deemed to be unlawful (potentially due to the imposition of legal proceedings that a party may bring or due to other circumstances that are currently unknown), then pursuant to Section 174 of the DGCL, the statute of limitations for claims of creditors could then be six years after the unlawful redemption distribution, instead of three years, as in the case of a liquidating distribution. If MAAC does not complete MAAC's initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering, MAAC will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account that may be released to MAAC to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any) and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of MAAC's stockholders and MAAC's board of directors, dissolve and liquidate, subject in each case to MAAC's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. Accordingly, it is MAAC's intention to redeem the MAAC Class A Shares as soon as reasonably possible following MAA

Because MAAC will not be complying with Section 280, Section 281(b) of the DGCL requires MAAC to adopt a plan, based on facts known to MAAC at such time that will provide for MAAC's payment of all existing and pending claims or claims that may be potentially brought against MAAC within the subsequent 10 years. However, because MAAC is a blank check company, rather than an operating company, and MAAC's operations will be limited to searching for prospective target businesses to acquire, the only likely claims to arise would be from MAAC's vendors (such as lawyers, investment bankers, etc.) or prospective target businesses. As described above, pursuant to the obligation contained in MAAC's underwriting agreement, MAAC will seek to have all vendors, service providers, prospective target businesses or other entities with which MAAC does business execute agreements with MAAC waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in

the Trust Account. As a result of this obligation, the claims that could be made against MAAC are significantly limited and the likelihood that any claim that would result in any liability extending to the Trust Account is remote. Further, MAAC's Sponsor may be liable only to the extent necessary to ensure that the amounts in the Trust Account are not reduced below (i) \$10.00 per Public Share or (ii) such lesser amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, due to reductions in value of the trust assets, in each case net of the amount of interest withdrawn to pay taxes and will not be liable as to any claims under MAAC's internity of the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, MAAC's Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims.

If MAAC files a bankruptcy or winding-up petition or an involuntary bankruptcy or winding-up petition is filed against MAAC that is not dismissed, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be subject to applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law, and may be included in MAAC's bankruptcy estate and subject to the claims of third parties with priority over the claims of MAAC's stockholders. To the extent any bankruptcy claims deplete the Trust Account, MAAC cannot assure you MAAC will be able to return \$10.00 per share to MAAC's Public Stockholders. Additionally, if MAAC files a bankruptcy or winding-up petition or an involuntary bankruptcy or winding-up petition is filed against MAAC that is not dismissed, any distributions received by stockholders could be viewed under applicable debtor/creditor and/or bankruptcy or insolvency laws as either a "preferential transfer" or a "fraudulent conveyance." As a result, a bankruptcy or insolvency court could seek to recover some or all amounts received by MAAC's stockholders.

Furthermore, MAAC's board of directors may be viewed as having breached its fiduciary duty to MAAC's creditors and/or may have acted in bad faith, and thereby exposing itself and MAAC's company to claims of punitive damages, by paying Public Stockholders from the Trust Account prior to addressing the claims of creditors. MAAC cannot assure you that claims will not be brought against MAAC for these reasons.

MAAC's Public Stockholders will be entitled to receive funds from the Trust Account only (i) in the event of the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering, (ii) in connection with a stockholder vote to amend MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation (A) to modify the substance or timing of MAAC's obligation to allow redemption in connection with MAAC's initial business combination or to redeem 100% of MAAC Class A Shares if MAAC does not complete an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering or (B) with respect to any other provisions relating to the rights of holders of MAAC dass A Shares, or (iii) if they redeem their respective shares for cash upon the completion of the initial business combination. Public Stockholders who redeem their MAAC Class A Shares in connection with a stockholder vote described in clause (ii) in the preceding sentence shall not be entitled to funds from the Trust Account upon the subsequent completion of an initial business combination or liquidation if MAAC has not completed an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of MAAC's initial public offering, with respect to such MAAC class A Shares so redeemed. In no other circumstances will a stockholder have any right or interest of any stockholder's voting in connection with the business combination alone will not result in a stockholder's initial business combination, a stockholder's voting in connection with the business combination alone will not result in a stockholder's redeeming its shares to MAAC for an applicable pro rata share of the Trust Account. Such stockholder must have also exercised its redemption rights described above. These provisions of MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation, like all provisions of MAAC's amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation, may be amended with a stockholder

Appraisal Rights

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Appraisal rights are not available to MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination.

Vote Required for Approval

Approval of the Business Combination Proposal requires that the initial Business Combination be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of MAAC Shares outstanding as of the date of the stockholder meeting held to consider such initial Business Combination.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT OUR STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE BUSINESS COMBINATION PROPOSAL.

PROPOSAL NO. 2 - THE NASDAQ PROPOSAL

Overview

In connection with the Business Combination, MAAC intends to effect the issuance of up to MAAC Class A Shares in the PIPE Financing. We are seeking stockholder approval in order to comply with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(a), (b) and (d).

Under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(a)(1), stockholder approval is required prior to the issuance of common stock, or of securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, in connection with the acquisition of another company if such securities are not issued in a public offering for cash and (i) the common stock has, or will have upon issuance, voting power equal to or in excess of 20% of the voting power outstanding before the issuance of such securities (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock); or (ii) the number of shares of common stock to be issued is or will be equal to or in excess of 20% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding before the issuance of the stock or securities.

Under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(b), stockholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities when the issuance or potential issuance will result in a "change of control" of the registrant. Although Nasdaq has not adopted any rule on what constitutes a "change of control" for purposes of Rule 5635(b), Nasdaq has previously indicated that the acquisition of, or right to acquire, by a single investor or affiliated investor group, as little as 20% of the common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) or voting power of an issuer could constitute a change of control.

Under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(d), stockholder approval is required for a transaction other than a public offering involving the sale, issuance or potential issuance by an issuer of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) at a price that is less than the lesser of the official Nasdaq closing price immediately before signing of the binding agreement and the average official Nasdaq closing price for the five trading days immediately preceding the signing of the binding agreement for the stock if the number of shares of common stock to be issued is or may be equal to 20% or more of the common stock, or 20% or more of the voting power, outstanding before the issuance.

Additionally, pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(a)(2), when a Nasdaq-listed company proposes to issue securities in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, shareholder approval is required if any director, officer or substantial shareholder of such company has a 5% or greater interest (or such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest), directly or indirectly, in such company or the assets to be acquired or in the consideration to be paid in the transaction or series of related transactions and the present or potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) could result in an increase in outstanding shares of common stock or voting power of 5% or more. Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(e)(3) defines a substantial stockholder as the holder of an interest of 5% or more of either the number of shares of common stock or the voting power outstanding of a Nasdaq-listed company. Based on Schedule 13Gs filed with the SEC, certain stockholders of MAAC to whom securities will be issued in the PIPE Financing and in the Business Combination may be considered substantial shareholders of MAAC under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(e)(3).

Stockholder approval of the Nasdaq Proposal is also a condition to the closing under the Business Combination Agreement.

Vote Required for Approval

The affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting is required to approve the Nasdaq Proposal. Abstentions are considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum and will have the same effect as a vote

"AGAINST" the Nasdaq Proposal. Broker non-votes, while considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum, are not considered as entitled to vote on the Nasdaq Proposal and therefore will have no effect on the Nasdaq Proposal.

The Business Combination is conditioned upon the approval of the Nasdaq Proposal, subject to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement.

The MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's directors and officers have agreed to vote any shares of MAAC common stock held by them as of the record date in favor of the Nasdaq Proposal.

Recommendation of the MAAC Board of Directors

THE MAAC BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT ITS STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE NASDAQ PROPOSAL.

PROPOSAL NO. 3 - THE ADJOURNMENT PROPOSAL

Overview

The Adjournment Proposal, if adopted, will allow MAAC's board of directors to adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting to a later date or dates, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the MAAC Special Meeting, there are not sufficient votes to approve the Business Combination Proposal, or holders of MAAC Class A Shares have elected to redeem an amount of MAAC Class A Shares such that (i) MAAC would have less than \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets or (ii) the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account not being equal to or greater than \$210,000,000 (unless waived by Roivant). In no event will MAAC's board of directors adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting or consummate the Business Combination beyond the date by which it may properly do so under its existing charter and Delaware law.

Consequences if the Adjournment Proposal is Not Approved

If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by MAAC's stockholders, MAAC's board of directors may not be able to adjourn the MAAC Special Meeting to a later date in the event that there are insufficient votes for the approval of the Business Combination Proposal, or holders of MAAC Class A Shares have elected to redeem an amount of MAAC Class A Shares such that (i) MAAC would have less than \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets or (ii) the aggregate cash proceeds from the Trust Account not being equal to or greater than \$210,000,000 (unless waived by Roivant), and may be unable to consummate the Business Combination. If MAAC does not consummate the Business Combination and fails to complete an initial business combination by October 9, 2022 (subject to the requirements of law), it will be required to dissolve and liquidate its Trust Account by returning the then remaining funds in such account to the public stockholders.

Vote Required for Approval

The affirmative vote of a majority of MAAC Shares present in person or represented by proxy at the MAAC Special Meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting is required to approve the Adjournment Proposal. Abstentions are considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum and will have the same effect as a vote "AGAINST" the Adjournment Proposal. Broker non-votes, while considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum, are not considered as entitled to vote on the Adjournment Proposal and therefore will have no effect on the Adjournment Proposal.

The Business Combination is not conditioned upon the approval of the Adjournment Proposal.

The MAAC Sponsor and MAAC's directors and officers have agreed to vote any MAAC Shares held by them as of the record date in favor of the Adjournment Proposal.

Recommendation of the MAAC Board of Directors

MAAC'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT ITS STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF THE ADJOURNMENT PROPOSAL.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet of the Combined Company as of March 31, 2021 and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations of the Combined Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 are based on the historical financial statements of MAAC and Roivant after giving effect to the Business Combination and PIPE Financing, as outlined below. MAAC and Roivant are collectively referred to herein as the "Companies," and the Companies, subsequent to the Business Combination, are referred to herein as the "Combined Company,"

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X, Pro Forma Financial Information, as amended by Release No. 33-10786 "Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses." The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021 gives pro forma effect to the Business Combination and PIPE Financing as if they had occurred on April 1, 2020. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 31, 2021 gives pro forma effect to the Business Combination and PIPE Financing as if they were completed on March 31, 2021.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is based on and should be read in conjunction with the audited historical financial statements of Roivant as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021; and the audited historical financial statements of MAAC for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, and the unaudited historical financial statements of MAAC as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the notes thereto, as well as the disclosures contained in the sections titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of MAAC" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Roivant."

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been presented for illustrative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect what the Combined Company's financial condition or results of operations would have been had the Business Combination and PIPE Financing occurred on the dates indicated. Further, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information also may not be useful in predicting the future financial condition and results of operations of the Combined Company. The actual financial position and results of operations may differ significantly from the pro forma amounts reflected herein due to a variety of factors. The unaudited pro forma transaction accounting adjustments represent management's estimates based on information available as of the date of this unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information and are subject to change as additional information becomes available and analyses are performed.

On May 1, 2021, MAAC entered into the Business Combination Agreement with Roivant and Merger Sub, under which Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the Business Combination as a wholly owned subsidiary of Roivant.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information contained herein assumes that MAAC's stockholders approve the proposed Business Combination. MAAC stockholders may elect to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares for cash even if they approve the proposed Business Combination. MAAC cannot predict how many of its public stockholders will exercise their right to have their MAAC Class A Shares redeemed for cash. As a result, the Combined Company has elected to provide the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information under two different redemption scenarios, which produce different allocations of total Combined Company equity between holders of the common stock. As described in greater detail in Note 2 of the "Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information", the first scenario, or "no redemption scenario", assumes that none of MAAC's public stockholders will exercise their right to have their MAAC Class A Shares redeemed for cash, and the second scenario, or "maximum redemption scenario", assumes that holders of the maximum number of MAAC Class A Shares that could be redeemed for cash while still leaving sufficient cash available to consummate the Business Combination, will exercise their right to have their MAAC Class A Shares redeemed for cash. The actual results will likely be within the

parameters described by the two scenarios, however, there can be no assurance regarding which scenario will be closest to the actual results. Under both scenarios, Roivant is considered the accounting acquirer, as further discussed in Note 2 of the "Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information".

COMBINED COMPANY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET AS OF MARCH 31, 2021 (in thousands)

Assets	Roivant (Historical) \$ 2,055,044 77.701	MAAC <u>(Historical)</u>	Transaction Accounting Adjustments	Note 3	Pro Forma	Transaction Accounting		
Assets	(Historical) \$ 2,055,044	(Historical)		Note 3	Pro Forma			
Assets	\$ 2,055,044	·	Adjustments	Note 3				
					110101111	Adjustments	Note 3	Pro Forma
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1.463	\$ 579,190	(a),(b)	\$ 2,635,697	\$ 378.399	(-) (h)	\$ 2,434,906
Restricted cash		\$ 1,405 	\$ 5/9,190	(a),(D)	5 2,655,697 77,701	\$ 3/0,399 	(a),(b)	\$ 2,434,900 77,701
Other current assets	54,250	237			54,487	_		54,487
Due from underwriters	54,250	23/	_		54,407	_		54,40
	2 400 005				0.505.005	378,399		2,567,094
Total current assets	2,186,995	1,700	579,190		2,767,885			
Property and equipment, net	14,749	-	_		14,749	-		14,749
Operating lease right-of-use assets	62,279	_	_		62,279	-		62,27
Restricted cash, net of current portion	8,931	-	-		8,931	-		8,931
Cash and Marketable Securities held in Trust Account	-	410,791	(410,791) (c)	_	(410,791)	(c)	_
Investments measured at fair value	188,978	_	_		188,978	-		188,978
Long-term investment	100,563	_	—		100,563	_		100,56
Other assets	27,197		(2,329) (b)	24,868	(2,329)	(b)	24,86
Total Assets	\$ 2,589,692	\$ 412,491	\$ 166,070		\$ 3,168,253	\$ (34,721)		\$ 2,967,46
Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Shareholders' Equity								
Accounts payable	\$ 20,550	\$ 113	s —		\$ 20.663	\$ —		\$ 20.66
Accrued expenses	76,936	4.021	÷		80,957	÷		80.95
Operating lease liabilities	12.313	.,	_		12.313	_		12.31
Deferred consideration liability	100.000	_	_		100.000	_		100.00
Other current liabilities	9,162	69	_		9,231	_		9,23
Total Current Liabilities	218,961	4,203			223,164			223,16
Liability instruments measured at fair value	67,893	26,138	20.207	(d)	114.238	15.269	(d)	109,30
	62,384		20,207	(u)	62,384	15,209	(u)	62.38
Operating lease liability, noncurrent Deferred underwriting commissions	62,384	14.375	(14,375) (b)	62,384	(14,375)	(b)	62,38
Long term debt	170.280	14,3/5	(14,3/5) (0)	170.280	(14,5/5)	(0)	170.28
Other liabilities	8,169	_	_		8,169	_		8,16
Total Liabilities	527,687	44,716	5,832		578,235	894		573,29
Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	—	362,775	(362,775) (e)	—	(362,775)	(e)	-
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	22,491	_	_		22,491	_		22,49
Shareholders' Equity:								
Preferred stock	_	_	_			_		
Class A common stock	_	_		(e)		_	(e)	_
Class B common stock		1	(1		_	(1)	(e)	
Additional paid-in capital	3.814.805		836.300		4.651.105	641.350	(e)	4.456.15
Subscription receivable	(100.000)	_	030,300	(2)	(100,000)	041,330	(c)	(100,00
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(1.918.462)	4,999	(313,286) (e)	(2,226,749)	(314,189)	(e)	(2,227,65
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,910,462)	4,999	(313,200	(e)	(2,226,749)	(314,109)	(e)	(2,227,05
Noncontrolling interests	241,726				241,726			241,72
Total Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)	2,039,514	5,000	523,013		2,567,527	327,160		2,371,67
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and								
shareholders' equity	\$ 2,589,692	\$ 412,491	\$ 166.070		\$ 3,168,253	\$ (34,721)		\$ 2,967,46

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information.

COMBINED COMPANY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

		(A) (B) Transaction Maxim			Maximum	redemptio	ns scenario	
	(A) Roivant (Historical)	(B) MAAC (Historical)	Accounting Adjustments	Note 3	Pro Forma	Accounting Adjustments	Note 3	Pro Forma
Revenue, net	\$ 23,795	\$ —	\$ -		\$ 23,795	\$ —		\$ 23,795
Operating expenses:								
Cost of revenues	2,057	-	—		2,057	-		2,057
Research and development	832,758	-	38,719	(f) (f)	871,477	38,719	(f)	871,477
General and administrative	259,878	4,411	432,474	(f)	696,763	432,474	(f)	696,763
Administrative expenses—related party		58			58			58
Total operating expenses	1,094,693	4,469	471,193		1,570,355	471,193		1,570,355
Loss from operations	(1,070,898)	(4,469)	(471,193)		(1,546,560)	(471,193)		(1,546,560)
Change in fair value of investments	(95,533)		—		(95,533)	—		(95,533)
Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments	29,845	(19,372)	-		10,473	-		10,473
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and					(115.00.0			(115.00.0
consolidation of unconsolidated entity	(115,364)		_		(115,364)	_		(115,364)
Financing costs—derivative warrant liability	_	6,800	_		6,800	_		6,800
Unrealized gain on marketable securities held in trust								
account	0 701	(6)	6	(g)	11 007	6	(g)	10 510
Other (income) expense	8,701	(172)	3,078	(g),(h)	11,607	3,981	(g),(h)	12,510
Net Income (Loss) from continuing operations before	(000 5 45)	0.001	(45.4.055)		(4.004.540)	(475 400)		(1.005.440)
income Income tax expense	(898,547) 1.686	8,281 36	(474,277) (36)	(-)	(1,364,543) 1.686	(475,180) (36)	(-)	(1,365,446) 1.686
				(g)			(g)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(900,233) (90,999)	8,245	(474,241)		(1,366,229) (90,999)	(475,144)		(1,367,132) (90,999)
	(30,333)				(30,333)			(90,999)
Net Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$ (809,234)	\$ 8,245	\$ (474,241)		\$ (1,275,230)	\$ (475,144)		\$ (1,276,133)
Earnings per Share								
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and								
diluted	215,312,273				725,529,015			703,696,863
Basic and diluted net loss per share	(3.76)			(i)	(1.76)		(i)	(1.81)

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information.

COMBINED COMPANY

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Note 1-Description of the Business Combination

On May 1, 2021, MAAC entered into a Business Combination Agreement with Roivant and Merger Sub and was subsequently amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant.

The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, the following transactions: (i) Roivant's bye-laws will be amended and restated, each outstanding share of Roivant will be subdivided (and in the case of certain non-voting shares of Roivant, converted) into Roivant Common Shares based on a fixed exchange ratio of 2.9262:1 (the "Roivant Exchange Ratio"), and each outstanding equity award of Roivant will be subdivided and adjusted into comparable equity awards of Roivant, based on the Roivant Exchange Ratio (the steps contemplated by this clause (i), collectively, the "Pre-Closing Steps"); and (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the Merger.

At the Effective Time (a) each outstanding MAAC Class A Share and MAAC Class B Share (other than treasury shares and any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee) will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Roivant Common Share, (b) each outstanding MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor, any affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into a number of Roivant Common Shares based on the MAAC Sponsor cr any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee will be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into a number of Roivant Common Shares based on the MAAC Sponsor cr any MAAC Independent Director or its transferee by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as more fully described below), and (c) each outstanding warrant to purchase MAAC Class A Shares will be converted automatically into the right to acquire Roivant Common Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the MAAC Warrant Agreement. The MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio is 1.0, subject to reduction in an amount equal to one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed in connection with the Business Combination (i.e., if 10% of MAAC Class A Shares are so redeemed, then the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio 0.95), provided that in no event will the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio be less than 0.75.

Pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement entered into concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$15 Earn-Out Shares") and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$20 Earn-Out Shares" and, together with the \$15 Earn-Out Shares"). The remaining seventy percent of the number of Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will be subject to the sponsor support Agreement (the "\$15 Earn-Out Shares"). The remaining seventy percent of the number of Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will be subject to the subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will be subject to the subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other set of the number of Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its shares of MAAC Class B common stock will not be subject to the vesting conditions described above (the "Retained Shares").

The \$15 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$15.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing, and the \$20 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$20.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing. The five year vesting period described in the preceding sentence will, if a definitive purchase agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) is entered into on or prior to the end of such period, be extended to the earlier of one day after the consummation of such Sale and the termination of such



definitive transaction agreement, and if a Sale occurs during such five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period, then all of the Earn-Out Shares unvested as of such time will automatically vest immediately prior to the consummation of such Sale. If any Earn-Out Shares have not vested on or prior to the end of the five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period, then such Earn-Out Shares will be forfeited.

On June 9, 2021, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and the MAAC Insiders entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement ("SSA Amendment") pursuant to which the Sponsor Support Agreement was revised to reflect the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant entering into respective Lock-Up Agreements. In particular, among other things, the SSA Amendment revised the Sponsor Support Agreement to subject the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director in respect of his or her MAAC Class B Shares to the same vesting conditions applicable to the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor. Specifically, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$15 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$20 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement).

Note 2—Basis of Presentation

The historical financial information of MAAC and Roivant has been adjusted in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information to reflect transaction accounting adjustments related to the Business Combination and PIPE Financing in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The Business Combination is a capital transaction in substance whereby MAAC will be treated as the acquired company for financial reporting purposes. This determination was primarily based on the following:

- Roivant stockholders will own the majority of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Combined Company.
- The current executive officers of Roivant will manage the Combined Company.
- The majority of the board of directors of the Combined Company will be comprised of the current members of the board of directors of Roivant.
- Roivant's operations will be the operations of the Combined Company.

Accordingly, because MAAC does not represent a business for accounting purposes and its primary asset represents cash and cash equivalents, the Business Combination will be treated similar to an equity contribution in exchange for the issuance of Roivant Common Shares. The net assets of MAAC will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the assumptions below with respect to the potential redemption of MAAC Class A Shares into cash:

- Assuming No Redemptions: This presentation of the no redemption scenario assumes that no MAAC stockholders exercise redemption rights with respect to their MAAC Class A Shares.
- Assuming Maximum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that the maximum possible number of MAAC's public stockholders
 exercise redemption rights with respect to their MAAC Class A Shares. This scenario assumes that 20,075,542 MAAC Class A Shares are
 redeemed for an aggregate redemption payment of approximately \$200.8 million. The maximum redemption scenario is based on the
 maximum number of redemptions that may occur, but which would still provide the minimum proceeds consisting of Trust Account funds
 of \$210 million to be contributed at Closing of the Business Combination.

Roivant and MAAC have different fiscal years. As Roivant's fiscal year ends on March 31 and MAAC's fiscal year ends on December 31, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 combines the historical results of Roivant for its fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 and the historical results of MAAC for the period ended March 31, 2021, derived by combining MAAC's unaudited condensed statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and MAAC's audited statement of operations for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020.

Note 3-Pro Forma Adjustments

Adjustments to the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2021.

The transaction accounting adjustments included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 31, 2021 are as follows:

3(a) Cash and cash equivalents. Represents the impact of the Business Combination and PIPE Financing on the cash and cash equivalents balance of the Combined Company.

The table below reflects the pro forma adjustments related to cash and cash equivalents under the no redemption scenario and the maximum redemption scenario (in thousands):

	Note	No redemption scenario	Maximum redemption scenario
Cash balance of Roivant prior to Business Combination		\$2,055,044	\$2,055,044
Cash balance of MAAC prior to Business Combination		1,463	1,463
Total pre Business Combination		2,056,507	2,056,507
MAAC Cash and Marketable Securities in Trust	(1)	410,791	410,791
PIPE	(2)	220,000	220,000
Payment to redeeming MAAC Class A stockholders	(3)	—	(200,791)
Payment of deferred underwriting commissions	(4)	(14,375)	(14,375)
Payment of estimated transaction costs	(5)	(37,226)	(37,226)
Total Business Combination adjustments		579,190	378,399
Post Business Combination cash and cash equivalents		\$2,635,697	\$2,434,906

 Represents the amount of the restricted cash and marketable securities held in the Trust Account upon consummation of the Business Combination at Closing (see Note 3(c) Trust Account).

(2) Represents the issuance, in a private placement to be consummated concurrently with the Closing, to third-party PIPE Investors of up to 22,000,000 ordinary shares assuming a stock price of \$10.00 per share (see Note 3(e)(5) Impact on equity).

(3) Represents the amount paid to MAAC public stockholders who are assumed to exercise redemption rights under the maximum redemption scenario, including accrued interest (see Note 3(e)(10) Impact on equity).

(4) Represents payment of deferred underwriting fees payable by MAAC (see Note 3(b)(1) Transaction costs).

(5) Represents payment of other transaction costs (see Note 3(b)(2) Transaction costs).

3(b) Transaction costs.

(1) Payment of deferred underwriting commissions incurred by MAAC in the amount of \$14.4 million (See Note 3(a)(4) Cash and cash equivalents). The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet reflects payment of these costs as a reduction of cash, with a corresponding decrease in deferred underwriting fee payable.

- (2) Represents the recognition of \$39.5 million of incremental transaction costs. Of the \$39.5 million, \$2.3 million was capitalized within other assets on Roivant's balance sheet as of March 31, 2021. An additional \$37.2 million of incremental transaction expenses are estimated to be incurred through the Business Combination and PIPE Financing (see Note 3(a)(5) *Cash and cash equivalents*). The unaudited pro forma condensed combinate balance sheet reflects costs allocated to the Earn-Out Shares and warrants, which will be liability classified subsequent to the Business Combination, as a reduction of cash and other assets, with a corresponding charge to accumulated deficit. The remaining costs are reflected as a reduction of cash and other assets, with a corresponding decrease in additional paid-in capital (see Note 3(e)(8) *Impact on equity*).
- 3(c) Trust Account. Represents release of the restricted cash and marketable securities held in the Trust Account upon consummation of the Business Combination to fund the Closing of the Business Combination (See Note 3(a)(1) Cash and cash equivalents).
- 3(d) Earn-Out Shares. Represents recognition of the preliminary estimated fair values of the Earn-Out Shares as derivatives that will not qualify for equity classification. These amounts are classified as liabilities in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet. The preliminary estimated fair values of the Earn-Out Shares were determined using a Monte Carlo simulation valuation model using a distribution of potential outcomes based on certain underlying assumptions such as stock price, volatility and risk-free interest rates. These assumptions reflect the most reliable information available. The actual fair values could change materially once the final valuation is determined at the Closing. Following the Business Combination, these liabilities will be remeasured to fair value at each reporting date and subsequent changes in the fair value will be recognized in the Combined Company's consolidated statement of operations. See Note 1 "Description of the Business Combination" for more information.

3(e) Impact on equity. The following table represents the impact of the Business Combination and PIPE Financing on the number of MAAC Class A Shares and represents the total equity section assuming no redemptions by MAAC's stockholders:

(in thousands, except share amounts)

		Roivant/Com Company Cor Shares	bined nmon	Class	MAAC Co A	mmon Stock Class F	<u>, </u>							Roivant/Combined Company Temporary Equity	Equit	ty
	Note 3	Shares	Par Value	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Subscription receivable	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Noncontrolling interests	Total stockholders' equity	Redeemable non- controlling interest	Shares	Amount
Roivant equity as of March 31, 2021—pre Business Combination MAAC equity as	-	222,669,799			s _					\$(1,918,462)			\$ 2,039,514	\$ 22,491	_	\$ _
of March 31, 2021—pre Business Combination				4,794,336		10,267,956	1			4,999			5,000		36,277,487	362,775
Total equity balance pre Business Combination		222,669,799	_	4,794,336	_	10,267,956	1	3,814,805	(100,000)	(1,913,463)	1,445	241,726	2,044,514	22,491	36,277,487	362,775
Subdivision of Roivant shares	(1)	651,576,366	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transaction Accounting Adjustments:																
Reclassification of MAAC Class A common stock to Roivant Common																
Shares Reclassification of MAAC Class A common stock to Roivant	(2)	36,277,487	-	_	_	_	_	362,775	_	_	_	_	362,775	_	(36,277,487)	(362,775)
Common Shares Reclassification	(2)	4,794,336	_	(4,794,336)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
of MAAC Class B common stock to Roivant Common																
Shares Reclassification to MAAC Sponsor	(3)	10,267,956	-	-	-	(10,267,956)	(1)	1	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Earn-Out Shares PIPE Investment	(4) (5)	(3,080,386) 22,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	220,000	_	_	_	_	220,000	_	_	_
Recognition of Earn-Out Shares as a	(-)															
liability Liquidity vesting of certain stock-based awards at Close	(6)	_	-	_	_	_	-	(20,207)	_	_	_	_	(20,207)	_	_	_
of the Business Combination Payment of	(7)	2,502,960	_	_	_	_	_	305,381	_	(305,381)	_	_	_	_	_	_
incremental transaction	(9)							(26,640)		(2.006)			(20 555)			
costs Elimination of the historical accumulated deficit of	(8)		_	_	_	_	_	(36,649)	_	(2,906)	_		(39,555)		_	_
MAAC Total Transaction	(9)		_					4,999		(4,999)						
Accounting Adjustments Post-Business		72,762,353	_	(4,794,336)		(10,267,956)	(1)	836,300		(313,286)			523,013		(36,277,487)	(362,775)
Combination		724,338,719	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	\$4,651,105	<u>\$ (100,000</u>)	\$(2,226,749)	\$ 1,445	\$ 241,726	\$ 2,567,527	\$ 22,491		<u>s </u>

In case of **maximum redemption** by MAAC's stockholders, the following table represents the impact of the Business Combination and PIPE Financing on the number of MAAC Class A Shares and represents the total equity section:

(in thousands, except share amounts)	
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		Roivant/Coml Company Con Shares		Class		mmon Stock Class I	3							(nt/Combined Company Forary Equity	MAAC Ten Equi Class A Com	ty
	Note 3	Shares	Par Value	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Subscription receivable	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Noncontrolling interests	Total stockholders' equity	Rede	emable non- ontrolling interest	Shares	Amount
Roivant equity as of March 31, 2021—pre Business Combination		222,669,799		Shares	Amount	Shares				\$(1,918,462)			\$ 2,039,514	s	22,491	Suares	- Announc
MAAC equity as of March 31, 2021 —pre Business Combination		222,009,799	5-	4,794,336	\$ _	10,267,956	s1	\$3,814,805	\$ (100,000)	4,999	\$ 1,445	\$ 241,720	5,000	3	22,491	36,277,487	362,775
Total equity balance pre Business			_	4,754,550		10,207,550				4,333			3,000	-		30,277,407	
Combination Subdivision of		222,669,799	-	4,794,336	_	10,267,956	1	3,814,805	(100,000)	(1,913,463)	1,445	241,726	2,044,514		22,491	36,277,487	362,775
Roivant shares Transaction	(1)	651,576,366	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Accounting Adjustments: Reclassification of MAAC Class A common stock to Roivant																	
Common Shares	(2)	36,277,487	_	_	_	_	_	362,775	_	_	_	_	362,775		_	(36,277,487)	(362,775)
Reclassification of MAAC Class A common stock to Roivant Common																	
Shares Reclassification of MAAC Class B common stock to Roivant	(2)	4,794,336	_	(4,794,336)	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	_	-
Common Shares Reclassification to MAAC Sponsor Earn-	(3)	10,267,956	-	-	-	(10,267,956)	(1)	1	-	_	_	-	_		_	_	_
Out Shares PIPE Investment	(4) (5)	(2,327,553) 22,000,000	_	-	_	_	-	220,000	_	_	_	_	220,000		_	_	_
Redemption of MAAC Class A																	
common stock Forfeited MAAC	(10)	(20,075,542)	-	_	_	_	-	(200,791)	_	_	-	_	(200,791)		-	_	_
Class B common stock	(11)	(2,509,443)	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	-
Recognition of Earn-Out Shares as a																	
liability Liquidity vesting of certain stock-based awards at Close	(6)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(15,269)	_	_	_	_	(15,269)		_	_	-
of the Business Combination	(7)	2,502,960	_	_	_	_	_	305,381	_	(305,381)	_	_	_		_	_	_
Payment of incremental transaction										0.00							
costs Elimination of the historical accumulated deficit of	(8)	-	_	-	_	-	_	(35,746)	-	(3,809)	-	_	(39,555)		_	-	-
MAAC Total Transaction	(9)		_					4,999		(4,999)							
Accounting Adjustments		50,930,201	_	(4,794,336)		(10,267,956)	(1)	641,350		(314,189)			327,160		_	(36,277,487)	(362,775)
Post-Business Combination		702,506,567	<u>\$ </u>		<u>s </u>		\$	\$4,456,155	\$ (100,000)	\$(2,227,652)	\$ 1,445	\$ 241,726	\$ 2,371,674	\$	22,491		<u>s </u>

- (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

- Represents the subdivision of pre-Closing Roivant Common Shares using the 2.9262:1 Roivant Exchange Ratio. Represents the conversion of all MAAC Class A Shares of capital stock into post-Closing Roivant Common Shares. Represents the conversion of all MAAC Class B Shares of Capital stock into post-Closing Roivant Common Shares. Represents the conversion of a portion of the MAAC Class B Shares into Earn-Out Shares (See Note 1 Description of the Business Combination). Represents the issuance, in a private placement to be consummated concurrently with the Closing, to hind-party PIPE Investors of up to 22,000,000 ordinary shares assuming a stock price of \$1.000 per share (see Note 34)(2) Cash and cash equivalents). Represents the estimated catarch-up expense related to prior service for certain Roivant share-based compensation awards, which contain a performance condition tied to achievement of a liquidity event (see Note 3(4)) Cash and cash equivalents). Represents the redemption of the historical accumulated deficit of MAAC. Represents the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares under the maximum redemption scenario (see Note 3(4)(3) *Cash and cash equivalents*). Represents the redemption of MAAC Class A Shares and Eam-Out Shares each equal to one-half of the percentage of MAAC Class A Shares redeemed under the maximum redemption scenario based on the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio, but provided that in no event will the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio be less than 0.75 (See Note 1 Description of the Business Combination). (6) (7)
- (8) (9) (10) (11)

Adjustments to the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Operations for the year ended March 31, 2021

- The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021 is derived from the following historical financial information
 - (A) The audited consolidated statement of operations of Roivant for the year ended March 31, 2021.
 - The combination of the audited statement of operations of MAAC for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020 (B) and the unaudited condensed statement of operations of MAAC for the three months ended March 31, 2021. See Note 2 – Basis of Presentation for more information.

The transaction accounting adjustments included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows:

3(f) Share-based compensation. Certain Roivant restricted stock units, performance options, and capped value appreciation rights ("CVARs") granted in the years prior to the Business Combination are subject to (i) service-vesting conditions and (ii) a performance condition tied to the achievement of a liquidity event. Historically, Roivant did not record share-based compensation expense related to these awards as the liquidity event requirement had not been met and was deemed not probable of being met. Upon consummation of the Business Combination, the liquidity event requirement is expected to be met, resulting in the recognition of a one-time catch-up expense relating to cumulative service rendered between the grant date of the respective awards and completion of the Business Combination. As such, this adjustment reflects, using the accelerated attribution method, the estimated catch-up expense and estimated expense to be recognized in the period following the Business Combination related to these awards, assuming that the Business Combination had been consummated on April 1, 2020. Any remaining expense will be recognized over the awards' applicable requisite service period. For the year ended March 31, 2021, pro forma share-based compensation expense reflects an estimated total of \$471.2 million, consisting of an estimated \$305.4 million of catch-up expense relating to prior service and an estimated \$165.8 million of expense to be recognized in the twelve months following the Closing. Of this amount, \$432.5 million is presented in general and administrative expenses and \$38.7 million is presented in research and development expenses. The income tax effects, to be reflected at the statutory tax rate for pro forma financial presentation purposes, have been offset by a valuation allowance as the Combined Company expects to incur continuing losses.

3(g) Interest income and unrealized gain. Represents an adjustment to eliminate interest income and unrealized gains/losses on marketable securities held in the Trust Account as of the beginning of the period. The associated income tax expense was eliminated as a result of the elimination of the Trust Account income.

3(h) *Transaction costs allocated to Earn-Out Shares and warrants.* Represents incremental expenses allocated to the Earnout Shares and warrants, which will be liability classified subsequent to the Business Combination. These costs are reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021 within other (income) expense.

3(i) Net loss per share. Represents pro forma net loss per share based on pro forma net loss and, for the year ended March 31, 2021, pro forma weighted-average shares outstanding of 725,529,015 and 703,696,863 for the no redemption scenario and maximum redemption scenario, respectively, after giving effect to the pro forma adjustments for such periods. There is no difference between basic and diluted pro forma net loss per share as the inclusion of all potential common shares of the Combined Company outstanding would have been anti-dilutive.

BUSINESS OF MAAC

References to the "Company," "Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.," "our," "us" or "we" in the following section refer to Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.

Overview

MAAC is a blank check company incorporated in July 2020 as a Delaware corporation whose business purpose is to effect a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar Business Combination with one or more businesses.

MAAC is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, MAAC is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

Initial Public Offering and Private Placement

As of March 31, 2021, we had not commenced any operations. All of our activity through March 31, 2021 related to our formation, the initial public offering, and identifying a target company for a Business Combination. We will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of an initial Business Combination, at the earliest. We generate non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from our initial public offering.

On October 9, 2020, we consummated our initial public offering of 40,000,000 MAAC Units. The MAAC Units sold in the initial public offering were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per unit, generating total gross proceeds of \$40,000,000,000. We granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to an additional 6,000,000 MAAC Units at the initial public offering price to cover over-allotments, if any. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Jefferies LLC acted as the book-running managers in the offering. The securities in the offering were registered under the Securities Act on a registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 333-248802). The Securities and Exchange Commission declared the registration statement effective on October 6, 2020. On November 10, 2020, the underwriters exercised the Over-Allotment option in part, and the closing of the issuance and sale of the additional 1,071,823 MAAC Units (the "Over-Allotment Option Units") and the additional private placement warrants (as defined below), which resulted in total gross proceeds of \$10,932,595 and net proceeds of \$10,820.

Simultaneous with the consummation of the initial public offering, we consummated the Private Placement (as defined below) of an aggregate of 10,000,000 warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant (as defined below), generating total proceeds of \$10,000,000. In addition, on November 12, 2020, following the exercise of the Over-Allotment option in part, we consummated the additional sale of 214,365 private placement warrants (the "additional private placement warrants"). The issuance was made pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

The private placement warrants are substantially similar to the warrants underlying the MAAC Units sold in the initial public offering, except that the private placement warrants, if held by the MAAC Sponsor or its permitted transferrees, (i) may be exercised for cash or on a cashless basis, (ii) are not subject to tote being called for redemption under certain redemption scenarios and (iii) subject to certain limited exceptions, will be subject to transfer restrictions until 30 days following the consummation of the company's initial Business Combination. If the private placement warrants are held by holders other than the MAAC Sponsor or its permitted transferees, the private placement warrants will be redeemable by us under all redemption scenarios and exercisable by holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants. The private placement warrants have been issued pursuant to, and are governed by the MAAC Warrant Agreement.

Effecting a Business Combination

General

We are not presently engaged in, and we will not engage in, any substantive business activities until we complete the Business Combination with Roivant and Merger Sub or another target business.

Fair Market Value of Target Business

The Nasdaq Listing Rules require that our business combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account (less any deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on interest earned) at the time of our signing a definitive agreement in connection with our initial business combination. The MAAC Board determined that this test was met in connection with the proposed Business Combination with Roivant.

Liquidation if No Business Combination

Our Sponsor, officers and directors have agreed that we have a period of 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering to complete our initial Business Combination. If we have not completed an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering, we will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay our taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law; and (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of our remaining stockholders and our board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to our obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions with respect to our warrants, which will expire worthless if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering.

Our Sponsor, officers and directors and each member of our management team have entered into a letter agreement with us, pursuant to which they have waived their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to their Founder Shares if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering. However, if our Sponsor, director or members of our management team acquire MAAC Class A Shares in or after our initial public offering, they will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to such MAAC Class A Shares if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering.

Our Sponsor, executive officers and directors have agreed, pursuant to a written agreement with us, that they will not propose any amendment to our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect the substance or timing of our obligation to allow redemption in connection with our initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the MAAC Class A Shares if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering, unless we provide our Public Stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay our taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses) divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares. However, we may not redeem the MAAC Class A Shares in an amount that would cause our net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (so that we are not subject to the SEC's "penny stock" rules). If this optional redemption right is exercised with respect to an excessive number of MAAC Class A Shares such that we cannot satisfy the net

tangible asset requirement, we would not proceed with the amendment or the related redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares at such time. This redemption right shall apply in the event of the approval of any such amendment, whether proposed by our Sponsor, any executive officer, director, or any other person. We expect that all costs and expenses associated with implementing our plan of dissolution, as well as payments to any creditors, will be funded from amounts remaining out of the approximately \$1,700,000 of proceeds held outside the Trust Account as of March 31, 2021 plus up to \$100,000 of frunds from the Trust Account available to us to pay dissolution expenses, although we cannot assure you that there will be sufficient funds for such purpose.

If we were to expend all of the net proceeds of our initial public offering and the sale of the private placement warrants, other than the proceeds deposited in the Trust Account, and without taking into account interest, if any, earned on the Trust Account, the per-share redemption amount received by stockholders upon our dissolution would be approximately \$10.00. The proceeds deposited in the Trust Account could, however, become subject to the claims of our creditors which would have higher priority than the claims of our Public Stockholders. We cannot assure you that the actual per-share redemption amount received by stockholders will not be substantially less than \$10.00. Under Section 281(b) of the DGCL, our plan of dissolution must provide for all claims against us to be paid in full or make provision for payments to be made in full, as applicable, if there are sufficient assets. These claims must be paid or provided for before we make any distribution of our remaining assets to our stockholders. While we intend to pay such amounts, if any, we cannot assure you that we will have funds sufficient to pay or provide for all creditors' claims.

Although we will seek to have all vendors, service providers (other than our independent auditors), prospective target businesses and other entities with which we do business execute agreements with us waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account for the benefit of our Public Stockholders, there is no guarantee that they will execute such agreements or even if they execute such agreements or even if th that they would be prevented from bringing claims against the Trust Account including, but not limited, to fraudulent inducement, breach of fiduciary responsibility or other similar claims, as well as claims challenging the enforceability of the waiver, in each case in order to gain an advantage with respect to a claim against our assets, including the funds held in the Trust Account. If any third party refuses to execute an agreement waiving such claims to the monies held in the Trust Account, our management will perform an analysis of the alternatives available to it and will only enter into an agreement with a third party that has not executed a waiver if management believes that such third party's engagement would be significantly more beneficial to us than any alternative. Examples of possible instances where we may engage a third party that refuses to execute a waiver include the engagement of a third-party consultant whose particular expertise or skills are believed by management to be significantly superior to those of other consultants that would agree to execute a waiver or in cases where management is unable to find a service provider willing to execute a waiver. In addition, there is no guarantee that such entities will agree to waive any claims they may have in the future as a result of, or arising out of, any negotiations, contracts or agreements with us and will not seek recourse against the Trust Account for any reason. In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, our Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to us if and to the extent any claims by a third party for services rendered or products sold to us (other than our independent registered public accounting firm), or a prospective target business with which we have discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amounts in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per MAAC Class A Share and (ii) the actual amount per MAAC Class A Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account if less than \$10.00 per share, due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case net of the interest that may be withdrawn to pay our taxes, if any, provided that such liability will not apply to any claims by a third party or prospective target business that executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account nor will it apply to any claims under our indemnity of the underwriters of our initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, our Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third party claims. However, we have not asked our Sponsor to reserve for such indemnification obligations, nor have we independently verified whether our Sponsor has sufficient funds to satisfy its indemnity obligations and we believe that our Sponsor's only assets are securities of our company. Therefore, we cannot assure you that our Sponsor would be

able to satisfy those obligations. None of our officers or directors will indemnify us for claims by third parties including, without limitation, claims by vendors and prospective target businesses.

In the event that the proceeds in the Trust Account are reduced below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per MAAC Class A Share and (ii) the actual amount per MAAC Class A Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account if less than \$10.00 per share, due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case net of the interest which may be withdrawn to pay our taxes, if any, and our Sponsor asserts that it is unable to satisfy its indemnification obligations or that they have no indemnification obligations related to a particular claim, our independent directors would determine whether to take legal action against our Sponsor to enforce its indemnification obligations. While we currently expect that our independent directors would take legal action on our behalf against our Sponsor to enforce its indemnification obligations to us, it is possible that our independent directors in exercising their business judgment may choose not to do so in any particular instance. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that due to claims of creditors the actual value of the per-share redemption price will not be less than \$10.00 per share.

We will seek to reduce the possibility that our Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers (other than our independent auditors), prospective target businesses or other entities with which we do business execute agreements with us waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account. Our Sponsor will also not be liable as to any claims under our indemnity of the underwriters of our initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. We will have access to up to approximately \$1,700,000 from the proceeds held outside the Trust Account as of March 31, 2021 with which to pay any such potential claims (including costs and expenses incurred in connection with our liquidation, currently estimated to be no more than approximately \$100,000). In the event that we liquidate and it is subsequently determined that the reserve for claims and liabilities insufficient, stockholders who received funds from our Trust Account could be liable for claims made by creditors, however such liability will not be greater than the amount of funds from our Trust Account received by any such stockholder.

Under the DGCL, stockholders may be held liable for claims by third parties against a corporation to the extent of distributions received by them in a dissolution. The pro rata portion of our Trust Account distributed to our Public Stockholders upon the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares in the event we do not complete our initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering may be considered a liquidating distribution under Delaware law. If the corporation complies with certain procedures set forth in Section 280 of the DGCL intended to ensure that it makes reasonable provision for all claims against it, including a 60-day notice period during which any third-party claims can be brought against the corporation, a 90-day period during which the corporation may reject any claims brought, and an additional 150-day waiting period before any liquidating distributions are made to stockholders, any liability of stockholders with respect to a liquidating distribution is limited to the lesser of such stockholder's pro rata share of the claim or the amount distributed to the stockholder, and any liability of the stockholder would be barred after the third anniversary of the dissolution.

Furthermore, if the pro rata portion of our Trust Account distributed to our Public Stockholders upon the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares in the event we do not complete our initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering, is not considered a liquidating distribution under Delaware law and such redemption distribution is deemed to be unlawful (potentially due to the imposition of legal proceedings that a party may bring or due to other circumstances that are currently unknown), then pursuant to Section 174 of the DGCL, the statute of limitations for claims of creditors could then be six years after the unlawful redemption distribution, instead of three years, as in the case of a liquidating distribution. If we do not complete our initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering, we will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in

the Trust Account that may be released to us to pay our taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any) and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of our remaining stockholders and our board of directors, dissolve and liquidate, subject in each case to our obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. Accordingly, it is our intention to redeem the MAAC Class A Shares as soon as reasonably possible following our 24th month and, therefore, we do not intend to comply with those procedures. As such, our stockholders could potentially be liable for any claims to the extent of distributions received by them (but no more) and any liability of our stockholders may extend well beyond the third anniversary of such date.

Because we will not be complying with Section 280, Section 281(b) of the DGCL requires us to adopt a plan, based on facts known to us at such time that will provide for our payment of all existing and pending claims or claims that may be potentially brought against us within the subsequent 10 years. However, because we are a blank check company, rather than an operating company, and our operations will be limited to searching for prospective target businesses to acquire, the only likely claims to arise would be from our vendors (such as lawyers, investment bankers, etc.) or prospective target businesses to acquire, the only likely claims to arise would be from our vendors (such as lawyers, investment bankers, etc.) or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account. As a result of this obligation, the claims that could be made against us are significantly limited and the likelihood that any claim that would result in any liability extending to the Trust Account is remote. Further, our Sponsor may be liable only to the extent necessary to ensure that the amounts in the Trust Account are not reduced below (i) \$10.00 per MAAC Class A Share or (ii) such lesser amount per MAAC Class A Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, due to reductions in value of the trust assets, in each case net of the amount of interest withdrawn to pay taxes and will not be liable as to any claims under our indemnity of the underwrites of our initial public offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, our Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims.

If we file a bankruptcy or winding-up petition or an involuntary bankruptcy or winding-up petition is filed against us that is not dismissed, the proceeds held in the Trust Account could be subject to applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law, and may be included in our bankruptcy estate and subject to the claims of third parties with priority over the claims of our stockholders. To the extent any bankruptcy or usind subject to the runt \$10.00 per share to our Public Stockholders. Additionally, if we file a bankruptcy or winding-up petition or an involuntary bankruptcy or winding-up petition is filed against us that is not dismissed, any distributions received by stockholders could be viewed under applicable debtor/creditor and/or bankruptcy or insolvency laws as either a "preferential transfer" or a "fradulent conveyance." As a result, a bankruptcy or insolvency court could seek to recover some or all amounts received by our stockholders.

Furthermore, our board of directors may be viewed as having breached its fiduciary duty to our creditors and/or may have acted in bad faith, and thereby exposing itself and our company to claims of punitive damages, by paying Public Stockholders from the Trust Account prior to addressing the claims of creditors. We cannot assure you that claims will not be brought against us for these reasons.

Our Public Stockholders will be entitled to receive funds from the Trust Account only (i) in the event of the redemption of the MAAC Class A Shares if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering, (ii) in connection with a stockholder vote to amend our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation (A) to modify the substance or timing of our obligation to allow redemption in connection with our initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the MAAC Class A Shares if we do not complete an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering or (B) with respect to any other provisions relating to the rights of holders of MAAC Class A



Shares, or (iii) if they redeem their respective shares for cash upon the completion of the initial Business Combination. Public Stockholders who redeem their MAAC Class A Shares in connection with a stockholder vote described in clause (ii) in the preceding sentence shall not be entitled to funds from the Trust Account upon the subsequent completion of an initial Business Combination or liquidation if we have not completed an initial Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial Business Combination or liquidation if we have not completed an initial Business constrainces will a stockholder have any right or interest of any kind to or in the Trust Account. In the event we seek stockholder approval in connection with our initial Business Combination, a stockholder's voting in connection with the Business Combination alone will not result in a stockholder's redeeming its shares to us for an applicable pro rata share of the Trust Account. Such stockholder must have also exercised its redemption rights described above. These provisions of our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation, may be amended with a stockholder vote.

Employees

We currently have two executive officers. These individuals are not obligated to devote any specific number of hours to our matters but they intend to devote as much of their time as they deem necessary to our affairs until we have completed our initial Business Combination. The amount of time they will devote in any time period will vary based on whether a target business has been selected for our initial Business Combination and the stage of the Business Combination process we are in. We do not intend to have any full-time employees prior to the completion of our initial Business Combination.

Facilities

We maintain our executive offices at 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130, Menlo Park, CA 94025. The cost for our use of this space is included in the \$10,000 per month fee we pay to an affiliate of our Sponsor for office space, utilities, secretarial and administrative support services. We consider our current office space adequate for our current operations.

Legal Proceedings

We may be subject to legal proceedings, investigations and claims incidental to the conduct of our business from time to time. To the knowledge of our management, there is no litigation currently pending or contemplated against us, any of our officers or directors in their capacity as such or against any of our property.

Periodic Reporting and Audited Financial Statements

MAAC has registered its securities under the Exchange Act and has reporting obligations, including the requirement to file annual and quarterly reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Directors and Executive Officers

MAAC's current directors and executive officers are as follows:

Name	Age	Position
James C. Momtazee	49	Chief Executive Officer and President, Chairman of the Board of Directors and
		Director
Maria C. Walker	56	Chief Financial Officer
George Barrett	65	Director
Stephen Oesterle	70	Director

Our Founder James C. Momtazee has over 23 years of investment and acquisition experience. He has served as the Chief Executive Officer and President of our Company and Chairman of the Board of Directors

since July 2020. Mr. Momtazee initially joined KKR & Co., Inc. ("KKR"), in 1996. He helped form KKR's health care industry group in 2001 and was promoted to KKR's Head of the Heath Care Team for the Americas Private Equity platform in January 2009. He was a member of KKR's Americas Private Equity Investment Committee and was Chairman of the Health Care Strategic Growth and the Health Care Royalty & Income Investment Committees. During the period between 2001 and 2019, KKR was one of the most active investors on Wall Street, committing over \$50 billion in capital across the health care sector. The largest of these investments was its \$33 billion acquisition of HCA, Inc. in 2006, which at the time, was the largest cash buyout in history. During this same period, KKR made several other notable investments across the health care sector, including: Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc in 2004; PRA Health Sciences, Inc. in 2013; and BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. in 2016. Mr. Momtazee currently serves on the Board of Directors of BridgeBio, PRA Health Sciences, Inc. in 2013; and BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. in 2016. Mr. Momtazee currently serves on the Board of Directors of BridgeBio, PRA Health Sciences, Inc. in 2013; and BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. in 2016. Mr. Momtazee currently serves on the Board of Directors of BridgeBio, PRA Health Sciences, Inc. in 2013; and BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. in 2016. Mr. Momtazee currently serves on the Board of Directors of multiple other health care companies including Envision Healthcare, Heartland Dental, Ajax Health, Global Medical Response, BrightSpring Health Services, Covenant Surgical Partners, Entellus Medical, Inc. (acquired by Stryker Corporation), EchoNous, Spirox, Inc., Arbor Pharmaceuticals, Lake Region Medical, HCA Healthcare, Jazz Pharmaceuticals, and Alliance Imaging. We believe that Mr. Momtazee's broad operational and transactional experience make him well qualified to serve on our board of directors. Four of the companies where Mr. Momtazee had his longest serving Board of Directors roles are sum

- Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc: Jazz is a biopharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing products to treat various
 unmet medical needs, including narcolepsy, hematology and oncology. Mr. Momtazee served on the company's Board of Directors from
 February 2004 until January 2014. During that period of time, Jazz went public through an IPO, raising approximately \$108 million and
 placing a valuation of approximately \$434 million on the company, and completed four transactions, including the acquisitions of Azur
 Pharma in 2011 and EUSA Pharma in 2012, the divestiture of its Women's Health business in 2012 and the acquisition of Gentium in
 2013.
- HCA Holdings, Inc.: HCA is an acute care and health care services company that currently operates 179 hospitals with over 44,000 beds
 across 20 states and Europe. Mr. Momtazee served on the company's Board of Directors from November 2006, coinciding with HCA's
 take private transaction, until February 2014. During that period of time, HCA went public through an IPO, raising \$4.4 billion and placing
 a valuation of approximately \$17.1 billion on the company, which at the time, represented the largest IPO of a Sponsor-backed company in
 history.
- PRA Health Sciences, Inc.: PRA Health is a global contract research organization (CRO) that provides outsourced clinical development services to the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries. In September 2013, Mr. Momtazee joined PRA Health Sciences' Board of Directors and is currently Lead Independent Director. During this period of time, PRA Health went public through an IPO, raising approximately \$351 million and placing a valuation of \$1.1 billion on the company, and completed four acquisitions, including CRI Worldwide in 2013, Symphony Health Solutions in 2017, Parallel6 in 2017 and Care Innovations in 2020.
- BridgeBio Pharma, Inc.: BridgeBio is a clinical biotechnology company focused on developing therapies for Mendelian disease and
 cancers with clear genetic drivers. The company has a diversified pipeline of more than 20 assets that has been gradually built through
 internal development, licensing deals and acquisitions. In March 2016, Mr. Momtazee joined BridgeBio's Board of Directors, coinciding
 with a Series B investment from private investors in BridgeBio, and is currently still a member. During this period of time, BridgeBio went
 public through an IPO, raising approximately \$401 million and placing a valuation of approximately \$2.1 billion on the company.

Our Founder Maria C. Walker has over 30 years of operational and investment experience. She has served as the Chief Financial Officer of our Company since July 2020. Most recently, Ms. Walker co-founded, and served as Chief Executive Officer of, Recuerdo Therapeutics, a biotechnology startup that focused on the postponement of Alzheimer's disease. Prior to her time with Recuerdo, Ms. Walker spent the majority of her career with KPMG where, over two separate periods between 1993 to 2000 and 2008 to 2018, she advanced to

the role of senior partner and served as global lead partner of private equity leading a global, cross-functional team of 70+ partners advising a bulge bracket private equity firm. During the time period between 2000 and 2005, Ms. Walker served as the Administrative Partner, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer for Forward Ventures, and between 2005 and 2008, she served as the Chief Financial Officer of Lightspeed Venture Partners, where she was a key member of the team establishing units in India, China and Israel. At KPMG and as an investment executive, Ms. Walker advised over a dozen public companies on operations, financial reporting, debt and equity offerings, mergers and acquisitions, take public and take private transactions. Ms. Walker currently serves on the Board of Directors of ForgeRock, Inc., a private cyber security company where she also serves as the audit committee Chairman, the Boys and Girls Club of Greater Tarrant County, and StepUp. Ms. Walker has previously served on the Board of Directors of the KPMG Foundation Board of Trustees and MedicineNet (acquired by WebMD).

George Barrett is a director since October 2020 and the former Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Cardinal Health, Inc., a role he held from August 2009 through end of 2017, when he became Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors until November 2018. He helped transform Cardinal Health into a global, integrated health care company, delivering 189% total shareholder return during his eight-year CEO tenure from August 2009 to December 2017. Prior to joining Cardinal Health, Mr. Barrett spent a decade at global pharmaceutical manufacturer Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., most recently as President and Chief Executive Officer of its North American business and corporate executive vice president for Global Pharmaceuticals. Mr. Barrett serves on the boards of Target Corporation, health care-focused artificial intelligence company Olive, Digital Diagnostics, Inc., National Resilience, Inc., and InStride, a public benefit corporation that provides workforce education. Additionally, Barrett serves on the board of trustees of The Conference Board, and a former director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland. Barrett earned his bachelor's degree from Brown University, and his MBA from New York University. Barrett is an Adjunct Assistant Professor at Columbia University Mailman School of Public Health, a trustee emeritus of Brown University and frequent lecturer at other leading American universities on the topics of leadership and health care. We believe that Mr. Barrett's broad operational and transactional experience make him well qualified to serve on our board of directors.

Dr. Stephen Oesterle is a director since October 2020 and currently serves as a consultant to several private equity and venture capital groups and numerous public operating companies in the health care industry. Previously, Dr. Oesterle served as Medtronic's Senior Vice President for Medicine and technology and was a member of the Medtronic Executive Committee for 14 years. By forging relationships with global technology partners and technolag universities, he oversaw long term internal technology investments while participating in strategic corporate investments in emerging private companies. He also served as a member of the Business Development and Strategy Committee that approved all corporate acquisitions. During his tenure at Medtronic Dr. Oesterle served on more than 20 boards as a director or observer and built a strong and enduring profile for Medtronic in the global venture capital and private equity communities. Prior to joining Medtronic, he was an associate professor at Harvard Medical School and practicing interventional cardiologist. Dr. Oesterle currently serves on the boards of three public companies. Backy, Peijia Medical (HKG: 9996), and Siglon Therapeutics (Nasdaq: SGTX) in addition to the board of certain private companies. Dr. Oesterle graduated summa cum laude from Harvard and neceived his medical degree from Yale; he completed his internship and residency at Massachusetts General Hospital. Following medical school, he completed a fellowship in Interventional Cardiology at Stanford and then served on the faculty at Stanford and Harvard Medical School and tirected the Invasive Cardiology Services at Massachusetts General Hospital and Stanford. We believe that Dr. Oesterle's broad operational dard fractors.

Number, Terms of Office and Election of Officers and Directors

Our board of directors is divided into three classes, with only one class of directors being elected in each year, and with each class (except for those directors appointed prior to our first annual meeting of stockholders)

serving a three-year term. In accordance with the Nasdaq corporate governance requirements, we are not required to hold an annual meeting until one year after our first fiscal year end following our listing on Nasdaq. The term of office of the first class of directors, consisting of Stephen Oesterle, will expire at our first annual meeting of stockholders. The term of office of the second class of directors, consisting of George Barrett, will expire at our second annual meeting of the stockholders. The term of office of the third class of directors, consisting of James C. Momtazee, will expire at our third annual meeting of stockholders.

Prior to the completion of an initial Business Combination, any vacancy on the board of directors may be filled by a nominee chosen by holders of a majority of our Founder Shares. In addition, prior to the completion of an initial Business Combination, holders of a majority of our Founder Shares may remove a member of the board of directors for any reason.

Our officers are appointed by the board of directors and serve at the discretion of the board of directors, rather than for specific terms of office. Our board of directors is authorized to nominate persons to the offices set forth in our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation as it deems appropriate. Our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that our officers may consist of one or more chairman of the board of directors, chief executive officer, president, chief financial officer, vice presidents, secretary, treasurer and such other offices as may be determined by the board of directors.

Director Independence

Nasdaq listing standards require that a majority of our board of directors be independent, subject to applicable phase-in rules. An "independent director" is defined generally as a person other than an officer or employee of the company or its subsidiaries or any other individual having a relationship which in the opinion of the company's board of directors, would interfere with the director's exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. Our board of directors has determined that George Barrett, and Stephen Oesterle are "independent directors" as defined in the Nasdaq listing standards and applicable SEC rules. Our independent directors will have regularly scheduled meetings at which only independent directors.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our board of directors has three standing committees: an audit committee, a compensation committee and a corporate governance and nominating committee. Subject to phase-in rules and a limited exception, the rules of Nasdaq and Rule 10A of the Exchange Act require that the audit committee of a listed company be comprised solely of independent directors. Subject to phase-in rules and a limited exception, the rules of Nasdaq require that the compensation committee of a listed company be comprised solely of independent directors.

Audit Committee

We have established an audit committee of our board of directors. The audit committee is not fully independent but complies with Nasdaq listing standards, specifically applicable phase-in rules, and applicable SEC rules. Our board of directors has determined that both George Barrett and Stephen Oesterle are independent under Nasdaq listing standards and applicable rules. George Barrett serves as the chairman of the audit committee. Each member of the audit committee is financially literate and our board of directors has determined that George Barrett qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in applicable SEC rules.

The primary functions of the audit committee include:

- appointing, compensating and overseeing our independent registered public accounting firm;
- reviewing and approving the annual audit plan for the Company;

- overseeing the integrity of our financial statements and our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- discussing the annual audited financial statements and unaudited quarterly financial statements with management and the independent registered public accounting firm;
- pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services to be performed by our independent registered public accounting firm, including the fees and terms of the services to be performed;
- appointing or replacing the independent registered public accounting firm;
- establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints (including anonymous complaints) we receive concerning
 accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing matters or potential violations of law;
- monitoring our environmental sustainability and governance practices;
- establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by us regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or reports which raise material issues regarding our financial statements or accounting policies;
- approving audit and non-audit services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm;
- · discussing earnings press releases and financial information provided to analysts and rating agencies;
- · discussing with management our policies and practices with respect to risk assessment and risk management;
- reviewing any material transaction between our Chief Financial Officer that has been approved in accordance with our Code of Ethics for our officers, and providing prior written approval of any material transaction between us and our President; and
- producing an annual report for inclusion in our proxy statement, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

The audit committee is a separately designated standing committee established in accordance with Section 3 (a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act.

Compensation Committee

We have established a compensation committee of our board of directors. The members of our compensation committee are George Barrett and Dr. Stephen Oesterle, with Dr. Stephen Oesterle serving as chairman.

Under the Nasdaq listing standards and applicable SEC rules and subject to applicable phase in rules, we are required to have a compensation committee composed entirely of independent directors. Our board of directors has determined that George Barrett and Dr. Stephen Oesterle are independent. We adopted a compensation committee charter, which details the principal functions of the compensation committee, including:

- reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to our President's compensation, evaluating our President's performance
 in light of those goals and objectives, and setting our President's compensation level based on this evaluation;
- setting salaries and approving incentive compensation and equity awards, as well as compensation policies, for all other officers who file
 reports of their ownership, and changes in ownership, of the Company's common stock under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act (the
 "Section 16 Officers"), as designated by our board of directors;
- making recommendations to the board with respect to incentive compensation programs and equity-based plans that are subject to board approval;

- approving any employment or severance agreements with our Section 16 Officers;
- granting any awards under equity compensation plans and annual bonus plans to our President and the Section 16 Officers;
- approving the compensation of our directors; and
- producing an annual report on executive compensation for inclusion in our proxy statement, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

The charter also provides that the compensation committee may, in its sole discretion, retain or obtain the advice of a compensation consultant, legal counsel or other adviser and will be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of any such adviser. However, before engaging or receiving advice from a compensation consultant, external legal counsel or any other adviser, the compensation committee will consider the independence of each such adviser, including the factors required by Nasdaq and the SEC.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our executive officers currently serves, and in the past year has not served, as a member of the compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our board of directors.

Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

We have established a corporate governance and nominating committee of our board of directors. The members of our corporate governance and nominating committee are George Barrett and Dr. Stephen Oesterle, and Dr. Stephen Oesterle serves as chairman of the corporate governance and nominating committee. Under the Nasdaq listing standards, we are required to have a corporate governance and nominating committee composed entirely of independent directors, subject to applicable phase-in rules. Our board of directors has determined that both George Barrett and Dr. Stephen Oesterle are independent.

The primary function of the corporate governance and nominating committee include:

- identifying individuals qualified to become members of the board of directors and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding nominees for election;
- reviewing the independence of each director and making a recommendation to the board of directors with respect to each director's independence;
- developing and recommending to the board of directors the corporate governance principles applicable to us and reviewing our corporate governance guidelines at least annually;
- making recommendations to the board of directors with respect to the membership of the audit, compensation and corporate governance and nominating committees;
- overseeing the evaluation of the performance of the board of directors and its committees on a continuing basis, including an annual selfevaluation of the performance of the corporate governance and nominating committee;
- considering the adequacy of our governance structures and policies, including as they relate to our environmental sustainability and governance practices;
- considering director nominees recommended by stockholders; and
- reviewing our overall corporate governance and reporting to the board of directors on its findings and any recommendations.

Code of Ethics and How to Obtain the Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Ethics applicable to our directors, officers and employees. A copy of the Code of Ethics will be provided without charge upon written request to our principal executive offices. We intend to disclose any amendments to or waivers of certain provisions of our Code of Ethics in a Current Report on Form 8-K.

Conflicts of Interest

In general, officers and directors of a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware are required to present business opportunities to a corporation if:

- the corporation could financially undertake the opportunity;
- the opportunity is within the corporation's line of business; and
- it would not be fair to our company and its stockholders for the opportunity not to be brought to the attention of the corporation.

Certain of our officers and directors presently have, and any of them in the future may have additional, fiduciary or contractual obligations to other entities, including entities that are affiliates of our Sponsor, pursuant to which such officer or director is or will be required to present a Business Combination opportunity. Accordingly, if any of our officers or directors becomes aware of a Business Combination opportunity which is suitable for an entity to which he or she has then-current fiduciary or contractual obligations, he or she will honor his or her fiduciary or contractual obligations to present such Business Combination opportunity to such entity, subject to their fiduciary duties under Delaware law. We do not believe, however, that the fiduciary duties or contractual obligations of our officers or directors will materially affect our ability to complete our initial Business Combination.

Potential investors should also be aware of the following other potential conflicts of interest:

- Our executive officers and directors are not required to, and will not, commit their full time to our affairs, which may result in a conflict of
 interest in allocating their time between our operations and our search for a Business Combination and their other businesses. We do not
 intend to have any full-time employees prior to the completion of our initial Business Combination. Each of our executive officers and
 directors is engaged in several other business endeavors for which he may be entitled to substantial compensation, and our executive
 officers and directors are not obligated to contribute any specific number of hours per week to our affairs.
- Our Sponsor subscribed for Founder Shares and purchased private placement warrants in a transaction that closed simultaneously with the closing of our initial public offering.
- Our Sponsor and each member of our management team have entered into agreements with us, pursuant to which they have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares and MAAC Class A Shares in connection with (i) the completion of our initial Business Combination and (ii) a stockholder vote to approve an amendment to our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect the substance or timing of our obligation to allow redemption in connection with our initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the MAAC Class A Shares if we have not completed an initial business combination within 24 months from the closing of our initial public offering. Additionally, our Sponsor has agreed to waive its rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to its Founder Shares if we do not complete our initial Business Combination within the prescribed time frame. If we do not complete our initial Business Combination within the prescribed time frame, the private placement warrants will expire worthless. Except as described herein, our Sponsor and our directors and executive officers have agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of their Founder Shares until the earliest of (A) one year after

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the completion of our initial Business Combination or (B) subsequent to our initial Business Combination, (x) if the last reported sale price of MAAC Class A Shares equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after our initial Business Combination, or (y) the date on which we complete a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or other similar transaction that results in all of our stockholders having the right to exchange their common stock for cash, securities or other property. The private placement warrants will not be transferable until 30 days following the completion of our initial Business Combination. Because each of our executive officers and directors own common stock or warrants directly or indirectly, they may have a conflict of interest in determining whether a particular target business is an appropriate business with which to effectuate our initial Business Combination.

Our officers and directors may have a conflict of interest with respect to evaluating a particular Business Combination if the retention or resignation of any such officers and directors is included by a target business as a condition to any agreement with respect to our initial Business Combination.

Furthermore, in no event will our Sponsor or any of our existing officers or directors, or any of their respective affiliates, be paid by the company any finder's fee, consulting fee or other compensation prior to, or for any services they render in order to effectuate, the completion of our initial Business Combination.

We cannot assure you that any of the above mentioned conflicts will be resolved in our favor.

Limitation on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

Our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that our officers and directors will be indemnified by us to the fullest extent authorized by Delaware law, as it now exists or may in the future be amended. In addition, our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that our directors will not be personally liable for monetary damages to us or our stockholders for breaches of their fiduciary duty as directors, unless they violated their duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders, acted in bad faith, knowingly or intentionally violated the law, authorized unlawful payments of dividends, unlawful stock purchases or unlawful redemptions, or derived an improper personal benefit from their actions as directors.

We entered into agreements with our officers and directors to provide contractual indemnification in addition to the indemnification provided for in our amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation. Our amended and restated bye-laws also permit us to secure insurance on behalf of any officer, director or employee for any liability arising out of his or her actions, regardless of whether Delaware law would permit such indemnification.

We have purchased a policy of directors' and officers' liability insurance that insures our officers and directors against the cost of defense, settlement or payment of a judgment in some circumstances and insures us against our obligations to indemnify our officers and directors. Our officers and directors have agreed to waive any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies in the Trust Account, and have agreed to waive agreed to waive any right, title, interest or claim of any kind they may have in the future as a result of, or arising out of, any services provided to us and will not seek recourse against the Trust Account for any reason whatsoever (except to the extent they are entitled to funds from the Trust Account due to their ownership of MAAC Class A Shares). Accordingly, any indemnification provided will only be able to be satisfied by us if (i) we have sufficient funds outside of the Trust Account or (ii) we complete an initial Business Combination.

Our indemnification obligations may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against our officers or directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions also may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against our officers and directors, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. Furthermore, a stockholder's investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against our officers and directors pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

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We believe that these provisions, the insurance and the indemnity agreements are necessary to attract and retain talented and experienced officers and directors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF MAAC

References to the "Company," "Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.," "our," "us" or "we" refer to Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this proxy. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Overview

We are a blank check company incorporated in Delaware on July 6, 2020 for the purpose of effecting a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses. We are an emerging growth company and, as such, we are subject to all of the risks associated with emerging growth companies.

Our sponsor is Patient Square Capital LLC (the "Sponsor"). On October 9, 2020, we consummated our initial public offering of 40,000,000 MAAC Units at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$400.0 million, and incurring offering costs of approximately \$22.1 million (net of reimbursement of offering costs of \$520,000 from the underwriters), inclusive of \$14.0 million in deferred underwriting commissions.

Simultaneously with the closing of the initial public offering, we consummated the private placement ("Private Placement") of 10,000,000 warrants (each, a "private placement warrant" and collectively, the "private placement warrants") at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to the MAAC Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million. The underwriters exercised the over-allotment option in part and on November 12, 2020 purchased an additional offering costs of approximately \$576,000 in underwriting fees (net of reimbursement of offering costs of approximately \$1.0.7 million, and incurred additional offering costs of approximately \$50.4 million in deferred underwriting fees (the "Over-Allotment"). Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, we consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an aggregate of an additional 214,365 private placement warrants by our Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to us of approximately \$2.0.7 million.

Upon the closing of the initial public offering, the Private Placement and part of the Over-Allotment option, \$410.7 million (\$10.00 per Unit) of the net proceeds of the initial public offering and certain of the proceeds of the Private Placement was placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") with Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company acting as trustee and invested in United States "government securities" within the meaning of Section 2(a) (16) of the Investment Company Act having a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a business combination and (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account as described below.

If we are unable to complete a business combination within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering, or October 9, 2022 (as such period may be extended pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, the "Combination Period"), we will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the MAAC Class A Shares sold in the initial public offering, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding MAAC Class A Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law; and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the



remaining stockholders and the board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to our obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

Proposed Business Combination

On May 1, 2021, we entered into the Business Combination Agreement with Roivant and Merger Sub, which was subsequently amended on June 9, 2021 to reflect the execution of the lock-up agreements entered into by MAAC's independent directors and Roivant. In connection with the Business Combination, we also entered into the Subscription Agreements, Sponsor Support Agreement, and the Transaction Support Agreements, as further described in "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements."

Results of Operations

Our entire activity from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, was in preparation for an Initial Public Offering, and since our Initial Public Offering, our activity has been limited to the search for a prospective initial Business Combination. We will not generate any operating revenues until the closing and completion of our initial Business Combination.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, we had a net income of approximately \$19 million, which consisted of approximately \$23 million gain from change in fair value of warrant liabilities, an approximately \$93,000 gain on investment (net), dividends and interest held in Trust Account, which were partially offset by approximately \$3.9 million in general and administrative expenses (including \$3.5 million related to due diligence), approximately \$30,000 in general and administrative expenses (including \$3.5 million related to due diligence), and approximately \$40,000 of franchise tax expense.

For the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, we had a net loss of approximately \$10.8 million, which consisted of approximately \$3.6 million loss from changes in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities, approximately \$6.8 million of financing cost - derivative warrant liabilities, approximately \$28,000 general and administrative expenses, approximately \$28,000 general and administrative expenses - related party, franchise tax expense of approximately \$89,000, income tax expense of approximately \$17,000 offset by approximately \$85,000 of interest income and unrealized gain on marketable securities held in the Trust Account. The \$6.8 million in financing cost - derivative liability is primarily related to the non-cash financing cost recognized as a result of the fair value of the private placement warrants being in excess of the amount paid by the MAAC Sponsor.

As a result of the restatement described in Note 2 of the notes to the financial statements included herein, we allocated approximately \$1.7 million of offering costs to the warrant liabilities and recognized \$5.1 million related to the excess fair value of the private placement warrants over the proceeds received as a financing cost. Both of these charges have been presented as financing cost - derivative warrant liability on the statement of operations. In addition, we classify the warrants issued in connection with our Initial Public Offering and Private Placement as liabilities at their fair value and adjust the warrant instruments to fair value at each reporting period. These liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in our statement of operations. For the periods from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, the change in fair value of warrants was an increase of approximately \$3.6 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2021, the Company had approximately \$1.5 million in cash and a working capital deficit of approximately \$2.4 million (not taking into account approximately \$69,000 of taxes that may be paid using interest income from the Trust Account).

Our liquidity needs up to March 31, 2021 had been satisfied through the payment of \$25,000 from our Sponsor to cover for certain expenses on behalf of us in exchange for the issuance of the Founder Shares, a loan

of \$200,000 pursuant to the Note issued to our Sponsor, and the net proceeds from the consummation of the Private Placement not held in the Trust Account. We fully repaid the Note to our Sponsor on October 9, 2020. In addition, in order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, our Sponsor may, but is not obligated to, provide us Working Capital Loans. To date, there are no amounts outstanding under any Working Capital Loan.

Based on the foregoing, management believes that we will have sufficient working capital and borrowing capacity to meet our needs through the consummation of the Business Combination. Over this time period, we will be using these funds for paying existing accounts payable, identifying and evaluating prospective initial Business Combination candidates, performing due diligence on prospective target businesses, paying for travel expenditures, selecting the target business to merge with or acquire, and structuring, negotiating and consummating the Business Combination.

Management continues to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and has concluded that the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Contractual Obligations

Registration and Stockholder Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, private placement warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans (and any MAAC Class A Shares issuable upon the exercise of the private placement warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans) are entitled to registration rights pursuant to the registration rights agreement. The holders of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that we register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the completion of the initial Business Combination. We will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriters were entitled to an underwriting discount of \$0.20 per unit, or \$8.0 million in the aggregate, paid upon the closing of the initial public offering. In addition, \$0.35 per unit, or \$14.0 million in the aggregate will be payable to the underwriters for deferred underwriting commissions. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that we complete a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement. The underwriters agreed to make a payment to us in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the initial public offering, or \$520,000, to reimburse certain offering expenses. We received such reimbursement on October 27, 2020.

Upon closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the underwriters received approximately \$214,000 in fees paid upfront and eligible for an additional deferred underwriting commissions of approximately \$375,000. In addition, the underwriters agreed to make an additional payment to us in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the Over-allotment, or approximately \$14,000, to reimburse certain offering expenses. As of December 31, 2020, approximately \$5,000 is included as a receivable for such reimbursements on the accompanying balance sheet.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

This management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in our financial statements. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to fair value of financial instruments and accrued expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience, known trends and events and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We have identified the following as our critical accounting policies:

MAAC Class A Shares Subject to Possible Redemption

We account for MAAC Class A Shares subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." MAAC Class A Shares subject to mandatory redemption (if any) are classified as liability instruments and are measured at fair value. Shares of conditionally redeemable MAAC Class A Shares (including MAAC Class A Shares that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within our control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, MAAC Class A Shares are classified as stockholders' equity. MAAC Class A Shares feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of our control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at March 31, 2021, 36,277,487 MAAC Class A Shares subject to possible redemption are presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the accompanying balance sheets.

Net Income Per Share

We comply with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share." Net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of MAAC Shares outstanding during the period. We have not considered the effect of the warrants sold in the initial public offering and Private Placement to purchase an aggregate of 30,750,276 MAAC Class A Shares in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, since the exercise of the warrants are contingent upon the occurrence of future events and the inclusion of such warrants would be anti-dilutive.

We apply the two-class method in calculating income (loss) per common share. Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted for MAAC Class A Shares subject to possible redemption is calculated by dividing the proportionate share of income or loss on marketable securities held by the Trust Account, net of applicable franchise and income taxes, by the weighted average number of MAAC Class A Shares subject to possible redemption outstanding since original issuance.

Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted for non-redeemable common stock is calculated by dividing net income (loss) less income attributable to MAAC Class A Shares subject to possible redemption by the weighted average number of shares of non-redeemable common stock outstanding for the period presented.

Derivative Warrant Liabilities

We do not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. We evaluate all of our financial instruments, including issued stock purchase warrants, to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives, pursuant to ASC 480 and ASC 815-15. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period.

We issued 20,535,912 MAAC Warrants to investors in our initial public offering and issued 10,214,365 private placement warrants. All of our outstanding warrants are recognized as derivative liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40. Accordingly, we recognize the warrant instruments as liabilities at fair value and adjust the instruments to fair value at each reporting period. The liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance

sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in our statement of operations. The fair value of the public placement warrants (if not market observed) and private placement warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattice in a risk-neutral framework. Our future stock price is modeled assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Our management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, if currently adopted, would have a material impact on our financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2021, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K and did not have any commitments or contractual obligations.

JOBS Act

The JOBS Act contains provisions that, among other things, relax certain reporting requirements for qualifying public companies. We will qualify as an "emerging growth company" and under the JOBS Act will be allowed to comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements based on the effective date for private (not publicly traded) companies. We are electing to delay the adoption of new or revised accounting standards, and as a result, we may not comply with new or revised accounting is standards, and as a result, growth companies. As such, our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates.

Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, if, as an "emerging growth company," we choose to rely on such exemptions we may not be required to, among other things, (i) provide an auditor's attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404, (ii) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, (iii) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the PCAOB regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (auditor discussion and analysis) and (iv) disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the CEO's compensation to median employee compensation. These exemptions will apply for a period of five years following the completion of our initial public offering or until we are no longer an "emerging growth company," whichever is earlier.



BUSINESS OF ROIVANT

References to "Roivant," "the Company," "we," "us" or "our" in the following section refer to Roivant Sciences Ltd. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

Overview

We are building the next-generation "big pharma" company, organized to harness modern technologies and the entrepreneurial spirit of nimble biotechnology companies at scale. Our mission is to improve the delivery of healthcare to patients by treating every inefficiency as an opportunity.

We are a diverse team of experienced drug developers, scientists, physicians, company builders, data scientists and engineers, biopharma investors, physicists and business development professionals dedicated to improving the lives of patients. At Roivant, we combine our team's extensive experience and multi-disciplinary expertise with innovative technologies to identify and advance potentially transformative medicines.

We deploy a hypothesis-driven approach to identify novel or clinically-validated targets and biological pathways in areas of high unmet medical need. We then seek to acquire, in-license or discover promising drug candidates against those targets or pathways. Our small molecule discovery engine is powered by a unique combination of leading computational physics and machine learning ("ML") capabilities for *in silico* drug design.

We develop drug candidates in subsidiary companies we call "Vants" with a distinct approach to sourcing talent, aligning incentives and deploying technology. Each of our Vant teams is built with deep relevant expertise to promote successful execution of our development strategy. Our Vants continue to benefit from the support of the Roivant platform and technologies that are built to address inefficiencies in the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.

Our agile Vant model has allowed us to rapidly add capabilities in diverse therapeutic areas, including immunology, dermatology, hematology and oncology, and modalities, including biologics, topicals, gene therapies and bifunctional small molecules. We currently have 16 Vants and, together, we are advancing a deep and diversified pipeline of over 30 drug candidates. The Vant model also enables a modular approach to the monetization of therapies we advance through development, allowing us to pursue commercialization of some products independently, while selectively establishing partnerships for other Vants or divesting of the Vants entirely.

Since our founding in 2014, we have:

- conducted nine international Phase 3 trials, the last eight of which have been successful;
- consummated a \$3 billion upfront partnership with Sumitomo (see "—Platform Validation");
- developed three drugs that received FDA approval shortly after their transfer to Sumitomo;
- launched and taken public multiple Vants, resulting in an aggregate ownership stake of \$1.0 billion in public Vants as of May 28, 2021, based on a \$289 million aggregate investment in those Vants;
- built a pipeline of over 30 drug candidates ranging from early discovery to registration; and
- created innovative software tools to optimize each stage of the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.

The following table summarizes our Vants:

	Roivant Ownership		
Vant	Basic Diluted	Description	Lead Program / Mechanism
Affivant	100% 100%	Developing bispecific antibodies for oncology indications with unmet medical need	AFM32 / Bispecific antibody
Cytovant	72% 68%	Developing cellular medicines uniquely suited to Asian patients	CVT-TCR-01 / TCR-T targeting NY-ESO
Arbutus	33%* 29%*	Developing a potential cure for chronic HBV infection	AB-729 / RNAi inhibiting HBV replicatio
Sio Gene Therapies	27%* 25%*	Developing gene therapies for neurodegenerative diseases	AXO-AAV-GM1 In vivo AAV9 gene ther
Genevant	83% 69%	Advancing delivery of nucleic acid therapeutics	—
Silicon Therapeutics	100% 100% s	Advancing a physics-driven approach for computational drug design; part of small molecule discovery engine	_
VantAI	100% 100%	Advancing a machine-learning approach for computational design and optimization of protein degraders; part of small molecule discovery engin	ue —
Lokavant	90% 85%	Optimizing trial operations with an end-to-end risk monitoring solution	_
Datavant**	52% 48%	Connecting patient-level health data through privacy-first, HIPAA-compliant tokens	—
Alyvant	97% 95%	Leveraging data and artificial intelligence to connect patients to therapies	_

Note: Excludes early-stage pipeline of protein degraders and inhibitors being developed through our small molecule discovery engine. All drugs in current pipeline are investigational and subject to health authority approval.

Ownership figures as of March 2012, 2021. Arbutus Basic and Fully Diluted ownership includes the conversion of preferred shares held by Roivant into common shares. Roivant ownership in Cytovant includes both direct and indirect ownership. Roivant ownership in Kinevant refers to ownership of Pharmavant 3, which holds the rights to namilumab.

* Denotes entities that are publicly traded.

** In June 2021, Datavant enterprinter junction definitive merger agreement to combine with Ciox Health. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including with respect to the consummation of Ciox Health's equity financing and regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2021. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Roivant—Recent Developments—Datavant."

The following table summarizes our development-stage product candidate pipeline.

Development Pipeline

Product Candidate	Indication	Vant	Modality	Phase
Tapinarof	Psoriasis	Dermavant	Topical	Registration
Tapinarof	Atopic Dermatitis	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 2
Cerdulatinib	Vitiligo	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Myasthenia Gravis	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Thyroid Eye Disease	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
ARU-1801	Sickle Cell Disease	Aruvant	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-LENTI-PD	Parkinson's Disease	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-AAV-GM1	GM1 Gangliosidosis	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-AAV-GM2	Tay-Sachs/Sandhoff Disease	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AB-729	Hepatitis B	Arbutus	RNA Therapy	Phase 2
Gimsilumab	COVID-19 Associated ARDS	Kinevant	Biologic	Phase 2
Namilumab	Sarcoidosis	Kinevant	Biologic	Phase 1
AB-836	Hepatitis B	Arbutus	Small Molecule	Phase 1
LSVT-1701	Staph Aureus Bacteremia	Lysovant	Biologic	Phase 1
Cerdulatinib	Atopic Dermatitis	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 1
DMVT-504	Hyperhidrosis	Dermavant	Small Molecule	Phase 1
DMVT-503	Acne	Dermavant	Topical	Preclinical
ARU-2801	Hypophosphatasia	Aruvant	Gene Therapy	Preclinical
AFM32	Solid Tumors	Affivant	Biologic	Preclinical
CVT-TCR-01	Oncologic Malignancies	Cytovant	Cell Therapy	Preclinical

Note: All drugs in current pipeline are investigational and subject to health authority approval.

As part of our mission to redefine "big pharma," we aim to develop transformative medicines faster for diseases for which there are no approved therapies or the current standard of care treatment has significant limitations or drawbacks. We believe we are uniquely positioned to accomplish this by:

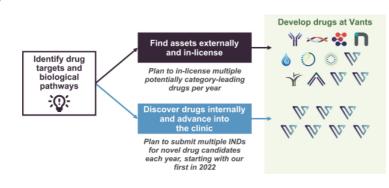
- Relentlessly pursuing opportunities to in-license or acquire drugs that we believe can deliver successful outcomes on accelerated timelines;
- · Designing creative deal structures to balance risk and the potential for future value creation;
- Using our computational drug discovery technologies to design and identify compounds with the greatest probability of success early in the discovery process;
- Creating nimble, entrepreneurial Vants that operate similar to independent biotechnology companies where each management team, comprised of world-class drug developers and clinical operators, is solely focused on their respective Vant's mission;
- Incentivizing employees with equity in their Vants, which encourages focus and calculated risk-taking;
- Providing operational support from our centralized functions to accelerate Vant formation and operational maturation;
- Developing proprietary computational technologies that leverage our unique position at the intersection of biopharma and technology;
- Providing Vants with access to our team of scientific experts, physicians and technologists to help optimize their clinical development and commercial strategies; and
- Leveraging our business development engine and vast network of industry relationships for the identification of value-creating collaborations and synergistic partnerships.

As a result, the return on our investment from inception to March 31, 2021, based on our realized return associated with our partnership with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma (the "Sumitomo Transaction") and the value

of our ownership stakes in our public Vants as of May 28, 2021, has far exceeded average R&D returns for select large cap biopharmaceutical companies based on average cost to develop assets and projected revenues. See "Platform Validation" for additional information.

Through continued investment in our model, we believe we are well-positioned to advance our current pipeline through regulatory approval and commercialization, expand our pipeline through novel drug discovery and in-licensing and acquisition transactions, and execute on our vision of transforming the delivery of healthcare to patients.

Our Process



Discover

We focus on developing potentially transformative medicines that address areas of significant unmet medical need. We take a hypothesis-driven approach, focusing on compelling pathways, targets and drug classes that we believe lack established leaders, and we proactively pursue or discover drugs that align with our hypotheses. We focus on building diversification and varied risk profiles into our pipeline and are agnostic to therapeutic area, stage of development and drug modality. We leverage internally developed technologies as well as a multi-disciplinary team with diverse backgrounds to evaluate the universe of targets and biological pathways that we deem compelling. Once we have built conviction around a specific target or biological pathway, we look for assets to in-license or acquire, and/or design novel drugs through our small molecule discovery engine.

Our ability to rapidly identify and execute in-licensing opportunities is underpinned by our diverse business development team, which consists of former investment professionals and experienced R&D and data scientists. A suite of tools that we built in-house supports our business development team by bringing a computationally driven approach to the identification of in-licensing opportunities as well as supporting our R&D decision-making across all stages of the drug discovery and development process. Our track record in R&D and our ability to implement creative deal structures ensures that we are a favored development partner and are able to acquire assets on attractive terms with shared risk and aligned incentives. We have been successful in-licensing drugs from global pharmaceutical companies, small biotech starups and academic centers around the world, and we are proud of our deep network of academic and industry partners. Our goal is to add multiple potentially creagory-creating or category-leading drugs to our pipeline each year through this in-licensing strategy, a pace which is consistent with our track record over the past several years.

As a complement to our in-licensing strategy, we also apply our hypothesis-driven approach to our small molecule discovery engine, ensuring we direct our efforts toward high value pathways, targets and drug classes. Our discovery engine is defined by the distinctive combination of capabilities in computational physics and ML. Through the acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics, we have world-leading capabilities in computational physics has built an advanced computational physics platform integrated with a proprietary supercomputing cluster and a wet-lab facility equipped for generating a broad range of experimental data. We have also built a ML platform, VantAI, tailored to the *in silico* design and optimization of novel protein degraders. We believe the unique combination of both computational drug candidates.

Our discovery engine has broad capabilities across multiple categories of small molecules and an initial special focus on targeted protein degradation, a therapeutic approach with broad potential applicability to diseases associated with protein overactivity and with no incumbent leader. Our capabilities in targeted protein degradation include a long-term partnership with a leading academic lab, the ability to optimize our degraders using both computational physics and ML and our well-established clinical development capabilities. Based on promising early-stage preclinical data for our first computationally-designed degrader candidates, we believe that our computational approach can generate candidates that achieve real-world degradation against relevant targets.

We anticipate that our discovery engine will expand our clinical-stage pipeline by generating candidates to advance through the launch of potential new Vants, or to integrate with existing Vants if there is appropriate therapeutic area overlap, in either case taking advantage of Roivant's established clinical development capabilities.

Develop

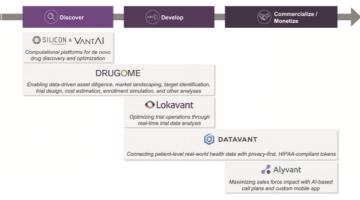
We believe the Vant model accelerates successful execution due to three key factors: nimble teams, incentive alignment and robust governance. We build Vant teams with deep, relevant expertise to promote successful execution of development strategy. By keeping Vant teams focused and generally small, we strive to eliminate excessive bureaucracy, thereby facilitating rapid decision-making and ultimately accelerating outcomes. Vants are built as entrepreneurial biotech companies, where each Vant leader is compensated with significant upside potential in the form of Vant equity. By aligning employee incentives with successful Vant outcomes, we encourage Vant leaders to take calculated risks and implement strategies that we believe differentiate the speed and creativity of development capabilities from legacy large pharmaceutical companies, where drug developers may face asymmetric downside in the event of failure and where upside equity, if granted, is diluted by many diverse projects. Vants are also supported through a robust governance structure that is centralized at Roivant. Our governance team ensures accountability for execution at Vants and allows us to capture synergies through shared technology and certain future shared commercial functions, while at the same time providing access to a broad range of Roivant resources when Vants face critical strategic questions.

Commercialize or monetize

The Vant model is designed to maximize the value of each drug that we successfully develop and generate returns for shareholders through the independent commercialization of products, partnerships with pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies or the selective sale of Vants. Our primary objective is to launch commercial products ourselves, but we may sell or partner Vants or specific drugs based on the facts and circumstances, including, without limitation, the strategic rationale and financial return potential.

Our Technologies

Our platform leverages technologies that are designed to optimize each stage of the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.



1. Roivant retains a license to DrugOme, which is owned by Sumitomo and managed by Sumitovant.

Our small molecule discovery engine powers *in silico* drug discovery through the combination of two distinct approaches to computational drug design: the physics approach and the ML approach. The physics approach applies quantum mechanics and statistical thermodynamics to model the behavior of and interactions between molecules in a biological system. This includes molecular dynamics simulations, which predict how potential drug molecules bind to and modulate therapetuic protein targets. ML approaches for drug design, meanwhile, use pattern-recognition algorithms to discern mathematical relationships from empirical observations of small molecules and extrapolate to predict chemical, biological and physical properties of novel compounds. ML techniques are very efficient in terms of computing power consumed compared to physics-based approaches and can be scaled to large datasets without the need for extensive computational resources. To effectively build a leadership position in computational drug discovery, we deliberately built and assembled capabilities in both computational physics and ML, creating a combined platform that we believe to be significantly differentiated from others.

The key components of our small molecule discovery engine include:

- A quantum mechanics-based molecular dynamics software platform to predict the interactions, energies and conformational behavior
 of targets and generate novel drug candidates. We can simulate hundreds of molecules per day and make predictions for drug design,
 enabling the optimization of properties such as binding affinity, selectivity, membrane permeability and solubility. We also have a suite of
 molecular dynamics and simulation tools to generate additional insights regarding individual atomic contributions to binding properties
 and conformational dynamics.
- A supercomputing cluster composed of over 500 graphics processing units ("GPUs"). Our supercomputing cluster allows us to run
 molecular simulations at biologically meaningful timescales predicting not only affinity but also how biomolecules will respond at an
 atomic level to perturbations such as mutation, phosphorylation, protonation, or the addition or removal of a ligand and functionally
 important structural changes in proteins.
- A suite of degrader-specific ML tools. We have developed a novel protein contact-first workflow that utilizes information about known
 protein-protein interactions to build new degraders that can effectively stabilize target-E3 interfaces; a degron knowledge graph, which we
 believe to be industry-leading, to map the ubiquitin proteasome system; and a unique model, based on millions of carefully curated protein

stability datapoints, to predict degradation. See "Roivant's Targeted Protein Degradation Platform" for further detail

A wet lab fully equipped for synthetic chemistry, crystallography, biophysics, biochemistry and biology. Our in-house laboratories are tightly integrated with our computational physics platform to directly augment simulations with biophysical data as well as validate simulation predictions. Certain experimental techniques enable more accurate and efficient simulations on targets where we lack crystal structures. Combined with homology modeling and X-ray crystallography, this allows for the simultaneous design of chemical matter against a target while refining atomistic structural models and solving high-resolution crystal structures.

Our computational physics capabilities, which we obtained through the acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics, allow us to predict how molecules will interact by using principles of quantum physics to computationally model the forces and energies of the atomic and sub-atomic particles that comprise the molecule system. Based on internal and published benchmarks, we believe that the speed and accuracy of binding free energy calculations made by our programs are on par with the best commercially available tool, Schrödinger's FEP+, and superior to open-source methods. Further, we believe our ability to rapidly validate and constrain simulations with experimental data generated in-house creates a sustainable advantage compared to competitors. These capabilities power *in silico* assays that allow us to potentially predict binding affinity of a ligand and protein, predict conformational dynamics of a protein as it shifts from active to inactive state, and identify binding sites on a protein.

VantAI combines cutting-edge ML techniques with deep systems biology expertise to power the discovery of novel protein degraders. VantAI's distinctive degrader platform includes a novel "protein contact-first" workflow that uses graph representations of known protein-protein interactions to design new degraders that can effectively stabilize target-E3 interfaces; an industry-leading ubiquitin proteasome system map allowing for the identification of degron motifs; and complex models for protein degradation and prediction of key chemical properties, trained on over five years of proprietary degrader-specific experimental data and millions of carefully curated protein stability datapoints. Our VantAI-designed degrader candidates have produced promising early-stage preclinical data that suggests our computational approach can generate candidates that achieve real-world degradation against multiple relevant targets. The use of VantAI's computational technology on compounds for the inducement of protein degradation will be dedicated exclusively to Proteovant until at least early 2026, other than certain pre-specified work on designated targets being conducted for thrid parties.

We believe that our small molecule discovery engine may allow us to replace experimental assays with *in silico* assays, resulting in decreased time and costs, ultimately accelerating the hit-to-lead and lead optimization stages of the drug discovery process. Further, we expect to increase our likelihood of identifying novel binding pockets on previously "undruggable" targets. We plan to direct our expanding capabilities in computational drug discovery towards targets selected with the same "investment lens" we use for our in-licensing strategy, and we expect it to produce candidates for continued clinical development within our existing clinical trial infrastructure.

The hypothesis generation for both our internal discovery engine and in-licensing strategies is supported by a tool we developed in-house called DrugOme, which we sold as part of the Sumitomo Transaction but retain a perpetual license to. DrugOme is a comprehensive map of targets and drug candidates in development that enables differentiated analysis of development strategies and potential business development opportunities. DrugOme employs natural language processing to extract, ingest and harmonize data across diverse structured and unstructured sources to construct a centralized database that captures available data regarding clinical trials, company financials, prescriptions and intellectual property. This database informs R&D decision-making across all stages of the drug discovery and development process. DrugOme supports our business development by rapidly defining the competitive and therapeutic landscape for a specific asset, predicting clinical trial costs, identifying trends in treatment patterns, optimizing clinical trial site and investigator selection and providing other customized analyses. We believe our computational approach to identifying assets for in-licensing and the creative drug development strategies that accompany those assets are key advantages unique to the Roivant platform.

As we have developed drugs in clinical trials, we have built technologies to improve the process of running such trials. We have aggregated many of these at our subsidiary Lokavant, Lokavant's software integrates real-time data from ongoing clinical trials and monitors risks related to time, cost and quality. Its proprietary data model serves as a "common language" for trial operational data and ensures that all trial data sources are ingested, harmonized and aggregated into a central database, allowing the trial sponsor to access operational trial data in near-real time. This approach is a substantial departure from traditional operations which typically share different types of trial data asynchronously and on multi-week delays. Algorithms trained on a proprietary dataset of operational metadata from over 1,300 trials are designed to identify the most important risks with sufficient time to empower researchers to implement interventions to mitigate those risks and deliver trial results on budget and on time. In addition to being deployed in Roivant trials, Parexel, a leading global contract research organization ("CRO"), is using Lokavant's software as its remote monitoring platform, and we intend to grow Lokavant's customer base with other CROs and trial sponsors.

In designing development and commercialization strategies for our pipeline of drugs, we also identified significant shortcomings with commercially available patient data. Today, healthcare data is siloed across multiple fragmented data sources, limiting the ability to generate a comprehensive understanding of patient health. Datavant, a company which we founded and in which we maintain a significant non-controlling interest, uses a de-identified linking technology to link patient data across multiple sources. Datavant seeks to power every exchange of health data, unlocking a massive ecosystem of companies using linked, longitudinal data to improve patient outcomes. Datavant linking technology enables the advanced use of real-world evidence, patient finding, outcomes research, and commercial analytics. Today, the Datavant network encompases over 400 organizations and over 100 subscription customers. These customers and partners include Jansen/J&J and other top 20 pharmaceutical companies, ZS, Medidata, Cigna, Parexel, Symphony Health, Komodo Health and the NIH. We can use Datavant's technology to better understand the real-world health outcomes of subjects who participate in our trials beyond the duration of the trials themselves.

In June 2021, Datavant entered into a definitive merger agreement with CIOX Health, LLC. ("Ciox Health"), a leader in clinical data exchange. The combined entity, to be named Datavant, is expected to be the nation's largest health data ecosystem, enabling patients, providers, payers, health data analytics companies, patient-facing applications, government agencies, and life science companies to securely exchange their patient-level data. The implied enterprise value of the combined company at the conversion price cap of the new preferred equity investment being made concurrently with closing will be \$7.0 billion. This enterprise value implies an equity value of \$6.1 billion (after netting out approximately \$900 million of debt and other adjustments). No assurance can be given that the implied enterprise or equity value is an accurate reflection of the value of the combined business at closing or in the future. Upon closing of the merger and assuming a \$7.0 billion enterprise value, the ongoing, fully diluted equity ownership in the combined entity of the former Datavant shareholders would be approximately 24% including Roivant ownership of approximately 12% (without giving effect to certain liquidation preferences to be held at closing by the new preferred equity shareholders). Upon closing of the merger, former Datavant shareholders will also receive approximately \$550 million in cash of which Roivant will receive approximately \$317 million in cash. The equity and cash to be received are subject to customary closing and regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2021.

We have begun to build technology to support our transition from a development-stage biopharmaceutical company into a commercial one. Alyvant is an early-stage technology product for physician and patient segmentation, targeting and engagement. Alyvant generates dynamic call plans uniquely prioritized on likelihood to prescribe by integrating patient and payor data with physician behavioral characteristics and presents those call plans through a salesforce app that drives adherence to call plans and reprioritizes physician outreach based on feedback from the field. In a 2019 pilot co-promotion of three products, Alyvant increased total prescriptions by 223% compared to the same period in the prior year and generated a >2x increase in the number of activated

prescribers. As we deliver products to market, we expect to expand the suite of technology tools available to accelerate and optimize commercialization.

We will continue to execute against our goal of building the next-generation pharmaceutical company by fully integrating modern technologies at each stage of the drug discovery, development and commercialization process. We believe that there is significant opportunity to address inefficiencies within these processes, and we expect to build technologies where we find commercially available tools nonexistent or insufficient for our needs.

Roivant's Targeted Protein Degradation Platform

Protein degraders

Protein degraders are a novel class of small molecules that target and destroy cellular proteins, rather than inhibiting them. Degraders are small molecules engineered to induce the degradation of specific disease-causing proteins through the ubiquitin-proteasome system ("UPS"), which ordinarily tags and degrades proteins that have been misfolded or have already fulfilled their biological function. In heterobifunctional degraders, the protein ligand domain, commonly referred to as a "warhead," targets the specific protein of interest. At the other end of the complex, the ligase ligand recruits a specific E3 ubiquitin ligase. Both ends of the complex are connected by a linker that orients the target protein and E3 ligase in a cooperative ternary complex, driving ubiquitination. Similar to heterobifunctional degraders, molecular-glue-type degraders are small molecules that induce a novel interaction between a subtrate receptor of an E3 ubiquitin ligase and a target protein leading to proteolysis of the target via UPS.

We believe degraders represent a promising new approach to drug previously "undruggable" targets and transform the treatment of diseases with significant unmet medical need. Degraders open a new set of opportunities for small molecule drug development, with multiple distinct potential advantages over inhibitors:

- Not bound by "active site" requirements, allowing degraders to target historically "undruggable" proteins, including transcription factors
 and scaffolding proteins that lack a catalytic pocket
- Achieve efficacy at lower doses to decrease dose-limiting toxicities (which have similar but not identical function to the target protein)
- · Efficacy in tumors that are resistant to inhibitors, as a function of protein depletion

Our degrader strategy

We believe we are positioned for leadership in the field of targeted protein degradation given our long-term partnership with a leading academic lab, our degrader-specific ML capabilities, and our well-established clinical development capabilities.

We have access to leading medicinal chemistry capabilities via our long-term partnership with the lab of Dr. Shaomeng Wang, a world-renowned scientist focused on the discovery of protein degraders, at the University of Michigan. Over 15 years, Dr. Wang and his team have developed an initial pipeline of degraders for over 10 targets and have over 50 U.S. patents and hundreds of international patents related to degrader technology. Through our acquisition of Oncopia Therapeutics, which was co-founded by Dr. Wang, we obtained Oncopia's pipeline, ongoing work on new targets, broad patent estate and deep knowledge and experience in the degrader space.

We expect to initiate a Phase 1 trial for our first degrader candidate in 2022 and rapidly build upon the early pipeline of degraders.

Our medicinal chemistry and degrader biology expertise are complemented by our degrader-specific ML capabilities. VantAI, through its focus on the *in silico* design and optimization of targeted protein degraders, has developed a number of powerful and distinctive tools, including:

- A novel protein contact-first workflow that utilizes information about known protein-protein interactions to build new degraders that can
 effectively stabilize target-E3 interfaces
- A degron knowledge graph, which we believe to be industry-leading, that maps the ubiquitin proteasome system and enables the analysis
 of interactions between E3 ligases and degrons, the protein components that bind to E3 ligases and regulate degradation
- A unique model for predicting degradation based on millions of carefully curated protein stability datapoints

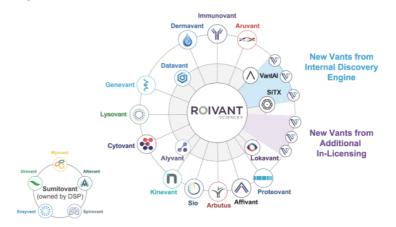
These techniques may enable quick and effective generation of degrader candidates and facilitate drugging targets with little or no structural information and recruiting novel E3 ligases with no known ligands. We believe that degrader drug development will uniquely benefit from the application of computational approaches because of the combinatorial nature of target binder, linker, and E3 ligase, as well as the ability to bind to the protein of interest outside the active site. Computational techniques can also help predict protein surface conformation changes in the identification of novel molecular glues. Our first VantAI-designed degraders have generated early-stage preclinical data that suggests our computational approach can generate candidates that achieve real-world degradation against multiple relevant targets.

We expect to face competition within a growing class of degrader-focused companies. We believe that our computational capabilities provide critical differentiation in an area that is uniquely suited to the application of computational techniques. The combinatorial nature and modularity of degrader structures allows for computational techniques to provide meaningful acceleration in the identification, design and optimization of protein degraders. To our knowledge, no competitor has a computational platform as advanced or robust as the capabilities we have built through our small molecule discovery engine. Today, our preclinical and clinical development organizations, initial pipeline, and long-term access to a leading academic lab are integrated with our computational capabilities. Further, VantAI algorithms have incorporated over five years of real-world laboratory data generated by Dr. Wang's lab, in turn informing the identification of targets and discovery of novel degraders to further evaluate in the lab and ultimately advance into the clinic.

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Unique Features of the Roivant Platform

Our model allows each Vant to rapidly scale given full access to shared technologies that address inefficiencies in the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.



All trademarks are property of their respective owners. Altavant, Enzyvant, Myovant, Spirovant and Urovant were transferred to Sumitovant, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sumitomo, in December 2019.

We aim to redefine "big pharma" by rapidly developing and commercializing transformative medicines in areas of high unmet medical need where there are no approved therapies or there are significant limitations associated with current standards of care. We believe our platform is uniquely positioned to accomplish this by:

- Leveraging complementary approaches to identify or discover promising drug candidates: We assembled our current late-stage product
 candidate pipeline by relentlessly pursuing opportunities to in-license or acquire programs where we believe we can deliver successful
 outcomes on accelerated timelines. In addition, our computational drug discovery engine allows us to design, optimize and validate our
 own novel product candidates, providing us with another avenue to pursue compelling targets or pathways and further expand our pipeline.
- Creating nimble, entrepreneurial Vants: Vants generally operate similar to independent biotechnology companies where each
 management team is focused on their respective mission and are economically incentivized to maximize value through Vant-specific equity
 grants. Each of our Vant teams is built with deep relevant expertise to ensure successful execution of their specific development strategy.
 The Vant model is designed to facilitate rapid decision making and calculated risk taking, by empowering, aligning and incentivizing Vant
 teams around the specific outcomes of their product candidates.
- Developing and deploying proprietary technologies: We believe we are able to develop transformative medicines faster by building and
 applying computational tools to drug discovery, development and commercialization. We occupy a unique position at the intersection of
 biopharma and technology, having built our capabilities in parallel, optimizing each for synergy with the other, in contrast to big pharma
 who have added software tools to legacy workflows or technology startups that lack experience developing drugs. Vants have access to,
 and are supported by, these technologies.

- Allocating capital to maximize R&D efficiency: We apply an objective, rigorous decision framework across the drug development process
 designed to ensure resources and capital are continuously directed towards programs we believe have a higher probability of success and
 away from those that fail to meet our internal hurdles. We centralize capital allocation decisions at the Roivant level, while distributing
 operational decisions to the Vants, allowing us to strategically deploy capital in high growth areas, regardless of potentially competing
 operational priorities.
- Maintaining a diversified pipeline with various risk profiles: We have built a pipeline of over 30 drugs across different therapeutic areas, phases of development, modalities and geographies. This approach limits our exposure to several concentrated scientific and biological risks and allows us to pursue multiple innovative hypotheses across our portfolio as we seek to develop therapies for patient populations with high unmet need.
- Designing creative "win-win" deal structures: We structure our partnerships to balance risk and the potential for future value creation. We
 ensure that a significant proportion of near-term expenses go toward development, allowing us to stage our investment and align incentives
 as well as limit losses in the event of a setback. Our scale and track record of developing product candidates assures partners that we are
 uniquely capable of maximizing value for patients and investors.
- Providing operating leverage through centralized support functions: Our model allows us to accelerate Vant formation and maturation by centralizing and sharing certain support functions across various Vants. Vants also benefit from access to our vast network of scientific experts, physicians and technologists to help optimize their clinical development and plans for commercialization.

Platform Validation

- In December 2019, we entered into a \$3 billion upfront partnership with Sumitomo. There were four key components of this transaction:
- Sumitomo acquired 100% of Roivant's ownership interest in five Vants: Urovant, Myovant, Enzyvant, Altavant and Spirovant.
- Sumitomo acquired options to purchase Roivant's ownership interest in six additional Vants (the "Option Vants"), in each case at a
 purchase price calculated by reference to a specified multiple. In June 2021, Sumitomo and Roivant completed a transaction which
 included the termination of Sumitomo's outstanding options to acquire Roivant's ownership interest in the Option Vants. See the section
 titled "Recent Events—Option Vants Transaction" for additional information.
- Roivant and Sumitomo agreed to share access to two technology platforms: DrugOme and Digital Innovation, an approach to integrating technologists into business operations.
- Sumitomo acquired 26,952,143 shares of Roivant at a per share price of \$37.10.

We believe that Sumitomo's decision to partner with Roivant serves to validate the quality of the Roivant platform and the technology underlying it.

ROI for Sumitomo Transaction and Publicly-Listed Vants

	Total Inve	stment (\$M)	Value (\$M)	Return Multiple
Sumitomo Transaction	\$	4331	\$ 1,868 ²	4.3x
Public Vants	\$	2893	\$ 1,0074	3.5x

Includes aggregate Roivant investments in tech assets and in the five transferred Vants from Vant inception to transaction close.
 Includes aggregate proceeds received at closing of the Sumitomo transaction, excluding (i) any potential future proceeds from the exercise of Sumitomo's options to acquire Roivant's
ovenership interest in the Option Vants, (ii) a 51 billion allocation of the proceeds received by Roivant to Sumitomo's options to purchase of Roivant equity and (iii) \$99.1 million liability related
to the Option Vants. Excludes investment in Sinovant and any proceeds received from the termination of Sumitomo's options to purchase Roivant's ownership interest in certain Vants.

- 3.
- Includes cash capital contributions, purchases of equity securities, items paid on behalf of the Vant and allocations for unreimbursed services provided by Roivant employees to Arbutus, immunovant and Sio Gene Therapies as of March 31, 2021. Based the market values of Roivant's ownership interest in Arbutus, immunovant and Sio Gene Therapies as of May 28, 2021. Values Arbutus preferred stock as common stock.

Our Growth Strategies

We believe we are on our way to building the next generation "big pharma" company by leveraging our unique platform to transform the delivery of healthcare to patients. To support this goal and mission, we are executing on 5 key pillars of growth:

Deliver successes across our current pipeline: Our current pipeline is comprised of multiple potentially transformative drug candidates across all stages of development, modalities and therapeutic areas. Our ability to successfully develop promising drug candidates has been evidenced through 3 FDA approvals from Vants sold to Sumitomo. We will continue to advance our diverse pipeline through to late-stage development and ultimately, if successful, regulatory approval, expanding our track record of pipeline successes to date.

We have a robust calendar of potential near-term catalysts, including:

	Tapinarof NDA Filing in Psoriasis	Mid-2021 🗸
odermavant"	FDA Approval Decision on Tapinarof for Psoriasis	Mid-2022
	Tapinarof Phase 3 Initiation in Atopic Dermatitis	2H 2021
	IMVT-1401 Phase 3 Initiation in Myasthenia Gravis	Late 2021 or Early 2022
MIMMUNOVANT	IMVT-1401 Phase 2a Restart in Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia	Late 2021 or Early 2022
	Two New Indications for IMVT-1401 Expected to be Announced	1H 2022
	First Patient Dosed with ARU-1801 Manufacturing Process III	2H 2021
ARUVANT	Clinical Data from Additional ARU-1801 Phase 1/2 Patients	2H 2021
	ARU-1801 Phase 3 Initiation	2H 2022
kinevant	Namilumab Phase 2 Initiation in Sarcoidosis	1H 2022
Clysovant	LSVT-1701 MAD Initiation	1H 2022
	In-License Multiple Potentially Category-Leading Drugs	Ongoing
ROIVANT	Phase 1 Initiation for First Degrader Candidate	2022
	Multiple Additional Degrader Candidates Entering IND-Enabling Studies Each Year	Starting 2022

All catalyst timings are based on current expectations but may be subject to change. All trademarks are property of their respective owners.

- Expand our pipeline through acquisitions or in-licensing transactions: We intend to continue to expand our existing pipeline through acquiring or in-licensing additional transformative drug candidates. Our goal is to add multiple potentially category-creating or category-leading drugs to our pipeline each year on average via this in-licensing strategy, a pace which is consistent with our track record over the past several years. We will continue to manage our pipeline like a portfolio and build diversified risk profiles across therapeutic area, target, modality and stage of development. .
- Expand our pipeline through drug discovery: In parallel with our in-licensing strategy, we intend to expand our pipeline through computational discovery of novel drug candidates. Thus far, we have focused our discovery efforts towards novel protein degraders. We plan to initiate a Phase 1 trial for our first degrader candidate in 2022 and rapidly build upon our early pipeline of degraders. We expect

that the significant investments we have made in our small molecule discovery engine will allow us to generate novel drug candidates internally and initiate multiple IND-enabling studies each year starting in 2022.

- Power our entire platform by technology: We have built leading capabilities in computational drug discovery with our distinctive
 combination of ML and computational physics platforms. Our investment in computational discovery bolsters our existing technology
 platform that seeks to address inefficiencies across each stage of the drug discovery, development and commercialization process. We
 expect to continue to make strategic investments in technology to power the entire Roivant platform, ultimately accelerating the delivery of
 transformative medicines to patients.
- Commercialize medicines independently where optimal: While the Roivant platform ensures flexibility on our path to value creation from
 each asset, we believe independently commercializing our drug candidates will unlock maximal value over the long run. Our plan for
 building commercial capabilities will be informed by the identification of specific, targeted opportunities to create additional value across
 Vants. We are presently evaluating which commercial functions to potentially build in-house and centralize across the Vants. Based on our
 current pipeline, we expect to market our first drug, tapinarof, in 2022.

Our Management Team

We are led by a management team of leaders with diverse backgrounds, bringing together an expansive set of capabilities across healthcare investing, clinical development, technology, medicine, venture capital, operations, finance and data science. We believe we are well-positioned to redefine what it means to be a large pharmaceutical company today based on our ability to leverage experience from within and beyond the world of pharmaceuticals.

Our management team is led by our Chief Executive Officer, Matthew Gline, with strategic guidance from our Founder and Executive Chairman, Vivek Ramaswamy. Our Chief Operating Officer, Eric Venker, M.D., Pharm.D., oversees the operations of the Roivant platform and provides oversight to our Vants as a board member. Our Chief Investment Officer, Mayukh Sukhatme, M.D., is responsible for generating hypotheses for potential new drugs, ultimately guiding target selection for our small molecule discovery engine and overseing the evaluation of new assets to bring into our pipeline through our in-licensing strategy. As President, Roivant Health, Benjamin Zimmer leads the launch, growth and oversight of Roivant's technology platform Vants. Our Chief Computational Scientist, Woody Sherman, Ph.D., manages our computational physics platform. Our Chief Medical Officer and Head of R&D, Roger Sidhu, M.D., leads research and development to support our in-licensing decisions and development strategy at early-stage Vants, and also provides research and development davice for our operationally mature Vants. Our Vant Strategy. We created the role of Vant Chair to establish clear accountability for our Vant CCOs, ensuring each Vant maintains the freedom to deploy their relevant expertise while maintaining connectivity to the Roivant platform.

We build impressive teams across all levels of the organization. We hire and develop world-class talent from diverse backgrounds in biopharma, academia, technology and finance to ensure we have all of the capabilities to design and deliver creative solutions.

Our team is united by our core values:

- Create value: We maximize value for patients and for shareholders.
- Be contrarian: We question convention, others, and ourselves.
- · Climb the wall: If an obstacle arises, we focus on finding the best solution to overcome that obstacle.

- Sweat the details: We are thorough, we follow facts not stories, and we accept and learn from mistakes.
- Evolve or die: "It's working now" is never satisfactory.

Our Vants and Pipeline

The following table summarizes our Vants.

		Ownership		
Vant	Basic	Diluted	Description	Lead Program / Mechanism
Dermavant	100%	85%	Developing treatments for unmet needs in immuno-dermatology	Tapinarof / Therapeutic aryl hydrocarbon receptor modulating agent
Immunovan	t 58%*	53%*	Developing an anti-FcRn monoclonal antibody for IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases	IMVT-1401 / Anti-FcRn monoclonal antibody
Aruvant	88%	80%	Developing transformative gene therapies for severe blood disorders	ARU-1801 / Ex vivo lentiviral gene therapy delivering a novel, highly potent variant of fet
Proteovant	60%	60%	Developing heterobifunctional protein degraders for oncology, neurology, and immunology	y AR Degrader
Lysovant	100%	99%	Developing a novel endolysin for hard-to-treat Staph aureus infection	LSVT-1701 / Endolysin
Kinevant	88%	88%	Developing an anti-GM-CSF monoclonal antibody for autoimmune diseases	Namilumab / Anti-GM-CSF monoclonal antibody
			250	

Vant	Roivant C Basic	wnership Diluted	Description	Lead Program / Mechanism
Affivant	100%	100%	Developing bispecific antibodies for oncology indications with unmet medical need	AFM32 / Bispecific antibody
Cytovant	72%	68%	Developing cellular medicines uniquely suited to Asian patients	CVT-TCR-01 / TCR-T targeting NY
Arbutus	33%*	29%*	Developing a potential cure for chronic HBV infection	AB-729 / RNAi inhibiting HBV rep
Sio Gene Therapies	27%*	25%*	Developing gene therapies for neurodegenerative diseases	AXO-AAV-GM1 In vivo AAV9 gen
Genevant	83%	69%	Advancing delivery of nucleic acid therapeutics	
Silicon Therapeutics	100%	100%	Advancing a physics-driven approach for computational drug design; part of small molecule discovery engine	
VantAI	100%	100%	Advancing a machine-learning approach for computational design and optimization of protein degraders; part of small molecule discovery engine	ę
Lokavant	90%	85%	Optimizing trial operations with an end-to-end risk monitoring solution	
Datavant**	52%	48%	Connecting patient-level health data through privacy-first, HIPAA-compliant tokens	

Alyvant 97% 95% Leveraging data and artificial intelligence to connect patients to therapies

Note: Excludes early-stage pipeline of protein degraders and inhibitors being developed through our small molecule discovery engine. All drugs in current pipeline are investigational and subject to health authority approval.

Ownership figures as of March 31, 2021. Arbutus Basic and Fully Diluted ownership includes the conversion of preferred shares held by Roivant into common shares. Roivant ownership in Cytovant includes both direct and indirect ownership. Roivant ownership in Kinevant refers to ownership of Pharmavant 3, which holds the rights to namilumab.

* Denotes entities that are publicly traded.

** In June 2021, Datavant entered into a definitive merger agreement to combine with Ciox Health. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including with respect to the consummation of Ciox Health's equity financing and regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2021. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Roivant—Recent Developments—Datavant."

The following table summarizes our development-stage product candidate pipeline.

Development Pipeline

Product Candidate	Indication	Vant	Modality	Phase
Tapinarof	Psoriasis	Dermavant	Topical	Registration
Tapinarof	Atopic Dermatitis	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 2
Cerdulatinib	Vitiligo	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Myasthenia Gravis	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
IMVT-1401	Thyroid Eye Disease	Immunovant	Biologic	Phase 2
ARU-1801	Sickle Cell Disease	Aruvant	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-LENTI-PD	Parkinson's Disease	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-AAV-GM1	GM1 Gangliosidosis	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AXO-AAV-GM2	Tay-Sachs/Sandhoff Disease	Sio Gene Therapies	Gene Therapy	Phase 2
AB-729	Hepatitis B	Arbutus	RNA Therapy	Phase 2
Gimsilumab	COVID-19 Associated ARDS	Kinevant	Biologic	Phase 2
Namilumab	Sarcoidosis	Kinevant	Biologic	Phase 1
AB-836	Hepatitis B	Arbutus	Small Molecule	Phase 1
LSVT-1701	Staph Aureus Bacteremia	Lysovant	Biologic	Phase 1
Cerdulatinib	Atopic Dermatitis	Dermavant	Topical	Phase 1
DMVT-504	Hyperhidrosis	Dermavant	Small Molecule	Phase 1
DMVT-503	Acne	Dermavant	Topical	Preclinical
ARU-2801	Hypophosphatasia	Aruvant	Gene Therapy	Preclinical
AFM32	Solid Tumors	Affivant	Biologic	Preclinical
CVT-TCR-01	Oncologic Malignancies	Cytovant	Cell Therapy	Preclinical

Note: All drugs in current pipeline are investigational and subject to health authority approval.

The following table summarizes the pipeline of our small molecule discovery engine.

Discovery Pipeline

		Target	Discovery	Lead Optimization	IND-Enabling
Oncology		AR			►
		STAT3		•	
		BRD4		•	
		CBP/P300		•	
		SHP2	•		
	_	SMARCA2/4	►		
		KRASG12D	•		
	0	WRN	•		
	0	JAK2-617F	۲		
	0	CRAF	•		
	0	HIF2A	►		
	0	ADAR1	►		
	C	Undisclosed Additional Programs		•	
leurology		mHTT	•		
	C	Undisclosed Additional Programs	►		
mmunology	0	STING	•		
	0	NLRP3	•		
		Undisclosed Additional Programs			

Proteovant logo indicates that Proteovant, which is 60% owned by Roivant, has rights to a program for that target or has initiated discovery projects for that project. Roivant logo indicates other 100% Roivant owned entities have rights to a program for that target or have initiated discovery projects for that target. Degraders designated in purple text. Inhibitors designated in green text.

Dermavant Overview

Overview:

 Dermavant is developing tapinarof for the treatment of psoriasis and atopic dermatitis, alongside an earlier-stage development pipeline focused on multiple unmet medical needs in immuno-dermatology.

Lead program:

- Tapinarof is a novel, once daily, steroid-free topical cream for the treatment of plaque psoriasis and atopic dermatitis.
- Tapinarof is a therapeutic aryl hydrocarbon receptor (AhR) modulating agent (TAMA) that directly targets the AhR, a key regulator of skin homeostasis and inflammation.

Disease overview:

- · Plaque psoriasis is a chronic, inflammatory disease with skin lesions characterized by red patches and plaques with silvery scales.
- · Atopic dermatitis, the most common type of eczema, is a chronic condition characterized by dry, itchy skin.
- · Psoriasis and atopic dermatitis affect approximately 8 million and 26 million people in the United States, respectively.

Limitations of current treatment:

- Topical corticosteroids (TCS) are the most common first-line therapy but use typically cannot exceed four weeks due to risk of significant side effects.
- While oral and biologic therapies have become increasingly available, they are often limited to moderate-to-severe psoriasis and atopic dermatitis patients that comprise the smallest percentage of the affected populations.

<u>Clinical data</u>:

- We recently completed two pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials, PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2, for the use of tapinarof in treating mild, moderate, and severe plaque psoriasis in adults.
- In both pivotal Phase 3 trials, which enrolled over 500 patients each, tapinarof met its primary endpoint and secondary endpoints with clinically meaningful and statistically significant responses.
- An interim analysis from our long-term open-label PSOARING 3 study provides supportive evidence of tapinarof's increased therapeutic
 effect beyond the 12-week double blind treatment periods, suggesting treatment durability over time, as well as supportive evidence of a
 remittive effect, measured by time until disease worsening following treatment discontinuation.

Development plan and upcoming milestones:

- We have submitted an NDA to the FDA for tapinarof cream for the treatment of adults with plaque psoriasis and are expecting a decision on tapinarof's approval in mid-2022.
- If approved, tapinarof would be the first novel topical therapy approved by the FDA for plaque psoriasis in over 20 years, potentially
 offering a favorable mix of treatment effect, safety, durability of therapy, and remittive effect.
 - We anticipate initiating pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials in atopic dermatitis in the second half of 2021.

<u>Roivant ownership</u>:

• As of March 31, 2021, we own 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Dermavant and 85% on a Fully Diluted basis.

<u>Pipeline</u>:

Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone
TAPINAROF Psorias	sis			FDA approval decision expected mid-2022
TAPINAROF Atopic	Dermatitis			Phase 3 initiation expected H2 2021
CERDULATINIB Viti	ligo			Phase 2a data
CERDULATINIB Ato	pic Dermatitis			Phase 2a protocol in development
DMVT-504 Hyperhide	rosis			Phase 2b protocol in development
DMVT-503 Acne Vulç	garis			Preclinical studies ongoing

Tapinarof for the Treatment of Psoriasis and Atopic Dermatitis

Tapinarof is a novel, once daily, cosmetically elegant, steroid-free topical cream TAMA. Tapinarof directly targets the AhR, a key regulator of skin homeostasis and inflammation, to help reduce Th17 and Th2 cytokines, two pro-inflammatory pathways implicated in plaque psoriasis and atopic dermatitis, increase antioxidant activity, and promote skin barrier restoration. Tapinarof cream is designed to be easy to apply, non-greasy and odorless, which we believe makes it cosmetically elegant. To date, over 2,200 subjects have been enrolled in 18 clinical trials of tapinarof and predecessor formulations of tapinarof cream.

Psoriasis and atopic dermatitis

Psoriasis and atopic dermatitis ("AD") affect hundreds of millions of people globally each year, impacting their quality of life, including their physical health, psychological state, and overall well-being. While topical therapies are the foundation of treatment, many patients fail to achieve their desired outcome due to subpar efficacy, tolerability and safety concerns, application site restrictions and limits on duration of therapy.

Psoriasis is a chronic, inflammatory disease with skin lesions characterized by red patches and plaques with silvery scale that affects an estimated 8 million people in the United States. Its most common form, psoriasis vulgaris or plaque psoriasis, constitutes approximately 80 to 90% of all cases of psoriasis. Psoriasis severity is typically classified by body surface area ("BSA") involvement: mild (less than 3% BSA), moderate (3% to 10% BSA) and severe (greater than 10% BSA). Based on this guideline, approximately 80% of patients with psoriasis in the United States have mild to moderate disease, which is most often amenable to topical treatment. Common signs and symptoms of psoriasis include itching and burning, which can be very intense and frequent. Other symptoms can include cracking and bleeding of the skin. Psoriasis can cause significant social and emotional distress.

Atopic dermatitis is the most common type of eczema, affecting more than 9.6 million children and about 16.5 million adults in the United States. It is a chronic condition characterized by dry, tichy skin that often turns into a red rash. Atopic dermatitis can come and go for years or throughout life and can overlap with other types of eczema. Atopic dermatitis has a complex pathophysiology involving genetic, immunologic and environmental factors, culminating in skin barrier dysfunction and immune system dysregulation. The condition occurs most frequently in children (15 to 30% worldwide). Approximately 60% of those who develop atopic dermatitis show symptoms in the first year of life and up to 90% show symptoms by five years of age. While more prevalent in infancy and adolescence, one in ten people will develop atopic dermatitis. Approximately 89% of adult patients have mild to moderate atopic dermatitis, while 11% have severe atopic dermatitis. Atopic dermatitis is associated with several comorbidities, including asthma, allergies depression, and sleep disruption, and could negatively impact quality of life.

While topical therapies are the foundation of treatment, many patients fail to achieve their desired outcome due to subpar efficacy, tolerability and safety concerns, application site restrictions and limits on duration of

therapy. Topical corticosteroids ("TCS") are commonly used as the first-line therapy for the treatment of inflammatory skin conditions, such as psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. They are broadly available in generic form and carry FDA class labeling that restrict their duration of use, typically to no more than four weeks, and their location of use, prohibiting use in sensitive skin areas such as the face, groin, or axillae (armpi). While many people experience improvement with TCS, the continual long-term use of TCS has the potential to cause significant side effects including skin atrophy. As a result, healthcare professionals and patients are limited to intermittent treatment cycles of TCS therapy, leading to frequent disease flares and recurrence of disease, providing an inadequate solution for chronic conditions in immuno-dermatology. Topical calcineurin inhibitors ("TCI") are an additional non-steroidal option for the topical treatment of atopic dermatitis, but their use is limited by safety concerns, including boxed warnings of malignancy reported in patients treated with TCIs. Oral and biologic therapies have become increasingly available but are often limited to moderate-to-severe psoriasis and atopic dermatitis patients which comprise the smallest percentage of the affected populations. While biologics have proven to be very effective, their use has also been limited by concerns with systemic side effects, high cost, and reimbursement and access restrictions. Oral therapies are functionally limited to moderate-to-severe poriasis patients. Oral therapies also have significant side effects and have not achieved the same level of efficacy as biologics. Given the limitations associated with TCS, other topicals, orals, and biologics therapies, patients with inflammatory skin conditions often report dissatisfaction with their current treatment options.

Psoriasis and atopic dermatitis represent two of the largest markets in immuno-dermatology and are expected to reach total sales of approximately \$25 billion in the U.S. and \$37 billion globally by 2027. Topical treatments serve as the foundation of dermatologic treatment, representing 83% of all U.S. prescriptions written by dermatologists in 2020. Additionally, we believe that tapinarof has the potential to be prescribed alongside biologics and oral therapies. Annual U.S. prescriptions for both psoriasis and atopic dermatitis are outlined below:

Annual Scripts for PsO (2020)	TCS ~2.35M	Vitamin D / Combos / Retinoids ~508K	Biolo ~1.0		Otezla ~258K	Other Oral ~241K
Annual Scripts for AD (2020)			<u>TCS</u> ~16.4M	<u>TCI</u> ~996K	Eucrisa ~352K	Dupixent ~344K



Source: EvaluatePharma

Tapinarof for the Treatment of Psoriasis

Clinical data

We recently completed two pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials, PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2, evaluating the use of tapinarof in treating mild, moderate and severe plaque psoriasis in adults. In both of these trials, which enrolled over 500 patients each, tapinarof met its primary endpoint and all secondary endpoints with clinically meaningful and statistically significant responses as well as favorable safety and tolerability findings. At week 12, 35.4% and 40.2% of patients treated with tapinarof in PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2, respectively, achieved the primary efficacy endpoint of a Physician Global Assessment (PGA) score of clear (0) or almost clear (1) with a minimum 2-grade improvement from baseline as compared to 6.0% and 6.3% of patients treated with vehicle cream (p<0.0001; p<0.0001). When this endpoint was evaluated over time, rapid onset of activity was observed with separation emerging by the first evaluation trial visit (week 2) and statistically significant differences between tapinarof and vehicle cream at week 4 and continuing at all measured time points threafter.

Tapinarof met all secondary endpoints with statistical significance in PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2, including a key secondary endpoint, the proportion of subjects with ³⁷5% improvement in Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI75). In PSOARING 1 and 2, 36.1% & 47.6% of patients achieved PASI75 at Week 12 with tapinarof 1% cream QD vs 10.2% & 6.9% for vehicle, respectively. The PASI assessment is a more quantitative assessment of disease activity relative to the PGA and provides additional insight into a drug's impact on disease modification. Similar to what was observed with PGA, evaluating reduction in the burden of disease via a PASI assessment confirms rapid onset of action with separation of tapinarof from vehicle cream control at week 2, and statistically significant differences were noted as early as week 4 and each evaluation thereafter.

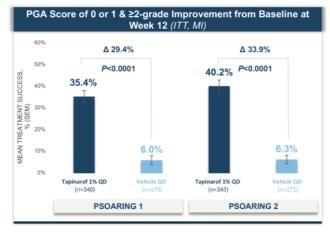
Additionally, tapinarof was observed to be well-tolerated, consistent with previous trials, and had low discontinuation rates due to adverse events ("AEs"), no treatment related serious adverse events ("SAEs"), and minimal severe application site reactions.

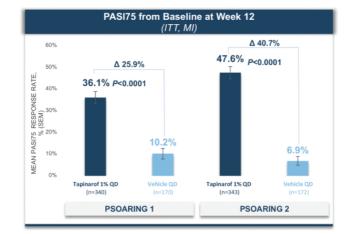
Tapinarof was observed to be well-tolerated in both trials, with AEs generally mild to moderate in nature and the majority consisting of localized skin reactions. Overall trial discontinuations due to adverse events were 5.6% in PSOARING 1 and 5.8% in PSOARING 2. Trial discontinuation rates due to folliculitis were 1.8% in

PSOARING 1 and 0.9% in PSOARING 2. No tapinarof-related severe adverse events were observed, and over 90% of eligible patients enrolled in the long-term extension study. To date, over 2,200 subjects have been enrolled in 18 clinical trials of tapinarof and predecessor formulations of tapinarof cream.



Patients with PGA of 2 (mild) and PGA of 4 (severe) limited to ~10% each of the total randomized population; ~80% of the total randomized population with PGA of 3 (moderate); †Patients electing not to participate in LTE had follow-up visit 4 weeks after completion of treatment period. BSA, body surface area; LTE, long-term extension; PASI75, ³75% improvement in Psoriasis Area and Severity Index; PASI90, ³90% improvement in Psoriasis Area and Severity Index; PGA, Physician Global Assessment; QD, once daily. 1. Clinicaltrials.gov; NCT03956355, 2. Clinicaltrials.gov; NCT03963900, 3. Clinicaltrials.gov; NCT04053387.





	PSOAR	ING 1	PSOAR	ING 2	
Patients, n (%)	Tapinarof 1% QD (n=340)	Vehicle QD (n=170)	Tapinarof 1% QD (n=343)	Vehicle QD (n=172)	
TEAE	171 (50.3)	38 (22.4)	187 (54.5)	45 (26.2)	
Mid	76 (22.4)	16 (9.4)	80 (23.3)	17 (9.9)	
Moderate	82 (24.1)	22 (12.9)	98 (28.6)	28 (16.3)	
Severe	11 (3.2)	0 (0.0)	8 (2.3)	0 (0.0)	
Serious TEAE	9 (2.6)	0 (0.0)	7 (2.0)	0 (0.0)	
Study discontinuation due to AEs	19 (5.6)	0 (0.0)	20 (5.8)	1 (0.6)	
Most common treatment related TEAEs (>1% in an	y group)				
Foliculitis	70 (20.6)	2 (1.2)	54 (15.7)	1 (0.6)	
Contact dermatitis	13 (3.8)	1 (0.6)	16 (4.7)	0 (0.0)	
Headache	5 (1.5)	1 (0.6)	1 (0.3)	0 (0.0)	
Pruritus	4 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	
Dermatitis	1 (0.3)	0 (0.0)	4 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	
Study discontinuation due to AESI					
Folicuitis	6 (1.8)	0 (0.0)	3 (0.9)	0 (0.0)	
Contact dermatitis	5 (1.5)	0 (0.0)	7 (2.0)	0 (0.0)	
Headache	1 (0.3)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	
Severity of folliculitis, n (%) among subset of pat	ients with AESI of folliculitis				
Mid	51 (63.8)	1 (50.0)	44 (72.1)	0 (0.0)	
Moderate	28 (35.0)	1 (50.0)	17 (27.9)	1 (100.0)	
Severe	1 (1.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	

The below figure shows rapid and complete clearance of plaque psoriasis in a patient achieving the defined trial endpoint. At baseline, this patient's PGA score was 3, indicative of moderate disease, and the PASI score was 17.6. The baseline image demonstrates classic plaque psoriasis with well demarcated erythematous scaling plaques. At week 4, the PGA had decreased from 3 to 2 and the PASI from 17.6 to 4, the latter having passed the threshold 75% reduction in PASI (PASI75). The target plaques on the forearm are completely resolved. At week 12, both the PGA and PASI scores were 0, indicating complete clearance of disease. PGA and PASI are global efficacy assessments.



In February 2021, we reported data from the planned interim analysis of our long-term open-label study, PSOARING 3. While the PSOARING 3 long-term open-label study remains ongoing, we conducted the preplanned interim analysis once at least 100 subjects had received tapinarof for 52 weeks, and a further 300 subjects had received tapinarof for 26 weeks. The interim analysis once at least 100 subjects had received tapinarof for 52, 520, 57.3% of subjects who entered the PSOARING 3 study with a PGA score of ³ 2 achieved a PGA score of 0 or 1 at least once during the study. Although PSOARING 3 was not a vehicle-controlled study unlike the prior two PSOARING studies, we believe these interim data provide supportive evidence regarding tapinarof's potential therapeutic effect beyond the 12-week double blind treatment periods utilized in PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2. In addition, 299 out of 763 subjects (39.2%) included in the interim analysis achieved complete disease clearance (PGA score of 0) at least once during the study. We observed no evidence of tachyphylaxis as of the cutoff date, which we believe suggests treatment durability over time.

At the time of the interim analysis of PSOARING 3 open-label study results, we completed an integrated summary of efficacy (ISE) that included data from PSOARING 1, PSOARING 2 and the PSOARING 3 interim analysis summary. In the integrated analysis, we identified a PGA response of clear (0) or almost clear (1), plus at least a 2-grade improvement from baseline, at any time point, in 57% of subjects, PASI75, at any time point, in 63.5% of subjects, and PASI90, at any time point, in 44.2% of subjects, providing evidence of improvement beyond the 12 week double-blind treatment period.

In our pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials, we observed that tapinarof's treatment effect did not decline with continued use over the duration of the trials, which we refer to as durability on therapy. Additionally, in our interim data analysis for our open-label, single-arm PSOARING 3 long-term study, we observed continued improvement in efficacy assessments, including PGA and PASI scores beyond twelve weeks.

Relatedly, in our clinical trials we have also observed, including in early interim data from our PSOARING 3 long-term open-label study, that some patients treated with tapinarof maintained clinically meaningful disease clearance for an extended period of time after therapy had been discontinued. In PSOARING 3, subjects discontinued applying tapinarof when they achieved complete clearance of their disease (PGA=0). These subjects were then followed, and the time to first worsening (defined as PGA³ 2) was utilized to determine the maintenance of clinical benefit off therapy, and we refer to maintenance of clear/almost clear (PGA 0/1) while off therapy as remittive effect. At the completion of the Week 12 visit of the PSOARING 1 and PSOARING 2 trials, subjects were offered enrollment in the PSOARING 3 long-term open-label study. Subjects with a PGA³ 1 began treatment with tapinarof cream applied QD until they achieved a PGA score of 0. Treatment was discontinued when a subject achieved a PGA score of 0 and re-initiated for subsequent worsening disease (PGA³ 2).

In the PSOARING 3 interim analysis, for subjects entering PSOARING 3 with a PGA score of 0 (78/763), the median time to disease worsening (defined as a PGA score of ³ 2) following treatment discontinuation was approximately 115 days as of November 25, 2020.

Development plan

We have submitted an NDA to the FDA for tapinarof cream for the treatment of adults with plaque psoriasis and are expecting a decision on tapinarof's approval in mid-2022. Tapinarof has the potential to be the first novel topical therapy approved by the FDA for plaque psoriasis in over 20 years.

Tapinarof for the Treatment of Atopic Dermatitis

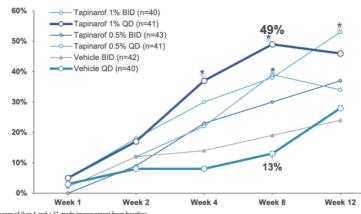
Clinical data

In 2017, GSK completed a multicenter randomized, double-blind, vehicle cream-controlled Phase 2b clinical trial of tapinarof for the treatment of atopic dermatitis in 247 adult (aged 18 to 65 years) and adolescent (aged 12 to 17 years) patients. Patients were randomized equally to six treatment groups: tapinarof cream 0.5%, tapinarof cream 1% or vehicle cream, each applied to atopic dermatitis lesions either QD or BID. The primary endpoint was the percentage of patients who achieved a minimum two-point improvement in IGA score and resulted in an assessment of "clear" or "almost clear" skin at week 12. These cases were considered a "treatment success." Secondary endpoints included the percentage of patients with a least 75% improvement in Eczema Area and Severity Index (EASI) from baseline. Efficacy was evaluated in the intent to treat (ITT) population.

Overall, the percentage of patients achieving treatment success at week 12 was much higher than vehicle cream for both tapinarof concentrations, with a robust dose response. Treatment success at week 12 was higher for both tapinarof concentrations when compared with vehicle cream. 53% of patients who applied tapinarof cream 1% BID and 46% of those who applied it QD were considered a treatment success at week 12. This compares favorably to the 24% and 28% levels for vehicle cream BID and QD, respectively. At week 12, 60% and 51% of patients treated with tapinarof cream 1% BID and QD, respectively, achieved EASI75. The treatment effect across adults and adolescents was observed to be consistent. Patient-reported outcome data was collected during the Phase 2b clinical trial, including data on reduction in severity of pruritus. At week 12, most patients treated with tapinarof cream 1% (78% of patients treated BID and 87% of patients treated QD) reported "moderately improved" to "very improved" pruritus, compared to patients treated with vehicle cream (47% of patients treated BID and 64% of patients treated QD).



IGA score 0 or 1 and ³2-grade improvement at Week 8 Primary Endpoint was at 12 Weeks: Assessed in ITT Population (NRI Analysis)



IGA response: IGA score of 0 or 1 and a ³2-grade improvement from baseline. * Difference versus vehicle cream is statistically significant at p=0.05 level (the 95% confidence interval excludes 0).

Tapinarof was observed to be well-tolerated in this Phase 2b trial for atopic dermatitis, with the majority of AEs reported as mild or moderate in intensity. In the trial, TEAEs were considered treatment-related in 10% to 19% of dosed patients across the treatment arms. The most commonly reported TEAEs were folliculitis, application-site pain and atopic dermatitis. TEAEs led to permanent discontinuation of trial treatment in 4% of dosed patients (seven patients from treatment proups total) compared to 7% of patients receiving vehicle cream (six patients total). Only one patient (tapinarof 1% BID) experienced a SAE of anxiety and hyperactive disorder, which was not considered to be related to treatment.

Development plan

We are currently planning for development of tapinarof for the treatment of atopic dermatitis and anticipate initiating pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials for the treatment of atopic dermatitis in the second half of 2021.

Potential Benefits of Tapinarof-Limitations of Current Treatments

Tapinarof's potential in psoriasis

While TCS, especially high potency TCS, are the most commonly prescribed first line topical agents for plaque psoriasis treatment, continual and long-term TCS treatment carries the risk of a variety of significant side effects, as well as the inability to utilize them in sensitive skin areas (e.g., areas such as the face, groin, or axillae), and is associated with HPA axis suppression, skin atrophy (thinning), striae (stretch marks), and telangiectasia (spider veins), among other side effects. Furthermore, some of these side effects are irreversible, persisting even after therapy is discontinued. Consequently, high-potency TCS are not recommended for chronic use, and physicians generally will not prescribe them for treatment on the face or in the intertriginous regions where skin opposes skin, such as skin folds. For example, the label for clobetasol propionate, the most commonly used highpotency steroid, limits use to two consecutive weeks, and use on the face or intertriginous regions is

contraindicated. Facial psoriasis affects 33%-50% of psoriasis patients, and between 21%-30% of people living with psoriasis develop intertriginous psoriasis.

Oral and biologic therapies are also available but are only indicated for a small percentage of the affected population, are expensive and often face access and reimbursement restrictions. While highly efficacious, biologic therapies may require frequent injections and regular physician appointments, have potential systemic toxicities and often require laboratory monitoring. As a result, use of biologics remains limited to patients with significant disease burden. Patients on biologics often continue to use TCS on resistant patches and plaques. Oral therapies have not yet achieved the same level of efficacy as biologics, but also have potential systemic side-effects, often requiring dose titration to mitigate adverse reactions. Systemic exposure to PDE4 inhibitors has been linked to depression and suicidal ideation. For example, the FDA labeling for both Otezla, the leading branded oral PDE4 inhibitor, and roflumilast, recommends advising patients to be alert for the emergence or worsening of suicidal thoughts or other mood changes, and indicates that instances of suicidal ideation and behavior were observed in clinical trials. In addition, Otezla requires dosing twice daily (BID), which can compromise adherence to the treatment regimen. Despite inferior efficacy compared to biologics, oral therapies comprise significant market share. According to EvaluatePharma, Otezla is forecasted to generate over \$1.9 billion in worldwide sales in psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis in 2020, indicating a need for more convenient treatment options with efficacy across the disease spectrum of mild to severe. In two Phase 3 trials in psoriasis patients, 20% of patients on oral Otezla achieved a PGA response at week 16, vs. 4% and 4% for placebo, respectively.

We believe tapinarof's differentiated clinical profile has five key attributes that will position it favorably over current standard of care treatments in psoriasis, including TCS therapies, if approved.



We have commissioned robust qualitative and quantitative prescriber, payor and patient third party market research, involving more than 510 clinicians, 56 patients, and 58 payors. Based on this market research, we believe that an unmet need exists in psoriasis for a safe and conveniently administered non-steroidal topical therapy that can be applied without interruption or long-term safety concerns and has potential efficacy similar to that of TCS and some systemically administered products. If approved, such a treatment could provide a significant improvement for those patients who do not receive adequate relief from current topical therapies or who have reservations about the safety and cost of oral medications or biologics or are unable to access these therapies. Our market research indicates that payors perceive tapinarof as a novel therapy that, if approved, could provide the potential to arrest the increasing cost trend of the psoriasis category, based on a survey of 15 payors.

If approved, tapinarof could give national payors the opportunity to reduce spend in the overall psoriasis therapeutic class while allowing physicians and patients access to a potentially highly potent, safe, and tolerable treatment option for plaque psoriasis before moving to more costly oral and biologic therapies. TCS, due to their FDA label safety limitations, do not allow payors the versatility to aggressively manage a chronic condition in a manner that can effectively control the psoriasis therapeutic category cost trend.

Based the clinically meaningful and statistically significant reduction in psoriasis symptoms tapinarof demonstrated in both Phase 3 trials, coupled with safety data, we believe tapinarof could be used broadly without restriction on skin application sites, or duration of use if approved. We believe the Phase 3 data we have generated and the data observed in the interim analysis of our open-label, long-term extension study support the chronic use of tapinarof, potentially in place of other topical and oral treatments, for the treatment of mild, moderate and severe plaque psoriasis, if approved.

Tapinarof's potential in atopic dermatitis

TCS, especially low-to-mid potency TCS, represent the standard-of-care for atopic dermatitis treatment. Although they are used commonly, TCS pose a specific concern in pediatric patients due to the risk of systemic absorption, HPA axis suppression, skin thinning and other potential side effects. The increased body surface area to mass ratio in children results in increased absorption and systemic exposure. The American Academy of Dermatology guidelines suggest limiting long-term use of TCS in children to avoid the risk of systemic side effects. As such, 86% of U.S. patients report dissatisfaction with current treatment options for atopic dermatitis according to the National Eczema Association. There is also considerable concern among many parents about treating their children with steroids, which can be an obstacle to treatment for physicians. Due to these risks and patient dissatisfaction, health care providers are less likely to use them long-term in children and also in sensitive skin areas such as the face or diaper/groin area. In addition, topical 2DE4 inhibitors developed to treat atopic dermatitis have been associated with side effects including application site burning and stinging. Topical calcineurin inhibitors are an additional non-steroidal option for the topical treatment of atopic dermatitis; however, their use has been limited by safety including boxed warnings of malignancy (e.g., skin and lymphoma) having been reported in patients treated with topical calcineurin inhibitors.

Patients whose disease flares despite topical treatments may be prescribed systemic agents such as oral corticosteroids or oral cyclosporine to rapidly relieve severe signs and symptoms of the disease. While these are effective as temporary treatments of flare-ups, extended use has been associated with many potential side effects or adverse events. Systemic steroids, such as prednisone, can lead to symptom relief, but their use is not recommended to induce stable remission due to numerous side effects associated with steroids and the propensity of severe disease flares upon abrupt treatment cessation. Cyclosporine is also generally not recommended for use lasting longer than one to two years, as it has been associated with renal toxicity, hirsuitism, nausea and lymphoma. Based on data from the 2014 Adelphi U.S. AD Disease Specific Program, over 58% of adults with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis have disease which physicians consider to be inadequately controlled by these therapeutic modalities. While biologic therapies are more efficacious, as is the case in psoriasis, use of therapies such as the recently approved Dupixent is limited to patients with significant disease burden as they are expensive, necessitate frequent injections, entail regular physician appointments, have potential systemic toxicities and often require laboratory monitoring.

We believe tapinarof has the potential to fill the need for a long-term treatment option for atopic dermatitis. We also believe that tapinarof has the potential to offer significant clinical advancement to address the incessant flare cycle experienced by atopic dermatitis patients that is the result of the short-term use limitation of standard-of-care TCS.

Since acquiring tapinarof in 2018, we have expanded our intellectual property with multiple patents, which are expected to expire beginning in 2036.

Tapinarof sales and marketing

If tapinarof is approved by the FDA for the treatment of mild, moderate or severe plaque psoriasis, we intend to commercialize it in the United States by building a highly specialized commercial sales organization focused on high value dermatology healthcare providers and their patients and implementing a "best-in-class" payor reimbursement and patient point of sale access strategy, which we believe will ensure broad patient access at launch.

As psoriasis patients are predominantly managed by dermatologists, we intend to deploy a specialty sales team focused on a core target base of top-decile dermatologists who write more than 80% of all commercial prescriptions in the psoriasis market. We believe a scientifically oriented, customer-focused team of approximately 60 to 75 sales representatives will allow us to reach the approximately 5,000 highest value dermatology healthcare providers. For markets outside of the U.S., we may opportunistically seek strategic collaborations to maximize the commercial opportunities for tapinarof.

If tapinarof or topical cerdulatinib are approved by the FDA for the treatment of atopic dermatitis, we plan to expand our psoriasis sales team to be able to reach additional specialists who see a significant amount of atopic dermatitis patients, such as pediatric dermatologists and allergists. Based on our commercial team's experience developing and launching dermatology products in U.S., we believe we can effectively reach the psoriasis and atopic dermatitis core target base with a highly specialized sales team of 120 to 130 total sales representatives.

Earlier-Stage Pipeline

Beyond tapinarof, Dermavant's pipeline consists of three novel product candidates targeting an array of significant unmet medical needs in the field of dermatology.

Cerdulatinib (DMVT-502)

We are evaluating topical cerdulatinib as a differentiated dual inhibitor of the JAK and Syk pathways. Given its unique mechanism of action, we believe that topical cerdulatinib, if approved, could provide a differentiated treatment option for vitiligo, a condition for which there are no FDA approved treatments that suppress vitiligo disease activity, as well as other inflammatory skin conditions that have already been validated for JAK inhibitor, such as atopic dermatitis. We initiated a Phase 2a clinical trial of topical cerdulatinib for the treatment of vitiligo in 2019 and received top-line results in the first half of 2021 that met the primary endpoints of safety and tolerability.

Vitiligo is an inflammatory skin condition characterized by skin depigmentation resulting from the loss of skin melanocytes. It usually involves the face, digits, arms, inguinal area, anogenital area, umbilicus and nipples, and can also affect the hair. Affected patches of skin are sharply demarcated and noticeable, particularly among patients with a darker natural skin color. Vitiligo is the most common skin depigmentation (color loss) disorder, affecting up to 1% of people of all ages, sexes, and ethnicities, worldwide. Vitiligo can severely impact patients' quality of life and psychological wellbeing due to its appearance and visibility, which can each persist for the duration of a patient's life.

Based on preclinical data observed to date, we believe topical cerdulatinib's dual JAK/Syk inhibition has the potential to be a powerful combination for the treatment of vitiligo. In a mouse model of vitiligo, the effect of topical cerdulatinib (dosed orally QD) on epidermal depigmentation and melanocyte-specific immunity was evaluated versus placebo over a five-week span. We observed a significant decrease in vitiligo scores compared with vehicle gel at doses of 30 mg/kg (p=0.0003) and 60 mg/kg (p=0.0001). The drug prevented epidermal depigmentation in the mice and was associated with a significant reduction of melanocyte-specific T cells in skin tissues. Topical administration has the potential to avoid systemic toxicities that are often associated with oral JAK inhibitors.

Given topical cerdulatinib's unique dual JAK/Syk inhibitor mechanism of action, we believe it also has the potential to offer particular advantages for the treatment of atopic dermatitis. In a preclinical mouse model of atopic dermatitis, contact sensitization is experimentally induced via the application of dinitrochlorobenzene. Syk knockout mice are resistant to this chemically-induced contact dermatitis. By blocking Syk activity, topical cerdulatinib may suppress the role that exogenous contact antigens play in the activity and flares associated with atopic dermatitis. Inhibiting both pathways simultaneously has the potential to not only control inflammatory disease activity but also to reduce flare frequency.

We conducted a Phase 1 trial to investigate the safety, tolerability and PK profile of topical cerdulatinib over a 14-day trial period in healthy volunteers and adults with atopic dermatitis. The results showed reductions in atopic dermatitis disease activity and evidence of drug-target engagement via biomarkers. Measures of epidermal hyperplasia showed improvements from treatment with topical cerdulatinib. Gene expression of immune markers was also reduced, which correlated with improvement in clinical response. Topical cerdulatinib gel 0.37% was generally observed to be well-tolerated among patients in this trial, with no serious AEs reported or trial discontinuations.

DMVT-504

DMVT-504 is an investigational oral candidate that we are developing for the treatment of primary focal hyperhidrosis (PFH). DMVT-504 combines an immediate-release muscarinic antagonist, oxybutynin, with a delayed-release muscarinic agonist, pilocarpine, designed to mitigate dry mouth typically observed with anticholinergic therapies for better long-term tolerability.

Primary focal hyperhidrosis is a condition characterized by excessive sweating—beyond what is physiologically required by the body or what is expected given the local environment and temperature. The most common focal areas affected by the disease are the underarms, palms of hands, soles of feet, and face. Approximately 80% of patients experience symptoms in multiple areas of the body, with 70% of patients reporting excessive sweating in multiple areas. Hyperhidrosis results in substantial impairments for patients; excessive sweating, which can range from mild to "dripping," can severely limit social interactions, work productivity and physical activity. Hyperhidrosis has an estimated prevalence in the United States of 4.8%, representing approximately 15.3 million people, half of whom are reportedly undiagnosed.

In a Phase 2a proof-of-concept clinical trial conducted by TheraVida, Inc. (TheraVida) in patients with PFH, THVD-102 (a predecessor formulation of DMVT-504) significantly reduced Hyperhidrosis Disease Severity Score (HDSS) compared with placebo (p=0.04) and was also able to provide a statistically significant reduction (p=0.027) in dry mouth symptoms. In connection with additional formulation work, we have completed a Phase 1 clinical trial to investigate the safety, tolerability and PK profile of multiple formulations of DMVT-504. All formulations of DMVT-504 assessed in the study were observed to be generally well-tolerated, and mean PK results showed a relationship between formulation and delayed-release characteristics.

Given the site-specific nature of treating hyperhidrosis, we believe patients would benefit from an oral therapy that provides a non-invasive treatment approach with a simple dosing regimen, efficacy across multiple focal sites of excessive sweating, and limited side effects commonly associated with oral and biologic anti-cholinergic therapies.

DMVT-503

In addition to its clinical pipeline, Dermavant is developing DMVT-503, a topical DGAT1 inhibitor, as a treatment for acne vulgaris. We are conducting a pre-clinical mouse model study to explore the potential for DMVT-503 to induce dose-dependent atrophy of sebum-producing sebaceous glands, a similar effect to and potential biomarker of isotretinoin efficacy.

Immunovant Overview

- Overview:
 - Immunovant is developing IMVT-1401 for the treatment of Myasthenia Gravis ("MG"), Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia ("WAIHA") and Thyroid Eye Disease ("TED").

Lead program:

- IMVT-1401 is a novel, fully human monoclonal antibody that selectively binds to and inhibits the neonatal fragment crystallizable receptor ("FcRn").
- Designed to be a fixed-dose, self-administered subcutaneous ("SC") injection on a convenient weekly, or less frequent, dosing schedule.
- In nonclinical studies and in clinical trials conducted to date, IMVT-1401 has been observed to reduce immunoglobulin G ("IgG") antibody levels. High levels of pathogenic IgG antibodies drive a variety of autoimmune diseases and, as a result, we believe IMVT-1401 has the potential for broad application in related disease areas.

Disease overview:

- Advanced IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases had an aggregate prevalence of approximately 758,000 patients in 2020 in the United States
 and Europe.
- MG is a rare autoimmune disorder characterized by weakness of muscles including ocular, head, oropharyngeal, limb and respiratory
 muscles and affected an estimated 66,000 people in the U.S. in 2020.
- WAIHA is a rare hematologic disease in which autoantibodies mediate hemolysis, or the destruction of red blood cells ("RBCs"), affecting
 approximately 42,000 patients in the U.S. and 67,000 patients in Europe.
- TED is most commonly caused by IgG autoantibodies that active cell types present in tissues surrounding the eye and can ultimately be sight-threatening and has an estimated annual incidence of 16 in 100,000 women and 2.9 in 100,000 men in North America and Europe.

Limitations of current treatments:

- Early-stage disease: corticosteroids and immunosuppressants
- Later-stage disease: intravenous immunoglobulin ("IVIg"), or plasma exchange
- Approaches are limited by delayed onset of action, waning therapeutic benefit over time and unfavorable safety profiles

<u>Clinical data:</u>

- In February 2021, we voluntarily paused dosing in our clinical trials for IMVT-1401 due to elevated total cholesterol and low-density lipoprotein ("LDL") levels observed in some trial subjects treated with IMVT-1401 and informed regulatory authorities and trial subjects and investigators of this voluntary pause of dosing in our studies that were ongoing at that time. Following a program-wide data review from February 2021 through May 2021 suggesting that lipid elevations are predictable, manageable, and appear to be driven by reductions in albumin, we plan to resume clinical development of IMVT-1401 in MG and WAIHA. We are likely to design another Phase 2 trial in TED or another thyroid-related disease as their next study in this therapeutic area.
- Statistically significant improvements on the Myasthenia Gravis Activities of Daily Living ("MG-ADL") scale and Myasthenia Gravis Composite ("MGC") scale in ASCEND MG Phase 2a trial of IMVT-1401 in patients with MG.

 In the ASCEND GO-2 Phase 2b trial in TED, treatment with IMVT-1401 reduced both IgG and disease specific pathogenic IgG over the 12-week treatment period. However, the efficacy results, based on approximately half the anticipated number of subjects who had reached the week 13 primary efficacy analysis at the time of the termination of the trial, were inconclusive.

Development plan and upcoming milestones:

- Contingent upon FDA feedback, we plan to initiate a pivotal trial in MG late in the calendar year 2021 or early part of calendar year 2022.
- Contingent upon FDA feedback, we plan to re-initiate our Phase 2a trial in WAIHA late in the calendary year 2021 or early part of calendar year 2022.
- We are likely to design another Phase 2 trial in TED or another thyroid-related disease as the next study in this therapeutic area and initiate discussions with regulatory authorities before the end of calendar year 2021.
- We plan to announce two new indications and submit INDs and our trial designs to the FDA by May 2022.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

• As of March 31, 2021, we own 58% of the issued and outstanding shares of Immunovant common stock and 53% on a Fully Diluted basis.

<u>Pipeline:</u>

•

Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone
IMVT-1401 Myasthenia G	ravis			Phase 3 initiation expected in late 2021 or early 2022
IMVT-1401 Warm Autoim	mune Hemolytic Anemia	_		Phase 2a restart in late 2021 or early 2022
IMVT-1401 Thyroid Eye D	lisease	_		Study start TBD
IMVT-1401 Indication #4				Two new indications expected to be announced in
IMVT-1401 Indication #5				H1 2022

IMVT-1401

IMVT-1401 is a novel, fully human monoclonal antibody that selectively binds to and inhibits FcRn. In nonclinical studies and in clinical trials conducted to date, IMVT-1401 has been observed to reduce IgG antibody levels. High levels of pathogenic IgG antibodies drive a variety of autoimmune diseases and, as a result, we believe IMVT-1401 has the potential for broad application in these disease areas.

In addition to generating clinically meaningful IgG reductions, IMVT-1401 has been designed from inception to be a fixed-dose, self-administered SC injection on a convenient weekly, or less frequent, dosing schedule. We believe that IMVT-1401, if developed and approved for commercial sale, would be differentiated from currently available, more invasive treatments for advanced IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases. The patent family directed to the composition of matter of IMVT-1401 has a natural projected expiration date in 2035 in the U.S. and in foreign jurisdictions.

Mechanism of action

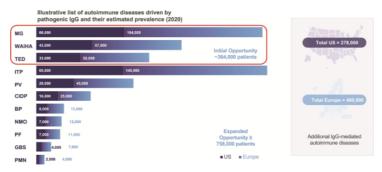
The neonatal fragment crystallizable receptor, or FcRn plays a pivotal role in preventing the degradation of IgG antibodies. The physiologic function of FcRn is to modulate the catabolism of IgG antibodies. FcRn

intercepts IgG, which would otherwise be degraded in lysosomes. The FcRn-IgG complex is then recycled to the cell surface and free IgG is released back into circulation. Anti-FcRn antibodies bind to FcRn, thereby preventing it from recycling IgG antibodies back to circulation. As a result, IgG is increasingly delivered to lysosomes for degradation. The inhibition of FcRn, such as through use of an anti-FcRn antibody, has been shown to reduce levels of pathogenic IgG antibodies, suggesting utility in the many autoimmune diseases associated with high levels of such IgG antibodies.

Autoimmune Diseases

Autoimmune diseases are conditions where an immune response is inappropriately directed against the body's own healthy cells and tissues. Many of these diseases are associated with high levels of pathogenic IgG antibodies, which are the most abundant type of antibody produced by the human immune system, accounting for approximately 75% of antibodies in the plasma of healthy people. IgG antibodies are important in the defense against pathogens, such as viruses and bacteria. In many autoimmune diseases, IgG antibodies inappropriately develop against normal proteins found in the body, directing the immune system to attack specific organs or organ systems.

Unfortunately, safe and effective treatment options for patients suffering from autoimmune diseases are inadequate. Currently available treatments are generally limited in early-stage disease to corticosteroids and immunosuppressants, and in later-stage disease to IVIg or plasma exchange. These approaches often fail to address patients' needs since they are limited by delayed onset of action, waning therapeutic benefit over time and unfavorable safety profiles.



Europe includes all E.U. countries, the U.K. and Switzerland. MG: Myasthenia Gravis; WAIHA: Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia; TED: Thyroid Eye Disease; ITP: Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura; PV: Pemphigus Vulgaris; CIDP: Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy; BP: Bullous Pemphigoid; NMO: Neuromyelitis Optica; PF: Pemphigus Folaceus; GBS: Couldian-Barré Syndrome; PMN: PLA2R+ Membranous Nephropathy.

As a result of the rational design of IMVT-1401, we believe that IMVT-1401, if approved for use, could provide the following benefits:

Subcutaneous delivery. Based on pharmacokinetics ("PK") and pharmacodynamics ("PD") and clinical data, we believe that we will be
able to obtain therapeutically relevant levels of IgG reduction using 2-mL or lesser volume SC injections. The current formulation is
concentrated at 170 mg/mL.

- Simple dosing schedule. We are developing IMVT-1401 as a fixed-dose subcutaneously administered regimen without the need for
 preceding intravenous induction doses or lengthy SC infusions. If approved, we intend to market IMVT-1401 as a
 fixed-dose pre-filled syringe or auto-injector, which would allow for convenient self-administration, eliminating the need for frequent and
 costly clinic visits, and reduce complexity and errors associated with calculating individual doses.
- Low immunogenicity risk. IMVT-1401 is a fully human monoclonal antibody, and therefore contains only amino acid sequences native to
 humans, hypothesizing a lower risk of immunogenicity development.
- Low effector function. IMVT-1401 has been engineered to prevent activation of other components of the immune system, and, as a result, unintended immune response to IMVT-1401 is not expected. Specifically, well-characterized and validated mutations introduced into the fragment crystallizable domain of IMVT-1401 have reduced its ability to cause antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity ("ADCC") and complement-dependent cytotoxicity ("CDC").

Recent Developments in Our Clinical Programs

In February 2021, we voluntarily paused dosing in our clinical trials for IMVT-1401 due to elevated total cholesterol and LDL levels observed in some trial subjects treated with IMVT-1401. We have informed regulatory authorities and trial subjects and investigators of this voluntary pause of dosing in our studies that were ongoing at that time, ASCEND GO-2, a Phase 2b trial in Thyroid Eye Disease and ASCEND-WAIHA, a Phase 2 trial in Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia.

Program-Wide Review

In order to better characterize the observed lipid findings, we conducted from February 2021 through May 2021 a program-wide data review (including both clinical and nonclinical data) with input from external scientific and medical experts.

In our ASCEND GO-2 trial, lipid parameters were assessed at baseline, at week 12, and at week 20 following eight weeks off drug. Based on preliminary, unblinded data, median LDL cholesterol at week 12 was increased by approximately 12 mg/dL in the 255 mg dose group (corresponding to an increase from baseline of approximately 15%), by approximately 33 mg/dL in the 340 mg dose group (corresponding to an increase from baseline of approximately 62 mg/dL in the 680mg dose group (corresponding to an increase from baseline of approximately 52%) and did not increase in the control group. The data analysis indicates a dose-dependent increase in lipids. Average high-density liporotein ("HDL") and triglyceride levels also increased but to a much lesser degree. We also observed correlated decreases in albumin levels and the rate and extent of albumin reductions were dose-dependent. Subjects receiving the 255 mg weekly dose ("QW") experienced the smallest reductions in albumin through week 12, with a median reduction of about 16% from baseline, while subjects receiving the 340 mg or 680 mg QW dose experienced median reductions of albumin of 26% or 40%, respectively. At week 20, both lipids and albumin returned to baseline.

In our open label ASCEND WAIHA trial, only two subjects completed 12 weeks of dosing prior to the program-wide pause in dosing, with three additional subjects partially completing the dosing period. Pre-specified and post-hoc lipid test results from these five subjects were analyzed along with post-hoc lipid test results performed on frozen samples from ASCEND MG subjects (where available) and post-hoc lipid test results from our Phase 1 Injection Site study. LDL elevations observed in the ASCEND WAIHA and ASCEND MG subject populations and in healthy subjects in the Phase 1 Injection Site study also appeared to be dose-dependent and were generally consistent in magnitude with the elevations observed in ASCEND GO-2 subjects.

No major adverse cardiovascular events have been reported to date in IMVT-1401 clinical trials.

Integrated Safety Assessment and Regulatory Interactions

It is our intent to resume development across multiple indications for IMVT-1401. We are in the process of drafting multiple study protocols and updating our program-wide safety strategy for discussions with regulatory agencies. The elements of our development program will include extensive PK and PD modeling to select dosing regimens for IMVT-1401 which optimize reductions in total IgG levels while minimizing the impact on albumin and LDL levels, particularly for clinical studies containing long-term treatment extensions. These protocols will likely include protocol-directed guidelines for the management of any observed lipid abnormalities. While increases in LDL over an 8 to 12 week treatment duration would not be expected to pose a safety concern for patients, the risk-benefit profile of long-term administration of IMVT-1401 will need to incorporate any unfavorable effects on lipid profiles. Discussions with regulatory agencies, including the FDA, are expected to commence during the second half of the calendar year 2021.

Phase 1 Clinical Trials of IMVT-1401 in Healthy Volunteers

We have completed a multi-part, placebo-controlled Phase 1 clinical trial involving 99 healthy volunteers in Australia and Canada, administering IMVT-1401 both as an intravenous infusion and as a SC injection. In this trial, 77 subjects received at least one dose of IMVT-1401 and 22 subjects received placebo.

Program-Wide Data Review

Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics

The PK and PD (including serum concentrations of total IgG, albumin, and lipids) of IMVT-1401 were evaluated in healthy subjects in our Phase 1 clinical trial and Phase 1 Injection Site Study, and in patients with MG, TED and WAIHA in our ASCEND MG, ASCEND GO-1, ASCEND GO-2 and ASCEND WAIHA trials. To date, single doses of IMVT-1401 ranged from 100 mg to 1530 mg IV and 1.5 mg/kg to 765 mg SC and were administered to healthy subjects. Multiple doses of 255 mg, 340 mg and 680 mg SC QW have been studied in healthy subjects (up to 4 weeks of dosing) and patients with TED, MG or WAIHA (up to 12 weeks of dosing).

Pharmacokinetics

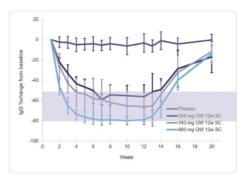
IMVT-1401 exhibited a non-linear PK profile which was typical of that characterized by target-mediated drug disposition ("TMDD"). The elimination of IMVT-1401 can be divided into three phases according to the concentrations. The first phase shows linear elimination; when drug concentrations are high enough to saturate targets, drug elimination is governed by linear non-target-related routes, together with a fixed rate of target-mediated elimination, which is negligible in this phase. At the second phase, the drug concentrations become lower, the targets are not all saturated and both non-target-mediated alter mediated elimination routes are important, resulting in nonlinear PK. At the last phase, the drug concentrations are so low that targets are not saturated, the target mediated elimination becomes the main route of elimination, and the PK becomes linear again. The drug concentrations achieved after 680 mg SC QW dose were mainly in the linear elimination phase of the PK profile, may maintain target saturation during the dosing intervals for majority of the subjects.

Pharmacodynamics

Currently, ASCEND GO-2 in TED is the largest study (total of 65 subjects, including 18 subjects on placebo) which evaluated placebo and 3-dose levels of IMVT-1401 at 255 mg, 340 mg and 680 mg administered SC weekly for 12 weeks ("QW*12"). The preliminary PD results of total IgG by time and treatment group is presented in the below figure. The baseline serum levels of total IgG, albumin, LDL, and HDL were comparable across all treatment groups. After active treatment, the levels of total IgG and albumin started to decrease, but the

levels of LDL and HDL started to increase; both the rate and extent of reductions in total IgG and albumin or elevations of LDL and HDL were dose dependent. After 255 mg, 340 mg or 680 mg QW*12, the median Emax of total IgG reduction was 62%, 69% or 80%, respectively. For Groups 255 mg and 340 mg, total IgG levels continued to decrease as of week 12 (the last injection). For Group 680 mg, total IgG reached maximum reduction around week 7, and maintained in a plateau-like manner between weeks 7 to 12. The median Emax of albumin reduction was 16%, 26% or 40% for the 255 mg, 340 mg or 680 mg QW*12 doses, respectively. For Groups 340 mg and 680 mg, albumin levels continued to decrease as of week 12 (the last injection). For Group 255 mg, albumin reduction reached maximum around week 8, and maintained in a plateau-like manner between weeks 8 to 12. After 255 mg, 340 mg or 680 mg QW*12, the median elevation at Week 12 was 15%, 37% or 52%, respectively for LDL, and 14%, 10% or 25%, respectively for HDL. For all three active dose groups, the levels of total IgG, albumin, LDL and HDL returned to baseline within 8 weeks after the last dose of the 12-week treatment.

Mean (±SD) Percentage Change from Baseline of Serum Concentrations of Total IgG in Subjects in ASCEND GO-2 (Preliminary Results)



The relationships of the PD effects in total LDL vs. albumin indicate that the time course and extent of LDL elevations were highly correlated with albumin reductions. The reductions in both IgG and albumin were also highly correlated, with a coefficient of determination of $R^2 = 0.793$. It was also noted that the lipid elevations were not correlated with changes in thyroid hormone levels (no correlations to changes in T3, T4 or TSH was observed).

Within the dose range studied, the rate and extent of total IgG reductions, albumin reductions and lipid elevations were dose dependent across different populations and the shoulder region of the dose-response curve for total IgG reductions was covered and observed. However, the shoulder region of the dose-response curve for albumin reductions or lipid elevations was not clearly observed. The extent of PD response was much larger in reductions of total IgG than reductions of albumin or elevations of lipids.

Comprehensive understanding of the PK and PD characteristics of IMVT-1401 has enabled creation of robust mathematical models to support the selection of future dosing regimens. The discordance between the PK/PD response relationship for IgG and that of albumin or LDL suggests options for dosing regimens that provide potentially effective reductions in total IgG (and pathologic autoantibodies) while minimizing effects on albumin and LDL levels. Optimized dosing regimens, if shown to be effective, could improve the risk/benefit profile of IMVT-1401 while the ease of administration of our current formulation could enhance the overall patient experience.

Safety data

We conducted, from February 2021 through May 2021, a program-wide data review, including safety data review, with input from external scientific and medical experts. The safety data review for each of the studies is described below.

1

In our multi-part, placebo-controlled Phase 1 clinical trial, IMVT-1401 was observed to be generally well-tolerated with no Grade 3 or Grade 4 treatment-emergent AEs and no discontinuations due to AEs. The most commonly reported AEs were mild erythema and swelling at the injection site, which typically resolved within hours and had a similar incidence between subjects receiving IMVT-1401 and placebo. These reactions at the injection site were not considered dose-related and did not increase with multiple administrations of IMVT-1401 in the multiple-dose cohorts. As previously disclosed, two serious AEs were reported, both of which were assessed as unrelated to IMVT-1401 by the study investigator. There were no treatment-related serious AEs reported.

A summary of the most commonly reported AEs, defined as the AE reported occurred in more than one subject, is set forth in the table below:

Most Common Adverse Events Reported in Phase 1 Clinical Trial of IMVT-1401

	Single Ascending Dose															
	Intravenous Infusion						Subcutaneous Injection						Multiple Ascending Dose Subcutaneous Injection			
Number of	0.1 MG/KG	100 MG	340 MG	765 MG	1530 MG	Placebo	0.5 MG/KG	1.5 MG/KG	5 MG/KG	340 MG	500 MG	765 MG	Placebo	340 MG	680 MG	Placebo
Subjects	N=4	N=6	N=6	N=6	N=6	N=8	N=3	N=6	N=6	N=6	N=6	N=6	N=10	N=8	N=8	N=4
MedDRA Preferred Term		_														
Abdominal pain									1					1		
Abdominal pain upper													2	1		
Abnormal sensation in eye					1					1						
Back pain						2					1		1	1		
Constipation						1								1		
Cough											1		2			
Diarrhea														2		
Dizziness						1							1			1
Dry skin													1		1	
Erythema							1								1	
Fatigue	1			1	1	1	1			1			1			
Headache	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	4	1		1	2		
Injection site erythema									5	1	5	6	7	8	7	4
Injection site pain											1			2		1
Injection site swelling									3		2	4	3	7	6	2
Insomnia									1					4		
Myalgia														1	1	
Nasal congestion									1		1		1	1		
Nausea									1	1			1		1	1
Ocular hyperaemia															2	
Oropharyngeal pain	1			1	2				1		1		1	2		
Pain in extremity						1							1			
Procedural complication								1		1						
Procedural dizziness					2						1					
Pyrexia			1	1					1							
Rash					2				2				2		1	
Rhinorrhoea									1				2			
Sinusitis			1										1			
Somnolence		1							1							
Upper respiratory tract infection	1	1	1				3		1	1				1		
Vision blurred					1					1						

In November 2018, one serious AE (malpighian carcinoma) occurred in a 51-year-old subject who had received a single 765 mg subcutaneous administration of IMVT-1401. Fifty-five days after study drug administration, the subject presented to his personal physician with a left-sided neck mass. Biopsy results determined the mass to be a poorly differentiated malpighian carcinoma, which was assessed as unrelated to IMVT-1401 by the study investigator. In February 2019, a 25-year-old subject who received a single dose 1530 mg of IMVT-1401 by intravenous infusion presented five days later with uncomplicated acute appendicitis and the presence of an appendiceal stone. The subject underwent laparoscopic appendectomy and recovered with an uneventful post-operative course. The event was considered unrelated to study drug by the study investigator.

Dose-dependent and reversible albumin reductions were observed in the single-ascending and multiple-ascending dose cohorts. In the 680 mg multiple-ascending dose cohort, most subjects appeared to reach nadir before administration of the final dose. Mean reduction in albumin levels at day 28 were 20% in the 340 mg multiple-dose cohort, and 31% in the 680 mg multiple-dose cohort. For subjects in the 340 mg and 680 mg cohorts, the mean albumin levels at day 28 were 37.5 g/L and 32.4 g/L, respectively (normal range 36-51 g/L). These reductions were not associated with any AEs or clinical symptoms and did not lead to any study discontinuations.

Our Phase 1 Injection Site study, a randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled, crossover study to characterize the PK, PD, safety and tolerability of IMVT-1401 was administered as single subcutaneous doses in three different injection sites in healthy participants (N = 21). In this trial, IMVT-1401 was generally well tolerated with no serious AEs reported and there were no discontinuations due to AEs. All AEs were assessed to be unrelated to IMVT-1401 by the study investigator. Mild headache was reported in 33% of the overall group as compared with 25% of the placebo group.

In our ASCEND GO-1 clinical trial, where seven participants completed the treatment period of the study and five of those participants completed the follow-up, off treatment period (the two discontinuations were not related to the study), the safety and tolerability profile observed was consistent with the Phase 1 clinical trials. In this trial, no serious AEs were observed and there were no discontinuations due to AEs. IMVT-1401 was generally well-tolerated, with the reported AEs, ranging from mild to moderate, being increase in weight, cough, fatigue, palpitations, light-headedness, and low blood pressure. One participant had a pre-existing condition of hypertension with borderline low platelets at baseline and a low platelet count after week 18.

In our ASCEND MG clinical trial, which included five participants in the 340 mg dose group, six participants in the 680 mg dose group and six participants in the placebo group, two serious AEs were reported but determined to be unrelated to IMVT-1401 by the study investigator.

In our ASCEND GO-2 clinical trial, five out of 18 participants in the 680 mg dose group reported peripheral edema with no such events noted in the other treatment groups. The events were Grade 1 or 2 (on a scale of 1 to 5), were limited in duration, and did not require permanent discontinuation of study drug. There were no reported cardiac events and injection site erythema was more common in the treated groups as compared with the placebo group. In the 255 mg dose group, one AE, optic neuropathy, was considered serious due to hospitalization, but was ultimately determined to be unrelated to the study and the participant later recovered. Triglycerides were elevated in the 340 mg and 680 mg dose groups with two participants reporting levels above 300 mg/dL and <400 mg/dL. No other serious AEs were reported.

The ASCEND WAIHA study is an ongoing, open-label trial that has been evaluated with interim results. To date, one of the five trial subjects discontinued therapy after three 680 mg SC QW doses due to a serious AE (Immune thrombocytopenia). In January 2021, a 59-year-old subject presented for the scheduled week 4 study visit and reported gingival bleeding. The week 4 dose was not administered and laboratory results revealed decreases in platelet count. Platelet count was already at a decreased level at the time of enrollment. The subject received multiple platelet transfusions over the following few weeks. In February 2021, the AE was considered as resolved and no further transfusions were needed at that time. The study investigator considered the event related to

aggravation of underlying disease activity (hemolytic anemia with immune thrombocytopenia) since the subject had decreased platelet counts at initial diagnosis; however, the study investigator stated that the investigational product's role in causing or aggravating thrombocytopenia cannot be ruled out. The adverse event was determined to be possibly related to study drug.

As previously disclosed, lipid levels were not measured contemporaneously during these Phase 1, ASCEND MG and ASCEND GO-1 clinical trials of IMVT-1401. See "Recent Developments in Our Clinical Programs" for further discussion about lipid and albumin changes noted in our clinical trials.

Across all the clinical trial groups to date, we believe the safety profile of IMVT-1401 at the doses studied over a treatment interval of at least 12 weeks is acceptable and supports further development of these dosing regimens. As discussed in "*Recent Developments in Our Clinical Programs*," dose-dependent decreases in albumin levels have been observed with IMVT-1401; however, these decreases were generally asymptomatic except for the potentially expected AE of peripheral edema which was observed only in the 680 mg dose group and resolved without permanent discontinuation of IMVT-1401. Dose-related increases in LDL and total cholesterol have also been observed with IMVT-1401. While increases in LDL of this magnitude over a 12-week treatment duration would not be expected to pose a safety concern for patients, the risk-benefit profile of long-term administration of IMVT-1401 will need to incorporate any unfavorable effects on lipid profiles. Future study designs which include long-term textensions will employ extensive PK/PD modeling to select dosing regimens that optimize reductions in total IgG while minimizing effects on albumin and LDL. These protocols will likely include protocol-directed guidelines for the management of any observed lipid abnormalities. The indications that we are pursuing with IMVT-1401 are associated with substantial morbidity and currently available treatments (e.g., high dose intravenous methylprednisolone) associated with significant side effects. Therefore, we believe that, if IMVT-1401 is found to be effective in these diseases, the safety profile observed to date should result in a favorable risk-benefit profile of IMVT-1401.

No major adverse cardiovascular events have been reported to date in IMVT clinical trials.

Immunogenicity Data

The development of anti-drug antibodies ("ADA") to IMVT-1401 was assessed across all dosed cohorts following single (IV and SC formulations) and multiple (SC formulation) administrations of IMVT-1401. Preliminary data show a similar frequency of treatment-emergent ADA development among subjects who received at least one administration of IMVT-1401 or placebo (8% and 6%, respectively). The antibody titers were low (£ 1:16) consistent with the high sensitivity of the ADA assay. No subjects in either the 340 mg or 680 mg multiple ascending dose cohorts developed ADAs with treatment. ADAs will continue to be monitored throughout the development program.

IMVT-1401 for the Treatment of Myasthenia Gravis

MG overview and limitations of current treatments

Myasthenia Gravis is a rare autoimmune disorder, characterized by weakness of muscles including ocular, head, oropharyngeal, limb and respiratory muscles. The prevalence of MG is estimated to be one in 5,000, with up to 66,000 cases expected in the United States. Existing therapies are associated with significant side effects and an unmet medical need persists. Approximately 10% of MG patients are refractory to current treatments, while up to 80% fail to achieve complete stable remission.

Very early-stage MG is symptomatically treated with acetylcholinesterase inhibitors such as pyridostigmine, which block the breakdown of acetylcholine at the neuromuscular junction, thereby increasing its concentration and capacity to activate the muscle. As the disease progresses, patients are typically treated with immunosuppressive agents such as glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and cyclosporine. As

MG becomes more advanced, patients can be treated during exacerbations with IVIg, which provides therapeutic benefit through multiple potential mechanisms including the saturation of FcRn. However, IVIg requires recurrent, burdensome infusions to obtain significant reductions in symptoms, and the large volumes of intravenous fluid associated with the administration of IVIg can lead to significant side effects, including pulmonary edema and renal complications and treatment can be complicated by events associated with intravacular thrombosis.

Physicians direct patients with more advanced chronic disease and patients in times of crisis to therapies that reduce levels of circulating IgG antibodies. One method of reducing IgG levels is to take blood from a patient and physically remove the patient's plasma before returning the red blood cells as well as outside obtained albumin or plasma to the patient in a process called plasma exchange. This is a slow process that typically takes several hours and often requires multiple treatment sequences due to limited daily tolerance (a reported mean of 6 treatments in MG) over a number of days in order to achieve a significant reduction in IgG antibody levels. A variant of this procedure is immunoadsorption in which bacterial proteins are used to selectively remove IgG antibodies from serum. The table below sets forth an overview of these treatments for MG. The most recent agent approved for MG is eculizumab, a complement C5 inhibitor, the use of which is limited to patients refractory to available therapy with anti-ACnR-positive MG. Anti-MuSK antibodies have a low propensity to activate complement proteins, thus C5 inhibition may not be therapeutically relevant in anti-MuSK-positive patients. Studies indicating that patients with MuSK-positive disease are more likely to become treatment refractory thus presenting an additional unmet need.

Clinical data

In August 2020, we reported topline results from an interim analysis of 15 participants in our ASCEND MG trial. Results from the six-week treatment period included three arms: 340 mg IMVT-1401 weekly (N=5), 680 mg IMVT-1401 weekly (N=5), and placebo (N=5). Initially, the trial had a target enrollment of 21 subjects, however, after taking into consideration the impact of COVID-19 as well as recent data from other anti-FcRn programs that have supported this mechanism in MG, we elected to unblind and report the study with 15 subjects enrolled.

As evaluated in a pre-specified, pooled analysis of 15 subjects who completed Day 42, IMVT-1401-treated subjects (N=10) showed a mean 3.8-point improvement on the MG Activities of Daily Living, or MG-ADL, scale vs. a mean decline of +0.6 for placebo, a result that was statistically significant (p=0.039). IMVT-1401-treated subjects also showed a statistically significant improvement on the MG Composite, or MGC, scale vs. a verage improvement of 8.0 points vs. a mean decline of +1.4 for placebo (p=0.009).

MG-ADL responder rates, defined as the percentage of subjects showing a ³ 2-point improvement, were 60% for IMVT-1401-treated subjects vs. 20% for placebo. MG-ADL deep responder rates, defined in the study as the percentage of subjects showing a ³ G-point improvement, were 40% for IMVT-1401-treated subjects vs. 0% for placebo. MGC deep responder rates, defined in the study as the percentage of subjects showing a ³ 10-point improvement, were 40% for IMVT-1401-treated subjects vs. 0% for placebo.

Consistent with previously reported Phase 1 results, IMVT-1401 was observed to be generally well-tolerated with no SAEs, no withdrawals due to AEs, and no imbalance in headaches; as previously disclosed, lipid levels were not measured contemporaneously during the Phase 1 and ASCEND MG Phase 2a clinical trials of IMVT-1401. Mean reductions in total serum IgG from baseline to Day 42 for the 340 mg and 680 mg cohorts were 59% and 76%, respectively.

After the interim analysis, two additional participants enrolled and were randomized. The ASCEND MG trial is now completed.

Development plan

Before the voluntary pause of dosing, we had a favorable end of Phase 2 meeting with the FDA on the design of our Phase 3 registrational program in MG and we are planning on advancing our clinical trials for this indication. Based on our integrated safety analysis, we plan to meet with the FDA to propose further development to evaluate additional dosing levels and regimens as well as to include additional safety monitoring and considerations such as lipid and albumin monitoring and incorporating an independent safety monitoring committee. Contingent upon FDA feedback, we plan to initiate a pivotal study in MG late in the calendar year 2021 or early part of the calendar year 2022.

IMVT-1401 for the Treatment of Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia

WAIHA overview and limitations of current treatments

WAIHA is a rare hematologic disease in which autoantibodies mediate hemolysis, or the destruction of RBCs. The clinical presentation is variable and most commonly includes non-specific symptoms of anemia such as fatigue, weakness, skin paleness and shortness of breath. Symptoms typically develop chronically over several weeks to months, however, rapid progression over a span of days has also been observed. In severe cases, hemoglobin levels are unable to meet the body's oxygen demand, which can lead to heart attacks, heart failure and even death. Though the exact causes of WAIHA are unknown, roughly half of cases occur in patients with an underlying lymphoproliferative or autoimmune disease, most commonly chronic lymphocytic leukemia, rheumatoid arthritis or systemic lupus erythematosus.

In WAIHA, autoantibodies react with surface proteins on RBCs at temperatures at or above 37 degrees Celsius, or normal body temperature. These antibodies are of the IgG subtype in the majority of patients. WAIHA is differentiated from cold autoimmune hemolytic anemia, or cold agglutinin disease, which shares a similar clinical presentation but is triggered by autoantibodies that react at temperatures below 37 degrees Celsius. In WAIHA, antibody-coated RBCs are removed from circulation primarily in the spleen, where they are destroyed by macrophages. Studies have suggested the severity of WAIHA correlates with the amount and potency of autoantibodies present. The laboratory evaluation of WAIHA begins with a peripheral blood analysis revealing evidence of extravascular hemolysis (spherocytes, low haptoglobin, elevated bilirubin and elevated LDH). In over 97% of cases, patients have a positive direct antiglobulin test, which detects the presence of IgG or complement proteins bound to the surface of RBCs.

The annual incidence of WAIHA in the United States and Europe is estimated at one to three in 100,000 persons. Based on published estimates, we believe that there are approximately 42,000 patients in the United States and 67,000 patients in Europe living with WAIHA. The disease may be more common in females, with some sources suggesting a 2:1 female predominance. Peak incidence occurs during the sixth and seventh decades of life, however, WAIHA concur in children as well.

High doses of corticosteroids (>1 mg/kg of prednisone) are typically the first-line treatment option for WAIHA and lead to initial disease control in approximately 70-85% of cases. Once initial disease control is achieved, doses of steroids are tapered. However, only 33% of patients maintain sustained disease control once steroids are discontinued and, as a result, the majority of patients will require either long-term steroid treatment or additional therapies.

There are few studies to guide which treatment options to use in patients failing corticosteroids. Until recently, splenectomy had been a common second-line treatment option for patients not responding adequately to corticosteroids. The therapeutic benefit of splenectomy is thought to be twofold: first, it eliminates the major site of RBC destruction in WAIHA; second, removal of the spleen reduces the total lymphoid tissue capable of producing autoantibodies. However, because of the lack of reliable predictors of the outcome, morbidity and potential operative complications of splenectomy, rituximab has become the default second-line option despite not being approved for use in WAIHA. In case studies looking at patients with relapsed disease after treatment

with steroids, single-agent rituximab led to responses in 65% to 90% of patients. In such a course of treatment, maximal therapeutic effect is not immediate.

Patients with persistent disease despite use of corticosteroids and rituximab may be offered a course of other immunosuppressive drugs, such as cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil or azathioprine sirolimus. IVIg is nor routinely used alone for the treatment of WAIHA, however, small case series have suggested some evidence for a therapeutic effect in patients suffering from life-threatening complications of the disease. In these reports, IVIg has been given at high doses (greater than or equal to 1 g/kg per day), and the results have been inconsistent, requiring repeated courses of treatment in at least one case. RBC transfusions are indicated in patients who require immediate stabilization. Such patients are monitored closely for evidence of a transfusion reaction. In contrast to other treatment modalities that lead to nonspecific suppression of the immune system, IMVT-1401 may offer a more targeted approach for reducing levels of the casastive IgG species responsible for most cases of WAIHA. We believe this could provide a favorable therapeutic window and avoid the significant side effects associated with less targeted immunosuppression.

Development plan

In November 2019, we submitted our IND to the FDA for WAIHA and, in December 2019, our IND was cleared for Phase 2 trial initiation. The ASCEND WAIHA trial will explore the potential of IMVT-1401 to increase hemoglobin levels and assess the safety and tolerability of IMVT-1401 in this population. Subjects in this trial will be treated with one of two doses of IMVT-1401 (680 mg or 340 mg) administered weekly by subcutaneous injection for 12 weeks. The primary endpoint of this trial is the proportion of response, achieving a hemoglobin level of at least 10 g/dL and at least a 2 g/dL increase from baseline. Secondary endpoints include change from baseline in other hematologic and chemistry parameters, time to response, patient reported outcome measures, total IgG antibodies and IgG antibodies by subclasses.

The ASCEND WAIHA trial is an open label design, so the program-wide pause in dosing resulted in this trial being suspended. During the fall of 2021, we plan to commence discussions with the FDA on re-initiating this study, incorporating safety considerations and risk management as well as additional dosing regimens. We anticipate re-initiating this study based on a favorable outcome from these meetings late in the calendar year 2021 or early part of the calendar year 2022.

IMVT-1401 for the Treatment of Thyroid Eye Disease

TED overview and limitations of current treatments

TED is an autoimmune inflammatory disorder that affects the muscles and other tissues around the eyes and can ultimately be sight-threatening. TED has an estimated annual incidence of 16 in 100,000 women and 2.9 in 100,000 men in North America and Europe. The natural history of TED begins with an inflammatory phase lasting between six and 24 months. Treatment of patients with immunosuppressive therapies during this active inflammatory phase can lead to reduction in symptoms and can alter the course of the disease. However, once the initial inflammatory phase is over, immunosuppressive therapies are ineffective and levels of fibrosis that have developed as the result of acute inflammation are only reversible by surgery. We estimate that 15,000 to 20,000 patients in the United States have active inflammatory TED and are eligible for treatment. There are few treatment options currently available for TED patients. As a first option, patients with active TED are treated with immunosuppressive therapy such as high doses of corticosteroids, typically administered intravenously or orally. Corticosteroids are not effective in all patients, and approximately one-third of patients will relapse. This therapy is associated with an increased risk of acute and severe organ damage, bone thinning, weight gain, diabetes, hypertension, osteoporosis and depression. In January 2020, the FDA approved Horizon Therapeutics' Tepezza (teprotumumab), an anti-IGF-1R antibody, for the treatment of TED. Orbital radiation therapy may reduce the infiltration of lymphocytes and use used in conjunction with corticosteroids or immunosuppressive therapy. Similar to these anti-inflammatory and immunosuppressive drugs, radiation therapy is most effective in

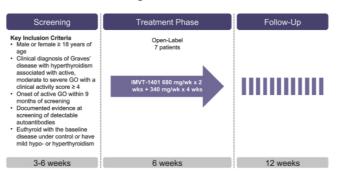
the active stage of TED. Patients with moderate-to-severe active TED which is still in the active stage and who do not respond adequately to corticosteroids can be treated with cyclosporine or mycophenolate mofetil, two broad immunosuppressive drugs. These powerful drugs are associated with numerous general immunosuppressive side effects as well as inherent toxicities, such as hypertension, kidney disease, and gastrointestinal toxicity. Small case studies have identified Roche's Rituxan (rituximab) as an alternate way of inducing immunosuppression in patients with TED. However, rituximab is associated with the potential for serious side effects, such as infusion-related reactions. Surgery is considered to be a treatment option in patients with a high Clinical Activity Score ("CAS"), a measure of disease activity in TED patients, who have been treated with corticosteroids or immunosuppressive therapy but continue to have progressive disease. The goal of surgery is to reduce the pressure causing proptosis, reduced eye movement and loss of visual acuity. Due to its invasive nature, surgery is typically reserved for inactive disease.

We believe that a therapy for TED focused on addressing the cause of the disease, namely the presence of autoimmune antibodies, represents an attractive approach that has the potential to avoid many of the serious side effects of current therapies. Because the mode of action of IMVT-1401 is independent of the antigen recognized by the autoimmune antibodies, we believe that IMVT-1401 can address TED that arises through any IgG autoantibody mechanism whether it be anti-TSHR, anti-IGF1R, or any other IgG autoantibodies.

Clinical data

In March 2020, we announced initial results from our ASCEND GO-1 trial, an open label single-arm Phase 2a clinical trial of IMVT-1401 in Canada in patients with TED. Subjects recruited for this trial have moderate-to-severe active TED with confirmed autoantibodies to TSHR. A total of seven subjects were dosed weekly with SC injections for six weeks. Subjects received a 680 mg dose for the first two administrations of the study followed by a 340 mg dose for the final four administrations. The primary endpoints of this trial were safety and tolerability of IMVT-1401 over the sixweek treatment period, as well as the change from baseline in levels of anti-TSHR antibodies, total IgG antibodies and IgG antibodies by subclasses. Secondary clinical endpoints included mean changes in proptosis, or protrusion of the eyeball, the proptosis responder rate, defined as the percentage of subjects with a greater than or equal to 2 mm reduction in proptosis in the study eye without deterioration in the fellow eye, PK and anti-drug antibodies.

Trial Design of ASCEND GO-1 Trial

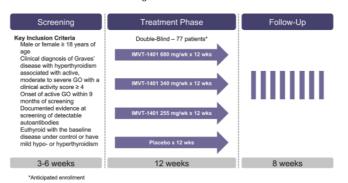


All seven subjects completed the six-week treatment phase of the trial and entered the 12-week follow-up phase. Mean reduction in total IgG levels from baseline to end of treatment was 65%. As evaluated at the end of

treatment, four of seven subjects (57%) improved by ³2 points on the CAS. Of six subjects with baseline diplopia, four subjects (67%) demonstrated improvement in diplopia, Three of seven subjects (43%) were proptosis responders. The safety and tolerability profile observed was consistent with the prior Phase 1 trial of IMVT-1401 in 99 healthy volunteers; as previously disclosed, lipid levels were not measured contemporaneously during the Phase 1 and ASCEND GO-1 Phase 2a clinical trials of IMVT-1401. Mean albumin reduction from baseline to end of treatment was 24%. All AEs were mild or moderate and there were no headaches reported.

In October 2019, we initiated dosing in our ASCEND GO-2 trial, a randomized, masked, placebo-controlled Phase 2b clinical trial in 77 subjects with moderate-to-severe active TED with confirmed autoantibodies to TSHR. The ASCEND GO-2 trial explored the potential of IMVT-1401 to improve proptosis and assesses the safety and tolerability of IMVT-1401 in this population. Subjects in this trial were treated with one of three doses of IMVT-1401 (680 mg, 340 mg or 255 mg) or placebo administered weekly by subcutaneous injection for 12 weeks. The primary endpoints of this trial were the proptosis responder rate measured at week 13, defined as the percentage of subjects with a greater than or equal to 2 mm reduction in proptosis in the study eye without deterioration in the fellow eye, and safety and tolerability. Secondary endpoints included the proptosis responder rate measured at weeks 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 20, the proportion of subjects with a CAS of 0 or 1, the mean change from baseline in proptosis, CAS, diplopia, ophthalmic improvement and GO-QOL and PK, PD, defined as anti-TSHR antibodies and total IgG and IgG antibodies by subclasses, and anti-drug antibodies. Exploratory endpoints included assessment of CT-measured nuscle volume, fat volume, total orbital volume and proptosis, as well as multiple biomarkers including gene expression profiles, pro-inflammatory markers and receptor occupancy.

Trial Design of ASCEND GO-2 Trial



Our voluntary pause in dosing resulted in unblinding the ASCEND GO-2 trial. As a result, following the last patient last visit of the post-treatment follow-up period, the ASCEND GO-2 trial was terminated. Treatment with IMVT-1401 reduced both IgG and disease specific pathogenic IgG over the 12-week treatment period. However, the efficacy results, based on approximately half the anticipated number of subjects who had reached the week 13 primary efficacy analysis at the time of the termination of the trial, were inconclusive. The primary endpoint of the proportion of proptosis responders was not met, and although not tested statistically, post hoc evaluation of other endpoints measured (CAS and diplopia scores) indicated the desired magnitude of treatment effect likely would not have been achieved. However, levels of IgG were reduced across IMVT-1401 dosing groups, and analysis of the receptor occupancy data suggest binding of IMVT-1401 to the Fc receptor.

Development plan

Additional exploratory work on other disease biomarkers is under evaluation. Further discussions with external experts are ongoing to determine whether a specific population can be identified to optimize the clinical performance of IMVT1401. Based on these analyses, we are likely to design another Phase 2 trial in TED or another thyroid-related disease as our next study in this therapeutic area and initiate discussions with regulatory authorities before the end of the calendar year 2021.

Overview:

Aruvant Overview

Aruvant is developing ARU-1801 as a one-time, potentially curative gene therapy for the treatment of sickle cell disease ("SCD").

<u>Lead program:</u>

- ARU-1801 is an ex vivo lentiviral gene therapy that contains a proprietary g-globin gene for a novel, highly potent variant of fetal
- hemoglobin ("HbF") and has been observed in preliminary clinical studies to engraft with only reduced intensity conditioning ("RIC").

 Disease overview:

Disease overview.

- SCD results from a defect in the gene that encodes beta-globin, a component of hemoglobin, the protein that carries oxygen in the blood.
- The abnormal beta sickle globin can cause red blood cells to sickle, leading to obstruction of small blood vessels, resulting in pain crises, progressive damage to bones, joints and major organs, and mortality in the mid-40s.
- SCD is predominantly concentrated among individuals of African, Middle Eastern, South American and South Asian descent.
- An estimated 100,000 people in the U.S. and 125,000 people in the E.U. suffer from SCD, with approximately 100,000 of these patients experiencing severe disease.

Limitations of current treatments:

- Common treatment for patients with SCD is the oral cytotoxic agent hydroxyurea which is required to be taken daily.
- For patients experiencing a vaso-occlusive crisis, only palliative therapy is currently available; treatment typically consists of hydration, oxygenation and analgesia for pain often requiring intravenous or oral opioids.
- One potentially curative treatment available for patients with sickle cell disease is allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant, in which a
 patient's own bone marrow is replaced by that of a healthy donor. According to an analysis of data from the National Marrow Donor
 Program, fewer than 20% of sickle cell patients have a matched donor. Additionally, allogeneic transplant comes with the risk of graft
 rejection and graft versus host disease.
- Other gene therapies are in development as a potential cure; however, unlike ARU-1801, they require the use of myeloablative chemotherapy.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

- All three study participants for whom sufficient follow-up has been completed have realized clinically meaningful reductions in disease burden, as seen with significant reductions in hospitalized VOEs and total VOEs.
- These patients have experienced durable engraftment and improvement in SCD burden without the use of myeloablative chemotherapy. Patient 3 has experienced potentially curative levels of HbF and has had complete resolution of vaso-occlusive events out to 12 months post-treatment.

Development plan and upcoming milestones:

- We are currently conducting the MOMENTUM Phase 1/2 study of ARU-1801 in patients with severe sickle cell disease.
- We expect to initiate a pivotal trial in the second half of 2022.

- <u>Roivant ownership:</u>
 - As of March 31, 2021, we own 88% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Aruvant and 80% on a Fully Diluted basis.

Pipeline:

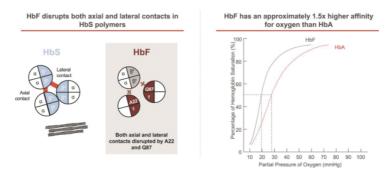
Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone
ARU-1801 Sickle Cel	l Disease			Ongoing new patient and follow up
				data through 2021, including data fron five patients by YE 2021

ARU-1801

ARU-1801 is an *ex vivo* gene therapy with the ability to engraft with only reduced intensity conditioning ("RIC"). ARU-1801 uses a selfinactivating lentiviral vector that contains a proprietary g-globin gene for a novel, highly potent variant of fetal hemoglobin (HbF): HbFG16D.



HbF is a more potent anti-sickling globin compared to adult hemoglobin ("HbA"), with mechanistic and clinical benefits observed in SCD, which makes it suitable for the treatment of SCD. HbF disrupts both axial and lateral contacts that cause polymerization of sickle hemoglobin ("HbS") polymers, and has an approximately 1.5 times higher affinity for oxygen than HbA.



The clinical benefits of increasing HbF have been well-described in scientific literature. HbF levels greater than 8.6% improve survival by approximately 16 years in patients with SCD. HbF levels greater than 20% reduce

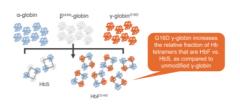
hospitalizations by two to four-fold for vaso-occlusive events and acute chest syndrome. Further, HbF levels greater than 30% result in asymptomatic disease and patients do not develop sickle cell complications, as demonstrated in patients with SCD who also inherit Hereditary Persistence of Fetal Hemoglobin.

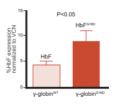
ARU-1801 originated in the laboratory of Punam Malik, MD, director of the Cincinnati Comprehensive Sickle Cell Center at Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center ("Cincinnati Children's"). Dr. Malik previously served as the director of the Cincinnati Children's Translational Core Services, which developed and manufactured viral vectors for multiple clinical trials. A leading expert in lentiviral gene therapy, stem cell biology and clinical care of hemoglobinopathies, Dr. Malik remains a key scientific advisor to Aruvant.

Potential benefits of ARU-1801

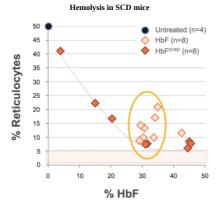
There are several unique attributes of ARU-1801 that we believe enable the use of reduced intensity conditioning for engraftment, and potential clinical efficacy at lower vector copy number ("VCN").

Proprietary G16D modification drives higher HbF payload per vector copy. A proprietary G16D point mutation that changes glycine (G) at
position 16 to aspartic acid (D) drives higher HbF payload per vector copy. g-globinG16D has a higher affinity for a-globin and is thus more likely
to form HbF, as compared to unmodified g-globin. In well- established SCD mouse models, vector encoding g-globinG16D led to 1.5x to 2x more
HbF per vector than vector encoding unmodified g-globin.

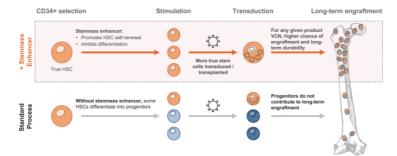




 High HbFG16D payload may have a more potent clinical anti-sickling effect than endogenous HbF. HbFG16D may have a more potent antisickling effect than endogenous HbF. In preclinical studies, a lower percentage of reticulocytes indicates less sickling and hemolysis. At the same level percentage of HbF, highlighted below, HbFG16D is superior to endogenous HbF at reducing reticulocyte count.



Our proprietary stemness enhancer facilitates engraftment. Our cellular manufacturing process leverages a proprietary stemness enhancer to
facilitate the transduction and engraftment of more true stem cells. Stemness enhancers allow for a higher chance of engraftment for a given VCN
compared to engraftment without a stemness enhancer, as illustrated below.



 Ability to engraft using only reduced intensity conditioning. In preliminary clinical studies, ARU-1801 demonstrated engraftment and the ability to deliver potentially curative treatment without fully myeloablative chemotherapy.

We believe that the RIC regimen used for ARU-1801, melphalan 140mg/m², may provide significant clinical benefits compared to the higher intensity myeloablative busulfan-based regimen used by the other investigational SCD gene therapy candidates, including:

reduced duration of neutropenia and thrombocytopenia;

· potential for outpatient administration, which would significantly reduce resource utilization in the health care setting;

- reduced intensity conditioning with melphalan for autologous transplants has required a median hospital stay between zero and five days within 30 days of infusion, which represents a significant improvement in both patient experience and reduction in health care cost compared to myeloablative conditioning regimens that require a median hospital stay of 44 days; and
- reduced likelihood to result in infertility, with a risk of ovarian failure around 30-40% compared to 70-80% with myeloablative
 regimens.

High-intensity myeloablative conditioning regimens have been associated with increased risk of malignancy. The reduced intensity conditioning melphalan-based conditioning regimens for autologous transplants in the setting of multiple myeloma have been associated with a 0.2% risk of AML and a 1-1.4% combined risk of AML and other secondary hematologic malignancies.

ARU-1801 with reduced intensity conditioning (melphalan 140mg/m2) has the potential to provide benefit to patients, providers and payors

	Busulfan 3.2 mg/kg/day* (Used by myeloablative gene therapies)	Melphalan 140 mg/m ² (Used by ARU-1801)
Neutropenia Recovery Time	20 days'	7 days²
Platelet Recovery Time	28 days'	8 days²
Neurotoxicity	Seizure prophylaxis required ³	No seizure prophylaxis required ⁴
Ovarian Failure	70 - 80%5	30 - 40%5
Chemo Administration	4 days ⁶ daily PK monitoring	1-hour infusion ⁴
Days in Hospital (Median)	44 days ⁶	0-5 days ⁷
Potential for Outpatient Administration	LOW ³ (longer cytopenias, multiple infusions)	High ⁷ (common in multiple myelome)
Backup Collection	Required®	Not required*
Risk if No Engraftment	Rescue transplant required ^a	No rescue required ^a

Table reflects combination of gene therapy protocols, reported results from gene therapy trials, and literature on the use of these conditioning agents in other settings. *Dose adjusted to a targeted AUC for busulfan of 4200 µM*min. 1. bluebird bio ASGCT 2020. Resolution of Sickle Cell Disease (SCD) Manifestations in Patients Treated with LentiGlobin Gene Therapy: Updated Results of Phase 1/2 HGB-206 Group C Study 2. Based on data from 3 ARU-1800 patients. 3. Busulfan label; seizure prophylaxis required but not with phenytoin due to PK interaction with busulfan. 4. ALKERAN label. 5. Estimated based on Kaplan-Meier plot in post-pubsecsent female children based on time to elevated FSH level with up to 8 years follow up (Panasuki et al. BJH 2015). 6. ZYNTEGLO EPAR. 7. Boston Medical Center. B Freeman et al. (2014) Bone Marrow Transplantation and Guru Murthy GS et al. (2019) Biol. Blood Marrow Transplant; outpatient autologous HSCT are already performed for multiple myeloma and AL amyloidosis 8. Rescue cell collection required per bluebird bio protocol. 9. Based on Aruvant protocol.

ARU-1801 for the Treatment of SCD

Sickle cell disease and limitations of current treatments

SCD results from a defect in the gene that encodes beta-globin, a component of hemoglobin, the protein that carries oxygen in the blood. A proportion of sickled cells rising relative to non-sickled cells can obstruct small blood vessels and reduce blood flow to bones, joints and major organs. This obstruction can cause intense pain and lasting tissue damage. Patients can suffer additional complications such as stroke and frequent infections because of inadequate oxygen delivery to the brain and spleen. Over time repeated tissue damage leads to a loss of vital organ function and a vastly reduced life expectancy; mean age of death in the US for patients with sickle cell disease is 44 years. SCD is predominantly concentrated among individuals of African, Middle Eastern, South American and South Asian descent. An estimated 100,000 people in the U.S. and 125,000 people in the E.U. suffer from SCD, with approximately 100,000 patients experiencing severe disease. Based on a survey of over

100 physicians conducted in 2020, we believe approximately 15% of those patients, or approximately 35,000 in the U.S. and E.U., meet the inclusion/exclusion criteria for SCD gene therapy trials. Market research suggests that use of busulfan conditioning is a major barrier to adoption, restricting patient groups eligible or willing to receive treatment. The same survey of physicians suggests that of the patients who meet the inclusion/exclusion criteria for SCD gene therapy, 49% would be eligible for myeloablative gene therapy, versus 70% that would be eligible for gene therapy with a reduced intensity conditioning regimen.

The oral cytotoxic agent hydroxyurea is a mainstay in the overall management of individuals with SCD since it reduces the incidence of vasoocclusive crises, decreases hospitalization rates, and prolongs survival. However, its use is significantly limited by its side effect profile, variable patient response and long-term toxicity. For patients experiencing a vaso-occlusive crisis, only palliative therapy is currently available; treatment typically consists of hydration, oxygenation and analgesia for pain, usually using intravenous or oral opioids.

In November 2019, the FDA approved ADAKVEO to reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with SCD. In November 2019, the FDA also approved Oxbryta for the treatment of SCD in adults and pediatric patients aged 12 years and older. Oxbryta is a once-daily oral therapy that inhibits sickle hemoglobin polymerization.

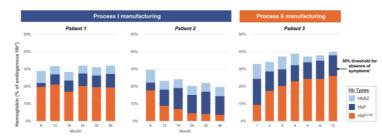
One curative treatment available for some patients with SCD is allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant ("HSCT"), in which a patient's own bone marrow is replaced by that of a healthy donor. However, it requires identification of a suitable donor and carries significant morbidity and mortality risks, including an approximately 7% mortality rate. Ideal sibling matches are only available to approximately 14% of patients. Furthermore, according to the Center for International Blood and Marrow Transplant Research, only 737 HSCTs were performed for the treatment of SCD in the U.S. between 2013 and 2017, highlighting the need to bring alternative curative therapies to the remainder of the estimated 100,000 patients in the U.S. as well as the millions of patients worldwide.

Clinical data

We are currently conducting the MOMENTUM Phase 1/2 study of ARU-1801 in patients with severe SCD. Eligible patients include those between the age of 18-45 that have failed hydroxyure and are not candidates for allogeneic transplant. After enrollment, patients are transfused to reduce HbS below 30%, stem cells are collected, and patients receive RIC consisting of a single dose of melphalan 140 mg/m². ARU-1801 is manufactured in a two-day period and administered via intravenous infusion.

To date, we have collected data on three patients. Patient 1 and Patient 2 were treated in July 2017 and November 2017, respectively, under our first manufacturing process ("Process I"). Since our first two patients were dosed, we have completed several improvements to our cell collection methods and transduction conditions as part of our transition to new manufacturing process ("Process II"). Below are the results from all three patients.

ARU-1801: Hemoglobin Levels over Time



ARU-1801 has demonstrated durable engraftment through 36 months and potentially curative HbF levels, without the use of myeloablative chemotherapy. Patient 1 has demonstrated durable engraftment through 36 months, with high, stable levels of anti-sickling hemoglobin and HbFG16D. Patient 2 has demonstrated durable total anti-sickling Hb levels through 30 months. Patient 3, the first patient treated under Process II, has achieved the highest levels of HbFG16D, total HbF and total anti-sickling globins, which already exceed the 30% threshold required for complete symptom resolution. At 12 months post-dosing, Patient 3 has 38% total HbF expression and 96% F cells, a pancellular distribution of HbF.

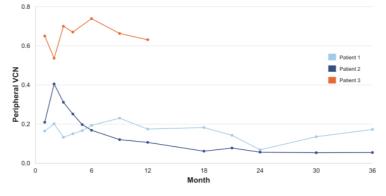
In addition to the durable engraftment and potentially curative HbF levels observed, all patients have realized clinically meaningful reductions in disease burden, as seen with significant reductions in hospitalized VOEs and total VOEs.

ARU-1801: Reduction in VOEs

	Hospitalized VOEs				Total VOEs	
	Pre -treatment (24 mo)	Post -treatment (24 mo)	Reduction (%)	Pre -treatment (24 mo)	Post-treatment (24 mo)	Reduction (%)
Pt 1	7	1	86%	41	3	93%
Process I - Pt 2	1	0	100%	20	3	85%
Process II Pt 3	6	0 at 12 mos	100%	12	0 at 12 mos	100%

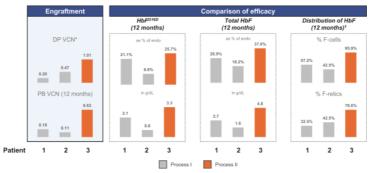
Our process improvements have resulted in a significantly improved drug product profile, with improvement across multiple metrics. Patient 1 had maintained a consistent peripheral VCN of approximately 0.2 out to 36 months, as of August 2020. Patient 3, the first patient dosed with Process II, has plateaued at a peripheral VCN of 0.7 and has demonstrated the strongest engraftment through 12 months.

Durable Engraftment Post Treatment



A comparison of all three patients at post-treatment highlights the improvements observed with Process II. At 12 months, Patient 3 achieved the highest levels of HbFG^{16D} and total HbF, both as a percentage and in absolute levels, and achieved pancellular distribution of HbF. At 12 months, HbF was detected in 96% of Patient 3's blood cells.





* Vector copy number; Hb electrophoresis monitored monthly in Year 1. F-cells and F-retics are collected at 6 months and 12 months post-infusion; DP = drug product, PB = peripheral blood.

Adverse Events

	Patient 1	Patient 2	Patient 3			
ARU-1801 Related						
Infusion AEs	None	None	None			
Late AEs	None to date (at 36 months)	None to date (at 36 months)	None to date (at 12 months)			
Vector insertion	Polyclonal e	Polyclonal engraftment with no evidence of clonal expansion				
Chemotherapy Related						
Serious	None	None	None			
Non-serious	Cytopenias, mucositis, nausea, vomiting, cellulitis, elevated RFT and LFTs, alopecia	Cytopenias, mucositis, c-line infection, elevated LFTs	Cytopenias, mucositis, nausea vomiting, febrile neutropenia, alopecia			

There are also several CMC process improvements scheduled for the second half of 2021 to prepare for commercial supply, as shown below.

1H 2021	2H 2021	1

		1H 2021	2H 2021	1H 2022+	
		Phase 1/2		Phase 3	
	Process I	Process II	Process III	Commercial	
G16D mutation	*	*	4	1	
Stemness enhancer	*	×	1	1	
Optimized peripheral apheresis		*	4	1	
Optimized MOI		*	1	×	
Optimized academic vector purity		*	1		
Additional transduction enhancer			1	1	
Optimized transduction conditions				1	
Optimized commercial vector				*	
Centralized commercial cell product manufacturing				1	
Target Average VCN	0.33	~1	~1-2	-1-3	
Time of introduction	Ph1/2: Patients 1-2	Ph1/2: Patients 3-4	Ph1/2: Patients 5-9	Pivotal trial	

Development plan

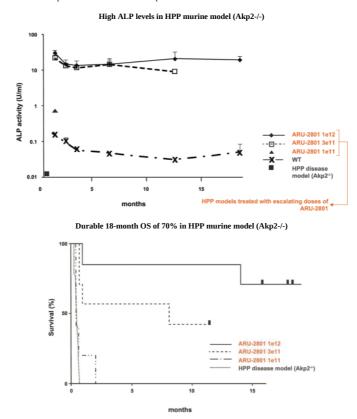
We are continuing to screen additional patients who may be eligible for ARU-1801 and gathering follow-up data on our patients dosed to date, and we expect to share new patient and follow-up data from five total patients by year-end 2021. We also continue to evolve our manufacturing process to improve product VCNs in preparation for our pivotal trial of ARU-1801 in SCD, which we expect to initiate in the second half of 2022.

ARU-2801

We are also developing ARU-2801, a preclinical adeno-associated virus ("AAV") gene therapy designed to deliver potentially curative efficacy without chronic administration for patients with hypophosphatasia ("HPP"). This devastating, ultra-orphan disorder can result in multi-organ damage and high mortality when left untreated. HPP is caused by mutations in the gene encoding the tissue non-specific alkaline phosphatase ("TNS-ALP") enzyme and is wide-ranging in severity. This genetic and chronic disease is most often characterized by limited hydroxyapatite formation resulting in limited bone mineralization that can lead to destruction and deformity of

bones, profound muscle weakness, seizures, respiratory failure and premature death. There are five types of HPP, including perinatal, infantile, childhood, adult and odontohypophosphatasia. There is currently an approved chronic therapy available for perinatal, infantile and juvenile-onset HPP, the enzyme replacement therapy Strensiq. Chronic administration, injection site reactions, and poor durability of Strensiq leave high unmet need that we believe ARU-2801 could potentially address.

Preclinical research shows that treatment of HPP disease model mice with ARU-2801 results in sustained elevation of TNS-ALP at levels that ameliorated disease symptoms. In a murine model of HPP, ARU-2801 resulted in durable, high levels of ALP and survival to 18 months, as shown below. There was no evidence of ectopic calcifications at these therapeutic doses.



Investigational new drug application-enabling studies are currently underway.



Discovery Pipeline

		Target	Discovery	Lead Optimization	IND-Enabling
Oncology		AR			•
		STAT3		•	
		BRD4		•	
		CBP/P300		•	
		SHP2	•		
		SMARCA2/4	•		
		KRASG12D	•		
	0	WRN	•		
	0	JAK2-617F	•		
	0	CRAF	•		
	0	HIF2A	•		
	0	ADAR1	•		
	0	Undisclosed Additional Programs	•	•	
Neurology		mHTT	•		
	0	Undisclosed Additional Programs	•		
Immunology	0	STING	•		
		NLRP3	•		
		Undisclosed Additional Programs	•		

Proteovant logo indicates that Proteovant, which is 60% owned by Roivant, has rights to a program for that target or has initiated discovery projects for that project. Roivant logo indicates other 100% Roivant owned entities have rights to a program for that target or have initiated discovery projects for that target. Degraders designated in purple text. Inhibitors designated in green text.

AR Degrader

Our lead degrader program, ARD-1671, is an orally-administered androgen receptor ("AR") protein degrader currently undergoing IND-enabling studies. ARD-1671 is designed to shut down the AR pathway by targeting and degrading the AR protein, the primary driver of prostate cancer. Based on its *in vitro* potency and selectivity, as well as its encouraging safety and tolerability demonstrated to date in canine and rat non-GLP dose range finding studies described below, we believe ARD-1671 has the potential to provide meaningful clinical benefit to prostate cancer patients.

Prostate cancer overview

Prostate cancer is the second most common form of cancer in men, with nearly 200,000 annual new cases in the US alone. Additionally, with over 30,000 annual U.S. deaths, prostate cancer is the second most common cause of cancer death in the US. Prostate cancer occurs more frequently in older men and is associated with various other risk factors, including a family history of prostate, breast, or ovarian cancer, high-fat diets or obesity, smoking and maintenance of a sedentary lifestyle. While prostate cancer can be slow-growing, such that some men die of other causes before their cancer, many patients experience metastases to other parts of the body. Prostate cancer that continues to progress following androgen deprivation therapy ("ADT") is considered to be castration-resistant. It is estimated that over 40,000 cases of metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer ("mCRPC") occur annually in the US, with over 20% of all prostate cancer deaths occurring in men with mCRPC.

The AR signaling axis is critical to the development, function and homeostasis of the normal prostate. After binding androgen, cytoplasmic AR translocates to the nucleus, where it activates transcription of target genes. The AR also plays a role in prostate carcinogenesis and progression to androgen-resistant disease and is expressed in nearly all primary prostate cancers.

Limitations of current treatments

The current prostate cancer treatment paradigm involves the use of AR-targeted therapies throughout the progression of the disease. For more advanced forms of prostate cancer, ADT is one of the primary treatment options. Among the most common ADTs are AR antagonists such as Xtandi (enzalutamide), which functions by blocking AR, and androgen synthesis inhibitors, including Zytiga (abiraterone acetate). While these treatments have been successful in improving patient outcomes, resistance remains a major concern. At least 10% of patients whose disease has spread beyond the prostate on first-line ADT do not experience suppression of prostate-specific antigen ("PSA"), an AR-regulated gene. Additionally, while dramatic initial responses to ADT are often observed, these responses are often not sustained, with median duration of response of up to 18 months, and virtually all patients treated with ADTs ultimately progressing to castration resistance. For patients who do not respond, chemotherapy is often chosen as the next line of treatment, although its use is often postponed due to its severe side effects.

Of patients with mCRPC, including those whose cancer progresses following treatment with androgen receptor signaling inhibitors, between 40% and 50% have alterations involving the AR, suggesting that their tumors may still be driven by AR signaling. Furthermore, progressive disease experienced by patients while undergoing treatment with Xtandi or Zytiga is often accompanied by increase in serum PSA, further suggesting continued AR-driven cellular proliferation. We believe that AR degraders have the potential to improve the response rates and durability achieved with existing AR antagonists and inhibitors by degrading the AR, thereby fully shutting down the AR pathway, both in refractory and earlier-line prostate cancer patients.

Preclinical data

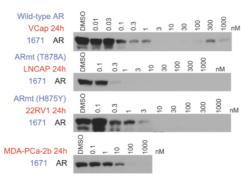
In preclinical testing, ARD-1671 has demonstrated high potency and selectivity and has produced encouraging tolerability data in toxicology studies completed to date.

ARD-1671 has shown *in vitro* activity in wild type AR as well as multiple clinically relevant AR cell lines with known mutations. The table below shows the DC₅₀, or the concentration at which half-maximal degradation is achieved at 24 hours, of ARD-1671 in four different cell lines: vertebral cancer of the prostate ("VCaP"), which exhibits wild-type AR; and three cell lines exhibiting mutant AR: lymph node cancer of the prostate ("LNCaP"), 22RV1 and MDA-PCa-2b. Each of these cell lines are well defined populations of cells that have been immortalized from human prostate cancer patients.

Cell Line	AR Variant	DC50 (nM)
VCaP	Wild type	0.05
LNCaP	T878A	0.082
22RV1	H875Y	0.9
MDA-PCa-2b	L702H/T878A	6

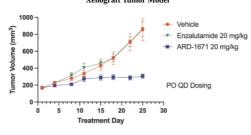


The western blots below demonstrate ARD-1671's degradation ability in each of these cell lines. As the concentration of ARD-1671 increases to the right across each blot, the presence of AR, as indicated by the size and opacity of each band, decreases.



In a head-to-head study with an intact VCaP xenograft model in severe combined immunodeficient ("SCID") mice, which has high AR expression and in which enzalutamide is inactive, ARD-1671 demonstrated tumor growth inhibition (64%) compared to enzlutamide (-1%) on treatment day 25.

Antitumor Activity in VCaP Xenograft Tumor Model



In a 21-day non-GLP dose range finding canine study, maximal prostate weight reduction was achieved at the lowest dose of 1 mg/kg, consistent with the expected pharmacodynamic effect. No significant adverse events were observed at dose levels up to 10 mg/kg. In a 21-day non-GLP dose range finding rat study, no significant adverse events were observed at dose levels up to 300 mg/kg and prostate weight reduction was also attained. These results indicate that ARD-1671 may have a wide therapeutic window, which is currently being assessed in GLP toxicology studies.

Development plan

Our lead AR candidate ARD-1671 is in IND enabling development. We intend to pursue the development of our AR program in refractory prostate cancer and to explore its potential in early-line settings, such as mCRPC or non-metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer, as well as in a combination therapy. We expect to initiate a Phase 1 study for our AR program in 2022.

STAT3 Degrader

We are developing signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 ("STAT3") degraders for the treatment of STAT3-driven hematologic malignancies and immuno-oncology indications. Due to potency and selectivity challenges, STAT3 has traditionally been considered to lack an easily druggable pocket. We believe that preclinical data we have generated to date suggest the potential of STAT3 degraders to overcome these challenges.

STAT3-Implicated diseases

STAT3 is a transcription factor that regulates many biological processes and has been implicated as a direct driver of multiple tumor types. STAT3 controls, among other processes, differentiation, survival, proliferation and angiogenesis, typically in response to growth factors and cytokines. Activation of STAT3 normally involves Janus kinase (JAK)-mediated phosphorylation and dimerization of STAT3 following binding of IL-6 to its receptor. Aberrant constitutive activation of STAT3 has been observed in many different cancers and has been associated with poor prognosis and tumor progression. STAT3 activation is also reported as a mechanism of resistance to inhibitors of the receptor tyrosine kinases EGFR and ALK.

STAT3 contributes to an immunosuppressive microenvironment ("TME"), suggesting STAT3 degraders have significant potential as immuneoncology agents. Phosphorylated STAT3 ("pSTAT3") acts to negatively regulate neutrophils, natural killer, effector T and dendritic cells. STAT3 also promotes myeloid-derived suppressor cells ("MDSCs") and regulatory T cells and has been shown to mediate the up-regulation of immunosuppressive factors such as IL-10 and TGF-ß. Additionally, a STAT3 antisense oligonucleotide inhibitor demonstrated early evidence of clinical activity in lymphoma and lung cancer.

Given the broad activity of STAT3, we believe a STAT3 degrader has significant potential in numerous solid tumors and hematologic malignancies, including non-Hodgkin lymphoma, multiple myeloma, and breast, lung, hepatocellular and head and neck cancer.

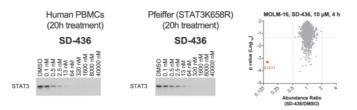
Limitations of current STAT3 approaches

Due to STAT3's lack of an easily druggable pocket, previous attempts to target STAT3 have been largely unsuccessful. One common approach, inhibition of dimerization with small molecules targeting the SH2 domain of STAT3, has been limited by the transcriptional activity of monomeric STAT3 and by specificity challenges due to the high homology of SH2 domains across STAT proteins. Another common approach, attempting to regulate STAT3 via inhibition of JAK, which is upstream of STAT3, has demonstrated significant off-target effects and STAT3 activation and homodimerization can occur independently of JAK. A third common approach, the use of STAT3 antisense oligonucleotides, has been limited by low cell penetration due to large size, low bioavailability and poor pharmacokinetics, and short half-life *in vivo*. We believe that the degrader modality has the potential to address many of the historical challenges associated with STAT3 targeting.

Preclinical data

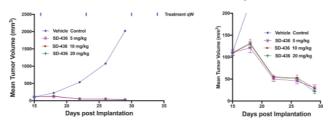
Our STAT3 degrader discovery program has identified a lead compound, SD-436, that potently and rapidly degrades the target with high specificity with respect to degradation of other STAT proteins. SD-436 exhibits

promising potency against wild type STAT3 in human peripheral blood mononuclear cells ("PBMCs") as well as a mutated STAT3 protein (K658R) in the Pfeiffer cell line, with degradation achieved at low nM concentrations. Furthermore, in an unbiased proteomics analysis in which megakaryoblastic leukemia cell line MOLM-16 cells were treated with SD-436, STAT3 was the only protein observed to be degraded with statistical significance among the approximately 5,000 proteins analyzed, indicating SD-436's high specificity.



In a leukemia xenograft tumor model with an activated STAT3 pathway, IV administration of SD-436 resulted in deep reductions in tumor volume. The lowest dose tested, 5 mg/kg weekly, achieved rapid and complete tumor regression.

Effect of IV SD-436 on Tumor Volume in MOLM16 Xenograft Model



Development plan

We plan to explore the potential use of a STAT3 degrader as monotherapy, combination therapy, or, in sequence with chemotherapy or radiation, in tumors that are driven by the STAT3 pathway. In addition, we are exploring the potential for the STAT3 degrader as a potentially important immunooncology program both alone and in combination studies.



Additional Discovery Programs

In addition to AR and STAT3, we are pursuing numerous additional targets with strong scientific rationale and potentially attractive market opportunities. We do not expect to ultimately advance programs for all of these targets into clinical development. We are also discovering drug candidates for additional undisclosed targets and plan to continue to add new discovery programs over time.

Target & MoA	Opportunity Profile	Potential Indications/Patient Populations
BRD4 Degrader	 Specific degrader of BRD4, an epigenetic reader and transcriptional regulator Aim to significantly improve efficacy compared to BETi by fully abrogating BRD4 function 	 Myelofibrosis (treatment-naïve and Jakafi-experienced) Other hematologic malignancies
CBP/P300 Degrader	 CBP/P300 control expression of oncogenic factors (e.g., AR, c-Myc) in prostate cancer Synthetic lethality target (LOF mutations) with precision medicine approach 	 AR+ prostate cancer (including AR mutants and splice variant subsets), tumors with CBP or P300 LOF (e.g., DLBCL, FL, NSCLC, bladder cancer)
SHP2 Degrader	 Difficult-to-drug protein tyrosine phosphatase and central node downstream of RTKs Precision medicine and I/O opportunities with mono and combination therapy 	 Broad potential application across a variety of solid tumors Combination opportunities with EGFR inhibitors, KRAS inhibitors and anti-PD1s
SMARCA2/4 Degrader	Synthetic lethality target in multiple tumor types (e.g., SMARCA4 LOF)	 SMARCA4-mutated NSCLC (~10% of NSCLC overall) Tumor agonistic indication: SMARCA4-mutated solid tumors
KRAS G12D Degrader	Historically undruggable oncogene variant G12DMost frequently mutated oncogene in human cancers	 KRAS G12D mutant tumors Highest rates in PDAC, CRC, endometrial and lung cancer
mHTT Degrader	 Neurodegenerative disease target characterized by CAG repeats and toxic mHTT protein aggregation; no approved therapies known to reduce level of toxic mHTT 	Huntington's disease
NLRP3 Degrader	 Inflammasome; innate immune pathway target; central regulator of IL-1ß and IL-18 cytokine secretion Drives inflammation across a broad range of chronic disorders 	 Autoimmune and inflammatory diseases such as Cryoporin- associated periodic syndromes (CAPS), gout, SLE, IBD, Behcet's, and asthma
	298	

Target & MoA	Opportunity Profile	Potential Indications/Patient Populations
ADAR1 Inhibitor	Intracellular innate immune checkpoint target and biomarker defined tumor cell dependency	 Type I IFN-high solid tumors including lung, colon, breast, ovarian
	Potential to overcome PD1/PDL1 resistance	
WRN	Synthetic lethal target required in tumors with DNA damage	MSI colorectal and gastric cancers
Inhibitor	repair deficiency	PARP inhibitor combinations
JAK2-617F	Potential for precision medicine approach	V617F driven myeloproliferative neoplasms: polycythemia
Inhibitor	Selective for mutants of blood neoplasm driver	vera, essential thrombocythemia, primary myelofibrosis and AML
	Construction light of the second second in IVDAC and NDAC construct	NRAS mutant melanoma
CRAF	 Synthetic lethal target required in KRAS and NRAS mutant tumors 	• KRASG12X (non G12C) tumors: lung, colon, many other
Inhibitor	CRAF mutant tumors	GIs
		CRAF mutant GI cancers: gastric, colon, lung and other
HIF2A	Synthetic lethal target required specifically in tumors with	VHL mutant RCC
Degrader	"Achilles' heel" mutation	Pheochromocytoma

Pheochromocytoma

Genevant Overview

Overview:

Genevant is a technology-focused nucleic acid delivery and development company with a lipid nanoparticle ("LNP") platform, an expansive intellectual property portfolio and deep scientific expertise, currently focused on partnering with other pharmaceutical or biotechnology companies to enable the development of nucleic acid therapeutics for unmet medical needs.

<u>Delivery platforms:</u>

- Genevant has two delivery platforms: LNP and ligand conjugate.
 - LNP platform:
 - Proven technology as demonstrated by head-to-head in vivo ionizable lipid study assessing LNP potency and immune stimulation
 - Clinically validated for hepatocyte and vaccine use and under development for other traditionally hard-to-reach tissues and cell types, including lung, eye, central nervous system, and hepatic stellate and immune cells
 - Over 600 issued patents and pending patent applications
 - Ligand conjugate platform:
 - Novel GalNAc ligands with demonstrated ability to deliver to the liver in preclinical studies
 - In preclinical head-to-head testing, demonstrated equal or better preclinical potency, assessed by duration and magnitude of knockdown, compared to a current industry benchmark
 - Applying delivery expertise to design of novel extrahepatic ligands to expand therapeutic reach

<u>Collaboration-based business model:</u>

- Genevant uses its expertise in the delivery of nucleic acid therapeutics to develop optimal delivery systems for its collaborators' identified
 payloads or target tissues.
- Genevant collaboration-based business model is to seek some or all of upfront payments, R&D reimbursements, and milestones and
 royalties (or profit share) upon success, while also retaining certain rights in the delivery-related intellectual property developed in the
 context of the collaboration for potential use in other non-exclusive out-licenses.
- Some current collaboration partners include BioNTech, Takeda, Sarepta and Gritstone.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

- Genevant LNP technology has been in clinical testing in over a dozen distinct product candidates, representing hundreds of subjects of clinical experience.
- Genevant LNP technology is included in the first siRNA-LNP product to receive FDA-approval, Alnylam's Onpattro (patisiran).
- <u>Roivant ownership:</u>
 - · As of March 31, 2021, we own 83% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Genevant and 69% on a Fully-Diluted basis.

Nucleic Acid Therapeutics

Nucleic acid therapeutics represent an attractive, novel modality that we believe may overcome challenges associated with traditional small molecule drug development in the treatment of genetically defined disease. The vast majority of human proteins are considered "undruggable" by small molecules based on their protein structure. Nucleic acid therapeutics circumvent the question of whether or not a target is undruggable by impacting protein expression itself.

The field of nucleic acid therapeutics has gained significant momentum in recent years, with FDA approval of Alnylam's Onpattro and Givlaari (givosiran), and emergency use authorization of multiple mRNA COVID-19 vaccines. There is a substantial pipeline of nucleic acid therapeutics in clinical development that further underscores the transformative potential of nucleic acid therapeutics in the near term. However, nucleic acid therapeutics remain challenged by obstacles in the delivery of nucleic acids to specific cell types. RNA molecules cannot passively cross most cell membranes given their large size and negative charge, and therefore must be administered in conjunction with a delivery technology to ensure transport to target cell types.

We work with two proprietary technologies, an LNP delivery system and a ligand conjugate delivery system, to improve the likelihood of clinical success of nucleic acid therapeutics. The intellectual property with respect to each of these technologies was licensed from Arbutus Biopharma in 2018.

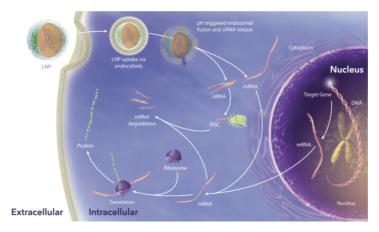
We have continued to advance our platforms, expanding into novel tissue types by leveraging the scientific expertise of several members of the technical team that originally developed or advanced the technologies at Arbutus and its predecessors.

Lipid Nanoparticle Platform

Our LNP technology platform is designed to deliver nucleic acids, including mRNA, siRNA, antisense and gene editing constructs.

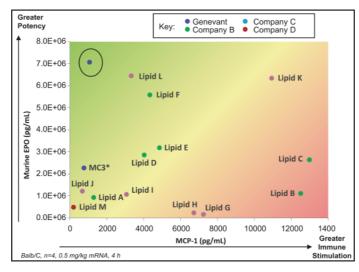
Some key features of our LNP technology are:

- 1. Multi-component formulations that contain specialized lipids optimized for potency and tolerability, are capable of encapsulating a broad range of nucleic acid payloads, and have limited constraints on nucleic acid composition, structure or size
- 2. A manufacturing process developed and scaled to produce stable uniform dispersion of colloidal nanoparticles with particle size appropriate for parenteral or intramuscular administration
- 3. Efficient intracellular delivery of nucleic acids to cell cytoplasm via engineered active endosomal escape mechanism



In a head-to-head study comparing multiple LNP formulations varying only the key ionizable lipid, a newer Genevant formulation outperformed third party formulations. In particular, our formulation showed superior potency and avoidance of immune stimulation relative to others, including when compared with the LNP utilized in the first FDA-approved RNA-LNP therapeutic, Alnylam's Onpattro ("MC3" in figure below).

Genevant LNP Outperformed Third Party LNPs in Head-to-Head Study



*Key lipid of first FDA-approved RNAi-LNP (Alnylam's Onpattro)

In addition, Genevant LNP technology has entered the clinic in more than a dozen distinct product candidates, representing hundreds of subjects of clinical experience.

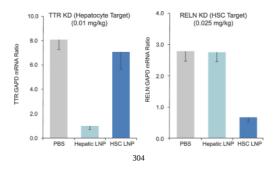
	Product			Latest Phase
2 Aln <u>ylam</u>	ONPATTRO (patisiran)	ATTR Amyloidosis	Safely dosed for up to 25 months in some patients Efficacy of up to 94% TTR knockdown with physiological effect Approved by the FDA August 2018	Approved
(TK)	ARB-1467 (TKM-HBV)	Hepatitis B	Completed Phase 2b trial in HBV patients Clear PD effect (knock down of surface antigen)	Phase 2
	TKM-PLK1	Oncology	 Safely dosed for up to 18 months Evidence of anti-tumor activity based on a decrease in tumor size and a decrease in tumor density consistent with necrosis 	Phase 2
	TKM-Ebola (three LNP products)	Ebola Infection	100% protection in lethal primate model of EVD Compassionate use in 2014 Ebola outbreak	Phase 2
moderna	Four Prophylactic mRNA Vaccines	Various infectious diseases	 Successful completion of first in human mRNA vaccine trial Met primary endpoint of neutralizing Ab titers in healthy subjects 	Phase 1
C gritstone	GRANITE-001	Oncology	 Personalized oncology vaccine; self replicating RNA payload encoding tumor neoantigens Promising immunogenicity activity and safety data released 	Phase 2
PROVERENCE	PTX-COVID19-B	SARS-CoV-2	Promising immunogenicity activity and safety data released	Phase 1

With this track record of success, we are now also focusing our LNP capabilities on historically challenging cell and tissue types, including hepatic stellate cells and the lung.

We have demonstrated our ability to deliver nucleic acid therapeutics to challenging targets through our efforts to access hepatic stellate cells ("HSCs") in preclinical studies. Historically, attempts to address certain diseases have been limited by the inability to access specific cell types outside of the hepatocyte. The activation of HSCs is well established as a central driver of fibrosis, and thus technologies that target activated HSCs may be key to address certain liver diseases.

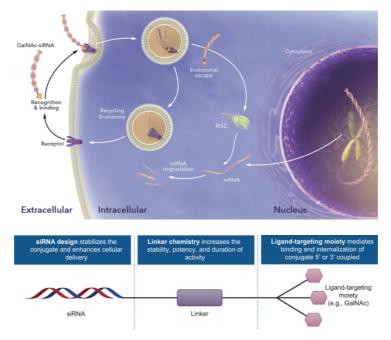
In preclinical studies, delivery of RNAis to HSCs via Genevant's LNP technology demonstrated selective knockdown of an HSC target with minimal activity in hepatocytes, as shown below. Additional preclinical studies support our ability to design LNPs to deliver nucleic acids to the lung, and we believe that our scientific expertise will allow us to direct LNPs toward additional cell and tissue types, such as the central nervous system and eye.

LNP delivery of siRNA to HSCs demonstrated selective knockdown of target mRNA in mice with minimal activity in hepatocytes



Ligand Conjugate Platform

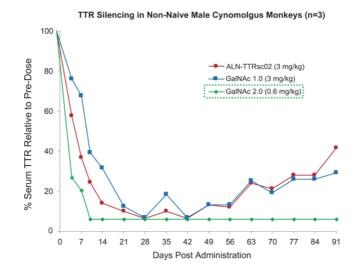
In addition to our LNP platform, we also have a proprietary RNAi ligand conjugate platform. Novel ligands can successfully deliver siRNA and certain other oligonucleotides to the liver, and our delivery expertise enables the design of novel ligands potentially to expand therapeutic reach to hepatic stellate cells. Our ligand conjugate technology has demonstrated equal or better preclinical potency, assessed by duration and magnitude of knockdown compared to current industry benchmark. We currently have multiple patents pending with respect to our ligand conjugate platform.



We are developing a next-generation ligand conjugate ("RNAi 2.0") platform. Our RNAi 2.0 platform has demonstrated superior strength and duration of knockdown compared to legacy ligand conjugates ("RNAi 1.0") in a head-to-head nonclinical study in nonhuman primates. In addition, our RNAi 2.0 platform:

- Contains intrinsic endosomolytic properties
- Has demonstrated marked in vivo enhancement in potency
- Has maintained a subcutaneous dosing regimen and would be dosed subcutaneously in clinical trials
- Remains compatible with other ligand types

Next Generation RNAi 2.0 Conjugate Platform Shows Improved Potency, Magnitude and Duration of Knockdown



Strategy

Genevant seeks to partner with other pharmaceutical or biotechnology companies in the development of RNA therapeutics, crafting mutually beneficial collaborations that allow collaboration partners to access innovative technologies while providing Genevant the opportunity to leverage our expertise to expand the technology and corresponding therapeutic reach.

This provides the following benefits to collaborators:

- Access to validated technology to deliver nucleic acid therapeutics to hepatocytes or for vaccine applications
- Potential to deliver RNA payloads to historically challenging-to-reach tissue or cell types, as well as nucleic acid design capabilities
- No need to build internal delivery expertise or build intellectual property estate from scratch in an increasingly complex field

This provides the following benefits to Genevant:

- Opportunity to expand core delivery technology and capabilities, maintaining leadership position in nucleic acid delivery
- Typically, certain rights to delivery-related intellectual property developed in the context of collaboration and ability to exploit through other nonexclusive out-licenses

Opportunity to generate revenue through deal structures including some combination of upfront payments, R&D reimbursements and additional milestones and royalties upon successful outcomes

To date, Genevant has partnered with leading companies with a shared vision of advancing innovative nucleic acid medicines to transform the lives of patients. Our collaborations currently include:

- Gritstone—Non-exclusive access to Genevant's LNP technology for use in Gritstone's self-amplifying RNA COVID-19 vaccine program
 - Gritstone—Exclusive access to LNP technology for use with self-amplifying RNA for an unspecified indication
- Sarepta—Research collaboration and option agreement for the delivery of LNP-gene editing therapeutics for specified neuromuscular diseases; Genevant will design and collaborate with Sarepta in the development of muscle targeted LNPs to be applied to gene editing targets in multiple indications, including Duchenne muscular dystrophy
- BioNTech—Co-development in up to five rare diseases with high unmet medical need, and exclusive access to LNP technology for use
 with BioNTech's mRNA for a specified number of oncology targets
- Takeda—Exclusive access to LNP technology to develop nucleic acid therapeutics directed to specified targets in hepatic stellate cells to treat liver fibrosis
- ST Pharm—Non-exclusive access to Genevant's LNP technology for use in specified territories in an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine

Potential Benefits of Genevant's Delivery Platforms

- Robust and expansive patent estate. Over 600 issued patents and pending patent applications for our LNP platform, including coverage of
 individual lipid structure, particle composition, particle morphology, manufacturing and mRNA-LNP formulations. As we continue to
 develop these technologies, we expect to have the opportunity to expand intellectual property protection further, to enhance protection and
 support additional licensing opportunities.
- Experienced leadership team. Our leadership team has deep technical expertise in nucleic acid drug development and a track record of
 executing successfully in innovative areas. We believe this positions Genevant to expand delivery to historically challenging tissues and
 cell types, thereby creating potential opportunities for creative collaboration.
- Manufacturing know-how. Since inception, we have made strategic investments in expanding our manufacturing know-how. Our
 manufacturing process is rapid and reproducible, has intellectual property protection and is capable of commercial scale.

Expansive Patent Portfolio

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Our LNP platform is protected with a robust patent portfolio, covering a wide range of aspects required for successful nucleic acid delivery.

Our patents are directed to:

- Structures and individual lipid compositions, including cationic and PEG-lipids
- · Particle compositions, including commonly used, most active ranges of lipid ratios for nucleic acid-containing particles
- Nucleic acid-containing particles with certain structural characteristics
- mRNA-containing LNP formulations
- Various aspects of our manufacturing process

Lysovant Overview

Overview:

Lysovant is developing LSVT-1701, a novel endolysin, for the treatment of Staph aureus bacteremia ("SAB") to potentially address
significant unmet medical need in the treatment of serious bacterial infections.

<u>Lead program:</u>

 LSVT-1701: Novel bacteriophage-derived biologic candidate with potent, selective and rapid bactericidal anti-staphylococcal activity including multi-resistant strains via cell wall hydrolysis.

Disease overview:

- Staph aureus is a major cause of infections in the United States and can be serious or fatal by causing bacteremia or sepsis when the bacteria enter the bloodstream. Unless promptly treated, SAB can metastasize to deep tissues and significantly increase the risk of mortality. The most common complications include infective endocarditis ("IE"), vertebral osteomyelitis and pulmonary infections.
- In the United States, there are an estimated 226,000 patients with SAB and 50,000 with IE per year. The incidence of SAB is increasing
 due to the growth of invasive procedures, expansion of implanted medical devices and rise in number of immunocompromised patients.

Limitations of current treatments:

Current standard of care antibiotics for SAB are vancomycin and daptomycin for MRSA, and beta-lactam antibiotics for MSSA, and there
has been no innovation for decades. Current antibiotic treatments take days to suppress the bacteria in hospitalized SAB patients. There
exists significant unmet need for rapid bactericidal antibiotics for complicated SAB and IE, as patients require more effective treatments to
reduce the high mortality of these diseases.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

Results from Phase 1/2a clinical trials suggest that LSVT-1701 is generally well-tolerated with an adequate safety profile on top of standard of care antibiotics.

Development plan and upcoming milestones:

 We anticipate initiating a Multiple Ascending Dose (MAD) study of LSVT-1701 in patients with complicated SAB including IE in the first half of 2022.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

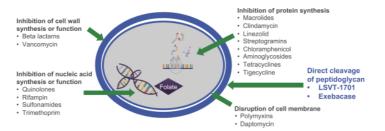
• As of March 31, 2021, we own 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Lysovant and 99% on a Fully-Diluted basis.

<u>Pipeline:</u>

Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone
LSVT-1701 S. Aureu	s Bacteremia			-Water of MAD and and ALL 2000

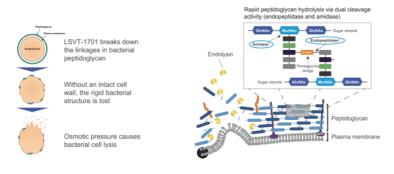
LSVT-1701

LSVT-1701 is a selective and efficient bactericide due to its unique endolysin mechanism. Where other antibiotics and treatments inhibit the synthesis or function of the bacteria's cell wall, nucleic acid, membrane, and protein, LSVT-1701 directly cleaves the bacteria's cell wall leading to rapid bacterial lysis.



We believe LSVT-1701 may be the most effective lysin due to its use of two catalytic domains, called amidase and endopeptidase. These domains provide peptidoglycan (cell wall) hydrolysis. While the amidase cuts between the sugar stands and stem peptides, the endopeptidase cleaves the bonds between the stem peptide and the pentaglycine bridge. As shown below, this novel endolysin mechanism potentially allows for more rapid bactericidal effect. Additionally, endolysin target binding sites are highly conserved and essential to *S. aureus* bacteria viability. We believe this may contribute to lower propensity for resistance.

LSVT-1701 Mechanism of Action



LSVT-1701 for the Treatment of Staph aureus Bacteremia

Staph aureus bacteremia and limitations of current treatments

Staph aureus is a major cause of infections in the United States and can be serious or fatal by causing bacteremia or sepsis when the bacteria enter the bloodstream. Other complications from infection include infective endocarditis, where the infection reaches heart valves and may cause heart failure or stroke, and osteomyelitis, where the bone becomes infected. Common strains of Staph aureus are either methicillin-resistant ("MRSA") or methicillin-susceptible ("MSSA").



In the United States, there are an estimated 226,000 patients with *S. aureus* bacteremia and 50,000 with infective endocarditis per year. Of all SAB cases, around 45% are caused by MRSA and 55% by MSSA. Complicated bacteremia due to sepsis, comorbidities or dialysis accounts for approximately 32% of SAB cases per year and refractory bacteremia accounts for approximately 28% of SAB cases per year. In addition to being a leading cause of infections, SAB is also a major cost driver to U.S. hospitals and results in high mortality rates. Average 30-day mortality of *S. aureus* infections is around 20% with current antibiotic treatment. Complicated bacteremia is associated with higher mortality rates of up to 30%. MRSA and MSSA bacteremia is associated with long hospital stays and high ICU utilization, particularly for complicated bacteremia and IE. Cost of care for SAB across MRSA and MSSA is around \$7.4 billion annually, with sepsis due to the bacteria accounting for 79% of this annual cost. These burdens are in part due to rising resistance of infections to current standard of care antibiotics. Consequently, there is a great need for new therapies efficacious for both hard-to-treat MRSA and MSSA.

We believe that if approved for commercial sale, LSVT-1701 would be differentiated from both current standard of care and emerging endolysin treatments for SAB and IE. Endolysins have been clinically validated as a novel class of bacterial treatment by results from ContraFect's Phase 2 trial of exebacase, which showed efficacy in MRSA but not MSSA and in right-sided infective endocarditis compared to standard of care antibiotics alone. While exebacase's endolysin mechanism only cleaves at one site in the cell wall, LSVT-1701 cleaves at two, potentially increasing its bactericidal capability. Based on preclinical and clinical trials, we believe that if approved, LSVT-1701 can also be given in multiple doses and at higher dosing levels compared to exebacase, which cannot be dosed twice and has a compound-specific dose-limiting toxicology signal (vasculitis). If approved, we believe that LSVT-1701 could be an attractive treatment on top of standard of care for populations with high medical needs, such as those with complicated MRSA and MSSA bacteremia, and left-sided infective endocarditis.

As a result of the novel endolysin mechanism of LSVT-1701, we believe that LSVT-1701, if approved for use, could provide the following potential benefits:

- Rapid antibacterial activity. Where current antibiotic treatments take a long time to suppress the bacteria, LSVT-1701 has the potential to provide rapid and highly effective lytic action.
- Species specificity. Anti-staphylococcal endolysins provide pathogen-targeted bacteriolysis and preserve normal flora
- Low propensity for resistance. Target binding sites are highly conserved and essential to bacteria viability.
- Synergy with standard of care. LSVT-1701 has the potential to be used to treat antibiotic-resistant bacteria and administered concurrently with antibiotics.
- Effective against biofilms. In animal models, LSVT-1701 eradicated and cleared biofilm where standard of care is ineffective.
- Effective against all strains. In vitro susceptibility data demonstrate an activity profile for both MRSA and MSSA, and multi-resistant clinical isolates.

Clinical data

Phase 1

In February 2019, iNtRON Biotechnology completed Phase 1 studies evaluating the safety, pharmocokinetics and pharmacodynamics of LSVT-1701. In these double-blind, placebo-controlled studies, 51 healthy subjects were given single or multiple ascending doses. All adverse events reported were mild or moderate and included chills or rigors, infusion site reaction, pyrexia, headache, myalgia and fatigue. These adverse events appeared dosedependently but were not frequency-dependent. There were no reported severe adverse events reported.

Phase 2a

In November 2019, Lysovant completed a randomized, placebo-controlled Phase 2a clinical trial evaluating the safety of LSVT-1701 in *S. aureus* bacteremia. In this trial, 12 subjects with persistent MRSA or MSSA bacteremia received a single IV dose of LSVT-1701 3 mg/kg in addition to standard of care antibiotics. 13 subjects received placebo, alongside standard of care antibiotics. LSVT-1701 was generally well-tolerated, with similar proportion of subjects reporting adverse events in both placebo and LSVT-1701 arms. Additionally, there was also no evidence of cytokine storm or anaphylaxis. The safety profile observed potentially allows for higher dosing in future trials.

Preclinical data

In a non-neutropenic murine bacteremia (i.e., MSSA sepsis) model, postantibiotic effect ("PAE") occurred after 48 hours. PAE occurs when bacterial growth is successfully suppressed after drug administration. There were no dose-limiting toxicities like vascular lesions or immunogenicity following administration of multiple doses, which suggests safety and tolerability within the model. In a rabbit infectious endocarditis model, a multidose regimen of LSVT-1701 demonstrated complete sterilization of tissues. The data also suggest the ability to dissolve bacterial vegetations, as LSVT-1701 achieved complete experimental sterilization on top of daptomycin, whereas the daptomycin antibiotic regimen alone and exebacase on top of daptomycin did not (not a head-to-head study). *In vitro*, LSVT-1701 has demonstrated a narrow and well-defined minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) range (MIC₉₀ 2 ug/ml) across a diverse collection of current clinical *S. aureus* isolates including MRSA, MSSA, vancomycin-intermediate *S. aureus* (VISA), and glycopeptide-intermediate *S. aureus* (GISA). LSVT-1701 also exhibited a comparable MIC range in 82 coagulase negative staphylococci (CoNS) isolates. MIC measures the lowest concentration of drug necessary to prevent visible bacterial growth, and a narrower MIC range suggests that LSVT-1701 is an efficient bactericide against multi-resistant clinical isolates. LSVT-1701 was also not adversely affected by decreased susceptibility or resistance to various antibiotics, further confirming its bactericidal activity.

Development plan

LSVT-1701 is being developed for the treatment of SAB and IE, and we plan to initiate a Multiple Ascending Dose (MAD) study in the first half of 2022.

Kinevant Overview

Overview:

Kinevant is focused on developing namilumab for pulmonary sarcoidosis and other autoimmune diseases.

Lead program:

• Namilumab: Fully human anti-GM-CSF monoclonal antibody with broad potential in autoimmune diseases.

Disease overview:

Sarcoidosis is a multisystem autoimmune disease that affects approximately 200,000 people in the United States, with 95% of cases
presenting with pulmonary involvement.

Limitations of current treatments:

 Corticosteroids are the most widely used treatment for sarcoidosis, but they carry significant side effects when used longer-term. Secondand third-line treatment options, including immunosuppressive therapies and biologics, are limited by slow onset, safety risk, inconsistent effectiveness, and reimbursement challenges, leaving significant unmet medical need that could be met by a novel biologic.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

Early clinical data in pharmacokinetic/pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) and subsequent Phase 2 studies showed namilumab to be well tolerated
with a single subcutaneous injection given up to every four weeks.

• <u>Development plan and upcoming milestones:</u>

• We plan to initiate a Phase 2 trial to test for the safety and efficacy of namilumab in pulmonary sarcoidosis in the first half of 2022.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

 As of March 31, 2021, we own 88% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Pharmavant 3 (which we refer to here as Kinevant), and 88% on a Fully-Diluted basis. As of March 31, 2021, we own 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the entity that owns the rights to gimsilumab, and 99% on a Fully-Diluted basis.

• <u>Pipeline:</u>

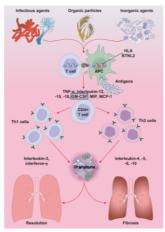
GIMSILUMAB COVID-19 Associated ARDS	one	
NAMILUMAB Pulmonary Sarcoidosis Initiation of Phase 2 double-blind s 1H 2022	Initiation of Phase 2 double-blind study expected	

<u>Namilumab</u>

Namilumab is a fully human monoclonal antibody that neutralizes granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor ("GM-CSF") activity by preventing it from binding to high-affinity cell surface receptors, neutralizing the otherwise pathogenic cytokine in conditions such as pulmonary sarcoidosis.

GM-CSF provides key functions as a pro-inflammatory cytokine and growth factor. Following antigen stimulation or activation by cytokines, GM-CSF can be secreted by a variety of cell types, including activated B and T cells. GM-CSF is pro-inflammatory as it activates macrophages and other cells to drive inflammation and tissue damage. GM-CSF also acts as a growth factor; for example, recombinant GM-CSF is used for the treatment of low white blood cell counts in cancer patients undergoing chemotherapy to increase white blood cells and mobilize them into peripheral blood.

GM-CSF's Role in Sarcoid Pathogenesis



Due to its targeting of a common pro-inflammatory cytokine, we intend to evaluate the development of namilumab for the treatment of a number of potential autoimmune indications. GM-CSF administration has been found to drive disease progression in a variety of preclinical models, including inflammatory arthritis, multiple sclerosis, interstitial lung disease, nephritis, myocarditis, and giant cell arteritis, among others, suggesting broad utility of the anti-GM-CSF mechanism. Macrophages have been implicated in the progression of fibrosis in lung injury, which indicates a potential role of anti-GM-CSF and arange of indications, which we believe suggests potentially broad and flexible application of namilumab. Targeting GM-CSF has been clinically validated in two other autoimmune diseases, theumatoid arthritis and giant cell arteritis, where Phase 2 trials have shown anti-GM-CSFs to be generally well tolerated and to have demonstrated the potential for symptom resolution. Additionally, namilumab is being developed with potentially the least frequent dosing schedule of other subcutaneous and -GM-CSFs in Phase 2 or Phase 3 clinical trials, with a single dose every four weeks after an initial loading period, and has been studied in approximately 300 patients to date. Based on the anti-GM-CSF development landscape, we believe that namilumab has potential for pulmonary sarcoidosis and multiple avenues for expansion across both clinically validated indications and indications with no known anti-GM-CSF development. The three other anti-GM-CSFs currently in Phase 2 or Phase 3 clinical trials have a clinical trials have a clinical trials in theumatoid arthritis and a Phase 2 trial in COVID-19; Kiniksa's mavrilumab, which is subcutaneous, dosed every two weeks, and last completed a positive Phase 2 trial in giant cell arteritis, when a site cell arteritis and is

undergoing a Phase 3 trial in COVID-19 pneumonia and hyperinflammation; and Humanigen's lenzilumab, which is intravenous, dosed every four weeks, and reported positive topline results in a Phase 3 trial in COVID-19 pneumonia.

Namilumab for the Treatment of Sarcoidosis

Sarcoidosis overview and limitations of current treatments

Sarcoidosis is a multi-organ autoimmune disease characterized by the presence of granulomas believed to form via an exaggerated immune response to unidentified antigens. Sarcoidosis primarily affects the lungs and lymphatic system, though sarcoidosis may damage any organ. Granulomas are compact, centrally organized collections of macrophages and epithelioid cells encircled by lymphocytes and form during a normal immune response to trap foreign pathogens, restrict inflammation, and protect the surrounding tissue. The hallmark of sarcoidosis is the presence of CD4+ T cells that interact with antigen-presenting cells to initiate the formation, maintenance, and accumulation of granulomas.

Sarcoidosis affects approximately 200,000 patients in the United States alone and can present itself acutely or subacutely with lymph node enlargement, shortness of breath, dry cough, skin, joint or eye lesions, or abnormalities on chest x-ray or CT. Approximately 95% of sarcoidosis patients have lung involvement, and around 20 to 30% of patients develop permanent lung damage from the disease. An estimated 54% of pulmonary sarcoidosis patients are diagnosed, and approximately 90% of these patients receive some form of treatment. The annual incidence of sarcoidosis in African-Americans is threefold that of Caucasian Americans. Some studies report a slight predominance of sarcoidosis among females compared to males, while others show no gender predilection. Age at onset ranges from 20s to over the age of 50. Corticosteroids are the most widely used treatment for sarcoidosis, but they carry significant side effects when used longer-term, and relapses are common when attempting to taper. There are multiple second- and third-line treatment options, including immunosuppressive therapies such as methotrexate and azathioprine as well as biologics such as TNF inhibitors, but their use is limited by slow onset, safety risk, inconsistent effectiveness, and reimbursement challenges. There remains significant ummet medical need for patients who are not well-controlled by steroids or immunosuppressats (patients may remain symptomatic or may not be able to tolerate effective doses) that could be met by a novel biologic. Market research with HCPs and third-party analysis of claims data suggest that approximately 25% of diagnosed and treated pulmonary sarcoidosis would be eligible for treatment with second-line or later therapy.

The granulomatous response is believed to begin when an antigen chronically stimulates and activates antigen-presenting cells, including alveolar macrophages. Macrophages process and present the antigen, leading to the activation of CD4+ helper T cells, which form and maintain the granuloma by the production of pro-inflammatory cytokines such as TNF- α , GM-CSF, and IL-12 that in turn recruit inflammatory cells such as peripheral blood monocytes. The activated immune environment of the granuloma may lead to significant damage to the surrounding tissue, and the development of advanced fibrosis permanently alters organ structure and function.

GM-CSF, a key pathogenic cytokine, has been critically implicated in multiple parts of the granulomatous response. GM-CSF is involved in the activation and fusion of alveolar macrophages into multinucleated giant cells, the priming and maintenance of T cell activation and the interactions between lymphoid and myeloid cells that promote granuloma formation. Further, GM-CSF production appears to amplify cellular immunity mediated by helper T cells (Th1, Th2, and Th17) that are also believed to be critical during the granulomatous response and thereby driving the local immune response. In patients with sarcoidosis, GM-CSF has been shown to be increased in serum and broncho-alveolar fluid and correlated with disease activity.

Clinical data

In a Phase 1 study of healthy volunteers with a single subcutaneous injection, namliumab was observed to be generally well-tolerated. In a Phase 2 trial in patients with moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
314

conducted by Takeda, namilumab demonstrated decreased disease activity compared to placebo. In this trial, patients were given a subcutaneous injection of either 20, 80, or 150 mg of namilumab four times over a ten-week period. Results showed a dose-dependent response to treatment, with a statistically significant difference in the 28-joint Disease Activity Score, C-reactive protein version (DAS28-CRP), the primary endpoint, at week 12. Compared to placebo, namilumab also increased patients' ACR score, which measures RA signs and symptom improvement. Over the 12-week study period, 14 of 27 (52%) subjects receiving placebo and 45 of 81 (56%) receiving namilumab experienced a treatment-emergent adverse event (TEAE). The most common TEAEs, shown in the table below, were nasopharyngitis, dyspnoea, bronchitis, and headache. One serious adverse event, a myocardial infarction, was reported in the 150 mg arm. The patient, a 63-year old smoker, was withdrawn from the trial and recovered after cardiac catheterization. Although we believe namilumab has significant potential in RA, we believe we can deliver greater value to patients if we pursue development in sarcoidosis first, where the unmet medical need is greater.

Preferred term	Placebo $(N = 27)$	Namilumab		
Freierreu term	Flacebo (14 - 27)	20 mg (N = 28)	80 mg (N = 25)	150 mg (N = 28)
Nasopharyngitis	5(18.5)	5(17.9)	1(4.0)	4(14.3)
Dyspnoea	0	1(3.6)	2(8.0)	3(10.7)
Bronchitis	2(7.4)	1(3.6)	1(4.0)	1(3.6)
Headache	1(3.7)	1(3.6)	3(12.0)	0
Upper respiratory tract infection	0	0	2(8.0)	1(3.6)
Rheumatoid arthritis	0	2(7.1)	2(8.0)	0
Hypertension	0	0	0	2(7.1)
Laryngitis	0	0	2(8.0)	0
Menorrhagia	0	2(7.1)	0	0
Urticaria				
	0	2(7.1)	0	0

Values are n (%). *TEAE* treatment-emergent adverse event

Development plan

We plan to initiate a Phase 2 trial to test the safety and efficacy of namilumab in pulmonary sarcoidosis in the first half of 2022. We believe the anti-GM-CSF mechanism has potential for broad application due to the numerous disease functions of GM-CSF, giving the opportunity to expand autoimmune disease indications.

Affivant Overview

Overview:

Affivant is focused on the future development and commercialization of AFM32 and other bispecific antibodies through its licensing and strategic collaboration agreement with Affimed to develop and commercialize novel innate cell engagers for multiple cancer targets.

Lead program:

 AFM32 is a preclinical immune-engaging bispecific antibody licensed from Affimed with potential applicability to several solid tumor indications.

<u>Preclinical data:</u>

- In a head-to-head preclinical study, AFM32's potency exceeded that of a monoclonal antibody ("mAb") that has been clinically validated
 against the same tumor target.
- AFM32's potency also exceeded the potency of antibody-drug conjugate ("ADC") agents that have been clinically validated against the
 same tumor target, as reported in published preclinical studies.

<u>Development plan and upcoming milestones:</u>

• We expect to file an IND for AFM32 in the second half of 2022.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

As of March 31, 2021, we own 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Affivant and 100% on a Fully-Diluted basis.

• <u>Pipeline:</u>

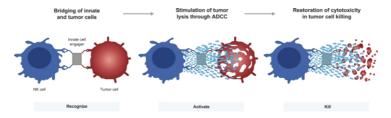
Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone
AFM32 Solid Tumors				
				ND filing expected 2H 2022

Bispecific Innate Cell Engagers and Affimed's ROCK Platform

Bispecific innate cell engagers ("ICE") are a novel class of drugs that activate the innate immune system and trigger a concerted anti-tumoral immune response. These bispecific antibodies consist of tumor-associated antigen binding domains, which cause high affinity and high specificity binding to the tumor surface, and immune cell binding domains, which bind and activate specific immune cell subsets able to kill the tumor cell. The Fc region of the antibody links the two domains together and improves pharmaceutical properties. The cross-linking of tumor and immune cells acts as a bridge that increases their proximity and creates a spatial stimulus, enabling the immune cell to kill the tumor cell.

Affimed's Redirected Optimized Cell Killing ("ROCK") platform technology generates diverse, tetravalent, bispecific antibodies known as ICE, which can be customized to target specific binding domains on hematologic and solid tumor cells. The immune cell binding domain of ICE includes a high affinity CD16A-directed domain that binds to CD16A receptors on natural killer ("NK") cells with a unique epitope. CD16A is sufficient to fully activate cell killing by NK cells and macrophages, differentiating ICE from other platforms that can engage NK cells. In addition, there is no dilution or sink effect through neutrophils (CD16B+) as the molecules are highly selective for CD16A. These ICE antibodies are superior to mAbs and Fc-enhanced mAbs in their ability to bind with high affinity to CD16A with minimal serum IgC competition. The ROCK platform has generated clinical proof of concept through clinical trials of AFM13 in patients with peripheral T-cell lymphoma, where AFM13

was well-tolerated and demonstrated tumor shrinkage or slowing of tumor growth. Our goal is to develop CD16A NK antibodies with the potential for targeted immune activation and tumor destruction, along with a safety profile more like traditional antibody-based products.



AFM32

AFM32 is an ICE program currently in the preclinical stage of development. AFM32's Fc region is fused to two high affinity CD16A binding single chain variable regions to maximize NK cell and macrophage engagement. The biological target of AFM32's tumor-associated antigen binding domain has been clinically validated via other targeted agents (mAb and ADC), including both evidence of single agent activity and a generally well-tolerated safety profile of the corresponding mAb in published studies. We believe AFM32 has potential applicability across several highly prevalent solid tumor types, providing the optionality to pursue multiple large-market indications.

Preclinical data

In a head-to-head preclinical study, AFM32 potency, as measured by target cell killing, exceeded that of a mAb, and in preclinical studies, AFM32's potency exceeded the potency (as reported in published preclinical studies) of ADC agents that have been clinically validated against the same tumor target. Furthermore, based on preclinical and clinical experiences with other ICE antibodies in separate studies, we believe that the tolerability of AFM32 has the potential to be superior to that observed to date with antibody-drug conjugates in published literature.

Development plan

Pursuant to a collaboration and licensing agreement between Affivant and Affimed, Affimed is conducting a significant portion of the AFM32 preclinical work for the collaboration under the governance of a Joint Steering Committee controlled by Affivant. Pursuant to the agreement Affivant will be responsible for submitting any IND or equivalent for AFM32, and will be responsible for all future clinical development and commercialization worldwide, with Affimed retaining an option for co-promotion. We also have the option to license from Affined additional ICE molecules directed against targets that are not (a) currently licensed or optioned to third parties or (b) directed against targets included in Affimed's current pipeline.

Cytovant Overview

Overview:

Cytovant's mission is to discover, develop and commercialize cell therapies that are uniquely suited to Asian patients.

Lead program:

CVT-TCR-01: TCR-T therapeutic targeting NY-ESO-1, an intracellular cancer testis antigen whose expression is nearly exclusive to
malignant tissue, being developed in Asia for the treatment of soft tissue sarcoma and other tumors with high disease burden in the region.

Disease overview:

 NY-ESO-1 is expressed in many tumor types associated with substantial unmet need in Asia, including soft tissue sarcoma, ovarian cancer, esophageal cancer and lung cancer. In 2020, the estimated incidences of colorectal, lung and esophageal cancer in China were 38.4, 56.3 and 22.4 cases per 100,000 individuals; these tumors are associated with NY-ESO-1 positivity rates of 17%, 19% and 21%, respectively.

Limitations of current treatments:

 The current treatment options for soft tissue sarcoma leave significant unmet need, as chemotherapy for systemic treatment has an overall survival of approximately 12 months, and up to 40% of patients who receive surgery and radiotherapy eventually recur at distant sites.

Preclinical data:

 CVT-TCR-01 has demonstrated strong activity against NY-ESO-1-positive cell lines in preclinical experiments and has further demonstrated highly specific on-target activity by sparing cell lines that are NY-ESO-1-negative. Moreover, in preclinical experiments, CVT-TCR-01 has been shown to induce strong proinflammatory cytokine secretion upon exposure to NY-ESO-1 positive cell lines, further supporting its antitumor activity.

• Development plan and upcoming milestones:

• We expect to initiate CMC activities for CVT-TCR-01 in the second half of 2021.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

As of March 31, 2021, we own 72% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Cytovant and 68% on a Fully-Diluted basis, in each
case including both direct and indirect ownership in Cytovant.

<u>Pipeline:</u>

_	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next Key Milestone	
	VT-TCR-01 Oncologic Malignancies					
			In	itiation of CMC activities in 2H 2021		

Cytovant holds development and commercialization rights for Greater China (includes People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macau), Japan, and the Republic of Korea.

TCR-T Background

As part of normal immune surveillance, the body identifies diseased cells through the T-cell receptor ("TCR"), which binds and recognizes the HLA peptide complex. The HLA peptide complex is comprised of

short fragments of cellular proteins bound to HLA; this complex is then trafficked to the cell surface for presentation to T cells. When a T cell binds to a specific HLA peptide complex on a diseased cell, that cell is targeted for destruction. Importantly, peptide fragments that are bound to HLA are derived from intracellular, extracellular and transmembrane proteins, meaning that TCRs can target the entire array of cellular porteins. Notably, HLA types vary substantially across global populations, with markedly different HLA types commonly observed in Asian populations relative to Caucasian populations. For example, two high-frequency alleles in Southern Chinese people, HLA-A*02:07 (20%) and HLA-A*02:03 (10%), are not addressed by any current TCR-based therapy. The ability of a specific TCR to bind and recognize an HLA peptide complex is limited to matched HLA types; thus, a TCR that recognizes an HLA peptide complex found in Caucasian patients.

The ability of T cells to recognize and kill diseased cells via the TCR can be manipulated to target specific cells, including cancerous cells. This constitutes the basis of TCR-T therapeutics, in which affinity- or specificity-enhanced T cell receptors are genetically engineered into a patient's own T cells and then used as a direct anti-cancer treatment. This technology affords several advantages compared to other forms of adoptive cell therapy ("ACT"), including chimeric antigen receptor T-cells ("CAR-T"). Two key advantages include:

- Greater range of target antigens: Unlike CAR-T, which relies upon antibody fragment binding to cell surface proteins for cell
 recognition and destruction, TCR-T can recognize intracellular antigens as well. As most cancerous cells express cancer-specific
 intracellular antigens, this widens the range of addressable targets for TCR-T relative to CAR-T.
- Specificity for malignant tissue: To date, all approved CAR-T products are specific to targets expressed on both healthy and diseased tissue. By contrast, TCR-T targets can be specific exclusively or nearly exclusively to malignant tissue, potentially limiting off-target toxicities.

Because TCR-T therapeutics must be specific to both an antigen (which discriminates specific tumor types) and an HLA type (which discriminates specific addressable populations), we believe that Cytovant's focus on the unique medical needs of Asian patients will give the company an advantage relative to organizations that lack an explicit focus on Asian markets. Similarly, because of the complexity of cell therapy manufacturing as well as China's comprehensive regulatory regime regarding human tissue, we believe that Cytovant's local focus and the team's on-the-ground manufacturing experience represent a key competitive advantage over global competitors.

The cell therapy landscape in China is saturated with CAR-T treatments, primarily for hematologic oncology. Cytovant's TCR-T approach will face fewer TCR-T competitors and may better enable solid tumor targeting, a larger market opportunity than blood cancers.

Development-Stage Cellular Therapeutics in China

Antigen	CAR-T
BCMA	22
CD19	88
CD22	18
Total CAR-T	244
Total TCR-T	46

Clarivate Analytics as of January 2021

CVT-TCR-01

CVT-TCR-01 is a preclinical TCR-T therapeutic candidate being developed to target cancer testis antigen NY-ESO-1 presented by HLA-A*02. NY-ESO-1 has several characteristics that make it well-suited to

ACT-based immunotherapeutic approaches. First, NY-ESO-1 is an oncofetal protein expressed primarily in malignant tissue; in particular, it is highly expressed in soft tissue sarcoma, ovarian cancer, esophageal cancer and lung cancer, among other common tumors. Second, NY-ESO-1 is highly immunogenic and its expression is associated with decreased survival. Finally, because NY-ESO-1 is expressed only intracellularly, we believe it is a suitable target for a TCR-T-based approach.

NY-ESO-1 positive cancers and limitations of current treatments

NY-ESO-1 positive cancers represent a substantial health burden in East Asia. The estimated incidences of colorectal, lung and esophageal cancer in China are 38.4, 56.3 and 22.4 cases per 100,000 individuals; these tumors are associated with NY-ESO-1 positivity rates of 17%, 19% and 21%, respectively. Among certain less common tumors, NY-ESO-1 positivity increases significantly, with 35% of bladder cancers, 43% of ovarian cancers and more than 80% of soft tissue sarcomas expressing the antigen. The estimated incidences of these tumor types in China are 5.9, 7.8 and 3.2 cases per 100,000 individuals. In aggregate, these six tumor types represent a prevalent population of more than 3,000,000 patients in China alone, of which we estimate more than 60,000 are likely to be NY-ESO-1 positive.

NY-ESO-1 is Highly Expressed Across Many Fatal Cancers in Asia

% Tumor Cells Expressing NY-ESO-1 mRNA



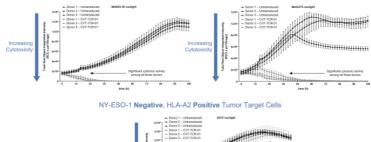
While local control of soft tissue sarcoma is achievable through surgery and radiotherapy, up to 40% of patients eventually recur at distant sites, of whom over 90% ultimately die of this malignancy. For patients with locally advanced or metastatic sarcoma, conventional chemotherapy with doxorubicin and/or ifosfamide used sequentially or in combination represents the backbone of systemic treatment, for which overall survival is approximately 12 months. The high mortality and limited development of novel treatment options leaves significant unmet need for patients suffering from soft tissue sarcoma.

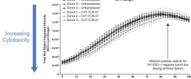
Preclinical data

In preclinical testing, CVT-TCR-01 demonstrated specific and potent killing of NY-ESO-1-positive cell lines as assessed by IFN-g release. Moreover, CVT-TCR-01 was shown to spare NY-ESO-1 negative cell lines, indicating the candidate's specificity for NY-ESO-1. In subsequent cytotoxicity assays, CVT-TCR-01's activity was shown to be dependent on both NY-ESO-1 and HLA-A2 expression, consistent with CVT-TCR-01's specificity for NY-ESO-1 presented by HLA-A2. Finally, cytokine release assays indicated that CVT-TCR-01 induces strongly proinflammatory Th1-type cytokine secretion upon exposure to NY-ESO-1 positive cell lines, further supporting CVT-TCR-01's antitumor activity. Additionally, preliminary clinical results from NY-ESO-1 directed TCR therapy demonstrate promising overall response rates in a wide variety of tumor types, including synovial sarcoma, multiple myeloma and myxoid round cell liposarcoma.

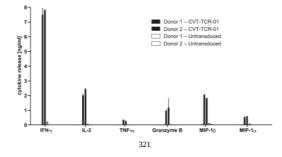
CVT-TCR-01 Shows Comparable Cytotoxic Activity in Three Donors

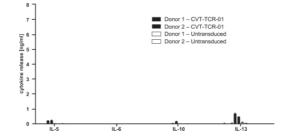
NY-ESO-1 Positive, HLA-A2 Positive Tumor Target Cells





CVT-TCR-01 Transduced Effector Cells Secrete Th1-Type Cytokines





There are multiple competing cellular therapeutics targeting NY-ESO-1 in development both globally and in Asia specifically. Among global programs, the most advanced is letetresgene autoleucel, which GlaxoSmithKline is currently developing in multiple solid tumor types in several Phase 1 and 2 studies. Prior studies of letetresgene autoleucel demonstrated strong antitumor activity in patients with NY-ESO-1-positive soft issue sarcoma, in which overall response rates of up to 50% were observed. Among Asia- and China-specific programs, competing NY-ESO-1-targeting TCR-Ts include TAEST-16001, which is being developed by Xiangxue Life Sciences; TBI-1301, which is being developed by Takara Bio and Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co.; and a program in development by Shenzhen Binde Bio.

Development plan

Cytovant is developing CVT-TCR-01 for the treatment of tumors with high disease burden in Asia. We expect to initiate CMC activities for CVT-TCR-01 in the second half of 2021.

Arbutus Overview

- Overview:
 - Arbutus is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company primarily focused on advancing a Hepatitis B virus ("HBV") product pipeline that includes RNA interference ("RNAi") therapeutics, oral capsid inhibitors, oral compounds that inhibit PD-L1 and oral HBV RNA destabilizers.

<u>Lead programs:</u>

- AB-729: Subcutaneously-delivered RNAi therapeutic targeted to hepatocytes using Arbutus's proprietary covalently conjugated GalNAc delivery technology that inhibits viral replication.
- AB-836: Proprietary next-generation oral capsid inhibitor that suppresses HBV DNA replication.

<u>Disease overview:</u>

 Hepatitis B is a potentially life-threatening liver infection caused by HBV. HBV can cause chronic infection which leads to a higher risk of death from cirrhosis and liver cancer. The World Health Organization estimates that over 250 million people worldwide suffer from chronic HBV infection, while other estimates indicate that approximately 2 million people in the United States suffer from chronic HBV infection. Approximately 900,000 people die every year from complications related to chronic HBV infection despite the availability of effective vaccines and current treatment ortions.

Limitations of current treatments:

Current treatment options include nucleos(t)ide analogs ("NA") and pegylated interferon regimens. However, fewer than 5% of patients are
functionally cured by these current treatment options after a finite treatment duration. With such low cure rates, most patients with chronic
HBV infection are required to take NA therapy daily for the rest of their lives.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

- Preliminary data from ongoing single- and multi-dose Phase 1a/1b clinical trials for AB-729 demonstrate robust hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) reductions in multiple patient cohorts. AB-729 has been observed to be well-tolerated after single and repeat doses based on results to date. These data support dosing intervals of up to 8 weeks.
- Repeat dosing of AB-729 60 mg every 8 weeks results in comparable mean HBsAg declines relative to 60 mg every 4 weeks at week 44 (-1.87 log10 IU/mL vs -1.81 log10 IU/mL, p=0.8).
- In HBV DNA positive chronic hepatitis B subjects, a single 90 mg AB-729 dose resulted in robust mean HBsAg (-1.02 log10 IU/mL) and HBV DNA (-1.53 log10 IU/mL) declines at week 12, as well as decreases in HBV RNA and core-related antigen.

<u>Development plan and upcoming milestones:</u>

- Arbutus expects to report data from the 90 mg every 12 weeks cohort and 90 mg every 8 weeks cohort in HBV DNA positive subjects, in the second half of 2021.
- Arbutus plans to initiate two Phase 2a combination clinical trials to evaluate AB-729 in combination with one or more approved or investigational agents in the second half of 2021.
- Arbutus announced plans to evaluate a triple combination of AB-729, Antios Therapeutics's proprietary active site polymerase inhibitor nucleuotide ATI-2173, and Viread (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate) in a single cohort in the ongoing Antios Phase 2a ANTT201 clinical trial. The multi-center, double-blinded, placebo-controlled, multiple-dose cohort will evaluate the safety, pharmacokinetics, immunogenicity, and antiviral activity of this triple combination and is expected to initiate in the second half of 2021.

Arbutus expects to provide initial data from the Phase 1a/1b clinical trial of AB-836 in the second half of 2021.

Roivant ownership:

As of March 31, 2021, we own 33% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Arbutus and 29% on a Fully-Diluted basis, in each
case including the conversion of preferred shares held by Roivant into common shares.

Sio Gene Therapies Overview

Overview:

Sio Gene Therapies is a clinical-stage company focused on developing gene therapies for neurodegenerative diseases, with a pipeline of innovative product candidates for the treatment of GM1 gangliosidosis, GM2 gangliosidosis (including Tay-Sachs disease and Sandhoff disease) and Parkinson's disease.

<u>Lead programs:</u>

- AXO-AAV-GM1: Investigational gene therapy currently being developed as a potential one-time disease modifying treatment for GM1
 gangliosidosis, a rare disease caused by loss-of-function mutations in the GLB1 gene. The program utilizes an adeno-associated virus
 (AAV) vector to deliver a functional copy of the GLB1 gene with the goals of restoring *B*-gal enzyme activity in the CNS and reducing
 GM1 ganglioside accumulation, to ultimately improve neurological function and extend survival.
- AXO-AAV-GM2: Investigational gene therapy currently being developed as a potential one-time disease modifying treatment for GM2
 gangliosidosis (including Tay-Sachs disease and Sandhoff disease). The AXO-AAV-GM2 program utilizes AAV dual vectors to deliver
 functional copies of both the HEXA gene and the HEXB gene, with the goal of restoring normal Hex A enzyme function in the central
 nervous system.
- AXO-Lenti-PD: In vivo lentiviral gene therapy investigational product candidate currently being developed as a potential one-time
 treatment of Parkinson's disease. AXO-Lenti-PD delivers a construct of three genes that encode the critical enzymes required for the
 biochemical synthesis of dopamine from endogenous tyrosine.

Disease overview:

- GM1 gangliosidosis is a rare, inherited neurodegenerative lysosomal storage disorder characterized by the accumulation of GM1 ganglioside with an estimated incidence of approximately one in 100,000 live births worldwide.
- GM2 gangliosidosis, also known as Tay-Sachs or Sandhoff diseases, is a rare, inherited neurodegenerative lysosomal storage disorder characterized by buildup of GM2 ganglioside in lysosomes with an estimated incidence of approximately one in 150,000 live births worldwide.
- Parkinson's disease is a chronic neurodegenerative disorder that primarily results in progressive and debilitating motor symptoms. It is
 estimated that up to 1 million people in the U.S. and 7 to 10 million people worldwide suffer from Parkinson's disease.

Limitations of current treatments:

- AXO-AAV-GM1: GM1 gangliosidosis is uniformly fatal, and there are no disease-modifying treatment options. Management is limited to
 symptomatic treatment and palliative care.
- AXO-AAV-GM2: There are no disease-modifying treatment options for either Tay-Sachs disease or Sandhoff disease, and management is limited to symptomatic treatment and palliative care.
- AXO-Lenti-PD: The treatment of Parkinson's disease is limited to symptomatic treatments, as no therapies have proven effective in
 altering the course of the disease or addressing the underlying pathophysiological processes. One-time gene therapy has the potential to
 reduce reliance on levodopa-based therapies, reduce troublesome side effects such as dyskinesia, and slow the course of disease
 progression.

<u>Clinical data:</u>

- AXO-AAV-GM1: Six-month follow-up data from ongoing Phase 1/2 trial have shown AXO-AAV-GM1 to be generally well-tolerated, with all five children dosed demonstrating signs of clinical disease stability, with serum &-galactosidase enzyme activity restored to an average of 38% of normal reference levels in the low-dose cohort. Additionally, 18-49% reductions from baseline in accumulated substrate, GM1 ganglioside, were observed in the cerebrospinal fluid in 4 out of 5 children in the low-dose cohort at six months. 7 children have been dosed to date in the dose-escalation stage of the registrational program.
- AXO-AAV-GM2: Clinically meaningful improvement in motor skills and disease stabilization were observed in two infants with Tay-Sachs
 disease following administration under expanded access protocol. An IND was cleared by FDA in November 2020 and the first patient was
 dosed in January 2021.
- AXO-Lenti-PD: Preliminary data from ongoing Phase 2 trial have shown AXO-Lenti-PD to be generally well-tolerated and to demonstrate
 dose-dependent improvements in motor function. To date, 21 patients have received gene therapy in dose-escalation studies spanning 5
 dose cohorts.

Development plan and upcoming milestones:

- AXO-AAV-GM1: Sio expects to report 12-month safety, biomarker and efficacy from the low-dose cohort of its ongoing Phase 1/2 trial in
 the second half of 2021.
- AXO-AAV-GM2: Sio expects to continue patient identification, screening and enrollment in Stage 1 of its ongoing Phase 1/2 trial throughout 2021.
- AXO-Lenti-PD: Sio and its manufacturing partner, Oxford Biomedica, are currently working on the development of a suspension-based
 manufacturing process at scale.

<u>Roivant ownership:</u>

As of March 31, 2021, we own 27% of the issued and outstanding shares of Sio common stock and 25% on a Fully-Diluted basis.

Asset Acquisition and License Agreements; Other Vant Agreements

Immunovant

License Agreement with HanAll Biopharma Co., Ltd.

In December 2017, our wholly owned subsidiary, Roivant Sciences GmbH ("RSG"), entered into a license agreement with HanAll Biopharma Co., Ltd. ("HanAll") (the "HanAll Agreement"). Under the HanAll Agreement, RSG received (i) the non-exclusive right to manufacture and (ii) the exclusive, royalty-bearing right to develop, import and use the antibody referred to as IMVT-1401 and certain back-up and next-generation antibodies, and products containing such antibodies, and to commercialize such products, in the United States, Canada, Mexico, the E.U., the U.K., Switzerland, the Middle East, North Africa and Latin America (the "HanAll Licensed Territory"), for all human and animal uses. RSG also received the right to grant a sublicense, with prior written notice to HanAll of such sublicense, to: (i) a third party in any country in the HanAll Licensed Territory outside of the United States and E.U.; (ii) an affiliate of RSG in any country in the HanAll Licensed Territory; and (iii) a third party in the United States and E.U. only after submission of a biologics license application in the United States or a Marketing Authorization Application in the E.U. Pursuant to the HanAll Agreement, RSG granted to HanAll an exclusive, royalty-free license under certain RSG patents, know-how and other intellectual property relating to such antibodies and products to develop, manufacture and commercialize such antibodies and products for use outside of the HanAll Licensed Territory.

In December 2018, Immunovant Sciences GmbH, ("ISG") obtained and assumed all rights, title, interest and obligations under the HanAll Agreement from RSG, including all rights to IMVT-1401 in the HanAll Licensed

Territory, for an aggregate purchase price of \$37.8 million plus Swiss value-added tax of \$2.9 million. HanAll and RSG have agreed that neither they nor certain of their affiliates will clinically develop or commercialize certain competitive products in the HanAll Licensed Territory.

Under the HanAll Agreement, the parties may choose to collaborate on a research program directed to the research and development of next generation FcRn inhibitors in accordance with an agreed plan and budget. ISG is obligated to reimburse HanAll for half of such research and development expenses incurred by HanAll, up to an aggregate reimbursement amount of \$20.0 million.

Pursuant to the HanAll Agreement, RSG made an upfront payment of \$30.0 million to HanAll in December 2017. In May 2019, ISG achieved its first development and regulatory milestone, which resulted in a \$10.0 million milestone payment that ISG subsequently paid to HanAll in August 2019. ISG will be responsible for future contingent payments and royalties, including up to a maximum of \$442.5 million upon the achievement of certain development, regulatory and sales milestone events. ISG is also obligated to pay HanAll tiered royalties ranging from the mid-single digits to mid-teens on net sales of licensed products, subject to standard offsets and reductions as set forth in the HanAll Agreement. These royalty obligations apply on a product-by-product and country-by-country basis and end upon the latest of (i) the date on which the lats valid claim of the licensed product in such country expires, (ii) the date on which the data or market exclusivity for such licensed product in such country expires, or (iii) 11 years after the first commercial sale of such licensed product, nucles earlier terminated. ISG may terminate the HanAll Agreement in its entirety without cause upon 180 days' written notice following 30 days of discussion. Either party may terminate the HanAll Agreement in its entirety without cause upon 180 days in the case of non-payment), or immediately upon written notice if the other party files a voluntary petition, is subject to a substantiated involuntary petition or for certain other solvency events. HanAll may terminate the HanAll Agreement if ISG or its affiliates challenge the validity or enforceability of any of the iccnsed patents.

Proteovant

Michigan Research Agreement

In January 2018, our subsidiary Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. ("Oncopia") entered into a research agreement with the Regents of the University of Michigan (the "University of Michigan (the "Michigan Research Agreement"). Pursuant to the Michigan Research Agreement, Oncopia and the University of Michigan are collaborating to discover and optimize small molecule protein degraders. Any intellectual property developed under the Michigan Research Agreement that is directed to certain targets will be licensed by the University of Michigan to Oncopia pursuant to the Michigan Research Agreement, as described below. Pursuant to the Michigan Research Agreement, Oncopia is obligated to provide a low eight-digit amount in funding between 2021 and 2023. Unless earlier terminated based on customary termination rights or extended by mutual agreement, the Research Agreement continues until December 2023.

Michigan License Agreement

In November 2020, Oncopia entered into an amended and restated patent license agreement with the University of Michigan (the "Michigan License Agreement"), pursuant to which the University of Michigan granted Oncopia an exclusive, worldwide, sublicensable license under certain patents related to certain existing small molecule protein degraders and certain future small molecule protein degraders that may be developed under the Michigan Research Agreement to make, use and commercialize certain products covered by such patents. Such license grant is subject to, among other things, certain rights required to be granted under prior research or sponsorship agreements.

Under the Michigan License Agreement, Oncopia is obligated to pay the University of Michigan a low-to-mid single-digit royalty on net sales of each licensed product. Oncopia's royalty obligations apply on

product-by-product, country-by-country basis and end upon the expiration of the last-to-expire valid claim of the licensed patents under the University of Michigan Agreement which covers such licensed product in such country. The patents and pending patent applications, if granted, currently licensed under the Michigan License Agreement are expected to expire as early as 2037, and as late as 2042, without giving effect to any potential patent term extensions or patent term adjustments. Oncopia is obligated to pay the University of Michigan minimum annual royalties in the low five-digit range from March 2021 until the first commercial sale of a licensed product, at which time such minimum annual royalties will increase to a low six-digit amount. Oncopia may also be obligated to pay up to a maximum of a high seven-digit amount in development and commercial milestone payments on a per product basis. Unless earlier terminated based on customary termination rights, the term of the Michigan License Agreement will continue until the expiration of the last-to-expire valid claim of the licensed patents.

Dermavant

Agreements Relating to Tapinarof

In July 2018, our subsidiary Dermavant Sciences GmbH ("DSG") acquired the worldwide rights (other than for China) with respect to certain intellectual property rights retained by Welichem Biotech Inc. ("Welichem") to tapinarof and related compounds from Glaxo Group Limited and GlaxoSmithKline Intellectual Property Development Ltd. (collectively, "GSK") pursuant to an asset purchase agreement (the "GSK Agreement"). GSK previously acquired rights to a predecessor formulation of tapinarof from Welichem pursuant to an asset purchase agreement between GSK and Welichem entered into in May 2012 (the "Welichem Agreement"). Under the GSK Agreement, DSG made an upfront payment of £150.0 million (approximately \$191 million) to GSK.

DSG is also obligated to pay GSK £100.0 million (approximately \$133 million) within 70 days following the receipt of marketing approval of tapinarof in the United States. The GSK Agreement does not require DSG to pay any royalties on sales of tapinarof following commercialization or make any commercial milestone payments, except for milestones owed to Welichem as described below.

In addition, under the GSK Agreement, DSG assumed all obligations under the Welichem Agreement, including payment of up to C\$80.0 million (approximately \$61 million) in potential development milestone payments and up to C\$100.0 million (approximately \$76 million) in potential commercial milestone payments. Following the commencement of the two pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials of tapinarof for the treatment of psoriasis in May 2019, on June 5, 2019, DSG paid to Welichem a milestone payment of C\$30.0 million (approximately \$23 million). In the future DSG may seek to enter into a royalty financing or similar transaction to fund its milestone payments.

In August 2018, in connection with the GSK Agreement, DSG and GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited ("GSK Trading") entered into a clinical manufacturing and supply agreement for tapinarof pursuant to which DSG obtained an existing supply of tapinarof drug product and drug substance as well as additional supply of tapinarof drug product for clinical trials on a cost plus basis. As required under the GSK Agreement, in April 2019, DSG and GSK Trading also entered into a commercial manufacturing and supply agreement (the "Commercial Supply Agreement") pursuant to which DSG will obtain tapinarof drug product and drug substance from GSK Trading. Under the Commercial Supply Agreement, GSK Trading will provide development services to prepare for the manufacture and supply of tapinarof at commercial scale. DSG will obtain commercial supply of tapinarof on a cost plus basis under the commercial supply agreement. As required under the GSK Agreement, DSG entered into a letter agreement with GSK whereby GSK has agreed to make certain planned capital improvements, including design work, the purchase and modification of additional equipment items, and the reconfiguration of the existing production modules at GSK's manufacturing site in Cork, Ireland with DSG agreeing to reimburse GSK an anticipated aggregate capital expenditure amount, which is not expected to exceed approximately £11.4 million (approximately \$13 million). DSG is not required to reimburse GSK for any actual amounts incurred in excess of 110% of the anticipated aggregate capital expenditure amount and the letter agreement will terminate at the later of (i) the completion of the Planned Capital Improvements and (ii) reimbursement by DSG of GSK's actual capital expenditures related to such planned capital improvements.

Collaboration and License Agreement with Japan Tobacco Inc.

In January 2020, DSG entered into a collaboration and license agreement with Japan Tobacco Inc. ("Japan Tobacco") (the "Japan Tobacco Agreement"). Pursuant to the Japan Tobacco Agreement, DSG granted Japan Tobacco exclusive rights to develop, register and market tapinarof in Japan for the treatment of dermatological diseases and conditions, including psoriasis and acto exclusive rights. In connection with the Japan Tobacco Agreement, Japan Tobacco has signed an exclusive license with its subsidiary. Torii, for co-development and commercialization of tapinarof in Japan.

Under the Japan Tobacco Agreement, in January 2020, DSG received an upfront payment of \$60.0 million and may receive up to an additional \$53.0 million upon the achievement of certain development milestones for tapinarof in psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. In addition, DSG will be entitled to tiered purchase prices specified in the Japan Tobacco Agreement in consideration of DSG's commercial supply of tapinarof to Japan Tobacco under the terms of a separate commercial supply agreement to be negotiated by the parties. DSG also has the right to receive royalties, to be negotiated by the parties and consistent with the purchase prices, based on product sales of tapinarof in the indications to the extent that DSG is no longer responsible for supplying tapinarof to Japan Tobacco.

The Japan Tobacco Agreement will remain in effect until expiration of the obligation to pay royalties, unless terminated in accordance with the following: (1) for any reason by Japan Tobacco upon written notice to DSG, which notice must be provided (x) at least 90 days in advance, if the termination is prior to regulatory approval of tapinarof in Japan for any dermatological disease or condition, and (y) at least 180 days in advance, if the termination is subsequent to regulatory approval of tapinarof in Japan for any dermatological disease or condition; (2) by either party upon written notice for the other party's material breach if such party fails to cure such breach within the specified cure period; or (3) by DSG if Japan Tobacco or its affiliates or sublicenses participate in a challenge to certain of our patents.

Dermavant Financing Agreements-Dermavant Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement

In May 2021, DSG, as seller, entered into a Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "RIPSA") with XYQ Luxco S.À R.L. ("XYQ Luxco"), NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund XVII, L.P., an affiliate of NovaQuest Capital Management, LLC, and MAM Tapir Lender, LLC, an affiliate of Marathon Asset Management, L.P. (collectively, the "Purchasers"), together with U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent.

Following satisfaction of the funding conditions set forth in the RIPSA, including receipt of marketing approval from the FDA for tapinarof, the Purchasers are obligated to pay DSG a total of \$160.0 million in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the RIPSA (the "Purchase Price"). In consideration therefor, each of the Purchasers will have the right to receive a low single-digit to high single-digit tiered percentage of quarterly revenues based on the achievement of specified net sales thresholds for tapinarof in the U.S., up to a cap set at a multiple of the Purchase Price paid to DSG by the Purchasers. Payments of such quarterly revenues to the Purchasers under the RIPSA are secured by a security interest in certain tapinarof-related assets, including intellectual property rights and certain other assets that are owned by, licensed to or otherwise controlled by DSG related to the development and commercialization of tapinarof.

The RIPSA contains certain representations and warranties and covenants applicable to DSL and its subsidiaries. The RIPSA also contains certain Events of Default (as defined in the RIPSA) such as the breach of payment and other obligations, bankruptcy-related events and cross-defaults with respect to other related documents and agreements creating indebtedness. The occurrence of an Event of Default following the Purchasers' funding of the Purchase Price triggers DSG's obligation to pay an Event of Default Floe (as defined in the RIPSA) of \$160.0 million, less revenue payments previously paid, as liquidated damages. In addition, the occurrence of a change of control of DSG prior to the Purchasers funding the Purchase Price triggers DSG's right, but not the obligation, to terminate the RIPSA by payment of the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price (as defined in the RIPSA) to all of the Purchasers, which varies based on the date of termination and certain milestones with respect to tapinarof.

Dermavant Financing Agreements-Dermavant Credit Agreement with XYQ Luxco

In May 2021, our subsidiaries Dermavant Sciences Ltd. ("DSL"), Dermavant Holdings Limited, Dermavant Sciences IRL Limited and DSG, as borrowers (the "Borrowers"), and certain other subsidiaries of DSL, as initial guarantors, entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with XYQ Luxco, as lender, and U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent. The Credit Agreement provides for a term loan of \$40.0 million (the "Term Loan"), the proceeds of which were used by the Borrowers to repay in full and terminate an existing credit facility with Hercules Capital Inc., with the remaining proceeds to be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

The Term Loan bears interest at a fixed interest rate of 10.0% per annum, with interest paid quarterly in arrears until maturity in May 2026, at which time the principal amount is due. The Borrowers have the option to prepay the Term Loan in whole or in part, subject to (i) until May 2023, a prepayment premium of 5.0% of the principal amount being repaid (plus the present value of all future scheduled interest on the principal being prepaid that would accrue through May 2023 calculated based on a discount rate equal to the treasury rate plus 100 basis points, except in the event the prepayment is due to a change of control), (ii) from May 2023 to May 2024, a prepayment premium of 5.0% of the principal amount being repaid, and (iiii) from May 2024 to May 2025, a prepayment premium of 2.5% of the principal amount being repaid. From May 2025 through maturity, the Term Loan may be prepaid in whole or part without a prepayment premium. Optional and mandatory prepayment of the Term Loan, as well as other forms of prepayment, repayment, repaid, repaid, applied or reductions, will also require that DSL pays an Exit Fee (as defined in the Credit Agreement), calculated based on the amount so prepaid, repaid, applied or reduced.

The Borrowers' obligations under the Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the initial guarantors and secured by first priority security interests in substantially all of the tangible and intangible assets of the Borrowers and guarantors, including certain intellectual property rights, bank accounts, any and all insurance receivables, intercompany receivables and/or trade receivables and certain quotas and/or participation rights.

The Credit Agreement contains certain representations and warranties, affirmative covenants, negative covenants and conditions that are customarily required for similar financings, including a covenant against the occurrence of a "change in control" (subject to the Borrowers' right to prepay the Term Loan), financial reporting obligations and certain limitations on indebtedness, liens (including on intellectual property and other assets), investments, distributions (including dividends), collateral, transfers, mergers or acquisitions, taxes, corporate changes and deposit accounts.

The Credit Agreement contains a minimum cash covenant that requires the initial Borrowers and the guarantors thereunder to maintain a minimum cash balance of \$10.0 million until the earlier of (a) a Qualified IPO (as defined in the Credit Agreement), (b) an Ultimate Parent Spinout (as defined in the Credit Agreement), and (c) the date that XYQ Luxco, in its capacity as a purchaser under the RIPSA, has received cumulative payments from DSG under the RIPSA in an aggregate amount equal to its pro rata portion of the funding amount thereunder. The Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default (subject, in certain instances, to specified grace periods) including, but not limited to, the failure to make payments of interest, premium, fees, indemnity or principal under the Term Loan, the failure to comply with certain covenants and agreements specified in the Credit Agreement, defaults in respect of certain other indebtedness and certain events relating to bankruptcy or insolvency. If any event of default occurs, the principal, premium, if any, interest and any other monetary obligations on all the then outstanding amounts under the Term Loan may become due and payable immediately. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a default interest rate of an additional 2% per year may be applied to the outstanding principal balance, and the lender may declare all outstanding obligations immediately due and payable and take such other actions as set forth in the Credit Agreement. Upon the occurrence of certain bankruptcy and insolvency events, the obligations under the Credit Agreement would automatically become due and payable.

On the closing date of the Term Loan and in accordance with the Credit Agreement, DSL issued to XYQ Luxco a warrant to purchase an aggregate of 1,199,072 common shares of DSL. The warrant is exercisable at any time until the earlier of (x) seven years from the date of issuance and (y) three years from the closing of an underwritten initial public offering of DSL's common shares pursuant to an effective registration statement. The warrant includes customary registration rights and customary anti-dilution provisions for the common shares underlying the warrant in respect of certain corporate events (including share splits, share combinations, share dividends and other recapitalization transactions).

Genevant

Cross-License Agreement with Arbutus Biopharma Corporation

In April 2018, our subsidiary, Genevant Sciences Ltd ("Genevant"), entered into a cross-license agreement with our affiliate, Arbutus Biopharma Corporation ("Arbutus"), which the parties amended twice in June 2018 (as amended, the "Arbutus Cross-License Agreement"). Pursuant to the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement Arbutus granted Genevant an exclusive, sublicensable, worldwide, transferable, irrevocable and perpetual license under certain patents and know-how relating to Arbutus's lipid nanoparticle and GalNAc technology for RNA-based applications other than hepatitis B virus ("HBV"), and certain other excluded fields. The license is subject to certain rights which have previously licensed by Arbutus to other third parties. Under the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement, Genevant granted back to Arbutus an exclusive, sublicensable, worldwide, irrevocable, perpetual, royaltyfree license under the intellectual property licensed under the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement and certain intellectual property acquired by Genevant after the effective date of the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement for applications involving the treatment and prevention of HBV.

Genevant is obligated to pay Arbutus tiered low single-digit percentage royalties on sales of products covered by the licensed patents. If Genevant sublicenses intellectual property licensed from Arbutus or collaborates with any third party to develop, manufacture or commercialize any products covered by the intellectual property licensed by Arbutus, it will be required to pay Arbutus the lesses of (i) up to 20% of the Royalty-Related Receipts (as defined in the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement) received by Genevant from such sublicensees or collaborators and (ii) tiered low single-digit royalties on net sales by sublicensees. Genevant's royalty obligations apply on product-by-product, country-by-country basis and end on the date on which the last valid claim of the licensed patents in such country that covers such licensed product expires. The patents and pending patent applications, if granted, currently licensed under the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement are expected to expire as early as 2023, and as late as 2039, without giving effect to any potential patent term extensions or patent term adjustments. Unless earlier terminated based on customary termination rights, the Arbutus Cross-License Agreement 's royalty obligations.

Aruvant

License Agreement with Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center

In November 2018, our subsidiary Aruvant Sciences Ltd. ("Aruvant"), through its wholly owned subsidiary Aruvant Sciences GmbH ("ASG"), entered into a license agreement with Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center ("CCHMC"), pursuant to which CCHMC granted ASG (i) an exclusive, royalty-bearing, worldwide license for the use of certain patents, know-how and data relating to certain gene therapies for sickle cell anemia and certain other hemoglobinopathies, including ARU-1801, and for related manufacturing processes, and (ii) a non-exclusive, royalty-bearing, worldwide license for the use of relevant future CCHMC's patents and general manufacturing know-how (the "CCHMC License Agreement"). The license is subject to, among other things, a non-exclusive license previously granted by CCHMC to another party.

In consideration for entering into the CCHMC License Agreement, Aruvant issued nine million common shares to CCHMC. Aruvant is obligated to issue additional shares to CCHMC upon the earliest of (i) immediately prior to a change of control event, (ii) immediately following Aruvant's issuance, in the aggregate, of equity

securities, convertible or exchangeable securities, or other securities in exchange for cash equal to or in excess of \$150.0 million or (iii) immediately prior to the effectiveness of a registration statement in connection with an initial public offering by Aruvant. When such a triggering event occurs, Aruvant must issue CCHMC additional shares equal to the difference between 12% of Aruvant's fully-diluted share capital, less the closing shares.

ASG has paid CCHMC approximately \$25.0 million in upfront licensing fees and is obligated to pay up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate in sales, development and regulatory milestones for the first licensed product to reach certain specified milestones. Additionally, ASG is obligated to pay to CCHMC a low to mid single-digit royalty on net sales of licensed product to reach certain specified milestones. Additionally, ASG is obligated to pay to CCHMC a low to mid single-digit royalty on net sales of licensed products subject to certain potential downward adjustments for third-party licenses, expiration of certain patent claims or the entry into the market of a competing generic product. ASG's royalty obligations continue on product-by-product and country-by-country basis until the latest to occur of (i) the date on which the last valid claim of the licensed patents covering such licensed product in such country exclusivity for such licensed product in such country. Unless earlier terminated based on customary termination rights, the CCHMC License Agreement will continue on a product-by-product basis until the expiration of the cose of ASG's termination for a SG's material breach or bankruptcy, ASG will be deemed to grant CCHMC a non-exclusive, worldwide, perpetual license under ASG's patents and know-how that relate to the licensed products and any patents for jointly developed inventions to develop and commercialize any product. Such license is royalty-free in the case of termination hy ASG for convenience.

Lysovant

License Agreement with iNtRON Biotechnology, Inc.

In November 2018, our subsidiary, Lysovant Sciences GmbH ("LSG"), entered into a license agreement with iNtRON Biotechnology, Inc. ("iNtRON"), which the parties amended in March 2019 and August 2019 (the "iNtRON License Agreement"). Pursuant to the iNtRON License Agreement, iNtRON granted LSG an exclusive, worldwide, sublicensable, royalty-bearing license under certain patents and know-how to develop and commercialize certain antimicrobial bacteriophage-derived endolysins for any use other than uses involving topical administration. iNtRON also granted LSG an exclusive option during a specified exclusivity period extending until the expiration of a certain evaluation period to obtain an exclusive license to develop, manufacture and commercialize products containing certain other endolysins. LSG granted iNtRON a non-exclusive, worldwide, sublicensable, royalty-free, license under certain patents and know-how to develop and commercialize products containing the endolysins licensed under the iNtRON License Agreement formulated for topical administration.

LSG paid iNtRON an upfront fee of \$10.0 million and is obligated to pay an option exercise fee to iNtRON upon each exercise of its option to obtain a license to additional endolysins. LSG may also be obligated up pay up to a maximum of \$42.5 million in development and regulatory milestone payments (with respect to each of any new endolysins) and a maximum of \$40.0 million in commercial milestone payments. LSG may also be obligated to pay a tiered low-to-mid teens percentage royalty, subject to certain customary reductions, on net sales of products covered by licensed patents. LSG's royalty obligations apply on product-by-product, country-by-country basis and end upon the latest of (i) the date on which the last valid claim of the licensed patents that covers such licensed product in such country expires, (ii) ten years after the first commercial sules service therminated based on customary termination rights, the iNRON License Agreement will continue in effect on a product-by-product basis until the expiration of all royalty obligations.



Intellectual Property

Our commercial success depends in part on our ability to obtain and maintain proprietary protection for current and future products and product candidates, technologies and know-how; to operate without infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating the proprietary rights of others; and to prevent others from infringing our proprietary rights. Our policy is to seek to protect our proprietary position by, among other methods, filing or in-licensing U.S. and foreign patents and patent applications related to our proprietary technology, inventions and improvements that are important to the development and implementation of our business. We may also rely on trade secrets, know-how, continuing technological innovation and potential in-licensing opportunities to develop and maintain our proprietary position.

The patent positions of companies like us are generally uncertain and involve complex legal and factual questions. No consistent policy regarding the scope of claims allowable in patents in the fields of genetic therapy, cell therapy, biologics or pharmaceutical products generally has emerged in the United States or in Europe, among other countries. Changes in the patent laws and rules, either by legislation, judicial decisions, or regulatory interpretation in other countries may diminish our ability to protect our inventions and enforce our intellectual property rights, and more generally could affect the value of our intellectual property. In particular, our ability to stop third parties from making, using, selling, offering to sell, importing or otherwise commercializing any of our patented inventions, and improvements. We cannot be sure that any patents will be granted with respect to any of our pending patent applications or with respect to any patent applications filed by us in the future, nor can we be sure that any of our ending patents that may be granted to us in the future may not guarantee us the right to practice our technology in relation to the commercialization of our product candidates or technology. The area of patents and other intellectual property rights in biotechnology is an evolving one with many risks and uncertainties, which may prevent us from commercializing our current and future products and practicing our proprietary technology.

Our issued patents and those that may issue in the future may be challenged, narrowed, circumvented or invalidated, which could limit our ability to stop competitors from marketing related products or technologies or limit the length of the term of patent protection that we may have for our current and future products and product candidates and technologies. In addition, the rights granted under any issued patents may not provide us with complete protection or competitive advantages against competitors or other third parties with similar technology. Furthermore, our competitions may independently develop similar technologies that achieve similar outcomes but with different approaches. For these reasons, we may have competition for our product candidates. Moreover, the time required for development, testing and regulatory review of our product candidates may shorten the length of effective patent protection following commercialization. For this and other risks related to our proprietary technology, inventions, improvements, platforms and product candidates, please see the section entitled "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry—Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property."

Patents and Patent Applications

ARU-1801

As of May 1, 2021, ASG has licensed rights to six patent families containing at least 18 issued patents and 21 pending patent applications in numerous foreign jurisdictions, including the European Union and Japan, with claims relating to a mutant human g-Globin gene and lentiviral vectors. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire as early as 2035, in each case without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees.

Tapinarof

As of May 1, 2021, DSG is the exclusive owner of patent families that include six issued U.S. patents and at least 10 pending U.S. patent applications, as well as more than 20 issued patents and at least 50 pending patent applications in numerous foreign jurisdictions, including the European Union and Japan, relating to tapinarof, the synthesis of tapinarof, intermediates made in the synthesis, the drug substance crystal form, topical formulations of tapinarof and uses thereof in certain diseases and disorders.

One of these patent families is directed to the topical formulation of tapinarof, and its use to treat plaque psoriasis, that Dermavant has evaluated in Phase 3 clinical trials, as well as its use to treat atopic dermatitis which has been evaluated in Phase 2b clinical trials, which includes a patent that was issued in the United States and has a natural expiration date in 2036, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees. This formulation patent includes 113 claims directed to topical, homogeneous, oil-in-water micro-emulsions containing tapinarof, an oil phase, a surfactant and other specific ingredients. DSG also owns an issued patent in the United States covering methods of using the patented formulations to treat inflammatory diseases, including psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. Like the formulation patent, the method-of-use patent has a natural expiration date in 2036 in the United States, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees. The foreign counterpart formulation and method-of-use applications are pending, and if patents issue from these applications, they will also have a natural expiration date in 2036, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and ascount any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees.

DSG also owns a drug substance ("DS") patent in the United States covering the high purity crystal form of tapinarof, as DS, the DS synthesis and several novel intermediates that are formed in the synthesis. This DS patent has a natural expiration date in 2038, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees. DSG has also filed foreign counterpart DS applications, that are still pending in foreign jurisdictions and, if patents issue from these applications, they will similarly have a natural expiration date in 2038, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees.

Genevant

As of May 1, 2021, we own or co-own 16 patent families containing at least 43 issued patents and at least 42 pending patent applications in the U.S., European Union and numerous other jurisdictions with claims relating to lipid nanoparticle delivery technology and polymers. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire between 2024 and 2039, in each case without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity or other governmental fees.

As of May 1, 2021, we have licensed 40 patent families containing at least 405 issued patents and at least 237 pending patent applications in the U.S., European Union and numerous other jurisdictions with claims relating to delivery systems. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire between 2021 and 2031, in each case without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity or other governmental fees.

IMVT-1401

As of May 1, 2021, ISG exclusively licenses from HanAll in certain territories one patent family containing patent applications pending in the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions, including the European 334

Union, with claims relating to IMVT-1401, and certain back-up and next generation antibodies, and products containing such antibodies. This patent family includes patent applications that disclose the antibody, pharmaceutical composition of IMVT-1401, methods of treating autoimmune disease using the same, polynucleotide encoding the antibody, expression vector including such polynucleotide, host cell transfected with such recombinant expression vector, methods of manufacturing the antibody and methods of detecting FcRn in vivo or in vitro using the antibody. This patent family additionally includes an issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, and a pharmaceutical composition comprising such antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof and a second issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, and a second issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, and a second issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising such antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof and a second issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising such antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof and a second issued U.S. patent with claims directed to an isolated anti-FcRn antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising such antibody. Not cells capable of treating various autoimmune diseases using the antibody. Polynucleotides and expression vectors encoding the antibody, host cells capable of expressing the antibody and methods of producing the antibody. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire as early as 2035, in each case without taking into account any possible patent

Additionally, as of May 1, 2021, ISG owns an additional patent family that includes an internationally filed patent application and patent application pending in Argentina. This patent family is directed to methods of treating thyroid eye disease using anti-FcRn antibodies, and any patent issued from this patent family is expected to expire in 2039, exclusive of any patent term adjustment or extension.

LSVT-1701

As of May 1, 2021, we have licensed rights to six patent families containing at least 47 issued patents and at least 33 pending patent applications in numerous jurisdictions, including the U.S. and European Union, with claims relating to LSVT-1701, formulations thereof and methods of treatment. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire as early as 2027, in each case without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees.

Targeted Protein Degradation Platform

As of May 1, 2021, we have licensed rights to 21 patent families containing three issued U.S. patents, one issued European patent, one issued South African patent and at least 66 pending patent applications in the U.S., European Union and a number of other jurisdictions. These patents and pending applications, if issued, are expected to expire as early as 2037, without taking into account any possible patent term adjustment or extensions and assuming payment of all appropriate maintenance, renewal, annuity, or other governmental fees.

We cannot predict whether the patent applications we pursue or license will issue as patents in any particular jurisdiction. Even if our pending patent applications are granted as issued patents, those patents, as well as any patents we license from third parties now or in the future, may be challenged, circumvented or invalidated by third parties. While we seek broad coverage under our existing patent applications, there is always a risk that an alteration to the products or technologies may provide sufficient basis for a competitor or other third party to avoid infringing our patent claims. In addition, patents, if granted, expire and we cannot provide any assurance that any patents will be issued from our pending or any future applications or that any potentially issued patents will adequately protect our products or product candidates.

Individual patents extend for varying periods depending on the date of filing of the patent application or the date of patent issuance and the legal term of patents in the countries in which they are obtained. Generally, patents issued for regularly filed applications in the United States are granted a term of 20 years from the earliest

effective non-provisional filing date. The duration of foreign patents varies in accordance with provisions of applicable local law, but typically is also 20 years from the earliest effective non-provisional filing date. A U.S. patent also may be accorded patent term adjustment, or PTA, under certain circumstances to compensate for delays in obtaining the patent from the USPTO. In some instances, such a PTA may result in a U.S. patent term extending beyond 20 years from the earliest date of filing a non-provisional patent application related to the U.S. patent. In addition, in the United States, the term of a U.S. patent that covers an FDA-approved drug may also be eligible for PTE, which permits patent term restoration as compensation for the patent term lost during the FDA regulatory review process. The Hatch-Waxman Act permits a PTE of up to five years beyond the expiration of the patent term lost during the fDA regulatory review process. The Hatch-Waxman Act permits a PTE of up to five years beyond the expiration of the patent term lost during the fDA regulatory review process. The Hatch-Waxman Act permits a PTE of up to five years beyond the expiration of the patent term lost during the date of product approval, only one patent applicable to an approved drug may be extended and only those claims covering the approved drug, a method for using it, or a method for manufacturing it may be extended. Similar provisions are available in Europe and certain other jurisdictions to extend the term of a patent that covers an approved drug. In the future, if and when our products receive FDA approval, we expect to apply for PTEs on patents covering products eligible for PTE. We plan to seek PTEs for any of our issued patents in any jurisdiction where these are available; however, there is no guarantee that the applicable authorities, including the USPTO in the United States, will agree with our assessment of whether such extensions should be granted, and if granted, the length of such extensions. The actual protection

Our commercial success will also depend in part on not infringing upon the proprietary rights of third parties. It is uncertain whether the issuance of any third-party patent would require us to alter our development or commercial strategies for our products or processes, or to obtain licenses or cease certain activities. Our breach of any license agreements or failure to obtain a license to proprietary rights that we may require to develop or commercialize our future products may have an adverse impact on us. If third parties prepare and file patent applications in the United States that also claim technology to which we have rights, we may have to participate in interference or derivation proceedings in the USPTO to determine priority of invention. For more information, please see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry—Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property."

Trade Secrets

In addition to our reliance on patent protection for our inventions, product candidates and research programs, we also rely on trade secrets, know-how, continuing technological innovation and potential in-licensing opportunities to develop and maintain our competitive position. We seek to protect our proprietary information, in part, using confidentiality and invention assignment agreements with our commercial partners, collaborators, employees and consultants. These agreements are designed to protect our proprietary information and, in the case of the invention assignment agreements, to grant us ownership of technologies that are developed through a relationship with an employee or a third party. These agreements may be breached, and we may not have adequate remedies for any breach. In addition, our trade secrets may otherwise become known or be independently discovered by competitors or other third parties. As a result, we may not be able to meaningfully protect our trade secrets. For more information regarding the risks related to our intellectual property, see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry—Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property."

Government Regulation

Government authorities in the United States at the federal, state and local level and in other countries regulate, among other things, the research, development, manufacture, testing, quality control, approval, labeling, packaging, storage, record-keeping, promotion, advertising, distribution, post-approval monitoring and reporting, marketing and export and import of drug and biological products, including gene therapies, as well as

diagnostics, and any future product candidates. Generally, before a new drug, biologic or diagnostic can be marketed, considerable data demonstrating its quality, safety and efficacy must be obtained, organized into a format specific for each regulatory authority, submitted for review and approved, authorized, or cleared by the applicable regulatory authority.

U.S. Government Regulation of Drug and Biological Products

In the United States, the FDA regulates drugs under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (the "FDCA") and its implementing regulations and biologics under the FDCA and the Public Health Service Act (the "PHSA"), and their implementing regulations. Both drugs and biologics also are subject to other federal, state and local statutes and regulations, such as those related to competition. The process of obtaining regulatory approvals and the subsequent compliance with appropriate federal, state, and local statutes and regulations requires the expenditure of substantial time and financial resources. Failure to comply with the applicable U.S. requirements at any time during the product development process, approval process or following approval may subject an application to administrative actions or judicial sanctions. These actions and sanctions could include, among other actions, the FDA's refusal to approve pending applications, withdrawal of an approval, license revocation, a clinical hold, untited or warning letters, voluntary or mandatory product recalls or market withdrawals, product seizures, total or partial suspension of production or distribution, injunctions, fines, refusals of government contracts, restitution, disgorgement, debarment from producing or marketing drug products or biologics, disqualification from conducting research, and civil or criminal fines or penalties. Any agency or judicial enforcement action could have a material adverse effect on our business, the market acceptance of our products and our reputation.

Our product candidates must be approved by the FDA through either an NDA or a Biologics License Application (a "BLA"), process before they may be legally marketed in the United States. The process generally involves the following:

- completion of extensive preclinical studies in accordance with applicable regulations, including studies conducted in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice ("GLP"), requirements;
- submission to the FDA of an IND, which must become effective before human clinical trials may begin;
- approval by an Institutional Review Boar ("IRB"), or independent ethics committee at each clinical trial site before each human trial may be initiated;
- performance of adequate and well-controlled human clinical trials in accordance with applicable IND regulations, Good Clinical Practices ("GCP"), requirements and other clinical trial-related regulations to establish the safety and efficacy of the investigational product for each proposed indication;
- submission to the FDA of an NDA or BLA;
- a determination by the FDA within 60 days of its receipt of an NDA or BLA to accept the filing for review;
- satisfactory completion of one or more FDA pre-approval inspections of the manufacturing facility or facilities where the drug or biologic will be produced to assess compliance with Current Good Manufacturing Practices ("cGMP"), requirements to assure that the facilities, methods and controls are adequate to preserve the drug or biologic's identity, strength, quality and purity;
- potential FDA inspection of the clinical trial sites that generated the data in support of the NDA or BLA;
- payment of user fees for FDA review of the NDA or BLA; and
- FDA review and approval of the NDA or BLA, including consideration of the views of any FDA advisory committee, prior to any
 commercial marketing or sale of the drug or biologic in the United States.

The preclinical and clinical testing and approval process requires substantial time, effort and financial resources, and the regulatory scheme for drugs and biologics is evolving and subject to change at any time. We cannot be certain that any approvals for our product candidates will be granted on a timely basis, or at all.

Preclinical Studies

Before testing any drug, biological or gene therapy candidate in humans, the product candidate must undergo rigorous preclinical testing. Preclinical studies include laboratory evaluation of product chemistry and formulation, as well as in vitro and animal studies to assess safety and in some cases to establish a rationale for therapeutic use. In the U.S., the conduct of preclinical studies is subject to federal and state regulations and requirements, including GLP regulations for safety/toxicology studies.

In the U.S., an IND sponsor must submit the results of the preclinical tests, together with manufacturing information, analytical data, any available clinical data or literature and plans for clinical trials, among other things, to the FDA as part of an IND. An IND is a request for authorization from the FDA to administer an investigational product to humans, and must become effective before human clinical trials may begin. Some long-term preclinical testing, such as animal tests of reproductive AEs and carcinogenicity, may continue after the IND is submitted. An IND automatically becomes effective 30 days after receipt by the FDA, unless before that time, the FDA raises concerns or questions related to one or more proposed clinical trials and places the trial on clinical hold. In such a case, the IND sponsor and the FDA must resolve any outstanding concerns before the clinical trial can begin. As a result, submission of an IND may not result in the FDA allowing clinical trials to commence. Additionally, the review of information in an IND submission may prompt FDA to, among other things, scrutinize existing INDs or marketed products and could generate requests for information or clinical holds on other product cadidates or programs.

Clinical Trials

The clinical stage of development involves the administration of the investigational product to healthy volunteers or patients under the supervision of qualified investigators, generally physicians not employed by or under the trial sponsor's control, in accordance with GCP requirements, which include the requirement that all research subjects provide their informed consent for their participation in any clinical trial. Clinical trials are conducted under protocols detailing, among other things, the objectives of the clinical trial, dosing procedures, subject selection and exclusion criteria and the parameters to be used to monitor subject safety and assess efficacy. In the U.S., each protocol, and any subsequent amendments to the protocol, must be submitted to the FDA as part of the IND. Furthermore, each clinical trial must be reviewed and approved by an IRB for each institution at which the clinical trial will be conducted to ensure that the risks to individuals participating in the clinical trial audit are reasonable in relation to anticipated benefits. The IRB also approves the informed consent form that must be provided to each clinical trial subject or his or her legal representative, and must monitor the clinical trial until completed. There also are requirements governing the reporting of ongoing clinical trials and completed clinical trial results to public registries. Information about certain clinical trials, including clinical trial results, must be submitted within specific timeframes for publication on the www.clinicaltrials.gov website.

In addition to the submission of an IND to the FDA before initiation of a clinical trial in the United States, certain human clinical trials involving recombinant or synthetic nucleic acid molecules had historically been subject to review by the NIH Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee (the "RAC"), of the NIH office of Biotechnology Activities (the "OBA"), pursuant to the NIH Guideline. On August 17, 2018, the NIH issued a notice in the Federal Register and issued a public statement proposing changes to the oversight framework for gene therapy trials, including changes to the applicable NIH Guidelines to modify the roles and responsibilities of the RAC with respect to human clinical trials of gene therapy products, and requesting public comment on its proposed modifications. During the public comment period, which closed October 16, 2018, the NIH announced that it will no longer accept new human gene transfer protocols for review as a part of the protocol registration

process or convene the RAC to review individual clinical protocols. In April 2019, NIH announced the updated guidelines, which reflect these proposed changes, and clarify that these trials will remain subject to the FDA's oversight and other clinical trial regulations, and oversight at the local level will continue as set forth in the NIH Guidelines. Specifically, under the NIH Guidelines, supervision of human gene transfer trials includes evaluation and assessment by an Institutional Biosafety Committee (an "IBC"), a local institutional committee that reviews and oversees research utilizing recombinant or synthetic nucleic acid molecules at that institution. The IBC assesses the safety of the research and identifies any potential risk to public health or the environment, and such review may result in some delay before initiation of a clinical trial. While the NIH Guidelines are not mandatory unless the research in question being conducted at or sponsored by institutions receiving NIH funding of recombinant or synthetic nucleic acid molecule research, many companies and other institutions not otherwise subject to the NIH Guidelines voluntarily follow them.

A sponsor who wishes to conduct a clinical trial outside of the United States may, but need not, obtain FDA authorization to conduct the clinical trial under an IND. If a foreign clinical trial is not conducted under an IND, the sponsor may submit data from the clinical trial to the FDA in support of an NDA or BLA. The FDA will accept a well-designed and well-conducted foreign clinical study not conducted under an IND if the study was conducted in accordance with GCP requirements, and the FDA is able to validate the data through an onsite inspection if deemed necessary.

Clinical trials generally are conducted in three sequential phases, known as Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3, and may overlap

- Phase 1 clinical trials generally involve a small number of healthy volunteers or disease-affected patients who are initially exposed to a single dose and then multiple doses of the product candidate. The primary purpose of these clinical trials is to assess the metabolism, pharmacologic action, side effect tolerability and safety of the product candidate.
- Phase 2 clinical trials involve studies in disease-affected patients to evaluate proof of concept and/or determine the dose required to
 produce the desired benefits. At the same time, safety and further PK and PD information is collected, possible adverse effects and safety
 risks are identified, and a preliminary evaluation of efficacy is conducted.
- Phase 3 clinical trials generally involve a large number of patients at multiple sites and are designed to provide the data necessary to demonstrate the effectiveness of the product for its intended use, its safety in use and to establish the overall benefit/risk relationship of the product and provide an adequate basis for product labeling.

In August 2018, the FDA released a draft guidance entitled "Expansion Cohorts: Use in First-In-Human Clinical Trials to Expedite Development of Oncology Drugs and Biologics," which outlines how drug developers can utilize an adaptive trial design commonly referred to as a seamless trial design in early stages of oncology drug development, i.e., the first-in-human clinical trial, to compress the traditional three phases of trials into one continuous trial called an expansion cohort trial. Information to support the design of individual expansion cohorts are included in IND applications and assessed by FDA. Expansion cohort trials can potentially bring efficiency to drug development and reduce developmental costs and time.

Post-approval trials, sometimes referred to as Phase 4 clinical trials, may be conducted after initial marketing approval. These trials are used to gain additional experience from the treatment of patients in the intended therapeutic indication and are commonly intended to generate additional safety data regarding use of the product in a clinical setting. In certain instances, the FDA may mandate the performance of Phase 4 clinical trials as a condition of approval of an NDA or BLA.

Progress reports detailing the results of the clinical trials, among other information, must be submitted at least annually to the FDA and written IND safety reports must be submitted to the FDA and the investigators 15

days after the trial sponsor determines the information qualifies for reporting for serious and unexpected suspected AEs, findings from other studies or animal or in vitro testing that suggest a significant risk for human subjects and any clinically important increase in the rate of a serious suspected adverse reaction over that listed in the protocol or investigator brochure. The sponsor must also notify the FDA of any unexpected fatal or lifethreatening suspected adverse reaction as soon as possible but in no case later than seven calendar days after the sponsor's initial receipt of the information.

Phase 1, Phase 2, Phase 3 and other types of clinical trials may not be completed successfully within any specified period, if at all. The FDA or the sponsor may suspend or terminate a clinical trial at any time on various grounds, including a finding that the research subjects or patients are being exposed to an unacceptable health risk. Similarly, an IRB can suspend or terminate approval of a clinical trial at its institution if the clinical trial is not being conducted in accordance with the IRB's requirements or if the drug or biologic has been associated with unexpected serious harm to patients. Additionally, some clinical trials are overseen by an independent group of qualified experts organized by the clinical trial sponsor, known as a data safety monitoring board or committee. This group provides authorization for whether a trial may move forward at designated check points based on access to certain data from the trial. Concurrent with clinical trials, companies usually complete additional animal studies and also must develop additional information about the chemistry and physical characteristics of the drug or biologic as well as finalize a process for manufacturing the product in commercial quantities in accordance with CGMP requirements. The manufacturing process must be capable of consistently producing quality batches of the product and, among other things, companies must develop methods for testing the identity, strength, quality and purity of the final product. Additionally, appropriate packaging must be selected and tested, and stability studies must be conducted to demonstrate that the product candidates do not undergo unacceptable deterioration over their shelf life.

FDA Review Process

Following completion of the clinical trials, data are analyzed to assess whether the investigational product is safe and effective for the proposed indicated use or uses. The results of preclinical studies and clinical trials are then submitted to the FDA as part of an NDA or BLA, along with proposed labeling, chemistry and manufacturing information to ensure product quality and other relevant data. The NDA or BLA is a request for approval to market the drug or biologic for one or more specified indications and must contain proof of safety and efficacy for a drug or safety, purity and potency for a biologic. The application may include both negative and ambiguous results of preclinical studies and clinical trials, as well as positive findings. Data may come from company-sponsored clinical trials intended to test the safety and efficacy of a product's use or from a number of alternative sources, including studies initiated by investigators. To support marketing approval, the data submitted must be sufficient in quality and quantity to establish the safety and efficacy of a mixet of an NDA or BLA must be obtained before a drug or biologic may be marketed in the United States.

Under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act (the "PDUFA"), as amended, each NDA or BLA must be accompanied by a user fee. FDA adjusts the PDUFA user fees on an annual basis. Fee waivers or reductions are available in certain circumstances, including a waiver of the application fee for the first application filed by a small business. Additionally, no user fees are assessed on NDAs or BLAs for products designated as orphan drugs, unless the product also includes a non-orphan indication.

The FDA reviews all submitted NDAs and BLAs before it accepts them for filing, and may request additional information rather than accepting the NDA or BLA for filing. The FDA must make a decision on accepting an NDA or BLA for filing within 60 days of receipt, and such decision could include a refusal to file by the FDA. Once the submission is accepted for filing, the FDA begins an in-depth review of the NDA or BLA. Under the goals and policies agreed to by the FDA under PDUFA, the FDA targets ten months, from the filing date, in which to complete its initial review of a new molecular entity NDA or original BLA and respond to the applicant, and six months from the filing date of a new molecular entity NDA or original BLA designated for

priority review. The FDA does not always meet its PDUFA goal dates for standard and priority NDAs or BLAs, and the review process is often extended by FDA requests for additional information or clarification. During the COVID-19 pandemic, because of travel and other restrictions, the FDA has significantly curtailed its inspection program. The reduction in pre-approval inspections has resulted in delays to some product approvals. There may be delays to product approvals in the future based on continuing problems with respect to the FDA's ability to conduct inspections and then, even after a resumption of the FDA's normal inspection program, a possible backlog in applications under review by the agency.

The FDA has developed the Oncology Center of Excellence RTOR pilot program to facilitate a more efficient review process for certain oncology product candidates. Although this program allows FDA to begin reviewing clinical data prior to submission of a complete NDA or BLA, the program is not intended to change the PDUFA review timelines.

Before approving an NDA or BLA, the FDA will conduct a pre-approval inspection of the manufacturing facilities for the new product to determine whether they comply with CGMP requirements. The FDA will not approve the product unless it determines that the manufacturing processes and facilities are in compliance with CGMP requirements and adequate to assure consistent production of the product whith required specifications. The FDA also may audit data from clinical trials to ensure compliance with GCP requirements. Additionally, the FDA may refer applications for novel products or products which present difficult questions of safety or efficacy to an advisory committee, typically a panel that includes clinicians and other experts, for review, evaluation and a recommendation as to whether the application should be approved and under what conditions, if any. The FDA is not bound by recommendations of an advisory committee, but it considers such recommendations when making decisions on approval. The FDA is not bound by recommendations precific microarce discussions between the FDA and the applicant during the review process. After the FDA evaluates an NDA or BLA, it will issue an approval letter or a Complete Response Letter indicates that the review cycle of the application is complete, and the application will not be approved in its present form. A Complete Response Letter usually describes all of the specific deficiencies in the NDA or BLA identified by the FDA. The Complete Response Letter may require the applicant to obtain additional clinical data, including the potential requirement to conduct additional proving Phase 3 clinical trial(s) and/or to complete other significant and time-consuming requirements related to clinical trials, or to conduct additional preclinical studies or manufacturing activities. If a Complete Response Letter is sused, the application or request an opportant may either resubmit the NDA or BLA, addressing all of the deficiencies identified in the letter, or withdraw the application or

Orphan Drug Designation and Exclusivity

Under the Orphan Drug Act, the FDA may grant orphan designation to a drug or biological product intended to treat a rare disease or condition, which is generally a disease or condition that affects fewer than 200,000 individuals in the United States, or more than 200,000 individuals in the United States and for which there is no reasonable expectation that the cost of developing and making the product available in the United States for this type of disease or condition will be recovered from sales of the product.

Orphan drug designation must be requested before submitting an NDA or BLA. After the FDA grants orphan drug designation, the identity of the therapeutic agent and its potential orphan use are disclosed publicly by the FDA. Orphan drug designation does not convey any advantage in or shorten the duration of the regulatory review and approval process.

If a product that has orphan drug designation subsequently receives the first FDA approval for the disease or condition for which it has such designation, the product is entitled to orphan drug exclusivity, which means that

the FDA may not approve any other applications to market the same drug for the same indication for seven years from the date of such approval, except in limited circumstances, such as a showing of clinical superiority to the product with orphan exclusivity by means of greater effectiveness, greater safety or providing a major contribution to patient care or in instances of drug supply issues. Competitors, however, may receive approval of either a different product for the same indication or the same product for a different indication but that could be used off-label in the orphan indication. Orphan drug exclusivity also could block the approval of one of our products for seven years if a competitor obtains approval before we do for the same product, as defined by the FDA, for the same indication we are seeking approval, or if our product is determined to be contained within the scope of the competitor's product for the same indication or disease. If we pursue marketing approval for an indication broader than the orphan drug designation we have received, we may not be entitled to orphan drug exclusivity. Orphan drug status in the European Union has similar, but not identical, requirements and benefits.

Rare Pediatric Disease Designation and Priority Review Vouchers

Under the FDCA, as amended, the FDA incentivizes the development of drugs and biologics that meet the definition of a "rare pediatric disease," defined to mean a serious or life-threatening disease in which the serious of life-threatening manifestations primarily affect individuals aged from birth to 18 years and the disease affects fewer than 200,000 individuals in the United States or affects more than 200,000 in the United States and for which there is no reasonable expectation that the cost of developing and making in the United States a drug for such disease or condition will be received from sales in the United States of such drug. The sponsor of a product candidate for a rare pediatric disease may be eligible for a voucher that can be used to obtain a priority review for a subsequent human drug or biologic application after the date of approval of the rare pediatric disease drug product, referred to as a priority review voucher (a "PRV"). A sponsor may request rare pediatric disease designation from the FDA prior to the submission of its NDA or BLA. Arare pediatric disease designation does not guarantee that a sponsor will receive a PRV upon approval of their marketing application if they request such a voucher in their original marketing application and meet all of the eligibility criteria. If a PRV is received, it may be sold or transferred an unlimited number of times. Congress has extended the PRV program through September 30, 2024, with the potential for PRVs to be granted through September 30, 2026.

Expedited Development and Review Programs

A sponsor may seek to develop and obtain approval of its product candidates under programs designed to accelerate the development, FDA review and approval of new drugs and biologics that meet certain criteria. For example, the FDA has a fast-track program that is intended to expedite or facilitate the process for reviewing new drugs and biologics that are intended to treat a serious or life-threatening disease or condition and demonstrate the potential to address unmet medical needs for the condition. Fast track designation applies to both the product and the specific indication for which it is being studied. For a fast track-designated product, the FDA may consider sections of the NDA or BLA for review on a rolling basis before the complete application is submitted, if the sponsor provides a schedule for the submission of the sections of the application, the FDA agrees to accept sections of the application. The sponsor can request the FDA to designate the product for fast-track status any time before receiving NDA or BLA approval, but ideally no later than the pre-NDA or pre-BLA meeting.

A product submitted to the FDA for marketing, including under a fast-track program, may be eligible for other types of FDA programs intended to expedite development or review, such as priority review and accelerated approval. Priority review means that, for a new molecular entity or original BLA, the FDA sets a target date for FDA action on the marketing application at six months after accepting the application for filing as opposed to ten months. A product is eligible for priority review if it is designed to treat a serious or life-threatening disease condition and, if approved, would provide a significant improvement in safety and

effectiveness compared to available therapies. The FDA will attempt to direct additional resources to the evaluation of an application for a new drug or biologic designated for priority review in an effort to facilitate the review. If criteria are not met for priority review, the application for a new molecular entity or original BLA is subject to the standard FDA review period of ten months after FDA accepts the application for filing. Priority review designation does not change the scientific/medical standard for approval or the quality of evidence necessary to support approval.

A product may also be eligible for accelerated approval if it is designed to treat a serious or life-threatening disease or condition and demonstrates an effect on either a surrogate endpoint that is reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit or on a clinical endpoint that can be measured earlier than irreversible morbidity or mortality ("IMM"), that is reasonably likely to predict an effect on IMM or other clinical benefit, taking into account the severity, rarity, or prevalence of the disease or condition and the availability or lack of alternative treatments. As a condition of approval, the FDA may require that a sponsor of a drug or biologic receiving accelerated approval perform adequate and well-controlled post-marketing clinical trials. In addition, the FDA currently requires as a condition for accelerated approval of promoval of promotional materials, which could adversely impact the timing of the commercial launch of the product. FDA may withdraw approval of a drug or indication approved under accelerated approval if, for example, the confirmatory trial fails to verify the predicted clinical benefit of the product.

Additionally, a drug or biologic may be eligible for designation as a breakthrough therapy if the product is intended, alone or in combination with one or more other drugs or biologics, to treat a serious or life-threatening condition and preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the product may demonstrate substantial improvement over currently approved therapies on one or more clinically significant endpoints, such as substantial treatment effects observed early in clinical development. If the FDA designates a breakthrough therapy, it may take actions appropriate to expedite the development and review of the application, which may include holding meetings with the sponsor and the review team throughout the development of the therapy; providing timely advice to, and interactive communication with, the sponsor regarding the development of the drug to ensure that the development program to gather the nonclinical and clinical data necessary for approval is as efficient as practicable; involving senior managers and experienced review staff, as appropriate, in a collaborative, cross-disciplinary review; assigning a cross-disciplinary project lead for the FDA review team to facilitate an efficient review of the development program and to serve as a scientific liaison between the review team and the sponsor; and considering alternative clinical trial designs when scientifically appropriate, which may result in smaller trials or more efficient trials that require less time to complete and may minimize the number of patients exposed to a potentially less efficacious treatment. Breakthrough therapy designation comes with all of the benefits of fast-track designation, which means that the sponsor may file sections of the BLA for review on a rolling basis if certain conditions are satisfied, including an agreement with the FDA one up proposed schedule for submission of portions of the application and the payment of applicable user fees before the FDA may initiate a review.

As part of the 21st Century Cures Act, Congress amended the FDCA to facilitate an efficient development program for, and expedite review of regenerative medicine advanced therapies ("RMATs"), which include cell and gene therapies, therapeutic tissue engineering products, human cell and tissue products, and combination products using any such therapies or products. RMATs do not include those human cells, tissues, and cellular and tissue-based products regulated solely under section 361 of the PHSA and 21 CFR Part 1271. This program is intended to facilitate efficient development and expedite review of regenerative medicine therapies, which are intended to treat, modify, reverse, or cure a serious or life-threatening disease or condition and qualify for RMAT designation. A drug sponsor may request that the FDA designate a drug as a RMAT concurrently with or at any time after submission of an IND. The FDA has 60 calendar days to determine whether the drug meets the criteria, including whether there is preliminary clinical evidence indicating that the drug has the potential to address unmet medical needs for a serious or life-threatening disease or condition. A BLA for a regenerative medicine therapy that has received RMAT designation may be eligible for priority review or accelerated approval through use of surrogate or intermediate endpoints reasonably likely to predict long-term clinical benefit, or reliance upon data obtained from a meaningful number of sites. Benefits of RMAT designation also include early interactions

with FDA to discuss any potential surrogate or intermediate endpoint to be used to support accelerated approval. A regenerative medicine therapy with RMAT designation that is granted accelerated approval and is subject to post-approval requirements may fulfill such requirements through the submission of clinical evidence from clinical studies, patient registries, or other sources of real-world evidence, such as electronic health records; the collection of larger confirmatory data sets; or post-approval monitoring of all patients treated with such therapy prior to its approval.

The FDA has also announced the availability of the RTOR pilot program for oncology product candidates that are likely to demonstrate substantial improvements over available therapy, which may include drugs previously granted breakthrough therapy designation for the same or other indications and candidates meeting other criteria for other expedited programs, such as fast track and priority review. Submissions for RTOR consideration should also have straightforward study designs and endpoints that can be easily interpreted (such as overall survival or progression free survival). Acceptance into the RTOR pilot does not guarantee or influence approvability of the application, which is subject to the usual benefit-risk evaluation by FDA reviewers, but the program allows FDA to review data earlier, before an applicant formally submits a complete application. The RTOR pilot program does not affect FDA's PDUFA timelines.

Even if a product qualifies for one or more of these programs, the FDA may later decide that the product no longer meets the conditions for qualification or the time period for FDA review or approval may not be shortened. Furthermore, fast track designation, priority review, accelerated approval, breakthrough therapy and RMAT designation do not change the standards for approval.

Pediatric Information and Pediatric Exclusivity

Under the Pediatric Research Equity Act (the "PREA"), certain NDAs and BLAs and certain supplements to an NDA or BLA must contain data to assess the safety and efficacy of the drug for the claimed indications in all relevant pediatric subpopulations and to support dosing and administration for each pediatric subpopulation for which the product is safe and effective. The FDA may grant deferrals for submission of pediatric data or full or partial waivers. The Food and Drug Administration Safety and Innovation Act (the "FDASIA"), amended the FDCA to require that a sponsor who is planning to submit a marketing application for a drug that includes a new active ingredient, new indication, new dosage form, new dosing regimen or new route of administration submit an initial Pediatric Study Plan ("PSP"), within 60 days of an end-of-Phase 2 meeting or, if there is no such meeting, as early as practicable before the initiation of the Phase 3 or Phase 2/3 study. The initial PSP must include an outline of the pediatric study or studies that the sponsor plans to conduct, including study objectives and design, age groups, relevant endpoints and statistical approach, or a justification for not including such detailed information, and any request for a deferral of pediatric sponsor must reach an agreement on the PSP. A sponsor can submit amendments to an agreed-upon initial PSP at y the great the pediatric based on data collected from preclinical studies, early phase clinical trials and/or other clinical development programs.

A drug or biologic product can also obtain pediatric market exclusivity in the United States. Pediatric exclusivity, if granted, adds six months to existing exclusivity periods and patent terms. This six-month exclusivity, which runs from the end of other exclusivity protection or patent term, may be granted based on the voluntary completion of a pediatric study in accordance with an FDA-issued "Written Request" for such a study.

Post-Marketing Requirements

Following approval of a new product, the manufacturer and the approved product are subject to continuing regulation by the FDA, including, among other things, monitoring and record-keeping activities, reporting of adverse experiences and certain problems in the manufacturing process, complying with promotion and advertising requirements, which include restrictions on promoting products for unapproved uses or patient

populations (known as "off-label use") and limitations on industry-sponsored scientific and educational activities. Although physicians may prescribe legally available products for off-label uses, manufacturers may not market or promote such uses. The FDA and other agencies actively enforce the laws and regulations prohibiting the promotion of off-label uses, and a company that is found to have improperly promoted off-label uses may be subject to significant liability, including investigation by federal and state authorities. Prescription drug promotional materials must be submitted to the FDA in conjunction with their first use or first publication. Further, if there are any modifications to the drug or biologic, including changes in indications, labeling or manufacturing processes or facilities, the applicant may be required to submit and obtain FDA approval of a new NDA/BLA or NDA/BLA supplement, which may require the development of additional data or preclinical studies and clinical trials.

The FDA may also place other conditions on approvals including the requirement for a REMS, to assure the safe use of the product. If the FDA concludes a REMS is needed, the sponsor of the NDA or BLA must submit a proposed REMS. The FDA will not approve the NDA or BLA without an approved REMS, if required. A REMS could include medication guides, physician communication plans or elements to assure safe use, such as restricted distribution methods, patient registries and other risk minimization tools. Any of these limitations on approval or marketing could restrict the commercial promotion, distribution, prescription or dispensing of products. Product approvals may be withdrawn for non-compliance with regulatory standards or if problems occur following initial marketing.

FDA regulations require that products be manufactured in specific approved facilities and in accordance with cGMP regulations. We rely, and expect to continue to rely, on third parties for the production of clinical and commercial quantities of our products in accordance with cGMP regulations. These manufacturers must comply with cGMP regulations that require, among other things, quality control and quality assurance, the maintenance of records and documentation and the obligation to investigate and correct any deviations from cGMP. Manufacturers and other entities involved in the manufacture and distribution of approved drugs or biologics are required to register their establishments with the FDA and certain state agencies, and are subject to periodic unannounced inspections by the FDA and certain state agencies for compliance with cGMP requirements and other laws. Accordingly, manufacturers must continue to expend time, money and effort in the area of production and quality control to maintain CGMP compliance. The discovery of violative conditions, including failure to conform to cGMP regulations, could result in enforcement actions, and the discovery of problems with a product after approval may result in restrictions on a product, manufacturer or holder of an approved NDA or BLA, including recall.

Once an approval is granted, the FDA may issue enforcement letters or withdraw the approval of the product if compliance with regulatory requirements and standards is not maintained or if problems occur after the drug or biologic reaches the market. Corrective action could delay drug or biologic distribution and require significant time and financial expenditures. Later discovery of previously unknown problems with a drug or biologic, including AEs of unanticipated severity or frequency, or with manufacturing processes, or failure to comply with regulatory requirements, may result in revisions to the approved labeling to add new safety information, imposition of post-market studies or clinical trials to assess new safety risks; or imposition of distribution or other restrictions under a REMS program. Other potential consequences include, among other things:

- restrictions on the marketing or manufacturing of the drug or biologic, suspension of the approval, complete withdrawal of the drug from the market or product recalls;
- fines, warning letters or holds on post-approval clinical trials;
- refusal of the FDA to approve applications or supplements to approved applications, or suspension or revocation of drug or biologic approvals;
- drug or biologic seizure or detention, or refusal to permit the import or export of drugs; or

injunctions or the imposition of civil or criminal penalties; or

debarment from producing or marketing drug products or biologics.

Regulation of Companion Diagnostics

Success of certain product candidates may depend, in part, on the development and commercialization of a companion diagnostic. A companion diagnostic is a medical device, often an *in vitro* device, which provides information that is essential for the safe and effective use of a corresponding drug or biological product. Companion diagnostics can identify patients who are most likely to benefit from a particular therapeutic product; identify patients who are most likely to benefit from a particular therapeutic product; or monitor response to treatment with a particular therapeutic product for the purpose of adjusting treatment to achieve improved safety or effectiveness. Companion diagnostics are generally regulated as medical devices by the FDA. In the United States, the FDCA and its implementing regulations, and other federal and state statutes and regulations govern, among other things, medical device design and development, preclinical and clinical testing, premarket clearance or approval, registration and listing, manufacturing, labeling, storage, advertising and promotion, sales and distribution, export and import, and post-market surveillance. Unless an exemption or FDA exercise of enforcement discretion applies, diagnostic tests generally require marketing clearance through the premarket notification process ("510(k) clearance") or premarket approval from the FDA prior to commercialization.

To obtain 510(k) clearance for a medical device, or for certain modifications to devices that have received 510(k) clearance, a manufacturer must submit a premarket notification demonstrating that the proposed device is substantially equivalent to a previously cleared 510(k) device or to a preamendment device that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, or a predicate device, for which the FDA has not yet called for the submission of a PMA. In making a determination that the device is substantially equivalent to a predicate device, the FDA compares the proposed device to the predicate device or predicate devices and assesses whether the subject device is comparable to the predicate device or predicate devices with respect to intended use, technology, design and other features which could affect safety and effectiveness. If the FDA determines that the subject device is substantially equivalent to the predicate device or predicate devices, the subject device may be cleared for marketing. The 510(k) premarket notification pathway generally takes from three to twelve months from the date the application is completed, but can take significantly longer.

PMA applications must be supported by valid scientific evidence, which typically requires extensive data, including technical, preclinical, clinical and manufacturing data, to demonstrate to the FDA's satisfaction the safety and effectiveness of the device. For diagnostic tests, a premarket approval application, or "PMA", typically includes data regarding analytical and clinical validation studies. As part of its review of the PMA, the FDA will typically conduct a pre-approval inspection of the manufacturing facility or facilities to ensure compliance with the Quality System Regulation (the "QSR"), which requires manufactures to follow design, testing, control, corrective and preventative action, documentation, and other quality assurance procedures. The FDA's review of an initial PMA application is required by statute to take between six to ten months, although the process typically takes longer, and may require several years to complete. If the FDA evaluations of both the PMA application and the manufacturing facilities are favorable, the FDA will either issue an approval letter or an approvable letter, which usually contains a number of conditions that must be met in order to secure the final approval of the PMA. If the FDA's evaluation of the PMA or manufacturing facilities is not favorable, the FDA will deny the approval letter will outline the deficiencies in the application and, where practical, will identify that is necessary to make the PMA approvable letter, which approval may be withdrawn by the FDA if compliance with post-approval requirements, conditions of approval or other regulatory standards is not maintained or problems are identified following initial marketing. Once cleared or approved, the companion diagnostic device must adhere to post-marketing requirements and limitations. Like drug and biologic makers,

companion diagnostic makers are subject to unannounced FDA inspections at any time during which the FDA is able to conduct an inspection of the product(s) and the company's facilities for compliance with its authorities.

FDA has taken the position that developers of companion diagnostic tests associated with novel therapeutic products should seek clearance or approval at the same time that the therapeutic developer seeks approval. FDA has recognized that contemporaneous clearance or approval of a companion diagnostic with a therapeutic is not always possible, though FDA has indicated that coordination of contemporaneous clearances/approvals is a policy goal. In October 2018, FDA issued a safety alert warning against the use of unapproved or uncleared genetic tests to predict patient response to specific medications. While FDA has historically exercised enforcement discretion against laboratory developed tests—tests which are developed and performed in a single Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) certified laboratory—the 2018 alert and a subsequent 2019 Warning Letter against Inova Genomics Laboratory suggest that FDA may prioritize for enforcement certain uncleared or unapproved tests marketed as companion diagnostic tests. Subsequently, FDA has attempted to encourage collaboration between *in vitro* diagnostic test developers and the classify all companion diagnostic labeling, particularly through guidance in the oncology area. In March 2020, the Verifying Accurate Leading-edge IVCT Development Act of 2020 (the "VALID Act") was introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives. Among other things, the VALID Act would classify all companion diagnostic tests as high-complexity tests requiring FDA premarket review and would formalize and arguably expand FDA's regulatory authority over diagnostic tests. Though passage of the VALID Act is unlikely this year, strong bipartisan support remains for some kind of diagnostic testing legislative reform in the near term.

Biosimilars and Exclusivity

Certain of our product candidates, including IMVT-1401 and ARU-1801, are regulated as biologics. An abbreviated approval pathway for biological products shown to be similar to, or interchangeable with, an FDA-licensed reference biological product was created by the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009 (the "BPCI Act"), as part of the Affordable Care Act (the "ACA"). This amendment to the PHSA, in part, attempts to minimize duplicative testing. Biosimilarity, which requires that the biological product be highly similar to the reference product notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive components and that there be no clinically meaningful differences between the product and the reference product in terms of safety, purity and potency, can be shown through analytical studies, animal studies and a clinical trial or trials. Interchangeability requires that a biological product be biosimilar to the reference product and that the product can be expected to produce the same clinical results as the reference product in any given patient and, for products administered multiple times to an individual, that the product and the reference product may be alternated or switched after one has been previously administered without increasing safety risks or risks of diminished efficacy relative to exclusive use of the reference biological product such aud mail molecule drugs, as well as the processes by which such products are manufactured, pose significant hurdles to implementation that are still being worked out by the FDA.

A reference biological product is granted four and twelve year exclusivity periods from the time of first licensure of the product. The FDA will not accept an application for a biosimilar or interchangeable product based on the reference biological product until four years after the date of first licensure of the reference product, and the FDA will not approve an application for a biosimilar or interchangeable product based on the reference product. This tilensure 'typically means the initial date the particular product at issue was licensed in the United States. Date of first licensure does not include the date of licensure of an available for) a biological product if the licensure is for a supplement for the biological product or for a subsequent application by the same sponsor or manufacturer of the biological product (or licensor, predecessor in interest, or other related entity) for a change (not including a modification to the structure of the biological product) that results in a new indication, route of administration, dosing schedule, dosage form, delivery system, delivery device or

strength, or for a modification to the structure of the biological product that does not result in a change in safety, purity, or potency. Therefore, one must determine whether a new product includes a modification to the structure of a previously licensed product that results in a change in safety, purity, or potency to assess whether the licensure of the new product is a first licensure that triggers its own period of exclusivity. Whether a subsequent application, if approved, warrants exclusivity as the "first licensure" of a biological product is determined on a case-by-case basis with data submitted by the sponsor.

Other Regulatory Matters

Manufacturing, sales, promotion and other activities following product approval are also subject to regulation by numerous regulatory authorities in the United States in addition to the FDA, including the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (the "CMS"), the Office of Inspector General and Office for Civil Rights, other divisions of the Department of HHS, the Department of Justice, the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Consumer Product Safety Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Occupational Safety & Health Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency and state and local governments.

Healthcare providers, physicians, and third-party payors will play a primary role in the recommendation and prescription of any products for which we obtain marketing approval. Our current and future arrangements with healthcare providers and physicians and any future arrangements with third party payers, may expose us to broadly applicable fraud and abuse and other healthcare laws and regulations that may constrain the business or financial arrangements and relationships through which we market, sell and distribute any drugs for which we obtain marketing approval. In the United States, these laws include: the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, the False Claims Act, and HIPAA.

The Anti-Kickback Statute makes it illegal for any person, including a prescription drug manufacturer (or a party acting on its behalf), to knowingly and willfully solicit, receive, offer or pay any remuneration, directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, that is intended to induce or reward referrals, including the purchase, recommendation, order or prescription of a particular drug, for which payment may be made under a federal healthcare program, such as Medicare or Medicaid. Violations of this law are punishable by imprisonment, criminal fines, administrative civil money penalties and exclusion from participation in federal healthcare programs. In addition, a person or entity does not need to have actual knowledge of the statute or specific intent to violate it. Moreover, the ACA provides that the government may assert that a claim including items or services resulting from a violation of the federal Anti-Kickback Statute constitutes a false or fraudulent claim for purposes of the federal civil False Claims Act.

Drug manufacturers can be held liable under the federal civil False Claims Act, which imposes civil penalties, including through civil whistleblower or qui tam actions, against individuals or entities (including manufacturers) for, among other things, knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented to federal programs (including Medicare and Medicaid) claims for items or services, including drugs, that are false or fraudulent, claims for items or services not provided as claimed, or claims for medically unnecessary items or services. Penalties for a False Claims Act violation include three times the actual damages sustained by the government, plus mandatory civil penalties for each separate false claim, the potential for exclusion from participation in federal healthcare programs and, although the federal False Claims Act is a civil statute, conduct that results in a False Claims Act violation include three times the actual damages sustained by the government. The government may deem manufacturers to have "caused" the submission of false or fraudulent claims by, for example, providing certain billing or coding information to customers or promoting a product off-label. Claims Act. Our future marketing and activities relating to federal, state, and commercial reimbursement for our products, and the sale and marketing of our product candidates, are subject to scrutiny under this law.

HIPAA created federal criminal statutes that prohibit among other things, knowingly and willfully executing, or attempting to execute, a scheme to defraud or to obtain, by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations or promises, any money or property owned by, or under the control or custody of, any healthcare benefit program, including private third party payors, knowingly and willfully embezzling or stealing from a healthcare benefit program, including private third party payors, knowingly and willfully falsifying, concealing or covering up by trick, scheme or device, a material fact or making any materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statement in connection with the delivery of or payment for healthcare benefits, items or services. Like the federal Anti-Kickback Statute a person or entity does not need to have actual knowledge of the statute or specific intent to violate it in order to have committed a violation.

The civil monetary penalties statute imposes penalties against any person or entity that, among other things, is determined to have presented or caused to be presented a claim to a federal health program that the person knows or should know is for an item or service that was not provided as claimed or is false or fraudulent.

We are subject to data privacy and security regulations administered and enforced by the federal government as well as statutes and regulations adopted in the states in which we conduct our business. At the federal level, the data privacy and security regulations implementing HIPAA, as amended by the Health Information and Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, mandate, among other things, compliance with standards relating to the privacy and security of individually identifiable health information, which requires, among other things, the adoption of administrative, physical and technical safeguards to protect such information. Civil and criminal penalties may be imposed on entities subject to HIPAA, both by the HHS Office for Civil Rights and by state attorneys general, who have the authority to file civil actions for damages or injunctions in federal courts to enforce the HIPAA privacy and security regulations and to seek attorney's fees and costs associated with pursuing such actions. In addition, certain state laws govern the privacy and security of health information in certain circumstances, some of which are more stringent than HIPAA and many of which differ from each other in significant tways and may not have the same effect, thus complicating compliance efforts. Failure to comply with these laws, where applicable, can result in the imposition of significant civil and criminal penalties. Further, the states are rapidly expanding their data privacy and security laws and we may be subject to a variety of different restrictions and requirements under such laws.

Additionally, the federal Physician Payments Sunshine Act (the "Sunshine Act"), within the ACA, and its implementing regulations, require that certain manufacturers of drugs, devices, biological and medical supplies for which payment is available under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (with certain exceptions) report annually to CMS information related to certain payments or other transfers of value made or distributed to physicians and teaching hospitals, or to entities or individuals at the request of, or designated on behalf of, physicians, certain other healthcare professionals, and teaching hospitals and to report annually certain ownership and investment interests held by physicians, certain other healthcare professionals, and their immediate family members. Effective January 1, 2022, these reporting obligations will extend to include transfers of value made or to certain non-physician providers such as physician assistants and nurse practitioners. In addition, many states also govern the reporting of payments or other transfers of value, many of which differ from each other in significant ways, are often not preempted, and may have a more prohibitive effect than the Sunshine Act, thus further complicating compliance efforts.

Similar federal, state and foreign fraud and abuse laws and regulations, such as state anti-kickback and false claims laws, may apply to sales or marketing arrangements and claims involving healthcare items or services. Such laws are generally broad and are enforced by various state agencies and private actions. Also, many states have similar fraud and abuse statutes or regulations that may be broader in scope and may apply regardless of payor, in addition to items and services reimbursed under Medicaid and other state programs. Some state laws require pharmaceutical companies to comply with the pharmaceutical industry's voluntary compliance guidelines and the relevant federal government compliance guidance, and require drug manufacturers to report information related to payments and other transfers of value to physicians and other healthcare providers or marketing expenditures.

In order to distribute products commercially, we must comply with state laws that require the registration of manufacturers and wholesale distributors of drug and biological products in a state, including, in certain states, manufacturers and distributors who ship products into the state even if such manufacturers or distributors have no place of business within the state. Several states have enacted legislation requiring pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies to establish marketing compliance programs, file periodic reports with the state, make periodic public disclosures on sales, marketing, pricing, clinical trials and other activities, and/or register their sales representatives, as well as to prohibit pharmacies and other healthcare entities from providing certain physician prescribing data to pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies for use in sales and marketing, and to prohibit certain other sales and marketing practices. All of our activities are potentially subject to federal and state consumer protection and unfair competition laws.

The scope and enforcement of each of these laws is uncertain and subject to rapid change in the current environment of healthcare reform, especially in light of the lack of applicable precedent and regulations. Federal and state enforcement bodies have recently increased their scrutiny of interactions between healthcare companies and healthcare providers, which has led to a number of investigations, prosecutions, convictions and settlements in the healthcare industry. It is possible that governmental authorities will conclude that our business practices may not comply with current or future statutes, regulations or case law involving applicable fraud and abuse or other healthcare laws and regulations. If our operations are found to be in violation of any of these laws or any other governmental regulations that may apply to us, we may be subject to significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, fines, disgorgement, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, individual imprisonment, exclusion of drugs from government funded healthcare programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid, and the curtailment or restructuring of our operations, any of which could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our financial results. If any of the physicians or other healthcare providers or entities with whom we expect to do business is found to be not in compliance with applicable laws, they may be subject to criminal, civil or administrative sanctions, including exclusions from government funded healthcare programs. Ensuring business arrangements comply with applicable healthcare laws, as well as responding to possible investigations by government authorities, can be time- and resource-consuming and can divert a company's attention from the business.

Current and Future Legislation

In the United States and some foreign jurisdictions, there have been, and likely will continue to be, a number of legislative and regulatory changes and proposed changes regarding the healthcare system directed at broadening the availability of healthcare, improving the quality of healthcare, and containing or lowering the cost of healthcare.

For example, in March 2010, the ACA was enacted in the United States. The ACA includes measures that have significantly changed, and are expected to continue to significantly change, the way healthcare is financed by both governmental and private insurers. Among the changes made by the ACA to preexisting law of importance to the pharmaceutical industry are that the ACA:

- made several changes to the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program, including increasing pharmaceutical manufacturers' rebate liability by
 raising the minimum basic Medicaid rebate on most branded prescription drugs to 23.1% of average manufacturer price ("AMP"), and
 adding a new rebate calculation for "line extensions" (i.e., new formulations, such as extended release formulations) of solid oral dosage
 forms of branded products, as well as potentially impacting their rebate liability by modifying the statutory definition of AMP.
- imposed a requirement on manufacturers of branded drugs to provide a 70% (increased pursuant to the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018, effective as of 2019) point-of-sale discount off the negotiated price of branded drugs dispensed to Medicare Part D beneficiaries in the coverage gap (i.e., "donut hole") as a condition for a manufacturer's outpatient drugs being covered under Medicare Part D.

- extended a manufacturer's Medicaid rebate liability to covered drugs dispensed to individuals who are enrolled in Medicaid managed care
 organizations.
- expanded the entities eligible for discounts under the 340B Drug Discount Program.
- established a new methodology by which rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program are calculated for drugs that are inhaled, infused, instilled, implanted, or injected.
- imposed an annual, nondeductible fee on any entity that manufactures or imports certain branded prescription drugs, apportioned among
 these entities according to their market share in certain government healthcare programs.
- established a new Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute to oversee, identify priorities in, and conduct comparative clinical
 effectiveness research, along with funding for such research. The research conducted by the Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute
 may affect the market for certain pharmaceutical products. The ACA established the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation within
 CMS to test innovative payment and service delivery models to lower Medicare and Medicaid spending, potentially including prescription
 drug spending.

Since its enactment, there have been numerous judicial, administrative, executive, and legislative challenges to certain aspects of the ACA, and we expect there will be additional challenges and amendments to the ACA in the future. Various portions of the ACA are currently undergoing legal and constitutional challenges in the United States Supreme Court; the Trump Administration issued various Executive Orders which eliminated cost sharing subsidies and various provisions that would impose a fiscal burden on states or a cost, fee, tax, penalty or regulatory burden on individuals, healthcare providers, health insurers, or manufacturers of pharmaceuticals or medical devices; and Congress has introduced several pieces of legislation aimed at significantly revising or repealing the ACA. The United States Supreme Court is expected to rule on a legal challenge to the constitutionality of the ACA in 2021. The implementation of the ACA is ongoing, and the law may continue to exert significant pressure on pharmaceutical pricing and our profitability.

Moreover, in May 2018, the Trump administration released its "Blueprint to Lower Drug Prices and Reduce Out-of-Pocket Costs," or the Blueprint, and former President Trump also issued a number of Executive Orders in 2020 that were aimed at lowering the prices of prescription drugs. Some rules enacted under the Trump Administration have been stayed as a result of pending litigation or are under review by the Biden Administration. For example, a rule enacted under the Trump Administration known as the "Most Favored Nations" rule would set Medicare Part B reimbursement at an amount no higher than the lowest price that a drug manufacturer receives on a particular product in an index of foreign countries. This rule currently is the subject of litigation, and it is unclear whether it will be implemented by the Biden Administration. Other initiatives under the Trump administration have taken effect. For example, in May 2019, CMS issued a final rule to allow Medicare Advantage Plans the option of using step therapy, a form of drug utilization management, for Part B drugs beginning January 1, 2020.

Other legislative changes have been proposed and adopted in the United States since the ACA was enacted. In August 2011, the Budget Control Act of 2011, among other things, created measures for spending reductions by Congress. A Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction, tasked with recommending a targeted deficit reduction of at least \$1.2 trillion for the years 2013 through 2021, was unable to reach required goals, thereby triggering the legislation's automatic reduction to several government programs. This includes aggregate reductions of Medicare payments to providers up to 2% per fiscal year, which went into effect in April 2013, following passage of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013, and will remain in effect through 2029 unless additional congressional action is taken. Pursuant to the CARES Act and subsequent legislation, these reductions were suspended from May 1, 2020 through December 31, 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As the legislation currently stands, the reductions will go back into effect as of January 2022 and remain in effect through 2030 unless additional Congressional action is take. The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 eliminates the Medicaid unit rebate cap effective as of January 1, 2024, and the removal of this rebate cap could significantly impact our Medicaid rebate liability beginning in 2024.

Specifically, there have been several recent U.S. Congressional inquiries and proposed bills designed to, among other things, bring more transparency to drug pricing, review the relationship between pricing and manufacturer patient programs, and reform government program reimbursement methodologies for drugs. For example, Senator Tammy Baldwin and three cosponsors have introduced legislation that would require transparency in any price increases for prescription drugs. Senator Termie Sanders also introduced the three drug pricing bills, including the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Act, which would direct the Secretary HHS to negotiate lower prices for prescription drugs under Medicare Part D. H.R. 3, which was passed by the House of Representatives in 2020, also contains a provision requiring the federal government to negotiate the pricing for certain prescription drugs, and manufacturers also would face fines if their drug prices increase faster than the rate of inflation. We cannot predict whether these or other drug pricing initiatives will be adopted in the future. Further federal, state and foreign legislative and regulatory developments are likely, and we expect ongoing initiatives to increase pressure on drug pricing. The Biden administration has indicated that lowering prescription drug prices is a priority. Reforms could have an adverse effect on anticipated revenues from product candidates and may affect our overall financial condition and ability to develop product candidates.

Packaging and Distribution in the United States

If our products are made available to authorized users of the Federal Supply Schedule of the General Services Administration, additional laws and requirements apply. Products must meet applicable child-resistant packaging requirements under the U.S. Poison Prevention Packaging Act. Manufacturing, sales, promotion and other activities also are potentially subject to federal and state consumer protection and unfair competition laws.

The distribution of pharmaceutical products is subject to additional requirements and regulations, including extensive record-keeping, licensing, storage and security requirements intended to prevent the unauthorized sale of pharmaceutical products.

The failure to comply with any of these laws or regulatory requirements subjects firms to possible legal or regulatory action. Depending on the circumstances, failure to meet applicable regulatory requirements can result in criminal prosecution, fines or other penalties, injunctions, exclusion from federal healthcare programs, requests for recall, seizure of products, total or partial suspension of production, denial or withdrawal of product approvals, or refusal to allow a firm to enter into supply contracts, including government contracts. Any action against us for violation of these laws, even if we successfully defend against it, could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and divert our management's attention from the operation of our business. Prohibitions or restrictions on sales or withdrawal of future products marketed by us could materially affect our business in an adverse way.

Changes in regulations, statutes or the interpretation of existing regulations could impact our business in the future by requiring, for example: (i) changes to our manufacturing arrangements; (ii) additions or modifications to product labeling; (iii) the recall or discontinuation of our products; or (iv) additional record-keeping requirements. If any such changes were to be imposed, they could adversely affect the operation of our business.

Other U.S. Environmental, Health and Safety Laws and Regulations

We may be subject to numerous environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, including those governing laboratory procedures and the handling, use, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous materials and wastes. From time to time and in the future, our operations may involve the use of hazardous and flammable materials, including chemicals and biological materials, and may also produce hazardous waste products. Even if we contract with third parties for the disposal of these materials and waste products, we cannot completely eliminate the risk of contamination or injury resulting from the use or disposal of our hazardous materials, use could be held liable for any resulting damages, and any liability could exceed our resources. We also could incur significant costs associated with civil or criminal fines and penalties for failure to comply with such laws and regulations.

We maintain workers' compensation insurance to cover us for costs and expenses we may incur due to injuries to our employees, but this insurance may not provide adequate coverage against potential liabilities. However, we do not maintain insurance for environmental liability or toxic tort claims that may be asserted against us.

In addition, we may incur substantial costs in order to comply with current or future environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. Current or future environmental laws and regulations may impair our research, development or production efforts. In addition, failure to comply with these laws and regulations may result in substantial fines, penalties or other sanctions.

U.S. Patent Term Restoration and Marketing Exclusivity

Depending upon the timing, duration and specifics of FDA approval of our future product candidates, some of our U.S. patents may be eligible for limited patent term extension under the Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984, commonly referred to as the Hatch-Waxman Amendments. The Hatch-Waxman Amendments permit restoration of the patent term of up to five years as compensation for patent term lost during the PDA regulatory review process. Patent-term restoration, however, cannot extend the remaining term of a patent beyond a total of 14 years from the product's approval date and only those claims covering such approved drug product, a method for using it or a method for manufacturing it may be extended. The patent-term restoration period is generally one-half the time between the effective date of an IND and the submission date of an NDA or BLA plus the time between the submission date of an NDA or BLA and the approval of that application, except that the review period is reduced by any time during which the applicant failed to exercise due diligence. Only one patent applicable to an approved drug is eligible for the extension and the application for the extension must be submitted prior to the expiration of the patent. The USPTO, in consultation with the FDA, reviews and approves the application for any patent term extension or restoration. In the future, we may apply for restoration of patent term for our currently owned or licensed patents to add patent life beyond its current expiration date, depending on the expected length of the clinical trials and other factors involved in the filing of the relevant NDA or BLA.

Marketing exclusivity provisions under the FDCA also can delay the submission or the approval of certain applications. The FDCA provides a five-year period of non-patent marketing exclusivity within the United States to the first applicant to gain approval of an NDA for a new chemical entity. A drug is a new chemical entity if the FDA has not previously approved any other new drug containing the same active moiety, which is the molecule or ion responsible for the action of the drug substance. During the exclusivity period, the FDA may not accept for review an ANDA, or a 505(b)(2) NDA submitted by another company for another version of such drug where the applicant does not own or have a legal right of reference to all the data required for approval. However, an application may be submitted after four years if it contains a certification of patent invalidity or non-infringement. The FDCA also provides three years of marketing exclusivity for an NDA, 505(b)(2) NDA or supplement to an existing NDA if new clinical investigations, other than bioavailability studies, that were conducted or sponsored by the applicant are deemed by the FDA to be essential to the approval of the application, for example, new indications, dosages or strengths of an existing drug. This three-year exclusivity covers only the conditions of use associated with the new clinical investigations and does not prohibit the FDA from approval of a full NDA. However, an applicant submitting a full NDA would be required to conduct or obtain a right of reference to all of the preclinical studies and adequate and well-controlled clinical trials necessary to demonstrate safety and effectivenees.

European Union Drug Development

In the European Union and European Economic Area, our future products also may be subject to extensive regulatory requirements. As in the United States, medicinal products can be marketed only if a marketing authorization from the competent regulatory agencies has been obtained. Similar to the United States, the various phases of preclinical and clinical research in the European Union and European Economic Area are subject to significant regulatory controls. Although the EU Clinical Trials Directive 2001/20/EC (the "Directive"), has sought to harmonize the EU clinical trials regulatory framework, setting out common rules for the control and authorization of clinical trials in the EU, the EU Member States transposed and applied the provisions of the Directive differently into their national laws. This has led to significant variations in the Member State regimes. Under the current regime, before a clinical trial can be initiated it must be approved in each of the EU countries where the trial is to be conducted by two distinct bodies: the National Competent Authority (the "NCA"), and one or more Ethics Committees ("ECS"). Under the current regime all suspected unexpected serious adverse reactions to the investigated drug that occur during the clinical trial have to be reported to the NCA and ECs of the Member State where they occurred.

The EU clinical trials legislation currently is undergoing a transition process mainly aimed at harmonizing and streamlining clinical trial authorization, simplifying adverse-event reporting procedures, improving the supervision of clinical trials and increasing their transparency. In April 2014, the EU adopted a new Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No 536/2014 (the "Regulation"), which is set to replace the current Directive. Specifically, the new Regulation, which will be directly applicable in all Member States without the need for EU Member States to transpose it into national law, aims at simplifying and streamlining the approval of clinical trials in the EU. For instance, the new Regulation provides for a streamlined application procedure via a single entry point and strictly defined deadlines for the assessment of clinical trial applications. It is expected that the new Regulation will apply following confirmation of full functionality of the Clinical Trials Information System, the centralized EU portal and database for clinical trials foreseen by the Regulation, through an independent audit; the System is expected to go live in December 2021.

European Union Drug Marketing

Much like the federal Anti-Kickback Statue prohibition in the United States, the provision of benefits or advantages to physicians to induce or encourage the prescription, recommendation, endorsement, purchase, supply, order or use of medicinal products is also prohibited in the European Union and European Economic Area. The provision of benefits or advantages to induce or reward improper performance generally is governed by the national anti-bribery laws of the European Union Member States, and the Bribery Act 2010 in the UK, as well as the industry Codes of Practice that are based on the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations (EFPIA) Code of Practice. Infringement of these laws could result in substantial fines and imprisonment. EU Directive 2001/83/EC, which is the EU Directive governing medicinal products for human use, further provides that, where medicinal products are being promoted to persons qualified to prescribe or supply them, no gifts, pecuniary advantages or benefits in kind may be supplied, offered or promised to such persons unless they are inexpensive and relevant to the practice of medicine or pharmacy. This provision has been transposed into the Human Medicines Regulations 2012 and so remains applicable in the UK despite its departure from the EU.

Payments made to physicians in EU Member States and Member States of the European Economic Area must be publicly disclosed. Moreover, agreements with physicians often must be the subject of prior notification and approval by the physician's employer, his or her competent professional organization and/or the regulatory authorities of the individual EU Member States. These requirements are provided in the national laws, industry codes or professional codes of conduct, applicable in the EU Member States. Failure to comply with these requirements could result in reputational risk, public reprimands, administrative penalties, fines or imprisonment.

European Union Drug Review and Approval

In the European Economic Area (the "EEA"), which is comprised of the Member States of the European Union plus Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein, medicinal products can only be commercialized after obtaining a marketing authorization ("MA"). There are two types of marketing authorizations.

 The centralized MA is issued by the European Commission through the centralized procedure, based on the opinion of the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (the "CHMP"), of the EMA,

and is valid throughout the entire territory of the EEA. The centralized procedure is mandatory for certain types of products, such as biotechnology medicinal products, orphan medicinal products, advanced-therapy medicinal products (gene-therapy, somatic cell-therapy or tissue-engineered medicines) and medicinal products containing a new active substance indicated for the treatment of HIV, AIDS, cancer, neurodegenerative disorders, diabetes, auto-immune and other immune dysfunctions and viral diseases. The centralized procedure is optional for products containing a new active substance not yet authorized in the EEA, or for products that constitute a significant therapeutic, scientific or technical innovation or which are in the interest of public health in the EEA.

Under the centralized procedure the maximum timeframe for the evaluation of a marketing authorization application (a "MAA"), by the EMA is 210 days, excluding clock stops, when additional written or oral information is to be provided by the applicant in response to questions asked by the CHMP. Clock stops may extend the timeframe of evaluation of a MAA considerably beyond 210 days. Where the CHMP gives a positive opinion, it provides the opinion together with supporting documentation to the European Commission, who make the final decision to grant a marketing authorization, which is issued within 67 days of receipt of the EMA's recommendation. Accelerated assessment might be granted by the CHMP in exceptional cases, when a medicinal product is expected to be of major public health interest, particularly from the point of view of therapeutic innovation. The timeframe for the evaluation of a MAA under the accelerated assessment procedure is 150 days, excluding clock stops, but it is possible that the CHMP may revert to the standard time limit for the centralized procedure if it determines that the application is no longer appropriate to conduct an accelerated assessment.

National MAs, which are issued by the competent authorities of the Member States of the EEA and only cover their respective territory, are available for products not falling within the mandatory scope of the centralized procedure. If a product is to be authorized in more than one Member State, the assessment procedure is coordinated at EU-level. Where a product has already been authorized for marketing in a Member State of the EEA, the national MA can be recognized in another Member States through the mutual recognition procedure. If the product has not received a national MA can be recognized in another Member States through the mutual recognition procedure. If the product has not received a national MA in any Member State at the time of application, it can be approved simultaneously in various Member States through the decentralized procedure. Under the decentralized procedure an identical dossier is submitted to the competent authorities of each of the Member States in which the MA is sought, one of which is selected by the applicant as the Reference Member State (the "RMS"). The competent authority of the RMS coordinates the preparation of a draft assessment report, a draft summary of the product characteristics (the "SmPC"), and a draft of the labeling and package leaflet, which are sent to the other Member States (referred to as the Concerned Member States) for their final approval. If the Concerned Member States raise no objections, based on a potential serious risk to public health, to the assessment, SmPC, labeling, or packaging circulated by the RMS, the coordinated procedures is closed, and the product is subsequently granted a national MA in all the Member States (i.e., in the RMS and the Concerned Member States).

Under the above-described procedures, during the assessment of the documents submitted in the MAA and before granting the MA, the EMA or the competent authorities of the Member States of the EEA make an assessment of the risk-benefit balance of the product on the basis of scientific criteria concerning its quality, safety and efficacy.

Now that the United Kingdom (which comprises Great Britain and Northern Ireland) has left the European Union, Great Britain will no longer be covered by centralized MAs (under the Northern Irish Protocol of the Withdrawal Agreement, centralized MAs will continue to apply in Northern Ireland). All medicinal products with a valid centralized MA as of December 31, 2020, were automatically converted to Great Britain MAs on January, 1 2021 (unless the MA holder opted out of this procedure). For a period of two years from January 1, 2021, the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (the "MHRA"), the UK medicines regulator, may rely on a decision taken by the European Commission on the approval of a new MA in the centralized procedure, in order to more quickly grant a new Great Britain MA. A separate application will, however, still be required. The MHRA also has the power to have regard to MAs approved in EEA Member States through decentralized or mutual recognition procedures with a view to more quickly granting a MA in the United Kingdom or Great Britain.

European Union New Chemical Entity Exclusivity

In the EEA, innovative medicinal products, approved on the basis of a full dossier of preclinical and clinical data as part of the MAA, qualify for eight years of data exclusivity upon marketing authorization and an additional two years of market exclusivity. The data exclusivity, if granted, prevents generic or biosimilar applicants from referencing the innovator's pre-clinical and clinical trial data contained in the dossier of the reference innovative product when applying for a generic or biosimilar MA in the EEA, for a period of eight years from the date of authorization of the reference product. During the additional two-year period of market exclusivity, a generic or biosimilar marketing authorization application can be submitted, and the innovator's data may be referenced, but no generic or biosimilar product can be marketed until the expiration of the market exclusivity. The overall ten-year period can be extended to a maximum of 11 years if, during the first eight years of those ten years, the marketing authorization holder obtains an authorization for one or more new therapeutic indications which, during the scientific evaluation prior to their authorization, are determined to bring a significant clinical benefit in comparison with currently approved therapies. Even if an innovative medicinal product gains the prescribed period of data exclusivity, however, another company may market another version of the product if such company obtained a MA based on a marketing authorization application with a complete independent data package of pharmaceutical tests, preclinical tests and clinical trials (i.e. without cross-referencing to the data within the reference innovative product).

European Union Orphan Designation and Exclusivity

In the EEA, the EMA's Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products grants orphan drug designation to promote the development of products that are intended for the diagnosis, prevention or treatment of life-threatening or chronically debilitating conditions and either (i) such condition affects not more than five in 10,000 persons in the EEA, or (ii) it is unlikely that the development of the medicine would generate sufficient return to justify the necessary investment in its development. In either case, the applicant must also demonstrate that no satisfactory method of diagnosis, prevention or treatment has been authorized (or, if a method exists, the product would be a significant benefit to those affected compared to the product available).

In the EEA, orphan drug designation entitles a party to financial incentives such as reduction of fees or fee waivers. In addition, if the criteria for orphan designation are found to be maintained at the time of authorization of the product, ten years of market exclusivity is granted following grant of an orphan marketing authorization. During this market exclusivity period, neither the EMA nor the European Commission nor any of the competent authorities in the EEA Members States can accept an application or grant a marketing authorization for a "similar medicinal product" for the same indication. A "similar medicinal product" is defined as a medicinal product containing a similar active substance or substances as contained in an authorized orphan medicinal product, and which is intended for the same therapeutic indication. This orphan exclusivity period may be reduced to six years if the orphan drug designation criteria are no longer met, including where it is shown that the product is sufficiently profitable not to justify maintenance of market exclusivity. Market exclusivity may also be broken, so a similar product may be authorized for the same indication, in very select cases, such as if (i) it is established that a similar medicinal product is safer, more effective or otherwise clinically superior to the authorized product; (ii) the marketing authorization holder consents to the grant of the similar product; (iii) the marketing authorization for arketing approval. Orphan drug designation must be requested before submitting an application for marketing approval. Orphan drug designation does not convey any advantage in, or shorten the duration of, the regulatory review and approval process.

From January 1, 2021, a separate process for orphan drug designation will apply in Great Britain. There will be no pre-marketing authorization orphan designation (as there is in the EEA) and the application for orphan
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designation will be reviewed by the MHRA at the time of the marketing authorization application. The criteria are the same as in the EEA, save that they apply to Great Britain only (e.g., there must be no satisfactory method of diagnosis, prevention or treatment of the condition concerned in Great Britain).

European Pediatric Investigation Plan

In the EEA, MAAs for new medicinal products have to include the results of studies conducted in the pediatric population, in compliance with a pediatric investigation plan (a "PIP"), agreed with the EMA's Pediatric Committee (a "PDCO"). The PIP sets out the timing and measures proposed to generate data to support a pediatric indication of the drug for which marketing authorization is being sought. The PDCO can grant a deferral of the obligation to implement some or all of the measures of the PIP until there are sufficient data to demonstrate the efficacy and safety of the product in adults. Further, the obligation to provide pediatric clinical trial data can be waived by the PDCO when this data is not needed or appropriate because the product is likely to be ineffective or unsafe in children, the disease or condition for which the product is intended occurs only in adult populations, or when the product does not represent a significant therapeutic benefit over existing treatments for pediatric patients. If a marketing authorization is obtained and trial results are included in the product information, even when negative, and the product is approved in all Member States, non-orphan products are eligible for six months' supplementary protection certificate extension. In the case of orphan medicinal products, a two-year extension of the orphan market exclusivity may be available. This pediatric reward is subject to specific conditions and is not automatically available when data in compliance with the PIP are developed and submitted.

Brexit and the Regulatory Framework in the United Kingdom

On June 23, 2016, the electorate in the United Kingdom voted in favor of leaving the European Union (commonly referred to as Brexit). Thereafter, on March 29, 2017, the country formally notified the European Union of its intention to withdraw pursuant to Article 50 of the Lisbon Treaty. The United Kingdom formally left the European Union on January 31, 2020. A transition period began on February 1, 2020, during which EU pharmaceutical law remained applicable in the United Kingdom. However this ended on December 31, 2020. On December 30, 2020, the United Kingdom and European Union signed the Trade and Cooperation Agreement, which includes an agreement on free trade between the two parties. Since the regulatory framework in the United Kingdom covering the quality, safety and efficacy of pharmaceutical products, clinical trials, marketing authorizations, commercial sales, and distribution of pharmaceutical products is derived from EU Directives and Regulations, Brexit could materially impact the future regulatory regime which applies to products and the approval of product candidates in the United Kingdom in the UK legislation now has the potential to diverge from EU legislation. It remains to be seen how Brexit will impact regulatory requirements for medicinal products and devices in the United Kingdom in the long term. The MHRA has recently published detailed guidance for industry and organizations to follow now the transition period is over, which will be updated as the United Kingdom's regulatory position on medicinal products and medical devices evolves over time.

European Data Collection

The collection and use of personal data, including health data, in the EEA is governed by the General Data Protection Regulation (the "GDPR"), which became effective May 25, 2018. The GDPR applies to any company established in the EEA and to companies established outside the EEA that process personal data in connection with the offering of goods or services to data subjects in the European Union or EEA or the monitoring of the behavior of data subjects in the European Union or EEA. The GDPR enhances data protection obligations for data controllers of personal data, including stringent requirements relating to the consent of data subjects, expanded disclosures about how personal data is used, requirements to conduct privacy impact assessments for "high risk" processing, limitations on retention of personal data, mandatory data breach notification and "privacy by design" requirements, and creates direct obligations on service providers acting as data processors. The GDPR also imposes strict rules on the transfer of personal data outside of the EEA to countries that do not ensure an

adequate level of protection, like the United States. Failure to comply with the requirements of the GDPR and the related national data protection laws of the EEA Member States may result in fines up to €20 million or 4% of a company's global annual revenues for the preceding financial year, whichever is higher. Moreover, the GDPR grants data subjects the right to claim material and non-material damages resulting from infringement of the GDPR. Given the breadth and depth of changes in data protection obligations, maintaining compliance with the GDPR will require significant time, resources and expense, and we may be required to put in place additional mechanisms ensuring compliance with the new data protection rules. This may be onerous and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition, further to the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union on January 31, 2020, the GDPR ceased to apply in the United Kingdom at the end of the transition period on December 31, 2020. However, as of January 1, 2021, the United Kingdom's European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 incorporated the GDPR (as it existed on December 31, 2020 but subject to certain UK specific amendments) into UK law, referred to as the UK GDPR. The UK GDPR and the UK Data Protection Act 2018 set out the United Kingdom's data protection regime, which is independent from but aligned to the European Union's data protection Act 2018 set out the United Kingdom's data protection regime, which is independent from but aligned to the European Union's data protection regime. Non-compliance with the UK GDPR may result in monetary penalties of up to £17.5 million or 4% of worldwide revenue, whichever is higher. The United Kingdom, however, is now regarded as a third country under the European Union's GDPR which means that transfers of personal data from the EEA to the United Kingdom will be restricted unless an appropriate safeguard, as recognized by the EU's GDPR, has been put in place. Although, under the EU-UK Trade Cooperation Agreement it is lawful to transfer personal data between the United Kingdom and the EEA for a six-month period following the end of the transition period, with a view to achieving an adequacy decision from the European Commission during that period. While the European Data Protection Board and the formal decision adopted by the European Commission before the end of the above-mentioned six-months period. Like the EU GDPR, the UK GDPR restricts personal data transfers outside the United Kingdom to countries not regarded by the United Kingdom as providing adequate protection (this means that personal data transfers from the United Kingdom to the EEA remain free flowing).

Rest of the World Regulation

For other countries outside of the European Union and the United States, such as countries in Eastern Europe, Latin America or Asia, the requirements governing the conduct of clinical trials, product licensing, pricing and reimbursement vary from country to country. Additionally, the clinical trials must be conducted in accordance with GCP requirements and the applicable regulatory requirements and the ethical principles that have their origin in the Declaration of Helsinki.

If we fail to comply with applicable foreign regulatory requirements, we may be subject to, among other things, fines, suspension or withdrawal of regulatory approvals, product recalls, seizure of products, operating restrictions and

Additional Laws and Regulations Governing International Operations

If we further expand our operations outside of the United States, we must dedicate additional resources to comply with numerous laws and regulations in each jurisdiction in which we plan to operate. The U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA"), prohibits any U.S. individual or business from paying, offering, authorizing payment or offering of anything of value, directly or indirectly, to any foreign official, political party or candidate for the purpose of influencing any act or decision of the foreign entity in order to assist the individual or business in obtaining or retaining business. The FCPA also obligates companies whose securities are listed in the United States to comply with certain accounting provisions requiring the company to maintain books and records that accurately and fairly reflect all transactions of the corporation, including international subsidiaries, and to devise and maintain an adequate system of internal accounting controls for international operations.

Compliance with the FCPA is expensive and difficult, particularly in countries in which corruption is a recognized problem. In addition, the FCPA presents particular challenges in the pharmaceutical industry, because, in many countries, hospitals are operated by the government, and doctors and other hospital employees are considered foreign officials. Certain payments to hospitals in connection with clinical trials and other work have been deemed to be improper payments to government officials and have led to FCPA enforcement actions. Further, other anti-corruption laws, such as the UK Bribery Act, are broader and can regulate payments to non-governmental entities.

Various laws, regulations and executive orders also restrict the use and dissemination outside of the United States, or the sharing with certain non-U.S. nationals, of information classified for national security purposes, as well as certain products and technical data relating to those products. If we expand our presence outside of the United States, it will require us to dedicate additional resources to comply with these laws, and these laws may preclude us from developing, manufacturing, or selling certain products and product candidates outside of the United States, which could limit our growth potential and increase our development costs.

The failure to comply with laws governing international business practices may result in substantial civil and criminal penalties and suspension or debarment from government contracting. The SEC also may suspend or bar issuers from trading securities on U.S. exchanges for violations of the FCPA's accounting provisions.

Coverage and Reimbursement

Successful commercialization of new drug products depends in part on the extent to which reimbursement for those drug products will be available from government health administration authorities, private health insurers, and other organizations. Government authorities and third-party payors, such as private health insurers and health maintenance organizations, decide which drug products they will pay for and establish reimbursement levels. The availability and extent of reimbursement by governmental and private payors is essential for most patients to be able to afford a drug product. Sales of drug products depend substantially, both domestically and abroad, on the extent to which the costs of drugs products are covered or paid for by the federal or national government as well as commercial managed care organizations, pharmacy benefit managers, and similar healthcare management organizations.

A primary trend in the U.S. healthcare industry and elsewhere is cost containment. Government authorities and third-party payors have attempted to control costs by limiting coverage and the amount of reimbursement for particular drug products. In many countries, the prices of drug products are subject to varying price control mechanisms as part of national health systems. In general, the prices of drug products under such systems are substantially lower than in the United States. Other countries allow companies to fix their own prices for drug products, but monitor and control company profits. Accordingly, in markets outside the United States, the acquisition costs and reimbursement for drug products may lower than within the United States.

In the United States, the decisions about reimbursement for new drug products under the Medicare program are made by CMS, an agency within HHS. CMS determines coverage standards for products reimbursed by Medicare, and private payors often adopt coverage standards established by CMS for the commercial marketplace. However, no uniform policy of coverage and reimbursement for drug products exists among third-party payors and coverage and reimbursement levels for drug products can differ significantly from payor to payor.

Third-party payors may limit coverage to specific products on an approved list or formulary, which might not include all of the FDA-approved products for a particular indication. Also, third-party payors may refuse to include a particular branded drug on their formularies or otherwise restrict patient access to a branded drug when a less costly generic equivalent or another alternative is available. Third-party payors are increasingly challenging the prices charged for medical products and services, examining the medical necessity, and reviewing the cost-effectiveness of medical products and services.

Further, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, millions of individuals have lost or are expected to lose employer-based insurance coverage, which may adversely affect our ability to successfully commercialize our products.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (the "MMA"), established the Medicare Part D program to provide a voluntary prescription drug benefit to Medicare beneficiaries. Under Part D, Medicare beneficiaries may enroll in prescription drug plans offered by private entities that provide coverage of outpatient prescription drugs. Unlike Medicare Parts A and B, Part D coverage is not standardized. Part D prescription drug plan sponsors are not required to pay for all covered Part D drugs, and each drug plan can develop its own drug formulary that identifies which drugs it will cover and at what tier or level. While all Medicare drug plans must give at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare, Part D prescription drug plan sponsors are not required to pay for all covered Part D drugs, and each drug plan can develop its own drug formulary that identifies which drugs it will cover and at what tier or level. However, Part D prescription drug plan can develop its own drug formulary that identifies which drugs it will cover and at what tier or level. However, Part D prescription drug plans of covered Part D drugs, and each drug plan can develop its own drug formulary that identifies which drugs it will cover and at what tier or level. However, Part D prescription drug plan sust include drugs within each therapeutic category and class of covered Part D drugs, though not necessarily all the drugs in each category or class. Any formulary used by a Part D prescription drug plan must be developed and reviewed by a pharmacy and therapeutic committee. Government payment for some of the costs of prescription drug plan will likely be lower than the prices we might otherwise obtain. Moreover, while the MMA applies only to drug benefits for Medicare beneficiaries, private payors often follow Medicare coverage policy and payment limitations in setting their own payment rates. Any reduction in payment that results from the MMA may result in a similar reduction in payments from non-governmen

For a drug product to receive federal reimbursement under the Medicaid or Medicare Part B programs, a manufacturer must enter into agreements with the Secretary of HHS to participate in the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program and the 340B drug discount program. Under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program, manufacturers are obligated to pay rebates to the State Medicaid Programs on each unit of the manufacturer's drugs that are dispensed to Medicaid beneficiaries—both with regard to Medicaid Fee for Service and Medicaid Managed Care. Additionally, under the 340B drug discount program, manufacturers extend discounts to entities eligible to participate in the 340B program, including various hospital providers. The required 340B discount on a given product is calculated based on the average manufacturer price (the "AMP"), and Medicaid rebate amounts reported and paid by the manufacturer under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program. As of 2010, the ACA expanded the types of entities eligible to receive discounted 340B pricing, although under current law these newly eligible entities (with the exception of children's hospital) will not be eligible to receive discounted 340B pricing on drugs that receive an orphan designation by the FDA. As 340B drug pricing is determined based on AMP and Medicaid rebate data, revisions to the statute and regulations governing the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program may cause the required 340B discount to increase. Additional legislation surrounding the 340B program, including which providers are eligible for the program, may be enacted in the future. These developments could affect our profitability.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 provides funding for the federal government to compare the effectiveness of different treatments for the same illness. The plan for the research was published in 2012 by the Department of HHS, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality and the National Institutes for Health, and periodic reports on the status of the research and related expenditures are made to Congress. Although the results of the comparative effectiveness studies are not intended to mandate coverage policies for public or private payors, it is not clear what effect, if any, the research will have on the sales of our drug candidates, if any such drug or the condition that they are intended to treat are the subject of a trial. It is also possible that comparative effectiveness research demonstrating benefits in a competitor's drug could adversely affect the sales of our drug candidate. If third-party payors do not consider our drugs to be cost-effective compared to other available therapies, they may not cover our drugs after approval as a benefit under their plans or, if they do, the level of payment may not be sufficient to allow us to sell our drugs on a profitable basis.

These laws, and future state and federal healthcare reform measures may be adopted in the future, any of which may result in additional reductions in Medicare and other healthcare funding and otherwise affect the

prices we may obtain for any product candidates for which we may obtain regulatory approval or the frequency with which any such product candidate is prescribed or used.

Outside of the United States, the pricing of pharmaceutical products and medical devices is subject to governmental control in many countries. For example, in the European Union, pricing and reimbursement schemes vary widely from country to country. Some countries provide that products may be marketed only after a reimbursement price has been agreed. Some countries may require the completion of additional studies that compare the cost effectiveness of a particular therapy to currently available therapies or so-called health technology assessments, in order to obtain reimbursement or pricing approval. Other countries may allow companies to fix their own prices for products, but monitor and control product volumes or the amount of profit made on those profits, and issue guidance to physicians to limit prescriptions. Efforts to control prices and utilization of pharmaceutical products and medical devices will likely continue as countries attempt to manage healthcare expenditures.

Human Capital Management

As of March 31, 2021, we and our subsidiaries had approximately 620 full-time employees.

Our human capital objectives include sourcing, recruiting, retaining, incentivizing and developing our existing and future employees. We seek to create nimble, entrepreneurial Vants that operate similar to independent biotechnology companies where each management team, comprised of worldclass drug developers and clinical operators, is solely focused on their respective Vant's mission. Our and our Vants' equity incentive plans are designed to attract, retain and motivate selected employees, consultants and directors through the granting of share-based compensation awards to encourage focus and calculated risk-taking. In connection with becoming a public company, we expect to hire additional personnel and to implement procedures and processes to address public company requilatory requirements and customary practices.

Corporate and Other Information

We were registered as an exempted limited company in Bermuda in 2014, under the name Valor Biotechnology Ltd. In November 2014 we changed our name to Roivant Sciences Ltd. Our principal executive offices are located at Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom. Our telephone number is +44 207 400 3347.

Our web page address is https://roivant.com. Our investor relations website is located at . We will make available free of charge on our investor relations website under "SEC Filings" our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Current Reports on Form 8-K, our directors' and officers' Section 16 Reports and any amendments to those reports after filing or furnishing such materials to the SEC. References to our website address do not constitute incorporation by reference of the information contained on the website, and the information contained on the website is not part of this document that we file with or furnish to the SEC.

We are an "emerging growth company" (an "EGC"), as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012. As an EGC, we are eligible for exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation.

Legal Proceedings

We consider it in the ordinary course of our business that our patents may become subject to inter partes review and opposition proceedings. Three U.S. patents (U.S. Patent Nos. 8,058,069, 9,364,435 and 9,404,127) relating to

lipid nanoparticle molar ratios and the aggregation of lipid nanoparticles that Genevant exclusively licenses from Arbutus were the subject of inter partes review proceedings brought by Moderna before the PTAB. The PTAB upheld all claims of U.S. Patent No. 8,058,069, invalidated some of the claims of U.S. Patent No. 9,364,435 and invalidated all claims of U.S. Patent No. 9,404,127. The PTAB's decisions with respect to U.S. Patent No. 8,058,069 and 9,364,435 are currently on appeal at the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Federal Circuit vacated and remanded the PTAB's decision on U.S. Patent No. 9,494,127, and the PTAB's decision with respect to U.S. Patent No. 9,494,127 patent is currently held in administrative abeyance, pending a review following a recent Supreme Court ruling in an unrelated case. Additionally, one European patent (EU patent no. EP2279254) relating to lipid nanoparticle molar ratios that Genevant exclusively licenses from Arbutus is the subject of an opposition proceeding brought by Merck Sharp & Dohme Corporation and Moderna at the European Patent Office Opposition Division. There can be no assurance that these patents will be found to be valid or sufficiently broad to protect our technology or to provide us with a competitive advantage. For more information on risks associated with the inter partes review proceedings and the pending European patent opposition proceeding, see "Risk Factors— Risks Related to Roivant's Business and Industry—Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property."

From time to time, we may be subject to other legal proceedings, investigations and claims incidental to the conduct of our business. The results of any current or future litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, and regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF ROIVANT

The following discussion and analysis of Roivant's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Roivant's

consolidated financial statements and notes to those statements included in this proxy statement/prospectus. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Roivant's actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors. Please see "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this proxy statement/prospectus. Our fiscal year ends on March 31 and our fiscal quarters end on June 30, September 30 and December 31.

For purposes of this subsection only, "Roivant," "the Company," "we," "us" or "our" refer to Roivant Sciences Ltd. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

Overview

We are building the next-generation "big pharma" company, organized to harness modern technologies and the entrepreneurial spirit of nimble biotechnology companies at scale. Our mission is to improve the delivery of healthcare to patients by treating every inefficiency as an opportunity.

We are a diverse team of experienced drug developers, scientists, physicians, company builders, data scientists and engineers, biopharma investors, physicists and business development professionals dedicated to improving the lives of patients. At Roivant, we combine our team's extensive experience and multi-disciplinary expertise with innovative technologies to identify and advance potentially transformative medicines.

We deploy a hypothesis-driven approach to identify novel or clinically-validated targets and biological pathways in areas of high unmet medical need. We then seek to acquire, in-license or discover promising drug candidates against those targets or pathways. Our small molecule discovery engine is powered by a unique combination of leading computational physics and machine learning ("ML") capabilities for *in silico* drug design.

We develop drug candidates in subsidiary companies we call "Vants" with a distinct approach to sourcing talent, aligning incentives and deploying technology. Each of our Vant teams is built with deep relevant expertise to promote successful execution of our development strategy. Our Vants continue to benefit from the support of our platform and technologies that are built to address inefficiencies in the drug discovery, development and commercialization process.

Our agile Vant model has allowed us to rapidly add capabilities in diverse therapeutic areas, including immunology, dermatology, hematology and oncology, and modalities, including biologics, topicals, gene therapies and bifunctional small molecules. The Vant model also enables a modular approach to the monetization of therapies we advance through development, allowing us to pursue commercialization of some products independently, while selectively establishing partnerships for other Vants or divesting of the Vants entirely.

Since our inception in 2014, we have focused substantially all of our efforts and financial resources on acquiring and developing our product candidates and expanding our platform and technologies. For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we incurred losses from continuing operations of \$900.2 million and \$568.1 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.1 billion and our accumulated deficit was approximately \$1.9 billion. We have not generated any revenues to date from the sale of our product candidates. Our revenue, primarily generated through license agreements as well as from subscription and service-based fees, has not been significant to date. Our operations to date have been financed primarily through the sale of equity securities, sale of subsidiary interests, debt financings and revenue generated from licensing and collaboration arrangements.

Business Combination and Public Company Costs

On May 1, 2021, we entered into the Business Combination Agreement with MAAC and Merger Sub. Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, and assuming a favorable vote of the MAAC stockholders at the MAAC Special Meeting and satisfaction or waiver of all other closing conditions, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as our wholly owned subsidiary.

For financial accounting and reporting purposes, MAAC will be treated as the acquired company. Accordingly, because MAAC does not represent a business for accounting purposes and its primary asset represents cash and cash equivalents, the Business Combination will be treated as an equity contribution in exchange for the issuance of Roivant shares. The net assets of MAAC will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. We will be deemed both the accounting predecessor and the successor SEC registrant, which means that our financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in our future periodic reports filed with the SEC.

The most significant change in our future reported financial position is expected to be an estimated increase in cash (as compared to our consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2021) of between approximately \$378.4 million, assuming maximum stockholder redemptions permitted under the Business Combination Agreement, and \$579.2 million, assuming no stockholder redemptions and, in each case, after deducting estimated expenses. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information."

In connection with becoming a public company, we expect to hire additional personnel and to implement procedures and processes to address public company regulatory requirements and customary practices. We expect to incur additional annual expenses as a public company for, among other things, hiring of new personnel and fees to outside consultants, and costs related to implementation of an appropriate internal control framework, insurance, and investor relations.

Recent Developments

Option Vants Transaction

On May 1, 2021, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo") and its subsidiary Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. ("SPC") (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"). The transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed in June 2021. Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement: (i) Sumitomo terminated all of its existing options to acquire our equity interests in Genevant Sciences Ltd. ("Genevant"), Lysovant Sciences Ltd. ("Lysovant"), Metavant Sciences Ltd. ("Metavant"), Roivant Asia Cell Therapy Holdings Ltd. ("Cytovant Parent"), and Sinovant Sciences HK Limited ("Sinovant"); (ii) we transferred and assigned to SPC all of our intellectual property, development and commercialization rights for (a) lefamulin in Mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Macau (collectively, "Greater China"), (b) vibegron in Mainland China, (c) rodatristat ethyl in Greater China and South Korea, and (d) RVT-802 in Greater China and South Korea; (iii) we will receive a \$5.0 million cash payment; and (iv) Sumitomo entered into an agreement with us to pursue future collaborations with Genevant.

Dermavant

On May 14, 2021, Dermavant Sciences Ltd. ("Dermavant") entered into a \$160.0 million revenue interest purchase and sale agreement (the "RIPSA") for its investigational product tapinarof with three institutional investors. Under the terms of the RIPSA, the participants purchased a capped single-digit revenue interest in net sales of tapinarof for all dermatological indications in the United States in exchange for \$160.0 million in committed funding to be paid to Dermavant, subject to approval of tapinarof by the FDA.

Dermavant and certain of its subsidiaries concurrently entered into a \$40.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with one of the institutional investors. The Credit Facility has a five-year maturity

and bears an interest rate of 10% per annum. In connection with the funding of the Credit Facility, Dermavant issued to the institutional investor a warrant to purchase 1,199,072 common shares of Dermavant at an exercise price of \$0.01 per common share. The proceeds from the Credit Facility were used to repay all amounts outstanding under the loan and security agreement with Hercules Capital, Inc. ("Hercules"), with the remainder of net proceeds used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Datavant

In June 2021, Datavant Holdings, Inc. ("Datavant") and CIOX Health, LLC entered into a definitive agreement to merge the two companies. The merger is subject to regulatory approvals and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2021.

Impact of COVID-19

We have been actively monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our employees and our business. Based on guidance issued by federal, state and local authorities, we transitioned to a remote work model for our employees in March 2020 and our workforce continues to primarily work remotely.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a variable impact on our clinical trials by disrupting certain study sites. In the conduct of our business activities, we continue to take actions designed to protect the safety and well-being of our patients and employees. Although some of our clinical development timelines have been impacted by delays related to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have not experienced material financial impacts on our business and operations as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the impact on our future results will largely depend on future developments related to COVID-19, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, such as the emergence of new variants, the ultimate duration and spread of the outbreak, the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on financial markets and the global economy, travel restrictions and social distancing in the United States and other countries, business closures or business disruptions and the effectiveness of actions taken in the United States and other countries, the idease, including the availability and effectiveness.

For additional information about risks and uncertainties related to the COVID-19 pandemic that may impact our business, financial condition and results of operations, see the section titled "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenue, net

We have not generated any revenues to date from the sale of our product candidates and do not anticipate generating any revenues from the sale of product candidates unless and until we successfully complete development and obtain regulatory approval to market our product candidates. Our revenue to date primarily includes the recognition of upfront payments received in connection with license agreements. Revenue is also generated by subscription and service-based fees. Our revenue recognized from inception to date has not been significant.

Cost of revenues

Our cost of revenues primarily relates to subscription and service-based revenue recognized for the use of technology developed and consists primarily of employee, hosting, and third-party data costs. Our cost of revenues has not been significant to date.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses consist mainly of costs incurred in connection with the discovery and development of our product candidates. Research and development expenses primarily include the following:

- Program-specific costs, including:
 - direct third-party costs, which include expenses incurred under agreements with contract research organizations ("CROs") and contract manufacturing organizations ("CMOs"), the cost of consultants who assist with the development of our product candidates on a program-specific basis, investigator grants, sponsored research, manufacturing costs in connection with producing materials for use in conducting nonclinical and clinical studies, and any other third-party expenses directly attributable to the development of our product candidates; and
 - payments made in connection with asset acquisitions and license agreements upon the achievement of development milestones.
- Consideration for the purchase of in-process research and development ("IPR&D") through asset acquisitions and license agreements, including:
 - cash upfront payments;
 - shares and other liability instruments issued; and
 - fair value of future contingent consideration payments.
- Unallocated internal costs, including:
 - employee-related expenses, such as salaries, share-based compensation, and benefits, for research and development personnel; and
 - other expenses, including consulting costs, that are not allocated to a specific program.

Research and development activities, including asset acquisitions and license agreements, will continue to be central to our business model. We anticipate that our research and development expenses will increase for the foreseeable future as we advance our product candidates through pre-clinical studies and clinical trials, as well as acquire new product candidates. Research and development expenses will also be driven by the number of small molecules from our discovery engine that we advance through preclinical studies and clinical trials. In addition, we expect our research and development expenses to increase in the future, including as a result of our small molecule discovery engine through which we utilize our computational platform for *in silico* design of novel drug candidates. We expect higher employee-related expenses, including higher share-based compensation expenses, as well as higher consulting costs as we hire additional resources to support increasing development activity.

The duration, costs and timing of pre-clinical studies and clinical trials of our product candidates will depend on a variety of factors that include, but are not limited to. the following:

- the scope, rate of progress, expense and results of our preclinical development activities, any future clinical trials of our product candidates, and other research and development activities that we may conduct;
- the number and scope of preclinical and clinical programs we decide to pursue;
- the uncertainties in clinical trial design and patient enrollment or drop out or discontinuation rates;
- the number of doses that patients receive;
- the countries in which the trials are conducted;
- our ability to secure and leverage adequate CRO support for the conduct of clinical trials;

- our ability to establish an appropriate safety and efficacy profile for our product candidates;
- the timing, receipt and terms of any approvals from applicable regulatory authorities;
- the potential additional safety monitoring or other studies requested by regulatory agencies;
- the significant and changing government regulation and regulatory guidance;
- our ability to establish clinical and commercial manufacturing capabilities, or make arrangements with third-party manufacturers in order to ensure that we or our third-party manufacturers are able to make product successfully;
- the impact of any business interruptions to our operations due to the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- our ability to maintain a continued acceptable safety profile of our product candidates following approval, if any, of our product candidates.

In addition, the probability of success for our product candidates will depend on numerous factors, including competition, manufacturing capability and commercial viability.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of employee-related expenses for general and administrative personnel, including those responsible for the identification and acquisition or in-license of new drug candidates as well as for overseeing Vant operations and facilitating the use of our platform and technologies at Vants. General and administrative expenses also consist of legal and accounting fees, consulting services and other operating costs relating to corporate matters and daily operations. General and administrative expenses also include costs incurred relating to the identification, acquisition or in-license and technology transfer of promising drug candidates along with costs incurred relating to the integration of new technologies.

We anticipate that our general and administrative expenses will increase in the future to support our continued research and development activities, potential commercialization efforts, and increased costs associated with being a public company. These increases will likely include additional costs related to the hiring of new personnel, including higher share-based compensation expenses, and fees to outside consultants, as well as other expenses. As a public company, we anticipate incurring expenses related to maintaining compliance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC, the applicable Nasdaq listing rules and the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"). If any of our current or future product candidates receives regulatory approval in the U.S. or another jurisdiction, we expect that we would incur significantly increased expenses associated with building a sales and marketing team.

Change in fair value of investments

Change in fair value of investments includes the unrealized (gain) loss on equity investments in publicly-traded companies, including Sio Gene Therapies Inc. ("Sio") and Arbutus Biopharma Corporation ("Arbutus"). We have elected the fair value option to account for these investments.

Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments

Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments primarily includes the unrealized loss (gain) relating to the measurement and recognition of fair value on a recurring basis of certain liabilities, including debt issued by Dermavant to NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P. (the "NovaQuest Facility"), and other liability instruments, including options granted to Sumitomo to purchase our ownership interests in certain subsidiaries (the "Sumitomo Options") under the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement (as defined below). In May 2021, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Sumitomo pursuant to which Sumitomo will terminate all of its existing options to acquire our equity interests in certain subsidiaries. See "Recent Developments—Option Vants Transaction" above for additional information.

Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity

Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary resulted from the determination that we no longer had a controlling financial interest in Sio as of February 2020 and Datavant as of April 2020. Gain on consolidation of unconsolidated entity resulted from the remeasurement of our previously held interest in Genevant following the consolidation of Genevant as of July 2020.

Other expense, net

Other expense, net consists of losses from our equity method investment, interest income on our cash and cash equivalents, interest expense resulting from interest accrued on long-term debt and the amortization of debt discount and issuance costs, and other miscellaneous expense.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense is recorded for the jurisdictions in which we do business. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and the respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is recorded when, after consideration of all positive and negative evidence, it is not more likely than not that our deferred tax assets will be realized. When uncertain tax positions exist, we recognize the tax benefit of tax positions to the extent that the benefit will more likely than not be realized. The determination as to whether the tax benefit will more likely than not be realized is based upon the technical merits of the tax position as well as consideration of the available facts and circumstances.

Income from discontinued operations, net of tax

Income from discontinued operations, net of tax represents the gain on sale of business that resulted from the completion of transactions contemplated by a transaction agreement entered into with Sumitomo on October 31, 2019 (the "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement") that closed on December 27, 2019 (the "Sumitomo Transaction"), partially offset by the financial results of the Vants for which we transferred our ownership interest to Sumitomo.

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests consists of the portion of net loss of those consolidated entities that is not allocated to us. Changes in the amount of net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests are directly impacted by the net loss of our consolidated entities and changes in ownership percentages.



Results of Operations

Comparison of the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Years Ended March 31,					
		2021		2020		Change
D	¢	00 505	(in	thousands)	¢	(12.00.4)
Revenue, net	\$	23,795	\$	67,689	\$	(43,894)
Operating expenses:						
Cost of revenues		2,057		1,131		926
Research and development		832,758		263,217		569,541
General and administrative		259,878		335,766		(75,888)
Total operating expenses	1	1,094,693		600,114		494,579
Loss from operations	(1	1,070,898)		(532,425)		(538,473)
Change in fair value of investments	_	(95,533)		136,005		(231,538)
Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments		29,845		(13,722)		43,567
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity		(115,364)		(107,344)		(8,020)
Other expense, net		8,701		13,622		(4,921)
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes		(898,547)		(560,986)	_	(337,561)
Income tax expense		1,686		7,124		(5,438)
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax		(900,233)		(568,110)		(332,123)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		—	1	,578,426	1	(1,578,426)
Net (loss) income		(900,233)	1	,010,316	1	(1,910,549)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(90,999)	_	(190,193)		99,194
Net (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$	(809,234)	\$1	,200,509	\$	(2,009,743)

Variance analysis for years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

Revenue, net

	Years End	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Revenue, net	\$ 23,795	\$ 67,689	\$(43,894)	

Revenue, net decreased by \$43.9 million to \$23.8 million for the year ended March 31, 2021 compared to \$67.7 million for the year ended March 31, 2020. The decrease was primarily driven by a nonrefundable, upfront payment of \$60.0 million received by Dermavant during the year ended March 31, 2020 from Japan Tobacco Inc., parent company of Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., for the exclusive rights to develop, register, and market tapinarof in Japan, partially offset by \$19.8 million of revenue generated by Genevant during the year ended March 31, 2021 following consolidation in July 2020. Revenue generated by subscription and service-based fees was not significant in either period presented.

Cost of revenues

	Years End	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Cost of revenues	\$ 2,057	\$ 1,131	\$ 926	

Cost of revenues increased by \$0.9 million to \$2.1 million for the year ended March 31, 2021 compared to \$1.1 million for the year ended March 31, 2020. Cost of revenues was not significant in either period presented and reflects cost of revenues generated by subscription and service-based fees.

Research and development expenses

For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, our research and development expenses consisted of the following:

	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change
		(in thousands)	
Program-specific costs:			
IMVT-1401 (Immunovant)	\$ 49,236	\$ 39,230	\$ 10,006
Tapinarof (Dermavant)	34,002	69,394	(35,392)
ARU-1801 (Aruvant)	24,347	11,064	13,283
Gimsilumab (Kinevant)	21,969	7,288	14,681
RVT-1601 (Respivant)	6,784	16,935	(10,151)
AXO-LENTI-PD (Sio)	_	21,219	(21,219)
Other program-specific costs	29,790	32,402	(2,612)
Total program-specific costs	166,128	197,532	(31,404)
Consideration for the purchase of IPR&D through asset acquisitions and license agreements	591,916	10,250	581,666
Unallocated internal costs:			_
Share-based compensation	22,637	7,738	14,899
Personnel-related expenses	45,646	33,865	11,781
Other expenses	6,431	13,832	(7,401)
Total research and development expenses	\$832,758	\$263,217	\$569,541

Research and development expenses increased by \$569.5 million to \$832.8 million for the year ended March 31, 2021 compared to \$263.2 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 primarily due to an increase of \$581.7 million in consideration for the purchase of IPR&D through asset acquisitions and license agreements, partially offset by a decrease in program-specific costs of \$31.4 million.

The increase of \$581.7 million in consideration for the purchase of IPR&D was primarily due to multiple asset acquisitions and license agreements entered into during the year ended March 31, 2021, including consideration of \$399.6 million attributed to IPR&D relating to the acquisition of the business of Silicon Therapeutics, LLC ("SiTX"); consideration of \$116.5 million relating to the stock purchase agreement to acquire Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. ("Oncopia"); \$41.4 million attributed to IPR&D as part of the consolidation of Genevant, which was previously accounted for as an equity method investment; and consideration relating to the licensing and strategic collaboration agreement with Affimed N.V. ("Affimed"), pursuant to which Affimed received consideration that included \$40.0 million in upfront cash and pre-paid research and development funding and \$20.0 million of our common shares. During the year ended March 31, 2020, we made a one-time upfront payment of \$10.0 million related to our multi-program license and collaboration agreement with Medigene AG.

The decrease of \$31.4 million in program-specific costs was mainly due to a decrease of \$35.4 million relating to Dermavant's tapinarof program primarily as a result of the completion of two pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials, PSOARING 1 AND PSOARING 2, and a one-time milestone payment of C\$30.0 million (approximately \$23 million) made upon the achievement of a development milestone during the year ended March 31, 2020; decrease of \$1.2 million relating to Sio's AXO-LENTI-PD program as a result of the deconsolidation of Sio in

February 2020; and decrease of \$10.2 million for Respivant Sciences Ltd.'s ("Respivant") RVT-1601 program as a result of its termination. These decreases were partially offset by increases of \$14.7 million for Kinevant Sciences Ltd.'s ("Kinevant") gimsilumab program, including \$3.0 million resulting from the achievement of development milestones, \$13.3 million for Aruvant Sciences Ltd.'s ("Aruvant") ARU-1801 program, and \$10.0 million for Immunovant, Inc.'s ("Immunovant") IMVT-1401 program. These increases in program-specific costs were primarily due to increases in clinical development costs.

General and administrative expenses

*			
	Years End	ed March 31,	
	2021	2020	Change
		(in thousands)	
General and administrative	\$ 259,878	\$ 335,766	\$ (75,888)

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$75.9 million to \$259.9 million for the year ended March 31, 2021 compared to \$335.8 million for the year ended March 31, 2020. The decrease was primarily due to decreases in personnel-related expenses of \$38.5 million and professional and transaction fees of \$27.9 million. The decrease in personnel-related expenses is partially driven by the deconsolidation of Sio in February 2020 and Datavant in April 2020.

Change in fair value of investments

	Years Ende	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Change in fair value of investments	\$ (95,533)	\$ 136,005	\$ (231,538)	

Change in fair value of investments was an unrealized gain of \$95.5 million and unrealized loss of \$136.0 million for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The change of \$231.5 million was primarily driven by changes in the share prices of Arbutus and Sio.

Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments

	Years Ende		
	2021	2020	Change
		(in thousands)	
Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments	\$29,845	\$ (13,722)	\$43,567

Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments was an unrealized loss of \$29.8 million and unrealized gain of \$13.7 million for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments for the year ended March 31, 2021 primarily consisted of an unrealized loss of \$61.0 million relating to the NovaQuest Facility, partially offset by an unrealized gain of \$33.5 million relating to the Sumitomo Options. Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments for the year ended March 31, 2021 primarily consisted of an unrealized gain of \$3.9 million relating to the NovaQuest Facility and an unrealized gain of \$3.2 million relating to the Sumitomo Options. Changes in the fair value of the NovaQuest Facility primarily resulted from updates to the estimated timing of amounts payable to NovaQuest and discount rates.

 $Gain \ on \ deconsolidation \ of \ subsidiary \ and \ consolidation \ of \ unconsolidated \ entity$

	Years Ended March 31,			
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity	\$ (115,364)	\$ (107,344)	\$ (8,020)	

Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity was \$115.4 million and \$107.3 million for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity for the year ended March 31, 2021 primarily related to a gain of \$86.5 million on the deconsolidation of Datavant in April 2020 and a gain of \$28.8 million resulting from the remeasurement of our previously held interest in Genevant upon its consolidation in July 2020. Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary was \$107.3 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 due to the deconsolidation Sio in February 2020.

Other expense, net

	Years End	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Other expense, net	\$8,701	\$ 13,622	\$(4,921)	

Other expense, net was \$8.7 million and \$13.6 million for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The change in other expense, net was primarily driven by reduced losses from our equity method investment in Genevant of \$17.6 million incurred through July 2020 until we consolidated Genevant and lower interest expense of \$4.9 million, partially offset by lower interest income of \$16.6 million for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Income tax expense

	Years Ende	Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	Change	
		(in thousands)		
Income tax expense	\$1,686	\$7,124	\$(5,438)	

Income tax expense decreased by \$5.4 million to \$1.7 million for the year ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$7.1 million for the year ended March 31, 2020. Income tax expense was not significant in either period presented and reflects the income tax expense computed in jurisdictions in which we operate.

Income from discontinued operations, net of tax

		Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020 (in thousands)	Change	
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$—	\$ 1,578,426	\$ (1,578,426)	

Income from discontinued operations, net of tax was \$1,578.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 and consisted of a \$1,985.9 million gain on sale of business resulting from the Sumitomo Transaction, partially offset by the net losses of the entities for which we transferred our entire ownership interest to Sumitomo. Refer to Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement" of our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we incurred losses from continuing operations of \$900.2 million and \$568.1 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, we had cash and cash equivalents of

approximately \$2.1 billion and our accumulated deficit was approximately \$1.9 billion. We have not generated any revenues to date from the sale of our product candidates. Our revenue, primarily generated through license agreements as well as from subscription and service-based fees, has not been significant to date. Our operations to date have been financed primarily through the sale of equity securities, sale of subsidiary interests, debt financings and revenue generated from licensing and collaboration arrangements.

Sources of Liquidity

RSL Equity Financing Transactions

Since inception, we have completed multiple equity financing transactions, including the following financing transaction completed during the year ended March 31, 2020.

In December 2019, in connection with the Sumitomo Transaction, we raised net proceeds of approximately \$999.2 million in connection with the sale of our common shares to Sumitomo.

Sumitomo Transaction

In December 2019, we closed the Sumitomo Transaction, including the transfer of our ownership interest in five Vants – Myovant Sciences Ltd., Urovant Sciences Ltd., Enzyvant Therapeutics Ltd., Altavant Sciences Ltd., and Spirovant Sciences Ltd. – to Sumitovant Biopharma Ltd. ("Sumitovant"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sumitomo. In addition, in connection with the Sumitomo Transaction, we (i) granted Sumitomo options to purchase all, or in the case of Dermavant, 75%, of our ownership interests in six other subsidiaries (Dermavant, Genevant, Lysovant, Metavant, Cytovant Parent, and Sinovant), and (ii) provided Sumitomo and Sumitovant with certain rights over and access to our proprietary technology platforms, DrugOme and Digital Innovation. In exchange for these components of the Sumitomo Transaction, we received approximately \$1.9 billion in cash, which was in addition to the \$999.2 million from the sale of our common shares to Sumitomo as discussed above.

In June 2021, we completed a transaction with Sumitomo pursuant to which Sumitomo terminated its existing options to acquire our equity interests in certain of our subsidiaries.

Consolidated Vant Equity Financing Transactions

Since inception, we have completed multiple Vant equity financing transactions, including the following financing transactions completed during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

Immunovant

During the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, Immunovant issued shares of common stock for an aggregate net proceeds of \$384.9 million (including an aggregate of \$27.5 million of shares of common stock purchased by us) in private financings, underwritten public offerings, and warrant exercises.

Additionally, in December 2019, Immunovant Sciences Ltd. ("ISL") completed a business combination with Health Sciences Acquisition Corporation ("HSAC"), a special purpose acquisition company, pursuant to which HSAC acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of ISL (the "HSAC Transaction"). Following the HSAC Transaction, ISL became a wholly owned subsidiary of HSAC, which was renamed "Immunovant, Inc." HSAC was treated as the "acquired" company for accounting purposes. Immunovant received \$111.0 million in cash as a result of the HSAC Transaction, consisting of the funds held in HSAC's trust account. The proceeds included \$5.1 million related to common shares purchased by us.

Proteovant

In December 2020, following Proteovant Sciences, Inc's ("Proteovant") acquisition of Oncopia in November 2020, SK, Inc. (formerly known as SK Holdings Co., Ltd.) ("SK") entered into a subscription

agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") pursuant to which SK agreed to make a \$200.0 million equity investment in Proteovant, representing an ownership interest of 40.0% on the closing date. In January 2021, in accordance with the terms of the Subscription Agreement, SK made the first payment of \$100.0 million to Proteovant. A second \$100.0 million payment is expected to be made by SK to Proteovant on or about July 12, 2021, the date six months from the closing date.

Consolidated Vant Debt Financings

Since inception, we have completed multiple Vant debt financings, including the following debt financing completed during the year ended March 31, 2020:

Dermavant

In May 2019, Dermavant entered into a loan and security agreement (the "Hercules Loan Agreement") with Hercules, pursuant to which Dermavant borrowed an aggregate of \$20.0 million. In May 2021, all amounts outstanding under the Hercules Loan Agreement were repaid using the proceeds from the \$40.0 million senior secured credit facility entered into by Dermavant in May 2021, and Dermavant terminated the Hercules Loan Agreement. See "Recent Developments—Dermavant" above for additional information.

Funding Requirements

We expect to continue to incur significant and increasing operating losses at least for the foreseeable future. We do not expect to generate product revenue until we successfully complete development and obtain regulatory approval for any of our current or future product candidates, which may never occur. Our operating results, including our net losses, may fluctuate significantly from quarter-to-quarter and year-to-year, depending on the timing of our planned clinical trials, our expenditures on other research and development activities and our pre-commercialization efforts. We anticipate that our expenses will increase substantially as we:

- fund preclinical studies and clinical trials for our product candidates, which we are pursuing or may choose to pursue in the future;
- fund the manufacturing of drug substance and drug product of our products candidates in development;
- seek to identify, acquire, develop and commercialize additional product candidates;
- integrate acquired technologies into a comprehensive regulatory and product development strategy;
- maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio;
- hire scientific, clinical, quality control and administrative personnel;
- add operational, financial and management information systems and personnel, including personnel to support our drug development efforts;
- · achieve milestones under our agreements with third parties that will require us to make substantial payments to those parties;
- seek regulatory approvals for any product candidates that successfully complete clinical trials;
- ultimately establish a sales, marketing and distribution infrastructure and scale up external manufacturing capabilities to commercialize any drug
 candidates for which we may obtain regulatory approval; and
- begin to operate as a public company.

We expect to continue to finance our cash needs through a combination of our cash on hand and future equity offerings, debt financings, sales of subsidiaries, and collaborations, strategic alliances or marketing, distribution, licensing or similar arrangements with third parties. To the extent that we raise additional capital

through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, your ownership interest will be diluted, and the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect your rights as a common shareholder. Any agreements for future debt or preferred equity financings, if available, may involve covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends.

If we raise additional funds through collaborations, strategic alliances or marketing, distribution, licensing or similar arrangements with third parties, we may be required to relinquish valuable rights to our technologies, future revenue streams, research programs or product candidates or to grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us. Adequate additional funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to raise capital in sufficient amounts or on terms acceptable to us, we may have to significantly delay, scale back or discontinue the development or commercialization of our product candidates, grant rights to develop and market product candidates that we would otherwise prefer to develop and market ourselves or potentially discontinue operations.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth a summary of our cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Years Ende 2021	d March 31, 2020
	(in the	usands)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (552,138)	\$ (758,750)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	\$ (31,702)	\$ 1,694,790
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 456,264	\$ 214,081

The cash flows from discontinued operations have not been segregated and are included in the statements of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2020. Refer to Note 6, "Discontinued Operations" of our financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information regarding our discontinued operations.

Operating Activities

Cash flow from operating activities represents the cash receipts and disbursements related to all of our activities other than investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is derived from adjusting our net loss (income) for non-cash items and changes in working capital.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, cash used in operating activities decreased by \$206.6 million to \$552.1 million compared to the year ended March 31, 2020. This decrease was primarily driven by the reduction in cash required to fund the operations of Vants sold to Sumitomo in December 2019, partially offset by an increase in upfront cash consideration for IPR&D relating to asset acquisitions and license agreements.

Investing Activities

Cash flow from investing activities includes cash used for acquisitions, net of cash acquired; dispositions, net of cash disposed; capital expenditures; and purchases of equity securities and other investments. Cash flow from investing activities also includes cash provided by sale of business.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, cash flow from investing activities changed by \$1,726.5 million to net cash used in investing activities of \$31.7 million from net cash provided by investing activities of \$1,694.8 million for the year ended March 31, 2020. This change in cash flow from investing activities is primarily attributed to proceeds from the sale of business, net of cash disposed, in December 2019, resulting from the Sumitomo Transaction.

Financing Activities

For the year ended March 31, 2021, cash provided by financing activities increased by \$242.2 million to \$456.3 million compared to the year ended March 31, 2020. This change was primarily driven by higher net proceeds from the issuance of subsidiary equity, resulting from the issuance of Immunovant common stock upon completing two underwritten public offerings and warrant exercises and the issuance of Proteovant common stock to SK, during the year ended March 31, 2021 as compared to net proceeds from the issuance of subsidiary equity during the year ended March 31, 2020. During the year ended March 31, 2020, proceeds were also generated from the issuance of our common shares and the Sumitomo Options pursuant to the Sumitomo Transaction as well as from subsidiary debt financings. However, these proceeds were largely offset by cash used to repurchase certain of our common shares and equity awards along with cash used to purchase subsidiary equity and repay certain subsidiary long-term debt and convertible debt during the year ended March 31, 2020.

Outlook

We expect our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund our committed operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months based on current operating plans and financial forecasts. However, we have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, which may require us to use our capital resources sooner than expected. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

We have certain payment obligations under various asset acquisition and license agreements. Under these agreements we are required to make milestone payments upon successful completion and achievement of certain development, regulatory and commercial milestones. The payment obligations under the asset acquisition and license agreements are contingent upon future events such as our achievement of specified development, regulatory and commercial milestones, and we will be required to make milestone payments and royalty payments in connection with the sale of products developed under these agreements. The achievement and timing of these future milestone payments are not probable or reasonably estimable, and therefore such amounts have not been included on our consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2021.

We enter into agreements in the normal course of business with CROs and other vendors for clinical trials and with vendors for preclinical studies and other services and products for operating purposes, which are generally cancelable upon written notice.

Our contractual obligations also include operating lease liabilities, primarily relating to real estate leases. Refer to Note 13, "Leases" of our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information regarding our leases.

Loan and Security Agreement between Dermavant and Hercules

In May 2019, Dermavant entered into the Hercules Loan Agreement with Hercules as agent and lender, under which Dermavant, borrowed an aggregate of \$20.0 million (the "2019 Term Loan"). The 2019 Term Loan was fully drawn in May 2019. In May 2021, Dermavant repaid all amounts outstanding under the Hercules Loan Agreement using the proceeds from the \$40.0 million Credit Facility entered into by Dermavant and certain of its subsidiaries in May 2021, and Dermavant terminated the Hercules Loan Agreement. See "Recent Developments—Dermavant" above and "Dermavant Senior Secured Credit Facility" below for additional information.

Funding Agreement between Dermavant and NovaQuest

In July 2018, as a result of Dermavant's acquisition of tapinarof from GlaxoSmithKline Intellectual Property Development Ltd. and Glaxo Group Limited (collectively "GSK"), Dermavant entered into the

NovaQuest Facility, pursuant to which Dermavant is required to make milestone and other quarterly interest payments to NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P. ("NovaQuest") upon the achievement of certain regulatory and commercial milestones for tapinarof in either psoriasis or atopic dermatitis in the United States, the European Union and Japan. These obligations terminate upon marketing approval revocation or withdrawal of tapinarof for health and safety reasons by either (x) the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA") or (y) Dermavant, Dermavant's affiliates, or any sublicensee. The aggregate maximum amount of regulatory milestone payments Dermavant could be required to make under the NovaQuest Facility is \$440.6 million and the maximum aggregate amount of commercial milestone payments Dermavant could be required to make under the NovaQuest Facility is \$141.0 million. In some circumstances, Dermavant may be able to offset certain of the regulatory milestone payments with up to \$88.1 million of the commercial milestone payment of tapinarof for one indication payments to NovaQuest if development of tapinarof is terminated or if Dermavant terminates development of tapinarof for one indication and receives approval for the other. NovaQuest is not obligated to refund to Dermavant any payments previously made under the NovaQuest Facility.

Dermavant Senior Secured Credit Facility

In May 2021, DSL, Dermavant Holdings Limited, Dermavant Sciences IRL Limited and DSG, as borrowers and certain other subsidiaries of DSL, as initial guarantors, entered into a \$40.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with XYQ Luxco, as lender, and U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent. The Credit Facility has a five-year maturity and bears an interest rate of 10.0% per annum. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on the last day of each calendar quarter through the maturity date. A lump sum principal payment is due on the maturity date. See "Recent Developments—Dermavant" above for additional information.

Acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics

In March 2021, we completed the acquisition of the business of SiTX for consideration of approximately \$450.0 million, with additional cash payments payable subject to the satisfaction of certain regulatory and commercial milestones. A remaining balance of approximately \$100.0 million is payable to former SiTX equity holders on the earlier of (x) approximately 30 to 60 days following the public listing of our common shares, in either cash or our common shares (at our election), and (y) 12 months following the closing of the acquisition, in cash. For accounting purposes, the fair value of consideration transferred was \$402.4 million.

Palantir Master Subscription Agreement

In May 2021, we entered into a master subscription agreement with Palantir Technologies Inc. ("Palantir") for access to Palantir's proprietary software for a five-year period. The remaining minimum payments for this software subscription are \$39.0 million.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined under SEC rules, during the periods presented.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the

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reported amounts of expense during the period. Any references to applicable accounting guidance is meant to refer to the authoritative U.S. GAAP as found in the Accounting Standards Codification (the "ASC"), and Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU"), issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Roivant and our subsidiaries in which we have a controlling financial interest, most often through a majority voting interest.

While our significant accounting policies are described in more detail in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, we believe that the following accounting policies are those most critical to the judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of costs incurred in connection with the discovery and development of our product candidates. We expense research and development costs as incurred.

We accrue expense for preclinical studies and clinical trial activities performed by vendors based upon estimates of the proportion of work completed. We determine such estimates by reviewing contracts, vendor agreements and purchase orders, and through discussions with our internal personnel and external service providers as to the progress or stage of completion and the agreed-upon fee to be paid for such services. However, actual costs and timing of preclinical studies and clinical trials are highly uncertain, subject to risks, and may change depending upon a number of factors, including our clinical development plan.

We make estimates of our accrued expenses as of each balance sheet date in our financial statements based on facts and circumstances known at that time. If the actual timing of the performance of services or the level of effort varies from the estimate, the accrual is adjusted accordingly. Nonrefundable advance payments for goods and services are deferred and recognized as expense in the period that the related goods are consumed or services are performed.

We evaluate license agreements and asset acquisitions for IPR&D projects to determine if it meets the definition of a business and thus should be accounted for as a business combination. If the IPR&D does not meet the definition of a business and the assets have not reached technological feasibility and therefore have no alternative future use, we expense payments made under such license agreements as research and development expense.

Share-Based Compensation

We recognize compensation costs related to share-based awards granted to employees, directors, and consultants based on the estimated fair value of the awards on the date of grant. The grant date fair value of the stock-based awards is recognized over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the respective awards. We may grant awards with graded-vesting features. When such awards have only service vesting requirements, we elected to record share-based compensation expense on a straight-line basis. If awards with graded-vesting features contain performance or market conditions, then we record share-based compensation expense using the accelerated attribution method.

We estimate the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which requires assumptions, including the fair value of our common shares prior to our initial public offering, volatility, the expected term of our stock options, the risk-free interest rate for a period that approximates the expected term of our stock options, and our expected dividend yield. Certain assumptions used in our Black-Scholes option-pricing model represent management's best estimates and involve a number of variables, uncertainties and assumptions and the application of management's judgment, as they are inherently subjective. If any assumptions change, our stock-based compensation expense could be materially different in the future.

These subjective assumptions are estimated as follows:

Fair value of common share—As a privately held company, we estimate the fair value of the shares of common stock underlying our share-based awards on each grant date. To determine the fair value of our common shares underlying option grants, we considered, among other things, valuations of our common share prepared by an unrelated third-party valuation firm in accordance with the guidance provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practice Guide, Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation. The estimation of the fair value of the common shares considered factors including the following:

- the prices of our common shares sold to investors in arm's length transactions;
- the estimated present value of our future cash flows;
- our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- our forecasted operating performance;
- the illiquid nature of our common shares;
- industry information such as market size and growth;
- · market capitalization of comparable companies and the estimated value of transactions such companies have engaged in; and
- macroeconomic conditions

We apply similar methodology to estimate the fair value of the shares of common stock underlying share-based awards at our privately held Vants. Once our common shares are publicly traded, we will determine the fair value of each common share underlying share-based awards based on the closing price of our common shares as reported by the Nasdaq on the date of grant and therefore it will not be necessary to determine the fair value of the new stock-based award pursuant to the methodology described above.

Expected term—We have generally elected to use the "simplified method" for estimating the expected term of options, whereby the expected term equals the arithmetic average of the vesting term and the original contractual term of the option (generally 10 years).

Expected volatility—As a privately held company, we do not have any trading history for our common share; accordingly, the expected volatility was estimated based on the average volatility for comparable publicly traded biotechnology companies over a period equal to the expected term of the stock option grants. The comparable companies were chosen based on their similar size, stage in the life cycle or area of specialty. We apply similar methodology to estimate the expected volatility at our privately held Vants.

Risk-free interest rate—The risk-free rate assumption is based on the U.S. Treasury instruments with maturities similar to the expected term of our stock options at the time of the grant.

Expected dividend yield—We have not issued any dividends in our history and do not expect to issue dividends over the life of the options; therefore, we have estimated the dividend yield to be zero.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

A description of recently issued accounting pronouncements that may potentially impact our financial position and results of operations is disclosed in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

JOBS Act

In April 2012, the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") was enacted. Section 107(b) of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended

transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards. Thus, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected not to avail ourselves of this extended transition period, and, as a result, we will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Under SEC rules and regulations, because we are considered to be a "smaller reporting company," we are not required to provide the information required by this item in this report.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company and Smaller Reporting Company

We are an "emerging growth company" within the meaning of the JOBS Act. As an emerging growth company, we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various public company reporting requirements, including the requirement that our internal control over financial reporting be audited by our independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, certain requirements related to the disclosure of executive compensation in this prospectus and in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and the requirement that we hold a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and any golden parachute payments. We have also taken advantage of the ability to provide reduced disclosure of financial information in this prospectus, such as being permitted to include only two years of audited financial information and two years of selected financial information in addition to any required unaudited interim financial statements, with correspondingly reduced "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" disclosure. We may take advantage of the exemptions until we are no longer an emerging growth company. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act, for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected not to avail ourselves of this extended transition period, and, as a result, we will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies. However, because we have taken advantage of certain reduced reporting requirements, the information contained herein may be different from the information you receive from other public companies in which you hold

We will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of Roivant Common Shares pursuant to an effective registration statement or (b) in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion (as adjusted for inflation pursuant to SEC rules from time to time), and (2) the date on which (x) we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of Roivant Common Shares that are held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the prior September 30th, or (y) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in nonconvertible debt during the prior three-year period.

Additionally, we are a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K. Smaller reporting companies may take advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations, including, among other things, providing only two years of audited financial statements. We will remain a smaller reporting company until the last day of the fiscal year in which (i) the market value of our common shares held by non-affiliates exceeds \$250 million as of the end of that year's second fiscal quarter, or (ii) our annual revenues exceeded \$100 million during such completed fiscal year and the market value of our common shares held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the end of that year's second fiscal quarter. To the extent we take advantage of such reduced disclosure obligations, it may also make comparison of our financial statements with other public companies more difficult.

MANAGEMENT AFTER THE BUSINESS COMBINATION

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this section to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination, as the context requires.

Executive Officers and Directors

MAAC and Roivant anticipate that the current executive officers and directors of Roivant, as of June 30, 2021, will remain as the executive officers and directors of Roivant following the Business Combination and one additional director from the Board will join the Roivant board of directors at such time. The following persons are expected to serve as Roivant's executive officers and directors following the Business Combination. The executive officers of Roivant are employees of Roivant Sciences Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Roivant, and provide services pursuant to an intercompany agreement. For biographical information concerning the executive officers and directors, see below.

Name	Age	Position
Executive Officers		
Matthew Gline	37	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Eric Venker	34	President and Chief Operating Officer
Mayukh Sukhatme	45	President and Chief Investment Officer
Benjamin Zimmer	35	President, Roivant Health
Rakhi Kumar	41	Chief Accounting Officer
Directors		
Vivek Ramaswamy	35	Founder and Executive Chairman
Andrew Lo	61	Director
Patrick Machado	57	Director
Keith Manchester	52	Director
Ilan Oren	37	Director
Daniel Gold	53	Director
Masayo Tada	76	Director
James C. Momtazee	49	Director

Executive Officers

Mathew Gline has served as our Chief Executive Officer since January 2021 and is expected to be appointed as a Director of Roivant at the closing of the Business Combination. Mr. Gline joined Roivant in March 2016 and previously served as Chief Financial Officer, from September 2017 through his appointment as Chief Executive Officer, and as Senior VP, Finance and Business Operations. Prior to joining Roivant, Mr. Gline was a Vice President at Goldman Sachs, Fixed Income Digital Structuring, from 2014 to 2016, and co-founded Fourthree, a risk analytics technology and consulting company, from 2012 to 2014. Mr. Gline earned his A.B. in Physics from Harvard College. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Gline's experience in various roles at our company and his prior professional experience qualify him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Eric Venker has served as Roivant's President and Chief Operating Officer since January 2021 and, prior to that role, as Chief Operating Officer, from November 2018. From October 2017 to October 2018, Dr. Venker served as Chief of Staff to Roivant's Chief Executive Officer, and from 2014 to 2015, as an Analyst at Roivant. From 2015 to 2017, Dr. Venker was a physician at New York Presbyterian Hospital/Columbia University Medical Center, where he trained in internal medicine, and also served as Chair of the Housestaff Quality Council leading operational initiatives to improve efficiencies. From 2011 to 2015, Dr. Venker was a Chier of Housestaff Quality Council leading operational initiatives of directors of Immunovant, Arbutus Biopharma, Sio Gene Therapies and several private biopharmaceutical companies. He received his Pharm.D. from St. Louis College of Pharmacy and his M.D. from Yale School of Medicine.

Mayukh Sukhatme has served as Roivant's President and Chief Investment Officer since January 2021, overseeing the creation and support of biopharmaceutical companies in the Roivant family. Dr. Sukhatme joined Roivant in 2015 and previously served as President of Roivant Pharma and as Roivant's Chief Business Officer. From 2000 to 2015, Dr. Sukhatme was a healthcare-focused analyst and portfolio manager for several large institutional investment firms, including both public markets and venture capital firms. His principal focus was on development-stage biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, where he led diligence and investment decisions on numerous companies and pharmaceutical compounds across a wide variety of therapeutic areas. Dr. Sukhatme earned his M.D. from Harvard Medical School and his B.S. in Biology and B.S. in Literature from MIT.

Benjamin Zimmer has served as President, Roivant Health since 2018, where he leads the launch, growth and oversight of Roivant's technology platform Vants. Mr. Zimmer joined Roivant in 2015, was a member of the founding team and has held multiple leadership roles across the organization, including serving as Roivant's Chief Operating Officer, from 2017 to 2018, and as Head of Public Affairs, from 2016 to 2017. Mr. Zimmer began his career as a business analyst at McKinsey & Company. Mr. Zimmer earned an A.B. magna cum laude in history and economics from Harvard College and a J.D. from Yale Law School.

Rakhi Kumar has served as Roivant's Chief Accounting Officer since August 2018, leading the accounting and financial operations and related internal controls functions. Ms. Kumar joined Roivant in September 2015, and previously served as Vice President, Finance and External Reporting. Prior to joining Roivant, Ms. Kumar was responsible for external reporting, corporate and technical accounting at The Medicines Company from 2013 to 2015. Earlier in her career, Ms. Kumar was in the assurance services at Ernst and Young. Ms. Kumar also serves as a director and as chair of the audit committee for NeuroPace (Nasdag; NPCE), a medical device company. She is a licensed Certified Public Accountant and a Chartered Professional Accountant in Ontario, Canada. She received her M.S. in Accounting and Taxation from the University of Hartford.

Directors

Vivek Ramoswamy is our Founder and the Executive Chairman of our board of directors. He has served as Roivant's Executive Chairman since January 2021 and, prior to taking that role, as Chief Executive Officer, from May 2014. Mr. Ramaswamy previously served as a member of the investment team at QVT Financial, from 2007 to 2014. Mr. Ramaswamy was previously as a director of Myovant Sciences, Axovant Sciences and Arbutus Biopharma. Mr. Ramaswamy received his A.B. in Biology from Harvard College and his J.D. from Yale Law School, where he was a Paul & Daisy Soros Fellow. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Ramaswamy's status as our Founder and Executive Chairman, and his extensive prior experience in the biopharmaceutical industry qualify him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Andrew Lo has served as Director of Roivant since 2016. He is a Charles E. and Susan T. Harris Professor at MIT Sloan School of Management since 1988, Founder and Chairman of QLS Advisors since 2019, Member of Thalēs Advisory Board since 2019, Chairman Emeritus and Senior Advisor of AlphaSimplex Group since 2018 and member of the Competitive Market Advisory Counsel of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange since 2013. Dr. Lo has served as Director of BridgeBio Pharma since 2020 and advisor of the same company from 2015 to 2020. Our board of directors believes that Dr. Lo's extensive experience as director and advisor of various companies, including in the biopharmaceutical industry, qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Patrick Machado has served as Director of Roivant since 2017. He is a co-founder of Medivation, Inc., a biopharmaceutical company, and has served on its Board of Directors since April 2014. Prior to his retirement in April 2014, Mr. Machado served as Medivation's Chief Financial Officer since its inception in September 2003 and as its Chief Business Officer since December 2009 through its acquisition by Pfizer in 2016. From 1998 until 2011, Mr. Machado was employed by ProDuct Health, Inc., a privately-held medical device company, as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and General Counsel from 1998 to 2000, and as Senior Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer from 2000 to 2001. From 2001 until 2002, Mr. Machado served as a consultant to Cytyc Corporation, to assist with transitional matters related to Cytyc Corporation's acquisition of ProDuct Health, Inc. Mr. Machado received a J.D. from Harvard Law School and a B.A. and B.S. in German and Economics, respectively, from Santa Clara University. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Machado's extensive experience as director and officer in the biopharmaceutical industry qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Keith Manchester has served as Director of Roivant since 2014. He serves as a Partner and the Head of Life Sciences at QVT Financial, New York, USA, an investment firm, where he has been employed since 2005. He focuses on investments in both publicly traded and privately owned life science companies. Prior to joining QVT, Dr. Manchester was Vice President of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director of Business Development from 2002 to 2004 and Director for Business Aco. He received his A.B. from Harvard College and his M.D. from Harvard Medical School. Dr. Manchester serves as a director for the following companies: Roivant Sciences Ltd., Roivant Sciences, Inc., Arbutus Biopharma Corporation, and Kriya Therapeutics. Dr. Manchester also sits on the Supervisory Board of Medigene AG. Our board of directors.

Ilan Oren has served as Director of Roivant since 2014. He has served as Co-Chief Executive Officer of Dexcel Pharma, a privately-owned Israeli group of pharmaceutical companies, since November 2019. Prior to serving as Co-CEO, Ilan served as Vice President for the group and led corporate and business development activities, including formation of strategic ventures, product partnerships, product portfolio selection, product acquisitions, strategic investments, and mergers and acquisitions. He holds an A.B. in Economics from Harvard College. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Oren's extensive experience as an high-level executive in the pharmaceutical industry qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Daniel Gold has served as Director of Roivant since 2020. Mr. Gold serves as the CEO, managing partner and founder of QVT Financial LP, an asset management company with offices in New York and New Delhi. QVT Financial, through its managed and affiliated multi-strategy funds, is an experienced global investor in multiple industries, including biotech, financial, shipping and offshore industries. Mr. Gold founded QVT Financial LP in 2003. Mr. Gold holds an A.B. in Physics from Harvard College. Mr. Gold also currently serves on the board of public companies MP Materials, Okeanis Eco Tankers Corp. and Awilco Drilling PLC, in addition to various private companies. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Gold's extensive experience investing in the life sciences industry qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Masayo Tada has served as Director of Roivant since 2019. He has served as Chairman of the Board of Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. since April 2018 and Director since April 2021, having previously served as Representative Director from April 2018 to April 2021. Prior to serving as Chairman of the Board and Representative Director, he served as President and CEO of Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. since June 2008, as well as other positions in said company since 1968. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Tada's extensive experience as a director and high-level executive in the pharmaceutical industry qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

James C. Montazee is expected to be appointed as a Director of Roivant in connection with the consummation of the Business Combination. He has held various positions at KKR & Co., Inc. ("KKR") since 1996. He helped form KKR's health care industry group in 2001 and was promoted to KKR's Head of the Heath Care Team for the Americas Private Equity platform in January 2009. He was a member of KKR's Americas Private Equity Investment Committee and was Chairman of the Health Care Strategic Growth and the Health Care Royalty & Income Investment Committees. During the period between 2001 and 2019, KKR was one of the most active investors on Wall Street, committing over \$50 billion in capital across the health care sector. The

largest of these investments was its \$33 billion acquisition of HCA, Inc. in 2006, which at the time, was the largest cash buyout in history. During this same period, KKR made several other notable investments across the health care sector, including; Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc in 2004, PRA Health Sciences, Inc. in 2013, and BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. in 2016. Mr. Momtazee currently serves on the Board of Directors of BridgeBio, PRA Health Sciences (lead independent director), and the Medical Device Manufacturers Association and has previously served on the Board of Directors of multiple other health care companies including Envision Healthcare, Heartland Dental, Ajax Health, Global Medical Response, BrightSpring Health Services, Covenant Surgical Partners, Entellus Medical, Inc. (acquired by Stryker Corporation), EchoNous, Spirox, Inc., Arbor Pharmaceuticals, Lake Region Medical, HCA Healthcare, Jazz Pharmaceuticals, and Alliance Imaging. Our board of directors believes that Mr. Momtazee's extensive experience investing in the biopharmaceutical industry qualifies him to serve as a member of our board of directors.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships between our board of directors and our executive officers.

Board of Directors

Our business and affairs will be managed under the direction of our board of directors. Following the consummation of the Business Combination, our board of directors will initially consist of eight members. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide for a classified board of directors divided into three classes serving staggered three-year terms as follows:

•	Class I directors will be	,	and	, and they will serve until our annual meeting of shareholders in 2022;
•	Class II directors will be	,	and	, and they will serve until our annual meeting of shareholders in 2023; and
	Class III directors will be		and	, and they will serve until our annual meeting of shareholders in 2024:

Class III directors will be and , and they will serve until our annual meeting of shareholders in 2024;

At each annual meeting of shareholders, directors will be elected to succeed the class of directors whose terms have expired. This classification of our board of directors could have the effect of increasing the length of time necessary to change the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that the authorized number of directors (being no less than 5 directors and no more than 15 directors) may be changed only by resolution approved by a majority of our board of directors.

Director Independence

We intend to comply with the requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act and the Nasdaq listing rules, which rules require that our audit committee be composed of at least three members. Under Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act, we are permitted to phase in our compliance with the independent audit committee requirements set forth in Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act as follows: (1) one independent member at the time of listing, (2) a majority of independent members within 90 days of listing and (3) all independent members within one year of listing.

Upon the consummation of the business combination, our board of directors is expected to undertake a review of the independence of the directors and consider whether any director has a material relationship with us that could compromise his or her ability to exercise independent judgment in and regulations of the SEC and the Nasdaq listing

rules. Our board of directors has determined that each of and is not independent under applicable SEC and Nasdaq listing rules. We plan to comply with the corporate governance requirements of the SEC and the Nasdaq listing rules.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Effective upon the consummation of the business combination, our board of directors is expected to establish an audit committee, a compensation committee, and a nominating and corporate governance committee, each of which will have the composition and responsibilities described below. From time to time, the board may establish other committees to facilitate the management of our business.

Audit Committee

The members of our audit committee will be , and . will be the chairman of our audit committee. The composition of our audit committee will meet the requirements for independence under the current Nasdaq listing standards and SEC rules and regulations. Each member of our audit committee will be financially literate. In addition, our board of directors is expected to determine that is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act. This designation will not impose any duties, obligations or liabilities that are greater than are generally imposed on members of our audit committee and our board of directors. Our audit committee will be directly responsible for, among other things:

- selecting a firm to serve as the independent registered public accounting firm to audit our financial statements;
- ensuring the independence of the independent registered public accounting firm;
- discussing the scope and results of the audit with the independent registered public accounting firm and reviewing, with management and that firm, our interim and year-end operating results;
- establishing procedures for employees to anonymously submit concerns about questionable accounting or audit matters;
- considering the adequacy of our internal controls and internal audit function;
- · reviewing material related party transactions or those that require disclosure; and
- approving or, as permitted, pre-approving all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm.

Compensation Committee

The members of our compensation committee will be , and . will be the chairman of our compensation committee. Each member of this committee will be a non-employee director, as defined by Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act, and an outside director, as defined pursuant to Section 162(m) of the Code, and will meet the requirements for independence under the current Nasdaq listing standards and SEC rules and regulations. Our compensation committee will be responsible for, among other things:

- reviewing and approving, or recommending that our board of directors approve, the compensation of our executive officers;
- reviewing and recommending to our board of directors the compensation of our directors;
- administering our stock and equity incentive plans;
- reviewing and approving, or making recommendations to our board of directors with respect to, incentive compensation and equity plans; and
- reviewing our overall compensation philosophy.

Nominating and Governance Committee

The members of our nominating and governance committee will be , and . will be the chairman of our nominating and governance committee. and will meet the requirements for independence under the current Nasdaq listing standards. Our nominating and governance committee will be responsible for, among other things:

- · identifying and recommending candidates for membership on our board of directors;
- reviewing and recommending our corporate governance guidelines and policies;
- reviewing proposed waivers of the code of conduct for directors and executive officers;
- overseeing the process of evaluating the performance of our board of directors; and
- assisting our board of directors on corporate governance matters.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Employees, Executive Officers and Directors

The new board of directors will adopt a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code of Conduct"), applicable to all of our employees, executive officers and directors. The Code of Conduct will be available on our website at www.roivant.com. The nominating and corporate governance committee of our board of directors will be responsible for overseeing the Code of Conduct and must approve any waivers of the Code of Conduct for employees, executive officers and directors. We intend to disclose any amendments to the Code of Conduct, or any waivers of its requirements, on our website.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our directors who will serve as a member of our compensation committee is, or has at any time during the past year been, one of our officers or employees. None of our executive officers currently serves, or in the past year has served, as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any other entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our board of directors or compensation committee.

Director Compensation

See "Executive Compensation" for information regarding compensation paid to our directors.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

MAAC

The following disclosure concerns the compensation of MAAC's officers and directors for the three months ended March 31, 2021 (i.e., before the Business Combination).

None of our executive officers or directors have received any cash compensation for services rendered to us. In addition, the MAAC Sponsor, our executive officers and directors, and any of their respective affiliates will be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with activities on our behalf such as identifying potential target businesses and performing due diligence on suitable business combinations. Our audit committee reviews on a quarterly basis all payments that were made to the MAAC Sponsor, our executive officers or directors, or our or their affiliates. Any such payments prior to an initial business combination will be made using funds held outside the Trust Account. Other than quarterly audit committee review of such reimbursements, we do not have any additional controls in place governing our reimbursement payments to our directors and executive officers for their out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with our activities on our behalf in connection with identifying and completing an initial business combination. Other than these payments and reimbursements, no compensation of any kind, including finder's and consulting fees, will be paid by MAAC to the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC's executive officers and directors, or any of their respective affiliates, prior to completion of our initial business combination.

Roivant

This discussion may contain forward-looking statements that are based on Roivant's current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that it adopts following the completion of the business combination may differ materially from the currently planned programs summarized in this discussion. All share counts in this section are shown on a pre-business combination basis.

Roivant's named executive officers ("NEOs") for Roivant's fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 ("Fiscal 2020"), each of whom is an employee of Roivant Sciences, Inc. ("RSI"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Roivant, are as follows:

- Matthew Gline, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer;
- Eric Venker, President and Chief Operating Officer;
- Benjamin Zimmer, President of Roivant Health; and
- Vivek Ramaswamy, Founder, Executive Chair and former Chief Executive Officer.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information regarding the compensation paid to the NEOs in respect of Fiscal 2020.

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)(1)	Stock Awards (\$)(2)	Option Awards (\$)(2)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)(3)	Total (\$)
Matthew Gline								
Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial								
Officer (4)	2020	\$350,000	\$455,000	—	\$7,497,000	—	\$ 8,550	\$ 8,310,550
Eric Venker								
President and Chief Operating Officer	2020	\$275,000	\$455,000	\$5,734,500	\$3,748,500	_	\$ 83,550	\$10,296,550
			387					

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)(1)	Stock Awards (\$)(2)	Option Awards (\$)(2)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)(3)	Total (\$)
Benjamin Zimmer								
President of Roivant Health	2020	\$350,000	\$455,000	_	\$ 5,247,900	—	—	\$ 6,052,900
Vivek Ramaswamy Founder, Executive Chairman and Former Chief								
Executive Officer ⁽⁴⁾	2020	\$350,000	—	_	—	—	\$ 11,800	\$ 361,800

 The amounts reported in this column reflect the annual cash discretionary performance bonus paid to each of the NEOs in respect of Fiscal 2020, which were earned and paid based on an assessment by the board of directors of Roivant (the "Roivant Board") of overall company and individual performance for Fiscal 2020.

(2) The amounts reported in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of the awards of restricted stock units ("RSUs") and nonqualified stock options granted to each of the NEOs during Fiscal 2020 under the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan ("2015 EIP") and as described in further detail below. The grant date fair value was calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. The amounts reported for any awards subject to performance conditions were calculated based on the probable outcome of the performance conditions as of the grant date, consistent with the estimate of aggregate compensation cost to be recognized over the service period determined as of the grant date under FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. The assumptions used in calculating such grant date fair value are set forth in the notes to Roivant's audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Amounts reported do not reflect the actual economic value that may be realized by the applicable NEO.

The grant date fair value of the RSUs granted to Dr. Venker in Fiscal 2020, if the maximum level of the applicable performance conditions were achieved, is \$5,734,500.

The following are the grant date fair values of the stock options granted to the NEOs in Fiscal 2020, if the maximum level of the applicable performance conditions were achieved: Mr. Gline (\$7,497,000), Dr. Venker (\$3,748,500) and Mr. Zimmer (\$5,247,900).

- (3) The amounts reported for Fiscal 2020 in this column reflect the following:
 - (a) For Mr. Gline, reflects company matching contributions under RSI's 401(k) plan (\$8,550);
 - (b) For Dr. Venker, reflects (i) company matching contributions under RSI's 401(k) plan (\$8,550) and (ii) fees received by Dr. Venker in Fiscal 2020 for his service on the board of directors of certain private company affiliates of Roivant (\$75,000); and
 - (c) For Mr. Ramaswamy, reflects company matching contributions under RSI's 401(k) plan (\$11,800).
- (4) Effective January 26, 2021, Mr. Ramaswamy ceased serving as Roivant's Chief Executive Officer and transitioned to his current role as Executive Chairman. In addition, effective as of such date, Mr. Gline, Roivant's then-current Chief Financial Officer, was appointed to also serve as Chief Executive Officer.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

The following table sets forth information concerning outstanding equity awards for the NEOs as of the end of Fiscal 2020. Upon the consummation of the Business Combination, each outstanding equity award reflected in the table below will be equitably adjusted in accordance with the terms of the business combination agreement and the 2015 EIP. For additional details regarding the treatment of outstanding equity awards held by the NEOs in connection with the Business Combination, see "Treatment of Equity Awards in Connection with the Business Combination" below.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT 2020 FISCAL YEAR END

			Option Awards			Stock /	wards
Name	Grant Date	Numbers of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Numbers of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested (#)	Market value of shares or units of stock that have not vested (\$)
Matthew Gline	4/20/2016	80,000	-	\$11.87	4/19/2026	-	-
	5/21/2018	49,856	29,152(1)	\$23.36	5/20/2028	—	-
	5/20/2019	—	—	—	—	250,000(2)	9,625,000(2)
	3/26/2020		466,035(3)	\$37.10	3/31/2026	—	—
	3/26/2020		776,725(3)	\$37.10	3/31/2026	—	—
	3/26/2020		466,035(4)	\$18.70(5)	3/31/2026	—	—
	3/26/2020		776,725(4)	\$33.63(5)	3/31/2026	—	—
	5/20/2020	—	300,000(1)	\$38.23	5/19/2030	—	—
Eric Venker	11/20/2017	74,400	14,564(1)	\$21.80	11/19/2027	—	—
	5/21/2018	12,510	11,652(1)	\$23.36	5/20/2028	—	—
	5/20/2019	45,840	54,160(1)	\$32.07	5/19/2029	—	—
	3/26/2020	—	403,897(3)	\$46.38	3/31/2026	—	—
	5/20/2020	—	150,000(1)	\$38.23	5/19/2030	—	—
	5/20/2020	—	_	—	_	150,000(2)	5,775,000(2)
Benjamin Zimmer	12/30/2015	405	—	\$14.96	12/29/2025	—	—
	5/20/2016	1,512	—	\$11.60	5/19/2026	—	—
	5/20/2019	229,170	270,830(1)	\$32.07	5/19/2029	—	—
	5/20/2019	—	—	—	—	250,000(2)	9,625,000(2)
	3/26/2020	—	62,138(3)	\$37.10	3/31/2026	—	—
	3/26/2020	_	144,545(3)	\$40.31	3/31/2026	—	-
	3/26/2020	_	62,138(4)	\$33.63(5)	3/31/2026	—	-
	5/20/2020	—	210,000(1)	\$38.23	5/19/2030	—	—
Vivek Ramaswamy	3/26/2020	_	4,126,118(3)	\$37.10	3/31/2026	_	-
	3/26/2020	—	3,343,002(3)	\$37.10	3/31/2026	—	—
	3/26/2020	_	599,380(3)	\$40.31	3/31/2026	-	_
	3/26/2020	_	2,021,411(3)	\$46.38	3/31/2026	-	_
	3/26/2020	_	3,343,002(4)	\$18.70(5)	3/31/2026	-	_
	3/26/2020	—	4,126,118(4)	\$33.63(5)	3/31/2026	_	-

Reflects the grant of nonqualified stock options to purchase Roivant Common Shares outstanding under the 2015 EIP that vest and become exercisable as follows:

 (1) 25% of the stock options vest and become exercisable on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date and (ii) the remaining 75% vest in 36 successive equal monthly installments thereafter, in each case, subject to the holder's continuous service through the applicable vesting date. For stock options held by Messrs. Gline and Venker that were granted in 2017 or 2018, immediately prior to (and contingent upon) the occurrence of a "change in control" (as defined in the 2015 EIP), the stock options will become fully vested. For stock options held by the NEOs that were granted after 2018, in the event the NEO's employment is involuntarily terminated without "cause" (as defined in the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement) within 12 months following the consummation of a "change in control," the stock options will become fully vested.

 (2) Reflects the grant of RSUs outstanding under the 2015 EIP that vest upon the satisfaction of both a "service requirement" and a "liquidity event requirement." The service requirement applicable to the RSUs is satisfied as follows: (i) 25% of

the RSUs satisfy the service requirement on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date and (ii) the remaining 75% of the RSUs satisfy the service requirement in 36 successive equal monthly installments thereafter, in each case, subject to the holder's continuous service through the applicable vesting date. The liquidity event requirement will be satisfied upon the first to occur of a "change in control" or "initial public offering" of Roivant (as defined in the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement) prior to the expiration date of the RSUs, which is eight years from the grant date. If the liquidity event requirement is not satisfied before the expiration date, the RSUs will be forfeited. The number of RSUs reflected in the table above assumes full attainment of the liquidity event requirement. The market value of the RSUs reflected in the table above is based on a share price of \$38.50 per share, the fair market value of Roivant Common Shares as of March 31, 2021. In the event the NEO's employment is involuntarily terminated for any reason other than for "cause" within 12 months following the consummation of a "change in control." In the RSUs, which wested.

- (3) Reflects the grant of an event the NEU Se employment is involutinary terminate for any reason other than for "cause" within 12 months following the consummation of a "change in control," the RSUs will become fully vested.
 (3) Reflects the grant of nonqualified performance-based stock options to purchase Roivant Common Shares outstanding under the 2015 EIP ("Performance Options") that vest and become exercisable upon the satisfaction of both a "service requirement" and a "liquidity event requirement." The service requirement applicable to the Performance Options is satisfied as follows: (i) 25% of the Performance Options satisfy the service requirement in 36 successive equal monthly installments thereafter, in each case, subject to the holder's continuous service through the applicable vesting date. The liquidity event requirement will be satisfied upon the first to occur of a "change in control" or "public listing" of Roivant (as defined in the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement) prior to the expiration date of the Performance Options. If the liquidity event requirement is not satisfied before the expiration date, the Performance Options will be forfeited. The number of Performance Options reflected in the table above assumes full attainment of the liquidity event requirement.
- (4) Reflects the grant of capped value appreciation rights ("CVARs") with respect to Roivant Common Shares outstanding under the 2015 EIP that vest upon the satisfaction of both a "service requirement" and a "liquidity event requirement." The service requirement applicable to the CVARs is satisfied as follows: (i) 25% of the CVARs satisfy the service requirement on December 27, 2020 and (ii) the remaining 75% of the CVARs satisfy the service requirement on December 27, 2020 and (ii) the remaining 75% of the CVARs satisfy the service requirement in a 64 successive equal monthly installments thereafter, in each case, subject to the holder's continuous service through the applicable vesting date. The liquidity event requirement will be satisfied upon the first to occur of a "change in control" or "public listing" of Roivant (as defined in the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement) prior to the expiration date of the CVARs. If the liquidity event requirement is not satisfied before the expiration date, the CVARs will be forfeited. Upon vesting, the CVARs will the holder to a payment equal to the product of (i) the number of vested CVARs multiplied by (ii) the excess (if any) of (A) the fair market value of a Roivant Common Share as of the relevant date of determination (capped at \$37.10 per share, no CVAR Amount will be payable in respect of vested CVARs in the fair market value of a Roivant Common Share is less than \$26.90 per share as of the relevant date of determination (the "knock-in condition"); instead, such CVARs will remain outstanding unless and until the knock-in condition is satisfied as of any applicable measurement date thereafter before the expiration date of the CVARs. Once payable, the CVARs will be settled in a number of Roivant Common Shares determined by dividing (i) the applicable CVAR Amount by (ii) the fair market value of a Roivant Common Share as of the applicable payment date. The number of CVARs reflected in the table above assumes full attainment of the liquidity event requireme
- (5) This amount reflects the per share hurdle price applicable to this award of CVARs.

Employment Arrangements

Matthew Gline

Mr. Gline is party to an employment agreement with RSI, dated May 14, 2021, which provides for at-will employment and no specified term of employment. Pursuant to Mr. Gline's employment agreement, Mr. Gline's annual base salary is \$725,000, which is subject to adjustment at the discretion of the Roivant Board or the compensation committee thereof. In addition, Mr. Gline is eligible to receive a discretionary annual performance bonus, with a target annual bonus equal to 100% of his annual base salary. The actual amount of any annual bonus will be based on an assessment by the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of Mr. Gline's performance, as well as business conditions at the company. Mr. Gline will also be eligible to receive discretionary periodic or annual equity incentive awards, based on Mr. Gline's performance and business conditions at the company, as determined in the sole discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board or and programs (including any

medical, dental, vision, life and disability insurance benefit plans and 401(k) plan) as provided by RSI to similarly situated full-time employees from time to time.

Pursuant to Mr. Gline's employment agreement, in the event Mr. Gline's employment is terminated by RSI without "cause" (other than due to Mr. Gline's death or "disability") or Mr. Gline resigns for "good reason" (each as defined in Mr. Gline's employment agreement), then, subject to Mr. Gline's timely execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, Mr. Gline will be entitled to receive (i) continued payment of his base salary for 12 months following the date of his termination, payable in accordance with RSI's customary payroll procedures, (ii) an amount equal to his target annual bonus for the year of termination, payable in 12 equal monthly installments following the date of his termination and (iii) monthly reimbursement of COBRA premiums (less active employee rates) for 12 months following the date of his termination (or, if earlier, until the date Mr. Gline becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's group health insurance plan).

Pursuant to Mr. Gline's employment agreement, in the event of a termination of Mr. Gline's employment due to his death or disability, to the extent not already provided under the applicable award agreements and subject to the execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 50% of Mr. Gline's then-outstanding equity awards granted prior to March 31, 2021 will be immediately waived, and will thereafter otherwise remain subject to the other existing terms and conditions of such awards (including the achievement of any applicable performance-based vesting conditions and any liquidity event vesting conditions, as the case may be). In addition, pursuant to the terms of Mr. Gline's outstanding Performance Options and CVARs granted prior to March 31, 2021, in the event Mr. Gline's employment is terminated by RSI without cause, due to Mr. Gline's death or disability or Mr. Gline resigns for any reason (with or without good reason), subject to Mr. Gline's timely execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 50% of Mr. Gline's functional compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, all service-based vesting conditions and anon-revocation of a release of claims and continued COARs will be immediately waived, and will thereafter otherwise remain subject to the other existing terms and conditions, as the case may be).

Eric Venker

Dr. Venker is party to an employment agreement with RSI, dated May 14, 2021, which provides for at-will employment and no specified term of employment. Pursuant to Dr. Venker's employment agreement, Dr. Venker's annual base salary is \$620,000, which is subject to adjustment at the discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board. In addition, Dr. Venker is entitled to receive quarterly board fees in the amount of \$3,125 per fiscal quarter (or such other amount as may be determined by Roivant) in respect of each private company affiliate of Roivant based in the United Kingdom for which Dr. Venker serves as a member of the board of directors. Dr. Venker's annual base salary is reduced by the aggregate annual amount of such board fees payable to Dr. Venker. Dr. Venker is also eligible to receive a discretionary annual performance bonus, with a target annual bonus equal to 55% of his annual base salary (without giving effect to any reductions in such base salary for board fees). The actual amount of any annual bonus will be based on an assessment by the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of Dr. Venker's performance, as well as business conditions at the company. Dr. Venker will also be eligible to receive discretionary periodic or annual equity incentive awards, based on Dr. Venker's performance and business conditions at the company, as determined in the sole discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board. Dr. Venker's lans on titled to participate in the employee benefit plans and programs (including any medical, dental, vision, life and disability insurance benefit plans and 401(k) plan) as provided by RS to similarly situated full-time employees from time to time.

Pursuant to Dr. Venker's employment agreement, in the event Dr. Venker's employment is terminated by RSI without "cause" (other than due to Dr. Venker's death or "disability") or Dr. Venker resigns for "good reason" (each as defined in Dr. Venker's employment agreement), then, subject to Dr. Venker's timely execution

and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, Dr. Venker will be entitled to receive (i) continued payment of his base salary (without giving effect to any reductions in such base salary for board fees) for 12 months following the date of his termination, payable in accordance with RSI's customary payroll procedures, (ii) an amount equal to his target annual bonus for the year of termination, payable in 12 equal monthly installments following the date of his termination and (iii) monthly reimbursement of COBRA premiums (less active employee rates) for 12 months following the date of his termination (or, if earlier, until the date Dr. Venker becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's group health insurance plan).

In addition, in the event of a termination of Dr. Venker's employment due to his death or disability, subject to the execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 50% of Dr. Venker's then-outstanding equity awards granted prior to March 31, 2021 will be immediately waived, and will thereafter otherwise remain subject to the other existing terms and conditions of such awards (including the achievement of any applicable performance-based vesting conditions and any liquidity event vesting conditions, as the case may be).

Benjamin Zimmer

Mr. Zimmer is party to an employment agreement with RSI, dated May 14, 2021, which provides for at-will employment and no specified term of employment. Pursuant to Mr. Zimmer's employment agreement, Mr. Zimmer's annual base salary is \$350,000, which is subject to adjustment at the discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board. In addition, Mr. Zimmer is eligible to receive a discretionary annual performance bonus, with a target annual bonus equal to 100% of his annual base salary. The actual amount of any annual bonus will be based on an assessment by the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of Mr. Zimmer's performance, as well as business conditions at the company. Mr. Zimmer will also be eligible to receive discretionary periodic or annual equity incentive awards, based on Mr. Zimmer's performance and business conditions at the company, as determined in the sole discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board. Mr. Zimmer's performance and business conditions at the company, as determined in the sole discretion of the compensation committee of the Roivant Board. Mr. Zimmer is also entitled to participate in the employee benefit plans and programs (including any medical, dental, vision, life and disability insurance benefit plans and 401(k) plan) as provided by RSI to similarly situated full-time employees from time to time.

Pursuant to Mr. Zimmer's employment agreement, in the event Mr. Zimmer's employment is terminated by RSI without "cause" (other than due to Mr. Zimmer's death or "disability") or Mr. Zimmer resigns for "good reason" (each as defined in Mr. Zimmer's employment agreement), then, subject to Mr. Zimmer's timely execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, Mr. Zimmer will be entitled to receive (i) continued payment of his base salary for 12 months following the date of his termination, payable in accordance with RSI's customary payroll procedures, (ii) an amount equal to his target annual bonus for the year of termination, payable in 12 equal monthly installments following the date of his termination and (iii) monthly reimbursement of COBRA premiums (less active employee rates) for 12 months following the date of his termination (or, if earlier, until the date Mr. Zimmer becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's group health insurance plan).

In addition, in the event of a termination of Mr. Zimmer's employment due to his death or disability, subject to the execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants, all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 50% of Mr. Zimmer's then-outstanding equity awards granted prior to March 31, 2021 will be immediately waived, and will thereafter otherwise remain subject to the other existing terms and conditions of such awards (including the achievement of any applicable performance-based vesting conditions and any liquidity event vesting conditions, as the case may be).

Vivek Ramaswamy

Mr. Ramaswamy is party to an employment agreement with RSI, dated May 14, 2021, which provides for at-will employment and no specified term of employment. Pursuant to Mr. Ramaswamy's employment

agreement, Mr. Ramaswamy's annual base salary is \$350,000, which is subject to increase at the discretion of the Roivant Board. In addition, Mr. Ramaswamy is entitled to receive an annual bonus for each fiscal year of employment, with a target annual bonus equal to 100% of his annual base salary. Mr. Ramaswamy is also entitled to participate in the employee benefit plans and programs provided by RSI to its employees from time to time.

Pursuant to Mr. Ramaswamy's employment agreement, in the event Mr. Ramaswamy's employment is terminated by RSI without "cause" or Mr. Ramaswamy resigns for "good reason" (each as defined in Mr. Ramaswamy's employment agreement), then, subject to Mr. Ramaswamy's timely execution and non-revocation of a release of claims, Mr. Ramaswamy will be entitled to receive (i) continued payment of his base salary for two years following the date of his termination, payable in accordance with RSI's customary payroll procedures, (ii) a lump sum payment equal to the average of his target annual bonus for the three years prior to the termination date and (iii) monthly payment (or reimbursement) of COBRA premiums (less active employee rates) for 18 months following the date of his termination (or, if earlier, until the date Mr. Ramaswamy becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's group health insurance plan).

In addition, with respect to equity awards granted to Mr. Ramaswamy prior to March 31, 2021, subject to his timely execution and non-revocation of a release of claims, (i) in the event Mr. Ramaswamy's employment is terminated by RSI without cause, by Mr. Ramaswamy for good reason or by mutual agreement between him and RSI, then all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 100% of such awards then outstanding will be immediately waived, and (ii) in the event Mr. Ramaswamy's employment is terminated due to his death or disability, then all service-based vesting conditions with respect to 50% of such awards then outstanding will be immediately waived, in each case provided that all such awards will thereafter otherwise remain subject to the other existing terms and conditions of such awards (including the achievement of any applicable performance-based vesting conditions and any liquidity event vesting conditions, as the case may be).

Restrictive Covenants

The employment agreements for each of the NEOs provide for customary non-competition and non-solicitation covenants that apply during the term of the NEO's employment and at least 12 months thereafter. In addition, the employment agreements contain standard confidentiality and nondisparagement provisions that apply during the term of the NEO's employment and perpetually thereafter.

Benefit Plans

Roivant's NEOs participate in employee benefit programs available to its employees generally, including health, dental and vision insurance and a tax-qualified 401(k) plan maintained by RSI. Neither Roivant nor its subsidiaries maintained any executive-specific benefit or perquisite programs in Fiscal 2020.

Under RSI's 401(k) plan, eligible employees (including the NEOs) are able to defer up to 90% of their eligible compensation subject to applicable annual limits under the Internal Revenue Code. All participants are 100% vested in their deferrals when contributed. Currently, RSI provides matching contributions for employees' pre-tax contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis up to \$8,550 annually per employee. These matching contributions generally become vested after two years of service by an employee.

Equity Incentive Compensation Plans

Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

Roivant maintains the Amended and Restated Roivant Sciences Ltd. 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2015 EIP"), which provides for the discretionary grant of equity awards to eligible participants. Effective as of, and contingent on the consummation of the Business Combination, the 2015 EIP will be terminated and no further

awards will be granted under the 2015 EIP. Any awards outstanding under the 2015 EIP as of such time will remain subject to the terms of the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement, subject to adjustment at the closing of the Business Combination as described in more detail below. There are currently awards of nonqualified stock options (including Performance Options), RSUs and CVARs outstanding under the 2015 EIP. The following sets forth a summary of certain material features of the 2015 EIP, and is qualified in its entirety by the text of the 2015 EIP, a form of which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part.

Purpose

The 2015 EIP is intended to help Roivant secure and retain the services of eligible award recipients, provide incentives for such persons to exert maximum efforts for the success of the Roivant and its affiliates and provide a means by which the eligible recipients may benefit from increases in value of Roivant's shares.

Administration

The 2015 EIP is administered by the Roivant Board, which may delegate its duties and responsibilities to one or more committees of its directors (referred to collectively as the "plan administrator").

The Roivant Board has the authority to, among other things and subject to the limitations imposed under the 2015 EIP, stock exchange rules and other applicable law, determine the eligible participants to be granted awards and the terms and conditions of such awards; construe and interpret the 2015 EIP and awards granted thereunder and to establish, amend and revoke rules for the administration of the 2015 EIP and awards granted thereunder; settle all controversies regarding the 2021 EIP and awards granted under it; accelerate, in whole or in part, the time at which an award may be exercised or vest; approve forms of award agreements for use under the 2015 EIP; amend the terms of any one or more awards; effect, with the consent of any adversely affected participant, the reduction of the exercise price of any outstanding award, the cancellation of any outstanding award and the grant in substitution therefor of a new award, cash and/or other valuable consideration, or any other action that is treated as a repricing under generally accepted accounting principles; and exercise such powers and perform such acts as the Roivant Board deems necessary or expedient to promote the best interests of Roivant.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Roivant Board may also delegate its authority under the 2015 EIP to one or more officers to designate employees to be recipients of awards and to determine the number of shares to be granted pursuant to awards, subject to specified limits.

Eligibility

Employees, consultants and directors of Roivant and certain of its affiliates are eligible to receive awards under the 2015 EIP to the extent the Roivant Board determines that the grant of such award furthers the purpose of the 2015 EIP (as described above).

Awards

The 2015 EIP provides for the grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and other stock awards.

As of March 31, 2021, there were 12,503,608 Roivant Common Shares underlying outstanding awards under the 2015 EIP. Upon the consummation of the Business Combination, any awards outstanding under the 2015 EIP as of such time will remain subject to the terms of the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement, subject to adjustment at the closing of the Business Combination as described in more detail below and no further awards will be granted under the 2015 EIP.

Capitalization Adjustments

In the event there is a specified type of change in Roivant's capital structure, such as a merger, consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, reincorporation, share dividend, dividend in property other than cash, large nonrecurring cash dividend, share split, reverse share split, liquidating dividend, combination of shares, exchange of shares, change in corporate structure, or any similar equity restructuring transaction, appropriate adjustments will be made to the class and maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under the 2015 EIP, the class and maximum number of shares that may be issued upon the exercise of incentive stock options, and the class and number of shares and exercise price, strike price, knock-in price measure, threshold, target or maximum price measure or other price measure, if applicable, of all outstanding awards.

Change in Control

The 2015 EIP provides that, in the event of a change in control of Roivant (as described below), the Roivant Board may take one or more of the following actions with respect to outstanding awards, contingent upon the closing or completion of the change in control:

- arrange for the assumption, continuation or substitution of the award by the successor or acquiring corporation (or its parent);
- arrange for lapse of, or the assignment to the successor or acquiring corporation (or its parent) of, any reacquisition or repurchase rights held by Roivant;
- accelerate the vesting (in whole or in part) of the award and provide for its termination prior to the effective time of the change in control;
- cancel the award prior to the effective time of the change in control in exchange for a cash payment, which may be reduced by the exercise
 price payable in connection with the award; or
- make a payment, in such form as determined by the Roivant, equal to the excess, if any, of the value of the property that would have been
 received if such award was exercised immediately prior to the effective time of the change in control over any exercise price payable
 (which may be \$0 if the value of the property is equal to or less than the exercise price), which such payments may be delayed to the same
 extent that payment of consideration to Roivant shareholders in connection with the change in control is delayed as a result of escrows,
 earn outs, holdbacks or any other contingencies).

The Roivant Board is not obligated to treat all awards or portions of awards in the same manner. The Roivant Board may take different actions with respect to the vested and unvested portions of an award.

A "change in control" is generally defined under the 2015 EIP to include the following:

- a transaction or series of related transactions in which a person, or a group of related persons, acquires from Roivant shares representing a
 majority of the voting power or economic interests of Roivant;
- a merger, amalgamation or scheme of arrangement in which Roivant is a constituent party and Roivant issues shares pursuant to such transaction, except in circumstances where, Roivant shares outstanding immediately prior to such transaction continue to represent, or are converted into or exchanged for shares that represent, immediately following such transaction, at least a majority of the voting power of the surviving or amalgamated corporation or Roivant (or, if such surviving or amalgamated corporation or Roivant is a wholly owned subsidiary of another corporation immediately following such transaction, the parent corporation of such surviving or amalgamated corporation or Roivant);
- the sale, lease, transfer, exclusive license or other disposition, in a single transaction or series of related transactions, by Roivant or any subsidiary of Roivant of all or substantially all the assets of Roivant and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; or
- the sale or disposition (whether by merger, amalgamation, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) of one or more subsidiaries of Roivant if substantially all of the assets of Roivant and its subsidiaries taken as

a whole are held by such subsidiary or subsidiaries, except where such sale, lease, transfer, exclusive license or other disposition is to a wholly owned subsidiary of Roivant.

Plan Amendment, Suspension or Termination

The Roivant Board has the authority to amend, suspend, or terminate the 2015 EIP at any time; *provided* that such action does not materially impair the existing rights of any participant without such participant's written consent. No awards may be granted under the 2015 EIP while the 2015 EIP is suspended or after it is terminated.

2021 Equity Incentive Plan

Prior to consummation of the Business Combination, the Roivant Board is expected to approve and adopt, subject to Roivant shareholder approval, the Roivant Sciences Ltd. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 EIP"), effective as of and contingent on the consummation of the Business Combination. The following sets forth a summary of certain material features of the 2021 EIP, and is qualified in its entirety by the text of the 2021 EIP, a form of which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus forms a part.

Purpose

The 2021 EIP is intended to help Roivant secure and retain the services of eligible award recipients, provide incentives for such persons to exert maximum efforts for the success of the Roivant and its affiliates and provide a means by which the eligible recipients may benefit from increases in value of Roivant's shares.

Administration

The 2021 EIP is administered by the Roivant Board, which may delegate its duties and responsibilities to one or more committees of its directors (referred to collectively as the "plan administrator").

The Roivant Board has the authority to, among other things and subject to the limitations imposed under the 2021 EIP, stock exchange rules and other applicable law: determine the eligible participants to be granted awards and the terms and conditions of such awards; construe and interpret the 2021 EIP and awards granted thereunder; settle all controversies regarding the 2021 EIP and awards granted under it; accelerate, in whole or in part, the time at which an award may be exercised or vest; approve forms of award agreements for use under the 2021 EIP; amend the terms of any one or more awards; effect, with the consent of any adversely affected participant, the reduction of the exercise price of any outstanding award, the cancellation of any outstanding award and the grant in substitution therefor of a new award, cash and/or other valuable consideration, or any other action that is treated as a repricing under generally accepted accounting principles; and exercise such powers, perform such acts and make any other determinations as the Roivant Board deems necessary, expedient or desirable to promote the best interests of Roivant and for due compliance with applicable law, stock market or exchange rules and regulations or accounting or tax rules and regulations.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Roivant Board may also delegate its authority under the 2021 EIP to one or more officers to designate employees to be recipients of awards and to determine the number of shares to be granted pursuant to awards, subject to specified limits.

Authorized Shares

Subject to certain adjustments as described below, the aggregate number of Roivant Common Shares that initially may be issued under the 2021 EIP will be equal to 10% of the aggregate outstanding Roivant Common Shares as of the consummation of the Business Transaction. In addition, on the first day of each fiscal year of Roivant following the effective date of the 2021 EIP and prior to the termination of the 2021 EIP, the number of

Roivant Common Shares reserved for issuance under the 2021 EIP will automatically increase by an amount equal to the lesser of (i) 5% of the Roivant Common Shares outstanding as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year and (ii) such number of Roivant Common Shares as determined by the Roivant Board in its discretion. The maximum number of Roivant Common Shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of incentive stock options under the 2021 EIP will be equal to the initial share reserve under the 2021 EIP as described above.

The maximum number of Roivant Common Shares subject to any awards granted under the 2021 EIP during any fiscal year to any non-employee director, taken together with any cash fees paid by Roivant to such director during such fiscal year, will not exceed \$750,000 (or \$1,000,000 for such director's first fiscal year of service on the Roivant Board) in total value.

Roivant Common Shares subject to awards granted under the 2021 EIP that expire or terminate without being exercised in full, or that are paid out in cash rather than in shares, will not reduce the number of Roivant Common Shares available for issuance under the 2021 EIP. Additionally, Roivant Common Shares issued pursuant to awards under the 2021 EIP that are repurchased by Roivant or are forfeited, as well as Roivant Common Shares reacquired by Roivant as consideration for the exercise or purchase price of an award or to satisfy tax withholding obligations related to an award, will become available for future grant under the 2021 EIP.

Eligibility

Employees, consultants and directors of Roivant and certain of its affiliates (including individuals who has accepted an offer of employment or service from Roivant and certain of its affiliates) are eligible to receive awards under the 2021 EIP to the extent the Roivant Board determines that the grant of such award furthers the purpose of the 2021 EIP (as described above).

Award

The 2021 EIP provides for the grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and other stock awards.

Capitalization Adjustments

In the event there is a specified type of change in Roivant's capital structure, such as a merger, consolidation, amalgamation, reorganization, recapitalization, reincorporation, share dividend, dividend in property other than cash, large nonrecurring cash dividend, share split, reverse share split, liquidating dividend, combination of shares, exchange of shares, change in corporate structure, or any similar equity restructuring transaction, appropriate adjustments will be made to the class and maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under the 2021 EIP, the class and maximum number of shares that may be issued upon the exercise of incentive stock options, and the class and number of shares and exercise price, strike price, knock-in price measure, threshold, target or maximum price measure or other price measure, if applicable, of all outstanding awards.

Change in Control

The 2021 EIP provides that in the event of a change in control of Roivant (as described below), the Roivant Board may take one or more of the following actions with respect to outstanding awards upon the closing of the change in control:

arrange for the assumption, continuation or substitution of the award by the successor or acquiring corporation (or its parent);

- arrange for the assignment of any reacquisition or repurchase rights held by Roivant to the successor or acquiring corporation (or its parent);
- accelerate the vesting of the award and provide for its termination prior to the effective time of the change in control;
- · arrange for the lapse, in whole or in part, of any reacquisition or repurchase right held by Roivant;
- determine the level of attainment of any performance conditions applicable to the award;
- cancel the award prior to the effective time of the change in control in exchange for a cash payment, which may be reduced by the exercise
 price payable in connection with the award; or
- cancel the award in exchange for a payment, in such form as determined by the Roivant Board, equal to the excess, if any, of the value of
 the property that would have been received if such award was exercised immediately prior to the effective time of the change in control
 over any exercise price payable (which may be \$0 if the value of the property is equal to or less than the exercise price), which such
 payments may be delayed to the same extent that payment of consideration to Roivant shareholders in connection with the change in
 control is delayed as a result of escrows, earn outs, holdbacks or any other contingencies).

The Roivant Board is not obligated to treat all awards or portions of awards in the same manner. The Roivant Board may take different actions with respect to the vested and unvested portions of an award.

A "change in control" is generally defined under the 2021 EIP to include the following:

- any person, entity or group is (or becomes during any 12-month period) the beneficial owner of 50% or more of the total voting power of Roivant shares;
- a change in the composition of the Roivant Board such that, during any 12-month period, the individuals who, as of the beginning of such
 period, constitute the Roivant Board ("Existing Board") cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Roivant Board (with any
 individuals whose appointment to the Roivant Board was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the members of the Existing Board);
 being considered a member of the Existing Board);
- the consummation of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation of Roivant with any another corporation or entity, or the issuance of voting
 securities in connection with such a transaction pursuant to applicable stock exchange requirements, except in circumstances where,
 immediately following such transaction, the voting securities of Roivant continue to represent 50% or more of the total voting power and
 total fair market value of the surviving entity or its parent; or
- the sale or disposition by Roivant of all or substantially all of its assets in which any person, entity or group acquires (or has acquiring during a 12-month period) more than 50% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of Roivant.

Clawback

Awards granted under the 2021 EIP Plan are subject to recoupment in accordance with any clawback policy that Roivant is required to adopt pursuant to the listing standards of any national securities exchange or association on which Roivant's securities are listed or as is otherwise required by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or other applicable law. In addition, the Roivant Board may impose such other clawback, recovery or recoupment provisions in an award agreement as the Roivant Board determines necessary or appropriate.

Effective Date

The 2021 EIP will become effective upon the consummation of the Business Combination, subject to approval of the Roivant Board and Roivant's shareholders.

Plan Amendment, Suspension or Termination

The Roivant Board has the authority to amend, suspend, or terminate the 2021 EIP at any time; *provided* that such action does not materially impair the existing rights of any participant without such participant's written consent. Unless terminated sooner by the Roivant Board, the 2021 EIP will automatically terminate on the day before the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the 2021 EIP. No awards may be granted under the 2021 EIP while the 2021 EIP is suspended or after it is terminated.

Treatment of Equity Awards in Connection with the Business Combination

In connection with the Business Combination, equity incentive awards then-outstanding under the 2015 EIP will be equitably adjusted in accordance with the terms of the 2015 EIP and the business combination agreement. Specifically, on the date of the consummation of the Business Combination and prior to such consummation:

- each outstanding Roivant option, whether vested or unvested, will be adjusted as follows: (i) the number of post-closing Roivant Common Shares subject to such Roivant option will be equal to the product of (a) the number of Roivant Common Shares subject to the Roivant option before such adjustment, *multiplied by* (b) the "exchange ratio," rounded down to the nearest whole share, and (ii) the per share exercise price of such Roivant option will equal the quotient of (x) the per share exercise price at which the Roivant option was exercisable before such adjustment, *divided by* (y) the exchange ratio, rounded up to the nearest whole cent. Following such adjustment, the Roivant options will otherwise remain subject to the same terms and conditions (including the applicable vesting, expiration and forfeiture provisions) as applied before such adjustment.
- each outstanding and vested Roivant RSU will be adjusted by multiplying (i) the number of Roivant Common Shares that were subject to
 the vested Roivant RSU before the adjustment by (ii) the exchange ratio, minus (iii) that number of post-closing Roivant Common Shares
 with a fair market value equal to all required withholding taxes due upon settlement of such vested Roivant RSU, which such vested
 Roivant RSUs will be settled (including as to timing) in accordance with the terms of the 2015 EIP and the applicable award agreement
 thereunder.
- each outstanding unvested Roivant RSU will be adjusted as follows: the number of post-closing Roivant Common Shares subject to such
 unvested Roivant RSU will be equal to the product of (i) the number of Roivant Common Shares that were subject to the unvested Roivant
 RSU before the adjustment *multiplied by* (ii) the exchange ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole share. Following such adjustment, the
 unvested Roivant RSUs will otherwise remain subject to the same terms and conditions (including the applicable vesting, expiration and
 forfeiture provisions) as applied before such adjustment.
- each outstanding Roivant CVAR, whether vested or unvested, will be adjusted as follows: (i) the number of post-closing Roivant Common Shares subject to such CVAR will be equal to the product of (a) the number of Roivant Common Shares that were subject to the Roivant CVAR before the adjustment, *multiplied by* (b) the exchange ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole share, and (ii) the per share hurdle price, "knock-in" price and value cap price, as applicable, of such CVAR will be equal to the quotient of (x) the per share hurdle price, "knock-in" price and value cap price, as applicable, applicable to the Roivant CVAR before the adjustment, *divided by* (y) the exchange ratio, rounded up to the nearest whole cent. Following such adjustment, the Roivant CVARs will otherwise remain subject to the same terms and conditions (including the applicable vesting, expiration and forfeiture provisions) as applied before such adjustment.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Fiscal 2020 Director Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information regarding the annual cash retainer paid to directors of the Roivant Board in respect of Fiscal 2020. Roivant did not grant equity incentive compensation to directors in respect of Fiscal 2020.

During Fiscal 2020, only Messrs. Ramaswamy, Lo and Machado were provided compensation for their services on the Roivant Board. During Fiscal 2020, Mr. Ramaswamy served as both an executive officer and a director of Roivant and his compensation for his service as executive officer is set forth above in "Executive Compensation—Summary Compensation Table."

	Fees Earned or Paid	Stock	
Name	in Cash (\$)	Awards (\$)(1)	Total (\$)
Vivek Ramaswamy	\$ 150,000		\$150,000
Andrew Lo	\$ 200,000	_	\$200,000
Patrick Machado	\$ 75,000	—	\$ 75,000

(1) Mr. Ramaswamy's equity incentive awards as of March 31, 2021 are set forth above in "Executive Compensation—Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End." As of March 31, 2021, each of Messrs. Lo and Machado held the following Roivant equity incentive awards granted under the 2015 EIP:

- (a) Dr. Lo holds 236,000 stock options granted on October 20, 2016 with an exercise price of \$15.17 per share, all of which were vested and exercisable. Following this grant of stock options, Dr. Lo has not been eligible to receive any other equity compensation for his services on the Roivant Board.
- (b) Mr. Machado holds (i) 58,153 stock options granted on October 20, 2016 with an exercise price of \$15.17 per share, all of which were vested and exercisable, (ii) 37,500 stock options granted on December 20, 2017 with an exercise price of \$21.72 per share, all of which were vested and exercisable, (iii) 37,500 stock options granted on January 22, 2019 with an exercise price of \$32.72 per share, of which 29,172 were vested and exercisable and the remaining will vest and become exercisable in equal monthly installments through the period ending on November 30, 2021, and (iv) 37,500 stock options granted on January 20, 2020 with an exercise price of \$37.10 per share, of which 16,668 were vested and exercisable and the remaining will vest and become exercisable in equal monthly installments through the period ending on November 30, 2022.

Annual cash retainers payable to directors are calculated based upon the prorated number of quarterly periods each non-employee director served in their respective capacity as a board and/or committee member in a given fiscal year. Except for Dr. Lo, who is not eligible to receive any expense reimbursement in connection with his service on the Roivant Board, directors are also eligible to be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Roivant Board and any of its committees.

Post-Business Combination Director Compensation Program

Following the consummation of the Business Combination, Roivant intends to develop a non-employee director compensation program that is designed to align compensation with Roivant's business objectives and the creation of shareholder value, while enabling Roivant to attract, retain, incentivize and reward directors who contribute to the long-term success of Roivant.

Emerging Growth Company Status

As an emerging growth company, Roivant will be exempt from certain requirements related to executive compensation, including the requirements to hold a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and to

provide information relating to the ratio of total compensation of Roivant's chief executive officer to the median of the annual total compensation of all of Roivant's employees, each as required by the Investor Protection and Securities Reform Act of 2010, which is part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

The following table sets forth information regarding (i) the actual beneficial ownership of MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Shares at June 25, 2021 and (ii) the expected beneficial ownership of Roivant Common Shares immediately following the consummation of the Business Combination and related transactions (including the PIPE Financing), assuming that no MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed and, alternatively, that the maximum number of MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed, in each case, by:

- each person who (i) is known to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of MAAC's outstanding common stock or (ii) is expected to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of Roivant Common Shares following the Business Combination;
- · each of the current named executive officers and directors of MAAC, and all directors and executive officers of MAAC as a group; and
- each person who is expected to be a named executive officer or director of Roivant, and all directors and executive officers of Roivant as a
 group, in each case following the Business Combination.

Beneficial ownership is determined according to the rules and regulations of the SEC. A person is a "beneficial owner" of a security if that person has or shares "voting power," which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of the security, or "investment power," which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of the security or has the right to acquire such powers within 60 days.

The beneficial ownership of MAAC Shares pre-Business Combination is based on 51,339,779 issued and outstanding MAAC Shares, which includes an aggregate of 41,071,823 MAAC Class A Shares and 10,267,956 MAAC Class B Shares. Immediately prior to the Effective Time, each MAAC Class B Share will automatically be converted into one MAAC Class A Share.

The expected beneficial ownership of the Roivant Common Shares immediately following consummation of the Business Combination and the related transactions assumes two redemption scenarios as follows:

- Assuming no redemptions: this presentation assumes that no MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed and the PIPE Financing is fully subscribed.
- Assuming maximum redemptions: this presentation assumes that all 41,071,823 MAAC Class A Shares are redeemed, the PIPE Financing
 is fully subscribed and the minimum cash condition is not satisfied and is waived by Roivant.

Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes to the following table and subject to applicable community property laws, we believe that all persons named in the table below have, or may be deemed to have, sole voting and investment power with respect to all MAAC Shares beneficially owned, or Roivant Common Shares to be beneficially owned, by them. Additionally, the following table does not reflect record or beneficial ownership of any (i) Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of public warrants or private placement warrants and (ii) certain equity incentive awards that are subject to vesting conditions that have not yet been satisfied, as such securities are not exercisable or convertible within 60 days of June 25, 2021. However, shares that a person has the right to acquire within 60 days of June 25, 2021 are deemed issued and outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage ownership of the person holding such rights, but are not deemed issued and outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage ownership of any other person, except with respect to the percentage ownership of all directors and executive officers as a group. Except as otherwise noted below, the address for persons or entities listed in the table is c/o Roivant Sciences Ltd., Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom.

				Post-Business Combination**			
	Pre-Business Combination			Assuming Maximum Assuming No Redemption Redemption			
Name of Beneficial Owner	Number of MAAC Class A Shares Beneficially Owned	Number of MAAC Class B Shares Beneficially Owned(1)	Percentage of Outstanding MAAC Shares(1)	Assuming No F Number of Roivant Common Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Total Voting Power	Number of Roivant Common Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Total Voting Power
MAAC Officers, Directors and 5%							
Holders Pre-Business Combination							
Patient Square Capital LLC(2)(11)	_	10,167,956	19.8%	10,167,956	1.4%	7,682,953(12)	1.1%
BlueCrest Capital Management Limited(3)	3,000,000	—	5.8%	3,000,000	*	3,000,000	*
Integrated Core Strategies (US) LLC ⁽⁴⁾	3,350,000	_	6.5%	3,350,000	*	3,350,000	*
Citadel Advisors LLC(5)	2,081,541	_	4.0%	2,081,541	*	2,081,541	
James C. Momtazee(2)(11)	—	10,167,956	19.8%	10,167,956	1.4%	7,682,953(12)	1.1%
George Barrett ⁽¹¹⁾	_	50,000	*	50,000	*	37,780(12)	*
Dr. Stephen Oesterle ⁽¹¹⁾	—	50,000	*	50,000	*	37,780(12)	*
Maria C. Walker	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All directors and executive officers of MAAC as a group pre-Business Combination (four individuals) ⁽²⁾	_	10,267,956	20.0%	10.267.956	1.4	7.758.513	1.1%
Roivant Officers, Directors and 5% Holders Post-Business Combination		10,207,000	201070	10,207,000		7,700,010	
SVF Investments(6)	_	—	—	101,875,586	14.1%	101,875,586	14.5%
QVT Entities(7)	—	—	—	129,660,460	17.9%	129,660,460	18.5%
Dexxon Holdings ⁽⁸⁾	_	_	—	98,809,158	13.6%	98,809,158	14.1%
Viking Global Entities ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	88,238,700	12.2%	88,238,700	12.6%
Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.(10)	_	_	—	86,367,360	11.9%	86,367,360	12.3%
Vivek Ramaswamy	—	—	—	58,409,209	8.1%	58,409,209	8.3%
Andrew Lo	—	—	—	690,583	*	690,583	*
Patrick Machado	—	—	—	438,429	*	438,429	*
Keith Manchester	—	_	—	—	—	—	—
Ilan Oren	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daniel Gold	-	_	_	_	_	—	_
Masayo Tada	—	—	—	—	_	_	—
Matthew Gline	—	—	—	684,807	*	684,807	*
Eric Venker	_	_	_	598,802	*	598,802	*

				Post-Business Combination**			
				Assumi		Assuming N	
Name of Beneficial Owner	Number of MAAC Class A Shares Beneficially Owned	Business Combir Number of MAAC Class B Shares Beneficially Owned(1)	Percentage of Outstanding MAAC Shares(1)	Redem Number of Roivant Common Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Total Voting Power	Redem Number of Roivant Common Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Total Voting Power
Benjamin Zimmer				1,190,572	*	1,190,572	*
All directors and executive officers of Roivant as a group post-Business Combination (thirteen individuals)	_	_	_	77,703,231	10.7%	75,218,228	10.6%

Less than one percent.

** The information set forth in the table above and in the corresponding notes below reflects the Roivant Exchange Ratio of 2.9262:1. The amounts reported in the table above do not reflect certain equity incentive awards held by our executive officers which are subject to performance-based vesting conditions and/or for which the number of Roivant shares underlying such awards cannot be determined until a future payment date. For information regarding these equity incentive awards held by Roivant's NEOs, please see "Executive Compensation—Outstanding Equity Awards at 2020 Fiscal Year End."

a 2020 Tight Teal Life.
 Represents percentage of voting power of the holders of MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Shares, voting together as a single class.
 Includes MAAC Class B Shares beneficially held by the MAAC Sponsor. James C. Momtazee is the managing member of MAAC Sponsor and the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of MAAC. This information is based solely on the Schedule 13G filed jointly by the MAAC Sponsor and Mr. Momtazee with the SEC on February 11, 2021. The principal address of the MAAC Sponsor is 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130, Menlo Park, CA 94025.

(3) Based solely on the Schedule 13G filed jointly by BlueCrest Capital Management Limited (the "Investment Manager") and Michael Platt ("Mr. Platt") with the SEC on February 26, 2021, Investment Manager, which serves as investment manager to Millais Limited, a Cayman Islands exempted company (the "Fund"), and Michael Platt, who serves as principal, director, and control person of the Investment Manager, may be deemed the beneficial owner of 500,000 MAAC Class A Shares and 2,500,000 MAAC Class A Shares underlying MAAC Units held for the account of the Fund. The address of the Investment Manager and Mr. Platt is Ground Floor, Harbour Reach, La Rue de Carteret, St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands, JE2 4HR.

(a) Based solely on the Schedule 13G/A filed jointly by Integrated Core Strategies (US) LLC ("Integrated Core Strategies"), ICS Opportunities, Ltd. ("ICS Opportunities"), Millennium International Management LP ("Millennium International Management LP ("Millennium Group Management"), Millennium Management LLC ("Millennium Management"), Millennium Group Management LP ("Millennium Group Management"), Millennium Management"), Millennium Group Management LP ("Millennium Group Management"), Millennium Management, "Millennium Management"), Millennium Group Management LP ("Millennium Group Management"), Millennium Management, "Millennium Group Management LP ("Millennium Group Management"), Millennium Management, "Millennium Group Management, "Millennium, "Mith de SEC on January 22, 2021 (i) Integrated Core Strategies, a Delaware limited liability company, beneficially owned 2,050,000 MAAC Class A Shares as a result of holding 1,300,000 MAAC Class A Shares Sa a result of holding 1,300,000 MAAC Class A Shares Sa A Shares beneficially owned by Integrated Core Strategies represented 3,350,000 MAAC Class A Shares. Millennium International Management, a Delaware limited partnership, is the investment manager to ICS Opportunities and may be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by ICS Opportunities. Millennium Management, a Delaware limited liability company, is the general partner of the managing member of Integrated Core Strategies and may be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by Integrated Core Strategies. Millennium Management is also the general partner of the 100% owner of ICS Opportunities and may also be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by Integrated Core Strategies. Millennium Management is also t

and may also be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by Integrated Core Strategies. Millennium Group Management is also the general partner of Millennium International Management and may also be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by ICS Opportunities. The managing member of Millennium Group Management is a trust of which Mr. Englander, a United States citizen, currently serves as the sole voting trustee. Therefore, Mr. Englander may also be deemed to have shared voting control and investment discretion over securities owned by Integrated Core Strategies and ICS Opportunities. The business address of each of Integrated Core Strategies, ICS Opportunities, Millennium International Management, Millennium Management, Millennium Group Management, and Mr. Englander is 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10103.

- (5) Based solely on the Schedule 13G filed jointly by Citadel Advisors LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Advisors"), Citadel Advisors Holdings LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CAH"), Citadel GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities JLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Securities GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Securities GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Securities GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Securities GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Securities GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Citadel Securities"), CALC IV LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("CALC4"), Citadel Advisors, CAH and CGP beneficially owned 2,050,006 MAAC Class A Shares; (ii) each of Citadel Securities, CALC4 and CGP beneficially owned 2,050,006 MAAC Class A Shares; and (iii) Mr. Griffin beneficially owned 2,081,541 MAAC Class A Shares. Citadel Advisors is the portfolio manager for Citadel Multi-Strategy Equities Master Fund Ltd., a Cayman Islands company. CAH is the sole member of CALC4. Advisors. CGP is the general partner of CALC4 is the non-member manager of Citadel Securities. CSGP is the general partner of CALC4 is the non-member manager of Citadel Securities. CSGP is the general partner of CALC4. SGP and Mr. Griffin is 131 S. Dearborn Street, 32nd Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60603. of Citadel Advisors, CAH, CGP, Citadel Securities, CALC4, CSGP and Mr. Griffin is 131 S. Dearborn Street, 32nd Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60603.
- (6) Consists of Roivant Common Shares held by SVF Investments (UK) Limited ("SVF Investments"). SVF Investment is a wholly owned subsidiary of SVF Holdings (UK) LLP ("SVF Holdings"). SoftBank Vision Fund L.P. ("SoftBank Vision Fund") is the managing member of SVF Holdings. SVF GP (Jersey) Limited is the general partner of Softbank Vision Fund. Includes 2,500,000 Roivant Common Shares issuable to SB Northstar LP, an affiliate of SVF Holdings, in connection with the PIPE Financing. The principal address of SVF Investments is 69 Grosvenor Street, London, United Kingdom W1K 3JP.
- (7) Consists of Roivant Common Shares held by QVT Financial Investment Cayman Ltd., QVT Roiv Hldgs Offshore Ltd., QVT Roiv Hldgs Onshore Ltd., QVT Deferred Compensation Holdings Ltd., QVT P&E Roiv Hldgs Ltd. and Fourth Avenue Capital Partners LP (together, the "QVT Entities"). Fourth Avenue Capital Partners LP. Each of QVT Financial LP and QVT Financial GP LLC may be deemed to share beneficial ownership of the Roivant Common Shares held by the QVT Entities. The Managing Members of QVT Financial GP LLC and Fourth Avenue Capital Partners GP LLC and Tracy Fu, each of whom disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities held by the QVT Entities except to the extent of any pecuniary interest. The principal business address for the QVT Entities, QVT Financial GP LLC, Fourth Avenue Capital Partners GP LLC and the Managing Members is 888 Seventh Avenue, 27th Floor, New York, NY 10106.
- (8) Consists of Roivant Common Shares held by Dexxon Holdings Ltd. ("Dexxon Holdings") and Dexcel Pharma Technologies Ltd. ("Dexcel Pharma"). Dan Oren is the sole shareholder and sole director of Dexxon Holdings and the ultimate (indirect) sole shareholder and the Executive Chairman of Dexcel Pharma. As such, each of Dexxon Holdings, Dexcel Pharma and Dan Oren may be deemed to share beneficial ownership of the Roivant Common Shares. The principal business address of Dexxon Holdings and Dan Oren is 1 Dexcel Street, Or Akiva, 3060000, Israel. The principal business address of Dexcel Pharma is 21 Nahum Haftzadi Street, Jerusalem, 9548402.
- (9) Consists of Roivant Common Shares held by Viking Global Equities Master Ltd. ("VGEM"), Viking Global Equities II LP ("VGEII"), Viking Long Fund Master Ltd. ("VLFM") and Viking Global Opportunities Illiquid Investments Sub-Master LP ("Opportunities Fund," and together with all of the preceding entities, the "Viking Global Equities"). VGEM has the power to dispose of and vote the shares directly owned by it, which power may be exercised by its investment manager, Viking Global Performance LLC ("VGP"), and by Viking Global Investors LP ("VGI"), which provides managerial services to VGEM. VGEII has the

authority to dispose of and vote the shares directly owned by it, which power may be exercised by its general partner, VGP, and by VGI, which provides managerial services to VGEII. VLFM has the authority to dispose of and vote the shares directly owned by it, which power may be exercised by its investment manager, Viking Long Fund GP LLC ("VLFGP"), and by VGI, which provides managerial services to VLFM. Opportunities Fund has the authority to dispose of and vote the shares directly owned by it, which power may be exercised by its general partner, Viking Global Opportunities Portfolio GP LLC ("Opportunities GP"), and by VGI, which provides managerial services to VLFM. Opportunities Portfolio GP LLC ("Opportunities GP"), and by VGI, which provides managerial services to Opportunities Fund. O. Andreas Halvorsen, David C. Ott and Rose Shabet, as Executive Committee members of Viking Global Partners LLC (the general partner of VGI), VGP, VLFGP and Viking Global Opportunities GP LLC (the sole member of Opportunities GP) have shared authority to direct the voting and disposition of investments beneficially owned by VGI, VGP, VLFGP and Opportunities of the Viking Global Entities in connection with the PIPE Financing. The business address of each of the Viking Global Entities is 55 Railroad Avenue, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830.

- (10) Consists of Roirant Common Shares held by Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma"), which is a majority-owned subsidiary of Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo Chemical"). Includes 7,500,000 Roivant Common Shares issuable to Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma in connection with the PIPE Financing. The principal business address of Sumitomo Chemical is 27-1, Shinkawa 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-8260 Japan. The principal business address of Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma is 6-8 Doshomachi 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka 541-0045 Japan.
- (11) An aggregate of 30% of the MAAC Class B Shares held by the holders are subject to those certain earn-out provisions in the Sponsor Support Agreement.
- (12) Reflects the reduction in the MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio from 1.0 to 0.76.

CERTAIN MAAC RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

MAAC Related Person Transactions

Founder Shares

On July 23, 2020, an affiliate of our Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for issuance of 14,375,000 MAAC Class B Shares, with such shares subsequently transferred to our Sponsor. On October 6, 2020, our Sponsor surrendered 2,875,000 MAAC Class B Shares to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the Founder Shares form 14,375,000 shares to 11,500,000 shares. All shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrender. The initial stockholders agreed to forfeit up to 1,500,000 Founder Shares to the extent that the Over-Allotment option was not exercised in full by the underwriters, so that the Founder Shares would represent 20.0% of the Company's issued and outstanding MAAC Shares after our initial public offering. The underwriters exercised their Over-Allotment option in part on November 12, 2020; and the remaining over-allotment expired unexercised on November 20, 2020 resulting in a forfeiture of 1,232,044 MAAC Class B Shares.

Our Sponsor, directors, and officers have entered into certain lockup agreements which restrict their ability to take certain actions with respect to covered securities that they may own at the time of the effective date of the Business Combination. These restrictions are more fully explained in "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements."

If any of our officers or directors becomes aware of a Business Combination opportunity that falls within the line of business of any entity to which he or she has then-current fiduciary or contractual obligations, he or she will honor his or her fiduciary or contractual obligations to present such opportunity to such entity. Our officers and directors currently have certain relevant fiduciary duties or contractual obligations that may take priority over their duties to us.

No compensation of any kind, including finder's and consulting fees, will be paid to our Sponsor, officers and directors, or any of their respective affiliates, for services rendered prior to or in connection with the completion of an initial Business Combination. However, these individuals will be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with activities on our behalf such as identifying potential target businesses and performing due diligence on suitable Business Combinations. Our audit committee will review on a quarterly basis all payments that were made to our Sponsor, officers, directors or our or their affiliates and will determine which expenses and the amount of expenses that will be reimbursed. There is no cap or ceiling on the reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by such persons in connection with activities.

Private Placement Warrants

Simultaneously with the closing of our initial public offering, the Company consummated the Private Placement of 10,000,000 private placement warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement warrant to the MAAC Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million. Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-Allotment on November 12, 2020, the Company consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an aggregate of an additional 214,365 private placement warrants by the MAAC Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$214,000.

Each whole Private Placement Warrant is exercisable for one whole MAAC Class A Shares at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the private placement warrants to the MAAC Sponsor was added to the proceeds from our initial public offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the private placement warrants will expire worthless. The private placement warrants will be non-redeemable for cash (except as described below) and exercisable on a cashless basis so long as they are held by the MAAC Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

The MAAC Sponsor agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell the private placement warrants until 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination.

Related Party Loans

On July 23, 2020, the MAAC Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to our initial public offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). This loan was non-interest bearing and payable upon the completion of our initial public offering. The Company borrowed \$200,000 under the Note and fully repaid this amount on October 9, 2020.

In addition, in order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the MAAC Sponsor or an affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). If the Company completes a Business Combination, the CMmpany the Working Capital Loans out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans could be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans could be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. The Working Capital Loans would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of such Working Capital Loans may be convertible into warrants of the post Business Combination entity at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants would be identical to the private placement warrants. Except for the foregoing, the terms of such Working Capital Loans, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. We do not expect to seek loans from parties other than our Sponsor or an affiliate of our Sponsor as we do not believe third parties will be willing to loan such funds and provide a waiver against any and all rights to seek access to funds in our Trust Account. To date, the Company had no borrowings under the Working Capital Loans.

After our initial Business Combination, members of our management team who remain with us may be paid consulting, management or other fees from the combined company with any and all amounts being fully disclosed to our stockholders, to the extent then known, in the tender offer or proxy solicitation materials, as applicable, furnished to our stockholders. It is unlikely the amount of such compensation will be known at the time of distribution of such tender offer materials or at the time of a stockholder meeting held to consider our initial Business Combination, as applicable, as it will be up to the directors of the post-combination business to determine executive and director compensation.

Administrative Services Agreement

Commencing October 7, 2020 through the earlier of consummation of the initial Business Combination and the liquidation, the Company has agreed to pay the MAAC Sponsor a total of \$10,000 per month for office space, utilities, secretarial and administrative support services. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company incurred \$30,000 for such services.

Registration Rights

We entered into a registration and stockholders rights agreement pursuant to which our Sponsor is entitled to certain registration rights with respect to the private placement warrants, the warrants issuable upon conversion of working capital loans (if any) and the MAAC Class A Shares issuable upon exercise of the foregoing and upon conversion of the Founder Shares, and, upon completion of our initial Business Combination, to nominate individuals for election to our board of directors, as long as our Sponsor holds any securities covered by the registration and stockholder rights agreement

Policy for Approval of Related Party Transaction

The audit committee of our board of directors adopted a charter, providing for the review, approval and/or ratification of "related party transactions," which are those transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K as promulgated by the SEC, by the audit committee. At its meetings, the audit to the the value of the transaction, any contractual restrictions that the company has already committed to, the business purpose of the transaction and the benefits of the transaction to the company and to the related party. Any member of the committee who has an interest in the related party transaction, nucleding transaction under review by the committee shall abstain from voting on the approval of the related party transaction, but may, if so requested by the chairman of the committee, participate in some or all of the committee's discussions of the related party transaction. Upon completion of its review of the related party transaction, the committee may determine to permit or to prohibit the related party transaction.

Lock-Up Agreements

On May 1, 2021 and June 9, 2021, Roivant, on the one hand, and the MAAC Sponsor, both of the MAAC Independent Directors and certain Roivant equityholders, on the other hand, entered into lock-up agreements substantially in the form attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex F (the "Lock-Up Agreements"), pursuant to which, among other things, the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC Independent Directors and such Roivant equityholders have agreed not to, subject to, and conditioned upon the effectiveness of, the Closing, effect any sale or distribution of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards or Roivant Warrants) held by the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC Independent Directors or such equityholders as of immediately following the Closing during the applicable lock-up period, subject to customary exceptions. The lock-up period applicable to Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, and MAAC Independent Directors as of immediately following the Closing will be (i) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, the earlier of twelve months following the achievement of certain pricebased vesting restrictions or six years from the Closing and (iii) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months following the Closing, will be subject to a corresponding lock-up period for (a) with respect to 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (b) with respect to an additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (b) with respect to an additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (b) with respect to an additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (c) with respect to an additional 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (v

Sponsor Support Agreement

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and each of James C. Momtazee, George Barrett, Stephen Oesterle and Maria C. Walker, each of whom is a member of MAAC's board of directors and/or management (collectively, the "MAAC Insiders"), entered into the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "Sponsor Support Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things: (i) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each reaffirmed his, her or its obligations in existing arrangements with MAAC to vote in favor of each of the proposals to be voted upon at the meeting of MAAC stockholders in connection with the Business Combination, including approval of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby; (ii) the MAAC Sponsor has waived any adjustment to the

conversion ratio set forth in the governing documents of MAAC or any other anti-dilution or similar protection with respect to the MAAC Class B Shares that may result from the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination; (iii) subject to, and conditioned upon, the occurrence of and effective as of, the effective time of the Merger, the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders have each agreed to terminate certain existing arrangements with MAAC, including existing registration rights and the existing lock-up obligations with respect to his, her or its MAAC Shares; (iv) the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Insiders that hold Roivant Common Shares immediately following the effective time of the Merger will be granted the right to include his, her or its Roivant Common Shares in a resale registration statement to be filed in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Subscription Agreements following the effective time of the Merger; (v) the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and MAAC have each agreed to certain covenants related to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the issuance of Roivant Common Shares to the MAAC Sponsor in connection with the Business Combination; and (vi) subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of, and effective as of immediately after, the effective time of the Merger; (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor in respect of its MAAC Class B Shares will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$15 Earn-Out Shares") and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Class B Shares will be subject to the vesting conditions described below and the other restrictions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (the "\$20 Earn-Out Shares" and, together with the \$15 Earn-Out Shares, the "Earn-Out Shares").

The \$15 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$15.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing, and the \$20 Earn-Out Shares will vest if the closing price of the Roivant Common Shares is greater than or equal to \$20.00 over any twenty out of thirty trading day period during the five year period following the Closing. The five year vesting period described in the preceding sentence will, if a definitive purchase agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) is entered into on or prior to the end of such period, be extended to the earlier of one day after the consummation of such Sale and the termination of such definitive transaction agreement, and if a Sale occurs during such five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period, then all of the Earn-Out Shares out the weill automatically vest immediately prior to the consummation of such Sale. If any Earn-Out Shares have not vested on or prior to the end of the five year (or, as applicable, longer) vesting period.

On June 9, 2021, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor, Roivant and the MAAC Insiders entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement ("SSA Amendment") pursuant to which the Sponsor Support Agreement was revised to reflect the MAAC Independent Directors and Roivant entering into respective Lock-Up Agreements. In particular, among other things, the SSA Amendment revised the Sponsor Support Agreement to subject the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director in respect of his or her shares of MAAC Class B common stock to the same vesting conditions applicable to the Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor. Specifically, (a) twenty percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$15 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) and (b) ten percent of the Roivant Common Shares issued to each MAAC Independent Director will be treated as \$20 Earn-Out Shares (as defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement).

Director Independence

Nasdaq listing standards require that a majority of our board of directors be independent. Our board of directors has determined that George Barrett and Dr. Stephen Oesterle are "independent directors" as defined in the Nasdaq listing standards. Our independent directors conduct regularly scheduled sessions at which only independent directors are present.



Indemnification of Directors and Officers

The amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that we will indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL. In addition, the amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that our directors will not be liable for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL. There is no pending litigation or proceeding naming any of MAAC's respective directors or officers to which indemnification is being sought, and we are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation that may result in claims for indemnification by any director or officer.

CERTAIN ROIVANT RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this section to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination, as the context requires.

The following is a description of transactions occurring during our last three fiscal years or currently proposed, to which (i) Roivant Sciences Ltd. has been a participant, (ii) the amount involved exceeded or will exceed \$120,000 and (iii) any of Roivant's directors, executive officers or holders of more than 5% of Roivant's share capital, or any members of their immediate family (collectively "Roivant Related Parties"), had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Other than as described below, there have not been, nor are there any currently proposed, transactions or series of similar transactions meeting these criteria to which we have been or will be a party other than compensation arrangements, which are described where required under "Executive Compensation—Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation—Post-Business Combination Director Compensation Program."

Transactions with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd.

On October 31, 2019, we entered into a transaction agreement with Sumitomo (the "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement"), which closed on December 27, 2019 (the "Sumitomo Closing Date"). Pursuant to the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, we transferred our entire ownership interest in Myovant, Urovant, Enzyvant, Altavant and Spirovant (collectively "Sumitovant Vants") to a newly formed, wholly-owned entity ("Sumitovant"). Our ownership interest in Sumitovant was then transferred to Sumitomo, such that following the Sumitomo Closing Date, Sumitovant and its subsidiaries, including the Sumitovant Vants, were each directly or indirectly owned by Sumitomo.

Additionally, in connection with the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, we (i) granted Sumitomo options to purchase all, or in the case of Dermavant, 75%, of our ownership interests in six other subsidiaries (Dermavant, Genevant, Lysovant, Metavant, Cytovant and Sinovant (collectively the "Option Vants")), (ii) provided Sumitomo and Sumitovant with certain rights over and access to our proprietary technology platforms, DrugOme and Digital Innovation, and (iii) transferred 26,952,143 of our common shares to Sumitomo. On the Sumitomo Closing Date, the Company received approximately \$3.0 billion in cash, resulting in a gain of \$2.0 billion after taking into account all of the components of the transaction.

Concurrently with the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, (i) Roivant, Sumitomo and Sumitovant entered into a transition services agreement, whereby each of the parties thereto agreed to provide certain services to one another at cost for a period of time following the Sumitomo Closing Date and (ii) Roivant and Sumitomo entered into a strategic cooperation agreement relating to certain ongoing technology-related collaborations between the parties. Pursuant to the terms of the transition services agreement and strategic cooperation agreement, we billed Sumitovant \$1.4 million and \$0.2 million, net of amounts billed by Sumitovant to RSL, respectively, during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 for costs incurred on behalf of Sumitovant.

Additionally, on the Sumitomo Closing Date, Sumitomo deposited \$75.0 million of the consideration payable pursuant to the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement in a segregated escrow account for the purpose of fulfilling our indemnification obligations that may become due to Sumitomo. Upon the expiration of the escrow period, being 18 months from the Sumitomo Closing Date, any remaining escrow funds will be disbursed to us.

On the Sumitomo Closing Date, we also entered into an agreement with Sumitomo, pursuant to which we granted Sumitomo a right of first refusal with respect to potential transfers of Roivant's ownership interest in common shares of Sio Gene Therapies (formerly Axovant Gene Therapies) (the "ROFR"). Among other things, such agreement provides that Roivant must promptly deliver notice to Sumitomo if it desires to transfer equity

interests of Sio Gene Therapies and provide Sumitomo with an opportunity to make a matching offer for the subject shares in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth therein. The ROFR terminates on October 31, 2024. The ROFR also includes certain notification rights in favor of Sumitomo, in the event Roivant takes certain specified corporate actions.

In connection with the foregoing transactions with Sumitomo, our board of directors approved an exchange and offer to repurchase equity securities for up to \$1.0 billion of the proceeds received from Sumitomo. See "—Equity Exchange and Offer to Purchase."

During the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we paid Sumitomo a \$1.0 million access fee pursuant to the strategic cooperation agreement.

In May 2021, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Sumitomo and its subsidiary Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. ("SPC") (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"). The transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed in June 2021. Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement: (i) Sumitomo terminated all of its existing options to acquire our equity interests in the Option Vants; (ii) we transferred and assigned to SPC all of our intellectual property, development, regulatory and commercialization rights to (a) lefamulin in Mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Macau (collectively "Greater China"), (b) vibegron in Mainland China, (c) rodatristat ethyl in Greater China and South Korea, and (d) RVT-802 in Greater China and South Korea; (iii) we will receive a \$5 million cash payment; and (iv) Sumitomo entered into an agreement with us in respect of certain future collaborations with Genevant.

Equity Exchange and Offer to Purchase

In February 2020, we commenced (i) an offer to purchase our common shares from our eligible shareholders (including certain of our eligible employees and former employees) at a price per share of \$37.10, (ii) an offer to surrender for cash performance options and capped value appreciation rights ("CVARs") issued in exchange for certain performance restricted stock units ("pRSUs") held by certain of our eligible employees and former employees, whereby such holder's eligible pRSUs were exchanged at a rate of approximately 0.7 performance options per eligible pRSU and, if applicable, approximately 0.7 CVARs per eligible pRSU (the "Exchange") and, immediately thereafter, 11.23% of such performance options and CVARs were surrendered to us for cash and (iii) an offer to purchase outstanding options from certain of our eligible employees and former employees, the maximum aggregate repurchase value being equal to the lesser of (a) the fair market value of approximately 11.23% of the eligible holder's outstanding options that were vested and exercisable as of December 27, 2019 (subject to certain adjustments). The foregoing transactions are referred to herein as the "2020 Equity Exchange and Offer to Purchase." We additionally entered into an agreement with our Founder to repurchase a portion of his common stock held and exchange his Performance RSUs for performance options and capped value appreciation rights.

In total, in the 2020 Equity Exchange and Offer to Purchase, including participation by certain Roivant Related Parties, we purchased 25,625,933 Roivant Common Shares, exchanged 18,016,310 primarily for pRSUs for performance options and CVARs, received 631,527 surrendered performance options, received 518,893 surrendered CVARs and purchased 895,923 options in connection with the various offers to exchange and purchase, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.0 billion.

2018 Equity Financing

- From September through December 2018, Roivant completed an equity financing in which certain Roivant Related Parties participated:
 - the Viking Global Entities (as defined herein) and certain of their affiliates purchased 155,038 Roivant Common Shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,999,975.

- Dexxon Holdings Ltd. purchased 775,194 Roivant Common Shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000,006.
- SVF Investments (as defined herein) purchased 1,085,271 Roivant Common Shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$34,999,989.
- the QVT Entities (as defined herein) and certain of their affiliates purchased 62,015 Roivant Common Shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,999,983.

Certain Employment and Compensatory Arrangements

Brett Venker, currently Director, Compensation and Data, is the brother of Eric Venker, Roivant's President, Chief Operating Officer. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, Brett Venker earned total cash compensation, consisting of salary and bonus, of \$205,048 and was granted incentive equity awards with an aggregate grant date fair value, as computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718, of \$40,053,055. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, Dr. Venker earned total cash compensation, consisting of salary and bonus, of \$338,273 and was granted incentive equity awards with an aggregate grant date fair value, as computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718, of \$44,140. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, Dr. Venker earned total cash compensation, consisting of salary and bonus, of \$360,634 and was granted incentive equity awards with an aggregate grant date fair value, as computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718, of \$400,039.

Other Transactions

We have granted and intend to continue to grant equity awards to our executive officers and certain of our directors. For a description of these equity awards, see the sections titled "Executive Compensation—Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation—Post-Business Combination Director Compensation Program."

Indemnification Agreements

In connection with this offering, we will enter into indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers. These indemnification agreements will provide the directors and executive officers with contractual rights to indemnification and expense advancement that are, in some cases, broader than the specific indemnification provisions contained under Bermuda law. See the section titled "Description of Securities–Indemnification of Directors and Officers" for additional information regarding indemnification under Bermuda law and our amended and restated bye-laws.

Related Person Transaction Policy

We expect to adopt a related person transaction policy that sets forth our procedures for the identification, review, consideration and approval or ratification of related person transactions. The policy will become effective immediately upon the consummation of the Business Combination. For purposes of our policy only, a related person transaction is a transaction, arrangement or relationship, or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships, in which we and any related person are, were or will be participants in which the amount involved exceeds \$120,000. Transactions involving compensation for services provided to us as an employee or director are not covered by this policy. A related person is any executive officer, director or beneficial owner of more than 5% of any class of Roivant's voting securities, and any of their respective immediate family members and any entity owned or controlled by such persons.

Under the policy, if a transaction has been identified as a related person transaction, including any transaction that was not a related person transaction when originally consummated or any transaction that was not initially identified as a related person transaction prior to consummation, our management must present information regarding the related person transaction to our audit committee, or, if audit committee approval would be inappropriate, to another independent body of our board of directors, for review, consideration and

approval or ratification. The presentation must include a description of, among other things, the material facts, the interests, direct and indirect, of the related persons, the benefits to us of the transaction and whether the transaction is on terms that are comparable to the terms available to or from, as the case may be, an unrelated third party or to or from employees generally. Under the policy, we will collect information that we deem reasonably necessary from each director, executive officer and, to the extent feasible, significant shareholder to enable us to identify any existing or potential related-person transactions and to effectuate the terms of the policy. In addition, under our Code of Conduct that we expect to adopt prior to the closing of this offering, our employees and directors will have an affirmative responsibility to disclose any transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to a conflict of interest. In considering related person transactions, our audit committee, or other independent body of our board of directors, will take into account the relevant available facts and circumstances including, but not limited to:

- the risks, costs and benefits to us;
- the impact on a director's independence in the event that the related person is a director, immediate family member of a director or an
 entity with which a director is affiliated;
- the availability of other sources for comparable services or products; and
- the terms available to or from, as the case may be, unrelated third parties or to or from employees generally.

The policy requires that, in determining whether to approve, ratify or reject a related person transaction, our audit committee, or other independent body of our board of directors, must consider, in light of known circumstances, whether the transaction is in, or is not inconsistent with, our best interests and those of our shareholders, as our audit committee, or other independent body of our board of directors, determines in the good faith exercise of its discretion.

Post-Business Combination Arrangements

In connection with the business combination, certain agreements with certain Roivant Related Parties were entered into or will be entered into pursuant to the merger agreement. The agreements described in this section, or forms of such agreements as they will be in effect substantially concurrently with the completion of the business combination, are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, and the following descriptions are qualified by reference thereto. These agreements include:

- · shareholder support agreements (see the section titled "The Business Combination-Related Agreements-Support Agreements");
- sponsor support agreement (see the section titled "The Business Combination—Related Agreements—Sponsor Support Agreement");
- PIPE subscription agreements (see the sections titled "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements—Subscription Agreements" and "Beneficial Ownership of Securities");
- our amended and restated registration rights agreement (see the section titled "The Business Combination Proposal—Related Agreements —Restated Registration Rights Agreement"); and
- lock-up agreements with the MAAC Sponsor and certain Roivant equityholders and our amended and restated bye-laws which include lock-up restrictions applicable to other Roivant equityholders (see the section titled "Roivant Common Shares Eligible For Future Sale—Lock-up-Periods and Registration Rights—Roivant, the MAAC Sponsor and Certain Roivant Equityholders Lock-ups" and "—Bye-laws Lock-up").

COMPARISON OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS

Comparison of Shareholder Rights under Applicable Corporate Law Before and After the Business Combination

Roivant's corporate affairs are governed by its memorandum of association and bye-laws and by the laws of Bermuda. The provisions of the Companies Act, which apply to Roivant, differ in certain material respects from laws generally applicable to U.S. companies incorporated in the State of Delaware, including MAAC, and their stockholders. The following is a summary of significant differences between the Companies Act (including modifications adopted pursuant to Roivant's amended and restated bye-laws to be adopted upon closing of the Merger) and Bermuda common law applicable to Roivant and its shareholders and the provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law applicable to U.S. companies organized under the laws of Delaware, including MAAC, and their stockholders.

Shareholder Meetings

Bermuda

 May be called by the principal executive officer, the chairman of the board of directors, any two directors or a director and the secretary or the board of directors and must be called upon the request of shareholders holding not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the company carrying the right to vote at general meetings.

- May be held in or outside Bermuda.
- Notice:
 - Shareholders must be given at least five days' advance notice of a general meeting, but the unintentional failure to give notice to any person does not invalidate the proceedings at a meeting.
 - Notice of general meetings must specify the place, the day and hour of the meeting and in the case of special general meetings, the general nature of the business to be considered.
 - Our bye-laws provide that at least 14 days' notice of an annual general meeting

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Delaware May be held at such time or place as

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- designated in the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws, or if not so designated, as determined by the board of directors.
- · May be held in or outside of Delaware. • Notice:
 - Written notice shall be given not less than ten nor more than 60 days before the meeting.
 - Whenever stockholders are required to take any action at a meeting, a written notice of the meeting shall be given, which shall state the place, if any, date and hour of the meeting, and the means of remote communication, if any.

Shareholders' Voting Rights

Bermuda

and 10 days' notice of a special general meeting must be given to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting.

- Shareholders may act by written consent to elect directors. Shareholders may not act by written consent to remove a director or auditor.
- Generally, except as otherwise provided in the bye-laws, or the Companies Act, any action or resolution requiring approval of the shareholders may be passed by a simple majority of votes cast. Any person authorized to vote may authorize another person or persons to act for him or her by proxy.
- The voting rights of shareholders are regulated by a company's bye-laws and, in certain circumstances, by the Companies Act. The bye-laws may specify the number to constitute a quorum and if the bye-laws permit, a general meeting of the shareholders of a company may be held with only one individual present if the requirement for a quorum is satisfied.
- Roivant's bye-laws provide that the quorum required for a general meeting of shareholders is two or more persons present in person and representing in person or by proxy in excess of 50% of all issued and outstanding voting shares.
- The bye-laws may provide for cumulative voting, although Roivant's bye-laws do not.

Delaware

- Unless otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation, stockholders may act by written consent to elect directors.
- Any person authorized to vote may authorize another person or persons to act for him or her by proxy.
- Quorum is a majority of shares entitled to vote at the meeting unless otherwise set in the constitutional documents, but cannot be less than one-third of shares entitled to vote at the meeting.
- When a quorum is once present to organize a meeting, it is not broken by the subsequent withdrawal of any stockholders.
- The certificate of incorporation may provide for cumulative voting.
- Any two or more corporations existing under the laws of the state may merge into a single corporation pursuant to a board resolution and upon the majority vote by stockholders of each constituent corporation at an annual or special meeting.

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Every corporation may at any meeting of the board sell, lease or exchange all or substantially all of its property and assets as its board deems expedient and for the best interests of the corporation when so authorized by a resolution adopted by the holders of a majority of the

Bermuda

- The amalgamation or merger of a Bermuda company with another company or corporation (other than certain affiliated companies) requires the amalgamation or merger agreement to be approved by the company's board of directors and by its shareholders. Unless the company's bye-laws provide otherwise, the approval of 75% of the shareholders voting at such meeting is required to approve the amalgamation or merger agreement, and the quorum for such meeting must be two or more persons holding or representing more than one-third of the issued shares of the company.
- Any company that is the wholly owned subsidiary of a holding company, or one or more companies which are wholly owned subsidiaries of the same holding company, may amalgamate or merge without the vote or consent of shareholders provided that the approval of the board of directors is obtained and that a director or officer of each such company signs a statutory solvency declaration in respect of the relevant company.
- . Any mortgage, charge or pledge of a company's property and assets may be authorized without the consent of shareholders subject to any restrictions under the bye-laws.
- one director
- The number of directors is fixed by the bye-laws, and any changes to such number must be approved by the board of directors and/or the

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Delaware outstanding stock of a corporation entitled to

- vote.
- Any corporation owning at least 90% of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself and assume all of its obligations without the vote or consent of stockholders; however, in case the parent corporation is not the surviving corporation, the proposed merger shall be approved by a majority of the outstanding stock of the parent corporation entitled to vote at a duly called stockholder meeting.
 - Any mortgage or pledge of a corporation's property and assets may be authorized without the vote or consent of stockholders, except to the extent that the certificate of incorporation otherwise provides.

The board of directors must consist of at least • The board of directors must consist of at least one member

> · Number of board members shall be fixed by the bylaws, unless the certificate of incorporation fixes the number of directors, in which case a

Directors

Bermuda shareholders in accordance with the

company's bye-laws.

Removal:

 Under Roivant's bye-laws, the members entitled to vote for the election of directors may, at any special general meeting convened and held in accordance with the bye-laws, by the affirmative vote of at least 66 and 2/3% of the issued and outstanding voting shares entitled to vote for the election of directors, remove a director only with cause. "Cause" for these purposes means (i) a conviction for a criminal offence involving dishonesty or (ii) engaging in conduct which brings the director or Roivant into disrepute and which results in material financial detriment to Roivant.

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change in the number shall be made only by amendment of the certificate of incorporation. The bylaws may provide that the board may increase the size of the board and fill any vacancies.

Removal:

- Any or all of the directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at an election of directors unless the certificate of incorporation otherwise provides.
- In the case of a classified board, stockholders may effect removal of any or all directors only for cause.
- In the case of a corporation having cumulative voting, if less than the entire board is to be removed, no director may be removed without cause if the votes cast against such director's removal would be sufficient to elect such director if then cumulatively voted at an election of the entire board.

Under Delaware law, the business and affairs of a corporation are managed by or under the direction of its board of directors. In exercising their powers, directors are charged with a fiduciary duty of care to protect the interests of the corporation and a fiduciary duty of loyalty to act in the best interests of its stockholders. The duty of care

Duties of Directors

 The Companies Act authorizes the directors of a company, subject to its bye-laws, to exercise all powers of the company except those that are required by the Companies Act or the company's bye-laws to be exercised by the shareholders of the company. Roivant's bye-laws provide that Roivant's business is to be managed and conducted by

Bermuda

Roivant's board of directors. At common law, members of a board of directors owe a fiduciary duty to the company to act in good faith in their dealings with or on behalf of the company and exercise their powers and fulfill the duties of their office honestly. This duty includes the following essential elements:

- a duty to act in good faith in the best interests of the company;
- a duty not to make a personal profit from opportunities that arise from the office of director;
- a duty to avoid conflicts of interest; and
- a duty to exercise powers for the purpose for which such powers were intended.
- The Companies Act imposes a duty on directors and officers of a Bermuda company:
 - to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the company; and
 - to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances.
- The Companies Act also imposes various duties on directors and officers of a company with respect to certain matters of management and administration of the company. Under Bermuda law, directors and officers generally owe fiduciary duties to the

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requires that a director act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person would exercise under similar circumstances. Under this duty, a director must inform himself of, and disclose to stockholders, all material information reasonably available regarding a significant transaction. The duty of loyalty requires that a director act in a manner he reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the corporation. He must not use his corporate position for personal gain or advantage. This duty prohibits selfdealing by a director and mandates that the best interest of the corporation and its stockholders take precedence over any interest possessed by a director, officer or controlling shareholder and not shared by the stockholders generally.

 In general, actions of a director are presumed to have been made on an informed basis, in good faith and in the honest belief that the action taken was in the best interests of the corporation.
 However, this presumption may be rebutted by evidence of a breach of one of the fiduciary duties. Should such evidence be presented concerning a transaction by a director, a director must prove the procedural fairness of the transaction, and that the transaction was of fair value to the corporation. Takeovers

Bermuda

company itself, not to the company's individual shareholders, creditors or any class thereof. Roivant's shareholders may not have a direct cause of action against Roivant's directors.

- An acquiring party is generally able to acquire compulsorily the common shares of minority holders of a company in the following ways:
- By a procedure under the Companies Act known as a "scheme of arrangement." A scheme of arrangement could be effected by obtaining the agreement of the company and of holders of common shares, representing in the aggregate a majority in number and at least 75% in value of the common shareholders present and voting at a court ordered meeting held to consider the scheme of arrangement. The scheme of arrangement must then be sanctioned by the Bermuda Supreme Court. If a scheme of arrangement receives all necessary agreements and sanctions, upon the filing of the court order with the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda, all holders of common shares could be compelled to sell their shares under the terms of the scheme of arrangement.
- By acquiring pursuant to a tender offer 90% of the shares or class of shares not already owned by, or by a nominee for, the

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- Delaware law provides that a parent corporation, by resolution of its board of directors and without any stockholder vote, may merge with any subsidiary of which it owns at least 90% of each class of its capital stock. Upon any such merger, and in the event the parent corporate does not own all of the stock of the subsidiary dissenting stockholders of the subsidiary are entitled to certain appraisal rights.
- Delaware law also provides, subject to certain exceptions, that if a person acquires 15% of voting stock of a company, the person is an "interested stockholder" and may not engage in "business combinations" with the company for a period of three years from the time the person acquired 15% or more of voting stock, unless the corporation opts out of the statutory provision in its certificate of incorporation.

Bermuda

Delaware

acquiring party (the offeror), or any of its subsidiaries. If an offeror has, within four months after the making of an offer for all the shares or class of shares not owned by, or by a nominee for, the offeror, or any of its subsidiaries, obtained the approval of the holders of 90% or more of all the shares to which the offer relates, the offeror may, at any time within two months beginning with the date on which the approval was obtained, by notice compulsorily acquire the shares of any nontendering shareholder on the same terms as the original offer unless the Supreme Court of Bermuda (on application made within a one-month period from the date of the offeror's notice of its intention to acquire such shares) orders otherwise.

> Where the acquiring party or parties hold not less than 95% of the shares or a class of shares of the company, by acquiring, pursuant to a notice given to the remaining shareholders or class of shareholders, the shares of such remaining shareholders or class of shareholders. When this notice is given, the acquiring party is entitled and bound to acquire the shares of the remaining shareholders on the terms set out in the notice, unless a remaining

	Delaware			
	shareholder, within one month of receiving such notice, applies to the Supreme Court of Bermuda for an appraisal of the value of their shares. This provision only applies where the acquiring party offers the same terms to all holders of shares whose shares are being acquired.			
Dissenters' Rights of Appraisal	 A dissenting shareholder (that did not vote in favor of the amalgamation or merger) of a Bermuda exempted company is entitled to apply to the Bermuda Court within one month of the notice of the shareholder meeting to approve the amalgamation or merger for an appraisal of the fair value of his or her shares. 	 With limited exceptions, appraisal rights shall be available for the shares of any class or series of stock of a corporation in a merger or consolidation. The certificate of incorporation may provide that appraisal rights are available for shares as a result of an amendment to the certificate of incorporation, any merger or consolidation or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets. 		
Dissolution	 Under Bermuda law, a solvent company may be wound up by way of a shareholders' voluntary liquidation. Prior to the company entering liquidation, a majority of the directors shall each make a statutory declaration, which states that the directors have made a full enquiry into the affairs of the company and have formed the opinion that the company will be able to pay its debts within a period of 12 months of the commencement of the winding up and must file the statutory declaration with the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda. The general meeting will be convened primarily for the purposes of passing a resolution that the company be 	 Under Delaware law, a corporation may voluntarily dissolve (1) if a majority of the board of directors adopts a resolution to that effect and the holders of a majority of the issued and outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon vote for such dissolution; or (2) if all stockholders entitled to vote thereon consent in writing to such dissolution. 		

Bermuda

wound up voluntarily and appointing a liquidator. The winding up of the company is deemed to commence at the time of the passing of the resolution.

Shareholders' Derivative Actions

 Class actions and derivative actions are generally not available to shareholders under Bermuda law. Bermuda courts, however, would ordinarily be expected to permit a shareholder to commence an action in the name of a company to remedy a wrong to the company where the act complained of is alleged to be beyond the corporate power of the company or illegal, or would result in the violation of the company's memorandum of association or bye-laws. Furthermore, consideration would be given by a Bermuda court to acts that are alleged to constitute a fraud against the minority shareholders or, for instance, where an act requires the approval of a greater percentage of the company's shareholders than that which actually approved it. Delaware

 In any derivative suit instituted by a stockholder of a corporation, it shall be averred in the complaint that the plaintiff was a stockholder of the corporation at the time of the transaction of which he complains or that such stockholder's stock thereafter devolved upon such stockholder by operation of law.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this section to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Roivant and its subsidiaries and affiliates in the present tense or from and after the consummation of the Business Combination, as the context requires.

The following description of our share capital and provisions of our memorandum of association and amended and restated bye-laws are summaries. You should also refer to the memorandum of association and the amended and restated bye-laws, which are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus is part.

General

We are an exempted company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. We are registered with the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda under registration number 48931. We were incorporated on 7 April 2014 under the name Valor Biotechnology Ltd. We changed our name to Roivant Sciences Ltd. on 5 November 2014. Our registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

The objects of our business are unrestricted, and Roivant Sciences Ltd. has the capacity of a natural person. We can therefore undertake activities without restriction on our capacity. Prior to the consummation of the Business Combination, our shareholders will approve certain amendments to our bye-laws that will become effective upon the closing of this offering. The following description assumes that such amendments have become effective.

There have been no public takeover offers by third parties for our shares nor any public takeover offers by us for the shares of another company that have occurred during the last or current financial years.

Share Capital

Immediately following the closing of this offering, our authorized share capital will consist of Roivant Common Shares, \$0.00000007 par value per common share. As of , 2021, we had Roivant Common Shares issued and outstanding. All of the issued Roivant Common Shares prior to the closing of this offering are fully paid. Pursuant to our amended and restated bye-laws, subject to the requirements of Nasdaq, and to any resolution of the shareholders to the contrary, our board of directors is authorized to issue any of our authorized but unissued shares. There are no limitations on the right of non-Bermudians or non-residents of Bermuda to hold or vote our shares provided Roivant Common Shares remain listed on an appointed stock exchange, which includes Nasdaq.

Common Shares

Holders of Roivant Common Shares have no pre-emptive, redemption, conversion or sinking fund rights. Holders of Roivant Common Shares are entitled to one vote per share on all matters submitted to a vote of holders of Roivant Common Shares. Unless a different majority is required by law or by our amended and restated bye-laws, resolutions to be approved by holders of Roivant Common Shares require approval by a simple majority of votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present.

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of Roivant Common Shares are entitled to share equally and ratably in our assets, if any, remaining after the payment of all of our debts and liabilities, subject to any liquidation preference on any issued and outstanding preference shares.

Preference Shares

Pursuant to Bermuda law and our amended and restated bye-laws, our board of directors may, by resolution, establish one or more series of preference shares having such number of shares, designations, dividend rates,

relative voting rights, conversion or exchange rights, redemption rights, liquidation rights, rights to elect or appoint directors and other relative participation, optional or other special rights, qualifications, limitations or restrictions as may be fixed by the board of directors without any further shareholder approval. Such rights, preferences, powers and limitations, as may be established, could have the effect of discouraging an attempt to obtain control of our company.

Dividend Rights

Under Bermuda law, a company may not declare or pay dividends if there are reasonable grounds for believing that (1) the company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or (2) that the realizable value of its assets would thereby be less than its liabilities. Under our amended and restated bye-laws, each common share is entitled to dividends if, as and when dividends are declared by our board of directors, subject to any preferred dividend inght of the holders of any preferrence shares. We do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

Variation of Rights

If at any time we have more than one class of shares, the rights attaching to any class, unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the relevant class, may be varied either: (1) with the consent in writing of the holders of $66^{2/2}$ % of the issued shares of that class; or (2) with the sanction of a resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast at a general meeting of the relevant class is present. Our amended and restated bye-laws specify that the creation or issue of shares ranking equally with existing shares will not, unless expressly provided by the terms of issue of existing shares, vary the rights attached to existing shares. In addition, the creation or issue of preference shares ranking prior to Roivant Common Shares will not be deemed to vary the rights attached to Roivant Common Shares or, subject to the terms of any other class or series of preference shares, to vary the rights attached to any other class or series of preference shares.

Transfer of Shares

Our board of directors may, in its absolute discretion and without assigning any reason, refuse to register the transfer of a share on the basis that it is not fully paid. Our board of directors may also refuse to recognize an instrument of transfer of a share unless it is accompanied by the relevant share certificate and such other evidence of the transferor's right to make the transfer as our board of directors shall reasonably require or unless all applicable consents, authorizations and permissions of any governmental agency or body in Bermuda have been obtained. Subject to these restrictions, a holder of Roivant Common Shares may transfer the tile to all or any of his or her Roivant Common Shares by completing an instrument of transfer in writing in such form as our board of directors may accept. The instrument of transfer must be signed by the transferor and transferee, although in the case of a fully paid share our board of directors may accept. The instrument on transference.

Meetings of Shareholders

Under Bermuda law, a company is required to convene at least one general meeting of shareholders each calendar year, which we refer to as the annual general meeting. While Bermuda law permits the shareholders to waive the requirement to hold an annual general meeting by resolution (either for a specific year or a period of time or indefinitely), our amended and restated bye-laws provide that, notwithstanding, an annual general meeting shall be held in each year.

Bermuda law provides that a special general meeting of shareholders may be called by the board of directors of a company and must be called upon the request of shareholders holding not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the company carrying the right to vote at general meetings. Bermuda law also requires that shareholders be given at least five days' advance notice of a general meeting, but the accidental omission to give

notice to any person does not invalidate the proceedings at a meeting. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that our principal executive officer or the chairperson of our board of directors or any two directors or any director and the secretary or our board of directors may convene an annual general meeting and our principal executive officer or the chairperson of our board of directors may convene a special general meeting. Under our amended and restated bye-laws for the chairperson of our board of directors may convene a special general meeting. Under our amended and restated bye-laws, at least 14 days' notice of an annual general meeting or 10 days' notice of a special general meeting must be given to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting. This notice requirement is subject to the ability to hold such meetings on shorter notice if such notice is agreed: (1) in the case of an annual general meeting by all of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote at such meeting; or (2) in the case of a special general meeting or the shareholders entitled to attend and vote at such meeting. The guorum required for a general meeting of shareholders is two or more persons present in person at the start of the meeting and representing in person or by proxy in excess of 50% of all issued and outstanding Roivant Common Shares.

Access to Books and Records and Dissemination of Information

Members of the general public have a right to inspect the public documents of a company available at the office of the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda. These documents include a company's memorandum of association, including its objects and powers, and certain alterations to the memorandum of association. The shareholders have the additional right to inspect the bye-laws of the company, minutes of general meetings and the company's audited financial statements, which must be presented in the annual general meeting. The register of members of a company is also open to inspection by shareholders and by members of the general public without charge. The register of members is required to be open for inspection for not less than two hours in any business day (subject to the ability of a company to close the register of members for not more than thirty days in a year). A company is required to maintain its share register in Bermuda but may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act establish a branch register outside of Bermuda. A company is required to keep at its registered office a register of directors and officers that is open for inspection for not less than two hours in any business day by members of the public without charge. Bermuda law does not, however, provide a general right for shareholders to inspect or obtain copies of any other corporate records.

Election and Removal of Directors

Our amended and restated bye-laws will provide that our board of directors shall consist of not less than five (5) Directors and not more than such maximum number of Directors as the Board may from time to time determine, being initially fifteen (15) Directors. Upon the closing of this offering, our board of directors will consist of six directors. Our board of directors will be divided into three classes that are, as nearly as possible, of equal size. Each class of directors will be elected for a three-year term of office, but the terms will be staggered so that the term of only one class of directors expires at each annual general meeting. The initial terms of the Class I, Class II and Class III directors will expire in 2022, 2023 and 2024, respectively. At each succeeding annual general meeting, successors to the class of directors whose term expires at the annual general meeting will be elected for a three-year term.

A shareholder holding any percentage of the Roivant Common Shares in issue may propose for election as a director someone who is not an existing director or is not proposed by our board of directors. Where a director is to be elected at an annual general meeting, notice of any such proposal for election must be given not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days before the anniversary of the last annual general meeting prior to the giving of the notice or, in the event the annual general meeting is called for a date that is not less than 30 days before or after such anniversary the notice must be given not later than 10 days following the earlier of the date on which notice of the annual general meeting; provided, that our board of directors has determined that shareholders may nominate persons for election at such special general meeting, that notice must be given not later than seven days following the earlier of the date on which notice of

the special general meeting was posted to shareholders or the date on which public disclosure of the date of the special general meeting was made

A director may be removed, only with cause, by the shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least 662/3% of the issued and outstanding voting shares entitled to vote for the election of directors, provided notice of the shareholders meeting convened to remove the director is given to the director. The notice must contain a statement of the intention to remove the director and a summary of the facts justifying the removal and must be served on the director not less than 14 days before the meeting. The director is entitled to attend the meeting and be heard on the motion for his or her removal.

Proceedings of Board of Directors

Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that our business is to be managed and conducted by our board of directors. Bermuda law permits individual and corporate directors and there is no requirement in our bye-laws or Bermuda law that directors hold any of our shares. There is also no requirement in our amended and restated bye-laws or Bermuda law that our directors must retire at a certain age.

The compensation of our directors will be determined by the board of directors, and there is no requirement that a specified number or percentage of "independent" directors must approve any such determination. Our directors may also be paid all travel, hotel and other reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred by them in connection with our business or their duties as directors.

A director who discloses a direct or indirect interest in any contract or arrangement with us as required by Bermuda law may be entitled to be counted in the quorum for such meeting and to vote in respect of any such contract or arrangement in which he or she is interested unless the chairman of the relevant meeting of the Board of Directors determines that such director is disqualified from voting.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Section 98 of the Companies Act provides generally that a Bermuda company may indemnify its directors, officers and auditors against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise be imposed on them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust, except in cases where such liability arises from fraud or dishonesty of which such director, officer or auditor may be guilty in relation to the company. Section 98 further provides that a Bermuda company may indemnify its directors, officers and auditors against any liability incurred by them in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is awarded in their favor or in which they are acquitted or granted relief by the Supreme Court of Bermuda pursuant to Section 281 of the Companies Act.

Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that we shall indemnify our officers and directors in respect of their fatud or dishonesty, and that we shall advance funds to our officers and directors for expenses incurred in their defense upon receipt of an undertaking to repay the funds if any allegation of fraud or dishonesty is proved. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that the shareholders waive all claims or rights of action that they might have, individually or in right of the company, against any of the company's directors or officers for any act or failure to act in the performance of such director's or officer's duties, except in respect of any fraud or dishonesty of such director or officer. Section 98A of the Companies Act permits us to purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any officer or director in respect of any loss or liability attaching to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust, whether or not we may otherwise indemnify such officer's liability policy for such purpose.

Amendment of Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws

Bermuda law provides that the memorandum of association of a company may be amended by a resolution passed at a general meeting of shareholders. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that no bye-law shall be

rescinded, altered or amended, and no new bye-law shall be made, unless it shall have been approved by a resolution of our board of directors and by a resolution of our shareholders holding at least 662/3% of all votes cast on the resolution. The memorandum or association shall not be rescinded, altered or amended without a resolution of our board of directors and a resolution of our shareholders holding at least 662/3% of all votes cast on the resolution of our shareholders holding at least 662/3% of all votes cast on the resolution.

Under Bermuda law, the holders of an aggregate of not less than 20% in par value of a company's issued share capital or any class thereof have the right to apply to the Supreme Court of Bermuda for an annulment of any amendment of the memorandum of association adopted by shareholders at any general meeting, other than an amendment that alters or reduces a company's share capital as provided in the Companies Act. Where such an application is made, the amendment becomes effective only to the extent that it is confirmed by the Supreme Court of Bermuda. An application for an annulment of an amendment of the memorandum of association must be made within 21 days after the date on which the resolution altering the company's memorandum of association is passed and may be made on behalf of persons entitled to make the application by one or more of their number as they may appoint in writing for the purpose. No application may be made by shareholders voting in favor of the amendment.

Amalgamations and Mergers

The amalgamation or merger of a Bermuda company with another company or corporation (other than certain affiliated companies) requires the amalgamation or merger agreement to be approved by the company's board of directors and by its shareholders. Unless the company's bye-laws provide otherwise, the approval of 75% of the shareholders voting at such meeting is required to approve the amalgamation or merger agreement, and the quorum for such meeting must be two or more persons holding or representing more than one-third of the issued shares of the company. Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that the approval of a 662/3% of shareholders voting at a meeting to approve the amalgamation or merger agreement shall be sufficient (other than in respect of an amalgamation or merger constituting a "business combination"), and the quorum for such meeting shall be two or more Persons present in person and representing in person or by proxy in excess of 50% of the total voting rights of all issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

Under Bermuda law, in the event of an amalgamation or merger of a Bermuda company with another company or corporation, a shareholder of the Bermuda company who did not vote in favor of the amalgamation or merger and who is not satisfied that fair value has been offered for such shareholder's shares may, within one month of notice of the shareholders meeting, apply to the Supreme Court of Bermuda to appraise the fair value of those shares.

Business Combinations

Although the Companies Act does not contain specific provisions regarding "business combinations" between companies organized under the laws of Bermuda and "interested shareholders," we have included these provisions in our bye-laws. Specifically, our bye-laws contain provisions which prohibit us from engaging in a business combination with an interested shareholder for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested shareholder, unless, in addition to any other approval that may be required by applicable law:

- prior to the date of the transaction that resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder, our board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder;
- upon consummation of the transaction that resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder, the interested shareholder owned at least 85% of our issued and voting shares outstanding at the time the transaction commenced; or

after the date of the transaction that resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder, the business combination is approved by our board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least 662/3% of our issued and outstanding voting shares that are not owned by the interested shareholder.

For purposes of these provisions, a "business combination" includes recapitalizations, mergers, amalgamations, consolidations, exchanges, asset sales, leases, certain issues or transfers of shares or other securities and other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the interested shareholder. An "interested shareholder" is any person or entity that beneficially owns 15% or more of our issued and outstanding voting shares and any person or entity affiliated with or controlling or controlled by that person or entity.

Shareholder Suits

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Class actions and derivative actions are generally not available to shareholders under Bermuda law. The Bermuda courts, however, would ordinarily be expected to permit a shareholder to commence an action in the name of a company to remedy a wrong to the company where the act complained of is alleged to be beyond the corporate power of the company or illegal, or would result in the violation of the company's memorandum of association or bye-laws. Furthermore, consideration would be given by a Bermuda court to acts that are alleged to constitute a fraud against the minority shareholders or, for instance, where an act requires the approval of a greater percentage of the company's shareholders than that which actually approved it.

When the affairs of a company are being conducted in a manner that is oppressive or prejudicial to the interests of some part of the shareholders, one or more shareholders may apply to the Supreme Court of Bermuda, which may make such order as it sees fit, including an order regulating the conduct of the company's affairs in the future or ordering the purchase of the shares of any shareholders by other shareholders or by the company.

Our amended and restated bye-laws contain a provision by virtue of which our shareholders waive any claim or right of action that they have, both individually and on our behalf, against any director or officer in relation to any action or failure to take action by such director or officer, except in respect of any fraud or dishonesty of such director or officer. We have been advised by the SEC that in the opinion of the SEC, the operation of this provision as a waiver of the right to sue for violations of federal securities laws would likely be unenforceable in U.S. courts.

Capitalization of Profits and Reserves

Pursuant to our amended and restated bye-laws, our board of directors may (1) capitalize any part of the amount of our share premium or other reserve accounts or any amount credited to our profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares pro rata (except in connection with the conversion of shares) to the shareholders; or (2) capitalize any sum standing to the credit of a reserve account or sums otherwise available for distribution by paying up in full, partly paid or nil paid shares of those shareholders who would have been entitled to such sums if they were distributed by way of dividend or distribution.

Untraced Shareholders

Our amended and restated bye-laws provide that our board of directors may forfeit any dividend or other monies payable in respect of any shares that remain unclaimed for six years from the date when such monies became due for payment. In addition, we are entitled to cease sending dividend warrants and checks by post or otherwise to a shareholder if such instruments have been returned undelivered to, or left uncashed by, such shareholder on at least two consecutive occasions or, following one such occasion, reasonable enquires have failed to establish the shareholder's new address. This entitlement ceases if the shareholder claims a dividend or cashes a dividend check or a warrant.

Roivant Warrants

Public Roivant Warrants

Each whole Roivant Warrant entitles the registered holder to purchase one Roivant Common Share at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment as discussed below, at any time commencing on the later of one year from the closing of the initial public offering and 30 days after the completion of an initial business combination, provided in each case that Roivant has an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants and a current prospectus relating to them is available (or Roivant permits holders to exercise their Roivant Warrants on a cashless basis under the circumstances specified in the warrant agreement) and such shares are registered, qualified or exempt from registration under the securities, or blue sky, laws of the state of residence of the holder. Pursuant to the warrant agreement, a holder of Roivant Warrants may exercise its Roivant Warrants only for a whole number of Roivant Common Shares. This means only a whole Roivant Warrants will trade. Accordingly, unless you purchase at least two units, you will not be able to receive or trade a whole warrant. The Roivant Warrants will expire five years after the completion of an initial business combination, at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

Roivant will not be obligated to deliver any Roivant Common Shares pursuant to the exercise of a Roivant Warrant and will have no obligation to settle such Roivant Warrant exercise unless a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the Roivant Common Shares underlying the Roivant Warrant six then effective and a prospectus relating thereto is current, subject to our satisfying our obligations described below with respect to registration, or a valid exemption from registration is available. No Roivant Warrant will be exercisable and Roivant will not be obligated to issue a Roivant Common Share upon exercise of a Roivant Warrant unless the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon such warrant exercise has been registered, qualified or deemed to be exempt under the securities laws of the state of residence of the registered holder of the Roivant Warrants. In the event that the conditions in the two immediately preceding sentences are not satisfied with respect to a varrant, the holder of such Roivant Warrant will not be entitled to exercise such Roivant Warrant and such Roivant Warrant may have no value and expire worthless. In no event will Roivant be required to net cash settle any warrant. In the event that a registration statement is not effective for the exercised Roivant Warrants, the purchaser of a unit containing such Roivant Warrant will have paid the full purchase price for the unit solely for the share of Roivant Warrant Secure underlying such unit.

As soon as practicable, but in no event later than twenty business days after the Closing, Roivant will use its commercially reasonable efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement for the registration, under the Securities Act, of the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants. Roivant will use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause the same to become effective and to maintain the effectiveness of such registration statement, and a current prospectus relating thereto, until the expiration or redemption of the Roivant Warrants in accordance with the provisions of the warrant agreement. If a registration statement covering the issuance of the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants is not effective by the 60th business day after the Closing, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when Roivant will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise Roivant Warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act or another exemption. In addition, if Roivant Common Shares are at the time of any exercise of a Roivant Warrant to listed on a national securities exchange such that they satisfy the definition of a "covered security" under Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act, Roivant may, at its option, require holders of its public Roivant Warrants who exercise their Roivant Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act and, in the event Roivant Wart elects to do so, Roivant will not be required to file or maintain in effect a registration statement, but Roivant will use its best efforts to register or qualify the shares under applicable blue sky laws to the extent an exemption is not available. In such event, each holder would pay the exercise price by surrendering each such Roivant Common Shares equal to the lesser of (A) the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the n

underlying the Roivant Warrants, multiplied the excess of the "fair market value" less the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants by (y) the fair market value and (B) 0.361. The "fair market value" shall mean the volume weighted average price of Roivant Common Shares for the 10 trading days ending on the trading day prior to the date on which the notice of exercise is received by the warrant agent.

Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00

Once the Roivant Warrants become exercisable, Roivant may redeem the outstanding Roivant Warrants (except as described herein with respect to the private placement Roivant Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
 - at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of the Roivant Common Shares for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending
 three business days before Roivant sends to the notice of redemption to the warrant holders (which Roivant refers to as the "Reference
 Value") equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for share subdivisions, share capitalizations, dividends, reorganizations,
 recapitalizations and the like).

If and when the Roivant Warrants become redeemable by us, Roivant may exercise its redemption right even if Roivant is unable to register or qualify the underlying securities for sale under all applicable state securities laws. However, Roivant will not redeem the Roivant Warrants unless an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants is effective and a current prospectus relating to those Roivant Common Shares is available throughout the 30-day redemption period.

Roivant has established the last of the redemption criterion discussed above to prevent a redemption call unless there is at the time of the call a significant premium to the warrant exercise price. If the foregoing conditions are satisfied and Roivant issues a notice of redemption of the Roivant Warrants, each warrant holder will be entitled to exercise his, her or its Roivant Warrant prior to the scheduled redemption date. Any such exercise would not be done on a "cashless" basis and would require the exercising warrant holder to pay the exercise price for each warrant being exercised. However, the price of the Roivant Common Shares may fall below the \$18.00 redemption trigger price (as adjusted for share subdivisions, share capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) as well as the \$11.50 (for whole shares) Roivant Warrant exercise price after the redemption notice is issued.

Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$10.00

- Once the Roivant Warrants become exercisable, Roivant may redeem the outstanding Roivant Warrants:
- in whole and not in part;
- at \$0.10 per Roivant Warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption; provided that holders will be able to exercise
 their Roivant Warrants on a cashless basis prior to redemption and receive that number of shares determined by reference to the table
 below, based on the redemption date and the "fair market value" of Roivant Common Shares (as defined below);
- if, and only if, the Reference Value (as defined above under—"Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00") equals or exceeds \$10.00 per share (as adjusted for share subdivisions, share capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like); and
- if the Reference Value is less than \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for share subdivisions, share capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) the private placement Roivant Warrants

must also be concurrently called for redemption on the same terms (except as described above with respect to a holder's ability to cashless exercise its Roivant Warrants) as the outstanding public Roivant Warrants, as described above.

The numbers in the table below represent the number of Roivant Common Shares that a warrant holder will receive upon exercise in connection with a redemption by Roivant pursuant to this redemption feature, based on the "fair market value" of Roivant Common Shares on the corresponding redemption date (assuming holders elect to exercise their Roivant Warrants and such Roivant Warrants are not redeemed for \$0.10 per warrant), determined based on volume-weighted average price of Roivant Common Shares as reported during the 10 trading days immediately following the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of Roivant Warrants, and the number of months that the corresponding redemption date precedes the expiration date of the Roivant Warrants, each as set forth in the table below. Roivant provides its warrant holders with the final fair market value no later than one business day after the 10-trading day period described above ends.

Pursuant to the warrant agreement, references above to Roivant Common Shares shall include a security other than Roivant Common Shares into which the Roivant Common Shares have been converted or exchanged for in the event Roivant is not the surviving company in an initial business combination. The numbers in the table below will not be adjusted when determining the number of Roivant Common Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants if Roivant is not the surviving entity following an initial business combination.

The share prices set forth in the column headings of the table below will be adjusted as of any date on which the number of shares issuable upon exercise of a Roivant Warrant is adjusted as set forth under the heading "*—Anti-dilution Adjustments*" below. The adjusted share prices in the column headings will equal the share prices immediately prior to such adjustment, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of shares deliverable upon exercise of a Roivant Warrant immediately prior to such adjustment and the denominator of which is the number of shares deliverable upon exercise of a Roivant Warrant so adjusted. The number of shares in the table below shall be adjusted in the same manner and at the same time as the number of shares issuable upon exercise of a warrant.

	Fair Market Value of Roivant Common Shares								
Redemption Date (period to expiration of Roivant Warrants)	£\$10.00	\$11.00	\$12.00	\$13.00	\$14.00	\$15.00	\$16.00	\$17.00	³ \$18.00
60 months	0.261	0.281	0.297	0.311	0.324	0.337	0.348	0.358	0.361
57 months	0.257	0.277	0.294	0.310	0.324	0.337	0.348	0.358	0.361
54 months	0.252	0.272	0.291	0.307	0.322	0.335	0.347	0.357	0.361
51 months	0.246	0.268	0.287	0.304	0.320	0.333	0.346	0.357	0.361
48 months	0.241	0.263	0.283	0.301	0.317	0.332	0.344	0.356	0.361
45 months	0.235	0.258	0.279	0.298	0.315	0.330	0.343	0.356	0.361
42 months	0.228	0.252	0.274	0.294	0.312	0.328	0.342	0.355	0.361
39 months	0.221	0.246	0.269	0.290	0.309	0.325	0.340	0.354	0.361
36 months	0.213	0.239	0.263	0.285	0.305	0.323	0.339	0.353	0.361
33 months	0.205	0.232	0.257	0.280	0.301	0.320	0.337	0.352	0.361
30 months	0.196	0.224	0.250	0.274	0.297	0.316	0.335	0.351	0.361
27 months	0.185	0.214	0.242	0.268	0.291	0.313	0.332	0.350	0.361
24 months	0.173	0.204	0.233	0.260	0.285	0.308	0.329	0.348	0.361
21 months	0.161	0.193	0.223	0.252	0.279	0.304	0.326	0.347	0.361
18 months	0.146	0.179	0.211	0.242	0.271	0.298	0.322	0.345	0.361
15 months	0.130	0.164	0.197	0.230	0.262	0.291	0.317	0.342	0.361
12 months	0.111	0.146	0.181	0.216	0.250	0.282	0.312	0.339	0.361
9 months	0.090	0.125	0.162	0.199	0.237	0.272	0.305	0.336	0.361
6 months	0.065	0.099	0.137	0.178	0.219	0.259	0.296	0.331	0.361
3 months	0.034	0.065	0.104	0.150	0.197	0.243	0.286	0.326	0.361
0 months	—	—	0.042	0.115	0.179	0.233	0.281	0.323	0.361

The exact fair market value and redemption date may not be set forth in the table above, in which case, if the fair market value is between two values in the table or the redemption date is between two redemption dates in the table, the number of Roivant Common Shares to be issued for each warrant exercised will be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of shares set forth for the higher and lower fair market values and the earlier and later redemption dates, as applicable, based on a 365 or 366-day year, as applicable. For example, if the volume-weighted average price of Roivant Common Shares as reported during the 10 trading days immediately following the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of the Roivant Warrants is \$11.00 per share, and at such time there are 57 months until the expiration of the Roivant Warrants, holders may choose to, in connection with this redemption feature, exercise their Roivant Warrants for 0.277 Roivant Common Shares for each whole warrant. For an example where the exact fair market value and redemption date are not as set forth in the table above, if the volume-weighted average price of Roivant Warrants is \$13.50 per share, and at such time there are 38 months until the expiration of the Roivant Warrants, holders of the Roivant Warrants is \$13.50 per share, and at such time there are 38 months until the expiration of the Roivant Warrants. In no event will the Roivant Warrants be exercisable in connection with this redemption feature, exercise their Roivant Warrants for 0.298 Roivant Common Shares per Roivant Warrants (subject to adjustment).

This redemption feature differs from the typical warrant redemption features used in some other blank check offerings, which typically only provide for a redemption of Roivant Warrants for cash (other than the private placement Roivant Warrants) when the trading price for the Roivant Common Shares exceeds \$18.00 per share for a specified period of time. This redemption feature is structured to allow for all of the outstanding Roivant Warrants to be redeemed when the Roivant Common Shares are trading at or above \$10.00 per share, which may be at a time when the trading price of Roivant Common Shares is below the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants. Roivant has established this redemption feature to provide Roivant with the flexibility to redeem the Roivant Warrants without the Roivant Warrants. Roivant has established this redemption feature to provide Roivant with the flexibility to redeem the Roivant Warrants without the Roivant Warrants having to reach the \$18.00. Per share threshold set forth above under "— Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Shares Equals or Exceeds \$18.00." Holders choosing to exercise their Roivant Warrants in connection with a redemption pursuant to this feature will, in effect, receive a number of shares for their Roivant Warrants based on an option pricing model with a fixed volatility input as of the date of this prospectus. This redemption right provides Roivant with an additional mechanism by which to redeem all of the outstanding Roivant Warrants, and therefore have certainty as to our capital structure as the Roivant Warrants if Roivant determines it is in our best interest to do so. As such, Roivant wuld redeem the Roivant Warrants in this manner when Roivant believes it is in our best interest to update our capital structure to remove the Roivant Warrants and pay the redemption price to the warrant holders.

As stated above, Roivant can redeem the Roivant Warrants when the Roivant Common Shares are trading at a price starting at \$10.00, which is below the exercise price of \$11.50, because it provides certainty with respect to our capital structure and cash position while providing warrant holders with the opportunity to exercise their Roivant Warrants on a cashless basis for the applicable number of shares. If Roivant chooses to redeem the Roivant Warrants when the Roivant Warrants when the warrant holders receiving fewer Roivant Common Shares are trading at a price below the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants, this could result in the warrant holders receiving fewer Roivant Common Shares than they would have received if they had chosen to wait to exercise their Roivant Warrants for Roivant Common Shares if and when such Roivant Common Shares were trading at a price higher than the exercise price of \$11.50.

No fractional Roivant Common Shares will be issued upon exercise. If, upon exercise, a holder would be entitled to receive a fractional interest in a share, Roivant will round down to the nearest whole number of the number of Roivant Common Shares to be issued to the holder. If, at the time of redemption, the Roivant Marrants are exercisable for a security other than the Roivant Common Shares pursuant to the warrant agreement (for instance, if Roivant is not the surviving company in an initial business combination), the Roivant Warrants

may be exercised for such security. At such time as the Roivant Warrants become exercisable for a security other than the Roivant Common Shares, Roivant (or surviving company) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to register under the Securities Act the security issuable upon the exercise of the Roivant Warrants.

Redemption Procedures. A holder of a Roivant Warrant may notify Roivant in writing in the event it elects to be subject to a requirement that such holder will not have the right to exercise such warrant, to the extent that after giving effect to such exercise, such person (together with such person's affiliates), to the warrant agent's actual knowledge, would beneficially own in excess of 4.9% or 9.8% (as specified by the holder) of the Roivant Common Shares issued and outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise.

Anti-dilution Adjustments. If the number of outstanding Roivant Common Shares is increased by a share subdivisions, share capitalization or dividend payable in Roivant Common Shares, or by a split-up of common shares or other similar event, then, on the effective date of such share subdivision, share capitalization, split-up or similar event, the number of Roivant Common Shares issuable on exercise of each Roivant Warrant will be increased in proportion to such increase in the outstanding shares of common shares. A rights offering to holders of common shares entitling holders to purchase Roivant Common Shares at a price less than the "historical fair market value" (as defined below) will be deemed a dividend of a number of Roivant Common Shares at a price less than the "historical fair market value" (as defined below) will be deemed a dividend of a number of Roivant Common Shares at a price less than the "historical fair market value" (as defined below) will be deemed a dividend of a number of Roivant Common Shares at a price less than the "historical fair market value" (as defined below) will be deemed a dividend of a number of Roivant Common Shares sate and to the product of (i) the number of Roivant Common Shares at a price less than the "historical fair market value". For these purposes, (i) if the rights offering is for securities convertible into or exercisable for Roivant Common Shares, and (ii) one minus the quotient of (x) the price payable for Roivant Common Shares, in determining the price payable for Roivant Common Shares, there will be taken into account any consideration received for such rights, as well as any additional amount payable upon exercise or conversion and (ii) "historical fair market value" means the volume-weighted average price of Roivant Common Shares as reported during the 10 trading day period ending on the trading day prior to the first date on which the Roivant Common Shares trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive

In addition, if we, at any time while the Roivant Warrants are outstanding and unexpired, pay a dividend or make a distribution in cash, securities or other assets to the holders of Roivant Common Shares on account of such Roivant Common Shares (or other securities into which the Roivant Warrants are convertible), other than (a) as described above, (b) any cash dividends or cash distributions which, when combined on a per share basis with all other cash dividends and cash distributions paid on the Roivant Common Shares during the 365-day period ending on the date of declaration of such dividends or distribution does not exceed \$0.50 (as adjusted to appropriately reflect any other adjustments and excluding cash dividends or cash distributions that resulted in an adjustment to the exercise price or to the number of Roivant Common Shares issuable on exercise of each warrant) but only with respect to the amount of the aggregate cash dividends or cash distributions equal to or less than \$0.50 per share, (c) to satisfy the redemption rights of the holders of Roivant Common Shares in connection with a proposed initial business combination, (d) to satisfy the redemption rights of the holders of Roivant Common Shares in connection with a shareholder vote to amend our amended and restated bye-laws (A) to modify the substance or timing of our obligation to allow redemption in connection within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to shareholders' rights or pre-initial business combination activity, or (e) in connection with the redemption of Roivant Common Shares in connection within 24 months from the closing of the initial public offering or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to shareholders' rights or pre-initial business combination activity, or (e) in connection with the redemption of Roivant Common Shares in respect of such event, by the amount of cash and/or the fair market value of any securities or other assets paid on each Roi

If the number of outstanding Roivant Common Shares is decreased by a consolidation, combination, reverse share split or reclassification of Roivant Common Shares or other similar event, then, on the effective date of such consolidation, combination, reverse share split, reclassification or similar event, the number of Roivant

Common Shares issuable on exercise of each Roivant Warrant will be decreased in proportion to such decrease in outstanding Roivant Common Shares.

Whenever the number of Roivant Common Shares purchasable upon the exercise of the Roivant Warrants is adjusted, as described above, the warrant exercise price will be adjusted by multiplying the warrant exercise price immediately prior to such adjustment by a fraction (x) the numerator of which will be the number of Roivant Common Shares purchasable upon the exercise of the Roivant Warrants immediately prior to such adjustment and (y) the denominator of which will be the number of Roivant Common Shares so purchasable immediately threafter.

In addition, if (x) Roivant issues additional Roivant Common Shares or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of an initial business combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per Roivant Common Share (with such issue price or effective issue price or less than \$9.20 per Roivant Common Share (with such issue price or effective issue price or less than \$9.20 per Roivant Common Share (with such issue price or effective issue price or less than \$9.20 per Roivant Common Share (with such issue price or a grice to be determined in good faith by our board of directors and, in the case of any such issuance to our sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any shares held by the MAAC Sponsor or its affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of an initial business combination on the date of the completion of an initial business combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume-weighted average trading price of Roivant Common Shares during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to Closing (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price, and the \$10.00 and \$18.00 per share redemption trigger prices described adjacent to "Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" and "Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" and "Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" and "Redemption of Roivant Warrants When the Price per Roivant Common Share Equals or Exceeds \$18.00" and "Redemption of Roivant Warrants Whe

In case of any reclassification or reorganization of the outstanding Roivant Common Shares (other than those described above or that solely affects the par value of such Roivant Common Shares), or in the case of any merger or consolidation of Roivant with or into another corporation (other than a consolidation or merger in which Roivant is the continuing corporation and that does not result in any reclassification or reorganization of our outstanding Roivant Common Shares), or in the case of any merger or consolidation or neity of the assets or other property of Roivant as an entirety or substantially as an entirety in connection with which Roivant is dissolved, the holders of the Roivant Warrants will thereafter have the right to purchase and receive, upon the basis and upon the terms and conditions specified in the Roivant Warrants and in lieu of the Roivant Common Shares or other securities or property (including cash) receivable upon such reclassification, reorganization, merger or consolidation, or upon a dissolution following any such sale or transfer, that the holder of the Roivant Warrants wull have received if such holder had exercised their Roivant Warrants immediately thretofore purchasable and receivable upon the consideration receivable by the holders of Roivant Common Shares in such a transaction is payable in the form of Roivant Common Shares in the successor entity that is listed for trading on a national securities exchange or is quoted in an established over-the-counter market, or is to be so listed for trading or quoted immediately following such event, and if the registered holder of the Roivant Warrant within thirty days following public disclosure of such transaction, the warrant agreement based on the Black-Scholes value (as defined in the warrant agreement) of the warrant. The purpose of such exercise price reduction is to provide additional value to holders of the Roivant Warrants when an extraordinary transaction occurs during the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants pursuant to whic

The Roivant Warrants are issued in registered form under a warrant agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as warrant agent, and us.

The warrant agreement provides that the terms of the Roivant Warrants may be amended without the consent of any holder for the purpose of (i) curing any ambiguity or correct any mistake, including to conform the provisions of the warrant agreement to the description of the terms of the Roivant Warrants and the warrant agreement set forth in this prospectus, or defective provision (ii) amending the provisions relating to cash dividends on common shares as contemplated by and in accordance with the warrant agreement or (iii) adding or changing any provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under the warrant agreement as the parties to the warrant agreement may deem necessary or desirable and that the parties deem to not adversely affect the rights of the registered holders of the Roivant Warrants, provided that the approval by the holders of at least 50% of the thenoutstanding public Roivant Warrants is required to make any change that adversely affects the interests of the registered holders of public Roivant Warrants. You should review a copy of the warrant agreement for a complete description of the terms and conditions applicable to the Roivant Warrants.

The Roivant Warrants may be exercised upon surrender of the warrant certificate on or prior to the expiration date at the offices of the warrant agent, with the exercise form on the reverse side of the warrant certificate completed and executed as indicated, accompanied by full payment of the exercise price (or on a cashless basis, if applicable), by certified or official bank check payable to us, for the number of Roivant Warrants being exercised. The warrant holders do not have the rights or privileges of holders of common shares and any voting rights until they exercise their Roivant Warrants. After the issuance of Roivant Common Shares upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants, each holder will be entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters to be voted on by shareholders.

No fractional shares will be issued upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants. If, upon exercise of the Roivant Warrants, a holder would be entitled to receive a fractional interest in a share, Roivant will, upon exercise, round down to the nearest whole number, the number of Roivant Common Shares to be issued to the warrant holder.

Private Roivant Warrants

The private placement Roivant Warrants (including the Roivant Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Private placement Roivant Warrants) will not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of an initial business combination (except pursuant to limited exceptions) and they will not be redeemable by Roivant so long as they are held by our sponsor or its permitted transferees (except as otherwise set forth herein). Our sponsor, or its permitted transferees, have the option to exercise the private placement Roivant Warrants on a cashless basis. Except as described below, the private placement Roivant Warrants have terms and provisions that are identical to those of the Roivant Warrants sold as part of the units in the initial public offering. If the private placement Roivant thermats are held by holders other than our sponsor or its permitted transferees, the private placement Roivant Warrants will be redeemable by Roivant in all redemption scenarios and exercisable by the holders on the same basis as the Roivant Warrants included in the units being sold in the initial public offering.

If holders of the private placement Roivant Warrants elect to exercise them on a cashless basis, they would pay the exercise price by surrendering his, her or its Roivant Warrants for that number of Roivant Common Shares equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the number of Roivant Common Shares underlying the Roivant Warrants, multiplied by the excress of the "historical fair market value" (defined below) over the exercise price of the Roivant Warrants by (y) the historical fair market value. For these purposes, the "historical fair market value" shall mean the average last reported sale price of the Roivant Common Shares for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of warrant exercise is sent to the warrant agent. The reason that Roivant these Roivant Warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis so long as they are held by our sponsor and its permitted transferees is because it is not known at this time whether they will be affiliated with us, their ability to sell our securities in the open market will be significantly limited. Roivant expects to have policies in place that restrict insiders from selling our securities (at no ur specific periods of time. Even during such periods of time when insiders will be permitted to sell our securities, an insider cannot trade in our

securities if he or she is in possession of material non-public information. Accordingly, unlike public shareholders who could exercise their Roivant Warrants and sell the Roivant Common Shares received upon such exercise freely in the open market in order to recoup the cost of such exercise, the insiders could be significantly restricted from selling such securities. As a result, Roivant believes that allowing the holders to exercise such Roivant Warrants on a cashless basis is appropriate.

Certain Provisions of Bermuda Law

We have been designated by the Bermuda Monetary Authority as a non-resident for Bermuda exchange control purposes. This designation allows us to engage in transactions in currencies other than the Bermuda dollar, and there are no restrictions on our ability to transfer funds (other than funds denominated in Bermuda dollars) in and out of Bermuda or to pay dividends to U.S. residents who are holders of Roivant Common Shares.

The Bermuda Monetary Authority has given its consent for the issue and free transferability of all of the Roivant Common Shares that are the subject of this offering to and between residents and non-residents of Bermuda for exchange control purposes, provided our shares remain listed on an appointed stock exchange, which includes Nasdaq. Approvals or permissions given by the Bermuda Monetary Authority do not constitute a guaranteee by the Bermuda Monetary Authority as to our performance or our creditworthiness. Accordingly, in giving such consent or permissions, neither the Bermuda Monetary Authority nor the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda shall be liable for the financial soundness, performance or default of our business or for the correctness of any opinions or statements expressed in this prospectus. Certain issues and transfers of Roivant Common Shares involving persons deemed resident in Bermuda for exchange control purposes require the specific consent of the Bermuda Monetary Authority. We have sought and have obtained a specific permission from the Bermuda Monetary Authority for the issue and transfer of Roivant Common Shares up to the amount of our authorized capital from time to time, and options, warrants, depository receipts, rights, loan notes, debt instruments and our other securities to persons resident and non-resident for exchange control purposes with the need for prior approval of such issue or transfer.

In accordance with Bermuda law, share certificates are only issued in the names of companies, partnerships or individuals. In the case of a shareholder acting in a special capacity (for example as a trustee), certificates may, at the request of the shareholder, record the capacity in which the shareholder is acting. Notwithstanding such recording of any special capacity, we are not bound to investigate or see to the execution of any such trust.

Exchange Controls

The permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority is required, pursuant to the provisions of the Exchange Control Act 1972 and related regulations, for all issuances and transfers of shares (which includes Roivant Common Shares) of Bermuda companies to or from a non-resident of Bermuda for exchange control purposes, other than in cases where the Bermuda Monetary Authority has granted a general permission. The Bermuda Monetary Authority, in its notice to the public dated June 1, 2005, has granted a general permission for the issue and subsequent transfer of any securities of a Bermuda company from or to a non-resident of Bermuda for exchange control purposes for so long as any "Equity Securities" of the company (which would include Roivant Common Shares) are listed on an "Appointed Stock Exchange" (which would include Nasdaq). Certain issues and transfers of Roivant Common Shares involving persons deemed resident in Bermuda Monetary Authority for the issue and transfer of Roivant Common Shares up to the amount of our authorized capital from time to time, and options, warrants, depository receipts, rights, Ioan notes, debt instruments and our other securities to persons resident and non-resident for exchange control purposes with the need for prior approval of such issue or transfer.



Transfer Agent, Warrant Agent and Registrar

A register of holders of Roivant Common Shares will be maintained by Convers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited in Bermuda, and a branch register will be maintained in the United States by address is .

Listing

We intend to apply to list the Roivant Common Shares and the Roivant Warrants on Nasdaq under the trading symbols "ROIV" and "ROIVW," respectively.

ROIVANT COMMON SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon completion of the Business Combination, Roivant will have Roivant Common Shares authorized and, based on the assumptions set out elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus, up to Roivant Common Shares issued and outstanding, assuming no MAAC Shares are tockholders will be freely transferable by persons other than by Roivant Common Shares issued in connection with the Business Combination to MAAC stored control of the description of the des

Lock-up Periods and Registration Rights

Roivant, the MAAC Sponsor and Certain Roivant Equityholders Lock-ups

Concurrently with the signing of the Business Combination Agreement and on June 9, 2021, Roivant, on the one hand, and the MAAC Sponsor, both of the MAAC Independent Directors and certain Roivant equityholders, on the other hand, entered into lock-up agreements substantially in the form attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex F (the "Lock-up Agreements"), pursuant to which, among other things, the MAAC Sponsor, both of the MAAC Independent Directors and such Roivant equityholders have agreed not to, subject to, and conditioned upon the effectiveness of, the Closing, effect any sale or distribution of Roivant Common Shares (including Roivant Common Shares underlying incentive equity awards) held by such equityholders as of immediately following the Closing during the applicable lock-up period, subject to customary exceptions.

The lock-up period applicable to Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Independent Directors will be (i) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Independent Directors, six months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Sponsor and the MAAC Independent Directors, six months following the achievement of certain price-based vesting restrictions or six years from the Closing and (iii) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares held by the MAAC Independent Directors, thirty-six months following the Closing. The Roivant warrants and the Roivant Common Shares underlying warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor as of immediately following the Closing will be subject to a corresponding lock-up period for (i) with respect to 25% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (ii) with respect to a 35% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (ii) with respect to a MAAC Sponsor, theirty-six months from the Closing, (ii) with respect to a 42% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months form the Closing, (ii) with respect to a 55% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, six months from the Closing, (ii) with respect to a 42% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, theirty-six months from the Closing, (ii) with respect to a 42% of such warrants held by the MAAC Sponsor, theirty-six months from the Closing.

The lock-up period applicable to Roivant Common Shares (including Roivant Common Shares underlying incentive equity awards) held by certain Roivant equityholders will be (i) with respect to 25% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, six months following the Closing, (ii) with respect to an additional 25% of the Roivant Common Shares (including Roivant Common Shares (including the Closing and (iii) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, twelve months following the Closing and (iii) with respect to 50% of the Roivant Common Shares (including those underlying incentive equity awards) held by such Roivant equityholders, thirty-six months following the Closing.

Bye-laws Lock-up

In connection with the consummation of the Business Combination, Roivant will adopt the amended and restated bye-laws. The amended and restated bye-laws contain a lock-up provision (the "Bye-laws Lock-up") which provides that, without the prior consent of the board of directors of Roivant and subject to certain

customary exceptions, each holder will not, for a period ending 180 calendar days following the effective time of the Merger, lend, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any (a) Roivant Common Shares or (b) any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Roivant Common Shares (including Roivant Common Shares underlying incentive equity awards), in each case that are outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time. For the avoidance of doubt, such restriction will not apply to any Roivant Common Shares or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Roivant Common Shares held by or on behalf of any stockholder of MAAC (other than a stockholder of MAAC who is also a Roivant shareholder that did not purchase MAAC Shares directly from MAAC) prior to, or received in connection with the PIPE Financing.

Registration Rights Agreement Lock-up

Concurrently with the signing of the Business Combination Agreement, Roivant and certain Roivant equityholders entered into the Registration Rights Agreement. The Registration Rights Agreement Lock-up Provision agreements (the "Registration Rights Agreement Lock-up" and, together with the Lock-up Agreements and the Bye-laws Lock-up, the "Lock-ups"), which provides that, without the prior consent of the board of directors of Roivant and subject to certain customary exceptions, each holder will not, for a period ending 180 calendar days following the effective time of the Merger, lend, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, nor contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any Roivant Common Shares or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Roivant Common Shares (including Roivant Common Shares underlying incentive equity awards), in each case that are outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time.

PIPE Financing Resale Shelf

Pursuant to the Subscription Agreements relating to the PIPE, Roivant has agreed that, within 30 calendar days after the consummation of the Business Combination, it will file with the SEC (at Roivant's sole cost and expense) a registration statement registering the resale of Roivant Common Shares issuable in connection with the PIPE Financing (the "Resale Registration Statement"), and Roivant will use its commercially reasonable efforts to have the Resale Registration Statement declared effective as soon as practicable after the filing thereof, subject to certain conditions.

Registration Rights Agreement Registration Rights

Subject to the lock-up periods described above, certain shareholders are also entitled to registration rights pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement. Roivant has agreed to file a registration statement promptly following a request from certain significant shareholders of Roivant to register certain registratible securities under the Securities Art (such request, a "demand registration"), subject to required notice provisions to other shareholders party thereto. Roivant has also agreed to provide customary "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to any valid demand registration request. Subject to certain circumstances, Roivant is also required to file a resale shelf registration statement to register the resale under the Securities Act of such registration statement provides that Roivant will pay certain expenses relating to such registrations and indemnify the securityholders against certain liabilities.

Rule 144

Pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act ("Rule 144"), a person who has beneficially owned restricted Roivant Common Shares for at least six months would, subject to the restrictions noted in the section below, be

entitled to sell their securities provided that (i) such person is not deemed to have been an affiliate of Roivant at the time of, or at any time during the three months preceding, a sale and (ii) Roivant has been subject to the Exchange Act periodic reporting requirements for at least three months before the sale and has filed all required reports under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the twelve months (or such shorter period as Roivant was required to file reports) preceding the sale.

Persons who have beneficially owned restricted Roivant Common Shares for at least six months but who are affiliates of Roivant at the time of, or at any time during the three months preceding, a sale, would be subject to additional restrictions, by which such person would be entitled to sell within any three-month period only a number of securities that does not exceed the greater of:

- 1% of the total number of Roivant Common Shares then outstanding; or
- the average weekly reported trading volume of Roivant Common Shares during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

Sales by affiliates of Roivant under Rule 144 are also limited by manner of sale provisions and notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about Roivant.

APPRAISAL RIGHTS

Neither MAAC stockholders nor MAAC warrant holders have appraisal rights in connection with the Business Combination under the DGCL.

FUTURE SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

For any proposal to be considered for inclusion in our proxy statement and form of proxy for submission to the stockholders at Roivant's 2022 annual meeting of stockholders, assuming consummation of the Business Combination, it must be submitted in writing and comply with the requirements of Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act and Roivant's bye-laws.

In addition, Roivant's bye-laws provide notice procedures for shareholders to nominate a person as a director and to propose business to be considered by stockholders at a meeting. To be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to Roivant at its offices at , not later than the close of business on the 90th day nor earlier than the opening of business on the 120th day before the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is called for a date that is not within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, which we anticipate will be the case for the 2022 annual meeting, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received no earlier than the opening of business on the 120th day before the meeting and not later than the later of (x) the close of business on the 90th day before the meeting and (y) the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of the annual meeting was first made by Roivant. Nominations and proposals also must satisfy other requirements set forth in Roivant's bye-laws. The Chairman of the Board may refuse to acknowledge the introduction of any shareholder proposal not made in compliance with the foregoing procedures.

STOCKHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS

Stockholders and interested parties may communicate with MAAC's board of directors, any committee chairperson or the non-management directors as a group by writing to the board or committee chairperson in care of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130, Menlo Park, CA 94025. Following the Business Combination, such communications should be sent to Roivant Sciences Ltd., Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom. Each communication will be forwarded, depending on the subject matter, to the board of directors, the appropriate committee chairperson or all non-management directors.

LEGAL MATTERS

Convers Limited have passed upon the validity of the Roivant Common Shares offered by this proxy statement/prospectus and certain other legal matters related to this proxy statement/prospectus. Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP have passed upon the validity of the Roivant Warrants under New York law.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of MAAC as of December 31, 2020 and for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, have been audited by Marcum LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report thereon, and have been included in this proxy statement/prospectus in reliance upon such reports and upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Roivant Sciences Ltd. at March 31, 2021 and 2020, and for each of the two years in the period ended March 31, 2021, appearing in this proxy statement/prospectus have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

HOUSEHOLDING INFORMATION

Unless MAAC has received contrary instructions, MAAC may send a single copy of this proxy statement/prospectus to any household at which two or more stockholders reside if we believe the stockholders are members of the same family. This process, known as "householding," reduces the volume of duplicate information received at any one household and helps to reduce our expenses. However, if stockholders prefer to receive multiple sets of MAAC's disclosure documents at the same address this year or in future years, the stockholders should follow the instructions described below. We will promptly provide separate copies upon written or oral request. Similarly, if an address is shared with another stockholder and together both of the stockholders would like to receive only a single set of MAAC's disclosure documents, the stockholders should follow these instructions:

If the shares are registered in the name of the stockholder, the stockholder should contact MAAC at its offices at 724 Oak Grove Ave., Suite 130, Menlo Park, California 94025 to inform MAAC of his or her request; or

- If a bank, broker or other nominee holds the shares, the stockholder should contact the bank, broker or other nominee directly.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

MAAC files reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain such documents free of charge through the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). In addition, you can request such documents by writing to MAAC at the following address:

> Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130 Menlo Park, California 94025

MAAC has supplied all information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus relating to MAAC. Roivant has supplied all information contained in this document relating to Roivant. Information provided by MAAC or Roivant does not constitute any representation, estimate or projection of any other party. Information and statements contained in this proxy statement/prospectus or any annex to this proxy statement/prospectus are qualified in all respects by reference to the copy of the relevant contract or other annex filed as an exhibit to this proxy statement/prospectus.

If you would like additional copies of this proxy statement/prospectus or if you have questions about the Business Combination or the proposals to be presented at the MAAC Special Meeting, you should contact MAAC's proxy solicitation agent at the following address and telephone number:

Telephone

Email

If you are a MAAC stockholders and would like to request documents, please do so by , 2021, in order to receive them before the MAAC Special Meeting. If you request any documents from MAAC, MAAC or its proxy solicitation agent will mail them to you by first class mail, or another equally prompt means.

This document is a proxy statement/prospectus of MAAC for the MAAC Special Meeting. MAAC and Roivant have not authorized anyone to provide you with any information or make any representation about the Business Combination, MAAC or Roivant that is different from, or in addition to, that contained in this proxy statement/prospectus. Therefore, if anyone does give you information of this sort, you should not rely on it. The

information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus speaks only as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus unless the information specifically indicates that another date applies. Neither our mailing of this document to MAAC stockholders, nor the issuance of any securities by Roivant in connection with the Business Combination and the transactions related thereto, subsequent to that date will create any implication to the contrary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2020, the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Restatement of the 2020 Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2020 and for period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, have been restated.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020.

Houston, Texas

March 22, 2021 except for the effects of the restatement discussed in Note 2 and subsequent events discussed in Note 11 as to which the date is May 13, 2021

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2020 (Restated—See Note 2)

Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	1,696,491
Prepaid expenses		276,093
Due from underwriters		4,877
Total current assets		1,977,461
Cash and Marketable Securities held in Trust Account		410,803,411
Total Assets	\$	412,780,872
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	207,029
Accrued expenses		240,402
Accrued income tax		16,709
Franchise tax payable	_	88,583
Total current liabilities		552,723
Derivative warrant liability		49,097,230
Deferred underwriting commissions		14,375,138
Total liabilities	_	64,025,091
Commitments and Contingencies		
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 34,375,578 shares subject to possible redemption at \$10.00 per share		343,755,780
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding		_
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized; 6,696,245 shares issued and outstanding (excluding 34,375,578 shares subject to possible redemption)		670
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized; 10,267,956 shares issued and outstanding		1,027
Additional paid-in capital		15,772,622
Accumulated deficit		(10,774,318)
Total stockholders' equity		5,000,001
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	412,780,872

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Period From July 6, 2020 (Inception) Through December 31, 2020 (Restated—See Note 2)

General and administrative expenses	\$ 338,227
Administrative expenses—related party	28,065
Franchise tax expense	88,583
Loss from operations	(454,875)
Other Income:	
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liability	(3,587,890)
Financing costs—derivative warrant liability	(6,800,025)
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	79,568
Unrealized gain on marketable securities held in Trust Account	5,613
Net loss before taxes	\$ (10,757,609)
Income tax expense	16,709
Net loss	\$ (10,774,318)
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock subject to redemption, basic and diluted	34,386,548
Basic and diluted net income per share, common stock subject to redemption	\$ _
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock, basic and diluted	13,324,191
Basic and diluted net loss per share, common stock	\$ (0.81)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Period From July 6, 2020 (Inception) Through December 31, 2020 (Restated—See Note 2)

	Common Stock				Additional		Total
	Class A	<u> </u>	Class I	3	Paid-In	Accumulated	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance—July 6, 2020 (inception)	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	s —	s —	s —
Issuance of Class B common stock to initial							
stockholders	_		11,500,000	1,150	23,850	_	25,000
Sale of units in initial public offering, gross	41,071,823	4,107	_	—	380,526,333	_	380,530,440
Offering costs	_	_	—	_	(21,025,341)	_	(21,025,341)
Common stock subject to possible							
redemption	(34,375,578)	(3,437)	_	—	(343,752,343)	_	(343,755,780)
Forfeiture of Class B common stock	_	_	(1,232,044)	(123)	123	_	_
Net loss	_	—	_	_	—	(10,774,318)	(10,774,318)
Balance—December 31, 2020	6,696,245	\$ 670	10,267,956	\$1,027	\$ 15,772,622	\$(10,774,318)	\$ 5,000,001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Period From July 6, 2020 (Inception) Through December 31, 2020 (Restated—See Note 2)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$	(10,774,318)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		3,587,890
Financing cost—derivative warrant liabilities		6,800,025
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account		(79,568)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities held in Trust Account		(5,613)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses		(260,093)
Accounts payable		207,029
Accrued expenses		170,402
Accrued income tax		16,709
Franchise tax payable		88,583
Net cash used in operating activities		(248,954)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Cash deposited in Trust Account	(410,718,230)
Net cash used in investing activities	(410,718,230)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from note payable to related party		200,000
Repayment of note payable to related party		(200,000)
Proceeds received from initial public offering, gross		410,718,230
Proceeds received from private placement		10,214,366
Offering costs paid		(8,797,978)
Reimbursement of offering costs from underwriters		529,057
Net cash provided by financing activities		412,663,675
Net increase in cash		1,696,491
Cash—beginning of the period		
Cash—end of the period	\$	1,696,491
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:		
Forfeiture of Class B common stock	\$	123
Offering costs paid by Sponsor in exchange for issuance of Class B common stock	\$	9,000
Prepaid expenses paid by Sponsor in exchange for issuance of Class B common stock	\$	16,000
Offering costs included in accrued expenses	\$	70,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1—Description of Organization, Business Operations and Basis of Presentation

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp, (the "Company") is a blank check company incorporated in Delaware on July 6, 2020. The Company was formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the "Business Combination"). The Company is an emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with emerging growth companies.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020 relates to the Company's formation and the initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering") described below, and the search for a target for its initial Business Combination. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and cash equivalents from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering and placed in Trust Account (as defined below). The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal vear end.

The Company's sponsor is Patient Square Capital LLC (the "Sponsor"). The registration statement for the Company's Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 6, 2020. On October 9, 2020, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering of 40,000,000 units (the "Units") at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$400.0 million, and incurring offering costs of approximately \$22.1 million (net of reimbursement of offering costs of \$520,000 from the underwriters), inclusive of \$14.0 million in deferred underwriting commissions (Note 6). The underwriters exercised the over-allotment option in part and on November 12, 2020 purchased an additional 1,071,823 Units (the "Over-Allotment Units"), generating gross proceeds of approximately \$10.7 million, and incurred additional offering costs of approximately \$576,000 in underwriting fees (net of reimbursement of offering costs of approximately \$14,000 from the underwriters and inclusive of approximately \$375,000 in deferred underwriting fees) (the "Over-Allotment").

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the private placement ("Private Placement") of 10,000,000 warrants (each, a "Private Placement Warrant" and collectively, the "Private Placement Warrants") at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to the Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million (Note 5). Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the Company consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an additional 214,365 Private Placement Warrants by the Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$214,000.

Upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Over-Allotment, and the Private Placement, approximately \$410.7 million (\$10.00 per Unit) of the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and of the Private Placement Warrants in the Private Placement were placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") located in the United States with Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company acting as trustee, and invested only in U.S. "government securities," within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a) (16) of the Investment Company Act, which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination and (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account a described below.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to complete a Business Combination successfully. The Company must complete one or more initial Business Combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the net assets held in the Trust Account (as defined below) (excluding the amount of deferred underwriting discounts held in Trust and taxes payable on the income earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the agreement to enter

into the initial Business Combination. However, the Company only intends to complete a Business Combination if the post-transaction company owns or acquires 50% or more of the issued and outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act").

The Company will provide holders (the "Public Stockholders") of the Company's outstanding shares of Class A common stock sold in the Initial Public Offering (the "Public Shares") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a stockholder approval of a Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion. The Public Stockholders will be entitled to redeem their Public Shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then held in the Trust Account (initially anticipated to be \$10.00 per Public Share), calculated as of two business days prior to the initial Business Combination, including interest earned on the funds held in the trust account and not previously released to the Company to pay the Company's taxes, net of taxes payable. The per-share amount to be distributed to Public Stockholders who redeem their Public Shares will not be reduced by the deferred underwriting commissions the Company will pay to the underwriters (as discussed in Note 6). The Company will proceed with a Business Combination if a majority of the shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination. The Company will prevent the Fublic Shares in an amount that would cause is net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001. If a stockholder vote is not required by applicable law or stock exchange rule and the Company will offer to redeem their offer rules and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and file tender offer offer outcompany will pursuant to its ammended and restated certificate of incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation with a Proxy solicitation pursuant to the ferm y stockholder approval of the transaction is required by applicable law or stock exchange rules. Additionally, each Public Stockholder approval of the transaction is required by applicable

The Certificate of Incorporation will provide that a Public Stockholder, together with any affiliate of such stockholder or any other person with whom such stockholder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), will be restricted from redeeming its shares with respect to more than an aggregate of 15% or more of the Public Shares, without the prior consent of the Company. The Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors (the "initial stockholders") agreed, pursuant to a letter agreement with the Company, that they will not propose any amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation (A) to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with in initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the Public Shares if the Company does not complete a Business Combination activity, unless the Company provides the Public Stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest (which interest shall be net of taxes payable) divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares.

If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering, or October 9, 2022, (as such period may be extended pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, the "Combination Period"), the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of

winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining stockholders and the board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

The initial stockholders agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Founder Shares held by them if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the initial stockholders acquire Public Shares in or after the Initial Public Offering, they will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to such Public Shares if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. The underwriters agreed to waive their rights to the deferred underwriting commission (see Note 6) held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within in the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the other funds held in the Trust Account the available for distribution (including Trust Account assets) will be only or less than, \$10.00. In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Sponsor has agreed to be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party (except for the Company's independent registered public accounting firm) for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement (a "Target"), reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per Public Share and (ii) the actual amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account nor will it apply to any claims under the Company will be excurted a vaiver of any and all rights to the monies held in the Trust Account nor will it apply to any claims under the Company will not provided that such liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Moreover, in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, then the Sponsor will not be responsible to the Company will be the Company will seek to reduce the possibility th

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

As described in Note 2—Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements, the Company's financial statements for the period as of December 31, 2020, and the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020 (collectively, the "Affected Period"), are restated in this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) (this "Annual Report") to correct the misapplication of accounting guidance related to the Company's warrants in the Company's previously issued audited and unaudited condensed financial statements for such periods. The restated financial statements are indicated as "Restated" in the audited and unaudited condensed financial statements and accompanying notes, as applicable. See Note 2 —Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements for further discussion.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such an election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard.

This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company that is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company that has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had approximately \$1.7 million in its operating bank account and working capital of approximately \$1.5 million (not taking into account approximately \$105,000 of taxes that may be paid using interest income from the Trust Account).

The Company's liquidity needs prior to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering were satisfied through a payment of \$25,000 from the Sponsor to cover certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for the issuance of the Founder Shares (as defined below), the loan under the Note from the Sponsor of \$200,000 (see Note 5) to the Company. The Company folly repaid the Note on October 9, 2020. Subsequent to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, the Company's liquidity has been satisfied through the portion of the proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement held outside of the Trust Account. In addition, in order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, provide the Company Working Capital Loans.

Based on the foregoing, management believes that the Company will have sufficient working capital and borrowing capacity to meet its needs through the earlier of the consummation of a Business Combination or one year from this filing. Over this time period, the Company will be using these funds for paying existing accounts payable, identifying and evaluating prospective initial Business Combination candidates, performing due diligence on prospective target businesses, paying for travel expenditures, selecting the target business to merge with or acquire, and structuring, negotiating and consummating the Business Combination.

Risks and uncertainties

Management continues to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the industry and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus could have an effect on the Company's financial

position, results of its operations and/or search for a target company, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 2 — Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements

In May 2021, the Audit Committee of the Company, in consultation with management, concluded that, because of a misapplication of the accounting guidance related to its public and private placement warrants to purchase common stock that the Company issued in October 2020 (the "Warrants"), the Company's previously issued financial statements for the Affected Period should no longer be relied upon. As such, the Company is restating its financial statements for the Affected Period included in this Annual Report.

On April 12, 2021, the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC Staff') issued a public statement entitled "Staff Statement on Accounting and Reporting Considerations for Warrants issued by Special Purpose Acquisition Companies ("SPACS")" (the "Public Statement"). In the Public Statement, the SEC Staff expressed its view that certain terms and conditions common to SPAC warrants may require the warrants to be classified as liabilities on the SPAC's balance sheet and, based on our application of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging, Contracts in Entity's Own Equity ("ASC 815-40"), our statement of or parations within our warrant agreement, dated as of October 6, 2021 ("warrant agreement"), and our application of ASC 815-40 to the warrant agreement. Since issuance on October 9, 2020, the Company's warrants were accounted for as equity within the Company's previously reported balance sheets. After discussion and evaluation, including with the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and the Company's audit committee, management concluded that the warrants should be presented as liabilities with subsequent fair value or value remeasurement.

Therefore, the Company, in consultation with its Audit Committee, concluded that its previously issued Financial Statements as of December 31, 2020, and for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020 should be restated because of a reclassification of of our outstanding warrants to purchase common stock (the "Warrants") and, solely as a result of this material weakness, should no longer be relied upon.

Impact of the Restatement

The impact of the restatement on the balance sheets, statements of operations and statements of cash flows for the Affected Period is presented below. The restatement had no impact on net cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities.

	As Previously	As of December 31, 2020 As Previously Restatement Reported Adjustment	
Balance Sheet			As Restated
Total assets	\$412,780,872	s —	\$412,780,872
Liabilities and stockholders' equity			
Total current liabilities	\$ 552,723	\$ —	\$ 552,723
Deferred underwriting commissions	14,375,138	_	14,375,138
Derivative warrant liabilities		49,097,230	49,097,230
Total liabilities	14,927,861	49,097,230	64,025,091
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; shares subject to possible redemption	392,853,010	(49,097,230)	343,755,780
Stockholders' equity			
Preferred stock- \$0.0001 par value	—	—	_
Class A common stock—\$0.0001 par value	179	491	670
Class B common stock—\$0.0001 par value	1,027	—	1.027
Additional paid-in-capital	5,385,198	10,387,424	15,772,622
Accumulated deficit	(386,403)	(10,387,915)	(10,774,318)
Total stockholders' equity	5,000,001		5,000,001
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$412,780,872	\$ —	\$412,780,872

	Period From July 6, 2020 (Inception) Through December 31, 2020			
	As Previously Reported	Restatement Adjustment	As Restated	
Statement of Operations				
Loss from operations	\$ (454,875)	\$ —	\$ (454,875)	
Other (expense) income:				
Financing costs—derivative warrant liabilities	—	(6,800,025)	(6,800,025)	
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities	—	(3,587,890)	(3,587,890)	
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	79,568	—	79,568	
Unrealized gain on marketable securtities held in Trust Account	5,613	—	5,613	
Total other (expense) income	85,181	(10,387,915)	(10,302,734)	
Income tax expense	16,709	—	16,709	
Net loss	\$ (386,403)	\$(10,387,915)	\$(10,774,318)	
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock subject to redemption, basic and				
diluted	38,896,852	(4,510,304)	34.386,548	
Basic and diluted net loss per share, common stock subject to redemption	\$	\$ —	\$	
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock, basic and diluted	10,985,515	2,338,676	13,324,191	
Basic and diluted net loss per share, common stock	\$ (0.04)\$	(0.77)\$	(0.81)	

		December 31, 2020			
	As Previously Reported	Restatement Adjustment	As Restated		
Statement of Cash Flows					
Net cash used in operating activities	(248,954)	—	(248,954)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(410,718,230)	—	(410,718,230)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	412,663,675	—	412,663,675		
Net change in cash	\$ 1,696,491	\$ —	\$ 1,696,491		

In addition, the impact to the balance sheet dated October 9, 2020, filed on Form 8-K on October 16, 2020 related to the impact of accounting for the Public Warrants and Private Placement Warrants as liabilities at fair value resulted in a \$44.4 million increase to the derivative warrant liabilities line item at October 9, 2020 and offsetting decrease to the Class A common stock subject to possible redemption mezzanine equity line item. There was no change to total stockholders' equity at the reported balance sheet date.

Note 3—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Cash and Marketable Securities Held in Trust Account

The Company's portfolio of investments held in the Trust Account is comprised of cash and U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act. with a maturity of 185 days or less.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash accounts in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage limit of \$250,000. and any investments held in Trust Account. As of December 31, 2020. the Company had not experienced losses on these accounts and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such accounts. The Company's investments held in the Trust Account as of December 31, 2020 is comprised of investments in U.S. Treasury securities with an original maturity of 185 days or less.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid for transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value.

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own
 assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are
 unobservable.

In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheet, primarily due to their short-term nature.

The fair value of the Public Warrants (if not market observed) and Private Placement Warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattice in a riskneutral framework. The future stock price of the Company is modeled assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the Warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs.

Offering Costs Associated with the Initial Public Offering

Offering costs consisted of legal, accounting, underwriting fees and other costs incurred that were directly related to the Initial Public Offering. Offering costs are allocated to the separable financial instruments issued in the Initial Public Offering based on a relative fair value basis, compared to total proceeds received. Offering costs associated with warrant liabilities are expensed as incurred, presented as non-operating expenses in the statement of operations. Offering costs associated with the Public Shares were charged to stockholders' equity upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering.

Class A Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Shares of Class A common stock subject to mandatory redemption (if any) are classified as liability instruments and are measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable shares of Class A common stock (including shares of Class A common stock that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, shares of Class A common stock are classified as stockholders' equity. Shares of Class A common stock of the Company feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, as of December 31, 2020, 34,375,578 shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption were presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's balance sheet.

Derivative Warrant Liabilities

The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. The Company evaluates all of its financial instruments, including issued stock purchase warrants,

to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives, pursuant to ASC 480 and ASC 815-15. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period.

The Company issued 20,535,912 warrants in connection with the Initial Public Offering (the "Public Warrants") 10,214,365 warrants in a Private Placement (Me "Private Placement Warrants"). These warrants are recognized as derivative liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40. The excess of the fair value of the Private Placement Warrants or the proceeds received is recognized as a financing cost of the derivative liability. Accordingly, the Company recognizes the warrant instruments as liabilities at fair value and adjust the instruments to fair value at each reporting period. The liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in the Company's statement of operations. The fair value of the Public Warrants (if not market observed) and Private Placement Warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattrice in a risk-neutral framework. The future stock price of the Company is modeled assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the Warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the Warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs.

Income Taxes

The Company complies with the accounting and reporting requirements of FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes," which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

FASB ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense.

Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share." Net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The Company has not considered the effect of the warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering and Private Placement to purchase an aggregate of 30,750,277 shares of the Company's common stock in the calculation of diluted loss per share, since the exercise of the warrants are contingent upon the occurrence of future events and the inclusion of such warrants would be anti-dilutive.

The Company's statement of operations includes a presentation of income (loss) per common share for Class A common shares subject to possible redemption in a manner similar to the two-class method of income (loss) per common share. Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted, for Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is calculated by dividing the proportionate share of income or loss on marketable securities held by the Trust Account, net of applicable franchise and income taxes, by the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption outstanding since original issuance.

Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted, for non-redeemable common stock is calculated by dividing the net income (loss), adjusted for income or loss on marketable securities attributable to common stock

subject to possible redemption, by the weighted average number of non-redeemable common stock outstanding for the period.

Non-redeemable common stock includes Founder Shares and non-redeemable shares of Class A common stock as these shares do not have any redemption features. Non-redeemable common stock participates in the income or loss on marketable securities based on non-redeemable shares' proportionate interest.

The following table reflects the calculation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share:

	fr (i	r the Period om July 6, 2020 inception) through ccember 31, 2020
Class A Common stock subject to possible redemption Numerator: Earnings allocable to Common stock subject to possible redemption		
Income from investments held in trust Account	¢	71 200
	\$	71,296
Less: Company's portion available to be withdrawn to pay taxes	\$	(71,296)
Net income attributable	\$	
Denominator: Weighted average Class A common stock subject to possible redemption		
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	1	34,386,548
Basic and diluted net income per share	\$	_
Non-Redeemable Common Stock		
Numerator: Net Loss minus Net Earnings		
Net loss	\$ (10,774,318)
Net income allocable to Class A common stock subject to possible redemption		
Non-redeemable net loss	\$ (10,774,318)
Denominator: weighted average Non-redeemable common stock		
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, Non-redeemable common stock		13,324,191
Basic and diluted net loss per share, Non-redeemable common stock	\$	(0.81)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncement if currently adopted would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Note 4—Initial Public Offering

On October 9, 2020, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering of 40,000,000 Units at \$ 10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$400.0 million, and incurring offering costs of approximately \$22.1 million (net of reimbursement of offering costs of \$520,000 from the underwriters), inclusive of \$14.0 million in deferred underwriting commissions. The Underwriters exercised the over-allotment option in part and on November 12, 2020 purchased an additional 1,071,823 Over-Allotment Units, generating gross proceeds of approximately \$10.7 million, and incurred additional offering costs of approximately \$370,000 in underwriting fees (net of reimbursement of offering costs of approximately \$14,000 from the underwriters and inclusive of approximately \$375,000 in deferred underwriting fees).

Each Unit consists of one share of Class A common stock, and one-half of one redeemable warrant (each, a "Public Warrant"). Each whole Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$ 11.50 per share, subject to adjustment (see Note 7).

Note 5—Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

On July 23, 2020, an affiliate of the Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for issuance of 14,375,000 shares of the Company's Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Founder Shares"), with such shares subsequently transferred to the Sponsor. On October 6, 2020, the Sponsor surrendered 2,875,000 shares of Class B common stock to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the Founder Shares from 14,375,000 shares to 11,500,000 shares. All shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrendere. The initial stockholders agreed to forfeit up to 1,500,000 Founder Shares to the extent that the overallotment option was not exercised in full by the underwriters, so that the Founder Shares will represent 20.0% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock after the Initial Public Offering. The underwriters partially exercised their over-allotment option in part on November 12, 2020; and the remaining over-allotment expired unexercised on November 20, 2020 resulting in the forfeiture of 1,232,044 share of Class B common stock. At December 31, 2020, there were 10,267,956 shares of Class B common stock outstanding, none subject to forfeiture.

The Initial Stockholders agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of the initial Business Combination or (B) subsequent to the initial Business Combination; (x) if the last reported sale price of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the initial Business Combination; or (y) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or other similar transaction that results in all of the stockholders having the right to exchange their common stock for cash, securities or other property.

Private Placement Warrants

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the Private Placement of 10,000,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to the Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million. Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the Company consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an aggregate of an additional 214,365 Private Placement Warrants by the Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$214,000. The excess of fair value of the Private Placement Warrants of \$5.1 million has been recognized as financing costs—derivative warrant liabilities.

Each whole Private Placement Warrant is exercisable for one whole share of Class A common stock at a price of \$ 11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants to the Sponsor was added to the proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Private Placement Warrants will expire worthless. The Private Placement Warrants will be non-redeemable for cash (except as described below) and exercisable on a cashless basis so long as they are held by the Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

The Sponsor agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell the Private Placement Warrants until 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination.

Related Party Loans

On July 23, 2020, the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to the Initial Public Offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). This loan was non-interest bearing and payable upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering. The Company borrowed \$200,000 under the Note and fully repaid on October 9, 2020.



In addition, in order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). If the Company completes a Business Combination, the Company may repay the Working Capital Loans out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans could be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account or pay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. The Working Capital Loans would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination entity at a price of \$1.00 per warrants. The warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. Except for the foregoing, the terms of such Working Capital Loans, up to exe do no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had no borrowings under the Working Capital Loans.

Administrative Services Agreement

Commencing October 7, 2020 through the earlier of consummation of the initial Business Combination and the liquidation, the Company has agreed to pay the Sponsor a total of \$10,000 per month for office space, utilities, secretarial and administrative support services. The Company incurred and paid \$28,065 for such services for the period from October 7, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

Note 6—Commitments and Contingencies

Registration Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans (and any Class A common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans) are entitled to registration rights pursuant to the registration rights agreement. The holders of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company registers such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the completion of the initial Business Combination. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriters were entitled to an underwriting discount of \$0.20 per unit, or \$8.0 million in the aggregate, paid upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. In addition, \$0.35 per unit, or \$14.0 million in the aggregate will be payable to the underwriters for deferred underwriting commissions. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement. The underwriters agreed to make a payment to the Company in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the Initial Public Offering, or \$520,000, to reimburse certain of offering expenses. The Company received such reimbursement on October 27, 2020.

Upon closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the underwriters received approximately \$214,000 in fees paid upfront and eligible for an additional deferred underwriting commissions of approximately \$375,000. In addition, the underwriters agreed to make an addition payment to the Company in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the Over-allotment, or approximately \$14,000, to reimburse certain of offering expenses. As of December 31, 2020, approximately \$5,000 remained unpaid.

Note 7—Derivative Warrant Liabilities

Public Warrants may only be exercised for a whole number of shares. No fractional Public Warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole Public Warrants will trade. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) 30 days after the completion of a Business Combination and (b) 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering; provided in each case that the Company has an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus relating to them is available and such shares are registered, qualified or exempt from registration under the securities, or blue sky, laws of the state of residence of the holder (or holders are permitted to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis under the closing of the initial Business Combination or (ii) a notice of redemption described below under "Redemption of warrants when the price per Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$10.00"). If and when the warrants become redeemable by the Company, the Company may exercise its redemption right even if the Company is unable to register or qualify the underlying securities for sale under all applicable state securities laws.

The Company is not registering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants at this time. However, the Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than twenty business days after the closing of the initial Business Combination, the Company will use its commercially reasonable efforts to file with the SEC and have an effective registration statement covering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and to maintain a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock until the warrants expire or are redeemed. If a registration statement covering the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not effective by the 60th business day after the closing of the initial Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a) (9) of the Securities Act or another exemption.

The warrants will have an exercise price of \$ 11.50 per share and will expire five years after the completion of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation. If (x) the Company issues additional shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of the initial Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of Class A common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price or of the Company and, (i) in the case of any such issuance to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance, and (ii) to the extent that such issuance is made to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance, and (ii) to the extent that such issuance is made to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, be Company) by the Sponsor in connection with such issuance) (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the initial Business Combination on the date of the completion of the initial Business Combination on the tare of the camption of the 20 trading day prior to the day on which the Company completes its initial Business Combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 100% and 180% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price, and the \$10.00 and \$18.00 per share redemption tigger prices described un

The Private Placement Warrants will be identical to the Public Warrants, except that the Private Placement Warrants (including the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the Private Placement Warrants) will

not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination and they will not be redeemable by the Company so long as they are held by the Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00.

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants for cash (except as described herein with respect to the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption; and
- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of Class A common stock for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders (the "Reference Value") equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like.

However, in this case, the Company will not redeem the warrants unless an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is effective and a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock is available throughout the 30-day redemption period. Any such exercise would not be on a "cashless" basis and would require the exercising warrant holder to pay the exercise price for each warrant being exercised.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$10.00.

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants (except as described herein with respect to the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption provided that holders will be able to exercise their
 warrants on a cashless basis prior to redemption and receive that number of shares determined by reference to an agreed table based on the
 redemption date and the "fair market value" of the Shares of Class A common stock; and
- if, and only if, the Reference Value equals or exceeds \$10.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, rights issuances, subdivisions, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like); and
- if the Reference Value is less than \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, rights issuances, subdivisions, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like), the Private Placement Warrants must also concurrently be called for redemption on the same terms (except as described herein with respect to a holder's ability to cashless exercise its warrants) as the outstanding Public Warrants, as described above.

The "fair market value" of Class A common stock shall mean the volume-weighted average price of Class A common stock for the 10 trading days immediately following the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of warrants. In no event will the warrants be exercisable in connection with this redemption feature for more than 0.361 shares of Class A common stock per warrant (subject to adjustment).

In no event will the Company be required to net cash settle any warrant. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

Note 8—Stockholders' Equity

Class A Common Stock—The Company is authorized to issue 400,000,000 shares of Class A common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of December 31, 2020, there were 41,071,823 shares of Class A common stock outstanding, including 34,375,578 shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption that were classified as temporary equity in the accompanying balance sheet.

Class B Common Stock—The Company is authorized to issue 40,000,000 shares of Class B common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. On July 23, 2020, an affiliate of the Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for issuance of 14,375,000 shares of Class B common stock, with such shares subsequently transferred to the Sponsor. On October 6, 2020, the Sponsor surrendered 2,875,000 shares of Class B common stock to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the outstanding Class B common stock from 14,375,000 shares to 11,500,000 shares. All shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrender. Of these, an aggregate of up to 1,500,000 shares of Class B common stock that are subject to forfeiture to the Company by the initial stockholders for no consideration to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part, so that the number of Founder Shares will equal 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock fare the Initial Public Offering. The underwriters partially exercised their overallotment option on November 12, 2020, and the remaining over-allotment expired unexercised on November 20, 2020 resulting in the forfeiture of 1,232,044 Class B common stares. As of December 31, 2020, 10,267,956 shares of Class B common stock were outstanding with no shares subject to forfeiture.

Stockholders of record are entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters to be voted on by stockholders. Holders of our Class A common stock and holders of our Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders except as required by law.

The Class B common stock will automatically convert into Class A common stock on the first business day following the completion of the initial Business Combination at a ratio such that the number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of all Founder Shares will equal, in the aggregate, on an as-converted basis, 20% of the sum of (i) the total number of shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding upon completion of the Initial Public Offering, plus (ii) the sum of (a) the total number of shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding upon completion of the Initial Public Offering, plus (ii) the sum of (a) the total number of shares of Class A common stock issued or deemed issued or issuable upon conversion or exercise of any equity-linked securities or rights issued or deemed issued, by the Company in connection with or in relation to the completion of the initial Business Combination, excluding any shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities exercisable for or convertible into shares of Class A common stock issued, or to be issued, to any seller in the initial Business Combination and any Private Placement Warrants issued to the Sponsor upon conversion of Working Capital Loans, minus (b) the number of Public Shares redeemed by Public Stockholders in connection with the initial Business Combination. In no event will the shares of Class B common stock convert into shares of Class A common stock at a rate of less than one to one.

Preferred Stock—The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Company's board of directors. As of December 31, 2020, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Note 9—Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents information about the Company's assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2020 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques that the Company utilized to determine such fair value.

Description Assets:	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Observ	cant Other able Inputs evel 2)	Unob	nificant Other servable Inputs (Level 3)
Cash and Marketable Securities held in Trust Accounting:					
U.S. Treasury securities maturing on April 8, 2021	\$410,803,122	\$	_	\$	_
Cash	\$ 289		—		_
	\$410,803,411	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities:					
Derivative warrant liabilities	\$ 32,652,100	\$	_	\$	16,445,130

Transfers to/from Levels 1. 2. and 3 are recognized at the end of the reporting period. The estimated fair value of the Public Warrants transferred from a Level 3 measurement to a Level 1 fair value measurement as of December 2020 as the Public Warrants were separately listed and traded beginning in November 2020. The amount transferred to Level 1 was \$30.2 million.

Level 1 instruments include investments in mutual funds invested in government securities. The Company uses inputs such as actual trade data, benchmark yields, quoted market prices from dealers or brokers, and other similar sources to determine the fair value of its investments.

The fair value of the Public Warrants (if not market observed) and Private Placement Warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattice in a riskneutral framework. Specifically, the future stock price of the Company is modeled assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the Warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the Warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs.

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements inputs at their measurement dates:

	As of October 9, 2020
Volatility	22.5%
Expected date of Business Combination	Mar-21
Risk-free rate	0.39%
Dividend yield	0.0%

The change in the fair value of the derivative warrant liabilities for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020 is summarized as follows:

Derivative warrant liabilities at July 6, 2020 (inception)	\$	—
Issuance of Public and Private Placement Warrants	45,50	9,340
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities	3,58	87,890
Derivative warrant liabilities at December 31, 2020	\$ 49,09	7,230

Note 10—Income Taxes

The Company does not currently have taxable income but will generate taxable income in the future primarily consisting of interest income earned on the Trust Account. The Company's general and administrative costs are generally considered start-up costs and are not currently deductible. The income tax provision (benefit) consists of the following:

	For the Period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020
Current	_
Federal	\$ 16,709
State	—
Deferred	
Federal	94,345
State	
Valuation on allowance	(94,345)
Income tax provision	\$ 16,709

The Company's net deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Dee	cember 31, 2020
Deferred tax assets:		
Start-up/Organization costs	\$	95,524
Total deferred tax assets		95,524
Valuation allowance		(94,345)
Deferred tax asset, net of allowance	\$	1,179
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Unrealized gain on marketable securities held in the Trust Account	\$	(1,179)
Total deferred tax liabilities		(1,179)
Net Deferred tax assets/(liabilities), net of valuation allowance	\$	_

In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which temporary differences representing net future deductible amounts become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax assets, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. After consideration of all of the information available, management believes that significant uncertainty exists with respect to future realization of the deferred tax assets and has therefore established a full valuation allowance.

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate (benefit) to the Company's effective tax rate (benefit) is as follows:

	For the Period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020
Statutory Federal income tax rate	21.0%
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities	(7.0)
Financing Cost	(13.3)
Change in Valuation Allowance	(0.9)%
Income Taxes Benefit	(0.2)%

There were no unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2020. No amounts were accrued for the payment of interest and penalties as of December 31, 2020. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position. The Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities since inception. The Company's management does not expect that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will materially change over the next twelve months.

Note 11—Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events to determine if events or transactions occurring through March 22, 2021, the date the financial statements were available for issuance, require potential adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements and has concluded that all such events that would require recognition or disclosure have been recognized or disclosed.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2021 AND DECEMBER 31, 2020

BALANCE SHEET

	March 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2020
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 1,463,385	\$ 1,696,491
Prepaid expenses	236,522	276,093
Due from underwriters		4,877
Total current assets	1,699,907	1,977,461
Cash and Marketable Securities held in Trust Account	410,790,995	410,803,411
Total Assets	\$ 412,490,902	\$ 412,780,872
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 113,460	\$ 207,029
Accrued expenses	4,020,875	240,402
Accrued income tax	19,504	16,709
Franchise tax payable	49,315	88,583
Total current liabilities	4,203,154	552,723
Derivative warrant liabilities	26,137,730	49,097,230
Deferred underwriting commissions	14,375,138	14,375,138
Total liabilities	44,716,022	64,025,091
Commitments and Contingencies		
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 36,277,487 and 34,375,578 shares subject to possible redemption at \$10.00 per share as of March 31, 2021 and December 31,2020, respectively	362,774,870	343,755,780
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	_	_
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized; 4,794,336 and 6,696,245 shares issued and outstanding (excluding 36,277,487 and 34,375,578 shares subject to possible redemption) as of		
March 31, 2021 and December 31,2020, respectively	479	670
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized; 10,267,956 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2021 and December, 2020	1,027	1,027
Additional paid-in capital	—	15,772,622
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	4,998,504	(10,774,318)
Total stockholders' equity	5,000,010	5,000,001
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 412,490,902	\$ 412,780,872

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

General and administrative expenses	\$ 3,934,458
Administrative expenses—related party	30,000
Franchise tax expense	49,315
Loss from operations	(4,013,773)
Other income (expense):	
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities	22,959,500
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	92,877
Net income before taxes	19,038,604
Income tax expense	19,504
Net income	\$ 19,019,100
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock subject to redemption, basic and diluted	34,396,710
Basic and diluted net income per share, common stock subject to redemption	\$ 0.00
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock, basic and diluted	16,943,069
Basic and diluted net income per share, common stock	\$ 1.12

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

		Commo						Total
	Class / Shares	A Amount	Class Shares	B Amount	Ad	lditional Paid-In Capital	tained Earnings umulated Deficit)	Stockholders' Equity
Balance—December 31, 2020	6,696,245	\$ 670	10,267,956	\$1,027	\$	15,772,622	\$ (10,774,318)	\$ 5,000,001
Class A common stock subject to possible								
redemption	(1,901,909)	(191)				(15,772,622)	(3,246,278)	(19,019,091)
Net income	_	_	_	—		_	19,019,100	19,019,100
Balance—March 31, 2021 (unaudited)	4,794,336	\$ 479	10,267,956	\$1,027	\$	0	\$ 4,998,504	\$ 5,000,010

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net income	\$ 19,019,100
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	(92,877)
Change in FV of derivative warrant liabilities	(22,959,500)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid expenses	39,571
Accounts payable	(93,569)
Accrued expenses	3,780,473
Accrued income tax	2,795
Franchise tax payable	66,024
Net cash used in operating activities	(237,983)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Reimbursement of offering costs from underwriters	4,877
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,877
Net decrease in cash	(233,106)
Cash—beginning of the period	1,696,491
Cash—end of the period	\$ 1,463,385
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:	
Change in Value of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ 19,019,091

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

Note 1—Description of Organization, Business Operations and Basis of Presentation

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on July 6, 2020. The Company was formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the "Business Combination"). The Company is an emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with emerging growth companies.

As of March 31, 2021, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through March 31, 2021 relates to the Company's formation and the preparation for the initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering") described below. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and cash equivalents from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The Company's sponsor is Patient Square Capital LLC (the "Sponsor"). The registration statement for the Company's Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 6, 2020. On October 9, 2020, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering of 40,000,000 units (the "Units") at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$400.0 million, and incurring offering costs of approximately \$22.1 million (net of reimbursement of offering costs of \$520,000 from the underwriters), inclusive of \$14.0 million in deferred underwriting commissions (Note 5). The underwriters exercised the over-allotment option in full and on November 12, 2020 purchased an additional 1,071,823 Units (the "Over-Allotment Units"), generating gross proceeds of approximately \$10.7 million, and incurred additional offering costs of approximately \$576,000 in underwriting fees (net of reimbursement of offering costs of approximately \$14,000 from the underwriters and inclusive of approximately \$375,000 in deferred underwriting fees) (the "Over-Allotment").

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the private placement ("Private Placement") of 10,000,000 warrants (each, a "Private Placement Warrant" and collectively, the "Private Placement Warrants") at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to the Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million (Note 4). Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the Company consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an aggregate of an additional 214,365 Private Placement Warrants by the Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$214,000.

Upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Over-Allotment, and the Private Placement, approximately \$410.7 million (\$10.00 per Unit) of the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and of the Private Placement Warrants in the Private Placement were placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") located in the United States with Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company acting as trustee, and invested only in U.S. "government securities," within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 185 days or less, or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act, which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination and (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account as described below.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to complete a Business Combination successfully. The Company must complete an initial Business Combination with one or more operating businesses or assets with a fair market

value equal to at least 80% of the net assets held in the Trust Account (as defined below) (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on the interest earned on the Trust Account). However, the Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-transaction company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target business sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act").

The Company will provide holders (the "Public Stockholders") of the Company's outstanding shares of Class A common stock sold in the Initial Public Offering (the "Public Shares") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion. The Public Stockholders will be entitled to redeem their Public Shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then held in the Trust Account (initially anticipated to be \$10.00 per Public Share), calculated as of two business days prior to the initial Business Combination, including interest earned on the funds held in the trust account and not previously released to the Company to pay the Company's taxes, net of taxes payable. The per-share amount to be distributed to Public Stockholders who redeem their Public Shares will not be reduced by the deferred underwriting commissions the Company will pay to the underwriters (as discussed in Note 5). The Company will proceed with a Business Combination if a majority of the shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination. The Company will not redeem the Public Shares in an amount that would cause its net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001. If a stockholder vote is not required by applicable law or stock exchange rule and the Company does not decide to hold a stockholder vote for business or other reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its amended and restated certificate of incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation"), conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and file tender offer documents with the SEC prior to completing a Business Combination. If, however, stockholder approval of the transaction is required by applicable law or stock exchange rule, or the Company decides to obtain stockholder approval for business or reasons, the Company will offer to redeem shares in conjunction with a proxy solicitation pursuant to the proxy rules and not pursuant to the tender offer rules. Additionally, each Public Stockholder may elect to redeem their Public Shares without voting, and if they do vote, irrespective of whether they vote for or against the proposed transaction. If the Company seeks stockholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the initial stockholders (as defined below) agreed to vote any Founder Shares (as defined below in Note 4) and any Public Shares held by them in favor of a Business Combination. In addition, the initial stockholders agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to any Founder Shares and any Public Shares held by them in connection with the completion of a Business Combination

The Certificate of Incorporation will provide that a Public Stockholder, together with any affiliate of such stockholder or any other person with whom such stockholder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), will be restricted from redeeming its shares with respect to more than an aggregate of 15% or more of the Public Shares, without the prior consent of the Company. The Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors (the "initial stockholders") agreed, pursuant to a letter agreement with the Company, that they will not propose any amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation (A) to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with the initial Business Combination within the Combination Period (as defined below) or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to stockholders' rights or pre-initial Business Combination activity, unless the Company provides the Public Stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest (which interest shall be net of taxes payable) divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares.

F-30 MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within 24 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering, or October 9, 2022, (as such period may be extended pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, the "Combination Period"), the Company will (i) case all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account including therest to apy dissolution expenses), divided by the number of the then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law; and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining stockholders and the board of directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case, to the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

The initial stockholders agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Founder Shares held by them if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the initial stockholders acquire Public Shares in or after the Initial Public Offering, they will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to such Public Shares if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. The underwriters agreed to waive their rights to the deferred underwriting commission (see Note 5) held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within in the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the other funds held in the Trust Account that will be available for distribution (including Trust Account assets) will be only, or less than, \$10.00. In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Sponsor has agreed to be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party (except for the Company's independent registered public accounting firm) for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement (a "Target"), reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (i) \$10.00 per Public Share and (ii) the actual amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.00 per Public Share due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, less taxes payable, provided that such liability will not apply to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriters of the Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1333, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Moreover, in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be u

Proposed Business Combination

On May 1, 2021, we entered into a business combination agreement (the "Business Combination Agreement") with Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company ("Roivant"), and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub").

The Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (collectively, the "*Transaction*") were approved by the boards of directors of each of MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub, the requisite shareholders of Roivant and Roivant in its capacity as the sole stockholder of Merger Sub.

F-31 MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, the following transactions: (i) Roivant's bye-laws will be amended and restated, each outstanding share of Roivant will be subdivided (and in the case of certain non-voting shares of Roivant, converted) into common shares of Roivant (the "*Roivant Exchange Ratio*"), and each outstanding equity award of Roivant till be subdivided and adjusted into comparable equity awards of Roivant, based on the Roivant Exchange Ratio (the steps contemplated by this clause (i), collectively, the "*Pre-Closing Steps*"); and (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roivant (the "*Merger*"). At the effective time of the Merger (the "*Effective Time*"), (a) each outstanding share of MAAC Class A common stock and MAAC Class B common stock (other than treasury shares and any shares held by Patient Square Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "*MAAC Sponsor*"), or its affiliates) will be exchanged for one Roivant Common Share, (b) each outstanding share of MAAC Class B common stock AdAC Sponsor or its affiliates will be exchanged for a number of Roivant Common Shares based on an exchange ratio (the "MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio"), with a portion of such Roivant Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor by virtue of the Merger being subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as more fully described in the section entitled "Sponsor Support Agreement" below), and (c) each outstanding warrant to purchase shares of MAAC Class A common stock will be converted into a comparable warrant to purchase Roivant Common Shares forth in the Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and between MAAC and the Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company. The MAAC Sponsor Exchange Ratio is 1.0, subject to reduction in an amount equal to one-half of the percentage of shares of mAAAC Class A common stock redeemed in connection with the Business

The Transaction is expected to close (the "Closing") in the third quarter of 2021, subject to the required approvals by MAAC's stockholders and the fulfillment of other closing conditions.

Refer to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on May 01, 2021, for more information.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2021, the Company had approximately \$1,463,000 cash and a working capital deficit of approximately \$2,434,000.

The Company's liquidity needs prior to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering were satisfied through a payment of \$25,000 from the Sponsor to cover certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for the issuance of the Founder Shares (as defined below), the loan under the Note from the Sponsor of \$200,000 (see Note 4) to the Company. The Company fully repaid the Note on October 9, 2020. Subsequent to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, the Company's liquidity has been satisfied through the portion of the proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement held outside of the Trust Account. In addition, in order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, provide the Company Working Capital Loans.

In connection with our assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with ASU 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern," as of March 31, 2021, we do not have sufficient liquidity to meet our obligations in the next twelve months. However, management has determined that we have access to funds from the Sponsor that are sufficient to fund our working capital needs until the earlier of the consummation of an Business Combination or a minimum one year from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

F-32 MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Management continues to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and has concluded that the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair statement of the balances and results for the period presented. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected through December 31, 2021.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a anohinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such an election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard.

This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company that is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company that has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash accounts in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage limit of \$250,000. At March 31, 2021, the Company has not experienced losses on these accounts and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such accounts.

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Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents as of March 31, 2021.

Cash and Marketable Securities Held in Trust Account

The Company's portfolio of investments held in the Trust Account is comprised of cash and U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 185 days or less.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid for transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value.

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such
 as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheet, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Offering Costs Associated with the Initial Public Offering

Offering costs consisted of legal, accounting, underwriting fees and other costs incurred that were directly related to the Initial Public Offering. Offering costs are allocated to the separable financial instruments issued in the Initial Public Offering based on a relative fair value basis, compared to total proceeds received. Offering costs

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associated with warrant liabilities are expensed as incurred, presented as non-operating expenses in the statement of operations. Offering costs associated with the Public Shares were charged to stockholders' equity upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering.

Class A Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Shares of Class A common stock subject to mandatory redemption (if any) are classified as liability instruments and are measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable shares of Class A common stock (including shares of Class A common stock that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, shares of Class A common stock are classified as stockholders' equity. Shares of Class A common stock of the Company feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2021, 36,277,487 shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption were presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's balance sheet.

Net Income Per Common Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share." Net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The Company has not considered the effect of the warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering and Private Placement to purchase an aggregate of 30,750,277 shares of the Company's common stock in the calculation of diluted income per share, since the exercise of the warrants are contingent upon the occurrence of future events and the inclusion of such warrants would be anti-dilutive.

The Company's statement of operations includes a presentation of income (loss) per common share for Class A common shares subject to possible redemption in a manner similar to the two-class method of income (loss) per common share. Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted, for Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is calculated by dividing the proportionate share of income or loss on marketable securities held by the Trust Account, net of applicable franchise and income taxes, by the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption outstanding since original issuance.

Net income per common share, basic and diluted, for non-redeemable common stock is calculated by dividing the net income, adjusted for income or loss on marketable securities attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption, by the weighted average number of non-redeemable common stock outstanding for the period.

Non-redeemable common stock includes Founder Shares and non-redeemable shares of Class A common stock as these shares do not have any redemption features. Non-redeemable common stock participates in the income or loss on marketable securities based on non-redeemable shares' proportionate interest.



The following table reflects the calculation of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021
Class A Common stock subject to possible redemption	
Numerator: Earnings allocable to Common stock subject to possible redemption	¢ 00.000
Income from investments held in Trust Account	\$ 82,038
Less: Company's portion available to be withdrawn to pay taxes	(60,788)
Net income attributable	\$ 21,250
Denominator: Weighted average Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	34,396,710
Basic and diluted net income per share	\$ 0.00
Non-Redeemable Common Stock	
Numerator: Net Loss minus Net Earnings	
Net gain	\$ 19,019,100
Less: Net income allocable to Class A common stock subject to possible	
redemption	(21,250)
Non-redeemable net gain	\$ 18,997,850
5	\$ 10,007,000
Denominator: weighted average Non-redeemable common stock	
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, Non-redeemable	
common stock	16,943,069
Basic and diluted net income per share, Non-redeemable common stock	\$ 1.12

Income Taxes

The Company complies with the accounting and reporting requirements of FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes," which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

FASB ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense.

Derivative warrant liabilities

The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. The Company evaluates all of its financial instruments, including issued stock purchase warrants, to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives, pursuant to ASC 480 and ASC 815-15. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period.

The Company accounts for its 30,750,277 warrants issued in connection with its Initial Public Offering (20,535,912) and Private Placement (10,214,365) as derivative warrant liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40. Accordingly, the Company recognizes the warrant instruments as liabilities at fair value and adjusts the instruments to fair value at each reporting period. The liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in the Company's statement of operations. The fair value of the Public Warrants (if not market observed) and Private Placement Warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattice in a risk-neutral framework. Specifically, the future stock price of the Company is modeled assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the Warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the Warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs.

Recent Issued Accounting Standards

The Company's management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards updates, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statement.

Note 3—Initial Public Offering

On October 9, 2020, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering of 40,000,000 Units at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$40.00 million, and incurring offering costs of approximately \$22.1 million (net of reimbursement of offering costs of \$520,000 from the underwriters), inclusive of \$14.0 million in deferred underwriting commissions. The Underwriters exercised the over-allotment option in full and on November 12, 2020 purchased an additional 1,071,823 Over-Allotment Units, generating gross proceeds of approximately \$10.7 million, and incurred additional offering costs of approximately \$576,000 in underwriting fees (net of reimbursement of offering costs of approximately \$14,000 from the underwriters and inclusive of approximately \$375,000 in deferred underwriting fees).

Each Unit consists of one share of Class A common stock, and one-half of one redeemable warrant (each, a "Public Warrant"). Each whole Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment (see Note 6).

Note 4—Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

On July 23, 2020, an affiliate of the Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for issuance of 14,375,000 shares of the Company's Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Founder Shares"), with such shares subsequently transferred to the Sponsor. On October 6, 2020, the Sponsor surrendered 2,875,000 shares of Class B common stock to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the Founder Shares from 14,375,000 shares to 11,500,000 shares. All

shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrender. The initial stockholders agreed to forfeit up to 1,500,000 Founder Shares to the extent that the over-allotment option is not exercised in full by the underwriters, so that the Founder Shares will represent 20.0% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock after the Initial Public Offering. The underwriters exercised their Over-Allotment option in part on November 12, 2020; and the remaining over-allotment expired unexercised on November 20, 2020 resulting in a forfeiture of 1,232,044 shares of Class B common stock.

The Initial Stockholders agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of the initial Business Combination or (B) subsequent to the initial Business Combination; (x) if the last reported sale price of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the initial Business Combination; or (y) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or other similar transaction that results in all of the stockholders having the right to exchange their common stock for cash, securities or other property.

Private Placement Warrants

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the Private Placement of 10,000,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to the Sponsor, generating proceeds of \$10.0 million. Simultaneously with the closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the Company consummated the second closing of the Private Placement, resulting in the purchase of an aggregate of an additional 214,365 Private Placement Warrants by the Sponsor, generating gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$214,000.

Each whole Private Placement Warrant is exercisable for one whole share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants to the Sponsor was added to the proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Private Placement Warrants will expire worthless. The Private Placement Warrants will be non-redeemable for cash (except as described below) and exercisable on a cashless basis so long as they are held by the Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

The Sponsor agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell the Private Placement Warrants until 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination.

Related Party Loans

On July 23, 2020, the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to the Initial Public Offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). This loan was non-interest bearing and payable upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering. As of September 30, 2020, the Company borrowed \$200,000 under the Note. The Note was fully repaid on October 9, 2020.

In addition, in order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). If the Company completes a Business Combination, the Company may repay the Working Capital Loans out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans could be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account. In the event that a Business Combination does not close,

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the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. The Working Capital Loans would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of such Working Capital Loans may be convertible into warrants of the post Business Combination entity at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. Except for the foregoing, the terms of such Working Capital Loans, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. To date, the Company had no borrowings under the Working Capital Loans.

Administrative Services Agreement

The Company entered into an agreement that will provide that, commencing on October 7, 2020 through the earlier of consummation of the Business Combination and the liquidation, the Company will pay an affiliate of the Sponsor \$10,000 per month for office space and administrative support services. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company incurred approximately \$30,000 within General and administrative expenses – related party. As of March 31, 2021 there was \$0 in accounts payable – related party outstanding, as reflected in the accompanying unaudited condensed balance sheets.

Note 5—Commitments & Contingencies

Registration and Stockholder Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans (and any Class A common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans) are entitled to registration rights pursuant to the registration rights agreement. The holders of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company registers such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the completion of the Business Combination. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriters were entitled to an underwriting discount of \$0.20 per unit, or \$8.0 million in the aggregate, paid upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. In addition, \$0.35 per unit, or \$14.0 million in the aggregate will be payable to the underwriters for deferred underwriting commissions. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement. The underwriters agreed to make a payment to the Company in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the Initial Public Offering, or \$520,000, to reimburse certain of offering expenses. The Company received such reimbursement on October 27, 2020.

Upon closing of the Over-allotment on November 12, 2020, the underwriters received approximately \$214,000 in fees paid upfront and eligible for an additional deferred underwriting commissions of approximately \$375,000. In addition, the underwriters agreed to make an addition payment to the Company in an amount of 0.13% of the gross proceeds of the Over-allotment, or approximately \$14,000, to reimburse certain of offering expenses. As of March 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance.



Note 6-Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock—The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Company's board of directors. As of March 31, 2021, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Class A Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 400,000,000 shares of Class A common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of March 31, 2021, there were 41,071,823 shares of Class A common stock outstanding, including 36,277,487 shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption that were classified as temporary equity in the accompanying balance sheet.

Class B Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 40,000,000 shares of Class B common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. On July 23, 2020, an affiliate of the Sponsor paid an aggregate of \$25,000 for certain expenses on behalf of the Company in exchange for issuance of 14,375,000 shares of Class B common stock, with such shares subsequently transferred to the Sponsor. On October 6, 2020, the Sponsor surrendered 2,875,000 shares of Class B common stock to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the outstanding Class B common stock to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease of the outstanding Class B common stock to the Company for no exordievation and subsequently transferred to the Company by the initial stockholders for no consideration to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment option is no texercised in full or in part, so that the number of Founder Shares will equal 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of class B common stock after the Initial Public Offering. The underwriters' partially exercised their over-allotment option is no November 12, 2020, and the remaining over-allotment expired unexercised on November 20, 2020 resulting in the forfeiture of 1,232,044 Class B common shares. As of March 31, 2021, 10,267,956 shares of Class B common stock were outstanding with no shares subject to forfeiture.

Stockholders of record are entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters to be voted on by stockholders. Holders of our Class A common stock and holders of our Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders except as required by law.

The Class B common stock will automatically convert into Class A common stock on the first business day following the completion of the Business Combination at a ratio such that the number of shares of Class A common stock issuel apon conversion of all Founder Shares will equal, in the aggregate, on an as-converted basis, 20% of the sum of (i) the total number of shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding upon completion of the Initial Public Offering, plus (ii) the sum of (a) the total number of shares of Class A common stock issued or deemed issued or issuels upon conversion or exercise of any equity-linked securities or rights issued or deemed issued, by the Company in connection with or in relation to the completion of the Business Combination, excluding any shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities exercisable for or convertible into shares of Class A common stock issued, or to be issued, to any seller in the initial Business Combination and any Private Placement Warrants issued to the Sponsor upon conversion of Working Capital Loans, minus (b) the number of Public Shares of Class A common stock at a rate of less than one to one.

Note 7-Warrants

Public Warrants may only be exercised for a whole number of shares. No fractional Public Warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole Public Warrants will trade. The Public Warrants will become

exercisable on the later of (a) 30 days after the completion of a Business Combination and (b) 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering; provided in each case that the Company has an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus relating to them is available and such shares are registered, qualified or exempt from registration under the securities, or blue sky, laws of the state of residence of the holder (or holders are permitted to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis under the circumstances specified in the warrant agreement as a result of (i) the Company's failure to have an effective registration statement by the 60th business day after the closing of the initial Business Combination or (ii) a notice of redemption described below under "Redemption of warrants when the price per Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$10.00"). If and when the warrants become redeemable by the Company, the Company may exercise its redemption right even if the Company is unable to register or qualify the underlying securities for sale under all applicable state securities laws.

The Company is not registering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants at this time. However, the Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than twenty business days after the closing of the initial Business Combination, the Company will use its commercially reasonable efforts to file with the SEC and have an effective registration statement covering the shares of Class A common stock until the warrants as to maintain a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock until the warrants expire or are redeemed. If a registration statement covering the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not effective by the 60th business day after the closing of the initial Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act or another exemption.

The warrants will have an exercise price of \$11.50 per share and will expire five years after the completion of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation. If (x) the Company issues additional shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of the initial Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of Class A common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company and, (i) in the case of any such issuance to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance, and (ii) to the extent that such issuance is made to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance, and (ii) to the extent that such issuance is made to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account tars or Private Placement Warrants (including if such transfer is effectuated as a surrender to the Company and subsequent reissuance by the Company) by the Sponsor in connection with such issuance) (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the initial Business Combination on the date of the completion of the initial Business Combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume-weighted average trading price of Class A common stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company completes its initial Business Combination funct, the "Market Value" is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price, and the \$10.00 and \$18.00 per sh

The Private Placement Warrants will be identical to the Public Warrants, except that the Private Placement Warrants (including the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the Private Placement Warrants) will

not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination and they will not be redeemable by the Company so long as they are held by the Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of our Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00:

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants (except as described herein with respect to the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption; and
- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of Class A common stock for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders (the "Reference Value") equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like).

However, in this case, the Company will not redeem the warrants unless an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is effective and a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock is available throughout the 30-day redemption period. Any such exercise would not be on a "cashless" basis and would require the exercising warrant holder to pay the exercise price for each warrant being exercised.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of our Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$10.00

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants (except as described herein with respect to the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption, provided that holders will be able to exercise their
 warrants on a cashless basis prior to redemption and receive that number of shares determined by reference to an agreed table based on the
 redemption date and the "fair market value" of Class A common stock;
- if, and only if, the Reference Value equals or exceeds \$10.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, rights issuances, subdivisions, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like); and
- if the Reference Value is less than \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, rights issuances, subdivisions, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like), the Private Placement Warrants must also concurrently be called for redemption on the same terms (except as described herein with respect to a holder's ability to cashless exercise its warrants) as the outstanding Public Warrants, as described above.

The "fair market value" of Class A common stock shall mean the volume-weighted average price of Class A common stock for the 10 trading days immediately following the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of warrants. In no event will the warrants be exercisable in connection with this redemption feature for more than 0.361 shares of Class A common stock per warrant (subject to adjustment).

In no event will the Company be required to net cash settle any warrant. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Account judy the warrants may expire worthless.

Note 8—Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2021 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques that the Company utilized to determine such fair value.

	Fair Value Measured as of March 31, 2021				
Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)			
Assets:					
Investment held in Trust Account					
U.S. Treasury securties maturing on April 8, 2021	\$410,790,002	\$	_	\$	_
Cash	994		_		_
Liabilities:					
Derivative warrant liabilities—public warrants	17,455,520		_		_
Derivative warrant liabilities—private warrants	—		_		8,682,210
Total Fair Value	\$428,246,515	\$	—	\$	8,682,210

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2020 by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Fair Value Measured as of December 31, 2020				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Significant Other Observable Inputs			ificant Other ervable Inputs
Description	(Level 1)	(Le	evel 2)		(Level 3)
Assets:					
Investment held in Trust Account					
U.S. Treasury securties maturing on April 8, 2021	\$410,803,122	\$	_	\$	
Cash	289		_		_
Liabilities:					
Derivative warrant liabilities—public warrants	32,652,100		_		_
Derivative warrant liabilities—private warrants	—		_		16,445,130
Total Fair Value	\$ 443,455,511	\$	_	\$	16,445,130

Transfers to/from Levels 1, 2, and 3 are recognized at the end of the reporting period. The estimated fair value of the Public Warrants transferred from a Level 3 measurement to a Level 1 fair value measurement as of December 2020 as the Public Warrants were separately listed and traded beginning in November 2020. The amount transferred to Level 1 was \$30.2 million. There were no transfers between levels for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

The fair value of the Public Warrants (if not market observed) and Private Placement Warrants is estimated using a Binomial Lattice in a risk-neutral framework. Specifically, the future stock price of the Company is modeled

assuming a Geometric Brownian Motion in a risk-neutral framework. For each modeled future price, the Warrant payoff is calculated based on the contractual terms (incorporating any optimal early exercise / redemption), and then discounted at the term-matched risk-free rate. The value of the Warrants is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all future modeled payoffs with changes in fair value recognized in the statement of operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recognized change in the fair value of warrant liabilities of approximately \$22,959,500 presented on the accompanying statement of operations.

The change in the fair value of the level 3 derivative warrant liabilities for three months ended March 31, 2021 is summarized as follows:

Derivative warrant liabilities at December 31, 2020	\$ 16,445,130
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities	(7,762,920)
Derivative warrant liabilities at March 31, 2021	\$ 8,682,210

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements inputs as their measurement dates:

	As of M	As of March 31, 2021	
Exercise price	\$	11.50	
Stock Price	\$	9.78	
Volatility		14.9%	
Risk-free rate		1.01%	
Dividend yield		0.0%	

Note 9—Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date through the date the balance sheet was available for issuance. Based on this evaluation, the Company identified the following subsequent events for disclosure.

On May 1, 2021, the Company entered into a business combination agreement (the "Business Combination Agreement") with Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company ("Roivant"), and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"). The Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (collectively, the "Business Combination") were approved by the boards of directors of each of MAAC, Roivant and Merger Sub, the requisite shareholders of Roivant and Roivant in its capacity as the sole stockholder of Merger Sub. The Business Combination is expected to close (the "Closing") in the third quarter of 2021, subject to the required approvals by MAAC's stockholders and the fulfillment of other closing conditions.



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Roivant Sciences Ltd.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the Company) as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive (loss) income, shareholders' equity and redeemable noncontrolling interest and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at March 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended March 31, 2021, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material mistatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, Accordingly, we express ou such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016. Iselin, New Jersey

June 30, 2021

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Assets	<u></u>	<u></u>
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,055,044	\$ 2,183,207
Restricted cash	77,701	2,275
Other current assets	54,250	33,763
Total current assets	2,186,995	2,219,245
Property and equipment, net	14,749	8,962
Operating lease right-of-use assets	62,279	64,970
Restricted cash, net of current portion	8,931	83,770
Investments measured at fair value	188,978	93,445
Long-term investment	100,563	_
Other assets	27,197	6,659
Total assets	\$ 2,589,692	\$ 2,477,051
Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 20,550	\$ 10,306
Accrued expenses	76,936	68,621
Operating lease liabilities	12,313	7,839
Deferred consideration liability	100,000	_
Other current liabilities	9,162	5,352
Total current liabilities	218,961	92,118
Liability instruments measured at fair value	67,893	102,373
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent	62,384	64,452
Long-term debt (includes \$150,100 and \$89,100 accounted for under the fair value option at March 31, 2021		
and 2020, respectively)	170,280	108,592
Other liabilities	8,169	821
Total liabilities	527,687	368,356
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	22,491	22,491
Shareholders' equity:	, -	
Common shares, par value \$0.0000001 per share, 100,000,000,000 shares authorized and 222,669,799		
and 214,879,058 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively	_	_
Additional paid-in capital	3,814,805	3,143,739
Subscription receivable	(100,000)	_
Accumulated deficit	(1,918,462)	(1,109,228)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,445	(2,349)
Shareholders' equity attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	1,797,788	2,032,162
Noncontrolling interests	241,726	54,042
Total shareholders' equity	2,039,514	2,086,204
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and shareholders' equity	\$ 2,589,692	\$ 2,477,051
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Years Ended March 31, 2021 2020			
Revenue, net		21 23,795	\$	2020 67,689
Operating expenses:	φ	23,793	φ	07,005
Cost of revenues		2,057		1,131
Research and development	8	32.758		263,217
General and administrative		59,878		335,766
Total operating expenses		94,693		600,114
Loss from operations	(1,0	70,898)		(532,425)
Change in fair value of investments	(95,533)		136,005
Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments		29,845		(13,722)
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity	(1	15,364)		(107,344)
Other expense, net		8,701		13,622
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(8	98,547)	-	(560,986)
Income tax expense		1,686		7,124
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(9	00,233)		(568,110)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		_		1,578,426
Net (loss) income	(9	00,233)		1,010,316
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(90,999)		(190,193)
Net (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$ (8	09,234)	\$	1,200,509
Amounts attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.:				
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (8	09,234)	\$	(519,394)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		_		1,719,903
Net (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$ (8	09,234)	\$	1,200,509
Basic and diluted net (loss) income per common share:				
Basic and diluted loss from continuing operations	\$	(3.76)	\$	(2.72)
Basic and diluted income from discontinued operations	\$	—	\$	7.85
Basic and diluted net (loss) income per common share	\$	(3.76)	\$	5.13
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic		12,273		9,036,630
Diluted	215,3	12,273	21	9,036,630

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income (in thousands)

	Years Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Net (loss) income	\$ (900,233)	\$ 1,010,316
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,826	(5,536)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	3,826	(5,536)
Comprehensive (loss) income	(896,407)	1,004,780
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(90,967)	(190,862)
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$ (805,440)	\$ 1,195,642

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest (in thousands, except share data)

		Shareholders' Equity							
						Accumulated			
	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	<u>Common</u> Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscription Receivable	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated Deficit	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ 50,130	213,555,119	\$ -	\$3,024,172	\$ -	\$ 2,518	\$ (2,309,737)	\$ 170,216	\$ 887,169
Issuance of subsidiary common shares,							<u> </u>		
net	-	-	_	59,052	_	-	-	58,606	117,658
Issuance of subsidiary common shares to									
the Company	-	_	_	(9,962)	_	-	—	9,962	—
Purchase of subsidiary common shares	-	-	_	(62,913)	-	-	-	(2,631)	(65,544)
Issuance of subsidiary convertible and									
redeemable preferred stock, net	27,491	_	—	_	_	—	—	_	—
Purchase of subsidiary convertible and									
redeemable preferred stock	(55,130)	-	-	(77,777)	-	-	-	_	(77,777)
Issuance of subsidiary warrants	—	—	—		—	—	—	907	907
Exercise of subsidiary stock options	-	-	-	875	-	-	-	532	1,407
Issuance of the Company's common									
shares, net	_	26,952,143	_	999,193		_	_	_	999,193
Repurchase of common shares and other		(25, 625, 022)		(000.01.0)					(000.01.0)
equity instruments	_	(25,625,933)	-	(990,014)	_	_	_	(42 200)	(990,014)
Sale of interests in subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(43,398)	(43,398)
Issuance of equity by subsidiary upon									
Business Combination and recapitalization				69.379				35,307	104.686
	_	_	_	69,379	_	_	_	35,307	104,686
Issuance of equity by subsidiary to the Company upon Business Combination									
and recapitalization				(0.550)				2,559	
	-	_	_	(2,559)	_	-	_	2,559	_
Conversion of subsidiary convertible promissory notes				21,928				11,159	33.087
Issuance of equity instruments	_			21,928				11,159	24,842
Settlement in equity of liability-	_	_	_	24,042		_	_		24,042
classified instruments				13,119					13.119
Deconsolidation of subsidiary			_	13,119				(46,483)	(46,483)
Capital contributions to majority-owned								(40,403)	(40,403)
subsidiaries	_			(4,699)	_	_		4,699	_
Share-based compensation		(2,271)		79,103				43,469	122,572
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	(2,2/1)	_	/9,103		(4,867)	_	(669)	(5,536)
Net income (loss)						(4,007)	1,200,509	(190,193)	1,010,316
	\$ 22,491	214,879,058	<u>s </u>	60.140.500	¢	\$ (2,349)	\$ (1.109.228)	\$ 54,042	\$ 2,086,204
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 22,491	214,8/9,058	\$ —	\$3,143,739	s —	\$ (2,349)	\$ (1,109,228)	\$ 54,042	\$ 2,086,204
Issuance of the Company's common									
shares	—	7,202,917	—	301,744	—	_	—	_	301,744
Issuance of subsidiary common shares,									
net	-	-	_	324,995	(100,000)	-	-	231,102	456,097
Issuance of subsidiary common shares to									
the Company	—	_	—	(11,692)	—	_	—	11,692	—
Exercise of subsidiary stock options and									
vesting of subsidiary restricted stock									
units	-	_	_	522	_	-	-	385	907
Deconsolidation of subsidiary	-	-	_	-	_	-	—	(3,054)	(3,054)
Consolidation of unconsolidated entity	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	9,178	9,178
Repurchase of equity awards	—	—	_	(113)	—	—	_	—	(113)
Cash contribution to majority-owned									
subsidiaries	-		-	(1,642)	_	-	-	1,642	
Share-based compensation	—	587,824	_	57,252	_		_	27,706	84,958
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	_	3,794	(000 57	32	3,826
Net loss						_	(809,234)	(90,999)	(900,233)
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 22,491	222,669,799	\$ —	\$3,814,805	\$ (100,000)	\$ 1,445	\$ (1,918,462)	<u>\$ 241,726</u>	\$ 2,039,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	Years Ende	d March 31, 2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (900,233)	\$ 1,010,316
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Acquired in-process research and development	351,523	16,405
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment	3,826	(5,536)
Share-based compensation	84,958	122,572
Gain on sale of business	—	(1,985,949)
Change in fair value of investments	(95,533)	136,005
Change in fair value of debt and liability instruments	29,845	(13,722)
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiary and consolidation of unconsolidated entity	(115,364)	(107,344)
Loss from equity method investment	3,750	21,386
Other	13,152	31,821
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisition and divestiture:		
Accounts payable	3,752	6,598
Accrued expenses	9,225	14,845
Deferred consideration liability	100,000	_
Operating lease liabilities	(5,497)	(8,419)
Other	(35,542)	2,272
Net cash used in operating activities	(552,138)	(758,750)
Cash flows from investing activities:		(
Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash disposed	_	1,772,191
Cash disposed upon deconsolidation of subsidiary	(19,085)	(20,049)
Cash acquired upon consolidation of unconsolidated entity	21.439	(20,045)
Investments in unconsolidated entities	(28,250)	(36,300)
Purchase of marketable securities	(20,230)	(32,076)
Maturity of marketable securities	_	16,440
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(500)
Purchase of property and equipment	(5,806)	(4,916)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(31,702)	1,694,790
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of the Company's common shares, net	_	999,193
Repurchase of common stock and equity awards	(113)	(990,014)
Proceeds from issuance of liability instruments	—	101,567
Proceeds from issuance of subsidiary common shares, net	455,756	117,658
Proceeds from issuance of equity by subsidiary upon Business Combination and recapitalization	-	105,930
Purchase of subsidiary common shares	-	(65,544)
Proceeds from issuance of subsidiary convertible and redeemable preferred stock, net	—	28,455
Purchase of subsidiary convertible and redeemable preferred stock	-	(132,907)
Proceeds from subsidiary debt financings, net	—	83,781
Repayment of long-term debt and convertible debt by subsidiary	-	(32,063)
Payment of deferred offering costs	(286)	(3,082)
Payment for debt maintenance fee by subsidiary	—	(300)
Proceeds from exercise of subsidiary stock options	907	1,407
Net cash provided by financing activities	456,264	214,081
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(127,576)	1,150,121
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	2,269,252	1,119,131
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 2,141,676	\$ 2,269,252
Cash, cash equivalents and resulted cash at the of period	ψ 2,141,070	φ 2,203,232

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) (in thousands)

	Y	ears Ended	March 31,
		2021	2020
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained and exchanged for operating lease liabilities	\$	5,491	\$56,025
Operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities, including amounts reclassified from other current			
liabilities and other liabilities to operating lease liabilities, recognized upon the adoption of ASC 842, Leases, on			
April 1, 2019	\$	—	\$43,026
Subscription receivable related to issuance of subsidiary common shares	\$1	.00,000	\$ —
Conversion of subsidiary convertible promissory notes to common shares	\$	—	\$32,500
Other	\$	(960)	\$ 3,601
Supplemental disclosure of cash paid:			
Income taxes paid	\$	4,076	\$ 4,936
Interest paid	\$	2,017	\$12,158

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1—Description of Business and Liquidity

(A) Description of Busines

Roivant Sciences Ltd., inclusive of its consolidated subsidiaries (the "Company" or "RSL"), aims to improve health by rapidly delivering innovative medicines and technologies to patients. The Company does this by building biotech and healthcare technology companies ("Vants") and deploying technology to drive greater efficiency in research and development and commercialization. In addition to biopharmaceutical subsidiaries, the Company also builds technology Vants focused on improving the process of developing and commercializing medicines. The Company was founded on April 7, 2014 as a Bermuda exempted limited company.

The Company has determined that it has one operating and reporting segment as it allocates resources and assesses financial performance on a consolidated basis. The Company's subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries and majority-owned or controlled subsidiaries. Refer to Note 3, "Investments" for further discussion of the Company's investments in unconsolidated entities.

(B) Liquidity

The Company has incurred significant losses and negative cash flows from operations since its inception. As of March 31, 2021, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.1 billion and its accumulated deficit was approximately \$1.9 billion. For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company incurred losses from continuing operations of \$900.2 million and \$568.1 million, respectively. The Company has historically financed its operations primarily through the sale of equity securities, sale of subsidiary interests, debt financings and revenue generated from licensing and collaboration arrangements. The Company has not generated any revenues to date from the sale of its product candidates and does not anticipate generating any revenues from the sale of is product candidates unless and until it successfully completes development and obtains regulatory approval to market its product candidates. Management expects to incur additional losses in the future to fund its operations and conduct product research and development and recognizes the need to raise additional capital to fully implement its business plan.

The Company intends to raise such additional capital through the issuance of equity securities, debt financings or other sources in order to further implement its business plan. However, if such financing is not available at adequate levels, the Company will need to reevaluate its operating plan and may be required to delay the development of its product candidates or take other steps to conserve capital. The Company expects its existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund its committed operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(A) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The Company's fiscal year ends on March 31, and its fiscal quarters end on June 30, September 30, and December 31.

The accompanying audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP").

Any references in these notes to applicable accounting guidance are meant to refer to the authoritative U.S. GAAP as found in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") and Accounting Standards Updates

("ASU") of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of RSL and the subsidiaries in which it has a controlling financial interest, most often through a majority voting interest. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

For consolidated entities where the Company owns or is exposed to less than 100% of the economics, the Company records net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in its consolidated statements of operations equal to the percentage of the economic or ownership interest retained in the respective operations by the noncontrolling parties. The Company presents noncontrolling interests as a component of shareholders' equity on its consolidated balance sheets.

The Company accounts for changes in its ownership interest in its subsidiaries while control is retained as equity transactions. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest is adjusted to reflect the change in RSL's ownership interest in the subsidiary. Any difference between the fair value of the consideration received or paid and the amount by which the noncontrolling interest is adjusted is recognized within shareholders' equity attributable to RSL.

Additionally, the Company concluded that the disposition of RSL's ownership interests in Myovant Sciences Ltd. ("Myovant"), Urovant Sciences Ltd. ("Urovant"), Enzyvant Therapeutics Ltd. ("Enzyvant"), Altavant Sciences Ltd. ("Altavant"), and Spirovant Sciences Ltd. ("Spirovant") (collectively, the "Sumitovant Vants"), pursuant to the transaction agreement entered into with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo") on October 31, 2019 (the "Sumitomo Transaction"), met the requirements to be presented as discontinued operations. As such, results relating to the transferred interests prior to disposition are classified as discontinued operations in prior period consolidated financial statements. See Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement" and Note 6, "Discontinued Operations" for further discussion. Certain prior year amounts were reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

In April 2012, the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") was enacted. Section 107(b) of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards. Thus, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Company has irrevocably elected not to avail itself of this extended transition period, and, as a result, the Company will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies.

(B) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to assets, liabilities, costs, expenses, contingent liabilities, share-based compensation and research and development costs. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Additionally, the Company assessed the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on its operations and financial results as of March 31, 2021 and through the issuance of these consolidated financial statements. The Company's analysis was informed by the facts and circumstances as they were known to the Company. This assessment considered the impact COVID-19 may have on financial estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and expenses.

(C) Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is subject to risks common to companies in the biopharmaceutical industry including, but not limited to, uncertainties related to commercialization of products, regulatory approvals, dependence on key products, dependence on third-party service providers, such as contract research organizations, and protection of intellectual property rights.

(D) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk include cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash deposits and cash equivalents in highly-rated, federally-insured financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits. The Company has established guidelines relative to diversification and maturities to maintain safety and liquidity. The Company has not experienced any credit losses related to these financial instruments and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant credit risk related to these instruments.

(E) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits in banks and all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash. The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash classified as a current asset consists of the amount held in escrow relating to the Sumitomo Transaction (see Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement") and the legally restricted non-interest bearing deposit account relating to the Company's corporate credit card program. Restricted cash classified as a long-term asset consists of restricted deposit accounts related to irrevocable standby letters of credit.

Cash as reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of cash flows includes the aggregate amounts of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as presented on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,055,044	\$ 2,183,207
Restricted cash	86,632	86,045
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 2,141,676	\$ 2,269,252

(F) Trade Receivables, Net

The Company monitors the financial performance and creditworthiness of its customers so that it can properly assess and respond to changes in customer credit profiles. The Company reserves against trade receivables for estimated losses that may arise from a customer's inability to pay and any amounts determined to be uncollectible are written off against the reserve when it is probable that the receivable will not be collected. The reserve amount for estimated losses was de minimis as of March 31, 2021 and 2020. Trade receivables, net is included in "Other current assets" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

(G) Contingencies

The Company may be, from time to time, a party to various disputes and claims arising from normal business activities. The Company continually assesses any litigation or other claims it may confront to determine if an unfavorable outcome would lead to a probable loss or reasonably possible loss which could be estimated. The Company accrues for all contingencies at the earliest date at which the Company deems it probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of such liability can be reasonably estimated. If the estimate of a probable loss

is a range and no amount within the range is more likely than another, the Company accrues the minimum of the range. In the cases where the Company believes that a reasonably possible loss exists, the Company discloses the facts and circumstances of the litigation, including an estimable range, if possible.

(H) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, consisting primarily of computers, equipment, furniture and fixtures, software, and leasehold improvements, is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed to operations as incurred. Upon disposal, retirement or sale, the related cost and accumulated depreciation is removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations. Depreciation of property and equipment is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets once the asset has been placed in service. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives useful for each asset type:

Property and Equipment	Estimated Useful Life
Computers	3 years
Equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Software	3 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of estimated useful life or remaining lease term

The Company reviews the recoverability of all long-lived assets, including the related useful lives, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a long-lived asset might not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by comparison of the book values of the assets to the future net undiscounted cash flows that the assets are expected to generate. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the book value of the assets exceed their fair value, which is measured based on the projected discounted future net cash flows arising from the assets.

(I) Investments

For investments in entities over which the Company has significant influence but do not meet the requirements for consolidation and for which the Company has not elected the fair value option, the Company applies the equity method of accounting with the Company's share of the underlying income or loss of such entities reported in "Other expense, net" on the consolidated statements of operations. The Company applies the equity method to investments in common stock and to other investments in entities that have risk and reward characteristics that are substantially similar to an investment in the investee's common stock.

Investments in equity securities may also be accounted for using (i) the fair value option if elected, (ii) fair value through earnings if fair value is readily determinable or (iii) for equity investments without readily determinable fair values, the measurement alternative to measure at cost adjusted for any impairment and observable price changes, as applicable. The election to use the measurement alternative is made for each eligible investment.

The Company has elected the fair value option to account for certain investments over which the Company has significant influence. The Company believes the fair value option best reflects the underlying economics of the investment. See Note 3, "Investments."

(J) Research and Development Expenses

Research and development ("R&D") costs are expensed as incurred. Preclinical and clinical study costs are accrued over the service periods specified in the contracts and adjusted as necessary based upon an ongoing

review of the level of effort and costs actually incurred. Payments for a product license prior to regulatory approval of the product and payments for milestones achieved prior to regulatory approval of the product are expensed in the period incurred as R&D. Milestone payments made in connection with regulatory approvals are capitalized and amortized to cost of revenue over the remaining useful life of the asset. R&D costs primarily consist of the intellectual property and R&D materials acquired and expenses from third parties who conduct R&D activities on behalf of the Company.

The Company evaluates in-licensed agreements for in-process research and development projects ("IPR&D") to determine if it meets the definition of a business and thus should be accounted for as a business combination. If the in-licensed agreement for IPR&D does not meet the definition of a business and the assets have not reached technological feasibility and therefore have no alternative future use, the Company expenses payments made under such license agreements as R&D expense in its consolidated statements of operations. The Company initially recognizes contingent consideration in an asset acquisition at fair value. The carrying value of contingent consideration is subsequently adjusted when the contingency is resolved and is paid or becomes payable.

(K) General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses consist primarily of employee-related expenses for G&A personnel, including those responsible for the identification and acquisition or in-license of new drug candidates as well as for overseeing Vant operations and facilitating the use of the Company's platform and technologies at Vants. G&A expenses also consist of legal and accounting fees, consulting services and other operating costs relating to corporate matters and daily operations. G&A expenses include costs incurred relating to the identification, acquisition or in-license and technology transfer of promising drug candidates along with costs incurred relating to the integration of new technologies.

(L) Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is recorded when, after consideration of all positive and negative evidence, it is not more likely than not that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realizable. If the Company determines that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of its net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

When uncertain tax positions exist, the Company recognizes the tax benefit of tax positions to the extent that the benefit will more likely than not be realized. The determination as to whether the tax benefit will more likely than not be realized is based upon the technical merits of the tax position as well as consideration of the available facts and circumstances.

(M) Share-Based Compensation

Share-based awards to employees, directors, and consultants, including stock options, restricted stock units, performance options and capped value appreciation rights, are measured at fair value on the date of the grant and that fair value is recognized as share-based compensation expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations over the requisite service period of the respective award. The estimated fair value of awards that contain performance conditions is expensed when the Company concludes that it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved. The Company may grant awards with graded-vesting features. When such awards have only service vesting requirements, the Company elected to record share-based compensation

expense on a straight-line basis. If awards with graded-vesting features contain performance or market conditions, then the Company records sharebased compensation expense using the accelerated attribution method.

The Company measures the fair value of its stock options that only have service vesting requirements or performance-based options without market conditions using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. For performance-based awards with market conditions, the Company determines the fair value of the awards as of the grant date using a Monte Carlo simulation model.

Certain assumptions need to be made with respect to utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model, including the expected life of the award, volatility of the underlying shares, the risk-free interest rate and the fair value of the Company's common shares. Since the Company has no option exercise history, it has generally elected to estimate the expected life of an award based upon the "simplified method" with the continued use of this method extended until such time the Company has sufficient exercise history. The risk-free interest rate is based on the rates paid on securities issued by the U.S. Treasury with a term approximating the expected life of the equity award. The expected share price volatility for the Company's common shares is estimated by taking the average historical price volatility for industry peers. The Company accounts for pre-vesting award forfeitures when they occur.

As part of the valuation of share-based compensation under the Black-Scholes option pricing model, it is necessary for the Company to estimate the fair value of its common shares for RSL and privately held Vants. Given the absence of a public trading market, and in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Practice Guide, Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation, the Company exercises reasonable judgment and considers numerous objective and subjective factors to determine its best estimate of the fair value of its common shares. The estimation of the fair value of the common shares considers factors including the following: the prices of the Company's common shares sold to investors in arm's length transactions, the estimated present value of the Company's future cash flows; the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations; the Company's forecasted operating performance; the illiquid nature of the Company's common shares; industry information such as market size and growth; market capitalization of comparable companies and the estimated value of transactions such companies have engaged in; and macroeconomic conditions.

(N) Fair Value Measurements

The Company utilizes fair value measurement guidance prescribed by accounting standards to value its financial instruments. The guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the Company's own assumptions (unobservable inputs). Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, and are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. Fair value is defined as the exchange price, or exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the reporting date. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the guidance establishes a three-tier fair value histinguishes among the following:

- Level 1-Valuations are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2-Valuations are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and models for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3-Valuations are based on inputs that are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity) and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

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To the extent the valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company's financial instruments include shares of common stock of Arbutus Biopharma Corporation ("Arbutus"); shares of Arbutus's Series A participating convertible preferred shares ("Arbutus Preferred Shares"); shares of common stock of Sio Gene Therapies Inc. ("Sio"); liability instruments issued, including options granted to Sumitomo (the "Sumitomo Options") to purchase all, or 75% in one case, of RSL's ownership interests in cretaria usbediaries the the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement; deferred consideration liability; its investments in other entities; cash and cash equivalents consisting of money market funds; accounts payable; and long-term debt.

The shares of Arbutus and Sio common stock and investments in common stock with a readily determinable fair value are classified as Level 1, and their fair value is determined based upon quoted market prices in an active market. The Arbutus Preferred Shares held by the Company are classified as Level 2 as the fair value of such preferred shares is determined based upon the quoted market price of Arbutus Stock into which such preferred shares are convertible. The liability instruments issued, including the Sumitomo Options, are classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy as the assumptions and estimates used in the valuations are unobservable in the market. Cash, accounts payable, and deferred consideration liability is based on a fixed monetary amounts, which approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. The deferred consideration liability is based on a fixed monetary amount, and payment is based solely on the passage of time. Money market funds are included in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued at the closing price reported by an actively traded exchange. The carrying value of long-term debt issued by Dermavant Sciences Ltd. (together with its wholly owned subsidiaries, "Dermavant"), which is stated at amortized cost, approximates fair value based on current interest rates for similar types of borrowings and therefore is included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Long-term debt issued by Dermavant for which the fair value option has been elected is included in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as the assumptions and estimates used in the valuation are unobservable in the warde was the assumptions and estimates used in the valuation are unobservable in the market.

(O) Foreign Currency

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated using exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date and their results of operations are translated using average exchange rates for the year. Certain transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries are denominated in currencies other than their functional currency. Adjustments resulting from the translation of the financial statements of the Company's foreign functional currency subsidiaries into U.S. dollars are excluded from the determination of net loss and are accumulated in a separate component of shareholders' equity. Foreign exchange transaction gains and losses are included in "Other expense, net" in the Company's statements of operations.

(P) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when its customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition for its arrangements, the Company performs the following five steps: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenue when or as the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company applies significant judgment when evaluating whether contractual obligations represent distinct performance obligations, allocating transaction price to performance obligations within a contract, determining

when performance obligations have been met, assessing the recognition and future reversal of variable consideration, and determining and applying appropriate methods of measuring progress for performance obligations satisfied over time. These judgments are discussed in more detail below.

- Licenses of intellectual property: If the licenses to intellectual property are determined to be distinct from the other performance
 obligations identified in the arrangement, the Company recognizes revenues from non-refundable, upfront fees allocated to the license
 when the license is transferred to the licensee and the licensee is able to use and benefit from the license. For licenses that are not distinct
 from other promises, the Company applies judgment to assess the nature of the combined performance obligation to determine whether the
 combined performance obligation is satisfied over time or at a point in time and, if over time, the appropriate method of measuring
 progress for purposes of recognizing revenue from non-refundable, upfront fees. The Company evaluates the measure of progress each
 reporting period and, if necessary, adjusts the related revenue recognition accordingly.
- Milestone payments: At the inception of each arrangement that includes research, development or regulatory milestone payments, the Company evaluates whether the milestones are considered probable of being reached and estimates the amount to be included in the transaction price using the most likely amount method. If it is probable that a significant revenue reversal would not occur, the associated milestone value is included in the transaction price. Milestone payments that are not within the control of the Company or the licensee, such as regulatory approvals, are not considered probable of being achieved until those approvals are received. The transaction price is then allocated to each performance obligation on a relative standalone selling price basis, for which the Company recognizes revenue as or when the performance obligations under the contract are satisfied. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, the Company re-evaluates the probability of achievement of such development milestones and any related constraint, and if necessary, adjusts its estimate of the overall transaction price on a cumulative catch-up basis in earnings in the period of the adjustment.
- Royalties and commercial milestone payments: For arrangements that include sales-based royalties, including commercial milestone
 payments based on a pre-specified level of sales, the Company recognizes revenue at the later of (i) when the related sales occur, or
 (ii) when the performance obligation to which some or all of the royalty has been allocated has been satisfied (or partially satisfied).
 Achievement of these royalties and commercial milestones may solely depend upon performance of the licensee.

Revenue is also generated by certain technology-focused Vants from subscription and service-based fees recognized for the use of certain technology developed by these Vants. Subscription revenue is recognized ratably over the contract period.

(Q) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU No. 2016-13"), which requires the measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held at amorized cost. ASU No. 2016-13 replaces the existing incurred loss impairment model with an expected loss model that requires the use of forward-looking information to calculate credit loss estimates. It also eliminates the concept of other-than-temporary impairment and requires credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities to be recorded through an allowance for credit losses instead of as a reduction in the amortized cost basis of the securities. ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-13 on April 1, 2020 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(R) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-06, "Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging —Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for F-59 Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity" ("ASU No. 2020-06"). ASU No. 2020-06 will simplify the accounting for convertible instruments by reducing the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock. Limiting the accounting models will result in fewer embedded conversion features being separately recognized from the host contract as compared with current GAAP. ASU No. 2020-06 also removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity contracts to qualify for the derivatives scope exception, which will permit more equity contracts to qualify for it. Either a modified retrospective transition method or a fully retrospective transition method is permissible for the adoption of this standard. Update No. 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted no earlier than the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020. The adoption of ASU No. 2020-06 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 3—Investments

(A) Investments Measured at Fair Value

Investment in Arbutus

RSL owns 16,013,540 shares of common stock of Arbutus and 1,164,000 Arbutus Preferred Shares that are mandatorily convertible into shares of Arbutus common stock on October 18, 2021 subject to conversion earlier upon a sale, merger or other transaction considered a fundamental change of control of Arbutus. The Arbutus Preferred Shares are non-voting and are convertible into common shares of Arbutus based on the subscription price plus 8.75% per annum, compounded annually, divided by a conversion price of \$7.13 per share (which represented a 15% premium to the closing price of \$6.20 per share on September 29, 2017). RSL's investments in Arbutus have been measured using the fair value option. Due to the Company's significant influence over operating and financial policies, Arbutus is considered a related party of the Company.

After conversion of the Arbutus Preferred Shares into common shares, based on the number of Arbutus's common shares outstanding on October 2, 2017, the Company would hold 49.90% of Arbutus's common shares. In addition, the Company agreed to a four-year standstill to not acquire greater than 49.99% of common shares or securities convertible into common shares of Arbutus.

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, the aggregate fair value of the Company's investment in Arbutus was \$129.4 million and \$39.2 million, respectively, with the Company recognizing an unrealized gain on its investments in Arbutus of \$90.2 million and an unrealized loss of \$99.9 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The fair value of the common stock and preferred shares held by the Company was determined using the closing price of Arbutus's common stock on March 31, 2021 and 2020 of \$3.33 and \$1.01, respectively.

Investment in Sio

Following the completion of Sio's underwritten public offering in February 2020, RSL's ownership interest fell below 50.0%. As such, the Company no longer has a controlling financial interest in Sio. Accordingly, the Company deconsolidated Sio in February 2020. Due to the Company's significant influence over operating and financial policies, Sio remains a related party of the Company following deconsolidation. As the Company still has the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of Sio, the Company has determined that its retained interest represents an equity method investment after the date of deconsolidation. Upon deconsolidation, the retained interest was recorded at fair market value based on the closing price of Sio's common stock. The Company recognized a gain on deconsolidation of \$107.3 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2020. The fair value option was elected to continuously remeasure the investment to fair value each reporting period after the initial measurement.

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the Company's investment in Sio was \$48.5 million and \$45.3 million, respectively, with the Company recognizing an unrealized gain on its investment in Sio of

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\$3.2 million and an unrealized loss of \$31.6 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The fair value of common shares held by the Company was determined using the closing price of Sio's common stock on March 31, 2021 and 2020 of \$2.61 and \$2.44, respectively.

Other Investment

The Company holds an additional equity investment that is measured using the fair value option. The fair value of this investment was \$11.1 million and \$8.9 million as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(B) Investment Accounted for Using Measurement Alternative

Investment in Datavant

In April 2020, Datavant Holdings, Inc. ("Datavant") completed an initial round of a Series B equity raise by which 13,411,311 Series B preferred shares were issued in April 2020 for gross proceeds of \$27.2 million, including 1,065,234 Series B preferred shares issued and sold to RSL for a total purchase price of \$2.5 million and 1,800,253 Series B shares issued relating to the conversion of certain liability instruments. As a result of this transaction, along with a restructuring of Datavant's equity classes, RSL no longer controls Datavant. As such, the Company deconsolidated Datavant as of April 2020. Due to the Company's significant influence over operating and financial policies, Datavant termains a related party of the Company following deconsolidation. Upon deconsolidation, the Company recorded its investment in Datavant based on the fair value of Datavant preferred shares held of \$9.0 million. The Company accounts for its investment in Datavant using the measurement alternative to fair value. The investment will be remeasured upon future observable price changes in orderly transactions or upon impairment, if any. The Company recognized a gain on deconsolidation of \$86.5 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021. In July 2020, Datavant issued and sold 639,140 Series B preferred shares to RSL at a price consistent with that of the initial round of Datavant's Series B equity raise. At March 31, 2021, the carrying value of the Company's investment in Datavant was \$100.6 million.

Note 4—Asset Acquisitions and License Agreements

During the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company, directly or indirectly through Vants, completed the following key asset acquisitions and license agreements. The Company evaluated the below agreements, except the collaboration and license agreement entered into between Dermavant and Japan Tobacco Inc. that is evaluated separately below, and determined that the acquired assets did not meet the definition of a business as substantially all the fair value of the assets acquired were concentrated in a single asset or group of similar assets and/or the acquired assets were not capable of producing outputs due to the lack of an assembled workforce and early stage of development and thus, each transaction was accounted for as an asset acquisition.

The Company then evaluated whether each in-process research and development asset had an alternative future use and concluded it did not. As a result, the Company recorded the consideration attributable to in-process research and development under the below agreements as research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Dermavant

In August 2018, Dermavant acquired the worldwide rights (other than with respect to certain rights in China) to tapinarof, an investigational therapeutic aryl hydrocarbon receptor modulating agent for the treatment of psoriasis and atopic dermatitis, from GlaxoSmithKline Intellectual Property Development Ltd. and Glaxo Group Limited (collectively "GSK") pursuant to an asset purchase agreement (the "GSK Agreement"). GSK previously acquired rights to a predecessor formulation of tapinarof from Welichem Biotech Inc. ("Welichem") pursuant to an asset

purchase agreement between GSK and Welichem entered into in May 2012 (the "Welichem Agreement"). Under the GSK Agreement, Dermavant made an upfront payment of £150.0 million (approximately \$191 million) and agreed to a contingent payment of £100.0 million (approximately \$133 million) upon the first approval of an NDA by the FDA for a product that contains tapinarof. Dermavant assumed responsibility for all obligations under the Welichem Agreement, including payment of up to C\$180.0 million (approximately \$137 million) in potential development and commercial milestones. The purchase was funded in part by a \$117.5 million borrowing from NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P. ("NovaQuest"), an affiliate of NovaQuest Capital Management, LLC, as described in Note 8, "Long-Term Debt." In connection with the GSK Agreement, Dermavant and GSK have entered into a clinical manufacturing and supply agreement for tapinarof pursuant to which Dermavant will obtain supply of tapinarof for clinical trials on a cost-plus basis. In May 2019, Dermavant achieved a development and regulatory milestone under the GSK Agreement, which resulted in a C\$30.0 million (approximately \$23 million) instone payment that Dermavant subsequently paid to Welichem in August 2019. The milestone payment was recorded as research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2020.

In January 2020, Dermavant entered into a collaboration and license agreement with Japan Tobacco Inc. ("JT") for exclusive rights to develop, register, and market tapinarof in Japan for the treatment of dermatological diseases and conditions, including psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. In conjunction with this agreement, JT executed an exclusive license agreement with its subsidiary, Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., for co-development and commercialization of tapinarof in Japan. Under the terms of the license agreement, Dermavant received a nonrefundable, upfront payment of \$60.0 million in January 2020 and may receive up to \$53.0 million upon the achievement of certain development milestones for tapinarof for the treatment of psoriasis and atopic dermatitis. In addition, Dermavant will have the right to receive royalties based on product sales of tapinarof in the indications.

The Company evaluated the collaboration and license agreement and concluded that JT is a customer. The Company's performance obligations under the agreement are the following: (i) an exclusive license to JT of the right to develop, register and market tapinarof in Japan and (ii) the associated transfer to JT of technology and know-how related to the license. The Company determined that the monetary value of participation in the Joint Steering Committee under the agreement was immaterial in the context of the contract and therefore was disregarded when identifying the performance obligations. The Company determined that the exclusive license is not capable of being distinct from the associated technology transfer because the customer cannot benefit from or utilize the license without the technology and know-how transfer and as such does not have standalone value as JT cannot benefit from the exclusive license without the associated technology and know-how transfer. Accordingly, the Company concluded that these performance obligations should be combined into a single performance obligation.

Based on management's evaluation, the non-refundable, up-front payment of \$60.0 million constituted the amount of consideration to be included in the transaction price. The remaining \$53.0 million of consideration related to potential development and regulatory approval milestones constitutes variable consideration and has not been recognized because of the inherent uncertainty of the occurrence of the future events and because it is highly susceptible to factors outside of the Company's control. Any consideration related to potential royalty payments will be recognized when the related sales occur, since these amounts have been determined to relate predominantly to the license granted to JT and therefore are recognized at the later of when the performance obligations are satisfied or the related sales occur. The Company will re-evaluate the transaction price in each reporting period and as uncertain events are resolved or other changes in circumstances occur. Upon transfer of the technology and know-how related to the license, the Company recognized the \$60.0 million non-refundable upfront payment as license revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Genevant

In July 2020, RSL increased its investment in Genevant Sciences Ltd. ("Genevant") as part of a recapitalization transaction (the "Recapitalization"). Genevant, an entity focused on the discovery, development, and commercialization of a broad range of RNA-based therapeutics enabled by Arbutus' proprietary lipid nanoparticle and ligand conjugate delivery technologies, was created in April 2018 as part of an agreement between RSL and Arbutus. As part of the initial transaction entered into in April 2018, RSL contributed \$38.7 million in cash, including transaction costs, for an equity ownership interest in Genevant. Prior to the Recapitalization, RSL accounted for its investment in Genevant under the equity method of accounting as it had determined that it was not the primary beneficiary of Genevant since it did not have the power to direct its most significant activities. Additionally, RSL made additional investments in the form of promissory notes issued by Genevant amounting to \$20.1 million aggregate principal amount outstanding (the "Genevant Outstanding Notes") prior to the Recapitalization. RSL applied its share of losses relating to its equity method investment in Genevant against the Company's carrying value of its investment in Genevant's common shares and against the carrying value of the Genevant Outstanding Notes. The carrying value of RSL's investment in Genevant was reduced to zero prior to the Recapitalization.

Pursuant to the Recapitalization, the following transactions were completed:

- Genevant issued 74,272,043 common shares to RSL for an aggregated purchase price of \$20.5 million;
- \$15.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Genevant Outstanding Notes were converted into 54,526,549 common shares; and
- Genevant issued 9,057,566 common shares to Arbutus for an aggregated purchase price of \$2.5 million.

Following the Recapitalization, RSL held an 82.9% controlling interest in Genevant.

Concurrent with the Recapitalization, the composition of Genevant's Board of Directors was restructured to include two directors designated by RSL and one director who is a senior officer of Genevant.

As a result of the Recapitalization and changes to the bye-laws, RSL determined that it controls the most significant activities of Genevant and is the primary beneficiary of Genevant following the Recapitalization. As such, RSL began consolidating Genevant into the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of the Recapitalization. The Company evaluated the acquired set of assets and activities and determined that the acquired set did not meet the definition of a business and thus the transaction was not considered a business combination.

The transactions completed as part of the Recapitalization represent an acquisition achieved in stages, which required the remeasurement of RSL's previously held interest in Genevant. As such, RSL's investments in Genevant were remeasured to fair value of \$28.8 million, also resulting in a gain of \$28.8 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021. Along with the fair value of noncontrolling interests in Genevant of \$9.2 million and cash paid of \$20.5 million for common shares of Genevant as part of the Recapitalization, total consideration paid was \$58.5 million. Of this amount, \$41.4 million was attributed to in-process research and development, which was determined by the Company to have not reached technological feasibility and therefore have no alternative future use. Accordingly, the Company recorded \$41.4 million as research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Proteovant

In November 2020, Proteovant Sciences, Inc. (formerly known as Pharmavant 5, Inc.) ("ProteoVant") entered into a stock purchase agreement to acquire Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. ("Oncopia"), a preclinical biotechnology F-63 company developing small molecule protein degraders primarily against certain oncology targets. Upfront proceeds to Oncopia's shareholders were \$105.0 million, prior to certain adjustments in accordance with the terms of the agreement. Proteovant is also obligated to make future development and commercial milestone payments of up to \$100.0 million for the first product targeting each of the two specified initial targets, and up to \$51.0 million for the first product targeting each of certain specified additional molecular targets. Additionally, the Company's investments in promissory notes issued by Oncopia for an aggregate principal amount of \$11.5 million were settled through either conversion to equity or cancellation.

Oncopia's intellectual property was developed by the University of Michigan laboratory run by Oncopia's co-founder (the "Co-Founder"). In connection with Proteovant's acquisition, Oncopia amended and restated its existing license agreements with the University of Michigan. Under the new license agreement, Oncopia will be obligated to make future development and commercial milestone payments of up to \$8.6 million for the first product for each molecular target covered by intellectual property included in the agreement, in addition to paying tiered royalties on net sales ranging from low- to mid-single digits, subject to certain adjustments.

The Co-Founder's lab at the University of Michigan had been providing on-going discovery and optimization services to Oncopia under a sponsored research agreement (the "SRA"). Immediately after closing the acquisition, Oncopia extended the SRA through at least December 31, 2023, and expanded the potential molecular targets to be pursued under the SRA. As revised, Oncopia is obligated to pay the University of Michigan approximately \$15.5 million under the SRA.

Lastly, in connection with the acquisition of Oncopia, the Co-Founder entered into an agreement with the Company to serve as a consultant. In exchange for these services, the Company has agreed to grant the Co-Founder RSL restricted stock units for which the majority will vest upon achievement of development milestones for products directed to targets for which no milestones are payable to Oncopia shareholders and the remaining portion will be subject to time-based service requirements. All of these restricted stock units are subject to a liquidity requirement to vest. The Company will also make a cash payment to the Co-Founder upon achievement of development milestones for each such product.

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$116.5 million, relating to the net upfront cash payment of \$101.2 million, settlement of promissory notes receivable, including accrued interest, of \$11.9 million, and fair value of future contingent consideration payments of \$3.4 million, as research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

In December 2020, RSL, Proteovant and SK, Inc. (formerly known as SK Holdings Co., Ltd.) ("SK") entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") pursuant to which SK agreed to make a \$200.0 million equity investment in Proteovant, representing an ownership interest of 40.0% on the closing date. In January 2021, in accordance with the terms of the Subscription Agreement, SK made the first payment of \$100.0 million to Proteovant. A second \$100.0 million payment is expected to be made by SK to Proteovant on or about July 12, 2021, the date six months from the closing date. The second \$100.0 million payment is classified as a subscription receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of shareholders' equity and redeemable noncontrolling interest as of March 31, 2021.

Affivant

In November 2020, RSL and its indirect subsidiary Affivant Sciences GmbH ("Affivant") entered into a licensing and strategic collaboration agreement with Affimed N.V. ("Affimed") to develop and commercialize novel innate cell engagers for multiple cancer targets in exchange for consideration that includes \$40.0 million in upfront cash and pre-paid R&D funding and \$20.0 million of newly issued shares in RSL. Affimed could receive further short-term proceeds in the form of option fees contingent on the commencement of additional programs contemplated under the agreement. Affimed is eligible to receive up to an additional approximately \$2.0 billion in milestones over time upon achievement of specified development, regulatory and commercial milestones, as well as tiered royalties on net sales.

Acquisition of Silicon Therapeutics

In March 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of the business of Silicon Therapeutics, LLC ("SiTX"), a physics-driven computational drug discovery company, for total consideration of approximately \$450.0 million, with additional cash payments payable subject to the satisfaction of certain regulatory and commercial milestones. This acquisition did not include one of SiTX's subsidiaries, Silicon SWAT, Inc. Approximately \$350.0 million of the consideration was payable primarily in the Company's common stock at or near closing of the acquisition (the "First Tranche"). At closing of the acquisition, the Company issued 7,316,583 common shares and paid approximately \$14.0 million in cash, net of cash received, to SiTX after giving effect to certain transaction adjustments and holdbacks. The remainder of the First Tranche is expected to be paid in a combination of common shares and cash as certain holdbacks are released. Approximately \$10.0 million (the "Second Tranche Consideration") is payable to SiTX on the earlier of (x) approximately \$100.0 millon, the Company's common shares, in either cash or common shares (at the Company's election), and (y) 12 months following the closing of the acquisition, in cash.

The transaction was accounted for as an asset acquisition as substantially all of the fair value of the assets acquired were concentrated in a single asset, IPR&D related to the computational drug discovery platform that designs and develops small molecule therapeutics. For accounting purposes, the fair value of comsideration transferred was \$402.4 million, consisting of \$281.7 million relating to the fair value of common shares issued upfront and expected to be issued shortly thereafter; \$105.1 million relating to the fair value of liabilities due to the sellers, including the Second Tranche Consideration transferred was attributed to IPR&D, which was determined to be paid in cash; and cash of \$15.6 million paid at closing. Of this amount, \$399.6 million as research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021.

In connection with the transaction, the vesting of certain outstanding SiTX share-based compensation awards held by employees of SiTX was discretionarily accelerated at closing. As a result, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$23.5 million in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021.

In addition, certain share-based compensation awards of SiTX were exchanged with restricted common stock of the Company, subject to certain servicebased vesting requirements, with a fair value of \$22.6 million. Of this amount, \$15.6 million was attributed to precombination service and therefore included in the total fair value of consideration transferred. Refer to Note 11, "Share-Based Compensation," for additional detail regarding this restricted common stock.

Note 5—Sumitomo Transaction Agreement

On December 27, 2019 (the "Sumitomo Closing Date"), RSL and Sumitomo completed the transactions contemplated by the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement. Pursuant to the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, RSL transferred its entire ownership interest in Myovant, Urovant, Enzyvant, Altavant, and Spirovant to a newly formed, wholly-owned entity ("Sumitovant").

RSL's ownership interest in Sumitovant was then transferred to Sumitomo, such that following the Sumitomo Closing Date, Sumitovant and its subsidiaries, including the Sumitovant Vants, were each directly or indirectly owned by Sumitomo. Additionally, in connection with the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, RSL (i) granted Sumitomo options to purchase all, or in the case of Dermavant, 75%, of RSL's ownership interests in six other subsidiaries (Dermavant, Genevant, Lysovant Sciences Ltd. ("Lysovant"), Metavant Sciences Ltd. ("Metavant"), Roivant Asia Cell Therapy Holdings Ltd. ("Cytovant Parent"), and Sinovant Sciences HK Limited ("Sinovant")), (ii) provided Sumitomo and Sumitovant with certain rights over and access to RSL's proprietary technology platforms, DrugOme and Digital Innovation, and (iii) transferred 26,952,143 common shares of RSL to Sumitomo. On the Sumitomo Closing Date, the Company received approximately \$2.9 billion in cash, resulting in a gain of \$2.0 billion after taking into account all of the components of the transaction.

Additionally, on the Sumitomo Closing Date, \$75.0 million of the consideration was deposited into a segregated escrow account for the purpose of fulfiling indemnification obligations of RSL that may become due to Sumitomo. Upon the expiration of the escrow period, being 18 months from the Sumitomo Closing Date, any remaining escrow funds will be disbursed to RSL. As of March 31, 2021, the Company does not believe that a reasonably possible loss of the funds in the escrow account exists. As such, the full escrow amount of \$75.0 million was recorded by the Company as restricted cash on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021. In connection with the Sumitomo Transaction, RSL's board of directors approved a repurchase of RSL's equity securities for up to \$1.0 billion of the proceeds received from Sumitomo. Refer to Note 10, "Shareholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest" for further detail.

In conjunction with the Sumitomo Transaction, certain employees of the Company became employees of Sumitovant or its subsidiaries. The Company issued certain instruments with an aggregate fair value of \$39.1 million to these employees, of which \$24.8 million was classified within shareholders' equity and \$14.3 million was classified as a liability. The liability classified awards were subsequently surrendered and exchanged for cash and other newly issued equity as part of the repurchase in March 2020. The remaining instruments vest based on the achievement of time-based, performance or liquidity event requirements. As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, there were 1,865,416 and 1,880,980 outstanding instruments, respectively, held by Sumitovant employees for which aggregate fair value was recorded against the gain on sale of business.

In June 2021, RSL completed a transaction with Sumitomo pursuant to which Sumitomo terminated its existing options to acquire RSL's equity interests in certain of its subsidiaries. See Note 19, "Subsequent Events" for additional information.

Note 6—Discontinued Operations

As a result of the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, see Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement," the financial results of the Sumitovant Vants are presented as "Income from discontinued operations, net of tax" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2020. There were no operating results from discontinued operations for the year ended March 31, 2021.

The following table presents components of discontinued operations included in "Income from discontinued operations, net of tax" for the year ended March 31, 2020 (in thousands).

	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Operating expenses:	
Research and development	\$ 265,452
General and administrative	119,885
Total operating expenses	385,337
Loss from operations	(385,337)
Gain on sale of business	(1,985,949)
Interest income	(2,305)
Interest expense(1)	13,733
Other expense	8,866
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	1,580,318
Income tax expense	1,892
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 1,578,426
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ (141,783)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	1,722,101
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$ 1,580,318

(1) Interest expense consists of interest payments related to outstanding debt held by Myovant and Urovant as well as the associated non-cash amortization of debt discounts and issuance costs.

In the accompanying consolidated statements of cash flows, the cash flows from discontinued operations are not separately classified. The significant cash flow items from discontinued operations were as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Gain on sale of business	\$ (1,985,949)
Share-based compensation	\$ 54,821
Acquired in-process research and development	\$ 16,405

Note 7—Balance Sheet Components

(A) Other Current Assets

Other current assets at March 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Prepaid expenses	\$ 39,544	\$ 16,344
Receivables for value added tax (VAT) paid	807	5,978
Note receivable	—	5,000
Trade receivables, net	11,222	3,669
Income tax receivable	1,803	632
Other	874	2,140
Total other current assets	\$ 54,250	\$ 33,763

(B) Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at March 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Research and development expenses	\$ 20,755	\$ 21,607
Compensation-related expenses	38,552	29,113
Professional services expenses	10,267	5,135
Other general and administrative expenses	7,362	12,766
Total accrued expenses	\$ 76,936	\$ 68,621

(C) Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at March 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Deferred revenue	\$ 5,918	\$ 3,621
Income tax payable	207	1,497
Other	3,037	234
Total other current liabilities	\$ 9,162	\$ 5,352

Note 8—Long-Term Debt

(A) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt, net consists of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Principal amount	\$ 171,490	\$ 110,490
Less: unamortized debt discount and issuance costs	(1,210)	(1,898)
Total debt, net	170,280	108,592
Less: current portion		
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 170,280	\$ 108,592

Dermavant

In May 2019, Dermavant and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a loan and security agreement (the "Hercules Loan Agreement") with Hercules Capital, Inc. ("Hercules"), pursuant to which Dermavant borrowed an aggregate of \$20.0 million which bears interest at a variable per annum rate at the greater of (j) 9.95% or (ii) the prime rate plus 4.45%. Dermavant is obligated to pay an end of term charge of \$1.4 million with the debt maturing 36 months from closing, subject to extension with the achievement of a clinical milestone. Dermavant is obligated to make monthly payments of accrued interest for the first 15 months after closing (the "Interest-only Period"), followed by monthly installments of principal and interest through the maturity date, subject to extension upon certain milestone achievements. In January 2020, the Interest-only Period was extended through June 2021 upon Dermavant's receipt of net proceeds from equity or debt financings, capital contributions, and proceeds from business development or similar transaction of at least \$110.0 million. In July 2020, the clinical milestone was achieved and the term loan maturity was extended to June 1, 2023 and the Interest-only Period was further extended through December 2021. As of March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2020, an aggregate principal amount of \$20.0 million and end of term charge of \$1.4 million remained outstanding. In May 2021, Dermavant repaid all amounts outstanding under the Hercules Loan Agreement using the proceeds from the \$40.0 million Credit Facility ventreed into by Dermavant and certain of its subsidiaries in May 2021. Refer Loan Agreement using the proceeds from the \$40.0 million Credit Facility entered into by Dermavant and certain of its subsidiaries in May 2021. Refer to Note 19, "Subsequent Events" for additional detail.

In connection with Dermavant's acquisition of tapinarof from GSK, Dermavant and NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P. ("NovaQuest") entered into a funding agreement (the "NovaQuest Agreement"). Pursuant to the NovaQuest Agreement, Dermavant borrowed \$100.0 million in August 2018 and \$17.5 million in October 2018 in exchange for an obligation to make certain variable future payments calculated as a function of the achievement of regulatory and commercial milestones or events of termination. The aggregate maximum amount of regulatory milestone payments that Dermavant could be required to make under the NovaQuest Agreement is \$440.6 million, and the maximum aggregate amount of commercial milestone payments is \$141.0 million. In some circumstances, Dermavant may be able to offset certain of the regulatory milestone payments with up to \$88.1 million of the commercial milestone payments. At issuance, the Company concluded that certain features of the long-term debt would be considered derivatives that would require bifurcation. In lieu of bifurcating various features in the agreement, the Company has elected the fair value option for this financial instrument and will record the changes in the fair value within the statements of operations at the end of each reporting period. Direct costs and fees related to the debt issued under the NovaQuest Agreement were recognized in earnings. As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the debt was \$150.1 million and \$89.1 million, respectively. Refer to Note 15, "Fair Value Measurements" for additional details regarding the fair value

(B) Debt Maturities

Annual maturities, including the end of term charge, of debt outstanding as of March 31, 2021 are as follows (in thousands). Long-term debt held by Dermavant for which the fair value option has been elected is excluded from the below as the repayment terms are variable.

Years Ending March 31,	
2022	\$ 3,129
2023	13,306
2024	4,955
2025	—
2026	—
Thereafter	—
Total	\$ 21,390

Note 9—Related Party Transactions

Transition Services Agreement and Strategic Cooperation Agreement with Sumitomo

Concurrently with the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement, (i) RSL, Sumitomo and Sumitovant entered into a transition services agreement, whereby each of the parties thereto agreed to provide certain services to one another at cost for a period of time following the Sumitomo Closing Date and (ii) RSL and Sumitomo entered into a strategic cooperation agreement relating to certain ongoing technology-related collaborations between the parties. Pursuant to the terms of the transition services agreement and strategic cooperation agreement, RSL billed Sumitovant \$1.4 million and \$0.2 million, net of amounts billed by Sumitovant to RSL, respectively, during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 for costs incurred on behalf of Sumitovant, which were recorded as offsets to the general and administrative expenses initially charged. Additionally, during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company paid Sumitomo a \$1.0 million access fee pursuant to the strategic cooperation agreement.

Note 10—Shareholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest

(A) Sumitomo Transaction Agreement and Roivant Equity Repurchase

In December 2019, RSL and Sumitomo completed the transactions contemplated by the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement; see Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement," Pursuant to the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement,

RSL issued 26,952,143 common shares to Sumitomo at closing at a price per share of \$37.10 for allocated net proceeds of approximately \$999.2 million, after offering expenses incurred. In connection with the Sumitomo Closing Date, RSL's board of directors approved a repurchase of up to \$1.0 billion of the Company's equity securities using the proceeds received from Sumitomo.

In February 2020, the Company launched one-time offers to purchase up to \$1.0 billion of issued and outstanding equity securities of the Company (the "Roivant Equity Repurchase"). The offers included (i) an offer to repurchase up to approximately 11.23% of the common stock held by each holder (and is affiliates) of the Company's common stock as of December 26, 2019, at a price per share of \$37.10 representing fair value of the common stock (ii) an offer to purchase vested stock options whose fair market value (as determined as of December 27, 2019) was less than or equal to the fair market value of approximately 11.23% of the earliest-granted of such holder's outstanding vested and unvested stock options, at a purchase price equal to such vested option's fair market value, and (iii) an offer to holders of performance restricted stock units ("pRSUs") to surrender 100% of their existing PRSUs in exchange for newly issued performance stock options and capped value appreciation rights. The offer to the holders of pRSUs included an offer by the Company to immediately purchase approximately 11.23% of the newly issued performance stock options and capped value appreciation rights. The Offer to the holders of preformance stock options are a portion of his common stock held and exchange his pRSUs for performance stock options and capped value appreciation rights. A summary of payments made during the year ended March 31, 2020 relating to the purchase of equity securities by the Company is as follows (in thousands):

	Cash Payment
Common stock	\$ 950,722
Other equity instruments	39,292
Total cash paid	\$ 990.014

(B) Consolidated Vant Equity Transactions

Cytovant Sciences HK Limited

In March 2020, Cytovant Sciences HK Limited ("Cytovant"), a subsidiary of the Company, issued and sold 20,085,301 Series A-1 preference shares at a purchase price of \$1.17 per share to third party investors for aggregate net proceeds of \$22.5 million after deducting offering costs. The preferred stock is convertible into ordinary shares of Cytovant at any time at the option of the investor, or automatically upon a qualified initial public offering ("Qualified IPO") as defined in the subscription agreement. If a Qualified IPO is not completed within five years of the initial investment, Series A preference shares are classified as redeemable noncontrolling interest in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of shareholders' equity and redeemable noncontrolling interest as the Company can be obligated to repurchase the Series A-1 preference shares upon the occurrence of certain contingent events outside the Company's control. No dividends shall accrue or be payable on the convertible and redeemable preferred stock unless otherwise determined by the board of directors of Cytovant. The Company considers the vents leading to a redemption of the convertible and redeemable preferred stock as not probable.

Immunovant

In September 2019, Immunovant Sciences Ltd. ("ISL") entered into a share exchange agreement (the "Share Exchange Agreement") with Health Sciences Acquisitions Corporation ("HSAC"), and in December 2019, ISL and HSAC completed the transactions contemplated by the Share Exchange Agreement (the "Business Combination"). At closing, HSAC acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of ISL in exchange for 42,080,376 shares of HSAC's common stock issued to HSAC, ISL, and the shareholders of ISL (together, the "Sellers") and 10,000 shares of HSAC Series A preferred shares issued to RSL. Additionally, as

part of its initial public offering in May 2019, HSAC issued common stock warrants, which are classified in equity. Upon completion of the Business Combination, 11,500,000 warrants were outstanding for the purchase of one-half of one share of common stock (an aggregate of 5,750,000 common shares) at a price of \$11.50 per whole share. Upon closing, ISL became a wholly owned subsidiary of HSAC and HSAC was renamed "Immunovant, Inc." The Business Combination was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization and HSAC was treated as the "acquired" company for accounting purposes. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, the Business Combination was treated as the equivalent of ISL issuing equity for the net assets of HSAC, accompanied by a recapitalization. Immunovant, Inc. received \$111.0 million in cash as a result of the Business Combination, consisting of the funds held in HSAC's trust account. The proceeds included \$5.1 million related to common shares purchased by RSL.

The sellers were entitled to receive an additional 20,000,000 shares of Immunovant, Inc.'s common stock (the "Earnout Shares") if the volume-weighted average price of Immunovant, Inc.'s shares equaled or exceeded the following prices for any 20 trading days within any 30 trading-day period (the "Trading Period") following the closing of the Business Combination:

(i) during any Trading Period prior to March 31, 2023, 10,000,000 Earnout Shares upon the achievement of a volume-weighted average price of at least \$17.50 per share; and

(ii) during any Trading Period prior to March 31, 2025, 10,000,000 Earnout Shares upon the achievement of a volume-weighted average price of at least \$31.50 per share.

In May 2020 and September 2020, Immunovant, Inc. achieved the first earnout milestone and second earnout milestone, respectively, under the Share Exchange Agreement and, as a result, all of the 20,000,000 earnout shares of Immunovant, Inc.'s common stock were issued to former stockholders of ISL, including 17,547,938 shares of common stock issued to RSL. In addition, upon the achievement of the first earnout milestone and second earnout milestone and pursuant to the restricted stock agreement entered into between HSAC and Health Sciences Holdings, LLC (the "Sponsor"), all of the 1,800,000 shares of the Sponsor's restricted shares vested and are no longer subject to forfeiture.

Immediately prior to the closing of the Business Combination, as described above, ISL's convertible promissory notes were automatically converted into an aggregate of 7,156,495 common shares of ISL, which were then exchanged for an aggregate of 3,499,995 shares of Immunovant, Inc. common stock upon the closing of transactions contemplated by the Share Exchange Agreement. The conversion of ISL's convertible promissory notes resulted in an increase to equity by \$35.6 million, the carrying amount of the convertible promissory notes. The conversion included a convertible promissory note held by RSL for \$2.5 million.

In April 2020, Immunovant, Inc. completed an underwritten public offering of 9,613,365 shares of its common stock, including 1,034,483 shares of common stock purchased by RSL, at a price of \$14.50 per share for net proceeds to Immunovant, Inc. of approximately \$131.0 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses. The proceeds included \$15.0 million received from RSL.

In May 2020, Immunovant, Inc.'s 11,500,000 outstanding warrants became exercisable for an aggregate of 5,750,000 shares of Immunovant, Inc.'s common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share. An aggregate of 11,438,290 outstanding warrants were exercised for an aggregate of 5,719,145 shares of Immunovant, Inc.'s common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, for net proceeds of approximately \$65.8 million. The remaining 61,710 warrants were cancelled.

In September 2020, Immunovant, Inc. completed an underwritten public offering of 6,060,606 shares of its common stock, including 380,000 shares of common stock purchased by RSL, at a price of \$33.00 per share for net proceeds to Immunovant, Inc. of approximately \$188.1 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses. The proceeds included \$12.5 million received from RSL.

Sinovant

Sinovant, a subsidiary of the Company, previously issued and sold preferred stock convertible into ordinary shares of Sinovant at any time at the option of the investors or automatically upon a qualified initial public offering ("Qualified IPO") as defined in the subscription agreement relating to the sale of the preferred stock. The convertible preferred stock was redeemable at the option of the investor if a Qualified IPO was not completed within five years of the initial investment and was payable in cash equal to the investment amount plus an annualized return of 12%. As such events are not within the control of the Company, the preferred stock was redeemable and redeemable noncontrolling interest in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of shareholders' equity and redeemable noncontrolling interest. No dividends accrued or were payable on the convertible preferred stock. In January 2020, Sinovant's parent company, Roivant China Holdings Ltd. ("RCHL"), purchased all preferred stock of Sinovant held by third parties at a purchase price of \$12.26 per preferred share for an aggregate purchase price of \$132.9 million. Consideration paid in excess of the carrying value for the repurchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest of \$77.8 million is considered a deemed dividend. See Note 18, "Earnings per Common Share" for resulting impact to earnings per share.

Note 11—Share-Based Compensation

(A) RSL 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

As of March 31, 2021, 22,800,000 of the Company's common shares (the "Share Reserve") are reserved for issuance under the RSL Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "RSL 2015 EIP"). At March 31, 2021, a total of 10,296,392 common shares are available for future grants under the RSL 2015 EIP. The Company's employees, directors, and consultants are eligible to receive nonstatutory and incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, and other stock awards under the RSL 2015 EIP.

As of March 31, 2021, an aggregate of 26,558,238 of the Company's common shares (the "Special Reserve") were reserved for the granting under RSL 2015 EIP of performance stock options ("Performance Options") and capped value appreciation rights ("CVARs") to the Company's employees, directors and consultants. At March 31, 2021, there are no common shares available for future grant under the Special Reserve.

Stock Options

For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense related to stock options issued under the RSL 2015 EIP to employees and directors of approximately \$32.3 million and \$31.8 million, respectively, and was included in research and development and general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

At March 31, 2021, total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options was approximately \$70.8 million and is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted-average service period of 2.96 years.

The Company estimated the fair value of each stock option on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes closed form option-pricing model applying the weighted average assumptions in the following table.

	Years Ended M	Years Ended March 31,		
Assumptions	2021	2020		
Expected stock price volatility	74.84%	66.47%		
Expected risk free interest rate	0.43%	2.27%		
Expected term, in years	6.25	6.72		
Expected dividend yield	— %	— %		

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A summary of stock option activity and data under the RSL 2015 EIP for the year ended March 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aver	/eighted age Grant Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Stock options outstanding at March 31, 2020	8,176,814	\$ 24.52	\$	16.53	7.93
Granted	1,482,604	\$ 38.71	\$	25.37	
Forfeited/Canceled	(270,047)	\$ 29.89	\$	19.85	
Stock options outstanding at March 31, 2021	9,389,371	\$ 26.61	\$	17.90	7.26
Stock options exercisable at March 31, 2021	5,533,848	\$ 21.52	\$	14.95	6.49

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, there were 5,533,848 and 4,123,953 vested stock options, respectively. Additional information regarding stock options is set forth below (in thousands, except per share data).

	Years Ende	d March 31,
	2021	2020
Grant date fair value of stock options vested	\$ 25,711	\$ 33,789
Weighted-average grant date fair value per share of stock options granted	\$ 25.37	\$ 20.63

Restricted Stock Units

Restricted stock units will vest upon the achievement of both time-based service requirements and liquidity requirements on or before the grant expiration date. Restricted stock units expire eight years after the date of grant. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded no share-based compensation expense related to these restricted stock units as the liquidity event requirement had not been met and was deemed not probable of being met. At March 31, 2021, there was approximately \$83.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock units. The Company will recognize the expense upon achievement of both the time-based service requirement and liquidity requirements through the requisite service period.

A summary of restricted stock units under the RSL 2015 EIP is as follows:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Gran	ted Average t Date Fair Value
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2020	1,008,175	\$	32.50
Granted	1,454,199	\$	39.19
Forfeited	(169,636)	\$	36.36
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2021	2,292,738	\$	36.53

Performance Options

Performance Options will vest upon the achievement of both time-based service requirements and liquidity requirements on or before the grant expiration date of March 31, 2026. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded no share-based compensation expense related to these Performance Options as the liquidity event requirement had not been met and was deemed not probable of being met. At March 31, 2021, there was approximately \$337.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested

Performance Options. The Company will recognize the expense upon achievement of both the time-based service requirement and liquidity requirements through the requisite service period.

The Company estimated the fair value of each Performance Option on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes closed form option-pricing model applying the weighted average assumptions in the following table.

Assumptions	Year Ended March 31,
Assumptions	2020
Expected stock price volatility	73.60%
Expected risk free interest rate	0.62%
Expected term	6 years
Expected dividend yield	— %

A summary of Performance Option activity and data under the RSL 2015 EIP for the year ended March 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Number of Options	A	'eighted werage rcise Price	Aver	/eighted age Grant Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Performance Options outstanding at March 31, 2020	14,518,870	\$	38.97	\$	23.78	6.00
Granted	_	\$	_	\$	—	
Forfeited	(93,207)	\$	46.38	\$	22.18	
Performance Options outstanding at March 31, 2021	14,425,663	\$	38.93	\$	23.42	5.00

No Performance Options were exercisable at March 31, 2021.

CVARs

CVARs will vest upon the achievement of both time-based service requirements and liquidity requirements on or before the grant expiration date of March 31, 2026. At settlement, each CVAR pays in common shares the excess of (a) the lesser of (i) the fair market value of a common share as of the settlement date or (ii) the cap of \$37.10, over (b) the hurdle price of either \$18.70 or \$33.63, as applicable to each grant. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded no share-based compensation expense related to these CVARs as the liquidity event requirement had not been met and was deemed not probable of being met. At March 31, 2021, there was approximately \$23.0 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested CVARs. The Company will recognize the expense upon achievement of both the time-based service requirement and liquidity requirements through the requisite service period.

A summary of CVARs under the RSL 2015 EIP is as follows:

	Number of CVARs	Grant l	ed Average Date Fair alue
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2020	11,088,658	\$	2.07
Granted	_	\$	-
Forfeited	_	\$	—
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2021	11,088,658	\$	2.07

(B) RSL 2015 Restricted Stock Unit Plan

Under the Amended and Restated RSL 2015 Restricted Stock Unit Plan (the "pRSU Plan"), as of March 31, 2021, there are 200,000 of the Company's common shares reserved for issuance in connection with pRSUs that may be granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company under the pRSU Plan. The pRSUs expire eight years after the date of grant. At March 31, 2021, none of the Company's common shares were reserved for future grants under this plan.

As part of the Roivant Equity Repurchase, 17,044,465 existing pRSUs were surrendered and exchanged for newly issued Performance Options and CVARs issued under an amended and restated RSL 2015 EIP (see above), of which approximately 11.23% were then immediately purchased by the Company, during the year ended March 31, 2020. Refer to Note 10, "Shareholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest" for additional detail regarding the Roivant Equity Repurchase.

A summary of pRSU activity under the pRSU Plan is as follows:

	Number of pRSUs	Gran	ted Average t Date Fair Value
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2020	266,845	\$	13.92
Granted	—	\$	—
Forfeited	(66,845)	\$	13.92
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2021	200,000	\$	13.92

These pRSUs will vest to the extent certain performance criteria are achieved and certain liquidity conditions are satisfied within specified years of the grant date, provided that the recipient has provided continued service through such date. As of March 31, 2021, the performance conditions had not been met and were deemed not probable of being met. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded no share-based compensation expense related to these pRSUs. During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$12.3 million of share-based compensation expense relating to cash payments made for the purchase of a portion of the Performance Options and CVARs issued in replacement of pRSUs. At March 31, 2021, there was approximately \$2.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested pRSUs. The Company will recognize the expense upon achievement of the performance and liquidity conditions through the requisite service period.

(C) RSL Restricted Common Stock

A summary of RSL restricted common stock activity as of March 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Number of Restricted Common <u>Stock</u>	Weighted Avera Grant Date Fai Value	
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2020		\$	_
Granted	587,824	\$	38.50
Vested	_	\$	_
Forfeited	_	\$	—
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2021	587,824	\$	38.50

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$0.1 million in relation to the RSL restricted common stock. At March 31, 2021, total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted common stock was approximately \$6.9 million and is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted-average service period of 3.39 years. \$15.6 million of the fair value associated with these restricted common stock was attributed to precombination service. Refer to Note 4, "Asset Acquisitions and License Agreements."

(D) Subsidiary Equity Incentive Plans

Certain wholly owned and majority-owned or controlled subsidiaries of RSL adopt their own equity incentive plan ("EIP"). Each EIP is generally structured so that the applicable subsidiary, and its affiliates' employees, directors, officers and consultants are eligible to receive non-qualified and incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted share awards, restricted stock unit awards, and other share awards under their respective EIP. Standard option grants have time-based vesting requirements, generally vesting over a period of four years with a contractual term of ten years. Such time-based stock options use the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The grant date fair value of awards subject to market conditions is estimated using a Monte Carlo valuation model. For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$29.1 million and \$22.1 million, respectively, in relation to subsidiary EIPs.

(E) Share-Based Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense from continuing operations was as follows (in thousands):

		Years Ended March 31,		
	2021	2020		
Share-based compensation expense recognized as:				
R&D expenses	\$ 22,637	\$ 7,738		
G&A expenses	62,321	60,013		
Total	\$ 84,958	\$ 67,751		

The classification of share-based compensation expense between R&D and G&A expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations is consistent with the classification of grantee's salary expense.

Note 12—Income Taxes

The loss before income taxes and the related expense/(benefit) are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ende	d March 31,
	2021	2020
Loss before income taxes:		
United States	\$(212,921)	\$ (69,264)
Switzerland	(424,494)	(355,422)
Bermuda	(227,471)	(105,604)
Other ⁽¹⁾	(33,661)	(30,696)
Total loss before income taxes	\$(898,547)	\$(560,986)

(1) Primarily Greater China and United Kingdom activity

	Years Ended Ma	arch 31,
	2021	2020
Current taxes:		
United States	\$ 1,365	\$ 6,327
Switzerland	_	—
Bermuda	_	—
Other(1)	321	797
Total current tax expense	\$ 1,686	\$ 7,124
Deferred taxes:		
United States	\$ —	\$ —
Switzerland	_	_
Bermuda	_	-
Other(1)	—	—
Total deferred tax benefit	\$	\$ —
Total income tax expense	\$ 1.686	\$ 7.124

(1) Primarily Greater China, United States state and local and United Kingdom activity

A reconciliation of income tax provision/(benefit) computed at the Bermuda statutory rate to income tax expense reflected in the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Year Ended March 31, 2021		Year Ended March 31, 2020		
Income tax benefit at Bermuda statutory rate	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	
Foreign rate differential(1)	(150,778)	16.78%	(74,922)	13.36%	
Permanent disallowed IPR&D	111,432	(12.40)%	_	— %	
Nondeductible changes in the fair value of investments and loss					
from equity method investment	(22,472)	2.50%	20,840	(3.72)%	
Nontaxable (loss) gain on deconsolidation of business	(16,438)	1.83%	29,041	(5.18)%	
Permanent adjustments	2,923	(0.33)%	(20,395)	3.64%	
R&D tax credits	(10,555)	1.17%	(5,990)	1.07%	
Rate changes	2,443	(0.27)%	(29,238)	5.21%	
Valuation allowance	85,046	(9.46)%	87,677	(15.63)%	
Other	85	(0.01)%	111	(0.02)%	
Total income tax expense	\$ 1,686	(0.19)%	\$ 7,124	(1.27)%	

(1) Primarily related to operations in Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and other jurisdictions with statutory tax rates different than the Bermuda rate.

The Company's effective tax rates were (0.19)% and (1.27)% for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, driven by the Company's jurisdictional earnings by location and a valuation allowance that eliminates the Company's global net deferred tax assets.

Deferred taxes reflect the tax effects of the differences between the amounts recorded as assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the comparable amounts recorded for income tax purposes. Significant components of the deferred tax assets (liabilities) at March 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Deferred tax assets		
Research tax credits	\$ 19,063	\$ 6,303
Intangible assets	50,564	43,626
Net operating loss	202,906	116,619
Share-based compensation	26,623	18,413
Lease liabilities	16,638	17,194
Other	7,303	7,060
Subtotal	323,097	209,215
Valuation allowance	(303,287)	(187,831)
Deferred tax liabilities		
Depreciation	(1,214)	(1,833)
Right-of-use assets	(13,908)	(15,409)
Other	(4,688)	(4,142)
Total deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$ —	\$ —

The Company has Federal net operating losses in Switzerland, the United States, the United Kingdom and other jurisdictions in the amount of \$1,181.1 million, \$122.2 million, \$28.6 million, and \$75.8 million, respectively. The Switzerland net operating losses will expire in varying amounts between March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2028. The United States net operating losses can be carried forward indefinitely with utilization limited to 80% of future taxable income for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, while the United Kingdom and other net operating losses can be carried forward indefinitely as well, with an annual limitation on utilization. The Company has generated net operating losses from United States state and local jurisdictions in the amount of \$69.7 million which will expire in varying amounts between March 31, 2035 and March 31, 2041. The Company has generated \$19.1 million of research tax credit carryforwards primarily in the United States, which will expire in varying amounts between March 31, 2041.

The Company assesses the realizability of the deferred tax assets at each balance sheet date based on available positive and negative evidence in order to determine the amount which is more likely than not to be realized and record a valuation allowance as necessary. Due to the Company's cumulative loss position which provides significant negative evidence difficult to overcome, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$303.3 million as of March 31, 2021, representing the portion of the deferred tax asset that is not more likely than not to be realized. The amount of the deferred tax asset considered realizable could be adjusted for future factors that would impact the assessment of the objective and subjective evidence of the Company. For the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, the valuation allowance increased by \$115.5 million primarily as a result of corresponding increases in our global net operating losses, as well as our Research Tax Credits. For the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020, the valuation allowance decreased by \$168.0 million primarily as a result of the Sumitomo Transaction and the decrosolidation of Sio. The Company will continue to assess the realizability of deferred tax assets at each balance sheet date in order to determine the amount, if any, required for avaluation allowance.

There are outside basis differences related to the Company's investment in subsidiaries for which no deferred taxes have been recorded as these would not be subject to tax on repatriation as Bermuda has no tax regime for Bermuda exempted limited companies, and the United Kingdom tax regime relating to company distributions and sales generally provides for exemption from tax for most overseas profits, subject to certain exceptions.

The Company is subject to tax and is required to file United States, United Kingdom, and Switzerland federal income tax returns, as well as income tax returns in various state, local, and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is subject to tax examinations for tax years ended March 31, 2018 and forward in major taxing jurisdictions. Tax audits and examinations can involve complex issues, interpretations and judgments. The resolution of matters may span multiple years particularly if subject to litigation or negotiation. The Company believes it has appropriately recorded its tax position using reasonable estimates and assumptions, however, the potential tax benefits may impact the results of operations or cash flows in the period of resolution, settlement or when the statutes of limitations expire. There are no unrecognized tax benefits recorded as of March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 13—Leases

The Company's operating leases consist primarily of real estate leases, including those entered into by certain wholly owned and majority-owned or controlled subsidiaries of RSL. The Company determines if an agreement is or contains a lease at inception. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. For real estate leases, the Company elected the expedient to account for lease and non-lease components as a single component.

Right-of-use ("ROU") assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are based on the estimated present value of fixed lease payments over the expected lease term and are recognized at the lease commencement date.

As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of fixed lease payments based on information available at the lease commencement date. The Company's incremental borrowing rates are determined based on the term of the lease, the economic environment of the lease, and the effect of collateralization. Certain leases include one or more renewal options, generally for the same period as the initial term of the lease. The exercise of lease renewal options is generally at the Company's sole discretion and, as such, the Company typically determines that exercise of these renewal options is not reasonably certain. As a result, the Company does not include the renewal option period in the expected lease term and the associated lease payments are not included in the measurement of the ROU asset and lease liability. Certain leases also contain termination options with an associated penalty, the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise these options and as such, they are not included in the determination of the expected lease term. The Company recognizes operating lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases generally provide for payments of nonlease components, such as common area maintenance, real estate taxes and other costs associated with the leased property. For lease agreements entered into or modified after April 1, 2019, the Company accounts for lease components and nonlease components together as a single lease component and, as such, includes fixed payments of nonlease components in the measurement of the ROU assets and lease liabilities. Variable lease payments, such as periodic adjustments for inflation, reimbursement of real estate taxes, any variable common area maintenance and any other variable costs associated with the leased property are expensed as incurred as variable lease costs and are not recorded on the balance sheet.

The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictions or covenants.

The components of operating lease expense for the Company were as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ende	Years Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020	
Operating lease cost	\$ 11,931	\$ 11,515	
Short-term lease cost	237	872	
Variable lease cost	704	379	
Total operating lease cost	\$ 12,872	\$ 12,766	

Information related to the Company's operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities was as follows (in thousands, except periods and percentages):

	During t Ended M 2021	
Cash paid for operating lease liabilities	\$8,830	\$ 8,108
Operating lease ROU assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$5,491	\$56,025
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 20
eighted average remaining lease term (in years)	9.6	10

Weighted average remaining lease term (in years)	9.6	10.2
Weighted average discount rate	7.1%	7.1%

As of March 31, 2021, maturities of operating lease liabilities were as follows (in thousands):

Years Ending March 31,	
2022	\$ 13,386
2023	11,814
2024	11,718
2025	9,734
2026	8,617
Thereafter	51,674
Total lease payments	106,943
Less: present value adjustment	(29,348)
Less: tenant improvement allowance	(2,898)
Total	\$ 74,697

Note 14—Commitments and Contingencies

(A) Significant Agreements

The Company, primarily through its subsidiaries has entered into commitments under various asset acquisition and license agreements including those described in Note 4, "Asset Acquisitions and License Agreements." Additionally, the Company through its subsidiaries enters into agreements with contract service providers to assist in the performance of its R&D activities. Expenditures to contract research organizations and contract manufacturing organizations represent significant costs in the clinical development of its product candidates. Subject to required notice periods and certain obligations under binding purchase orders, the Company can elect to discontinue the work under these agreements at any time. The Company expects to enter into additional collaborative research, contract research, manufacturing, and supplier agreements in the future, which may require upfront payments and long-term commitments of capital resources.

(B) Loss Contingencies

The Company may be, from time to time, a party to various disputes and claims arising from normal business activities. The Company accrues for loss contingencies when available information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated, and if the Company believes that a reasonably possible loss exists, the Company discloses the facts and circumstances of the litigation or claim, including an estimable range, if possible. The Company is currently not involved in any legal proceedings with a probable and estimable material loss.

(C) Intellectual Property Agreements

As of March 31, 2021, the Company did not have any ongoing material financial commitments, other than pursuant to various asset acquisition and license agreements including those described in Note 4, "Asset Acquisitions and License Agreements."

(D) COVID-19 Pandemic

The Company has been actively monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on its employees and business. Based on guidance issued by federal, state and local authorities, the Company transitioned to a remote work model for its employees in March 2020 and its workforce continues to primarily work remotely.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a variable impact on clinical trials by disrupting certain study sites. In the conduct of business activities, the Company continues to take actions designed to protect the safety and well-being of its patients and employees. Although some of the Company's clinical development timelines have been impacted by delays related to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has not experienced material financial impacts on its business and operations as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the impact on the Company's future results will largely depend on future developments related to COVID-19, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, such as the emergence of new variants, the ultimate duration and spread of the outbreak, the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on financial markets and the global economy, travel restrictions and social distancing in the United States and other countries, business closures or business disruptions and the effectiveness of actions taken in the United States and other countries, business, including the availability and effectiveness.

Note 15—Fair Value Measurements

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following table sets forth the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, by level, within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

		As of Ma	rch 31, 202	1		As of Ma	rch 31, 202	00
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of March 31, 2020
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$1,420,597	\$ —	s —	\$ 1,420,597	\$ 1,874,662	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,874,662
Investment in Sio common shares	48,487	_	_	48,487	45,329	_	_	45,329
Investment in Arbutus common shares	53,325	_	_	53,325	16,174	_	_	16,174
Investment in Arbutus convertible preferred shares	_	76,037	_	76,037	_	23,062	_	23,062
Other investments	11,129	_	_	11,129	8,880	_	_	8,880
Total assets at fair value	\$1,533,538	\$76,037	\$ -	\$ 1,609,575	\$ 1,945,045	\$23,062	\$ —	\$ 1,968,107
Liabilities:								
Debt held by Dermavant with NovaQuest	s —	\$ —	\$150,100	\$ 150,100	\$	\$ —	\$ 89,100	\$ 89,100
Liability instruments measured at fair value	_	_	67,893	67,893	_		102,373	102,373
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ </u>	\$ —	\$217,993	\$ 217,993	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 191,473	\$ 191,473

There were no transfers of assets between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy that occurred during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Level 3 Disclosures

The Company measures its Level 3 liabilities, including debt issued by Dermavant to NovaQuest and the Sumitomo Options, at fair value based on significant inputs not observable in the market, which causes them to be classified as a Level 3 measurement within the fair value hierarchy. The valuation of the Level 3 liabilities uses assumptions and estimates the Company believes would be made by a market participant in making the same valuation. The Company assesses these assumptions and estimates on an ongoing basis as additional data impacting the assumptions and estimates are obtained. Changes in the fair value related to updated assumptions and estimates are recorded within the statements of operations at the end of each reporting period.

The fair value of Level 3 liabilities may change significantly as additional data are obtained, impacting the Company's assumptions regarding probabilities of potential scenarios used to estimate fair value. In evaluating this information, considerable judgment is required to interpret the data used to develop the assumptions and estimates. Accordingly, the use of different market assumptions and/or different valuation techniques may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts, and such changes could materially impact the Company's results of operations in future periods.

The changes in fair value of the Level 3 liabilities during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows (in thousands):

Balance at March 31, 2019	\$103,628
Issuance of liability instruments measured at fair value	101,567
Changes in fair value of debt and liability instruments, included in net loss	(13,722)
Balance at March 31, 2020	191,473
Changes in fair value of debt and liability instruments, included in net loss	29,845
Liability instruments disposed due to deconsolidation of subsidiary	(3,325)
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$217,993

Debt issued by Dermavant to NovaQuest

The fair value of the debt instrument as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 represents the fair value of amounts payable to NovaQuest using a Monte Carlo simulation model under the income approach determined by using probability assessments of the expected future payments through 2032 and applying discount rates ranging from 6% to 17%. The future payments are based on significant inputs that are not observable in the market which are subject to remeasurement at each reporting date. The estimates of fair value may not be indicative of the amounts that could ultimately be paid by Dermavant to NovaQuest.

Sumitomo Options

The fair value of the options to acquire the Company's interest in Dermavant, Genevant, Lysovant, Metavant, Cytovant Parent, and Sinovant (collectively, the "Option Vants") granted to Sumitomo under the Sumitomo Transaction Agreement as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 was calculated using significant unobservable inputs including the following:

	Range or Point I	Range or Point Estimate Used		
Input	As of March 31, 2021	As of March 31, 2020		
Time to expiration (in years)	3.59	0.49 - 4.59		
Risk-free rate	0.52%	0.15% - 0.35%		
Volatility	89.0% - 95.0%	91.0% - 110.0%		

As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the Sumitomo Options was \$62.4 million and \$95.9 million, respectively. Sumitomo Options are included in "Liability instruments measured at fair value" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In June 2021, the Company completed a transaction with Sumitomo pursuant to which Sumitomo terminated all of its existing options to acquire the Company's equity interests in certain subsidiaries. See Note 19, "Subsequent Events" for additional information.

Note 16—Defined Contribution Plan

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries sponsor defined contribution plans pursuant to Section 401(k) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Employee contributions are voluntary and subject to the maximum allowable under federal tax regulations. For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded total expense for employer matching contributions of \$1.7 million and \$1.7 million, respectively.

Note 17—Other Expense, Net

Other expense, net from continuing operations was as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ende	d March 31,
	2021	2020
Loss from equity method investment	\$ 3,750	\$ 21,386
Interest income	(1,418)	(17,990)
Interest expense	2,809	7,683
Other expense	3,560	2,543
Total	\$ 8,701	\$ 13,622

Note 18—Earnings per Common Share

The computations of the numerator to derive the basic and diluted earnings per share amounts presented on the face of the accompanying consolidated statements of operations are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (900,233)	\$ (568,110)
Net loss from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to noncontrolling interest	(90,999)	(48,716)
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	(809,234)	(519,394)
Deemed dividend on repurchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest relating to subsidiary convertible		
and redeemable preferred stock(1)	_	(77,777)
Basic and diluted loss from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	\$ (809,234)	\$ (597,171)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ —	\$ 1,578,426
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	(141,477)
Net income from discontinued operations, net of tax, attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd.	<u>s </u>	\$ 1,719,903
Basic and diluted income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ —	\$ 1,719,903
Basic and diluted net (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences	\$ (809,234)	\$ 1,122,732

(1) Consideration paid in excess of carrying value for the repurchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest relating to subsidiary convertible and redeemable preferred stock of \$77.8 million is considered a deemed dividend and, for purposes of calculating net loss per share, increases the loss from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd. for the year ended March 31, 2020. See Note 10, "Shareholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest."

Basic net (loss) income per common share is computed by dividing net (loss) income attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd. by the weighted-average number of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net (loss) income per common share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to Roivant Sciences Ltd. by the diluted weighted-average number of common stock outstanding during the period.

For periods of loss from continuing operations, diluted loss per share is calculated similar to basic loss per share as the effect of including all potentially dilutive common share equivalents is anti-dilutive. All outstanding common stock equivalents have been excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share because their

effect was anti-dilutive due to the loss from continuing operations. Refer to Note 11, "Share-Based Compensation" and Note 5, "Sumitomo Transaction Agreement" for additional detail regarding outstanding common stock equivalents.

Note 19—Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for appropriate disclosures through June 30, 2021, the date that the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition as of March 31, 2021 have been incorporated in these financial statements.

Option Vants Transaction

On May 1, 2021, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Sumitomo and its subsidiary Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. ("SPC") (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"). The transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed in June 2021. Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement: (i) Sumitomo terminated all of its existing options to acquire the Company's equity interests in the Option Vants; (ii) the Company transferred and assigned to SPC all of its intellectual property, development and commercialization rights for (a) lefamulin in Mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Macau (collectively "Greater China"), (b) vibegron in Mainland China, (c) rodatristat ethyl in Greater China and South Korea and (d) RVT-802 in Greater China and South Korea; (iii) we will receive a \$5.0 million cash payment; and (iv) Sumitomo entered into an agreement with the Company to pursue future collaborations with Genevant.

Dermavant

On May 14, 2021, Dermavant entered into a \$160.0 million revenue interest purchase and sale agreement (the "RIPSA") for its investigational product tapinarof with three institutional investors. Under the terms of the RIPSA, the participants purchased a capped single-digit revenue interest in net sales of tapinarof for all dermatological indications in the United States in exchange for \$160.0 million in committed funding to be paid to Dermavant, subject to approval of tapinarof by the FDA.

Dermavant concurrently entered into a \$40.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with one of the institutional investors. The Credit Facility has a five-year maturity and bears an interest rate of 10% per annum. In connection with the funding of the Credit Facility, Dermavant issued to the institutional investor a warrant to purchase 1,199,072 common shares of Dermavant at an exercise price of \$0.01 per common share.

The proceeds from the Credit Facility were used to repay all amounts outstanding under the loan and security agreement with Hercules, with the remainder of net proceeds used for working capital and general corporate purposes. The Company reclassified \$3.1 million on the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 from current to long-term given that Dermavant had the intent and ability to refinance the short-term obligation on a long-term basis after March 31, 2021 and before the financial statements were issued.

Datavant

In June 2021, Datavant and CIOX Health, LLC entered into a definitive agreement to merge the two companies. The merger is subject to regulatory approvals and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2021.



ANNEX A - BUSINESS COMBINATION AGREEMENT

EXECUTION VERSION

BUSINESS COMBINATION AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.,

RHINE MERGER SUB, INC.,

AND

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

DATED AS OF MAY 1, 2021

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BUSINESS COMBINATION AGREEMENT

This BUSINESS COMBINATION AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), dated as of May 1, 2021, is made by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"), Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company ("<u>Merger Sub</u>"). MAAC, the Company and Merger Sub shall be referred to herein from time to time collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>." Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings set forth in <u>Section 1.1</u>.

WHEREAS, (a) MAAC is a blank check company incorporated as a Delaware corporation on July 6, 2020 for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses, and (b) Merger Sub is, as of the date of this Agreement, a direct wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company formed for purposes of consummating the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the applicable Ancillary Documents;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Governing Documents of MAAC, MAAC is required to provide an opportunity for the holders of MAAC Class A Shares to have their outstanding MAAC Class A Shares redeemed on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth therein in connection with obtaining the MAAC Shareholder Approval;

WHEREAS, as of the date of this Agreement, Patient Square Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "MAAC Sponsor"), owns 10,167,956 MAAC Class B Shares and 10,214,365 MAAC Warrants;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, the MAAC Sponsor, MAAC and the Company are entering into the sponsor support agreement (the "Sponsor Support Agreement"), pursuant to which (i) the MAAC Sponsor has agreed to, among other things, (a) vote in favor of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger), (b) subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective as of immediately prior to, the Effective Time, waive any adjustment to the conversion ratio set forth in the Governing Documents of MAAC or any other anti-dilution or similar protection, in each case, with respect to the MAAC Class B Shares (whether resulting from the transactions contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreements or otherwise), and (c) subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective as of immediately after, the Effective Time, subject a number Company Post-Closing Common Shares determined pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement to vesting requirements that are tied to the share price of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares following the Effective Time, in each case, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement and (ii) the MAAC Sponsor will, subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective as of, the Effective Time, be granted certain registration rights with respect to its Company Post-Closing Common Shares;

WHEREAS, prior to the Closing Date or on the Closing Date prior to the Effective Time and prior to the consummation of the matters described in the following recital, the Company Non-Voting Common Shares shall be converted and redesignated into Company Voting Common Shares, in accordance with the Company Bye-Laws, on a one-for-one basis (the "<u>Non-Voting Share Conversion</u>"), subject to the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the Non-Voting Share Conversion;

WHEREAS, on the Closing Date prior to the Effective Time, the Company shall (a) cause each Company Pre-Closing Common Share to be divided into a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Exchange Ratio and (b) amend and restate the Company Bye-Laws, in each case, on the terms and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, each of the investors set forth on <u>Annex A</u> hereto (collectively, the "<u>PIPE</u> <u>Investors</u>") is entering into a subscription agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (collectively, the "<u>PIPE Subscription</u> <u>Agreements</u>"), pursuant to which, among other things, each PIPE Investor has agreed to subscribe for and purchase on the Closing Date immediately prior to the

Effective Time, and MAAC has agreed to issue and sell to each such PIPE Investor on the Closing Date immediately prior to the Effective Time, the number of MAAC Class A Shares set forth in the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement in exchange for the purchase price set forth therein (the equity financing under all PIPE Subscription Agreements, collectively, the "<u>PIPE Financing</u>"), in each case, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement;

WHEREAS, on the Closing Date, promptly following the Company Pre-Closing Steps and at the Effective Time, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC continuing as the surviving corporation in the merger and, after giving effect to such merger, (a) MAAC will be a wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company, (b) each MAAC Class A Share and each MAAC Class S Share not ledd by the MAAC Sponsor or its Affiliates, in each case, issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (including, for the avoidance of doubt, each MAAC Class A Share and each Class G Share not ledd by the MAAC Sponsor or its Affiliates, in a MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC and Class A Share and each Class G Share not each (ii) any MAAC Class A Share and mAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC as treasury stock or by the MAAC Sponsor or its Affiliates and (ii) any MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Shares held by MAAC as treasury stock or by the MAAC Sponsor or its Affiliates and (c) each MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor and its Affiliates issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time into one Company Post-Closing Common Share, and (c) each MAAC Class B Share held by the MAAC Sponsor and its Affiliates issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time will be automatically converted as of the Effective Time will be automatically converted as of the Effective Time into the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Sponsor Exchange Ratio, in each case, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement and the applicable Ancillary Documents;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, the Significant Company Shareholders will duly execute and deliver to MAAC and the Company a transaction support agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> (collectively, the "<u>Transaction Support</u> <u>Agreements</u>"), pursuant to which, in the case of each such Transaction Support Agreement, each such Significant Company Shareholder will agree to, among other things, (i) be bound by and subject to certain covenants and agreements related to, or in furtherance of, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, including the Company Pre-Closing Steps and (ii) take, or cause to be taken, any actions necessary or advisable to cause certain existing Company agreements to be terminated effective as of the Closing;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, the Significant Company Shareholders are entering into the Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit <u>C</u> (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things, certain Company Shareholders will, subject to, and conditioned upon and effective as of, the Effective Time, be granted certain registration rights with respect to their respective Company Post-Closing Common Shares, in each case, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth therein;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, each of the Company, certain Company Shareholders and the MAAC Sponsor are entering into a lock-up agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D</u> (the "<u>Lock-Up Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which, among other things, subject to, and conditioned upon and effective as of, the Effective Time, such Company Shareholders and the MAAC Sponsor will agree not to effect any sale or distribution of all or a portion of, as applicable, the Equity Securities of the Company held by any of them during the applicable lock-up periods described therein;

WHEREAS, the board of directors of MAAC (the "<u>MAAC Board</u>") has (a) determined that it is in the best interests of MAAC and its stockholders, and declared it advisable, to enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Merger), (b) approved this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger) and (c) recommended, among other things, approval and adoption of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by hereby or thereby (including the Merger) by the holders of MAAC Shares entitled to vote thereon;

WHEREAS, the board of directors of Merger Sub has approved this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which Merger Sub is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Merger);

WHEREAS, the Company, as the sole stockholder of Merger Sub, will as promptly as reasonably practicable (and in any event within one (1) Business Day) following the date of this Agreement, approve and adopt this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which Merger Sub is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Merger);

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution hereof, the Company is delivering to MAAC the Company Shareholder Written Consent duly executed by the Significant Company Shareholders;

WHEREAS, the board of directors of the Company (the "<u>Company Board</u>") has (a) unanimously approved this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which the Company is or will be a party and the consumnation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger), (b) recommended, among other things, the entry into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which the Company is or will be a party and the consumnation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger) to the holders of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares entitled to vote thereon for their approval and (c) given reasonable advance written notice of the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger in accordance with the Company Bye-Laws to the Company Shareholders (including the "Lot Large Shareholders" (as defined therein); and

WHEREAS, each of the Parties intends for U.S. federal income tax purposes that (a) this Agreement constitutes a "plan of reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368 of the Code and Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, (b) the Merger qualifies as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and (c) the exchange of MAAC Class A Shares or MAAC Class B Shares for Company Post-Closing Common Shares pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(b)(vii)</u>, other than with respect to any Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders who are U.S. persons and who will be "five-percent transferee shareholders" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.367(a)-3(c)(5)(ii) but who do not enter into gain recognition agreements within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Sections 1.367(a)-3(c)(1)(iii)(B) and 1.367(a)-8, qualifies for an exception to Section 367(a)(1) of the Code (<u>clauses (a)</u> through (c), collectively, the "Intended Tax Treatment").

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, each intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 CERTAIN DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the respective meanings set forth below.

"Additional MAAC SEC Reports" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.7.

"Adjusted CVAR Award" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(d).

"Adjusted Option" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a).

"Adjusted RSU Award" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(c).

"<u>Affiliate</u>" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person who directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person; <u>provided</u> that no

Public Group Company shall be deemed to be an Affiliate of any Private Group Company for purposes hereof. The term "<u>control</u>" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, and the terms "<u>controlled</u>" and "<u>controlling</u>" have meanings correlative thereto.

"<u>Aggregate Trust Account Proceeds</u>" means the aggregate cash proceeds that are or would be (assuming that the Closing occurs) released to MAAC (or any designees thereof) from the Trust Account on the Closing Date in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (for the avoidance of doubt, (i) after giving effect to the MAAC Shareholder Redemption and (ii) excluding the proceeds of the PIPE Financing).

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Ancillary Documents" means the Registration Rights Agreement, the Lock-Up Agreement, the Sponsor Support Agreement, the PIPE Subscription Agreements, the Transaction Support Agreements, the Certificate of Merger and each other agreement, document, instrument and/or certificate contemplated by this Agreement executed or to be executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (including those entered into in connection with the Company Pre-Closing Steps).

"Anti-Corruption Laws" means, collectively, (a) the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, (b) the UK Bribery Act 2010 and (c) any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption Laws or Orders related to combatting bribery, corruption and money laundering.

"Business Combination Proposal" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.8.

"Business Day" means a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which commercial banks in Hamilton, Bermuda, London, England, New York, New York and San Francisco, California are open for the general transaction of business; <u>provided</u> that banks shall be deemed to be generally open for the general transaction of business in the event of a "shelter in place" or similar closure of physical branch locations at the direction of any governmental authority if such banks' electronic funds transfer system (including for wire transfers) are open for use by customers on such day.

"CBA" means any collective bargaining agreement or other Contract with any labor union, labor organization, or works council.

"Certificate of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b)(ii).

"Certificates" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b)(vii).

"Closing" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2.

"Closing Company Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.4(b).

"Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2.

"Closing Filing" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(b).

"Closing Press Release" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(b).

"COBRA" means Part 6 of Subtitle B of Title I of ERISA, Section 4980B of the Code and any similar state Law.

"Code" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

"Companies Act," means the Bermuda Companies Act, 1981.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Company Acquisition Proposal" means any transaction or series of related transactions under which any Person(s), directly or indirectly, acquires or otherwise purchases the Company or all or substantially all of the assets, Equity Securities or businesses of the Company and its controlled Affiliates on a consolidated basis (whether by merger, consolidation, recapitalization, purchase or issuance of Equity Securities, purchase of assets, tender offer or otherwise). Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, (i) none of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby shall constitute a Company Acquisition Proposal and (ii) the Company's or one of its Affiliates' acquisition of Equity Securities of a Public Group Company that are not already owned by the Company or any issuance of Equity Securities of the Company in connection therewith shall not constitute a Company Acquisition Proposal.

"<u>Company Additional Capitalization Representations</u>" means the representations and warranties set forth in the first two sentences of <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> and <u>Section 3.2(c)</u> (Capitalization of the Group Companies).

"Company Board" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Company Bye-Laws" means the eighth amended and restated bye-laws of the Company, adopted on June 17, 2020.

"<u>Company Common Shares</u>" means (a) prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares, and (b) from and after the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, means the Company Post-Closing Common Shares. Any reference to the Company Common Shares in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document shall be deemed to refer to <u>clause (a)</u> and/or <u>clause (b)</u> of this definition, as the context so requires.

"Company CVAR Award" means, as of any determination time, each capped value appreciation right with respect to Company Common Shares that is outstanding and granted under a Company Equity Plan.

"Company D&O Persons" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.15(a).

"Company Designee" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.16(c).

"Company Disclosure Schedules" means the disclosure schedules to this Agreement delivered to MAAC by the Company on the date of this Agreement.

"<u>Company Equity Award</u>" means, as of any determination time, each Company Option, each Company RSU Award, each Company Restricted Common Share, each Company CVAR Award and each other award to any current or former director, manager, officer, employee, individual independent contractor or other service provider of any Group Company of rights of any kind to receive any Equity Security of the Company under any Company Equity Plan or otherwise that is outstanding as of such time of determination.

"<u>Company Equity Plan</u>" means each of (a) the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, (b) the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2015 Restricted Stock Unit Plan and (c) each other plan that provides for the award to any current or former director, manager, officer, employee, individual independent contractor or other service provider of any Group Company of rights of any kind to receive Equity Securities of the Company or benefits measured in whole or in part by reference to Equity Securities of the Company.

"<u>Company Equityholders</u>" means, collectively, the Company Shareholders and the holders of Company Equity Awards as of any determination time prior to the Effective Time.

"<u>Company Expenses</u>" means, as of any determination time and without duplication, the aggregate amount of fees, expenses, costs, disbursements, commissions or other amounts incurred by or on behalf of, and that are due and payable by (and not otherwise expressly allocated to MAAC pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document) any Group Company in connection with the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents, the performance of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including (a) the fees and expenses of outside legal counsel, accountants, advisors, brokers, placement agents, investment bankers, consultants, or other agents or service providers of any Group Company, (b) any other fees, expenses, commissions or other amounts that are expressly allocated to any Group Company pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document and (c) fifty percent (50%) of the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement with the SEC and the printing and mailing of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement to holders of MAAC Shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, Company Expenses shall not include any MAAC Expenses or any fees, expenses, commissions or other amounts that are expressly contemplated to be allocated to and paid by MAAC pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document.

"Company Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.4(a).

"<u>Company Fundamental Representations</u>" means the representations and warranties set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)</u> and <u>Section 3.1(b)</u> (Organization and Qualification), <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> and <u>Section 3.2(d)</u> (Capitalization of the Group Companies), <u>Section 3.3</u> (Authority), <u>Section 3.8(a)</u> (No Company Material Adverse Effect) and <u>Section 3.18</u> (Brokers).

"Company IT Systems" means all computer systems, Software and hardware, communication systems, servers, network equipment and related documentation, in each case, owned, licensed or leased by a Private Group Company.

"<u>Company Licensed Intellectual Property</u>" means Intellectual Property Rights owned by any Person (other than a Group Company) that are licensed to any Group Company.

"<u>Company Material Adverse Effect</u>" means any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that, individually or in the aggregate with any other change, event, development, effect or occurrence, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (a) the business, results of operations, assests or financial condition of the Group Companies, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of the Company or Merger Sub to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to occur on the Closing Date (including the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger); provided, however, that, in the case of <u>clause</u> (a), none of the following shall be taken into account in determining whether a Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur: any adverse change, event, development, effect or occurrence arising after the date of this Agreement from or related to (i) general business or economic conditions in or affecting the United States, or changes therein, or the global economy generally, (ii) any national or international political or social conditions in or affecting the United States, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country in hostilities, whether or not pursuant to the declaration of a national emergency or war, or the occurrence in any place of any upilitary or terrorist attack, sabotage or cyberterorism, (iii) changes in conditions of the financial, banking, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or changes therein, including changes in interest rates in the United States or any other country and changes in exchange rates for the currencies of any countries, (iv) changes in any applicable Laws, (v) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to the industries or markets in which any Group Company operates, (vi) the execution or public announcement of this Agreement or the pendency or consummation of the transactions c

Section 3.5(b) to the extent that its purpose is to address the consequences resulting from the public announcement or pendency or consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the condition set forth in Section 6.2(a) to the extent it relates to such representations and warranties), (vii) any failure by any Group Company to meet, or changes to, any internal or published budgets, projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions (although the underlying facts and circumstances resulting in such failure may be taken into account to the extent not otherwise excluded from this definition), (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake, tsunami, natural disaster, mudslides, wild fires, epidemics, pandemics (including COVID-19) or quarantines, acts of God or other natural disasters or comparable events in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or any escalation of the foregoing, or (ix) any regulatory, preclinical, clinical, pricing or reimbursement changes, effects, developments or occurrences arising after the date hereof and relating to or affecting any Company Product (including (A) any suspension, rejection, refusal of, request to refile or any delay in obtaining or making any regulatory application or filing relating to any Company Product, (B) any negative regulatory actions, requests, recommendations or decisions of any Governmental Entity relating to any Company Product or the manufacture thereof, or any other regulatory or preclinical or clinical development relating to any Company Product, (C) any preclinical or clinical studies, trials, tests, results or adverse events, or announcements of any of the foregoing, with respect to any Company Product, (D) any delay, hold or termination of any preclinical or clinical study, trial or test or any delay, hold or termination of any planned application for investigational new drug application or application for marketing approval with respect to any Company Product, (E) any preclinical or clinical studies, trials, tests, results or adverse events, or announcements of any of the foregoing, with respect to any product or product candidate competitive with or related to any Company Product, (F) FDA approval (or other preclinical or clinical or regulatory developments), market entry or threatened market entry of any product or product candidate competitive with or related to any Company Product or (G) any recommendations, statements, decisions or other pronouncements made, published or proposed by professional medical organizations, payors, Governmental Entities or representatives of the foregoing, or any panel or advisory body empowered or appointed thereby, relating to any Company Product or any products or product candidates of any competitors of the Company), in each case, as applicable and solely to the extent not resulting from or arising out of any fraud or intentional and material violation of any applicable Public Health Law or Order by any Group Company; provided, however, that (A) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence resulting from a matter described in any of the foregoing clauses (i) through (y) may be taken into account in determining whether a Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur to the extent such change, event, development, effect or occurrence has or has had a disproportionate adverse effect on the Group Companies, taken as a whole, relative to other participants operating in the industries or markets in which the Group Companies operate and (B) in no event shall (x) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence to the extent relating to MAAC, (y) any MAAC Shareholder Redemption, in and of itself, or (z) any failure, in and of itself, by a PIPE Investor to fulfill its obligations under a PIPE Subscription Agreement constitute a Company Material Adverse Effect

"Company Non-Party Affiliates" means, collectively, each Company Related Party and each former, current or future Affiliate, Representative, equityholder, successor, heir or permitted assign of any Company Related Party (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company).

"Company Non-Voting Common Shares" means non-voting common shares, par value \$0.0000001 per share, of the Company

"<u>Company Option</u>" means, as of any determination time, each option to purchase Company Common Shares (including, for the avoidance of doubt, each option subject to any performance-based or liquidity-based vesting conditions) that is outstanding and unexercised and granted under a Company Equity Plan.

"Company Owned Intellectual Property" means all Intellectual Property Rights that are owned by any of the Group Companies.

"Company Post-Closing Bye-Laws" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(a)

"Company Post-Closing Common Shares" means common shares of the Company, with a par value equal to the par value of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares divided by the Exchange Ratio.

"Company Post-Closing Employee Stock Purchase Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.18.

"Company Post-Closing Incentive Equity Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.18.

"Company Pre-Closing Common Shares" means, collectively, the Company Non-Voting Common Shares and the Company Voting Common Shares.

"Company Pre-Closing Steps" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(a).

"<u>Company Product</u>" means each product candidate, product or platform that is being or has been researched, tested, developed, manufactured, distributed, sold, promoted, advertised or marketed by or on behalf of the Group Companies.

"Company Registered Intellectual Property" means all Registered Intellectual Property owned or purported to be owned by any Group Company.

"Company Related Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.20.

"Company Related Party Transactions" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.20.

"Company Restricted Common Shares" means restricted Company Common Shares outstanding and granted under a Company Equity Plan or otherwise.

"<u>Company RSU Award</u>" means, as of any determination time, each restricted stock unit award with respect to Company Common Shares outstanding and granted under a Company Equity Plan.

"Company Shareholder Written Consent" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.13.

"Company Shareholders" means, collectively, the holders of Company Common Shares as of any determination time prior to the Effective Time.

"<u>Company Shareholders Agreements</u>" means, collectively, (a) the Sixth Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement, dated June 17, 2020, by and among the Company and the Company Shareholders party thereto, (b) the Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated September 6, 2017, by and among the Company and the Company Shareholders party thereto, and (c) the Agreement Regarding 2018 Equity Raise, dated as of September 26, 2018, by and among the Company and the Company Shareholders party thereto.

"Company Voting Common Shares" means common shares, par value \$0.0000001 per share, of the Company (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Restricted Common Shares).

"Company Warrant" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b)(viii).

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Nondisclosure Agreement, dated October 26, 2020, between Roivant Sciences, Inc. and MAAC.

"<u>Consent</u>" means any notice, authorization, qualification, registration, filing, notification, waiver, order, consent, grant, clearance, permission or approval to be obtained from, filed with or delivered to, a Governmental Entity or other Person.

"<u>Contract</u>" or "<u>Contracts</u>" means any agreement, contract, license, lease, obligation, undertaking or other commitment or arrangement that is legally binding upon a Person or any of his, her or its properties or assets.

"Copyrights" has the meaning set forth in the definition of Intellectual Property Rights.

"COVID-19" means SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 and any evolutions thereof or related or associated epidemics, pandemics or disease outbreaks.

"Datavant" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "Subsidiary."

"Designated Individuals" means the individuals listed on Section 1.1 of the Company Disclosure Schedules.

"DGCL" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Disclosed Subscription Agreements" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.20.

"Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b)(ii).

"Employee Benefit Plan" means each "employee benefit plan" (as such term is defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA), each equity or equity-based, deferred compensation, severance, retention, bonus, incentive, retirement, retiree or post-employment welfare, vacation, and other benefit or compensatory plan, program, policy or Contract that any Private Group Company maintains, sponsors or contributes to, or under or which any Private Group Company has any Liability, other than (i) any plan, program, policy or Contract sponsored, maintained or entered into by a Public Group Company or (ii) any plan sponsored or maintained by a Governmental Entity.

"Environmental Laws" means all Laws and Orders concerning pollution, protection of the environment, or human health or safety.

"<u>Equity Securities</u>" means any share, share capital, capital stock, partnership, membership, joint venture or similar interest in any Person (including any stock appreciation, phantom stock, profit participation or similar rights), and any option, warrant, right or security (including debt securities) convertible, exchangeable or exercisable therefor.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

"Ex-Im Laws" means all applicable Laws and Orders relating to export, re-export, transfer and import controls, including the U.S. Export Administration Regulations, the International Traffic in Arms Regulations, and Laws administered by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

"Exchange Ratio" means 2.9262.

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

"Federal Securities Laws" means the Exchange Act, the Securities Act and the other U.S. federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder or otherwise.

"Foreign and Domestic Approval Laws" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.5(a).

"Foreign Benefit Plan" means each Employee Benefit Plan maintained by any of the Private Group Companies for its current or former employees, officers, directors or other individual service providers located outside of the United States.

"Fraud" means an act or omission by a Party, and requires: (a) a false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly made by such Party in this Agreement, (b) with actual knowledge (as opposed to constructive, imputed or implied knowledge) by the Party making such representation or warranty that such representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement is false or incorrect, (c) an intention to deceive another Party to induce it to enter into this Agreement, (d) another Party, in justifiable or reasonable reliance upon such false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement, entering into this Agreement, and (e) another Party suffering damage by reason of such reliance. For the avoidance of doubt, "Fraud" does not include any equitable fraud, promissory fraud, unfair dealings fraud or any torts (including a claim for fraud or alleged fraud) based on negligence or recklessness.

"GAAP" means United States generally accepted accounting principles.

"Governing Documents" means the legal document(s) by which any Person (other than an individual) establishes its legal existence or which govern its internal affairs. For example, the "Governing Documents" of a U.S. corporation are its certificate or articles of incorporation and by-laws, the "Governing Documents" of a U.S. limited partnership are its limited partnership agreement and certificate of limited partnership, the "Governing Documents" of a U.S. limited liability company are its operating or limited liability company agreement and certificate of formation and the "Governing Documents" of a Bernuda exempted company are its certificate of incorporation, memorandum of association and bye-laws.

"<u>Governmental Entity</u>" means any United States or non-United States (a) federal, state, local, municipal or other government, (b) governmental or quasi-governmental entity of any nature (including any governmental agency, branch, department, official, or entity and any court or other tribunal) or (c) body exercising or entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, judicial, legislative, police, regulatory, or taxing authority or power of any nature, including any arbitrator or arbitral tribunal (public or private).

"Group Companies" means, collectively, the Company and each of its Subsidiaries.

"<u>Hazardous Substance</u>" means any hazardous, toxic, explosive or radioactive material, substance or waste that is regulated by, or may give rise to standards of conduct or Liability pursuant to, any Environmental Law, including any petroleum products or byproducts, asbestos, lead, polychlorinated biphenyls, per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances, or radon.

"HSR Act" means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Incentive Stock Option" means a Company Option intended to be an "incentive stock option" (as defined in Section 422 of the Code).

"Intellectual Property Rights" means all intellectual property rights created or arising under the Laws of the United States or any other jurisdiction or under any international convention, including all (a) patents and patent applications, industrial designs and design patent rights, including any continuations, divisionals, continuations-in-part and provisional applications and statutory invention registrations, and any patents issuing on any of the foregoing and any reissues, reexaminations, substitutes, supplementary protection certificates, extensions of any of the foregoing (collectively, "<u>Patents</u>"); (b) trademarks, service marks, trade names, service names, brand names, trade dress rights, logos, Internet domain names, corporate names and other source or business identifiers, together with the goodwill associated with any of the foregoing, and all applications, registrations, extensions and renewals of any of the foregoing (collectively, "<u>Marks</u>"); (c) copyrights and works of authorship, database and design rights, mask work rights and moral rights, whether or not registered or published, and all registrations, applications, renewals, extensions and reversions of any of the foregoing (collectively, "<u>Copyrights</u>"); (d) trade secrets, know-how and confidential proprietary information, including inventions and formulae, whether patentable or not; (e) intellectual property rights in or to Software; and (f) any other intellectual property or proprietary rights protectable or arising under any Law anywhere in the world.

"Intended Tax Treatment" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Investment Company Act" means the Investment Company Act of 1940.

"IPO" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.18.

"JOBS Act" means the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012.

"Latest Balance Sheet" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.4(a).

"Law" means any federal, state, local, foreign, national or supranational statute, law (including common law), act, statute, ordinance, treaty, rule, code, Order, regulation or other legally binding directive or guidance issued, promulgated or enforced by a Governmental Entity having jurisdiction over a given matter.

"Leased Real Property" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "Real Property Leases."

"Liability" or "liability" means any and all debts, liabilities and obligations, whether accrued or fixed, absolute or contingent, known or unknown, matured or unmatured or determined or determinable, including those arising under any Law (including any Environmental Law), Proceeding or Order and those arising under any Contract, agreement, arrangement, commitment or undertaking. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, Liability shall not include any Company Expenses or MAAC Expenses.

"Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, lien, license or sub-license, charge, or other similar encumbrance or interest (including, in the case of any Equity Securities, any voting, transfer or similar restrictions).

"Lock-Up Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"MAAC" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"<u>MAAC Acquisition Proposal</u>" means any transaction or series of related transactions constituting a "Business Combination" (as defined in MAAC's Governing Documents). Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, none of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby shall constitute a MAAC Acquisition Proposal.

"MAAC Board" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"MAAC Board Recommendation" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.8.

"MAAC Class A Shares" means shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MAAC.

"MAAC Class B Shares" means shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MAAC.

"MAAC D&O Persons" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.14(a).

"MAAC Designee" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.16(b).

"MAAC Disclosure Schedules" means the disclosure schedules to this Agreement delivered to the Company by MAAC on the date of this Agreement.

"MAAC Expenses" means, as of any determination time and without duplication, the aggregate amount of fees, expenses, costs, disbursements, commissions or other amounts incurred by or on behalf of, and that are due

and payable by (and not otherwise expressly allocated to the Company or any Company Equityholder pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document) MAAC in connection with the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents, the performance of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including (a) the fees and expenses of outside legal counsel, accountants, advisors, brokers, placement agents, investment bankers, consultants, or other agents or service providers of MAAC (including with respect to the PIPE Financing), (b) any other fees, expenses, commissions or other amounts that are expressly allocated to MAAC pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document and (c) fifty percent (50%) of the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement with the SEC and the printing and mailing of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement to holders of MAAC Shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, MAAC Expenses shall not include any Company Expenses or any fees, expenses, commissions or other amounts that are expressly contemplated to be allocated to and paid by the Company, Merger Sub or any Company Equityholder pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document.

"MAAC Financial Statements" means all of the financial statements of MAAC included in the MAAC SEC Reports.

"<u>MAAC Fundamental Representations</u>" means the representations and warranties set forth in <u>Section 4.1</u> (Organization and Qualification), <u>Section 4.2</u> (Authority), <u>Section 4.4</u> (Brokers), <u>Section 4.6</u> (Capitalization of MAAC), <u>Section 4.8</u> (Trust Account) and <u>Section 4.9</u> (No MAAC Material Adverse Effect).

"MAAC Material Adverse Effect" means any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that, individually or in the aggregate with any other change, event, development, effect or occurrence, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (a) the business, results of operations, assets or financial condition of MAAC, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of MAAC to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to occur on the Closing Date (including the Merger); provided, however, that, in the case of clause (a), none of the following shall be taken into account in determining whether a MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur: any adverse change, event, development, effect or occurrence arising after the date of this Agreement from or related to (i) general business or economic conditions in or affecting the United States, or changes therein, or the global economy generally, (ii) any national or international political or social conditions in the United States or any other country, including the engagement by the United States or any other country in hostilities, whether or not pursuant to the declaration of a national emergency or war, or the occurrence in any place of any military or terrorist attack, sabotage or cyberterrorism, (iii) changes in conditions of the financial, banking, capital or securities markets generally in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or changes therein, including changes in interest rates in the United States or any other country and changes in exchange rates for the currencies of any countries, (iv) changes in any applicable Laws, (v) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to the industries or markets in which MAAC operates, (vi) the execution or public announcement of this Agreement or the pendency or consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the impact thereof on the relationships, contractual or otherwise, of MAAC with investors, contractors, lenders, suppliers, vendors, partners, licensors, licensees, payors or other third parties related thereto (provided that the exception in this clause (vi) shall not apply to the representations and warranties set forth in Section 4.3(b) to the extent that its purpose is to address the consequences resulting from the public announcement or pendency or consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the condition set forth in Section 6.3(a) to the extent it relates to such representations and warranties), (vii) any failure by MAAC to meet, or changes to, any internal or published budgets, projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions (although the underlying facts and circumstances resulting in such failure may be taken into account to the extent not otherwise excluded from this definition), (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake, tsunami, natural disaster, mudslides, wild fires, epidemics, pandemics (including COVID-19) or quarantines, acts of God or other natural disasters or comparable events in the United States or any other country or region in the world, or any escalation of the foregoing or (ix) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence that is generally applicable to "SPACs"; provided,

however, that (A) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence resulting from a matter described in any of the foregoing <u>clauses</u> (i) through (y) or <u>clause (ix)</u> may be taken into account in determining whether a MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur to the extent such change, event, development, effect or occurrence has or has had a disproportionate adverse effect on MAAC relative to other "SPACs," and (B) in no event shall (x) any change, event, development, effect or occurrence to the extent relating to any of the Group Companies, (y) any MAAC Shareholder Redemption, in and of itself, or (z) any failure, in and of itself, by a PIPE Investor to fulfill its obligations under a PIPE Subscription Agreement constitute a MAAC Material Adverse Effect.

"MAAC Non-Party Affiliates" means, collectively, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and each of their respective former, current or future Affiliates and Representatives and any former, current or future equityholders, successors, heirs or permitted assigns of any of the foregoing.

"MAAC Related Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.11.

"MAAC Related Party Transactions" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.11.

"MAAC SEC Reports" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.7.

"MAAC Shareholder Approval" means, collectively, the Required MAAC Shareholder Approval and the Other MAAC Shareholder Approval.

"<u>MAAC Shareholder Redemption</u>" means the right of the holders of MAAC Class A Shares to redeem all or a portion of their MAAC Class A Shares (in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or otherwise) as set forth in Governing Documents of MAAC, which shall be effected solely out of the Trust Account.

"MAAC Shareholders Meeting" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.8.

"MAAC Shares" means, collectively, the MAAC Class A Shares and the MAAC Class B Shares.

"MAAC Sponsor" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"<u>MAAC Sponsor Consent</u>" means that certain letter agreement, dated as of the date hereof, by and between MAAC and the MAAC Sponsor, pursuant to which the MAAC Sponsor consented to the entry by MAAC into this Agreement.

"MAAC Sponsor Specified Provisions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3.

"MAAC Warrant Agreement" means the Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and between MAAC and the Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company.

"<u>MAAC Warrants</u>" means each warrant (or fraction of a warrant) to purchase one MAAC Class A Share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment in accordance with the MAAC Warrant Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, each such warrant held by the MAAC Sponsor).

"Marks" has the meaning set forth in the definition of Intellectual Property Rights.

"Material Contracts" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.7(a).

"Material Permits" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.6.

"Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b).

"Merger Sub" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Merger Sub Shareholder Approval" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.9.

"Merger Sub Shareholder Approval Deadline" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.9

"Multiemployer Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section (3)37 or Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA.

- "Nasdaq" means the Nasdaq Capital Market.
- "Nasdaq Proposal" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.8.
- "Non-Party Affiliate" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.13.

"Non-Voting Share Conversion" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Order" means any outstanding writ, order, judgment, injunction, decision, determination, award, ruling, subpoena, verdict or decree entered, issued or rendered by any Governmental Entity.

"Other MAAC Shareholder Approval" means the approval of each Other Transaction Proposal by the affirmative vote of the holders of the requisite number of MAAC Shares entitled to vote thereon, whether in person or by proxy at the MAAC Shareholders Meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof), in accordance with the Governing Documents of MAAC and applicable Law.

"Other Transaction Proposal" means each Transaction Proposal, other than the Required Transaction Proposals.

"Parties" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Patents" has the meaning set forth in the definition of Intellectual Property Rights.

"PCAOB" means the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

"Permits" means any approvals, authorizations, clearances, consents, exemptions, licenses, qualifications, registrations, permits or certificates of a Governmental Entity.

"Permitted Liens" means (a) mechanic's, materialmen's, carriers', repairers' and other similar statutory Liens arising or incurred in the ordinary course of business for amounts that are not yet due and payable or are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which sufficient reserves have been established in accordance with GAAP; (b) Liens for Taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet due and payable or the closing Date or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which sufficient reserves have been established in accordance with GAAP; (c) encumbrances and restrictions on real property (including easements, covenants, conditions, rights of way and similar restrictions) that do not prohibit or materially interfere with any of the Group Companies' use or occupancy of such real property; (d) zoning, building codes and other land use Laws regulating the use or occupancy of real property or the activities conducted thereon which are imposed by any Governmental Entity having jurisdiction over such real property and which are not violated by the current use or occupancy of such real property or the operation of the businesses of the Group Company and do not prohibit or materially interfere with any of the Group Companies' use or occupancy of such real property; (e) cash deposits or cash pledges to secure the payment of workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, social security benefits or obligations arising under similar Laws or to secure the performance of public or statutory obligations, surety or appeal bonds, and other obligations or a like nature, in each case in the ordinary course of business and which are not yet due and payable; (f) grants by any

Group Company of non-exclusive rights in Intellectual Property Rights in the ordinary course of business; (g) Liens arising under the Governing Documents of the Group Companies or the Company Shareholders Agreements; (h) Liens in favor of any Group Company and (i) other Liens that do not materially and adversely affect the value, use or operation of the asset subject thereto.

"Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, joint stock company, unincorporated organization or association, trust, joint venture or other similar entity (including a Governmental Entity), whether or not a legal entity.

"<u>Personal Data</u>" means any data or information that (a) can, alone or when combined with other information, identify a natural person, or (b) is otherwise considered "personally identifiable information," "personal information," or "personal data" as those terms are defined under applicable Laws relating to data privacy or data protection.

"PIPE Financing" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"PIPE Investors" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"PIPE Subscription Agreements" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders" means the holders of MAAC Shares as of any determination time prior to the Effective Time.

"Privacy and Data Security Policies" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.21(a).

"<u>Privacy and Security Requirements</u>" means any of the following to the extent relating to the collection, processing, use, protection, security, transfer, distribution, or disposition of Personal Data or otherwise relating to data-related notifications: (a) all applicable Laws; (b) each Private Group Company's own external-facing privacy policies; (c) any other industry standard to which any Private Group Company is bound; and (d) applicable provisions of Contracts to which any Private Group Company is a party.

"Private Group Companies" means, collectively, the Company and its Subsidiaries, other than the Public Group Companies.

"Proceeding" means any lawsuit, litigation, action, audit, examination or investigation, claim, complaint (including a *qui tam* complaint), charge, subpoena, civil investigative demand, inquiry, proceeding, suit or arbitration (in each case, whether civil, criminal or administrative and whether public or private) pending by or before or otherwise involving or on behalf of any Governmental Entity.

"Process" (or "Processing" or "Processes") means the collection, use, storage, processing, recording, distribution, transfer, import, export, protection (including security measures), disposal or disclosure or other activity regarding data (whether electronically or in any other form or medium).

"Prospectus" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.18(a).

"Public Group Companies" means, collectively, each Subsidiary of the Company whose common stock (or similar Equity Securities) is listed on a U.S. national securities exchange and each of their respective Subsidiaries.

"Public Group Company SEC Reports" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.26(a).

"Public Health Laws" means all applicable Laws relating to the research, development, pre-clinical testing, clinical testing, manufacture, production, analysis, distribution, importation, exportation, use, handling, quality,

sale or promotion of any drug, biological product or medical device (including any ingredient or component of the foregoing products), including (a) the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301 *et seq.*), (b) the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.), and the regulations administered, issued, or promulgated by FDA thereunder, (c) the Medicare statute (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act), the Medicaid statute (Title XXI of the Social Security Act), and any other foreign, federal, and state Laws relating to governmental healthcare programs, (d) foreign, federal, and state Laws relating to rivil healthcare taws related to fraud and abuse, false claims and anti-kickback Laws (including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7(b)), the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 et seq.), the criminal False Claims Law (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7b(a)), criminal Laws relating to healthcare fraud and abuse, false days and 1001, Physician Payment Sunshine Act (42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7h), and the civil monetary penalties law (42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7a)), (e) the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, (f) the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("<u>HIPAA</u>") (42 U.S.C. §1320d et seq.), as amended by the Health Information and Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, and any comparable foreign and state Laws related to privacy, data protection and information security, and (g) each similar applicable federal, state or foreign Law.

"Public Software" means any Software that contains, includes or incorporates any Software that is distributed as free software, open source software (e.g., Linux) or similar licensing or distribution models, including under any terms or conditions that impose any requirement that any Software using, linked with, incorporating, distributed with or derived from such Public Software (a) be made available or distributed in source code form, (b) be licensed for purposes of making derivative works, or (c) be redistributable at no, or a nominal, charge.

"<u>Real Property Leases</u>" means all leases, sub-leases, licenses, concessions or other agreements, in each case, pursuant to which any Private Group Company leases, sub-leases or otherwise occupies any real property leased, subleased, licensed, or similarly used or occupied by any of the Private Group Companies (the "Leased Real Property").

"<u>Registered Intellectual Property</u>" means all issued Patents, pending Patent applications, registered Marks, pending applications for registration of Marks, registered Copyrights, pending applications for registration of Copyrights and Internet domain name registrations.

"Registration Rights Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Registration Statement / Proxy Statement" means a registration statement of the Company on Form S-4 relating to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and containing a prospectus of the Company to be used as a proxy statement of MAAC.

"Representatives" means, with respect to any Person, such Person's Affiliates and its and such Affiliates' respective directors, officers, employees, accountants, consultants, advisors, attorneys, agents and other representatives.

"Required MAAC Shareholder Approval" means the approval of each Required Transaction Proposal by the affirmative vote of the holders of the requisite number of MAAC Shareholders Shareholders, whether in person or by proxy at the MAAC Shareholders Meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof), in accordance with the Governing Documents of MAAC and applicable Law.

"Required Transaction Proposals" means, collectively, the Business Combination Proposal and the Nasdaq Proposal.

"Sanctioned Person" means a Person (a) named on any Sanctions- or Ex-Im Laws-related list of designated or blocked Persons maintained by a Governmental Entity, (b) located, organized or resident in a country or

territory which is itself the subject of or target of any comprehensive Sanctions (at the time of this Agreement, the Crimea region of Ukraine, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, and Syria), or (c) an entity owned, directly or indirectly, or controlled by one or more of the foregoing.

"Sanctions" means any Law or Order imposing or relating to economic sanctions administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the U.S. Department of State, the European Union, any European Union Member State, the United Nations, or Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom.

"Sarbanes-Oxley Act" means the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

"Schedules" means, collectively, the Company Disclosure Schedules and the MAAC Disclosure Schedules.

"SEC" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Securities Act" means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933.

"Securities Laws" means Federal Securities Laws and other applicable foreign and domestic securities or similar Laws.

"Significant Company Shareholders" means the Large Lot Shareholders (as defined in the Company Bye-Laws) and Vivek Ramaswamy.

"<u>Signing Filing</u>" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 5.4(b)</u>.

"Signing Press Release" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(b).

"Software" shall mean any and all (a) computer programs, including any and all software implementations of algorithms, models and methodologies, whether in source code or object code; and (b) documentation, including user manuals and other training documentation, related to any of the foregoing.

"Sponsor Exchange Ratio" shall have the meaning set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement.

"Sponsor Support Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other legal entity of which (a) if a corporation, a majority of the total voting power of shares of stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, or (b) if a limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity (other than a corporation), a majority of the partnership or other similar ownership interests thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof and, for this purpose, a Person or Persons own a majority ownership interest in such a business entity (other than a corporation) if such Person or Persons shall be allocated a majority of such business entity's gains or losses or shall be a, or control any, managing director or general partner of such business entity (other than Datavant Holdings, Inc. and each of its Subsidiaries (collectively, "<u>Datavant</u>") shall not be deemed a Subsidiary of the Company. The term "<u>Subsidiary</u>" shall include all Subsidiary of the Company. The term "<u>Subsidiary</u>" shall include all

"Surviving Company" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b)(i).

"Tax" means any federal, state, local or non-United States income, gross receipts, franchise, estimated, alternative minimum, sales, use, transfer, value added, excise, stamp, customs, duties, ad valorem, real property,

personal property (tangible and intangible), capital stock, social security, unemployment, payroll, wage, employment, severance, occupation, registration, environmental, communication, mortgage, profits, license, lease, service, goods and services, withholding, premium, unclaimed property, escheat, turnover, windfall profits or other taxes, charges, imposts, fees, levies or assessments of any kind whatsoever, in each case in the nature of a tax, together with any interest, deficiencies, penalties, additions to tax, or additional amounts imposed by any Tax Authority with respect thereto, and including any Liability for any of the aforementioned as transferee or successor.

"Tax Authority" means any Governmental Entity responsible for the collection or administration of Taxes or Tax Returns.

"Tax Return" means returns, information returns, statements, declarations, claims for refund, schedules, attachments and reports relating to Taxes that are filed or required to be filed with any Governmental Entity, including any amendment of any of the foregoing.

"Termination Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(d).

"Transaction Payment" means (a) when used in reference to any Group Company, any success, change of control, retention, transaction bonus or other similar payment or amount to any current or former officer, director or employee of any Group Company or any other Company Related Party that would (either alone or when combined with one or more additional circumstances, matters or events) become payable as a result of or in connection with the transaction bonus or other similar payment or amount to any current or former officer, director or employee of MAAC or any other MAAC Related Party that would (either alone or when combined with one or more additional circumstances, matters or events) become payable as a result of or in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents.

"Transaction Proposals" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.8.

"Transaction Support Agreements" has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Transfer Agent" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.5.

"Transfer Agent Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.5.

"Treasury Regulations" means the Treasury regulations promulgated under the Code.

"Trust Account" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.18.

"Trust Account Released Claims" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.18.

"Trust Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.8.

"Trustee" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.8.

"Unvested Company CVAR Award" means each Company CVAR Award outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is not a Vested Company CVAR Award.

"Unvested Company Option" means each Company Option outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is not a Vested Company Option.

"Unvested Company RSU Award" means each Company RSU Award outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is not a Vested Company RSU Award.

"Vested Company CVAR Award" means each Company CVAR Award outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is vested as of such time or will vest in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

"<u>Vested Company Option</u>" means each Company Option outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is vested as of such time or will vest in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

"<u>Vested Company RSU Award</u>" means each Company RSU Award outstanding as of immediately prior to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is vested as of such time or will vest in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

"WARN" means the Worker Adjustment Retraining and Notification Act of 1988 as well as similar foreign, state or local Laws.

"<u>Willful Breach</u>" means a material breach of this Agreement by a Party that is a consequence of an act undertaken or a failure to act by the breaching Party with the knowledge that the taking of such act or such failure to act would, or would reasonably be expected to, constitute or result in a breach of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 2 MERGER

Section 2.1 <u>Closing Transactions</u>. On the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, the following transactions shall occur in the order set forth in this <u>Section 2.1</u>:

(a) <u>Company Pre-Closing Steps and Share Conversion</u>. On the Closing Date prior to the Effective Time, the Company shall cause (i) a subdivision of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares to be consummated such that each Company Pre-Closing Common Share shall be divided into a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Exchange Ratio and the par value of each Company Post-Closing Common Share shall be divided into a number of Long part of the texchange Ratio (ii) the Company Bye-Laws to be amended and restated to be in substantially the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit E</u> (the "<u>Company Post-Closing Bye-Laws</u>") and (iii) the transactions set forth in <u>Section 2.4</u> to occur (the transactions described in the foregoing <u>Clauses (i)</u> through (iji), collectively, the "<u>Company Pre-Closing Steps</u>"). The Company shall also cause the Non-Voting Share Conversion to accur priot to the Effective Time, subject to the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the Non-Voting Share Conversion. In the event that any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the ther than those conditions at by their nature are to be satisfaction (or, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, waiver) of the conditions set forth in <u>Article 6</u> (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the Closing), then the Parties shall appropriately modify the Company Post-Closing Bye-Laws that will become effective on the Closing Date immediately prior to the Effective Time in accordance herewith to provide for a separate class of common shares of the Company Post-Closing Boye-Laws being in a form mutually agreed to by MAAC and the Company (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). For the avoidance of doubt, the Non-Voting Share Conversion shares of such as condition to any Party's obligation to consummate the Closing.

(b) The Merger.

(i) On the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement and in accordance with the DGCL, on the Closing Date promptly following the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps,

Merger Sub shall merge with and into MAAC (the "Merger") at the Effective Time. Following the Effective Time, the separate existence of Merger Sub shall cease and MAAC shall continue as the surviving corporation of the Merger (the "Surviving Company").

(ii) On the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, at the Closing, the Parties shall cause a certificate of merger relating to the Merger, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Company and MAAC (the "<u>Certificate of Merger</u>"), to be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. The Merger shall become effective on the date and time at which the Certificate of Merger is accepted for filing by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or at such later date and/or time as is agreed by the Company and MAAC and specified in the Certificate of Merger (the time the Merger becomes effective being referred to herein as the "<u>Effective Time</u>").

(iii) From and after the Effective Time, the Merger shall have the effects set forth in this Agreement, in the Certificate of Merger and in Section 251 of the DGCL. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and subject thereto, at the Effective Time, all of the assets, properties, rights, privileges, powers and franchises of MAAC and Merger Sub shall vest in the Surviving Company and all debts, liabilities, obligations, restrictions, disabilities of each of MAAC and Merger Sub shall become the debts, liabilities, obligations and duties of the Surviving Company, in each case, in accordance with the DGCL.

(iv) At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger, the certificate of incorporation of MAAC shall be amended and restated to be identical to the certificate of incorporation of Merger Sub as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time and, as so amended and restated, shall be the certificate of incorporation of the Surviving Company until thereafter amended in accordance with its terms as provided therein and by the DGCL, except that the name of the Surviving Company reflected therein shall be a name that is determined by the Company prior to the Closing (which name does not reference "Montes Archimedes"). At the Effective Time, the bylaws of MAAC shall be amended to be identical to the bylaws of Merger Sub as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time and, as so amended, shall be the bylaws of the Surviving Company until thereafter amended in accordance with their terms as provided therein, the Governing Documents of the Surviving Company and the DGCL, except that the name of the Surviving Company reflected therein shall be a name that is determined by the Closing (which name does not reference "Montes Archimedes").

(v) At the Effective Time, the persons serving as the directors and officers of Merger Sub immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial directors and officers of the Surviving Company, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Company from and after the Effective Time until such director's or officer's successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified, or until the earlier of their death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Company, or as otherwise provided by the DGCL.

(vi) At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of any Party or any other Person, each share of capital stock of Merger Sub issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one share of common stock, par value \$0.0001, of the Surviving Company.

(vii) At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of any Party or any other Person, (A) each (x) MAAC Class A Bhare and (y) each MAAC Class B Share that is not held by the MAAC Sponsor or any of its Affiliates (other than the MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Share scanceled and extinguished pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(b)(is)</u>) issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Company Post-Closing Common Share and (B) each MAAC Class B Share issued and outstanding and held by the MAAC Sponsor or any of its Affiliates as of immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Sponsor Exchange Ratio; <u>provided</u> that for the avoidance of doubt, a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares

owned by the MAAC Sponsor or any of its Affiliates, determined pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement, shall become subject to the vesting and other terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement at the Effective Time. As of the Effective Time, all MAAC Shares shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and shall case to exist, and shall thereafter represent the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares into which such MAAC Shares were converted pursuant to this Agreement. From and after the Effective Time, each Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholder's certificate(s) (the "<u>Certificates</u>"), if any, evidencing ownership of MAAC Shares and MAAC Shares held in book-entry form issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall each cease to have any rights with respect to such MAAC Shares, except as otherwise expressly provided for herein or under applicable Law.

(viii) At the Effective Time, each MAAC Warrant that is outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall, by its terms, convert automatically into the right to acquire Company Post-Closing Common Shares on the terms and subject conditions set forth in the MAAC Warrant Agreement as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time (each, a "<u>Company Warrant</u>"); <u>provided</u> that, for the avoidance of doubt, each Company Warrant shall, from and after the Effective Time, (x) represent the right to acquire the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the number of MAAC Shares subject to the underlying MAAC Warrant immediately prior to the Effective Time, and (y) have an exercise price of \$11.50 per whole warrant to purchase one Company Post-Closing Common Share.

(ix) At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of any Party or any other Person, each MAAC Share held immediately prior to the Effective Time by MAAC as treasury stock shall be automatically canceled and extinguished, and no consideration shall be paid with respect thereto.

Section 2.2 <u>Closing of the Transactions Contemplated by this Agreement</u>. On the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, the closing of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (the "<u>Closing</u>") shall take place electronically by exchange of the closing deliverables by the means provided in <u>Section 8.11</u> as promptly as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than the third (3rd) Business Day, following the satisfaction (or, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, waiver) of the conditions set forth in those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the Closing, but subject to satisfaction or waiver of such conditions) or at such other place, date and/or time as MAAC and the Company may agree in writing (the date on which the Closing actually occurs is referred to in this Agreement as the "<u>Closing Date</u>").

Section 2.3 <u>Fractional Shares</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, no fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares shall be issued in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby. Except with respect to Company Equity Awards, all fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares that each Company Equityholder will have a right to receive in connection with the Company Pre-Closing Steps, as well as all fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares that the MAAC Sponsor and its Affiliates as holders of MAAC Class B Shares will have a right to receive in connection with the Merger, shall be aggregated and, if a fractional share results from such aggregation, such fractional share shall be rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Section 2.4 Treatment of Company Equity Awards.

(a) On the Closing Date prior to the Closing (and as part of, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Pre-Closing Steps), each Company Option (whether a Vested Company Option or an Unvested Company Option) shall be adjusted in accordance with the applicable Company Equity Plan into an option to purchase Company Post-Closing Common Shares (each, an "<u>Adjusted Option</u>") in an amount and at an exercise price determined pursuant to this <u>Section 2.4(a)</u>. Each Adjusted Option shall: (i) be exercisable for, and represent the right to purchase, a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) equal to the product obtained by *multiplying* (A) the number of Company Pre-Closing Common Shares subject to the corresponding Company Option immediately prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing by (B) the Exchange Ratio, and (ii) have an exercise price per Company Post-Closing Common Share (rounded up to the nearest whole cent) subject

to such Adjusted Option equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the exercise price per Company Pre-Closing Common Share applicable to the corresponding Company Option immediately prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, *by* (B) the Exchange Ratio. Such conversion shall occur in a manner intended to comply with (X) the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and (y) in the case of any Adjusted Option that is an Incentive Stock Option, the requirements of Section 424 of the Code. Except as otherwise set forth in this <u>Section 2.4(a)</u>, each Adjusted Option shall continue to have, and be subject to, the same terms and conditions (including applicable vesting, expiration and forfeiture provisions) as applied to the corresponding Company Option immediately prior to such adjustment. For the avoidance of doubt, the rounding of any shares pursuant to this <u>Section 2.4(a)</u> all be determined on an award-by-award basis.

(b) On the Closing Date prior to the Closing (and as part of, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Pre-Closing Steps), each Vested Company RSU Award shall be adjusted in accordance with the applicable Company Equity Plan into a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) equal to (i) the product obtained by *multiplying* (A) the number of Company Pre-Closing Common Shares subject to the corresponding Vested Company PSU Award immediately prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, by (B) the Exchange Ratio, *minus* (ii) that number of Company PSU Award, as determined in accordance with a fair market value equal to all required withholding taxes due upon settlement of such Vested Company RSU Award, as determined in accordance with the applicable Company Equity Plan and award (or similar) agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, the rounding of any shares pursuant to this <u>Section 2.4(b)</u> shall be determined on an award-by-award basis.

(c) On the Closing Date prior to the Closing (and as part of, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Pre-Closing Steps), each Unvested Company RSU Award shall be adjusted in accordance with the applicable Company Requiry Plan into a restricted stock unit award (each, an "Adjusted <u>RSU Award</u>") with respect to a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) equal to the product obtained by multiplying (A) the number of Company Pre-Closing Common Shares subject to the corresponding Unvested Company RSU Award immediately prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, by (B) the Exchange Ratio. Except as otherwise set forth in this <u>Section 2.4(C)</u>, each Adjusted RSU Award shall continue to have, and be subject to, the same terms and conditions (including applicable vesting, expiration and forfeiture provisions) as applied to the corresponding Unvested Company RSU Award basis.

(d) On the Closing Date prior to the Closing (and as part of, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Pre-Closing Steps), each Company CVAR Award (whether a Vested Company CVAR Award or an Unvested Company CVAR Award) shall be adjusted in accordance with the applicable Company Equity Plan into a capped value appreciation right with respect to Company Post-Closing Common Shares (each, an "<u>Adjusted CVAR</u> <u>Award</u>)" in an amount and at a hurdle price determined pursuant to this <u>Section 2.4(d)</u>. Each Adjusted CVAR Award shall (i) be with respect to a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares (frounded down to the nearest whole share) equal to the product obtained by *multiplying* (A) the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares (in applicable) and (ii) have a (A) hurdle price per Company Post-Closing Common Share, (B) a "knock-in" price per Company Post-Closing Common Share (if applicable) and (C) value cap price per Company Post-Closing Common Share (in each case, rounded up to the nearest whole scare, "knock-in" price per Company Post-Closing Common Share (if applicable) and (C) value cap price per Company Post-Closing Common Share (in each case, rounded up to the nearest whole cent) subject to such Adjusted CVAR Award equal to the quotient obtained by *dividing* (A) the hurdle price per Company Pre-Closing Common Share (if applicable) and value cap price per Company Pre-Closing Common Share (in each case, rounded up to the nearest whole cent) subject to such Adjusted CVAR Award immediately prior to the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Common Share (if applicable) and value cap price per Company Pre-Closing Steps, by (B) the Exchange Ratio. Except as otherwise set forth in this <u>Section 2.4(d)</u>, each Adjusted CVAR Award shall continue to have, and be subject to, the same terms and conditions (including applicable vesting, expiration and forfeiture provisions) as applied to the corresponding Company CVAR Award immediately prior to the corresponding Company CVAR Award Award immediately price per Comp

immediately prior to such adjustment. For the avoidance of doubt, the rounding of any shares pursuant to this Section 2.4(d) shall be determined on an award-by-award basis.

(e) After giving effect to this <u>Section 2.4</u>, and upon the approval of the Company Post-Closing Incentive Equity Plan in accordance with <u>Section 5.18</u> of this Agreement, effective as of the Closing, no further grants or issuances shall be made under any of the Company Equity Plans (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, (x) issuances pursuant to awards outstanding as of the Closing Date under the Company Equity Plans (as adjusted pursuant to this <u>Section 2.4</u>) and (y) grants or issuances pursuant to the Company Post-Closing Incentive Equity Plan and the Company Post-Closing Employee Stock Purchase Plan).

(f) Prior to the Closing, the Company shall take, or cause to be taken, all necessary actions under the Company Equity Plans, under the underlying grant, award or similar agreement and otherwise to give effect to the provisions of this <u>Section 2.4</u>.

Section 2.5 <u>Transfer Agent Matters</u>. At least three (3) Business Days prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, the Company shall appoint a transfer agent (the "<u>Transfer Agent Agreement</u>") and, if required by the Transfer Agent, enter into a transfer agent agreement with the Transfer Agent (the "<u>Transfer Agent Agreement</u>") in a form and substance that is reasonably acceptable to MAAC (it being understood and agreed, for the avoidance of doubt, that Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (or any of its Affiliates) shall be deemed to be acceptable to MAAC and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company as of the date hereof shall be deemed to be acceptable to MAAC). The Company and MAAC shall each take, or cause to be taken, all necessary or reasonably advisable actions in order to appropriately reflect the Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued pursuant to, or as a result of, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and outstanding immediately after the Effective Time, including taking any necessary or ceasonably advisable actions vis-à-vis MAAC's existing transfer Agent agent or the Transfer Agent, and the Company and MAAC shall each reasonably cooperate with the other and the Transfer Agent in connection with the foregoing.

Section 2.6 Withholding. MAAC, the Company and the Transfer Agent (and their respective Representatives) shall be entitled to deduct and withhold (or cause to be deducted and withheld) from any consideration payable pursuant to this Agreement such amounts as are required to be deducted and withheld under applicable Tax Law. To the extent that amounts are so deducted and withheld and duly paid over to the appropriate Tax Authority, such withheld amounts shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid to the Person in respect of which such deduction and withholding was made. The Parties shall cooperate in good faith to eliminate or reduce any such deduction or withholding (including through the request and provision of any statements, forms or other documents to reduce or eliminate any such deduction or withholding), as reasonably requested by the relevant Party.

ARTICLE 3 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES RELATING TO THE GROUP COMPANIES

Subject to <u>Section 8.8</u>, except (a) as set forth in the Company Disclosure Schedules, or (b) solely in the case of the Public Group Companies, as set forth in any Public Group Company SEC Reports publicly available as of the date hereof (excluding any disclosures in any "risk factors" section that do not constitute statements of fact, disclosures in any forward-looking statements disclaimers and other disclosures that are generally cautionary, predictive or forward-looking in nature), the Company and Merger Sub each hereby represents and warrants to MAAC as follows:

Section 3.1 Organization and Qualification.

(a) The Company is an exempted limited company duly organized or formed, as applicable, validly existing and in good standing (or the equivalent thereof, if applicable, in each case, with respect to the

jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) under the Laws of Bermuda. The Company has the requisite exempted company or other applicable business entity power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its businesses as presently conducted, except where the failure to have such power or authority would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(b) True and complete copies of the Governing Documents of the Company and the Company Shareholders Agreements have been made available to MAAC, in each case, as amended and in effect as of the date of this Agreement. The Governing Documents of the Company and the Company Shareholders Agreements are in full force and effect, the Company is not in material breach or violation of any provision set forth in its Governing Documents and the Company is not in material breach or violation of the Company Shareholders Agreements.

(c) Each Group Company (other than the Company) is a corporation, limited liability company or other applicable business entity duly organized or formed, as applicable, validly existing and in good standing (or the equivalent thereof, if applicable, in each case, with respect to the jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) under the Laws of its jurisdiction of formation or organization (as applicable). Each Group Company (other than the Company) has the requisite corporate, limited liability company or other applicable business entity power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its businesses as presently conducted, except where the failure to have such power or authority would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(d) True and complete copies of the Governing Documents of each Private Group Company (other than the Company) have been made available to MAAC, in each case, as amended and in effect as of the date of this Agreement. The Governing Documents of each Group Company (other than the Company) are in full force and effect and none of the Group Companies is in material breach or material violation of any provision set forth in its Governing Documents.

(e) Each Group Company is duly qualified or licensed to transact business and is in good standing (or the equivalent thereof, if applicable, in each case, with respect to the jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) in each jurisdiction in which the property and assets owned, leased or operated by it, or the nature of the business conducted by it, makes such qualification or licensing necessary, except where the failure to be so duly qualified or licensed and in good standing would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.2 Capitalization of the Group Companies.

(a) Section 3.2(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true and complete statement as of April 30, 2021 (the "Designated Capitalization Date") of (i) the aggregate number and class, series or type (as applicable) of all of the Equity Securities of the Company issued and outstanding and (ii) the identity of the Persons that are the owners of one percent (1.0%) or more of the issued and outstanding Company Pre-Closing Common Shares. Except for (x) the aggregate number of Equity Securities of the Company and the Company Equity Awards outstanding as et forth on Section 3.2(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedules, (y) those Equity Securities of the Company issued or granted during the period beginning on the day after the Designated Capitalization Date and ending on the date of this Agreement that would, assuming such issuance or grant occurred during the period from the date of this Agreement until the Closing, be permitted by <u>Section 5.1(b)(y)</u> or <u>Section 5.1(b)(y)</u> (provided that, for purposes of <u>clause</u> (2) and (4) of Section 5.1(b)(vi), no such issuances or grants are to any Designated Individual or Affiliated Shareholder), and (z) the exercise, vesting, settlement or forfeiture of any Company Equity Awards outstanding as of the Designated Capitalization Date and ending on the date of this Agreement, the Company has no outstanding Equity Securities as of the date hereof. All of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares have been duly authorized and validly issued and are fully paid and non-assessable. The Equity Securities of the Company (1) were not issued in violation of the Governing Documents of the Company, the Company



Shareholders Agreements or any other Contract to which any Group Company is party or by which any Group Company is otherwise bound and (2) were not issued in violation of any preemptive rights, call option, right of first refusal or first offer, subscription rights, transfer restrictions or similar rights of any Person. Other than (A) as set forth above and pursuant to the Governing Documents of the Company or the Company Shareholders Agreement and (B) pursuant to offer letters or similar Contracts with service providers who are not Designated Individuals or Affiliated Shareholders entered into in the ordinary course of business providing for the grant or issuance of Equity Securities, as of the date hereof, the Company has no outstanding purchase rights, subscription rights, conversion rights, exchange rights, calls, puts or rights of first refusal or first offer or other Contracts that could require the Company to issue, sell or otherwise cause to become outstanding or to acquire, repurchase or redeem any Equity Securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable for Equity Securities, providers the Governing Documents of the Company and the Company Shareholders Agreements, there are no voting trusts, proxies or other Contracts to which the Company is a party or otherwise bound with respect to the voting or transfer of the Equity Securities of the Company.

(b) Section 3.2(b) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true and complete statement as of the Designated Capitalization Date of (i) the aggregate number and class, series or type (as applicable) of all of the Equity Securities (other than equity incentive awards) of each Private Group Company (other than the Company) and Datavant issued and outstanding, (ii) the aggregate pool of allocated and unallocated equity incentive awards of each Private Group Company (other than the Company) and Datavant and (iii) the aggregate number and class, series or type (as applicable) of all of the Equity Securities of each Private Group Company (other than the Company) that are owned by another Group Company and the aggregate number and class, series or type (as applicable) of all of the Equity Securities of Datavant that are owned by a Group Company. Except for (x) th aggregate number of Equity Securities of each Private Company Vant (other than the Company) and Datavant outstanding as set forth on Section 3.2(b) of the Company Disclosure Schedules, (y) those Equity Securities of a Private Group Company or Datavant issued or granted during the period beginning on the day after the Designated Capitalization Date and ending on the date of this Agreement that would, assuming such issuance or grant occurred during the period from the date of this Agreement until the Closing, either be permitted by Section 5.1(b)(y) or Section 5.1(b)(y) (provided that, for purposes of <u>clause (3)</u> and (4) of <u>Section 5.1(b)(vi)</u>, no such issuances or grants are to any <u>Designated Individual or Affiliated Shareholder</u>), and (z) the exercise, vesting, settlement or forfeiture of any equity incentive awards outstanding as of the Designated Capitalization Date during the period beginning on the day after Designated Capitalization Date and ending on the date of this Agreement, each Private Group Company (other than the Company) and Datavant has no outstanding Equity Securities as of the date hereof. Other than (A) as set forth above and pursuant to the Governing Documents of the Private Group Companies (other than the Company) and (B) pursuant to offer letters or similar Contracts with service providers who are not Designated Individuals or Affiliated Shareholders entered into in the ordinary course of business providing for the grant or issuance of Equity Securities of a Private Group Company, as of the date hereof, no Private Group Company has any outstanding purchase rights, subscription rights, conversion rights, exchange rights, calls, puts or rights of first refusal or first offer or other Contracts that could require any Private Group Company (other than the Company) to issue, sell or otherwise cause to become outstanding or to acquire, repurchase or redeem any Equity Securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable for Equity Securities of any Private Group Company (other than the Company), in each case other than to another Group Company, Except for the Governing Documents of the applicable Private Group Company or shareholders agreements or similar Contracts to which the applicable Private Group Company is a party and that has, in the case of each such material agreement or Contract, been made available to MAAC, there are no voting trusts, proxies or other Contracts to which a Private Group Company is a party with respect to the voting or transfer of any Equity Securities of any Private Group Company (other than the Company), in each case other than in favor of the Company.

(c) Section 3.2(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true and complete statement as of the date hereof of the number and class or series (as applicable) of all of the capital stock of each Public Group Company owned by the Company (whether of record, beneficially, legally or otherwise).

(d) Immediately after the Effective Time, (i) the authorized share capital of the Company will consist of 7,000,000,000 Company Post-Closing Common Shares and (ii) all of the issued and outstanding Company Post-Closing Common Shares (A) will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and (B) will not have been issued in breach or violation of any preemptive rights, call option, right of first refusal or first offer, subscription rights, transfer restrictions or similar rights of any Person or any Contract to which the Company is a party.

(e) The Equity Securities of the Company have been offered, sold and issued by the Company in compliance with applicable Law, including Securities Laws, in all material respects. Immediately after the Effective Time, all of the issued and outstanding Company Post-Closing Common Shares will have been offered, sold and issued in compliance with applicable Law, including Securities Laws, in all material respects.

(f) Except as set forth on Section 3.2(b) and Section 3.2(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedules or for any changes to the extent permitted by Section 5.1(b) or resulting from the acquisition of Equity Securities of any Person permitted by Section 5.1(b)(ii), none of the Private Group Companies owns or holds (of record, beneficially, legally or otherwise), directly or indirectly, any Equity Securities in any other Person (other than Merger Sub) or the right to acquire any such Equity Securities, and none of the Private Group Companies are a partner, member or similar participant of or in any partnership, limited liability company or similar business entity.

(g) Section 3.2(g) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth any agreements evidencing indebtedness to third parties for borrowed money of the Private Group Companies as of the date of this Agreement.

(h) Section 3.2(h) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth a list of all Transaction Payments of the Private Group Companies as of the date of this Agreement and, to the knowledge of the Company, of the Public Group Companies and Datavant as of the date of this Agreement.

(i) The Company has made available to MAAC a schedule that sets forth, with respect to each Company Equity Award outstanding as of the Designated Capitalization Date (i) the date of grant and (ii) any applicable exercise, hurdle cap, "knock-in" or similar price (in the case of Company Options and Company CVAR Awards). Each Company Option and Company CVAR Award was granted with an exercise price equal to or greater than the fair market value of the underlying Company Pre-Closing Common Share on the date of grant.

Section 3.3 <u>Authority</u>. The Company and Merger Sub each have the requisite corporate, limited liability company or other similar power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and each Ancillary Document to which it is or will be a party, to perform its obligations hereunder and thereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which the Company or Merger Sub is or will be a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been (or, in the case of any Ancillary Document entered into after the date of this Agreement, will be upon execution thereof) duly authorized by all necessary corporate (or other similar) action on the part of the Company or Merger Sub. This Agreement and each Ancillary Document to which the Company and/or Merger Sub, as applicable, upon execution thereof, as applicable, avalid, legal and binding agreement of the Company and/or Merger Sub, as applicable, and constitutes or will be a party has been or will be a party has been or will be a party and thereof, as applicable, avalid, legal and binding agreement of the Company and/or Merger Sub, as applicable, avalid, legal and binding agreement of the Company and/or Merger Sub is or will be a party are or will be upon execution thereof, as applicable, duly authorized, executed and delivered by the other Persons party thereto), enforceable against the Company and/or Merger Sub, as applicable, avalid, legal and binding agreement of the Company and/or Merger Sub is or will be a party are or will be upon execution thereof, as applicable, duly authorized, executed and delivered by the other Persons party thereto), enforceable against the Company and/or Merger Sub, as applicable, and subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity). The Company Shareholder Written Consent and the

series of Equity Securities of the Company or Merger Sub required to approve and adopt this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which the Company or Merger Sub is or is contemplated to be a party, the performance of the obligations of the Company and Merger Sub hereunder and thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger and the Company Pre-Closing Steps).

Section 3.4 Financial Statements; Undisclosed Liabilities

(a) The Company has made available to MAAC a true and complete copy of (i) the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2020 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the years then ended and (ii) the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2020 (the "Latest Balance Sheet") and the related unaudited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the period then ended (<u>clauses (i)</u> and (<u>ii</u>), collectively, the "<u>Company Einancial Statements</u>"). Each of the Company Financial Statements (including the notes thereto) (A) were prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto), (B) fairly presents, in all material respects in accordance with GAAP, the consolidated therein and subject to, in the case of any unaudited financial statements, normal year end audit adjustments (none of which are, individually or in the aggregate, material)), and (C) in the case of the Company Financial Statements described in <u>clause (i)</u> of the preceding sentence, contain an unqualified report of the Company's auditors and comply in all material respects with the applicable accounting requirements and with the rules and regulations of the SEC, the Exchange Act and the Securities Act (including Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K, as applicable) in effect as of the date of this Agreement.

(b) The financial statements or similar reports required to be included in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement (including (i) the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company as of March 31, 2021 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company as of March 31, 2021 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the years then ended, audited in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, and (iii) customary pro forma financial statements) or any other filings to be made by the Company or MAAC with the SEC in connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement or any other Ancillary Document (the "<u>Closing Company Financial Statements</u>"), when delivered following the date of this Agreement in accordance with <u>Section 5.17</u>, (i) will be prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated (except as may be indicated financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as at the date thereof and for the period indicated therein (except as may be indicated financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as at the aduited in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB and will contain an unqualified report of the Company's auditors and (iv) will comply in all material respects with the standards of the PCAOB and will contain an unqualified report of the Company's auditors and (v) will comply in all material respects with the standards of the PCAOB and will contain a unqualified report of the Company's auditors and (v) wi

(c) Except (i) as set forth on or provided for in the Company Financial Statements (and in the notes thereto), (ii) for Liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business since the date of the Latest Balance Sheet (none of which are Liabilities for a breach of Contract, breach of warranty, tort, infringement, Proceeding or violation of, or non-compliance with, Law), (iii) for Liabilities incurred in connection with the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents, the performance by any of the Company of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document to which it is or will be a party or the consumation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Expenses), (iv) executory obligations under Contracts (excluding any Liabilities for a breach of Contract), (v) that are expressly permitted pursuant to or incurred in accordance with <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> (including as expressly set forth in <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> of the Company has any Liabilities.

(d) To the knowledge of the Company, the Company has established and maintains a system of internal accounting controls that are designed to provide, in all material respects, reasonable assurance that (i) all transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and (ii) all transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of proper and accurate financial statements in accordance with GAAP and to maintain accountability for the Company's consolidated assets. The Company maintains and, for all periods covered by the Company Financial Statements and the Closing Company Financial Statements, has maintained books and records of the Company in the ordinary course of business that are accurate and complete and reflect the consolidated revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of the Company in all material respects.

(e) Since January 1, 2019, the Company has not received any written complaint, allegation, assertion or claim that there is (i) "significant deficiency" in the internal controls over financial reporting of the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the Company's consolidated financial reporting, (ii) a "material weakness" in the internal controls over financial reporting of the Company so to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the Company's consolidated financial reporting or (iii) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of the Group Company as it pertains to the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the Company is consolidated financial reporting or (iii) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of the Group Company as it pertains to the Company is consolidated financial reporting or (iii) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of the Group Company as it pertains to the Company's consolidated financial reporting or (iii) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of the Group Company as it pertains to the Company's consolidated financial reporting of the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any other Group Company as it pertains to the Company's consolidated financial reporting of the Company is consolidated financial reporting.

Section 3.5 Consents and Requisite Governmental Approvals; No Violations.

(a) No Consent, approval or authorization of, or designation, declaration or filing with, any Governmental Entity is required on the part of the Company or Merger Sub with respect to the Company or Merger Sub's execution, delivery or performance of its obligations under this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents to which the Company or Merger Sub's is or will be party or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, except for (i) compliance with and filings under the HSR Act, if applicable, or under any applicable antitrust or other competition Laws of any non-U.S. jurisdictions or any other merger control or investment laws or laws that provide for review of national security or defense matters (collectively, "<u>Foreign and Domestic Approval Laws</u>"), (ii) the filing with the SEC of (A) the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement and the declaration of the effectiveness thereof by the SEC and (B) such reports under Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as may be required in connection with this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, (iii) the filing of (A) the Certificate of Merger and (B) any filings required under the Companies Act in connection with the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares to be issued in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to be listed on Nasdaq. (v) the approval to be obtained by Merger Sub pursuant to <u>Section 5.9</u> or (vi) any other consents, approvals, authorizations, designations, declarations, waivers or filings, the absence of which would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(b) None of the execution or delivery by the Company or Merger Sub of this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be a party, the performance by the Company or Merger Sub of its

obligations hereunder or thereunder or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby will, directly or indirectly (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) (i) result in a violation or breach of any provision of any Group Company's Governing Documents, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute a default or give rise to any right of termination, Consent, cancellation, amendment, modification, suspension, revocation or acceleration under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of (A) any Material Contract or (B) any Material Permits, (iii) violate, or constitute a breach under, any Order or applicable Law to which any Group Company or any of its properties or assets are subject or bound or (iv) result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the assets or properties (other than any Permitted Liens) or Equity Securities of any Group Company, except, in the case of any of <u>clauses (ii)</u> (hrough (<u>iy</u>), above, as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.6 <u>Permits</u>. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, each of the <u>Private</u> Group Companies has all Permits (the "<u>Material Permits</u>") that are required to own, lease or operate its properties and assets and to conduct its business as currently conducted. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Material Permit is in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and (ii) no written notice of revocation, cancellation or termination of any Material Permit have been received by any Private Group Company.

Section 3.7 Material Contracts.

(a) Section 3.7(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth a list of the following Contracts to which a Private Group Company or, in the case of Section 3.7(a)(viii)(B), Datavant is, as of the date of this Agreement, a party (each Contract required to be set forth on Section 3.7(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedules, together with each Contract entered into after the date of this Agreement that would be required to be set forth on Section 3.7(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedules if entered into prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, collectively, the "Material Contracts"):

(i) any Contract relating to indebtedness for borrowed money to a third party of any Private Group Company in excess of \$25 million or to the placing of a Lien (other than a Permitted Lien) on any assets or properties of any Private Group Company that are material to the business of all of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(ii) any Contract under which any Private Group Company is lessee of or holds or operates, in each case, any tangible property (other than real property) that is material to the business of all of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole, owned by any other Person;

(iii) any joint venture, profit-sharing, partnership, co-promotion, commercialization or other similar Contract, in each case, material to the business all of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(iv) any Contract that is material to the business of all of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole, and (A) limits or purports to limit the freedom of any Private Group Company to engage or compete in any line of business or with any Person or in any area, (B) contains any exclusivity, "most favored nation" or similar provisions, obligations or restrictions that are binding on a Private Group Company or (C) contains any other provisions restricting or purporting to restrict the ability of any Private Group Company to sell, manufacture, develop, commercialize, test or research products, directly or indirectly through third parties, or to solicit any potential employee or customer;

(v) any Contract requiring any Private Group Company to guarantee the Liabilities of any Person (other than the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company) in excess of \$10 million;

(vi) any Contract entered into under which any Private Group Company has, directly or indirectly, made or agreed to make any loan, advance or assignment of payment to any Person (other than the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company), individually or in the aggregate, in an amount in excess of \$10 million;

(vii) any Contract required to be disclosed on Section 3.20 of the Company Disclosure Schedules;

(viii) any Contract with any Person (A) pursuant to which any Private Group Company may be required to pay milestones, royalties or other contingent payments based on any research, testing, development, regulatory filings or approval, sale, distribution, commercial manufacture or other similar occurrences, developments, activities or events, in each case, that are material to the business of, or that are material in amount to all of, the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole, or (B) under which any Private Group Company or Datavant grants to any Person any right of first refusal, right of first negotiation, option to purchase, option to license or any other similar preferential rights with respect to any Company Product or any Company Owned Intellectual Property that is material to the business of all of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(ix) any Contract governing the terms of, or otherwise related to, the employment, engagement or services of any Designated Individual:

(x) any Contract for the disposition of all or a material portion of the assets or business of any Private Group Company or for the acquisition by any Private Group Company of all or a material portion of the assets or business of any other Person (in each case, whether by merger, consolidation, recapitalization, purchase or issuance of Equity Securities, purchase of assets, tender offer or otherwise), in each case under which any Private Group Company has any continuing Liabilities (including any obligation with respect to an "earn out," purchase price or other contingent or deferred payment obligation) that are material to the business of, or material in amount to, all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(xi) any settlement, conciliation or similar Contract (A) the performance of which would be reasonably likely to involve any material payments by any Private Group Company after the date of this Agreement or (B) that imposes or is reasonably likely to impose, at any time in the future, any material, non-monetary obligations on any Private Group Company (or MAAC or any of its Affiliates (other than the Group Companies) after the Closing); and

(xii) any other Contract the performance of which requires non-contingent payments either (A) on an annual basis, to or from any Private Group Company in excess of \$10 million, or (B) in the aggregate, to or from any Private Group Company in excess of \$25 million over the life of the agreement and, in each case, that is not terminable by the applicable Private Group Company without penalty upon less than sixty (60) days' prior written notice.

(b) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Material Contract is valid and binding on the applicable Group Company and, to the Company's knowledge, the counterparties thereto, and is in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with its terms against such Group Company and, to the Company's knowledge, the counterparties thereto (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity), (ii) the applicable Group Company and, to the Company's knowledge, the counterparties thereto are not in breach of, or default under, any Material Contract and (iii) no event has occurred that (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) would result in a breach of, or default under, any Material Contract by the applicable Group Company or, to the Company's knowledge, the counterparties thereto. The Company has made available to MAAC true and complete copies of all Material Contracts in effect as of the date hereof (other than purchase orders, invoices, and similar confirmatory or administrative documents that are ancillary to the main contractual relationship between the parties to a particular Contract or group of Contracts and that, in each case, do not contain any material executory or continuing terms, conditions, obligations or rights).

Section 3.8 <u>Absence of Changes</u>. During the period beginning on April 1, 2020 and ending on the date of this Agreement, (a) no Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred and (b) except (x) as expressly contemplated by this Agreement, any Ancillary Document or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, (y) for any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Group Company to the extent

determined to be reasonable and advisable in response to COVID-19, or (z) as would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (i) the Group Companies have conducted their businesses in the ordinary course, and (ii) no Private Group Company has taken any action that would require the consent of MAAC if taken during the period from the date of this Agreement until the Closing pursuant to <u>Section 5.1(b)(i)</u>, <u>Section 5.1(b)(iv)(A)</u>, <u>Section 5.1(b)(xii)</u> or <u>Section 5.1(b)(xv)</u> (to the extent related to any of the foregoing).

Section 3.9 Litigation. There is, and since January 1, 2019 there has been, no Proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against any Private Group Company that, if adversely decided or resolved, has been or would reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, neither the Private Group Companies nor any of their respective properties or assets is subject to any Order. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, as of the date of this Agreement, there are no Proceedings by a Private Group Company against any other Person.

Section 3.10 <u>Compliance with Applicable Law</u>. Each Private Group Company (a) conducts (and since January 1, 2019 has conducted) its business in accordance with all Laws and Orders applicable to such Private Group Company and (b) as of the date hereof, has not received any written communications or, to the Company's knowledge, any other communications from or on behalf of a Governmental Entity that alleges that such Private Group Company is not in compliance with any such Law or Order, except in each case of <u>clauses (a)</u> and (<u>b</u>), as is not, and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole.

Section 3.11 <u>Merger Sub Activities</u>. Merger Sub was organized solely for the purpose of entering into this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents, the performance of its covenants and agreements in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and consummating the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby and has not engaged in any activities or business, other than those incident or related to, or incurred in connection with, its organization, incorporation or formation, as applicable, its continuing corporate (or similar) existence or the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, the performance of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

Section 3.12 Employee Plans

(a) No Group Company maintains, contributes to, or has any material Liability with respect to or under: (i) a Multiemployer Plan; (ii) a "defined benefit plan" (as defined in Section 3(35) of ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA) or a plan that is or was subject to Title IV of ERISA or "defined benefit plan" (as defined in Section 3(35) of ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA) or a plan that is or was subject to Title IV of ERISA or "defined benefit plan" (as defined in Section 120 of ERISA. No Private Group Company maintains, contributes to, or has any material Liability with respect to or under a "multiple employer welfare arrangement" as defined in Section 3(40) of ERISA. No Group Company has any material Liabilities to provide any retiree or post-termination health or life insurance or other welfare-type benefits to any Person other than health continuation coverage pursuant to COBRA or similar law. No Group Company has any material Liabilities under Title IV of ERISA by reason of at any time being considered a single employer under Section 14 of the Code with any other Person.

(b) Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, each Employee Benefit Plan has been established, maintained, funded and administered in accordance with its terms and in compliance with all applicable Laws, including ERISA and the Code. Each Employee Benefit Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code is so qualified and has timely received a favorable determination or opinion or advisory letter from the Internal Revenue Service. Since January 1, 2019, none of the Private Group Companies has incurred (whether or not assessed) any material penalty or Tax under Section 4980H, 4980B, 4980D, 6721 or 6722 of the Code.



(c) There are no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened in writing, material claims or Proceedings with respect to any Employee Benefit Plan (other than routine claims for benefits). With respect to each Employee Benefit Plan, (i) there have been no "prohibited transactions" within the meaning of Section 4975 of the Code or Sections 406 or 407 of ERISA and no breaches of fiduciary duty (as determined under ERISA), and (ii) all contributions, distributions, reimbursements and premium payments that are due have been timely made, except, in each case of each of <u>clauses (i)</u> and (<u>ii</u>), as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole.

(d) The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (alone or in combination with any other event) (i) result in any payment or benefit becoming due to or result in the forgiveness of any indebtedness of any current or former director, manager, officer, employee, individual independent contractor or other service providers of any of the Private Group Companies under any Employee Benefit Plan or (ii) accelerate the time of payment, funding or vesting or increase the amount or value of, or result in the forfeiture of, any compensation or benefit under any Employee Benefit Plan to any current or former director, manager, officer, employee, individual independent contractor or other service providers of any of the Private Group Companies.

(e) The Private Group Companies have no material obligations to indemnify, reimburse, make-whole or "gross-up" any person for any Tax or related interest or penalties incurred by such person imposed under Section 4999 or 409A of the Code.

(f) Each Foreign Benefit Plan that is required to be registered or intended to be tax exempt has been registered (and, where applicable, accepted for registration) and is tax exempt and has been maintained in good standing in all material respects, to the extent applicable, with each Governmental Entity. No Foreign Benefit Plan is a "defined benefit plan" (as defined in ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA) or has any material unfunded or underfunded Liabilities. All material contributions required to have been made by or on behalf of any of the Private Group Companies with respect to plans or arrangements maintained or sponsored a Governmental Entity (including severance, termination indemnities or other similar benefits maintained for employees outside of the U.S.) have been timely made or fully accrued.

Section 3.13 Environmental Matters. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect:

(a) None of the Private Group Companies have received any written communication or, to the Company's knowledge, other communication from any Governmental Entity or any other Person regarding any actual, alleged, or potential violation of, or Liability under, any Environmental Laws.

(b) There is no Proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against any Private Group Company in respect to any Environmental Laws.

(c) There has been no manufacture, release, treatment, storage, disposal, arrangement for disposal, transport or handling of, contamination by, or exposure of any Person to, any Hazardous Substances that has given rise to any Liability pursuant to Environmental Laws for any Private Group Company.

Section 3.14 Intellectual Property.

(a) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) all necessary fees and filings with respect to any Company Registered Intellectual Property have been timely submitted to the relevant intellectual property office or Governmental Entity and Internet domain name registrars to maintain such Company Registered Intellectual Property in full force and effect and (ii) there are no Proceedings pending, including litigations, interference, re-examination, *inter partes* review, reissue, opposition, nullity, or cancellation proceedings, that relate to any of the Company Registered Intellectual Property and, to the Company's knowledge, no such Proceedings are threatened in writing by any Governmental Entity or any other Person.

(b) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) a Group Company exclusively owns all right, title and interest in and to all Company Owned Intellectual Property, free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens) and (ii) for all issued Patents owned by the Group Companies, each named inventor on the Patent has assigned their rights to a Group Company. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (x) the applicable Group Company has rights under all Contracts for Company Licensed Intellectual Property to use, sell, License and otherwise exploit, as the case may be, all Company Licensed Intellectual Property licensed pursuant to such Contracts as the same is currently used, sold, licensed and otherwise exploited by such Group Company, (y) the Company Owned Intellectual Property and the Company Licensed Intellectual Property, to the Company's knowledge, constitute all of the Intellectual Property Rights used or held for use by the Group Companies to conduct their respective businesses as currently conducted (it being understood that this <u>Section 3.14(b)(y)</u> is not a representation or warranty with respect to any infringement, misappropriation or other violations of third-party Intellectual Property Rights) and (z) the Company Registered Intellectual Property, to the Company's knowledge, is valid, subsisting and enforceable (in each case, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity).

(c) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, each Group Company's employees, consultants, advisors and independent contractors who independently or jointly contributed to or otherwise participated in the authorship, invention, creation, improvement, modification or development of any Company Owned Intellectual Property have assigned or have agreed to a present assignment to such Group Company of all Intellectual Property Rights authored, invented, created, improved, modified or developed by such person in the course of such person's employment or other engagement with such Group Company.

(d) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Group Company has taken reasonable steps to safeguard and maintain the secrecy of any trade secrets, know-how and other confidential information owned by each Group Company, (ii) without limiting the foregoing, to the knowledge of the Company, each Group Company has not disclosed any trade secrets, know-how or confidential information to any other Person unless, such disclosure was under a written non-disclosure agreement containing reasonably appropriate limitations on use, reproduction and disclosure and (iii) to the Company's knowledge, there has been no violation or unauthorized access to or disclosure of any trade secrets, know-how or confidential information owned by a Group Company, or of any written obligations with respect to such.

(e) None of the Company Owned Intellectual Property and, to the Company's knowledge, none of the Company Licensed Intellectual Property is subject to any outstanding Order that restricts in any manner the use, sale, transfer, licensing or exploitation thereof by the Group Companies or affects the validity, use or enforceability of any such Company Owned Intellectual Property, except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(f) To the Company's knowledge, since January 1, 2019, neither the conduct of the business of the Group Companies nor any of the Company Products offered, marketed, licensed, provided, sold, distributed or otherwise exploited by the Group Companies nor the design, development, manufacturing, reproduction, use, marketing, offer for sale, sale, importation, exportation, distribution, maintenance or other exploitation of any Company Product infringes, misappropriates or otherwise violates any Intellectual Property Rights of any other Person, except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(g) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, there is no Proceeding pending nor has any Group Company received any written communications (i) alleging that a Group Company has infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated any Intellectual Property Rights of any other Person or (ii) challenging the validity, enforceability, use or exclusive ownership of any Company Owned Intellectual Property.

(h) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) to the Company's knowledge, no Person is infringing, misappropriating, misusing, diluting or violating any Company Owned Intellectual Property

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and (ii) since January 1, 2019, no Group Company has made any written claim against any Person alleging any infringement, misappropriation or other violation of any Company Owned Intellectual Property.

(i) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, to the Company's knowledge, no event has occurred, and no circumstance or condition exists, that (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) will, or could reasonably be expected to, result in the delivery, license or disclosure of any source code that constitutes Company Owned Intellectual Property to any Person who is not, as of the date the event occurs or circumstance or condition comes into existence, a current employee or contractor of a Group Company subject to confidentiality obligations with respect thereto.

(j) No Group Company has accessed, used, modified, linked to, created derivative works from or incorporated into any proprietary Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property any Public Software, in each case in a manner that (i) requires such Company Owned Intellectual Property to be licensed, sold, disclosed, distributed, hosted or otherwise made available, including in source code form and/or for the purpose of making derivative works, for any reason, (ii) grants, or requires any Group Company to grant, the right to decompile, disassemble, reverse engineer or otherwise derive the source code or underlying structure of any Company Owned Intellectual Property, (iii) limits in any manner the ability to charge license fees or otherwise seek compensation in connection with marketing, licensing or distribution of any Company Owned Intellectual Property or (iv) otherwise imposes any limitation, restriction or condition on the right or ability of any Group Company to use, hold for use, license, host, distribute or otherwise dispose of any Company Owned Intellectual Property, other than compliance with notice and attribution requirements, in each case, except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.15 Labor Matters

(a) Since January 1, 2019, except as has not and would not reasonably be expected to result in, individually or in the aggregate, material Liability to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, (i) none of the Private Group Corpanies (A) has or has had any Liability for any failure to pay or delinquency in paying any wages or other compensation for services (including salaries, wage premiums, commissions, fees or bonuses), or any penalties, fines, interest, or other sums, or (B) has or has had any Liability for any payment to any trust or other fund governed by or maintained by or on behalf of any Governmental Entity with respect to unemployment compensation benefits, social security, social insurances or other benefits or obligations for any employees of any Private Group Company (other than routine payments to be made in the normal course of business and consistent with past practice); and (ii) the Private Group Companies have withheld all amounts required by applicable Law or by agreement to be withheld from wages, salaries and other payments to employees or independent contractors or other service providers of each Private Group Company.

(b) Since January 1, 2019, there has been no "mass layoff" or "plant closing" as defined by WARN related to any Private Group Company, and the Private Group Companies have not incurred any material Liability under WARN.

(c) No Private Group Company is a party to or bound by any CBA and no employees of any Private Group Company are represented by any labor union, labor organization, works council, employee delegate, representative or other employee collective group with respect to their employment. There is no duty on the part of any Private Group Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any Public Group Company or Datavant, to bargain with any labor union, labor organization, works council, employee delegate, representative or other employee collective group as a result of the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. Since January 1, 2019, there has been no actual or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened in writing material unfair labor practice charges, material labor grievances, material labor arbitrations, material strikes, lockouts, work stoppages, slowdowns, picketing, handbilling or other material labor disputes against any Private Group Company. To the Company's knowledge, since January 1, 2019, there have been no actual, pending or threated labor organizing activities with respect to any employees of any Private Group Company.

(d) To the Company's knowledge, as of the date of this Agreement, there are no unresolved allegations of sexual harassment, or other discrimination or retaliation, against any executive officer or director of the Company (in his or her capacity as such) that, if known to the public, would bring the Company into material disrepute.

(e) No material employee layoff, facility closure or shutdown (whether voluntary or by Order), reduction-in-force, furlough, temporary layoff, work schedule change or reduction in hours, or material reduction in salary or wages, or other material workforce changes affecting employees of the Private Group Companies has occurred since the date of the Latest Balance Sheet or is currently contemplated, planned or announced, including as a result of COVID-19 or any Law, Order, directive, guideline or recommendation by any Governmental Entity in connection with or in response to COVID-19. As of the date of this Agreement, the Private Group Companies have not otherwise experienced any material employment-related Liability with respect to or arising out of COVID-19 or any Law, Order, directive, guideline or recommendation by any Governmental Entity in connection with or in response to COVID-19.

Section 3.16 <u>Insurance</u>. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, all policies of fire, liability, workers' compensation, property, casualty and other forms of insurance owned or held by any Private Group Company as of the date of this Agreement, are in full force and effect, all premiums due and payable thereon as of the date of this Agreement have been paid in full as of the date of this Agreement, and true and complete copies of all such policies have been made available to MAAC. As of the date of this Agreement, no claim by any Private Group Company is pending under any such policies as to which coverage has been denied or disputed, or rights reserved to do so, by the underwriters thereof, except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.17 Tax Matters.

(a) The Group Companies have prepared and filed all material Tax Returns required to have been filed by or with respect to such entities, all such Tax Returns are true and complete in all material respects, and the Group Companies have paid all material Taxes required to have been paid by or with respect to such entities regardless of whether shown on any Tax Return.

(b) The Group Companies have timely withheld and paid to the appropriate Tax Authority all material amounts required to have been withheld and paid in connection with amounts paid or owing to any employee, independent contractor, other service provider, equity interest holder, creditor or other third-party.

(c) No Group Company is currently the subject of a Tax audit or examination or has been informed in writing of the commencement or anticipated commencement of any Tax audit or examination that has not been resolved or completed, in each case, with respect to material Taxes.

(d) No Group Company has consented to extend or waive the time in which any material Tax may be assessed or collected by any Tax Authority, other than any such extensions or waivers that are no longer in effect or that were extensions of time to file Tax Returns obtained in the ordinary course of business.

(e) No "closing agreement" as described in Section 7121 of the Code (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. income Tax Law), private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda or similar agreements or rulings have been entered into or issued by any Tax Authority to a Group Company, which agreement or ruling would be effective after the Closing Date.

(f) No Group Company is or has been a party to any "listed transaction" as defined in Section 6707A of the Code and Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4 (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. Tax Law).

(g) There are no Liens for material Taxes on any assets of the Group Companies other than Liens described in <u>clause (b)</u> of the definition of Permitted Liens.

(h) During the two (2)-year period ending on the date of this Agreement, no Group Company was a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a transaction purported or intended to be governed by Section 355 of the Code (or so much of Section 356 of the Code as relates to Section 355 of the Code).

(i) No Group Company (i) has been a member of an affiliated group filing a consolidated U.S. federal income Tax Return (other than a group the common parent of which was a Group Company) or (ii) has any material Liability for the Taxes of any Person (other than a Group Company) under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. Tax Law), as a transferee or successor or by Contract (other than any customary indemnification provisions contained in any commercial Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business and the principal purpose of which does not relate to Taxes).

(j) No written claims have ever been made by any Tax Authority in a jurisdiction where a Group Company does not file Tax Returns that such Group Company is or may be subject to taxation by, or required to file a Tax Return with, that jurisdiction, which claims have not been resolved or withdrawn.

(k) No Group Company is a party to any Tax allocation, Tax sharing or Tax indemnity or similar agreements (other than any (i) such agreement with another Group Company or (ii) customary commercial Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business and the principal purpose of which does not relate to Taxes).

(1) No Group Company has taken or agreed to take any action not contemplated by this Agreement and/or any Ancillary Document that could reasonably be expected to prevent, impair or impede the Merger from qualifying for the Intended Tax Treatment.

(m) The Company believes that it is not, and does not expect to become, a "passive foreign investment company" within the meaning of Section 1297(a) of the Code ("<u>PFIC</u>").

(n) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Section 3.4 (Financial Statements; Undisclosed Liabilities), Section 3.12 (Employee Plans), Section 5.5(a)(i) and this Section 3.17 (Tax Matters) contain the sole representations and warranties of the Group Companies concerning Taxes. Notwithstanding any representation or warranty in this Agreement (including the representations and warranties set forth in this Section 3.17 (Tax Matters)), no representation or warranty is being made as to the use or availability of any Tax attribute or credit of any Group Company in any taxable period (or portion thereof) beginning on the day immediately after the Closing Date.

Section 3.18 <u>Brokers</u>. Except for J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, SVB Leerink LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, no broker, finder, investment banker or other Person is entitled to any brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of the Company or any of its Affiliates.

Section 3.19 Real and Personal Property.

(a) Owned Real Property. No Private Group Company owns any real property.

(b) <u>Leased Real Property</u>. Each Real Property Lease is in full force and effect and is a valid, legal and binding obligation of the applicable Private Group Company party thereto, enforceable in accordance with its terms against such Private Group Company and, to the Company's knowledge, each other party thereto (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the

enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity). There is no material breach or default by any Private Group Company or, to the Company's knowledge, any counterparty under any Real Property Lease, and, to the Company's knowledge, no event has occurred which (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) would constitute a material breach or default under any Real Property Lease or would permit termination of, or a material modification or acceleration thereof, by any counterparty to any Real Property Lease.

(c) <u>Personal Property</u>. Each Private Group Company has good, marketable and indefeasible title to, or a valid leasehold interest in or license or right to use, all of the material tangible assets and tangible properties of the Private Group Companies reflected in the Financial Statements or thereafter acquired by the Private Group Companies, except for assets disposed of in the ordinary course of business or otherwise as permitted by <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> (including as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules) or in accordance with <u>Section 5.1(b</u>).

Section 3.20 Transactions with Affiliates. Section 3.20 of the Company Disclosure Schedules sets forth all material Contracts between (a) any Private Group Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, Datavant or any Public Group Company, on the one hand, and (b) any officer, director, executive (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Designated Individuals), manager, direct or, to the Company's knowledge, indirect, equityholder of more than one percent (1.0%) of the Company Common Shares (each such direct or indirect equityholder, an "Affiliated Shareholder"), or Affiliate, in each case, of the Company, on the other hand (each Person identified in this clause (b), a "Company Related Party"), other than (i) Contracts solely between or among the Group Company(ies) and/or Datavant, (ii) with respect to or otherwise related to a Company Related Party's (A) employment with (including benefit plans and other ordinary course compensation from) any of the Group Companies, (B) service to any of the Group Companies as a director (or member of a similar governing body) or (C) in the case of an individual, service to any of the Group Companies as an independent thirdparty consultant or other non-employee service provider (in the case of this <u>clause (C)</u>, on an arms' length basis and terms), and any ordinary course compensation in connection with any of the foregoing in the preceding <u>clauses (A)</u>, through (C), (iii) Contracts entered into after the date of this Agreement that are either permitted pursuant to <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> (including as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules) or entered into in accordance with Section 5.1(b), (iv) Contracts relating to or entered into in connection with a Company Related Party's status as an equityholder of such Private Group Company (including the Company Shareholders Agreements and similar Contracts), (v) commercial agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business on an arms' length basis and terms that are not individually material to the business of the Group Companies, taken as a whole, or (vi) customary director and officer indemnification agreements that have been made available to MAAC. No Company Related Party (A) owns any material interest in any material asset or property used in any Private Group Company's business, (B) possesses, directly or indirectly, any material financial interest in, or is a director or executive officer of, any Person which is a material supplier, vendor, partner, customer or lessor, or other material business relation, of any Private Group Company or (C) is a material supplier, vendor, partner, customer or lessor, or other material business relation, of any Private Group Company. All Contracts, arrangements, understandings, interests and other matters that are required to be disclosed pursuant to this <u>Section 3.20</u> (including, for the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to the second sentence of this <u>Section 3.20</u>) are referred to herein as "Company Related Party Transactions.

Section 3.21 Data Privacy and Security.

(a) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, each Private Group Company has implemented adequate written policies relating to the Processing of Personal Data as and to the extent required by applicable Law ("<u>Privacy and Data Security Policies</u>").

(b) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, there is no Proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened in writing, against any Private Group Company initiated by any Person (including (i) the United States Federal Trade Commission, any state attorney general or similar state official, (ii) any other Governmental Entity, foreign or domestic or (iii) any regulatory or self-regulatory entity) alleging that any Processing of Personal Data by or on behalf of a Private Group Company is or was in violation of any Privacy and Security Requirements, nor, to the Company's knowledge, is there any basis for the foregoing.

(c) Since January 1, 2019, to the Company's knowledge, (i) there has been no unauthorized access to, or use, disclosure, or Processing of Personal Data in the possession or control of any Private Group Company or any of its contractors with regard to any Personal Data obtained from or on behalf of a Private Group Company, (ii) there have been no unauthorized intrusions or breaches of security into any Company IT Systems, and (iii) none of the Private Group Companies has notified or been required to notify any Person of any (A) loss, theft or damage of, or (B) other unauthorized or unlawful access to, or use, disclosure or other Processing of, Personal Data, except, in each case of <u>clauses (i), (ii)</u> and (<u>iii)</u>, as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Private Group Company owns or has licenses to use the Company IT Systems as necessary to operate the business of each Private Group Company as currently conducted, (ii) to the Company's knowledge, all Company IT Systems are free from any defect, bug, virus or programming, design or documentation error and (iii) since January 1, 2019, there have not been any failures, breakdowns or continued substandard performance of any Company IT Systems that have caused a failure or disruption of the Company IT Systems other than routine failures or disruptions that have been remediated in the ordinary course of business.

(e) To the knowledge of the Company, the consummation of this Agreement and any transfers of Personal Data necessary to give effect to the Agreement will not violate any Privacy and Security Requirement, except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.22 Certain Business Practices. Except as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect:

(a) None of the Private Group Companies, any of their respective officers, directors, or employees or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their other Representatives, or any other Persons acting for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, since January 1, 2019, (i) has been a Sanctioned Person, (ii) has transacted any business with or for the direct or knowing indirect benefit of any Sanctioned Person in violation of applicable Sanctions or (iii) has otherwise violated any applicable Sanctions, Ex-Im Laws, or anti-boycott Laws.

(b) None of the Private Group Companies, any of their respective officers, directors or employees or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their other Representatives, or any other Persons acting for or on behalf of any of the foregoing has, since January 1, 2019, (i) made, offered, promised, paid or received any unlawful bribes, kickbacks, or other similar payments to or from any Person, (ii) made or paid any contributions, directly or indirectly, to a domestic or foreign political party or candidate for any improper purpose or (iii) otherwise made, offered, received, authorized, promised or paid any improper payment in violation of any Anti-Corruption Laws.

(c) The Private Group Companies have instituted and maintained policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with the Anti-Corruption Laws, Sanctions, and Ex-Im Laws in each jurisdiction in which any such entity operates.

(d) To the Company's knowledge, no Private Group Company has, since January 1, 2019, been the subject of any allegation, voluntary disclosure, investigation, prosecution or enforcement action related to any Anti-Corruption Laws, Sanctions, or Ex-Im Laws.

Section 3.23 <u>Information Supplied</u>. None of the information of the Group Companies included or incorporated by reference prior to the Closing in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement will, when the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement is declared effective or when the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement is mailed to the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders or at the time of the MAAC Shareholders Meeting, and in the case of any amendment thereto, at the time of such amendment, contain any untrue statement of a

material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; <u>provided</u> that, notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this <u>Section 3.23</u>, no representation or warranty is made by the Company or Merger Sub with respect to any information or statements included or incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement supplied by or on behalf of MAAC for use therein.

Section 3.24 <u>Regulatory Compliance</u>. Except as set forth in <u>Section 3.24</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules:

(a) Each Group Company conducts (and since January 1, 2019, has conducted) its business in accordance with all Public Health Laws applicable to such Group Company and is not in violation of any such Public Health Law or Order, except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole.

(b) No Group Company has received, as of the date hereof, any written communication from the FDA or other Governmental Entity, including a warning, untitled or notice of violation letter or Form FDA-483, that alleges that any Group Company or the research, development, or manufacture of any Company Product is not in compliance with any Public Health Laws, except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole.

(c) There is (and since January 1, 2019 there has been) no Proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against or involving any Group Company related to compliance with Public Health Laws, except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole. The Group Companies do not have, and since January 1, 2019 have not had, any Liabilities for failure to comply with any Public Health Laws, except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole.

(d) All preclinical studies, tests, and research being conducted by or on behalf of any Group Company or with respect to any Company Product are being, and, in each case, at since January 1, 2019 have been, to the extent applicable, conducted in compliance with all applicable Laws, including the good laboratory practice regulations set forth at 21 C.F.R. Part 58, except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole. Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole. Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole. Includies, tests, and research being conducted by or on behalf of the Company or with respect to any Company Product are being and, in each case, at all times have been, conducted in compliance with all applicable Laws and with good clinical practice, as defined or recognized by FDA, such as in the guidance document E6(R2) Good Clinical Practice: Integrated Addendum to ICH E6(R1), and applicable provisions of the FDCA and implementing regulations at 21 C.F.R. Parts 50, 54, 56, and 312. Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, no preclinical or clinical trial conducted by or on behalf of the Company or with respect to any Company Product has been terminated or suspended prior to completion for safety, data integrity, or non-compliance reasons, and neither the FDA nor any other Governmental Entity or regulatory authority, clinical investigator or institutional review board that has or had jurisdiction over or participated in any such clinical trial has initiated or threatened in writing to initiate, any action to terminate, delay, suspend or modify any such ongoing preclinical or clinical trial.

(e) To the Company's knowledge, as of the date hereof, no information, condition or circumstance exists that could reasonably be expected to materially adversely affect the acceptance, or the subsequent approval, of any filing, application or request for approval of any Company Product.

(f) Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, since January 1, 2019, none of the Group Companies or, to

the Company's knowledge, any of their respective officers, directors, employees, agents, or suppliers, with respect to any matter relating to the Group Companies or the business of the Group Companies, has made an untrue statement of a material fact or fraudulent statement to the FDA or other Governmental Entity, failed to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed to the FDA or any other Governmental Entity, or committed any act, made any statement, or failed to make any statement that, at the time such disclosure was made, could reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA or any other Governmental Entity to invoke its policy respecting "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) or any similar policy.

(g) Except as is not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, since January 1, 2019, (i) none of the Group Companies or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their respective officers, directors or employees are or has been excluded, disqualified, debarred, or suspended, or threatened with exclusion, debarment, or suspension under the FDA's debarment authority under 21 U.S.C. § 335a or for the award of a contract by any Governmental Entity or for participation in governmental programs such as Medicare or Medicaid, (ii) none of the Group Companies or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their respective officers, directors or employees are or have been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that could reasult in debarment or exclusion under 21 U.S.C. § 335a or any similar Public Health Laws, (iii) no claims, actions, proceedings or investigations that could reasonably be expected to result in such a debarment or exclusion are pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against the Group Companies or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their respective officers, directors or employees and (iv) no Group Company has undergone, or is currently undergoing, any inspection related to any Company Product or any other Governmental Entity investigation under any Public Health Law.

Section 3.25 <u>Investment Company Act</u>. The Company is not required to register as an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act.

Section 3.26 SEC Filings and Matters

(a) Each Public Group Company has timely filed or furnished all statements, forms, reports and documents required to be filed or furnished by it prior to the date of this Agreement with the SEC pursuant to Federal Securities Laws since its initial public offering (collectively, and together with any exhibits and schedules thereto and other information incorporated therein, and as they have been supplemented, modified or amended since the time of filing, the "<u>Public Group Company SEC Reports</u>"). Each of the Public Group Company SEC Reports, as of their respective dates of filing, and as of the date of any amendment or filing that superseded the initial filing, complied in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Public Group Company SEC Reports. As of their respective dates of filing, the Public Group Company SEC Reports did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements, there are no outstanding or unresolved comments in comment letters received from the SEC with respect to the Public Group Company SEC Reports.

(b) Except as is not required in reliance on exemptions from certain reporting requirements by virtue of any Public Group Company's status as an "emerging growth company" within the meaning of the Securities Act, as modified by the JOBS Act, or as a "smaller reporting company" within the meaning of the Exchange Act, since the later of January 1, 2019 or its initial public offering, (i) each Public Group Company has established and maintained a system of internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 and Rule 15d-15 under the Exchange Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of its financial reporting and the preparation of its financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP and (ii) each Public Group Company has established and maintained disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act) designed to ensure that material information

relating to it is made known to its principal executive officer and principal financial officer by others within such Public Group Company.

(c) Since the later of January 1, 2019 or the first filing of a registration statement in connection with its initial public offering, none of the Public Group Companies has taken any action prohibited by Section 402 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

(d) Since the later of January 1, 2019 or its initial public offering, each of the Public Group Companies has complied in all material respects with all applicable listing and corporate governance rules and regulations of its stock exchange. As of the date of this Agreement, there is no material Proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against any Public Group Company by its stock exchange or the SEC with respect to any intention by such entity to deregister the Equity Securities of such Public Group Company or prohibit or terminate the listing of Equity Securities of such Public Group Companies has, as of the date hereof, taken any action that is designed to terminate the registration of any of its Equity Securities that are registered under the Exchange Act.

Section 3.27 <u>No Other Representations</u>. In entering into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be a party, each of the Company and Merger Sub has relied solely on its own investigation and analysis and the representations and warranties expressly set forth in <u>Article 4</u> and in the Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be a party and no other representations or warranties of MAAC, any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate or any other Person, either express or implied.

Section 3.28 EXCLUSIVITY OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES. NOTWITHSTANDING THE DELIVERY OR DISCLOSURE TO THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS REPRESENTATIVES OF ANY DOCUMENTATION OR OTHER INFORMATION (INCLUDING ANY FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS OR OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL DATA), EACH OF THE COMPANY AND MERGER SUB, ON ITS OWN BEHALF AND ON BEHALF OF ITS REPRESENTATIVES, ACKNOWLEDGES, REPRESENTS, WARRANTS AND AGREES THAT, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN <u>ARTICLE 4</u> OR THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS TO WHICH IT OR MERGER SUB, AS APPLICABLE, IS OR WILL BE A PARTY, NONE OF MAAC, ANY MAAC NON-PARTY AFFILIATE OR ANY OTHER PERSON MAKES, AND EACH OF THE COMPANY AND MERGER SUB EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS, ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND OR NATURE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY, INCLUDING AS TO THE MATERIALS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OR HOLDINGS OF MAAC THAT HAVE BEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS REPRESENTATIVES OR IN ANY PRESENTATION OF THE BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OF MAAC BY THE MANAGEMENT OR ON BEHALF OF MAAC OR OTHERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR BY THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS, AND NO STATEMENT CONTAINED IN ANY OF SUCH MATERIALS OR MADE IN ANY SUCH PRESENTATION SHALL BE DEEMED A REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY HEREUNDER OR OTHERWISE OR DEEMED TO BE RELIED UPON BY THE COMPANY, MERGER SUB OR ANY COMPANY NON-PARTY AFFILIATE IN EXECUTING, DELIVERING OR PERFORMING THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT ANY COST ESTIMATES, PROJECTIONS OR OTHER PREDICTIONS, ANY DATA OR ANY MEMORANDA OR OFFERING MATERIALS OR PRESENTATIONS, INCLUDING ANY OFFERING MEMORANDUM OR SIMILAR MATERIALS MADE AVAILABLE BY OR ON BEHALF OF MAAC ARE NOT AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE OR TO INCLUDE REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF MAAC, ANY MAAC NON-PARTY AFFILIATE OR ANY OTHER PERSON, AND ARE NOT AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE RELIED UPON BY THE COMPANY, MERGER SUB OR ANY COMPANY NON-PARTY AFFILIATE IN EXECUTING, DELIVERING OR PERFORMING THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY.

ARTICLE 4 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES RELATING TO MAAC

Subject to Section 8.8, except (a) as set forth on the MAAC Disclosure Schedules, or (b) with respect to any of the MAAC Fundamental Representations, as set forth in any publicly available MAAC SEC Reports as of the date hereof (excluding any disclosures in any "risk factors" section that do not constitute statements of fact, disclosures in any forward-looking statements disclaimers and other disclosures that are generally cautionary, predictive or forward-looking in nature), MAAC hereby represents and warrants to the Company and Merger Sub as follows:

Section 4.1 Organization and Qualification. MAAC is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation. The Governing Documents of MAAC are in full force and effect and MAAC is not in material breach or violation of any provision set forth in its Governing Documents.

Section 4.2 <u>Authority</u>. MAAC has the requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and each Ancillary Document to which it is or will be a party, to perform its obligations hereunder and thereunder, and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. Subject to the receipt of the MAAC Shareholder Approval, the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or will be a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been (or, in the case of any Ancillary Document entered into after the date of this Agreement, will be upon execution thereof) duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of MAAC. This Agreement has been and each Ancillary Document to which MAAC is or will be a party will be, upon execution thereof, duly and validly executed and delivered by MAAC and constitutes or will constitute, upon execution thereof, as applicable, a valid, legal and binding agreement of MAAC (assuming this Agreement has been and the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or will be a party are or will be, upon execution thereof, as applicable, duly authorized, executed and delivered by the other Persons party hereto or thereto), enforceable against MAAC in accordance with their terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy; insolvency; reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity). The MAAC Shareholder Approval and the MAAC Sponsor Consent are the only votes or consents of the holders of any class or series of Equity Securities of MAAC required to approve and adopt this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which MAAC is or is contemplated to be a party, the performance of the MAAC's obligations hereunder and thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger).

Section 4.3 Consents and Requisite Governmental Approvals; No Violations.

(a) No consent, approval or authorization of, or designation, declaration or filing with, any Governmental Entity is required on the part of MAAC with respect to MAAC's execution, delivery or performance of its obligations under this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be party or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, except for (i) compliance with and filings under the HSR Act and Foreign and Domestic Approval Laws, if applicable, (ii) the filing with the SEC of (A) the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement and the declaration of the effectiveness thereof by the SEC and (B) such reports under Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as may be required in connection with the Sagreement, the Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, (iii) such filings with and approvals of Nasdaq to permit the Company Post-Closing Gommon Shares to be issued in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to be listed on Nasdaq or in order to deregister the MAAC Shares following the Closing, (iv) the filings of (A) the Certificate of Merger and (B) any filings required under the Companies Act in connection with the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger, (v) the MAAC Shareholder Approval, (vi) the MAAC Sponsor Consent or (vii) any other consents, approvals, authorizations, designations, declarations, waivers or filings, the absence of which would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect.

(b) None of the execution or delivery by MAAC of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document to which it is or will be a party, the performance by MAAC of its obligations hereunder or therenunder or the consummation by MAAC of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby will, directly or indirectly (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) (i) result in a violation or breach of any provision of the Governing Documents of MAAC, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute a default or give rise to any right of termination, Consent, cancellation, amendment, modification, suspension, revocation or acceleration under, any Order or applicable Law to which MAAC or any of its properties or assets are subject or bound or (iv) result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the safets or properties (other than any Permitted Liens) of MAAC, except in the case of any of <u>clauses (ii)</u> through (iv) above, as would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.4 <u>Brokers</u>. Except for the Persons set forth on <u>Section 4.4</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules, no broker, finder, investment banker or other Person is entitled to any brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of MAAC or any of its Affiliates. True and complete copies of the engagement agreements in effect as of the date hereof with the Persons set forth on <u>Section 4.4</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules have been provided to the Company prior to the execution of this Agreement.

Section 4.5 Information Supplied. None of the information supplied or to be supplied by or on behalf of MAAC expressly for inclusion or incorporation by reference prior to the Closing in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement will, when the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement is declared effective or when the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement is mailed to the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders or at the time of the MAAC Shareholders Meeting, and in the case of any amendment thereto, at the time of such amendment, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; <u>provided</u> that, notvithstanding the foregoing provisions of this <u>Section 4.5</u>, no representation or warranty is made by MAAC with respect to any other information or statements included or incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, including any such information or statements that were supplied by or on behalf of the Company or Merger Sub for use therein.

Section 4.6 Capitalization of MAAC

(a) Section 4.6(a) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true and complete statement of the number and class or series (as applicable) of the issued and outstanding MAAC Shares and the number of issued and outstanding MAAC Warrants, in each case, prior to giving effect to the PIPE Financing, the MAAC Shareholder Redemption and the transactions contemplated by the Sponsor Support Agreement. All issued and outstanding MAAC (i) were not issued in violation of the Governing Documents of MAAC or in violation of any other Contracts to which MAAC is a party or by which it is otherwise bound, and (ii) are not subject to any preemptive rights, call option, right of first refusal, subscription rights, transfer restrictions or similar rights of any Person (other than transfer restrictions under the Governing Documents of MAAC or list of the MAAC Shares have been duly authorized and vialidy issued and are fully paid and non-assessable. All outstanding Equity Securities of MAAC (i) were not issued in violation of the Governing Documents of MAAC or in violation of any other Contracts to which MAAC is a party or by which it is otherwise bound, and (ii) are not subject to any preemptive rights, call option, right of first refusal, subscription rights, transfer restrictions or similar rights of any Person (other than transfer restrictions under applicable Securities Laws or under the Governing Documents of MAAC) and were not issued in violation of any preemptive rights, call option, right of first refusal, subscription rights, transfer restrictions or similar rights of any Person. Except for the MAAC Shares and MAAC Warrants set forth on <u>Section 4.6(a)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules (assuming that no MAAC Shareholder Redemptions are effected), immediately prior to Closing and before giving effect to the PIPE Financing and the transactions contemplated by the Sponsor Support Agreement, there are no other Equity Securities of MAAC issued and outstanding.

(b) Except as expressly contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreements or as issued, granted or entered into, as applicable, in accordance with <u>Section 5.10</u> there are no outstanding (A) equity appreciation, phantom equity or profit participation rights or (B) options, restricted stock, phantom stock, warrants, purchase

rights, subscription rights, conversion rights, exchange rights, calls, puts, rights of first refusal or first offer or other Contracts that could require MAAC to, and there is no obligation to MAAC to, issue, sell or otherwise cause to become outstanding or to acquire, repurchase or redeem any Equity Securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable for Equity Securities of MAAC.

(c) Other than as set forth on Section 4.6(c) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedule and, except as permitted by Section 5.10(b), MAAC has no Subsidiaries and does not own or hold, directly or indirectly, any Equity Securities in any Person or the right to acquire any such Equity Security, and MAAC is not a partner, member or similar participant of or in any partnership, limited liability company or similar business entity.

(d) There are no outstanding bonds, debentures, notes or other indebtedness of MAAC having the right to vote (or convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities having the right to vote) on any matter on which holders of MAAC Shares may vote. There are no voting trusts, proxies or other Contracts with respect to the voting or transfer of any MAAC's Equity Securities between MAAC and any other Person. MAAC is not a party to any shareholders agreement or registration rights agreement relating to MAAC Shares or any other Equity Securities of MAAC. There are no securities issued by or to which MAAC is a party containing anti-dilution or similar provisions that will be triggered by the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents, in each case, that have not been or will not be waived on or prior to the Closing Date.

(e) Section 4.6(e) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules sets forth a list of all indebtedness for borrowed money of MAAC as of the date of this Agreement, including the principal amount of such indebtedness, the outstanding balance as of the date of this Agreement, and the debtor and the creditor thereof.

(f) All outstanding MAAC Equity Securities have been offered, sold and issued in compliance with applicable Law, including Securities Laws, in all material respects.

Section 4.7 SEC Filings. MAAC has timely filed or furnished all statements, forms, reports and documents required to be filed or furnished by it prior to the date of this Agreement with the SEC pursuant to Federal Securities Laws since its initial public offering (collectively, and together with any exhibits and schedules thereto and other information incorporated therein, and as they have been supplemented, modified or amended since the time of filing, the "<u>MAAC SEC Reports</u>") and, as of the Closing, will have filed or furnished all other statements, forms, reports and other documents required to be filed or furnished by it subsequent to the date of this Agreement with the SEC pursuant to Federal Securities Laws through the Closing (collectively, and together with any exhibits and schedules thereto and other information incorporated therein, and as they have been supplemented, modified or amended since the time of filing, the "<u>Additional MAAC SEC Reports</u>"). Each of the MAAC SEC Reports, as of their respective dates of filing, and as of the date of any amendment or filing that superseded the initial filing, complied and each of the Additional MAAC SEC Reports, as of their respective dates of filing, and as of the date of any amendment or filing that superseded the initial filing, will comply, in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Federal Securities Laws (including, as applicable, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) applicable to the MAAC SEC Reports or the Additional MAAC SEC Reports (for purposes of the Additional MAAC SEC Reports, as of their respective dates of filing, the MAAC SEC Reports and the Additional MAAC SEC Reports on incorporation by reference therein, if any, is true and correct in all material respects). As of their respective dates of filing, and as of the date of any amendment or filing that superseded the initial filing, conta and the additional MAAC SEC Reports (for purposes of the Additional MAAC SEC Reports, aso the dat

Section 4.8 Trust Account. As of the date of this Agreement, MAAC has an amount in cash in the Trust Account equal to at least \$410,794,357,31. The funds held in the Trust Account are (a) invested in United States "government securities" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, having a maturity of one hundred eight-five (185) days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations and (b) held in trust pursuant to that certain Investment Management Trust Agreement, dated October 6, 2020 (the "Trust Agreement"), between MAAC and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as trustee (the "<u>Trustee</u>"). There are no separate agreements, side letters or other agreements or understandings (whether written or unwritten, express or implied) that would cause the description of the Trust Agreement in the MAAC SEC Reports to be inaccurate in any material respect or, to MAAC's knowledge, that would entitle any Person to any portion of the funds in the Trust Account (other than (i) in respect of deferred underwriting commissions or Taxes, (ii) the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders who shall have elected to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares pursuant to the Governing Documents of MAAC or (iii) if MAAC fails to complete a business combination within the allotted time period set forth in the Governing Documents of MAAC and liquidates the Trust Account, subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, MAAC (in limited amounts to permit MAAC to pay the expenses of the Trust Account's liquidation, dissolution and winding up of MAAC) and then the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders). Prior to the Closing, none of the funds held in the Trust Account are permitted to be released, except in the circumstances described in the Governing Documents of MAAC and the Trust Agreement. As of the date of this Agreement, MAAC is not in material default, or delinquent in performance in any material respect in connection with the Trust Agreement, and, to MAAC's knowledge, as of the date hereof, no event has occurred which (with due notice or lapse of time or both) would constitute a material default under the Trust Agreement. As of the date of this Agreement, there are no Proceedings pending with respect to the Trust Account. Since October 6, 2020, MAAC has not released any money from the Trust Account (other than interest income earned on the funds held in the Trust Account as permitted by the Trust Agreement). Upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the distribution of assets from the Trust Account (A) in respect of deferred underwriting commissions or Taxes or (B) to the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders who have elected to redeem their MAAC Class A Shares pursuant to the Governing Documents of MAAC, each in accordance with the terms of and as set forth in the Trust Agreement), MAAC shall have no further obligation under either the Trust Agreement or the Governing Documents of MAAC to liquidate or distribute any assets held in the Trust Account, and the Trust Agreement shall terminate in accordance with its terms.

Section 4.9 No MAAC Material Adverse Effect. During the period beginning on July 6, 2020 and ending on the date of this Agreement, no MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred.

Section 4.10 Material Contracts

(a) Section 4.10(a) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules sets forth a list of all material Contracts (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, confidentiality, non-disclosure or other similar agreements) to which MAAC is a party or by which any of its assets is bound as of the date hereof.

(b) Except as would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect, each Contract of a type required to be listed on <u>Section 4.10(a)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules (together with (x) each Contract entered into after the date of this Agreement that would be required to be set forth on <u>Section 4.10(a)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules if thereted into prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement and (y) each "material contract" (as such term is defined in Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K of the SEC), each, a "<u>MAAC Material Contract</u>"). (i) is valid and binding on MAAC and, to MAAC's knowledge, the counterparties thereto, and is in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with its terms against MAAC and, to MAAC's knowledge, the counterparties thereto (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity), (ii) MAAC and, to MAAC's knowledge, the counterparties thereto any MAAC Material Contract and (iii) no event has occurred that (with or without due notice or lapse of time or

both) would result in a material breach of, or default under, any MAAC Material Contract by MAAC or, to MAAC's knowledge, the counterparties thereto. MAAC has made available to the Company true and complete copies of all MAAC Material Contracts in effect as of the date hereof (it being understood and agreed, for the avoidance of doubt, that each MAAC Material Contract set forth in any MAAC SEC Report that is publicly available to so the company pursuant to this sentence).

Section 4.11 <u>Transactions with Affiliates</u>. Section 4.11 of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules sets forth all Contracts between (a) MAAC, on the one hand, and (b) any officer, director, employee, partner, member, manager, direct or indirect equivpholder (including the MAAC Sponsor) or Affiliate of MAAC or the MAAC Sponsor or any family member of the same household of the foregoing Persons, on the other hand (each Person identified in this <u>clause (b)</u>, a "<u>MAAC Related Party</u>"), other than (i) Contracts with respect to or otherwise related to a MAAC Related Party's employment with, or the provision of services to, MAAC (including benefit plans, indemnification arrangements and other ordinary course compensation), (ii) Contracts entered into after the date of this Agreement that are either permitted pursuant to <u>Section 5.10</u> or entered into in accordance with <u>Section 5.10</u>. (iii) Contracts with respect to a MAAC aduityholder's status as an equityholder of MAAC and (iv) customary director and officer indemnification agreements that have been made available to the Company. No MAAC Related Party (A) owns any interest in any material asset or property used in the business of MAAC or (B) possesses, directly or indirectly, any material financial interest in, or is a director or executive officer of, any Person which is a material client, supplier, vendor, partner, customer or lessor, or other material business relation, of MAAC. All Contracts, arrangements, understandings, interests and other matters that are required to be disclosed pursuant to this <u>Section 4.11</u> or the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to the section <u>4.11</u> (including, for the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to the second sentence of this <u>Section 4.11</u> pare referred to herein as "<u>MAAC Related Party Transactions</u>."

Section 4.12 Litigation. As of the date of this Agreement, there is (and since its organization, incorporation or formation, as applicable, there has been) no Proceeding pending or, to MAAC's knowledge, threatened against MAAC that, if adversely decided or resolved, would be material to MAAC. As of the date of this Agreement, neither MAAC nor any of its respective properties or assets is subject to any Order. As of the date of this Agreement, there are (and since July 6, 2020 through the date of this Agreement, there have been no) no material Proceedings by MAAC pending against any other Person.

Section 4.13 <u>Compliance with Applicable Law</u>. (a) MAAC is (and since its organization, incorporation or formation, as applicable, has been) in compliance with all applicable Laws and (b) as of the date hereof, has not received any written communications or, to MAAC's knowledge, any other communications from or on behalf of a Governmental Entity that alleges that MAAC is not in compliance with any applicable Law or Order, except in each case of <u>clauses</u> (a) and (b), as has not had, and would not reasonably be expected to have, a MAAC Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.14 <u>MAAC's Business Activities</u>. Since its incorporation, MAAC has not conducted any business activities other than activities (i) in connection with or incident or related to its incorporation or continuing corporate (or similar) existence, (ii) directed toward the accomplishment of a business combination, including those incident or related to or incurred in connection with the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents, the performance of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or (iii) those that are administrative, ministerial or otherwise immaterial in nature. Except for this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents or as set forth in MAAC's Governing Documents, there is no Contract binding upon MAAC or to which MAAC is party which has or would reasonably be expected to have the effect of prohibiting or materially impairing any business practice of it or its Affiliates, any acquisition of property by it or its Affiliates or the conduct of business by it or its Affiliates (including, in each case, following the Closing).

Section 4.15 Internal Controls; Listing; Financial Statements.

(a) Except as is not required in reliance on exemptions from various reporting requirements by virtue of MAAC's status as an "emerging growth company" within the meaning of the Securities Act, as modified by the JOBS Act, or "smaller reporting company" within the meaning of the Exchange Act, since its initial public offering, (i) MAAC has established and maintained a system of internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 and Rule 15d-15 under the Exchange Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of MAAC's financial reporting and the preparation of MAAC's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP and (ii) MAAC has established and maintained disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 and Rule 15d-15 under the Exchange Act) sufficient to principal charactive the Exchange Act) designed to ensure that material information relating to MAAC is made known to MAAC's principal executive officer and principal financial officer by others within MAAC.

(b) MAAC has not taken any action prohibited by Section 402 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. There are no outstanding loans or other extensions of credit made by MAAC to any executive officer (as defined in Rule 3b-7 under the Exchange Act) or director of MAAC.

(c) Since its initial public offering, MAAC has complied in all material respects with all applicable listing and corporate governance rules and regulations of Nasdaq. The classes of securities representing issued and outstanding MAAC Class A Shares are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and are listed for trading on Nasdaq. As of the date of this Agreement, there is no Proceeding pending or, to MAAC's knowledge, threatened against MAAC by Nasdaq or the SEC with respect to any intention by such entity to deregister MAAC Class A Shares or prohibit or terminate the listing of MAAC Class A Shares on Nasdaq. As of the date hereof, MAAC has not taken any action that is designed to terminate the registration of MAAC Class A Shares under the Exchange Act.

(d) The MAAC SEC Reports contain true and complete copies of the applicable MAAC Financial Statements. The MAAC Financial Statements (i) fairly present in all material respects the financial position of MAAC as at the respective dates thereof, and the results of its operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the respective periods then ended (subject, in the case of any unaudited interim financial statements, to normal year-end audit adjustments (nome of which is expected to be material) and the absence of notes thereto), (ii) were prepared in conformity with GAAP applied on a consistent basis during the periods indicated (except, in the case of any audited financial statements, as may be indicated in the notes thereto and subject, in the case of any unaudited financial statements, to normal year-end audit adjustments (nome of which is expected to be material) and the absence of notes thereto), (iii) in the case of the audited MAAC Financial Statements, were audited in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB and (iv) comply in all material respects with the applicable accounting requirements and with the rules and regulations of the SEC, the Exchange Act and the Securities Act in effect as of the respective dates therefo (including Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K, as applicable).

(e) MAAC has established and maintains systems of internal accounting controls that are designed to provide, in all material respects, reasonable assurance that (i) all transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and (ii) all transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of proper and accurate financial statements in accordance with GAAP and to maintain accountability for MAAC's and its Subsidiaries' assets. MAAC maintains and, for all periods covered by the MAAC Financial Statements, has maintained books and records of MAAC in the ordinary course of business that are accurate and complete and reflect the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of MAAC in all material respects.

(f) Since its incorporation, MAAC has not received any written complaint, allegation, assertion or claim that there is (i) a "significant deficiency" in the internal controls over financial reporting of MAAC, (ii) a "material weakness" in the internal controls over financial reporting of MAAC or (iii) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of MAAC who have a significant role in the internal controls over financial reporting of MAAC.

Section 4.16 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except for the Liabilities (a) set forth in Section 4.16 of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules, (b) incurred in connection with the negotiation, preparation or execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, the performance of its covenants or agreements in this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the MAAC Expenses and any Liabilities arising out of, or related to, any Proceeding related to this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any shareholder demand or other shareholder Proceedings (including derivative claims) arising out of, or related to, any of the foregoing) (it being understood and agreed that the expected third parties that are, as of the date hereof, entitled to fees, expenses or other payments in connection with the matters described in this <u>clause</u>(b) shall be set forth on <u>Section 4.16</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules), (c) set forth or disclosed in the MAAC Financial Statements included in the MAAC SEC Reports, (d) that have arisen since the date of the most recent balance sheet included in the MAAC SEC Reports and either are incurred in the ordinary course of business or immaterial and incurred in connection with activities that are administrative or ministerial in nature, (e) that are either permitted pursuant to <u>Section 5.10</u> or f(b) that would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect, MAAAC does not have any Liabilities.

Section 4.17 Employees. Except as set forth on Section 4.17 of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules, and other than any executive officers or directors as described in the MAAC SEC Reports, as of the date of this Agreement, (a) MAAC has never employed any employees or retained any independent contractors, consultants or other individual service providers and (b) MAAC has never maintained, sponsored, contributed to or had any direct or indirect Liability under, and does not currently maintain, sponsor, contribute to or have any direct or indirect Liability under, and 'employee benefit plan' (as such term is defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA), equity or equity-based, deferred compensation, severance, retention, bonus, incentive, retirement, retiree or post-employment welfare, vacation, and other benefit or compensatory plan, program, policy or Contract. MAAC has no obligations to indemnify, reimburse, make-whole or "gross-up" any person for any Tax or related interest or penalties incurred by such person imposed under Section 4999 or 409A of the Code. To MAAC's knowledge, as of the date of this Agreement, there are no unresolved allegations of sexual harassment, or other discrimination or retailation against any executive officer or director of MAAC (in his or her capacity as such) that, if known to the public, would bring MAAC into material disrepute.

Section 4.18 Tax Matters

(a) MAAC has prepared and filed all material Tax Returns required to have been filed by or with respect to it, all such Tax Returns are true and complete in all material respects, and MAAC has paid all material Taxes required to have been paid by or with respect to it regardless of whether shown on any Tax Return.

(b) MAAC has timely withheld and paid to the appropriate Tax Authority all material amounts required to have been withheld and paid in connection with amounts paid or owing to any employee, independent contractor, other service provider, equity interest holder, creditor or other third-party.

(c) MAAC is not currently the subject of a Tax audit or examination and has not been informed in writing of the commencement or anticipated commencement of any Tax audit or examination that has not been resolved or completed, in each case, with respect to material Taxes.

(d) MAAC has not consented to extend or waive the time in which any material Tax may be assessed or collected by any Tax Authority, other than any such extensions or waivers that are no longer in effect or that were extensions of time to file Tax Returns obtained in the ordinary course of business.

(e) No "closing agreement" as described in Section 7121 of the Code (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. income Tax Law), private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda or similar agreements or rulings have been entered into or issued by any Tax Authority to MAAC, which agreement or ruling would be effective after the Closing Date.

(f) MAAC is not nor has it ever been a party to any "listed transaction" as defined in Section 6707A of the Code and Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4 (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. Tax Law).

(g) There are no Liens for material Taxes on any assets of MAAC other than Liens described in <u>clause (b)</u> of the definition of Permitted Liens.

(h) Beginning on the date of its incorporation and though the date of this Agreement, MAAC was not a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a transaction purported or intended to be governed by Section 355 of the Code (or so much of Section 356 of the Code as relates to Section 355 of the Code).

(i) MAAC (i) has not been a member of an affiliated group filing a consolidated U.S. federal income Tax Return (other than a group the common parent of which was MAAC) and (ii) does not have any material Liability for the Taxes of any Person (other than MAAC) under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. Tax Law), as a transferee or successor or by Contract (other than any customary indemification provisions contained in any commercial Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business and the principal purpose of which does not relate to Taxes).

(j) No written claims have ever been made by any Tax Authority in a jurisdiction where MAAC does not file Tax Returns that MAAC is or may be subject to taxation by, or required to file a Tax Return with, that jurisdiction, which claims have not been resolved or withdrawn.

(k) MAAC is not a party to any Tax allocation, Tax sharing or Tax indemnity or similar agreements (other than any customary commercial Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business and the principal purpose of which does not relate to Taxes).

(1) MAAC is not aware of any fact or circumstance and has not taken or agreed to take any action not contemplated by this Agreement and/or any Ancillary Documents that could reasonably be expected to prevent, impair or impede the Merger from qualifying for the Intended Tax Treatment.

(m) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, <u>Section 4.15(d)</u> (Internal Controls; Listing; Financial Statements), <u>Section 4.16</u> (No Undisclosed Liabilities), Section 4.17 (Employees) and <u>Section 4.18</u> (Tax Matters) contains the sole representations and warranties of MAAC concerning Taxes. Notwithstanding any representation or warranty in this <u>Agreement</u> (including the representations and warranties set forth in this <u>Section 4.18</u> (Tax Matters)), no representation or warranty is being made as to the use or availability of any Tax attribute or credit of MAAC in any taxable period (or portion thereof) beginning on the day immediately after the Closing Date.

Section 4.19 Certain Business Practices. Except as would not have a MAAC Material Adverse Effect:

(a) None of MAAC, any of its respective officers, directors or employees or, to MAAC's knowledge, any of its other Representatives, or any other Persons acting for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, since July 6, 2020, (i) has been a Sanctioned Person, (ii) has transacted any business with or for the direct or knowing indirect benefit of any Sanctioned Person in violation of applicable Sanctions or (iii) has otherwise violated any applicable Sanctions, Ex-Im Laws, or anti-boycott Laws.

(b) None of MAAC, any of its respective officers, directors or employees or, to MAAC's knowledge, any of its other Representatives, or any other Persons acting for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, since July 6, 2020, (i) made, offered, promised, paid or received any unlawful bribes, kickbacks or other similar payments to or from any Person, (ii) made or paid any contributions, directly or indirectly, to a domestic or foreign political party or candidate for any improper purpose or (iii) otherwise made, offered, received, authorized, promised or paid any improper payment in violation of any Anti-Corruption Laws.

(c) To MAAC's knowledge, MAAC has not, since July 6, 2020, been the subject of any allegation, voluntary disclosure, investigation, prosecution or enforcement action related to any Anti-Corruption Laws, Sanctions, or Ex-Im Laws.

Section 4.20 PIPE Financing. MAAC has delivered to the Company a true and complete copy of the fully executed PIPE Subscription Agreements as in effect as of the date hereof (the "Disclosed Subscription Agreements"), each of which is substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, pursuant to which the PIPE Investors have collectively committed, on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, to purchase an aggregate of 20,000,000 MAAC Shares for \$1.00 per share. Each of the PPE Subscription Agreements is, as of the date hereof, in full force and effect ning, with respect to each PIPE Investor, that each such PIPE Subscription Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by each applicable PIPE Investor), and as of the date hereof, none of the PIPE Subscription Agreements has been withdrawn, rescinded or terminated or otherwise amended or modified in any respect, and, to MAAC's knowledge, no such amendment or modification is contemplated as of the date hereof. Except as has not and would not reasonably be expected to cause any of the conditions to a PIPE Investor's obligation to purchase MAAC Shares under the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement to not be satisfied, as of the date hereof, MAAC is not in breach of any of the representations or warranties of MAAC or terms or conditions set forth in any of the PIPE Subscription Agreements. As of the date hereof, no event has occurred which, with or without notice, lapse of time or both, would reasonably be expected to constitute a material breach, default or failure to satisfy any condition precedent to a PIPE Investor's obligation to purchase MAAC Shares set forth therein (assuming the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company set forth in this Agreement and, with respect to each PIPE Investor, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of such PIPE Investor set forth in the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement). As of the date hereof, assuming the accuracy of the representations and warranties contained in Article 3 in all material respects and, with respect to each PIPE Investor, the representations and warranties of such PIPE Investor in the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement in all material respects, the performance by the Company of its covenants, agreements and obligations to be performed at or prior to the Closing hereunder in all material respects and, with respect to each PIPE Investor, the performance by such PIPE Investor of its covenants, agreements and obligations under the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement in all material respects, MAAC (i) has no knowledge that any event has occurred that (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) would constitute a material breach or default under any of the PIPE Subscription Agreements, (ii) has no knowledge of any fact, event or other occurrence that makes any of the representations or warranties of MAAC in any of the PIPE Subscription Agreements inaccurate in any material respect and (iii) has no knowledge that any of the conditions to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreements will not be satisfied when required thereunder or that the transaction proceeds contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreements will not be made available when required thereunder. As of the date of this Agreement, no PIPE Investor has notified MAAC in writing of its intention to terminate all or any portion of the Subscription Amount (as defined in the PIPE Subscription Agreements) or not provide the financing contemplated thereunder. Other than as set forth in the PIPE Subscription Agreements delivered to the Company in connection with the execution of this Agreement, (A) there are no conditions precedent or contingencies to the obligations of the parties under the PIPE Subscription Agreements to make the full amount of the PIPE Financing available to MAAC on the terms therein, and (B) to the knowledge of MAAC, there are no side letters or other agreements, understandings, contracts or arrangements (written, oral or otherwise) related to the PIPE Subscription Agreements or the PIPE Financing, other than those entered into with the placement agents of the PIPE Financing.

Section 4.21 Investigation; No Other Representations. In entering into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be a party, MAAC has relied solely on its own investigation and analysis and the representations and warranties expressly set forth in <u>Article 3</u> and in the Ancillary Documents to which it is or will be a party and no other representations or warranties of the Company, any Company Non-Party Affiliate or any other Person, either express or implied.

Section 4.22 EXCLUSIVITY OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES. NOTWITHSTANDING THE DELIVERY OR DISCLOSURE TO MAAC, THE MAAC SPONSOR OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE REPRESENTATIVES OF ANY DOCUMENTATION OR OTHER INFORMATION (INCLUDING ANY FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS OR OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL DATA), EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 3 OR THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS TO WHICH IT OR THE MAAC SPONSOR, AS APPLICABLE, IS OR WILL BE A PARTY, NONE OF THE COMPANY, MERGER SUB, ANY COMPANY NON-PARTY AFFILIATE, ANY COMPANY SHAREHOLDER OR ANY OTHER PERSON MAKES, AND MAAC EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS, ON BEHALF OF ITSELF, THE MAAC SPONSOR AND THEIR RESPECTIVE REPRESENTATIVES, ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND OR NATURE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY, INCLUDING AS TO THE MATERIALS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OR HOLDINGS OF THE GROUP COMPANIES THAT HAVE BEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO MAAC, THE MAAC SPONSOR OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE REPRESENTATIVES OR IN ANY PRESENTATION OF THE BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OF THE GROUP COMPANIES BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP COMPANIES OR OTHERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR BY THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS, AND NO STATEMENT CONTAINED IN ANY OF SUCH MATERIALS OR MADE IN ANY SUCH PRESENTATION SHALL BE DEEMED A REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY HEREUNDER OR OTHERWISE OR DEEMED TO BE RELIED UPON BY MAAC, THE MAAC SPONSOR, ANY MAAC NON-PARTY AFFILIATE OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE REPRESENTATIVES IN EXECUTING, DELIVERING OR PERFORMING THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT ANY COST ESTIMATES, PROJECTIONS OR OTHER PREDICTIONS, ANY DATA OR ANY MEMORANDA OR OFFERING MATERIALS OR PRESENTATIONS, INCLUDING ANY OFFERING MEMORANDUM OR SIMILAR MATERIALS MADE AVAILABLE BY OR ON BEHALF OF ANY OF THE GROUP COMPANIES OR MERGER SUB ARE NOT AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE OR TO INCLUDE REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF THE COMPANY, MERGER SUB OR ANY COMPANY NON-PARTY AFFILIATE, AND ARE NOT AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE RELIED UPON BY MAAC, THE MAAC SPONSOR, ANY MAAC NON-PARTY AFFILIATE OR ANY OF THEIR REPRESENTATIVES IN EXECUTING, DELIVERING OR PERFORMING THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY.

ARTICLE 5 COVENANTS

Section 5.1 Conduct of Business of the Group Companies

(a) Subject to <u>Section 5.1(c)</u>, from and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, the Company shall, and the Company shall cause the other Private Group Companies to, except as expressly contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, as required by applicable Law, as set forth on <u>Section 5.1(a</u>) of the Company Disclosure Schedules, or as consented to in writing by MAAC (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), use commercially reasonable efforts to (i) operate the Private Group Companies in the ordinary course of business in all material respects and (ii) maintain and preserve intact in all material respects the business organization, assets, properties and material business relations of the Private Group Companies, taken as a whole; <u>provided</u> that taking any action that is permitted by an exception to <u>Section 5.1(b</u>) (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any exceptions in <u>Section 5.1(b</u>) of the Company Disclosure Schedules) shall be deemed to not be a breach of this <u>Section 5.1(a</u>).

(b) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and subject to <u>Section 5.1(c)</u>, from and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its

terms, the Company shall and shall cause the other Private Group Companies to, except as expressly contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, as required by applicable Law, as set forth on <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules or as consented to in writing by MAAC (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), not do any of the following:

(i) declare, set aside, make or pay a dividend on, or make any other distribution or payment in respect of, any Equity Securities of the Company or repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any outstanding Equity Securities of the Company, other than repurchases, redemptions or other acquisitions of Equity Securities as required by or, in the case of any employees of the Group Companies following termination of his or her employment, permitted by the terms of the Contracts and Company Equity Plans that have been made available to MAAC and that are in effect on the date of this Agreement;

(ii) (A) merge, consolidate, combine or amalgamate the Company with any Person, or (B) purchase or otherwise acquire (whether by merging or consolidating with, purchasing any Equity Security in or a substantial portion of the assets of, or by any other manner) any corporation, partnership, association or other business entity or organization or division thereof, except, in the case of this <u>clause (B)</u> for any such transaction that would not be material to the business of all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(iii) adopt any amendments, supplements, restatements or modifications to the Company's Governing Documents or the Company Shareholders Agreements that are material and adverse to the holders of MAAC Shares or that would adversely affect the ability of the Company to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or any Company Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under the Transaction Support Agreements;

(iv) other than in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a Contract that is in effect as of the date hereof, (A) sell, assign, abandon, lease, exclusively license or otherwise dispose (other than through an issuance or sale of Equity Securities of a Private Group Company other than the Company) of any assets or properties of the Private Group Companies that are material to the business of all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole or (B) create, subject or incur any Lien (other than any Permitted Liens) on any assets or properties of the Private Group Companies that are material to the business of all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole;

(v) issue or grant any equity incentive awards of any Private Group Company, other than (1) the grant or issuance of any such equity incentive awards by any Private Group Company to any employees, officers, directors or other services providers in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past valuation practices pursuant to any equity incentive plan in effect as of the date hereof up to the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance thereunder as of the date hereof, (2) the issuance by any Private Group Company of any of its Equity Securities upon the exercise or settlement of, as applicable, any equity incentive awards outstanding as of the date of this Agreement (or otherwise permitted to be granted or issuance by any Private Group Company of any of its Equity Securities pursuant to after the reson similar agreement, (3) the grant or issuance by any Private Group Company of any of its Equity Securities pursuant to offer letters or similar Contracts with service providers entered into in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past valuation practices and (4) the grant or issuance by any Private Group Company of any of its Equity Securities pursuant to after there or similar governing body) of such Private Group Company, is consistent with past valuation practices and is made pursuant to any equity incentive plan in effect as of the date hereof;

(vi) issue or grant any Equity Securities (other than as permitted by Section 5.1(b)(v)) of any Private Group Company, other than (1) in the case of an issuance of Equity Securities of the Company, the issuance of Equity Securities consistent with past valuation practices that represent less than one percent (1.0%) of the issued and outstanding Equity Securities of the Company as of the date hereof, (2) in the case of an

issuance of Equity Securities of any Private Group Company other than the Company, if such issuance is to any Person (other than a Company Related Party) and would not be material to the business of, or material in amount to, all of the Group Companies, taken as a whole, (3) Equity Securities issued pursuant to offer letters or similar Contracts in effect as of the date hereof with service providers entered into in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to offer letters or similar Contracts entered into after the date hereof with service providers in the ordinary course of business that are not Designated Individuals or Affiliated Shareholders, (4) Equity Securities granted or issued to any Person as required under any Contract to which the Private Group Companies are party as of the date of this Agreement (on the terms of such Contract as they exist as of the date of this Agreement) and (5) Equity Securities issued to a Group Company;

(vii) incur, create or assume any indebtedness for borrowed money to a third party in excess of \$200 million in the aggregate;

(viii) (A) enter into, or amend or modify in any manner that would be adverse to the MAAC Shareholders in any material respect following the Closing (including, for the avoidance of doubt, by reason of any additional payments or consideration that occur prior to the Closing) or that would adversely affect the ability of the Company to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, any Contract required to be or that, if existing on the date hereof, would be required to be, disclosed on <u>Section 3.20</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules or (B) consummate any other transaction or make any other payments that, if reflected in a Contract and existing on the date hereof, would be required to be disclosed on disclosed on Section 3.20 of the Company Disclosure Schedules;

(ix) except (A) as set forth on Section 5.1(b)(ix) of the Company Disclosure Schedules or (B) as approved by the board of directors (or similar governing body) of the applicable Private Group Company in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10 million, enter into or provide for, or amend or modify in a manner that would result in material additional payments or other amounts under (either individually or in the aggregate), any retention, transaction bonus or other similar payments or amounts (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, the grant or issuance of any Equity Securities of any Private Company permitted by Section 5.1(b)(x) or Section 5.1(b)(y) to any Person that would (either alone or combined with one or more additional circumstances, matters or events) become payable as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;

(x) other than in the ordinary course of business, make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or guarantees for the benefit of, any Person in an amount in excess of \$25 million in the aggregate, other than (A) between the Company and any of its Subsidiaries or between any Subsidiaries of the Company and (B) the reimbursement of expenses of employees and other service providers in the ordinary course of business;

(xi) enter into any settlement agreement or similar Contract the performance of which would involve the payment by a Private Group Company in excess of \$2 million individually or \$10 million in the aggregate, or that imposes, or by its terms will impose at any point in the future, any material, non-monetary obligations on any Private Group Company;

(xii) authorize, recommend, propose or announce an intention to adopt, or otherwise effect, a plan of (A) complete or partial liquidation, dissolution or restructuring involving any Private Group Company (other than a Private Group Company with no material operations) or (B) recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction involving any Private Group Company (other than the Company Pre-Closing Steps);

(xiii) change any Private Group Company's methods of accounting in any material respect, other than changes required by a change in GAAP or Law or that are made in accordance with PCAOB standards;

(xiv) enter into Contract with any broker, finder, investment banker or other Person under which such Person is or will be entitled to any brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents; or

(xv) enter into any Contract to take, or cause to be taken, any of the actions prohibited by this Section 5.1

(c) Notwithstanding anything in this <u>Section 5.1</u> or this Agreement to the contrary, (i) nothing set forth in this Agreement shall give MAAC, directly or indirectly, the right to control or direct the operations of the Group Companies prior to the Closing, (ii) any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Group Company to the extent act or omission is reasonably determined by the Company, based on the advice of outside legal counsel, to be necessary to comply with any Law, Order, directive, pronouncement or guideline issued by a Governmental Entity providing for business closures, "sheltering-in-place" or other restrictions that relates to, or arises out of, COVID-19 shall in no event be deemed to constitute a breach of this <u>Section 5.1</u> (iii) any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Group Company to the extent determined by a Group Company to be reasonable and advisable in response to COVID-19 shall not be deemed to constitute a breach of this <u>Section 5.1</u> (iii) and (iii), the Company shall use reasonable best efforts to give MAAC prior written notice of any such act or omission, to the extent permitted by applicable Law and reasonably practicable, which notice shall describe in reasonable detail the act or omission and the reason(s) that such act or omission is being taken, or omitted to be taken, pursuant to <u>clause (ii)</u> or (iii) and, in the event that it is permitted by applicable Law but not reasonably practicable for the Company to give the prior written notice described in this <u>clause (x)</u>, the Company to provide the prior written notice to MAAC as promptly as practicable after such act or omission (<u>provided</u>, <u>further</u>, <u>however</u>, that any failure by the Company to provide the prior written notice contemplated by this clause (x) that is not in made in bad faith shall not, in and of itself, constitute a breach or default of this <u>clause (x)</u> or a failure to satisfy the condition precedent set forth in <u>Section 5.1(b)(xii)</u>. <u>Section 5.1(b)(xii)</u>, <u>Section 5.1(b)(xii)</u>, <u>Section 5.1(b)(x</u>

(d) From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, the Company shall not, and shall cause the other Private Group Companies that may hold Equity Securities of Datavant not to, take any action in furtherance of, approve or consent to any dividend, distribution or other payment by Datavant to any Company Related Party (including, if applicable, by voting its Equity Securities of Datavant against any proposal to make any such dividend, distribution or other payment), except for a dividend, distribution or other payment to the direct holders of Equity Securities of Datavant that is made in accordance with the Datavant Governing Documents and applicable Contracts governing such Equity Securities (in each case, as in effect as of the date hereof) without the prior written consent of MAAC.

Section 5.2 Efforts to Consummate; Transaction Litigation.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions herein provided, each of the Parties shall use reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things reasonably necessary or advisable to consummate and make effective as promptly as reasonably practicable the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including (i) the satisfaction, but not waiver, of the closing conditions set forth in <u>Article 6</u> and, in the case of any Ancillary Document to which such Party will be a party after the date of this Agreement, to execute and deliver such Ancillary Document when required pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise, and (ii) using reasonable best efforts to obtain the PIPE Financing on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the PIPE Subscription Agreements). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of the Parties shall use reasonable best efforts to obtain, file with or deliver to, as applicable, any Consents of any Governmental Entities or other Persons necessary, proper or advisable to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents. Nothing in this <u>Section 5.2</u> obligates any Party

agree to (A) sell, license or otherwise dispose of, or hold separate and agree to sell, license or otherwise dispose of, any entities, assets or facilities of any Group Company or any entity, facility or asset of such Party or any of its Affiliates, (B) terminate, amend or assign existing relationships and contractual rights or obligations, (C) amend, assign or terminate existing licenses or other agreements, or (D) enter into new licenses or other agreements. No Party shall agree to any of the foregoing measures, except with MAAC's and the Company's prior written consent.

(b) MAAC shall promptly inform the Company of any communication received by MAAC from any Governmental Entity and the Company shall promptly inform MAAC of any communication received by the Company from any Governmental Entity, in either case, regarding any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document. From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC, on the one hand, and the Company and Merger Sub, on the other hand, shall give counsel for the Company (in the case of MAAC) or MAAC (in the case of the Company), a reasonable opportunity to review in advance, and consider in good faith the views of the other in connection with, any proposed written communication to any Governmental Entity relating to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents. Each of the Parties agrees not to participate in any substantive meeting or discussion, either in person or by telephone with any Governmental Entity in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, unless it consults with, in the case of MAAC, the Company, or, in the case of the Company or Merger Sub, MAAC in advance and, to the extent not prohibited by such Governmental Entity, gives, in the case of MAAC, the Company, or, in the case of the Company or Merger Sub, MAAC, the opportunity to attend and participate in such meeting or discussion.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, in the event that this <u>Section 5.2</u> conflicts with any other covenant or agreement in this <u>Article 5</u> that is intended to specifically address any subject matter, then such other covenant or agreement shall govern and control solely to the extent of such conflict.

(d) From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, shall each notify the other in writing promptly after learning of any shareholder demands or other shareholder Proceedings (including derivative claims) relating to this Agreement, any Ancillary Document or any matters relating thereto (collectively, the "<u>Transaction Litigation</u>") commenced against, in the case of MAAC, MAAC or any of its Representatives (in their capacity as a Representative of MAAC) or, in the case of the Company, any Group Company or any of their respective Representatives (in their capacity as a Representative of a Group Company). MAAC and the Company shall each (i) keep the other reasonably informed regarding any Transaction Litigation, (ii) give the other the opportunity to, at its own cost and expense, participate in the defense, settlement and compromise of any such Transaction Litigation, (iii) consider in good faith the other's advice with respect to any such Transaction Litigation, (iii) consider in good faith the other's advice with respect to any such Transaction Litigation without the prior written consent of the Company (not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), or (y) any Group Company or any of their respective Representatives Representatives settle or compromise any Transaction Litigation without the prior written consent of MAAC (not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed).

Section 5.3 Confidentiality and Access to Information

(a) The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that the information being provided in connection with this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby is subject to the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event that this <u>Section 5.3(a)</u> or the Confidentiality Agreement or any

Ancillary Document that contemplates the disclosure, use or provision of information or otherwise, then such other covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement or such Ancillary Document, as applicable, shall govern and control to the extent of such conflict.

(b) From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing Date or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, upon reasonable advance written notice, the Company shall use reasonable best efforts to provide, or cause to be provided, to MAAC and its Representatives during normal business hours reasonable access to the directors, officers, books and records and properties of the Private Group Companies (in a manner so as to not interfere with the normal business operations of the Private Group Companies). Notwithstanding the foregoing, none of the Private Group Companies shall be required to provide, or cause to be provided to, MAAC or any of its Representatives any information (i) if and to the extent doing so would (A) violate any Law to which any Private Group Company is subject, (B) result in the disclosure of any trade secrets of third parties in breach of any Contract with such third party, (C) violate any legally-binding obligation of any Private Group Company with respect to confidentiality, non-disclosure or privacy, (D) jeopardize protections afforded to any Private Group Company under the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work product doctrine or (E) in the case of any in-person access, be contrary to, or would not be reasonably practicable in light of, any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Group Company to the extent determined to be reasonable and advisable in response to COVID-19 (<u>provided</u> that, in case of each of <u>clauses(A)</u>, through (D), the Company Non-Party Affiliate or, othe one hand, and AMAC, any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate or any of their respective Representatives, on the other hand, are adverse parties (or would, in light of then existing facts and circumstances, reasonable be expected to be portinelly adverse parties) in a litigation or dispute and such information is or would reasonably be expected to be pertinent thereto; <u>provided</u> that the Company shall, in the case of <u>clauses(i)</u> or (ii), provide prompt written notice of th

(c) From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing Date or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, upon reasonable advance written notice, MAAC shall use reasonable best efforts to provide, or cause to be provided, to the Company and its Representatives during normal business hours reasonable access to the directors, officers, books and records of MAAC (in a manner so as to not interfere with the normal business operations of MAAC). Notwithstanding the foregoing, MAAC shall not be required to provide, or cause to be provided to, the Company or any of its Representatives any information (i) if and to the extent doing so would (A) violate any Law to which MAAC is subject, (B) result in the disclosure of any trade secrets of third parties in breach of any Contract with such third party, (C) violate any legally-binding obligation of MAAC with respect to confidentiality, non-disclosure or privacy, (D) jeopardize protections afforded to MAAC under the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work product doctrine or (E) in the case of any in-person access, be contrary to, or would not be reasonably practicable in light of, any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by MAAC to the extent determined to be reasonable best efforts to (x) provide such access as can be provided (or otherwise convey such information regarding the applicable matter as can be conveyed) without violating such privilege, doctrine, Contract, obligation or Law and (y) provide such information in a manner without violating such privilege, doctrine, Contract, obligation or Law and (y) provide such information in a manner without violating such privilege, doctrine, Contract, obligation or Law), or (ii) if MAAC or any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate, on the one hand, and any Group Company, any Company Non-Party Affiliate or any of their respective Representatives, on the other hand, are adverse parties (or would, in light of then existing facts and circumstances, reasonably be expected to be potentially ad

the withholding of access or information on any such basis, unless such written notice is prohibited by applicable Law.

(d) The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that the Confidentiality Agreement shall be automatically terminated effective as of the Closing without any further action by any Party or any other Person.

Section 5.4 Public Announcements.

(a) Subject to <u>Section 5.4(b)</u>. <u>Section 5.7</u> and <u>Section 5.8</u>, prior to the Closing, none of the Parties shall, and the Parties shall cause their respective controlled Affiliates and its and their respective officers and directors not to and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause their respective other Representatives not to, issue any press releases or make any public announcements with respect to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby without the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that each Party, the MAAC Sponsor and each of their respective Representatives may issue or make, as applicable, any such press release, public announcement or other communication is required by applicable Law, (av) if the disclosing Party or its applicable and, unless and to the extent prohibited by such applicable Law, (x) if the disclosing Person is MAAC or a Representative of MAAC, reasonably consult with the Company in connection therewith and provide the Company, with an opportunity to review and comment on such press release, public announcement or communication and shall consider any such comments in good faith, or (y) if the disclosing Party is the Company, Merger Sub or a Representative of any of the foregoing, reasonably consult with MAAC in connection therewith and provide MAAC with an opportunity to review and comment on such press release, public announcement or other communication and shall consider any such comments in good faith, (ii) to the extent such press release, public announcement or other communication previously made in accordance with this <u>Section 5.4</u> and (iii) to Governmental Entities in connection with any Consents required to be made under this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents or in connection with transactions contemplated hereby to any direct or indirect former, current or prospective investor or in connection with normal fund raising or related marketing or informational or reporting activities; <u>provided</u> that the recipients of such infor

(b) The initial press release concerning this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be a joint press release in the form agreed by the Company and MAAC prior to the execution of this Agreement and such initial press release (the "Signing Press Release") shall be released as promptly as reasonably practicable after the execution of this Agreement on the day thereof. Promptly after the execution of this Agreement, MAAC shall file a current report on Form 8-K (the "Signing Filing") with the Signing Press Release and a description of this Agreement as required by, and in compliance with, the Securities Laws, which Signing Filing shall be mutually agreed upon by the MAAC and the Company prior to such filing (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either MAAC or the Company, as applicable). The Company, on the one hand, and MAAC, on the other hand, shall mutually agree upon (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either MAAC or the Company, as applicable). The Company, on the one hand, and MAAC, as applicable) a press release announcing the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (the "<u>Closing</u> <u>Press Release</u>") prior to the Closing, and on the Closing Date (or such other date as may be mutually agreed to in writing by MAAC and the Company prior to the Closing, the Company shall file a current report on Form 8-K (the "<u>Closing Filing</u>") with the Closing Press Release to the released. Promptly after the Closing press Release and a description of the Closing as required by Securities Laws, which Closing Filing shall be mutually agreed upon by the Company and MAAC prior to the Closing of the Closing as required by Securities Laws, which Closing Filing shall be mutually agreed upon by the Company and MAAC prior to the Closing (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either the Company or MAAC, as applicable). In connection with the preparation of each of the Signing Press Rel

the Signing Filing, the Closing Press Release and the Closing Filing, each Party shall, upon written request by any other Party, furnish such other Party with all information concerning itself, its directors, officers and equityholders, and such other matters, in each case, as may be reasonably necessary for such press release or filing.

Section 5.5 Tax Matters.

(a) <u>Tax Treatment</u>

(i) The Parties intend that the Merger will qualify as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and, for the period beginning on the date hereof until and including the Closing Date, each Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts not to take any action that would reasonably be expected to cause the Merger to fail to so qualify; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Parties shall not be required to restructure, or otherwise alter the terms of, the transaction as provided for in this Agreement. The Parties have no plan or intention as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date to take any action that would reasonably be expected to cause the Mergers to fail to qualify as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. For two years following the Closing, (i) the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause MAAC not to liquidate (including a deemed liquidation for U.S. federal income tax purposes), and (ii) the Company's "qualified group" (within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.368-1(d)(4)(ii)) shall use commercially reasonable efforts to use at least fifty percent (50%) of the cash and cash equivalents in the Trust Account (but not taking into account any cash acquired in connection with the PIPE Financing) as of immediately prior to the Closing (and prior to the MAAC Shareholder Redemption) (such cash and cash equivalents, the "Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets") in the Company's business within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.368-1(d) (such business, the "Roivant Business"); provided that if, immediately following and as a result of the MAAC Shareholder Redemption, MAAC holds less than fifty percent (50%) but at least one-third of the Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets, then the Company's "qualified group" (within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.368-1(d)(4)(ii)) shall use commercially reasonable efforts to use one hundred percent (100%) of the cash and cash equivalents in the Trust Account (but not taking into account any cash acquired in connection with the PIPE Financing) in the Roivant Business; provided, further, that if, immediately following and as a result of the MAAC Shareholder Redemption, MAAC holds less than one-third of the Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets, then there shall be no limitation or requirement imposed on the Company with respect to the use of MAAC's assets under this clause (ii)); provided, further, that, for purposes of this sentence, use in the Company's business or use in the Roivant Business shall include, without limitation, retention of Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets for future use in the business operations of members of the Company's "qualified group", loans of Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets to other members of the Company's "qualified group" for current or future use of such Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets in the business operations of such members, and acquisitions of operating assets or controlling interests in operating entities in exchange for Relevant Pre-Redemption Assets, in each case, by any members of the Company's "qualified group" (including MAAC). Each Party shall file all Tax Returns consistent with, and take no position inconsistent with (whether in audits, Tax Returns or otherwise), such treatment unless (x) such Party requests that each of Kirkland & Ellis LLP and Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP provides written confirmation to the effect that the Merger is more likely than not to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and each such law firm fails to provide such confirmation prior to the later of (A) thirty (30) days following such request is made and (B) sixty (60) days prior to the date on which the relevant Tax Return is due (taking into account applicable extensions); provided that the Parties shall provide customary factual representations to such law firm; provided, further, that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Parties shall not be required to restructure, or otherwise alter the terms of, the transaction as provided for in this Agreement; or (y) otherwise required by a final "determination" within the meaning of Section 1313(a) of the Code.

(ii) MAAC and the Company hereby adopt this Agreement as a "plan of reorganization" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Sections 1.368-2(g) and 1.368-3(a).

(iii) If, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, the SEC requests or requires that at ax opinion be prepared and submitted, MAAC and the Company shall deliver to Kirkland & Ellis LLP and/or Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as relevant, customary Tax representation letters reasonably satisfactory to such counsel and reasonably acceptable to the Company, dated and executed as of the date the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement shall have been declared effective by the SEC and such other date(s) as determined reasonably necessary by such counsel in connection with the preparation and filing of the Registration Statement.

(b) <u>Tax Matters Cooperation</u>. Each of the Parties shall (and shall cause their respective Affiliates (other than in the case of the Company, the Public Group Companies) to) cooperate fully, as and to the extent reasonably requested by another Party, in connection with the filing of relevant Tax Returns, and any audit or Tax proceeding. Such cooperation shall include the retention and (upon the other Party's request) the provision (with the right to make copies) of records and information reasonably relevant to any Tax proceeding or audit, making employees available on a mutually convenient basis to provide additional information and explanation of any material provided hereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, but subject to <u>Section 5.5(a)(i)</u>, following the Closing, MAAC shall, and the Company shall cause MAAC to, (i) comply with the reporting requirements of Treasury Regulations Section 1.367(a)-3(c)(6) and the recordkeeping requirements of Treasury Regulations Section 1.367(a)-3(c)(6) and 1.368-3(a).

(c) <u>QEF Election</u>. If the Company provides to any Company Shareholders information that is reasonably required in order for such Company Shareholders to make an election as contemplated by Section 1295 of the Code (and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder) with respect to the Company for any year that the Company is considered a PFIC, including through provision of the Annual Information Statement described in Treasury Regulations Section 1.1295-1(g), the Company shall provide the same such information to the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders.

Section 5.6 Exclusive Dealing

(a) From the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, the Company shall not, and shall cause the Private Group Companies and its and their respective officers and directors not to and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its other Representatives not to, directly or indirectly; (i) solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage (including by means of furnishing or disclosing information), knowingly facilitate, discuss or negotiate, directly or indirectly, any inquiry, proposal or offer (written or oral) with respect to a Company Acquisition Proposal; (ii) furnish or disclose any non-public information to any Person in connection with, or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, a Company Acquisition Proposal; (iv) make any filings with the SEC in connection with a public offering of any Equity Securities or other securities of the Company (or any successor or parent company), other than in connection with the transactions contemplated by, and in accordance with, his Agreement and the Ancillary Documents; or (v) otherwise cooperate in any way with, or assist or participate in, or knowingly facilitate or knowingly encourage any effort or attempt by any Person to do or seek to do any of the foregoing. The Company agrees to (A) notify MAAC prompty upon receipt of any Company Acquisition Proposal in ceasonable detail (excluding the tidentity of the Persons making such Company Acquisition Proposal) and (B) keep MAAC reasonably informed on a current basis of any material modifications to such offer or information.

(b) From the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC shall not, and shall cause MAAC Sponsor and its and their respective officers and directors not to and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its other Representatives not

to, directly or indirectly: (i) solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage (including by means of furnishing or disclosing information), knowingly facilitate, discuss or negotiate, directly or indirectly, any inquiry, proposal or offer (written or oral) with respect to a MAAC Acquisition Proposal; (ii) furnish or disclose any non-public information to any Person in connection with, or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, a MAAC Acquisition Proposal; (iii) enter into any Contract or other arrangement or understanding regarding a MAAC Acquisition Proposal; or (iv) otherwise cooperate in any way with, or assist or participate in, or knowingly facilitate or knowingly encourage any effort or attempt by any Person to do or seek to do any of the foregoing. MAAC agrees to (A) notify the Company promptly upon receipt of any MAAC Acquisition Proposal by MAAC, and to describe the material terms and conditions of any such MAAC Acquisition Proposal) and (B) keep the Company reasonably informed on a current basis of any material modifications to such offer or information.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is understood and agreed that the covenants and agreements contained in this <u>Section 5.6</u> shall not prohibit the Company, MAAC or any of their respective Representatives from taking any actions in the ordinary course that are not otherwise in violation of this <u>Section 5.6</u> (such as answering phone calls) or informing any Person inquiring about a possible Company Acquisition Proposal or MAAC Acquisition Proposal, as applicable, of the existence of the covenants and agreements contained in this <u>Section 5.6</u>.

Section 5.7 Preparation of Registration Statement / Proxy Statement. As promptly as reasonably practicable following the date of this Agreement, MAAC and the Company shall prepare and mutually agree upon (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either of MAAC or the Company, as applicable), and the Company shall file with the SEC, the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement (it being understood that the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement shall include a proxy statement of MAAC which will be included therein and which will be used for the MAAC Shareholders Meeting to solicit the adoption and approval of the Transaction Proposals, provide its applicable shareholders with the opportunity to elect to effect the MAAC Shareholder Redemption, and other matters reasonably related to the Transaction Proposals, all in accordance with and as required by MAAC's Governing Documents, applicable Law, and any applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and Nasdaq). Each of MAAC and the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to (a) cause the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement to comply in all material respects with the applicable rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC (including, with respect to the Company, the provision of financial statements and pro forma financial statements, and any other information with respect to the Group Companies for all periods and in the form, required to be included in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement under Securities Laws (after giving effect to any waivers received), or in response to any comments or requests from the SEC); (b) promptly notify the others of, reasonably cooperate with each other with respect to and respond promptly to, any comments or requests of the SEC or its staff and, in the case of the Company, provide copies of any written correspondence with the SEC; (c) promptly prepare and mutually agree upon (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either of MAAC or the Company, as applicable) any amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement in order to address comments or requests from the SEC or its staff (which amendments or supplements shall be promptly filed by the Company); (d) have the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement declared effective under the Securities Act as promptly as reasonably practicable after it is filed with the SEC; and (e) keep the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement effective through the Closing in order to permit the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement MAAC, on the one hand, and the Company and Merger Sub, on the other hand, shall promptly furnish, or cause to be furnished, to the other all information concerning such Party and its Non-Party Affiliates and their respective Representatives and, in the case of the Company, the Company Equityholders, that may be required or reasonably requested in connection with any action contemplated by this <u>Section 5.7</u> or for inclusion in any other statement, filing, notice or application made by or on behalf of MAAC or the Company to the SEC or Nasdaq in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents, including delivering customary tax representation letters to counsel to enable counsel to deliver any tax opinions requested or required by the SEC to be submitted in connection therewith as described in Section 5.5(a)(iii). In the event there is any tax opinion, comfort letter or other opinion required to be provided in connection with the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, notwithstanding

anything herein to the contrary, neither this provision nor any other provision in this Agreement shall require counsel to the Company or MAAC or their respective tax advisors to provide any opinion regarding the qualification of the Merger as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code or otherwise qualifies for the Intended Tax Treatment, unless required by applicable Securities Laws or regulations, including SEC Staff Legal Bulletin No. 19. If any Party becomes aware of any information that is, in the opinion of such Party, required or desirable to be disclosed in an amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, then (i) such Party shall promptly inform, in the case of MAAC, the Company, or, in the case of the Company or Merger Sub, MAAC, thereof, (ii) the Company and MAAC shall prepare and mutually agree upon (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed in the case of either the Company or MAAC) are supplement to the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, (iii) the Company shall file such mutually agreed upon amendment or supplement with the SEC and (iv) if requested by MAAC, the Parties shall reasonably viologies MAAC of effectiveness of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, of its becoming aware of the issuance of any stop order relating thereto or the suspension of the Qualification of the Company Common Shares for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, and MAAC and the Company shall each use its reasonable best efforts to have any such stop order or suspension lifted, reversed or otherwise terminated. Each of the Parties shall use reasonable best efforts to ensure that none of the information related to him, her or it or any of his, her or its Non-Party Affiliates or its or their respective Representatives or, in the case of the Company, the Company Equityholders, supplied by or on his, her or its behalf for inclusion or incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement will, at the time the Re

Section 5.8 <u>MAAC Shareholder Approval</u>. As promptly as reasonably practicable following the time at which the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement is declared effective under the Securities Act, (A) MAAC shall duly give notice of, and use reasonable best efforts to duly convene and hold, a meeting of its shareholders (the "<u>MAAC Shareholders Meeting</u>") in accordance with the Governing Documents of MAAC (including by causing the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement to be mailed to the holders of MAAC Shares), for the purposes of obtaining the MAAC Shareholder Approval and, if applicable, any approvals related thereto and providing its applicable shareholders with the opportunity to elect to effect a MAAC Shareholder Redemption and (B) use reasonable best efforts to solicit proxies from the holders of MAAC Shares to vote in favor of each of the Transaction Proposals. Except as otherwise required by applicable Law, (i) MAAC shall, through unanimous approval of the MAAC Board, recommend (the "<u>MAAC Board Recommendation</u>") to its shareholders that such shareholders approve and adopt (A) this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger) (the "<u>Business Combination Proposal</u>"); (B) the issuance of MAAC Shares to the PIPE Investors as required by Nasdaq listing requirements (the "<u>MaaGaq Proposal</u>"); (C) each other proposal that either the SEC or Nasdaq (or the respective staff members thereof) indicates is necessary in its comments to the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement or in correspondence related thereto; (D) each other proposal reasonably agreed to by MAAC and the Company as necessary or appropriate in connection with the consumation of the transactions Contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Documents; and (E) a proposal for the posponement or adjournment of the MAAC Shareholders Meeting, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies because there are not sufficient votes to approve and adopt any of the foregoing (such proposals in (A) through (E), c

such supplemental or amended disclosure to be disseminated and reviewed by the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders prior to the MAAC Shareholders Meeting or (4) if the holders of MAAC Class A Shares have elected to redeem a number of MAAC Class A Shares as of such time that would reasonably be expected to result in the condition set forth in <u>Section 6.3(d)</u> not being satisfied; provided that, without the consent of the Company, in no event shall MAAC postpone or adjourn the MAAC Shareholders Meeting for more than fifteen (15) Business Days later than the most recently postponed or adjourned meeting or to a date that is beyond the date that is five (5) Business Days prior to the Termination Date. Except as otherwise required by applicable Law, MAAC covenants that none of the MAAC Board, MAAC or any committee of the MAAC Board shall (i) change, withdraw, withhold, qualify, amend or modify, or publicly propose to change, withdraw, withhold, qualify, amend or modify, in a manner adverse to the Company, the MAAC Board Recommendation or any other recommendation by the MAAC Board or MAAC of the proposals set forth in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, (ii) adopt, approve, recommend or declare advisable to the Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholders, or publicly propose to adopt, approve, recommend or declare advisable, any MAAC Acquisition Proposal or (iii) fail to include the MAAC Board Recommendation in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement.

Section 5.9 <u>Merger Sub Shareholder Approval</u>. As promptly as reasonably practicable (and in any event within one (1) Business Day) following the date of this Agreement (the <u>"Merger Sub Shareholder Approval Deadline</u>"), the Company, as the sole stockholder of Merger Sub, will approve and adopt this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which Merger Sub is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Merger) (the <u>"Merger Sub Shareholder Approval</u>").

Section 5.10 <u>Conduct of Business of MAAC</u>. From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC shall not, and shall cause its Subsidiaries not to, as applicable, except as expressly contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document (including, for the avoidance of doubt, in connection with the PIPE Financing or the transactions contemplated by the Sponsor Support Agreement), as required by applicable Law, as set forth on <u>Section 5.10</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules or as consented to in writing by the Company (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), do any of the following:

(a) adopt any amendments, supplements, restatements or modifications to the Trust Agreement, the MAAC Warrant Agreement or the Governing Documents of MAAC;

(b) create or form any Subsidiary;

(c) acquire (including, without limitation, by merger, consolidation, or acquisition of stock or assets or any other business combination) any corporation, partnership, other business organization or enter into any strategic joint ventures, partnerships or alliances with any other person, or make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or guarantees for the benefit of, or any investments in, any Person;

(d) declare, set aside, make or pay a dividend on, or make any other distribution or payment in respect of, its Equity Securities, or repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, or offer to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, any outstanding of its Equity Securities;

(e) split, combine or reclassify any of its capital stock or other Equity Securities or issue any other security in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of its capital stock;

(f) (i) incur, create or assume any indebtedness for borrowed money (other than working capital loans from the MAAC Sponsor in an amount not to exceed \$3 million (it being agreed that no loans from the MAAC Sponsor or any of its Affiliates shall be converted into warrants)) or (ii) guarantee any Liability of any Person;

(g) make any loans or advances to, or capital contributions in, any other Person, other than to, or in, MAAC or any of its Subsidiaries;

(h) issue any Equity Securities or grant any options, warrants or stock appreciation rights with respect to its Equity Securities;

(i) (i) amend, modify or renew any MAAC Related Party Transaction, other than (A) the entry into any Contract with a MAAC Related Party with respect to the incurrence of indebtedness for borrowed money permitted by <u>Section 5.10(f)</u> or (B) for the avoidance of doubt, any expiration or automatic extension or renewal of any Contract pursuant to its terms, (ii) enter into any Contract that would constitute a MAAC Related Party Transaction or (iii) make any material payment to any MAAC Related Party;

(j) engage in any activities or business, or incur any Liabilities, other than (i) any activities, businesses or Liabilities that are contemplated by, incurred in connection with or that are otherwise incidental or attendant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, the performance of any covenants or agreements hereunder or thereunder or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or (ii) the engagement in any activities or businesses, or the incurrence of any Liabilities, permitted by another subsection of this <u>Section 5.10</u> (as modified, for the avoidance of doubt, by <u>Section 5.10</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules);

(k) enter into, or amend or modify any material term of (in a manner adverse to MAAC), terminate (excluding any expiration in accordance with its terms), or waive or release any material rights, claims or benefits under, any Contract of a type required to be listed on <u>Section 4.10(a)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules (or any Contract, that if existing on the date hereof, would have been required to be listed on <u>Section 4.10(a)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules);

(l) enter into any collective bargaining agreement, except as required by Law;

(m) authorize, recommend, propose or announce an intention to adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, restructuring, recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction involving MAAC;

(n) make, change or revoke any material election concerning Taxes, enter into any material Tax closing agreement, settle any material Tax claim or assessment, or consent to any extension or waiver of the limitation period applicable to or relating to any material Tax claim or assessment, other than any such extension or waiver that is obtained in the ordinary course of business;

(o) change any methods of accounting in any material respect, other than changes required by a change in GAAP or Law or that are made in accordance with PCAOB standards;

(p) enter into or amend any Contract with any broker, finder, investment banker or other Person under which such Person is or will be entitled to any brokerage fee, finders' fee or other commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document;

(q) (i) establish, adopt, modify, amend or terminate any "employee benefit plan" (as such term is defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA, whether or not subject to ERISA), equity or equity-based, deferred compensation, severance, retention, bonus, incentive, retirement, retiree or postemployment welfare, vacation, and other benefit or compensatory plan, program, policy, arrangement or Contract, (ii) grant or increase (or accelerate the timing of payment or funding of) any compensation or benefits (including, without limitation, any severance or change in control or retention payments) to any employee or independent contractor or (iii) (A) hire any employee or (B) engage any individual independent contractor or consultant for fees (other than, in the case of this <u>clause</u> (B), for purposes related, incidental or attendant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, the performance or enforcement of, or compliance or doubt, purposes related, incidental or attendant to compliance with applicable Laws or applicable listing or corporate governance rules or regulations of Nasdaq or purposes related, incidental or attendant to its continuing (or similar) existence);

(r) make any Transaction Payment; or

(s) enter into any Contract to take, or cause to be taken, any of the actions set forth in this Section 5.10.

Notwithstanding anything in this <u>Section 5.10</u> or this Agreement to the contrary, (i) nothing set forth in this Agreement shall give the Company, directly or indirectly, the right to control or direct the operations of MAAC, and (ii) nothing set forth in this Agreement shall prohibit, or otherwise restrict the ability of, MAAC from using the funds held by MAAC outside the Trust Account to pay any MAAC Expenses or Liabilities of MAAC or from otherwise distributing or paying over any funds held by MAAC outside the Trust Account to the MAAC Sponsor or any of its Affiliates, in each case, prior to the Closing.

Section 5.11 Nasdaq Listing; MAAC Public Filings.

(a) The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts (a) to cause the Company Post-Closing Common Shares issuable in accordance with this Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Company Post-Closing Common Shares issuable in respect of MAAC Shares converted into Company Post-Closing Common Shares in the Merger) to be approved for listing on Nasdaq, subject to official notice of issuance thereof, and (b) to satisfy any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of Nasdaq, in each case, as promptly as reasonably practicable after the date of this Agreement, and in any event prior to the Effective Time. MAAC shall, and shall cause its Representatives to, reasonably cooperate with the Company and its Representatives in connection with the foregoing.

(b) From and after the date hereof until the earlier of the Closing or termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, except as set forth on <u>Section 5.11(b)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules, MAAC shall (except if, in the case of any reports to be filed or furnished in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document, the Company's breach of its applicable covenants, agreements and obligations hereunder would result in the MAAC's inability to make such filings) use reasonable best efforts to keep current and timely file all reports required to be filed or furnished with the SEC and otherwise comply in all material respects with its reporting obligations under applicable Securities Laws.

Section 5.12 <u>Trust Account</u>. Upon satisfaction or, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, waiver of the conditions set forth in <u>Article 6</u> and provision of notice thereof to the Trustee, (a) at the Closing, MAAC shall (i) cause the documents, certificates and notices required to be delivered to the Trustee pursuant to the Trust Agreement to be so delivered, and (ii) make all appropriate arrangements to cause the Trustee to (A) pay as and when due all amounts, if any, payable to the holders of MAAC Class A Shares pursuant to the MAAC Shareholder Redemption, (B) pay the amounts due to the underwriters of MAAC's initial public offering for their deferred underwriting commissions as set forth in the Trust Agreement and (C) immediately thereafter, pay all remaining amounts then available in the Trust Account to MAAC in accordance with the Trust Agreement, and (b) thereafter, the Trust Account shall terminate, except as otherwise provided therein. From and after the date hereof until the earlier of the Closing or termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, MAAC shall perform all material obligations required to be performed by it under the Trust Agreement.

Section 5.13 <u>Company Shareholder Approval</u>. Substantially concurrently with the execution hereof, the Company has obtained and delivered to MAAC a true and correct copy of an irrevocable written consent (in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit F</u>) approving and adopting this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents to which the Company is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Company Pre-Closing Steps and the Merger) that is duly executed by the Company Shareholders that hold at least the requisite number of issued and outstanding Company Common Shares required to approve and adopt such matters in accordance with the Companies Act, the Company's Governing Documents and the Company Shareholders Mareements (the "<u>Company Shareholder Written Consent</u>").



Section 5.14 MAAC Indemnification; Directors' and Officers' Insurance

(a) Each Party agrees that, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law as if the Company were MAAC, (i) all rights to indemnification or exculpation now existing in favor of the directors and officers of MAAC, as provided in the applicable MAAC Governing Documents or director and officer indemnification agreements, in substantially the form set forth in the MAAC SEC Reports, in either case, solely with respect to any matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time, shall survive the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall continue in full force and effect from and after the Effective Time for a period of six (6) years and (ii) the Company will perform and discharge, or cause to be performed and discharged, all obligations to provide such indemnity and exculpation during such six (6)-year period. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law, during such six (6)-year period, the Company shall advance, or caused to be advanced, expenses as provided in the applicable of otherwise modified following the Effective Time in any manner that would materially and adversely affect the rights thereunder of individuals who, as of immediately prior to the Effective Time in any manner that would materially and adversely affect the "<u>MAAC D&Persons</u>") entitled to be so indemnified, have their liability limited or be exculpated with respect to any matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time and relating to the faffective Time, or at any time prior to MAAC or other person entitled to be so indemnified thereunder at or prior to the Effective Time, unless such amendment, repeal or other modification is reconverted by applicable Law.

(b) The Company shall not have any obligation under this <u>Section 5.14</u> to any MAAC D&O Person when and if a court of competent jurisdiction shall ultimately determine (and such determination shall have become final and non-appealable) that the indemnification of such MAAC D&O Person in the manner contemplated hereby is prohibited by applicable Law.

(c) MAAC shall purchase, or cause to be purchased, at or prior to the Closing, and the Company shall maintain, or cause to be maintained, in effect for a period of six (6) years following the Effective Time, without any lapses in coverage, a "tail" policy providing directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the benefit of those Persons who are currently covered (whether directly, via endorsement or otherwise) by any comparable insurance policies of MAAC in effect as of the date of this Agreement with respect to matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time. Such "tail" policy shall provide coverage on terms (with respect to coverage and amount) that are substantially the same as (and no less favorable in the aggregate to the Persons covered thereby than) the coverage provided under MAAC's directors' and officers' liability insurance policies in effect as of the date of this Agreement; <u>provided</u> that MAAC shall not pay a premium for such "tail" policy in excess of three-hundred percent (300%) of the most recent annual premium paid by MAAC prior to the date of this Agreement and, in such event, MAAC shall purchase or cause to be purchased the maximum coverage available for three-hundred percent (300%) of the most recent annual premium paid by MAAC prior to the date of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, if the term of MAAC's directors' and officers' liability insurance policy one or more directors' and officers' insurance policy(ies) that provides for coverage through October 9, 2022 on terms (with respect to coverage and amount) that are substantially the same as the coverage provided under such MAAC's directors' and officers' liability policy that so expired, and all references in this <u>clause (c)</u> to the directors' and officers' liability insurance policies are policy es).

(d) If the Company or any of its successors or assigns (i) shall merge or consolidate with or merge into any other corporation or entity and shall not be the surviving or continuing corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger or (ii) shall transfer all or substantially all of their respective properties and assets as an entity in one or a series of related transactions to any Person, then in each such case, the Company shall use

reasonable best efforts to cause the successors or assigns of the Company shall assume all of the obligations set forth in this Section 5.14

(e) The Persons entitled to the indemnification, liability limitation, exculpation or insurance coverage set forth in this <u>Section 5.14</u> are intended to be third-party beneficiaries of this <u>Section 5.14</u>. This <u>Section 5.14</u> shall survive the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall be binding on all successors and assigns of the Company.

Section 5.15 Company Indemnification; Directors' and Officers' Insurance.

(a) Each Party agrees that (i) all rights to indemnification or exculpation now existing in favor of the directors and officers of the Group Companies, as provided in the Group Companies' Governing Documents or otherwise in effect as of immediately prior to the Effective Time, in either case, solely with respect to any matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time, shall survive the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall continue in full force and effect from and after the Effective Time for a period of six (6) years and (ii) the Company will cause the applicable Group Companies to perform and discharge all obligations to provide such indemnify and exculpation during such six (6)-year period. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law, during such six (6)-year period, the Group Companies or such indemnification agreements. The indemnification and liability limitation or exculpation provisions of the Group Companies or such indemnification agreements. The indemnification and liability limitation or exculpation provisions of the Group Companies or such indemnification agreements. The indemnification and liability limitation or exculpation provisions of the Group Companies or such indemnifices of the Group Schwersely affect the rights thereunder of individuals who, as of the Effective Time or at any time prior to the Effective Time, were directors or officers of the Group Companies (the "<u>Company D&O Persons</u>") entitled to be so indemnified, have their liability limited or be exculpated with respect to any matters occurring prior to Closing and relating to the fact that such Company D&O Person was a director or officer of any Group Company at or prior to the Effective Time, unless such amendment, repeal or other modification is required by applicable Law.

(b) None of the Group Companies shall have any obligation under this <u>Section 5.15</u> to any Company D&O Person when and if a court of competent jurisdiction shall ultimately determine (and such determination shall have become final and non-appealable) that the indemnification of such Company D&O Person in the manner contemplated hereby is prohibited by applicable Law.

(c) The Company shall purchase, at or prior to the Closing, and the Company shall maintain, or cause to be maintained, in effect for a period of six (6) years following the Effective Time, without lapses in coverage, a "tail" policy providing directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the benefit of those Persons who are currently covered by any comparable insurance policies of the Group Companies in effect as of the date of this Agreement with respect to matters occurring at or prior to the Effective Time. Such "tail" policy shall provide coverage on terms (with respect to coverage and amount) that are substantially the same as (and no less favorable in the aggregate to the Persons covered thereby) the coverage provided under the Group Companies' directors' and officers' liability insurance policies as of the date of this Agreement with "tail" policy in excess of three-hundred percent (300%) of the most recent annual premium paid by the Group Companies prior to the date of this Agreement.

(d) If the Company or any of its successors or assigns (i) shall merge or consolidate with or merge into any other corporation or entity and shall not be the surviving or continuing corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger or (ii) shall transfer all or substantially all of their respective properties and assets as an entity in one or a series of related transactions to any Person, then in each such case, the Company shall use reasonable best efforts to cause the successors or assigns of the Company shall assume all of the obligations set forth in this <u>Section 5.15</u>.

(e) The Persons entitled to the indemnification, liability limitation, exculpation or insurance coverage set forth in this <u>Section 5.15</u> are intended to be third-party beneficiaries of this <u>Section 5.15</u>. This <u>Section 5.15</u> shall survive the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall be binding on all successors and assigns of the Company.

Section 5.16 Post-Closing Directors.

(a) The Company shall take, or cause to be taken, all actions within its power as may be necessary or appropriate such that effective immediately after the Effective Time (i) the Company Board shall consist of a number of directors determined by the Company (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC) prior to the Effective Time, which shall be divided into three (3) classes, designated Class I, II and III, with each class consisting of an approximately equal number of directors determined by the Company (upon reasonable prior consultation with MAAC) prior to the Effective Time, and (ii) the members of the Company Board are the individuals determined in accordance with <u>Section 5.16(b)</u> and <u>Section 5.16(c)</u>; <u>provided</u> that, in any event, (A) at least a majority of such directors that comprise the Company Board shall qualify as "independent directors" under the listing rules of Nasdaq immediately after the Effective Time and (B) no such determination by the Company shall affect the ability of the MAAC Designee to serve on the Board in the class of directors set forth on <u>Section 5.16(b)</u> of the MAAC Designee with and, subject to the entry into the same by the MAAC Designee, will enter into a director indemnification agreement with the MAAC Designee, in form and substance approved by the Company Board and to be offered to all directors serving on the Company Board as of immediately following the Effective Time.

(b) The individual identified on Section 5.16(b) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules shall be a director on the Company Board immediately after the Effective Time (provided that such individual is willing to serve and is not prohibited by applicable Law or disability from so serving), with such individual being in the class of directors set forth opposite his or her name on Section 5.16(b) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules (the "MAAC Designee"). The MAAC Designee may be replaced by MAAC prior to the Effective Time with the prior written consent of the Company and, upon such written consent to any such replacement individual, Section 5.16(b) of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules shall automatically be deemed amended to include such replacement individual as the MAAC Designee in lieu of, and to serve in the same class of directors as, the individual so replaced; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Company shall not unreasonably withhold, condition or delay its consent to any individual proposed by MAAC prior to the Effective Time as a replacement if the MAAC Designee (whether the initial or any subsequent MAAC Designee) is no longer able to serve on the Company Board as a result of death or disability.

(c) The individuals identified on <u>Section 5.16(c)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules shall be directors on the Company Board immediately after the Effective Time, with each such individual being in the class of directors set forth opposite his or her name on <u>Section 5.16(c)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedule (each, a "<u>Company Designee</u>"). The Company may replace any Company Designee with any individual after reasonably consulting with MAAC with respect to such replacement Company Designee, by giving MAAC written notice, and, upon the Company seguriten notice of the replacement of such Company Designee and after so reasonably consulting with MAAC with respect thereto, <u>Section 5.16(c)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules shall automatically be deemed amended to include such replacement individual as a Company Designee in lieu of, and to serve in the same class of directors as, the individual so replaced. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, unless otherwise agreed in writing by MAAC, in on event shall less than at least a majority of the directors that comprise the Company Board qualify as "independent directors" under the listing rules of Nasdaq immediately after the Effective Time (whether as a result of the replacement of any Company Designee as contemplated by this <u>Section 5.16(c)</u> or otherwise).

Section 5.17 PCAOB Financials

(a) The Company shall deliver to MAAC, (i) as promptly as reasonably practicable following the date of this Agreement, subject to, in the case of <u>clause (C)</u>, <u>Section 5.17(b)</u>, (A) the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the years then ended, audited in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, (B) the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2021 and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the year then ended audited consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and redeemable non-controlling interest and cash flows of the Company for the year then ended and (C) customary pro forma financial statements (after giving effect to the transactions contemplated herely), and (ii) as promptly as reasonably practicable following the date of the relevant financial statements of its auditors with respect to the Closing Company Financial Statements. The Company will use reasonable best efforts to promptly obtain the consents of its auditors with respect to the Closing Company Financial Statements as may be required by applicable Law or requested by the SEC. The Closing Company Financial Statements, as may be specifically indicated in the notes thereto and subject, in the case of any audited financial statements, to normal year-end audit adjustments (none of which is expected to be individually or in the aggregate material) and the absence of notes thereto). (B) will fairly present in all material respects the financial statements, will be audited in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB and will contain an unqualified report of the Company's auditor and (D) will comply

(b) MAAC shall use its reasonable best efforts to cooperate with the Company in connection with the preparation of customary pro forma financial statements that are required to be included in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement. Without limiting the foregoing, MAAC shall (i) reasonably assist the Company in causing to be prepared in a timely manner any financial information or statements (including customary pro forma financial statements) that involve financial information or statements of MAAC and that are required to be included in the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement and any other filings to be made by the Company with the SEC in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document and (ii) obtain the consents of its auditors with respect thereto as may be required by applicable Law or requested by the SEC.

Section 5.18 <u>Company Post-Closing Incentive Equity Plan; Company Post-Closing Employee Stock Purchase Plan</u>. Prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, the Company Board (a) shall approve and adopt the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan, substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit G</u>, with any changes or modifications to such form as the Company and MAAC may mutually agree (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either the Company or MAAC, as applicable) (the "<u>Company Post-Closing Incentive Equity Plan</u>"), in the manner prescribed under applicable Laws, effective as of one day prior to the Closing Date, and (b) may approve and adopt an employee stock purchase plan, with such terms and conditions set forth on <u>Exhibit H</u> and with any changes or modifications thereto as the Company and MAAC may mutually agree (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either the Company or MAAC, as applicable) (the "<u>Company Post-Closing Employee Stock Purchase Plan</u>"), in the manner prescribed under applicable Laws, effective as of one day prior to the Closing Date.

Section 5.19 <u>Company Pre-Closing Steps</u>. The Company shall, and shall cause its Representatives to, reasonably consult with and reasonably cooperate with MAAC and its Representatives in connection with the

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Company Pre-Closing Steps and otherwise keep MAAC and its Representatives apprised, in reasonable detail, of the status of the Company Pre-Closing Steps. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (a) within a reasonable time prior to the Closing (and in any event ten (10) Business Days prior to the Closing Date), the Company shall provide, or cause to be provided, drafts of all agreements, documents and instruments related to the Company Pre-Closing Steps, and give MAAC and its Representatives a reasonable amount of time to review all such agreements, documents and instruments provided by MAAC and its Representatives and (b) none of the Group Companies shall enter into any agreement, document or instrument related to the Company Pre-Closing Steps that is not in a form and substance reasonably satisfactory to MAAC.

Section 5.20 <u>Company Related Party Transactions</u>. The Company shall use reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions necessary or advisable to terminate at or prior to the Closing all of the agreements set forth on <u>Section 5.20</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules without any further Liabilities to the Company or any of its Affiliates (including the other Group Companies and, from and after the Effective Time, MAAC and its Affiliates).

Section 5.21 <u>Conduct of Business of Merger Sub</u>. From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, Merger Sub shall not take any action, engage in any activities or business, or incur any Liabilities or obligations, other than (a) those that are incident to its organization, (b) the execution of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document to which it is or will be a party, (c) those that are contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document (including the enforcement of any of its rights or the performance of any of its obligations under this Agreement or any Ancillary Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby) or (d) those that are consented to in writing by MAAC.

Section 5.22 <u>Notice of Certain Events</u>. From and after the date of this Agreement until the earlier of the Closing or the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, each Party shall use reasonable best efforts to promptly (after having knowledge thereof) notify the other Parties of (i) any written notice or other communication received by such Party or any of its Representatives (in their capacity as such) from any Governmental Entity of the type that would, if received prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, have been required to have been disclosed pursuant to any section or subsection of <u>Article 3</u> or <u>Article 4</u>, as applicable, and (ii) the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event the occurrence or non-occurrence of which, as the case may be, would reasonably be expected to cause any condition to the other Parties' obligations to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby set forth in <u>Article 6</u> not to be satisfied at any time from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that any failure to satisfy the condition precedent set forth in <u>Section 6.2(b)</u> or <u>Section 6.3(b)</u>, as applicable.

Section 5.23 PIPE Subscription Agreements

(a) MAAC shall use its reasonable best efforts to (i) obtain the PIPE Financing, enforce the obligations of the PIPE Investors under the PIPE Subscription Agreements, and consummate the purchases contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreements, in each case, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the PIPE Subscription Agreements, (ii) satisfy all conditions to the PIPE Financing set forth in the PIPE Subscription Agreements, (iii) satisfy and comply with its obligations under the PIPE Subscription Agreements; provided, however, that (a) MAAC shall be deemed to have satisfied its obligations under this sentence if the PIPE Financing contemplated by any underlying PIPE Subscription Agreement has been funded or will be funded on its terms substantially concurrently with the occurrence of the Closing and (b) for the avoidance of doubt, any breach, or failure to perform or comply with, any provision of a PIPE Subscription Agreement by a PIPE Investor shall not, in and of itself, be deemed to be a breach of, or failure to perform or comply with, this sentence. The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause its Representatives to, cooperate with MAAC and its Representatives in

connection with the matters specified in this <u>Section 5.23</u>. If reasonably requested by the Company, MAAC shall, to the extent it has such rights under the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement, waive any breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement under a PIPE Subscription Agreement by a PIPE Investor to the extent necessary to cause the satisfaction of the conditions to closing of the PIPE Financing set forth in the PIPE Subscription Agreements and solely for the purpose of consummating the Closing, provided that (i) any such waiver may (in MAAC's sole discretion) be subject to, and conditioned upon, the Closing occurring and the substantially concurrent funding of such PIPE Financing, (ii) subject to, and condition upon, the Closing occurring substantially concurrent funding of the PIPE Financing, the Company also waives any such breach to the extent the Company is a third party beneficiary of the provision that was so breached and (iii) any such waiver shall be subject to the rights of the placement agent, as applicable, under such PIPE Subscription Agreement with respect to such waiver.

(b) MAAC shall not amend, modify or waive any provisions of any PIPE Subscription Agreement without the prior written consent of the Company; <u>provided</u> that any amendment, modification or waiver that is solely ministerial in nature or otherwise immaterial, and, in each case, that does not affect any economic or any other material term, shall not require the prior written consent of the Company, so long as MAAC has provided to the Company no less than two (2) Business Days written notice of such amendment, modification or waiver; it being understood, but without limiting the foregoing, that it shall be deemed material if any amendment, modification or waiver (i) reduces the amount of the PIPE Financing available under such PIPE Subscription Agreement or (ii) imposes new or additional conditions or otherwise expands, amends or modifies any of the conditions to the receipt of the PIPE Financing under such PIPE Subscription Agreement.

(c) MAAC shall (i) promptly notify the Company upon having knowledge of any material breach or default under, or termination of, any PIPE Subscription Agreement (including any refusal or repudiation by any PIPE Investor with respect to its obligation and/or ability to provide the full financing contemplated by the applicable PIPE Subscription Agreement), (ii) prior to delivering any written notice to a PIPE Investor with respect to any PIPE Subscription Agreement, deliver such written notice to the Company for its prior review and consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), and (iii) promptly, and in any event, within two (2) Business Days following the Company's reasonable request, deliver the Closing Notice (as defined in the PIPE Subscription Agreements) to the PIPE Investors if conditions to the delivery of such notice under the PIPE Subscription Agreement have been satisfied and all of the conditions to the Closing set forth in <u>Article 6</u> have been satisfied or vaived (other than those conditions that, by their nature, are to be satisfied at the Closing, but that would, as of such date, reasonably be expected to be satisfied if the Closing were to occur).

ARTICLE 6 CONDITIONS TO CONSUMMATION OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT

Section 6.1 <u>Conditions to the Obligations of the Parties</u>. The obligations of the Parties to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable Law, waiver by MAAC and the Company of the following conditions:

(a) no Order or Law issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or other Governmental Entity, in each case (x) in the United States or any other jurisdiction in which the Group Companies conduct material operations or (y) that is otherwise material, in each case, preventing the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, shall be in effect;

(b) the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement shall have become effective in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Act, no stop order shall have been issued by the SEC and shall remain in effect with respect to the Registration Statement / Proxy Statement, and no Proceeding seeking such a stop order shall have been threatened or initiated by the SEC and remain pending;

(c) the Required MAAC Shareholder Approval shall have been duly obtained;

(d) the Company's initial listing application with Nasdaq in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall have been conditionally approved and, immediately following the Effective Time, the Company shall satisfy any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of Nasdaq, and the Company shall not have received any notice of non-compliance therewith that has not been cured prior to, or would not be cured at or immediately following, the Effective Time, and the Company Post-Closing Common Shares (including the Company Post-Closing Common Shares to be issued hereunder and under the Ancillary Documents) shall have been approved for listing on Nasdaq; and

(e) after giving effect to the transactions contemplated hereby (including the PIPE Financing), the Company shall have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets (as determined in accordance with Rule 3a51-1(g)(1) of the Exchange Act) immediately after the Effective Time.

Section 6.2 Other Conditions to the Obligations of MAAC. The obligations of MAAC to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable Law, waiver by MAAC of the following further conditions:

(a) (i) the Company Fundamental Representations (other than the representations and warranties set forth in Section 3.8(a)) shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all material respects as of the Closing Date, as though made on and as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all material respects as of such earlier date), (ii) the representation and warranty set forth in Section 3.8(a) shall be true and correct in all respects as of the Closing Date, as though made on and as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty shall be true and correct in all respects as of such earlier date) (provided, however, that this <u>clause (ii)</u> shall be deemed to be satisfied if no Company Material Adverse Effect is continuing as of the Closing Date), (iii) the Company Additional Capitalization Representations shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) as of the Closing Date, as though made on and as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct would not be material to the Group Companies, taken as a whole, and (iv) the representations and warranties of the Company and Merger Sub set forth in <u>Article 3</u> (other than the Company Fundamental Representations and the Company Additional Capitalization Representations) shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all respects as of the Closing Date, as though made on and as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "Company Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all respects as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect;

(b) the Company and Merger Sub shall have performed and complied in all material respects with the covenants and agreements required to be performed or complied with by the Company and Merger Sub under this Agreement at or prior to the Closing;

(c) since the date of this Agreement, no Company Material Adverse Effect has occurred that is continuing;

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(d) as of immediately after the Effective Time, the Company Board shall include the MAAC Designee, as determined pursuant to Section 5.16(b):

(e) the Company Pre-Closing Steps shall have been consummated on the Closing Date prior to the Effective Time in accordance with the applicable terms of this Agreement;

(f) the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the Notification and Report Form to be filed by the MAAC Sponsor as an acquiring person (as that term is defined by 16 C.F.R. 801.2) in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall have expired or been terminated; and

(g) at or prior to the Closing, the Company shall have delivered, or caused to be delivered, to MAAC a certificate duly executed by an authorized officer of the Company, dated as of the Closing Date, to the effect that the conditions specified in <u>Section 6.2(a)</u>, <u>Section 6.2(b)</u> and <u>Section 6.2(c)</u> are satisfied, in a form and substance reasonably satisfactory to MAAC.

Section 6.3 Other Conditions to the Obligations of the Company. The obligations of the Company to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable Law, waiver by the Company of the following further conditions:

(a) (i) the MAAC Fundamental Representations shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date, as though made on and as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date (or the representation and warranty shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date for purposes of this <u>clause(i)</u> if no MAAC Material Adverse Effect is continuing as of the Closing Date), and (ii) the representations and warranties of MAAC (other than the MAAC Fundamental Representations) contained in <u>Article 4</u> of this Agreement shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all respects as of the Closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such representation and warranty of the Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) in all respects as of be closing Date (except to the extent that any such representation and warranty is made as of an earlier date), in which case such are similar limitation set forth herein) and warranty shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth herein) and warranty is made as of an earlier date, in which case such are similar limitation set forth herein) and warranty shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to "materiality" or "MAAC Material Adverse Effect" or any similar limitation set forth here

(b) MAAC shall have performed and complied in all material respects with the covenants and agreements required to be performed or complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Closing;

(c) since the date of this Agreement, no MAAC Material Adverse Effect has occurred that is continuing;

(d) the Aggregate Trust Account Proceeds shall be equal to or greater than \$210,000,000;

(e) the MAAC Sponsor shall have complied in all material respects with its covenants and agreements required to be performed or complied with by it under the Sponsor Support Agreement at or prior to the Closing;

(f) at or prior to the Closing, MAAC shall have delivered, or caused to be delivered, the following documents to the Company:

(i) a certificate duly executed by an authorized officer of MAAC, dated as of the Closing Date, to the effect that the conditions specified in <u>Section 6.3(a)</u>, <u>Section 6.3(b)</u> and <u>Section 6.3(c)</u> are satisfied, in a form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company; and

(ii) a certificate prepared in a manner consistent and in accordance with the requirements of Treasury Regulations Sections 1.897-2(g), (h) and 1.1445-2(c)(3), certifying that no interest in MAAC is, or has been during the relevant period specified in Section 897(c)(1)(A)(ii) of the Code, a "United States real property interest" within the meaning of Section 897(c) of the Code, and a form of notice to the Internal Revenue Service prepared in accordance with the provisions of Treasury Regulations Section 1.897-2(h)(2).

ARTICLE 7 TERMINATION

Section 7.1 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement may be terminated and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement may be abandoned at any time prior to the Closing:

(a) by mutual written consent of MAAC and the Company;

(b) by MAAC, if any of the representations or warranties set forth in <u>Article 3</u> shall not be true and correct or if the Company or Merger Sub has failed to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of the Company or Merger Sub set forth in this Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the Closing) such that the condition to Closing set forth in either <u>Section 6.2(a)</u> or <u>Section 6.2(b)</u> would not (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date) be satisfied and the breach or breaches causing such representations or warranties not to be true and correct, or the failures to perform any covenant or agreement, as applicable, is (or are) not cured or cannot be cured within the earlier of (i) thirty (30) days after written notice thereof is delivered to the Company by MAAC and (ii) the Termination Date; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that MAAC is not then in breach of this Agreement so as to prevent the condition to Closing set forth in either <u>Section 6.3(a)</u> or <u>Section 6.3(b)</u> from being satisfied (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date);

(c) by the Company, if any of the representations or warranties set forth in <u>Article 4</u> shall not be true and correct or if MAAC has failed to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of MAAC set forth in this Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the Closing) such that the condition to Closing set forth in either <u>Section 6.3(a)</u> or <u>Section 6.3(b)</u> would not (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date) be satisfied and the breach or breaches causing such representations or warranties not to be true and correct, or the failures to perform any covenant or agreement, as applicable, is (or are) not cured or cannot be cured within the earlier of (i) thirty (30) days after written notice thereof is delivered to MAAC by the Company and (ii) the Termination Date; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that none of the Company or Merger Sub is then in breach of this Agreement so as to prevent the condition to Closing set forth in <u>Section 6.2(a)</u> or <u>Section 6.2(b)</u> from being satisfied (assuming that the Closing occurred as of such date);

(d) by either MAAC or the Company, if the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall not have been consummated on or prior to November 30, 2021 (the "<u>Termination Date</u>"): <u>provided</u>, that (i) the right to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this <u>Section 7.1(d</u>) shall not be available to MAAC if MAAC's breach under this Agreement or any Ancillary Document to which it is a party shall have proximately caused the failure to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement on or before the Termination Date, and (ii) the right to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this <u>Section 7.1(d</u>) shall not be available to the Company if the Company's or Merger Sub's breach under this Agreement or any Ancillary Document to which such Person is a party shall have proximately caused the failure to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement on or before the Termination Date;

(e) by either MAAC or the Company, if any Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction shall have issued an Order or taken any other action permanently enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and such Order or other action shall have become final and nonappealable;

(f) by either MAAC or the Company if the MAAC Shareholders Meeting has been held (including following any adjournment or postponement thereof), has concluded, MAAC's shareholders have duly voted and the Required MAAC Shareholder Approval was not obtained; or

(g) by MAAC, if the Company does not deliver, or cause to be delivered to MAAC, the Merger Sub Shareholder Approval in accordance with Section 5.9 on or prior to the Merger Sub Shareholder Approval Deadline.

Section 7.2 Effect of Termination. Except for a termination pursuant to <u>Section 7.1(a)</u>, any termination of this Agreement pursuant to <u>Section 7.1</u> will be effective (subject to the cure periods (if any) provided above) immediately upon the delivery of a valid written notice of the terminating Party to the Company (if the terminating Party is MAAC) or MAAC (if the terminating Party is the Company). In the event of the termination of this Agreement sull forthwith become void (and there shall be no Liability or obligation on the part of the Parties and their respective Non-Party Affiliates) with the exception of (a) <u>Section 7.3</u> (a), this <u>Section 7.2</u>, <u>Article 8</u> and <u>Article 1</u> (to the extent, with respect to <u>Article 1</u>, related to the foregoing), each of which shall survive such termination and remain valid and binding obligations of the Parties and (b) the Confidentiality Agreement, which shall survive such termination on the gart of the Section 7.1 shall not affect (i) any Liability on the part of any Party for any Willful Breach of any covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement prior to such termination or Fraud or (ii) any Person's Liability under any PIPE Subscription Agreement, the Confidentiality Agreement, any Transaction Support Agreement or the Sponsor Support Agreement to which shere.

ARTICLE 8 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 8.1 <u>Non-Survival</u>. The representations, warranties, agreements and covenants in this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of (a) the Effective Time and (b) the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, except for (i) in the case of <u>clause (a)</u>, those covenants and agreements that, by their terms, expressly contemplate performance after the Effective Time, which covenants and agreements shall so survive the Effective Time in accordance with their terms, and (ii) in the case of <u>clause (b)</u>, those covenants and agreements that expressly survive termination of this Agreement pursuant to <u>Section 7.2</u>.

Section 8.2 Entire Agreement; Assignment. This Agreement (together with the Ancillary Documents) constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all other prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, among the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement may not be assigned by any Party (whether by operation of law or otherwise) without the prior written consent of MAAC and the Company; provided, however, that to the extent any such assignment following the Closing relates to any of the Company's obligations under <u>Section 5.14</u>, such assignment shall, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the MAAC Sponsor (not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), and except for an assignment of the type described in <u>clause(d)</u> thereof in connection with a sale of all or substantially all of the Company's absets or businesses, only be effective to the extent such obligations are actually performed or discharged. Any attempted assignment of this Agreement not in accordance with the terms of this <u>Section 8.2</u> shall be void.

Section 8.3 <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written agreement executed and delivered by MAAC and the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that any such amendment or modification prior to the Closing with respect to <u>Section 6.2(f)</u> or following the Closing with respect to <u>Section 5.14</u>, the proviso in the first sentence of <u>Section 8.2</u>, this <u>Section 8.3</u>, <u>Section 8.13</u> or

Section 8.14, in each case, solely as and to the extent related to the MAAC Sponsor or any of the MAAC Non-Party Affiliates (collectively, the "MAAC Sponsor Specified Provisions") shall also require the written consent of the MAAC Sponsor. This Agreement may not be modified or amended except as provided in the immediately preceding sentence and any purported amendment by any Party or Parties effected in a manner which does not comply with this Section 8.3 shall be void, *ab initio*.

Section 8.4 <u>Notices</u>. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given (and shall be deemed to have been duly given) by delivery in person, by e-mail (having obtained electronic delivery confirmation thereof (*i.e.*, an electronic record of the sender that the e-mail was sent to the intended recipient thereof without an "error" or similar message that such e-mail was not received by such intended recipient), or by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) (upon receipt thereof) to the other Parties as follows:

(a) If to MAAC, to:

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove, Suite 130 Menlo Park, CA 94025 Attention: Maria Walker E-mail: maria@patientsquarecapital.com with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Kirkland & Ellis LLP 601 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 Attention: Michael E. Weisser, P.C. Ryan Brissette E-mail: michael.weisser@kirkland.com

ryan.brissette@kirkland.com

(b) If to the Company or Merger Sub, to:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom Attention: Matthew Gline E-mail: matthew.gline@roivant.com legalnotices@roivant.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Roivant Sciences, Inc. 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor New York, NY 10036 Attention: General Counsel E-mail: jo.chen@roivant.com

-and-

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017 Attention: Derek Dostal Brian Wolfe Lee Hochbaum E-mail: derek.dostal@davispolk.com brian.wolfe@davispolk.com lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com

or to such other address as the Party to whom notice is given may have previously furnished to the others in writing in the manner set forth above.

Section 8.5 <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the law of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware (except that the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 shall also apply to the Company Pre-Closing Steps).

Section 8.6 Fees and Expenses. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, including the fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, shall be paid by the Party incurring such fees or expenses; provided, that the Parties intend for all unpaid fees and expenses at the Closing required to be paid by MAAC prusant to this <u>Section 8.6</u> to be paid by MAAC from a bank account opened by MAAC LLC (as defined in <u>Section 4.6(c)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules), assuming that MAAC LLC is formed prior to Closing and such a bank account is opened, and otherwise from a bank account specified by MAAC (it being understood and agreed that in no event shall this proviso result in a failure of any condition to Closing set forth in <u>Article 6</u>); provided further that, for the avoidance of doubt, if this Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, the Company shall pay, or cause to be paid, all MAAC Expenses.

Section 8.7 Construction; Interpretation. The term "this Agreement" means this Business Combination Agreement together with the Schedules and Exhibits hereto, as the same may from time to time be amended, modified, supplemented or restated in accordance with the terms hereof. The headings set forth in this Agreement shall be deemed to be the language chosen by the Parties to express their mutual intent and the Parties acknowledge that each Party and its counsel has reviewed and participated in the drafting of this Agreement. No Party, nor its respective counsel, shall be deemed the drafter of this Agreement on ule of strict construction, presumption or burden of provisions of this Agreement shall be against any Party. Unless otherwise indicated to the contrary herein by the context or use thereof. (a) the words, "hereof," "herein," "hereby," "hereto," "herewith," "hereunder" and words of similar import refer to this Agreement as a whole, including the Schedules and Exhibits hereto, and to to any particular provision, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph or clause set forth in this Agreement; (b) masculine gender shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation"; (e) all monetary figures used herein, including references to "s" or "dollar" or "US\$," shall be references to United States dollars; (f) the word "or" is disjunctive but not necessarily exclusive; (g) the words "written," "written" and comparable terms refer to printing, typing and other means of reproducing words (including electronic media) in a visible form; (h) the

word "day" means calendar day unless Business Day is expressly specified; (i) any reference to a date or time shall be deemed to be such date or time in New York, New York; (j) references from or through any date mean from and including or through and including such date, respectively; (k) the word "extent" in the phrase "to the extent" means the degree to which a subject or other thing extends, and such phrase shall not mean simply "if"; (1) all references to Articles. Sections, Exhibits or Schedules are to Articles. Sections, Exhibits and Schedules of this Agreement; (m) the words "provided." "made available," "delivered" or words of similar import (regardless of whether capitalized or not) shall mean, when used with reference to documents or other materials required to be provided or made available to MAAC, any documents or other materials posted to the electronic data room located at https://wwwna.dfsvenue.com/cardhub.aspx under the project name "Project Rhine" as of 8:00 p.m., Eastern Time, at least one (1) day prior to the date of this Agreement; (n) all references to any Law will be to such Law as amended, supplemented, consolidated, replaced or otherwise modified or re-enacted from time to time and shall include all regulations and rules promulgated thereunder; (o) all references to any Contract are to that Contract as amended or modified from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof (subject to any restrictions on amendments or modifications set forth in this Agreement); (p) any reference to "MAAC" in this Agreement shall mean and refer to the "Surviving Company" from and after the Effective Time; (q) whenever any other word derived from a defined term shall be used in this Agreement, such derived word shall have the meaning correlative to such defined term (e.g., "controlled" or "controlling" shall have the meaning correlative to "control"); (r) the phrase "ordinary course of business" means an action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Person in the ordinary course of such Person's business consistent with past practice, subject to, other than in the case of any action taken, or omitted to be taken, of the type that would, if taken during the period from the date of this Agreement until the Closing (and regardless of whether taken prior to, at or after the date hereof), require the consent of MAAC pursuant to any Company Specified Interim Operating Covenants, any action taken, or omitted to be taken, by any Group Company to the extent determined by a Group Company to be reasonable and advisable in response to COVID-19; and (s) the phrase "consistent with past valuation practices" shall mean (i) with respect to any equity incentive awards of any Private Group Company (other than any Company CVAR Award) that has an exercise price, an exercise price at or above fair market value and (ii) with respect to all Equity Securities of the Company or any other Private Group Company (other than equity incentive awards described in the preceding clause (i)), an issuance or grant with a value at or above fair market value (with such fair market value, in the case of each of clause (i) and (ii), determined by reference to, among other things, the Company's most recent equity financing or third-party valuations). If any action under this Agreement is required to be done or taken on a day that is not a Business Day, then such action shall be required to be done or taken not on such day but on the first succeeding Business Day thereafter.

Section 8.8 Exhibits and Schedules. All Exhibits and Schedules (including the Company Disclosure Schedules and the MAAC Disclosure Schedules), or documents expressly incorporated into this Agreement, are hereby incorporated into this Agreement and are hereby made a part hereof as if set out in full in this Agreement. Any capitalized term(s) used in any Exhibits and Schedules (including the Company Disclosure Schedules) an exeed hereto or referred to herein but not otherwise defined therein shall have the meaning ascribed to such term(s) in this Agreement. The Schedules shall be arranged in sections and subsections corresponding to the numbered and lettered Sections and subsections set forth in this Agreement. Any item disclosed in the Company Disclosure Schedules or in the MAAC Disclosure Schedules corresponding to any Section or subsection of <u>Article 3</u> (in the case of the Company Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article 4</u> (in the case of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules) or <u>Article </u>

Section 8.9 Parties in Interest. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure solely to the benefit of each Party and its successors and permitted assigns and, except as provided in <u>Section 5.14</u>, <u>Section 5.15</u>, the two

subsequent sentences of this Section 8.9 and Section 8.13, nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other Person any rights, benefits or remedies of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement. The MAAC Sponsor shall be an express thirdparty beneficiary of Section 5.14, Section 6.2(f), Section 8.2, Section 8.3, Section 8.13, this Section 8.9 and the last sentence of Section 5.4(a). Each of the Non-Party Affiliates shall be an express third-party beneficiary of Section 8.13 and this Section 8.9.

Section 8.10 Severability. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under applicable Law, but if any term or other provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable under applicable Law, all other provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any Party. Upon such determination that any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal or unenforceable under applicable Law, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible in an acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated as originally contemplated to the greatest extent possible.

Section 8.11 <u>Counterparts; Electronic Signatures</u>. This Agreement and each Ancillary Document (including any of the closing deliverables contemplated hereby) may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document (including any of the closing deliverables contemplated hereby) by e-mail, or scanned pages shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart to this Agreement or any such Ancillary Document.

Section 8.12 <u>Knowledge of Company</u>; <u>Knowledge of MAAC</u>. For all purposes of this Agreement, the phrase "to the Company's knowledge" and "known by the Company" and any derivations thereof shall mean as of the date hereof (in the case of the representations and warranties of the Company and Merger Sub set forth in <u>Article 3</u>) or as of the applicable determination date (in the case of any covenants or agreements set forth herein), the actual knowledge of the individuals set forth on <u>Section 8.12(a)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules. For all purposes of this Agreement, the phrase "to MAAC's knowledge" and "to the knowledge of MAAC" and any derivations thereof shall mean as of the date hereof (in the case of the representations and warranties of MAAC set forth in <u>Article 4</u>) or as of the applicable determination date (in the case of any covenants or agreements set forth herein), the actual knowledge of the individuals set forth on <u>Section 8.12(b)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules. For the avoidance of doubt, none of the individuals set forth on <u>Section 8.12(b)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules. Ster the avoidance of doubt, none of the individuals set forth on <u>Section 8.12(b)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedules or <u>Section 8.12(b)</u> of the MAAC Disclosure Schedules. Such as a presental Liability or obligations regarding such knowledge.

Section 8.13 <u>No Recourse</u>. Except for claims pursuant to any Ancillary Document by any party(ies) thereto against any Company Non-Party Affiliate or any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate (each, a "<u>Non-Party Affiliate</u>") party thereto and the terms and subject to the conditions thereunder, each Party agrees on behalf of itself and on behalf of the Company Non-Party Affiliates, in the case of the Company, and the MAAC Non-Party Affiliates, in the case of MAAC, that (a) this Agreement may only be enforced against, and any action for breach of this Agreement may only be made against, the Parties, and no claims of any nature whatsoever arising under or relating to this Agreement, the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be asserted against any Non-Party Affiliate, and (b) without limiting the generality of the foregoing, none of the Non-Party Affiliates shall have any Liability arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby, including with respect to any claim (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) for breach of this Agreement or in respect of any written or oral representations made or alleged to be made in connection herewith, except as expressly provided herein.

Section 8.14 <u>Extension</u>; <u>Waiver</u>. The Company may (a) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of MAAC set forth herein, (b) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of MAAC set forth herein or (c) waive compliance by MAAC with any of the agreements or

conditions set forth herein. MAAC may (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the Company or Merger Sub set forth herein, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the Company or Merger Sub set forth herein or (iii) waive compliance by the Company or Merger Sub with any of the agreements or conditions set forth herein. Any agreement on the part of any such Party to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in a written instrument signed on behalf of such Party. Any waiver of any term or condition shall not be construed as a waiver of any subsequent breach or a subsequent waiver of the same term or condition, or a waiver of any other term or condition of this Agreement. The failure of any Party to assert any of its rights hereunder shall not constitute a waiver of such rights. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any extension or waiver following the Closing with respect to any MAAC Sponsor Specified Provision or, prior to the Closing. Section 6.2(f) shall also require the prior written consent of the MAAC Sponsor.

Section 8.15 Waiver of Jury Trial. THE PARTIES EACH HEREBY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY OF ANY PROCEEDING, CLAIM, DEMAND, ACTION, OR CAUSE OF ACTION (I) ARISING UNDER THIS AGREEMENT OR UNDER ANY ANCILLARY DOCUMENT OR (II) IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH OR RELATED OR INCIDENTAL TO THE DEALINGS OF THE PARTIES IN RESPECT OF THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY ANCILLARY DOCUMENT OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS RELATED HERETO OR THERETO OR ANY FINANCING IN CONNECTION WITH THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY, IN EACH CASE, WHETHER NOW EXISTING OR HEREAFTER ARISING, AND WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, EQUITY, OR OTHERWISE. THE PARTIES EACH HEREBY AGREES AND CONSENTS THAT ANY SUCH PROCEEDING, CLAIM, DEMAND, ACTION OR CAUSE OF ACTION SHALL BE DECIDED BY COURT TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY AND THAT THE PARTIES MAY FILE AN ORIGINAL COUNTERPART OF A COPY OF THIS AGREEMENT WITH ANY COURT AS WRITTEN EVIDENCE OF THE CONSENT OF THE PARTIES HERETO TO THE WAIVER OF THEIR RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY. EACH PARTY CERTIFIES AND ACKNOWLEDGES THAT (A) NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER, (B) EACH SUCH PARTY UNDERSTANDS AND HAS CONSIDERED THE IMPLICATIONS OF THIS WAIVER, (C) EACH SUCH PARTY MAKES THIS WAIVER VOLUNTARILY AND (D) EACH SUCH PARTY HAS BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS <u>SECTION 8.15</u>.

Section 8.16 <u>Submission to Jurisdiction</u>. Each of the Parties irrevocably and unconditionally submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction, any state or federal court within State of New York, New York County), for the purposes of any Proceeding, claim, demand, action or cause of action (a) arising under this Agreement or under any Ancillary Document or (b) in any way connected with or related or incidental to the dealings of the Parties in respect of this Agreement or under any Ancillary Document or he laying of venue of any such Proceeding in any such court, and further irrevocably and unconditionally waives any objection to the laying of venue of any such Proceeding has been brought in an inconvenient form. Each Party hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives, and agrees not to court that any such Proceeding has been brought in an inconvenient form. Each Party hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives, and agrees not to assert, by way of motion or as a defense, counterclaim or otherwise, in any Proceeding claim, demand, action or cause of action against such Party (i) arising under this Agreement or under any Ancillary Document or (ii) in any way connected with or related or incidental to the dealings of the Parties in respect of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or (ii) in any way connected with or related or incidental to the dealings of the Parties in respect of this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or any of the transactions contemplated thereby, (A) any claim that such Party is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the courts as described in this <u>Section 8.16</u> for any reason, (B) that such Party or such Party's property is exempt or immune from the jurisdiction of any such court or from any legal process commenced in such courts (whether through service of notice, attachment prior to judgment, attachment in aid of execution of judgment or

otherwise) and (C) that (x) the Proceeding, claim, demand, action or cause of action in any such court is brought against such Party in an inconvenient forum, (y) the venue of such Proceeding, claim, demand, action or cause of action against such Party is improper or (z) this Agreement, or the subject matter hereof, may not be enforced against such Party in or by such courts. Each Party agrees that service of any process, summons, notice or document by registered mail to such party's respective address set forth in <u>Section 8.4</u> shall be effective service of process for any such Proceeding, claim, demand, action or cause of action.

Section 8.17 <u>Remedies</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, any and all remedies provided herein will be deemed cumulative with and not exclusive of any other remedy conferred hereby, or by law or equity upon such Party, and the exercise by a Party of any one remedy will not preclude the exercise of any other remedy. The Parties agree that irreparable damage for which monetary damages, even if available, would not be an adequate remedy, would occur in the event that the Parties do not perform their respective obligations under the provisions of this Agreement (including failing to take such actions as are required of them hereunder to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) in accordance with their specific terms or otherwise breach such provisions. It is accordingly agreed that the Parties shall be entitled to seek an injunction or injunctions, specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the terms and provisions of this Agreement, in each case, without posting a bond or undertaking and without proof of damages and this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. Each of the Parties agrees that it will not oppose the granting of an injunction, specific performance and other equitable relief when expressly available pursuant to the terms of this Agreement on the basis that the other parties have an adequate remedy at law or an award of specific

Section 8.18 Trust Account Waiver

(a) Reference is made to the final prospectus of MAAC, filed with the SEC (File No. 333-248802) on October 9, 2020 (the "Prospectus"). The Company and Merger Sub each acknowledges and agrees and understands that MAAC has established one or more trust accounts (collectively, the "<u>Trust Account</u>") containing the proceeds of its initial public offering (the "<u>IPO</u>") and from certain private placements occurring simultaneously with the IPO (including interest accrued from time to time thereon) for the benefit of the holders of MAAC Class A Shares, and MAAC may disburse monies from the Trust Account only in the express circumstances described in the Prospectus. For and in consideration of MAAC entering into this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Company and Merger Sub each hereby agrees on behalf of itself and its Representatives that, notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, one of the Company, Merger Sub or any of their respective Representatives does now or shall at any time hereafter have any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies in the Trust Account or distributions therefrom, or make any claim against the Trust Account (including any distributions therefrom), regardless of whether such claim arises as a result of, in connection with or relating in any way to, this Agreement or any proposed or actual business relationship between MAAC aris are selectively referred to hereafter as the "<u>Trust Account Released Claims</u>"). The Company and Merger Sub each, on its own behalf and on behalf of its Representatives, hereby irrevocably waives any Trust Account Released Claims that it or any of its Representatives, hereby irrevocably waives any Trust Account Released Claims that ir or any of its Representatives, hereby introducing any distributions therefrom to the holders of MAAC Class A Shares or in respect of deferred underwriting commissions from the IPO) now or in the

(b) Notwithstanding Section 8.18(a), Section 8.18(a) shall not serve to limit or prohibit (and the Trust Account Released Claims shall not include) the Company's right to pursue a claim against (i) MAAC under, and

on the terms and subject to the conditions in, this Agreement or under, and on the terms and subject to the conditions in, any Ancillary Document to which it and MAAC is a party or (ii) any other party to an Ancillary Document to which it is a party under, and on the terms and subject to the conditions in, such Ancillary Document, in the case of either the foregoing <u>clause (i)</u> or (<u>ii</u>), for legal relief against monies or other assets held outside the Trust Account or for specific performance or other equitable relief to the extent not prohibited by this Agreement or such Ancillary Document (including a claim for MAAC to specifically perform its obligations under this Agreement pursuant to <u>Section 8.12</u>(). If the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement or any Ancillary Document conflicts with the terms of this <u>Section 8.18(b)</u>, the terms of this <u>Section 8.18(b)</u> shall govern and control to the extent of such conflict.

* * * * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the Parties has caused this Business Combination Agreement to be duly executed on its behalf as of the day

and year first above written.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

By: Name: Title:

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: Name: Title:

RHINE MERGER SUB, INC.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Business Combination Agreement]

Annex A PIPE Investors A-83 Exhibit A Form of PIPE Subscription Agreement

(see attached)

Exhibit B Form of Transaction Support Agreement

(see attached)

Exhibit C Form of Registration Rights Agreement

(see attached)

Exhibit D Form of Lock-Up Agreement

(see attached)

Exhibit E Form of Company Post-Closing Bye-Laws

(see attached)

Exhibit F Company Shareholder Written Consent

(see attached)

Exhibit G Form of Roivant Sciences Ltd. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan

(see attached)

Exhibit H Company Post-Closing Employee Stock Purchase Plan term Sheet

(see attached)

ANNEX AA - AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO BUSINESS COMBINATION AGREEMENT

This Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement (this "<u>Amendment</u>") is made as of June 9, 2021, by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"), and Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"). Capitalized terms used, but not otherwise defined herein, shall have the meaning given to them in the BCA (as defined below).

WHEREAS, on May 1, 2021, (a) MAAC, the Company and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company, entered into that certain Business Combination Agreement (as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "<u>BCA</u>") and (b) the Company, MAAC, Patient Square Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>MAAC Sponsor</u>"), and, solely for purposes of certain provisions therein, each of James C. Montazee, George Barrett, Maria C. Walker and Steve Oesterle entered into that certain Sponsor Support Agreement (as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "<u>Sponsor Support Agreement</u>");

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 8.3 of the BCA, the BCA may be amended or modified only by a written agreement executed and delivered by MAAC and the Company;

WHEREAS, on the date hereof (a) MAAC, the Company, the MAAC Sponsor, James C. Momtazee, George Barrett, Maria C. Walker and Steve Oesterle are entering into Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement in order to provide that, among other things, (i) each MAAC Class B Share held by a MAAC Independent Director or a MAAC Independent Director Transferee (each as defined in Section 1 below) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time be converted as of the Effective Time into the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Sponsor Exchange Ratio, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the BCA and the Sponsor Support Agreement, and (ii) a portion of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares that are issued to the MAAC Independent Director Transferee upon conversion of the MAAC Class B Shares in the Merger be subject to the vesting provisions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement, and (b) each MAAC Independent Director, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, is entering into a Lock-Up Agreement; and

WHEREAS, each of MAAC and the Company desire to amend the BCA in connection with agreements described in the preceding recital.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration for the mutual promises made herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MAAC and the Company hereby agree to amend the BCA as follows:

1. <u>Amendments to the BCA</u>.

(a) Section 1.1 of the BCA is hereby amended by adding the following new definitions in the appropriate alphabetical order:

"MAAC Independent Directors" means, collectively, George Barrett and Steve Oesterle.

"MAAC Independent Director Transferee" means any transferee of MAAC Class B Shares originally held by a MAAC Independent Director, prior to the Effective Time.

(b) Section 2.1(b)(vii) of the BCA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"(vii) At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of any Party or any other Person, (A) each (x) MAAC Class A Share and (y) each MAAC Class B Share that is not held by the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee (other than the MAAC Class A Shares and MAAC Class B Shares canceled and

extinguished pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(b)(ix</u>)) issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into one Company Post-Closing Common Share and (B) each MAAC Class B Share issued and outstanding and held by the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee as of immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be automatically canceled and extinguished and converted into the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Sponsor Exchange Ratio; <u>provided</u> that for the avoidance of doubt, a number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares owned by the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee, determined pursuant to the Sponsor Support Agreement, shall become subject to the vesting and obtre terms and conditions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement at the Effective Time, all MAAC Shares shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and shall case to exist, and shall thereafter represent the number of Company Post-Closing MAAC Shares into which such MAAC Shares were converted pursuant to this Agreement. From and after the Effective Time, each Pre-Closing MAAC Shareholder's certificate(s) (the "<u>Certificates</u>"), if any, evidencing ownership of MAAC Shares and MAAC Shares held in book-entry form issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall each cease to have any rights with respect to such MAAC Shares, except as otherwise expressly provided for herein or under applicable Law."

(c) Section 2.3 of the BCA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"Section 2.3 Fractional Shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, no fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares shall be issued in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby. Except with respect to Company Equity Awards, all fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares that each Company Equityholder will have a right to receive in connection with the Company Pre-Closing Steps, as well as (a) all fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares that the MAAC Sponsor and its Affiliates as holders of MAAC Class B Shares will have a right to receive in connection with the Merger and (b) all fractional Company Post-Closing Common Shares that each MAAC Independent Director and the applicable MAAC Independent Director Transferee(s) as holders of MAAC Class B Shares will have a right to receive in connection with the Merger, shall, in each case be aggregated and, if a fractional share results from such aggregation, such fractional share shall be rounded down to the nearest whole share."

2. <u>Effect of Amendments and Modifications</u>. Except as expressly amended hereby, the BCA shall remain unaltered and in full force and effect and the respective terms, conditions or covenants thereof are hereby in all respects confirmed. Whenever the BCA is referred to in any agreement, document or other instrument, such reference will be to the BCA as amended by this Amendment. For the avoidance of doubt, each reference in the BCA, as amended hereby, to "the date hereof", the "date of this Agreement" and derivations thereof and other similar phrases shall continue to refer to May 1, 2021.

3. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. Sections 8.5, 8.7, 8.10, 8.11, 8.15 and 8.16 of the BCA are incorporated herein by reference, *mutatis mutandis*.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this Amendment to be signed as of the date first written above.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

By: /s/ Maria C. Walker Name: Maria C. Walker Title: Chief Financial Officer

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

 By:
 /s/ Marianne Romeo

 Name:
 Marianne Romeo

 Title:
 Head, Global Transactions & Risk Management

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement]

FINAL FORM

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove, Suite 130 Menlo Park, CA 94025

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This Subscription Agreement (this "<u>Subscription Agreement</u>") is being entered into as of the date set forth on the signature page hereto, by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>SPAC</u>"), the undersigned subscriber (the "<u>Investor</u>") and, solely for the purposes of Sections 6, 8 and 11, Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bernuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), in connection with the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of the date hereof (as may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "<u>BCA</u>"), by and among SPAC, the Company, Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("<u>Merger Sub</u>") and the other parties thereto, pursuant to which, among other things, Merger Sub will merge with and into SPAC (the "<u>Merger</u>"), with SPAC as the surviving company in the Merger and, after giving effect to the Merger, will become a subsidiary of the Company, on the terms and subject to the conditions therein (the transactions contemplated by the BCA, including the Merger, the "<u>Transaction</u>").

In connection with the Transaction, SPAC is seeking commitments from interested investors to purchase, contingent upon, and immediately prior to the closing of the Transaction, shares of SPAC's Class A common stock, par value 80.0001 per share (the "Shares"), in a private placement for a purchase price of \$10.00 per share (the "Per Share Price"). On or about the date of this Subscription Agreement, SPAC is entering into subscription agreements (the "Other Subscription Agreements") aubscription agreements (the "Other Subscription Agreements") substantially similar to this Subscription Agreement with certain other investors (the "Other Investors" and, together with the Investor, and agregate such as possible of by the Investor, and agregate amount of up to 20,000,000 Shares, at the Per Share Purchase Price. The aggregate purchase price to be paid by the Investor for the subscription Agreement, the "Subscription Agreement," Pursuant to the BCA, on the Closing Date (as defined herein), the Shares so purchased will be exchanged for shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis, as described more fully in the BCA. For the avoidance of doubt, with respect to any obligations existing in this Subscription Agreement, following consummation of the Transaction, (i) the Company shall be the public issuer and (ii) the term "Shares" as defined above shall refer to the as-converted shares in the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, nothing in this Subscription Agreement shall be interpreted to limit the consummation of the Transaction in accordance with the terms of the CA.

In connection therewith, and in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual representations, warranties and covenants, and subject to the conditions, set forth herein, and intending to be legally bound hereby, each of the Investor, the Company and SPAC acknowledges and agrees as follows:

1. <u>Subscription</u>. The Investor hereby irrevocably subscribes for and agrees to purchase from SPAC the number of Shares set forth on the signature page of this Subscription Agreement on the terms and subject to the conditions provided for herein.

2. <u>Closing</u>. The closing of the sale of the Shares contemplated hereby (the "<u>Closing</u>") is contingent upon the substantially concurrent consummation of the Transaction. The Closing shall occur on the date of, and

substantially concurrently with and conditioned upon the effectiveness of, the Transaction. Upon (a) satisfaction or waiver of the conditions set forth in Section 3 below and (b) delivery of written notice from (or on behalf of) SPAC to the Investor (the "<u>Closing Notice</u>"), that SPAC reasonably expects all conditions to the closing of the Transaction to be satisfied or waived on a date that is not less than five (5) business day from the date on which the Closing Notice is delivered to the Investor, the Investor shall deliver to SPAC (i) at least one (1) business day prior to the closing date specified in the Closing Notice (the "<u>Closing Date</u>"), the Subscription Amount by wire transfer of United States dollars in immediately available funds to the account(s) specified by SPAC in the Closing Notice to be held in escrow until the Closing, or (ii) on the Closing Date, the Subscription Amount to an account specified by SPAC otherwise mutually agreed by the Investor and SPAC due to legal reasons that apply to such Investor (the "<u>Alternative Settlement Procedures</u>") by wire transfer of United States dollars in immediately available funds. The Investor shall also deliver to SPAC, at least one (1) business day prior to the Closing Date, any other information that is reasonably requested in the Closing Notice in order for SPAC to issue the Shares to the issued and a duly executed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 or W-8, as applicable. On the Closing Date, SPAC shall (1) issue a number of Shares to the Investor set forth on the signature page to this Subscription Agreement and subsequently cause such Shares to be registered in book entry form in the name of the Investor (or its nominee in accordance with its delivery instructions) on SPAC's share register, free and clear of any liens or other restrictions (other than those arising under this Subscription Agreement or applicable securities laws), and (2) provide evidence from the Closing Date specified in the Closing Date. If the Closing does not occur within three (

3. Closing Conditions

(a) The obligation of the parties hereto to consummate the purchase and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement is subject to the following conditions:

(i) no applicable governmental authority shall have enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered any injunction, judgment, order, law, rule or regulation (whether temporary, preliminary or permanent) which is then in effect and has the effect of making the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby illegal or otherwise enjoining, restraining or prohibiting consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby; and

(ii) all conditions precedent to the closing of the Transaction under the BCA shall have been satisfied (as determined by the parties to the BCA and other than those conditions under the BCA which, by their nature, are to be fulfilled at the closing of the Transaction, including to the extent that any such condition is dependent upon the consummation of the purchase and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement or Other Subscription Agreements) or waived and the closing of the Transaction shall be scheduled to occur concurrently with or on the same date as the Closing Date.

(b) The obligation of SPAC to consummate the issuance and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions: (i) all representations and warranties of the Investor contained in this Subscription Agreement are true and correct in all material respects (other than representations and warranties that are qualified as to materiality, which representations and warranties shall be true in all respects) at and as of the Closing Date (except for those representations and warranties that speak as of a specified earlier date, which shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such specified earlier date (other than representations and warranties that are qualified as to materiality as of such specified earlier date, which representations and warranties shall be true in all respects)), and consummation of the Closing shall constitute a reaffirmation by the Investor that each of the representations and warranties of the Investor contained in this Subscription Agreement as of the Closing Date are true and correct in all material respects (or, in the case of representations and warranties that are qualified as to materiality, in all respects as of the Closing Date and curie (ii) all obligations, covenants and agreements of the Investor required to be performed by it at or prior to the Closing Date shall have been performed in all material respects.

(c) The obligation of the Investor to consummate the purchase of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions: (i) all representations and warranties of SPAC and the Company contained in this Subscription Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects (other than representations and warranties that are qualified as to materiality or Material Adverse Effect (as defined herein), which representations and warranties shall be true in all respects) at and as of the Closing Date, and consummation of the Closing shall constitute a reaffirmation by SPAC and the Company that each of the representations and warranties of SPAC and the Company contained in this Subscription Agreement as of the Closing Date are true and correct in all material respects (or, in the case of representations and warranties that speak as of a specified earlier date, which shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such specified earlier date (other than representations and warranties that speak as of a specified earlier date, which shall be true in all respects); (ii) all obligations, covenants and agreements of SPAC and the Company required by the Subscription Agreement to be performed by them at or prior to the Closing Date shall have been performed in all material respects; and (iii) the BCA shall no thave been amended or waived in a manner that materially and adversely affects the economic benefits that the Investor (in its capacity as such) would reasonably expect to receive under this Subscription Agreement; provided, that, the SEC's (as defined herein)); made on April 12, 2021, and any consequences thereof or actions taken by SPAC (a "Material Adverse Effect."). For the avoidance of doubt, any restatement of the funcaical statements of SPAC and any amendments to previously filed SEC reports, in connection with the Statement or any subsequent related agreements or other guidance from the SEC with respect to receive under this clause

4. <u>Further Assurances</u>. At or prior to the Closing Date, the parties hereto shall execute and deliver or cause to be executed and delivered such additional documents and take such additional actions as the parties reasonably may deem to be practical and necessary in order to consummate the subscription as contemplated by this Subscription Agreement.

5. SPAC Representations and Warranties. SPAC represents and warrants to the Investor that:

(a) SPAC is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware. SPAC has all power (corporate or otherwise) and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and conduct its business as presently conducted and to enter into, deliver and perform its obligations under this Subscription Agreement.

(b) As of the Closing Date, the Shares will be duly authorized and, when issued and delivered to the Investor against full payment therefor in accordance with the terms of this Subscription Agreement, the Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and will not have been issued in violation of or subject to any preemptive or similar rights created under SPAC's certificate of incorporation and bylaws (each as amended on the Closing Date) by contract or under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. (c) This Subscription Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by SPAC and, assuming that this Subscription Agreement constitutes the valid and binding agreement of the Investor, this Subscription Agreement constitutes the valid and binding agreement of SPAC and is enforceable against SPAC in accordance with its terms, except as may be limited or otherwise affected by (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting the rights of creditors generally, or (ii) principles of equity, whether considered at law or equity.

(d) The execution and delivery of, and the performance of the transactions contemplated hereby, including the issuance and sale of the Shares and the compliance by SPAC with all of the provisions of this Subscription Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein will be done in accordance with the Nasdaq marketplace rules ("Nasdaq") and will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any of the property or assets of SPAC or any of its subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of (i) any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease, license or other agreement or instrument to which SPAC or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which SPAC or any of its subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of SPAC is subject that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect or materially affect the validity of the Shares or the legal authority of SPAC; or of pregnt, having jurisdiction over SPAC or any of its properties that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or foreign, having jurisdiction over SPAC or any of its properties that would reasonably be expected to have, adverse Effect or materially affect the validity of the Shares or the legal authority of space or foreign, having jurisdiction over SPAC or any of its properties that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect or materially affect the validity of the Shares or the legal authority of space or foreign, having jurisdiction over SPAC or any of its properties that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect or materially affect the validity of the Shares or the legal authority of SPAC to comply in all material respects with the terms of this Subscription Agreement.

(e) As of their respective dates, all reports (the "<u>SEC Reports</u>") required to be filed by SPAC with the SEC complied in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "<u>Securities Act</u>"), and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "<u>Exchange Act</u>"), and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder, and none of the SEC Reports, when filed, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The financial statements of SPAC included in the SEC Reports comply in all material respects with applicable accounting requirements and the rules and regulations of the SEC with respect thereto as in effect at the time of filing and fairly present in all material respects the financial position of SPAC as of and for the dates thereof and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods then ended, subject, in the case of unaudited financial statements, to normal, year-end audit adjustments. A copy of each SEC Report is available to the Investor via the SEC's EDGAR system. There are no material outstanding or unresolved comments in comment letters from the staff of the Division of Corporation Finance of the SEC with respect to any of the SEC Reports. SPAC has timely filed each report, statement, schedule, prospectus, and registration statement that SPAC was required to file with the SEC since its inception.

(f) Other than the Other Subscription Agreements, including any subscription agreement entered into consistent with Section 7(b) of this Subscription Agreement, the BCA and any other agreement contemplated by the BCA, including any Ancillary Documents as defined therein, or described in the SEC Reports, SPAC has not entered into any side letter or similar agreement with any investor in connection with such investor's direct or indirect investment in SPAC (other than any side letter or similar agreement to the extent relating to the transfer to any investor of (i) securities of SPAC by existing securityholders of SPAC, which may be effectuated as a forfeiture to SPAC and reissuance, or (ii) securities to be issued to the direct or indirect securityholders of the Company pursuant to the BCA). Except for any Alternative Settlement Procedures, no Other Subscription Agreement includes a lesser Per Share Purchase Price or other terms and conditions that are materially more advantageous to any such Other Investor than Investor hereunder, and such Other Subscription Agreements have not been amended, modified or waived in any material respect, or in any respect that materially benefits the

Other Investors thereunder unless the Investor has been offered substantially similar benefits in writing, following the date of this Subscription Agreement.

(g) As of the date of this Subscription Agreement, the authorized capital stock of SPAC consists of (i) 400,000,000 shares of Class A common stock, (ii) 40,000,000 shares of Class B common stock and (iii) 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, each with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of the date of this Subscription Agreement, (A) 41,071,823 shares of Class A common stock of SPAC are issued and outstanding, (C) 30,750,267 warrants to purchase shares of Class A common stock and (B) 10,267,956 shares of Class B common stock of SPAC are issued and outstanding, All (1) issued and outstanding shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock of SPAC have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid and are non-assessable and (2) outstanding warrants have been duly authorized and validly issued. Except as set forth above and pursuant to the Other Subscription Agreements, the BCA and the other agreements and arrangements referred to therein or in the SEC Reports, as of the date hereof, there are no outstanding options, warrants or other rights to subscribe into or exchangeable or exercisable for such equity interests. As of the date hereof, SPAC has no subsidiaries and does not own, directly or indirectly, interests or investments (whether equity or debt) in any person, whether incorporated or unincorporated. There are no shareholder agreements, voting trusts or other agreements or understandings to which SPAC is a party or by which it is bound relating to the voting of any securities of SPAC, other that (1) as set forth in the SEC Reports and (2) as contemplated by the BCA.

(h) Assuming the accuracy of the Investor's representations and warranties set forth in Section 7, no registration under the Securities Act is required for the offer and sale of the Shares by SPAC to the Investor hereunder. The Shares (i) were not offered by any form of general solicitation or general advertising (as those terms are used in Regulation D under the Securities Act) and (ii) are not being offered in a manner involving a public offering under, or in a distribution in violation of, the Securities Act, or any state securities laws, or in a manner that would otherwise adversely affect registration of the Shares under the Securities Act.

(i) Except for such matters as have not had and would not be reasonably likely to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, there is no (i) action, suit, claim or other proceeding, in each case by or before any governmental authority pending, or, to the knowledge of SPAC, threatened against SPAC or (ii) judgment, decree, injunction, ruling or order of any governmental entity or arbitrator outstanding against SPAC.

(j) SPAC is in compliance with all applicable laws, except where such noncompliance would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, SPAC has not received any written communication from a governmental authority that alleges that SPAC is not in compliance with or is in default or violation of any applicable law, except where such non-compliance, default or violation would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, the issued and outstanding Shares of SPAC are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act, and are listed for trading on Nasdaq, under the symbol "MAAC" (it being understood that the trading symbol will be different for the Company upon completion of the Transaction). There is no suit, action, proceeding or investigation pending or, to the knowledge of SPAC, threatened against SPAC by Nasdaq or the SEC, respectively, to prohibit or terminate the listing of SPAC's Shares on Nasdaq or to deregister the Shares under the Exchange Act. Except as described in or contemplated by the BCA, SPAC has taken no action as of the date hereof that is designed to terminate the registration of the Shares under the Exchange Act.

(k) Other than the Placement Agents (as defined below), SPAC has not engaged any broker, finder, commission agent, placement agent or arranger in connection with the sale of the Shares, and SPAC is not under

any obligation to pay any broker's fee or commission in connection with the sale of the Shares other than to the Placement Agents

(1) SPAC is not required to obtain any consent, waiver, authorization or order of, give any notice to, or make any filing or registration with, any court or other federal, state, local or other governmental authority, self-regulatory organization or other person in connection with the execution, delivery and performance by SPAC of this Subscription Agreement (including, without limitation, the issuance of the Shares), other than (i) filings with the SEC, (ii) filings required by applicable state securities laws, (iii) filings required in accordance with Section 13 of this Subscription Agreement, (iv) filings required by Nasdaq, or such other applicable stock exchange on which SPAC's common stock is then listed, and (v) the failure of which to obtain would not be reasonably likely to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(m) SPAC is not, and immediately after receipt of payment for the Shares will not be, an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

(n) SPAC acknowledges and agrees that, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Shares may be pledged by the Investor in connection with a *bona fide* margin agreement, provided such pledge shall be (i) pursuant to an available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act or (ii) pursuant to, and in accordance with, a registration statement that is effective under the Securities Act at the time of such pledge, and the Investor effecting a pledge of Shares shall not be required to provide SPAC with any notice thereof; provided, however, that neither SPAC, the Company or their respective counsels shall be required to take any action (or refrain from taking any action) in connection with any such pledge, other than providing any such lender of such margin agreement, upon the prior written request of the Investor, with an acknowledgment that the Shares are not subject to a contractual prohibition on pledging or lock up pursuant to this Subscription Agreement, the form of such acknowledgment to be subject to review and comment by SPAC in all respects.

6. Company Representations and Warranties. The Company represents and warrants to the Investor that:

(a) The Company is an exempted limited company duly organized, validly existing and in good standing (or the equivalent thereto with respect to the jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) under the laws of the Bermuda. The Company has all power (corporate or otherwise) and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and conduct its business as presently conducted and to enter into, deliver and perform its obligations under this Subscription Agreement.

(b) This Subscription Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming that this Subscription Agreement constitutes the valid and binding agreement of the Investor, this Subscription Agreement is enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as may be limited or otherwise affected by (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting the rights of creditors generally, or (ii) principles of equity, whether considered at law or equity.

(c) The execution and delivery of, and the performance of the transactions contemplated hereby, and the compliance by the Company with all of the provisions of this Subscription Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of (i) any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease, license or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is abuyed the the Company or any of its subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole (a "Company Material Adverse Effect") or materially affect the legal authority of the Company to comply in all material respects with the terms of this

Subscription Agreement; (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the organizational documents of the Company; or (iii) result in any violation of any statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body, domestic or foreign, having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its properties that would reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect or materially affect the legal authority of the Company to comply in all material respects with this Subscription Agreement.

(d) Except for such matters as have not had and would not be reasonably expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect, as of the date hereof, there is no (i) action, suit, claim or other proceeding, in each case by or before any governmental authority pending, or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company or (ii) judgment, decree, injunction, ruling or order of any governmental entity or arbitrator outstanding against the Company.

(e) As of the Closing Date, the issued and outstanding Company Shares will be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act, and will be listed for trading on Nasdaq or another national stock exchange. There is no suit, action, proceeding or investigation pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company by Nasdaq or the SEC, respectively, to prohibit the listing of the Company Shares on Nasdaq or to deregister the Company Shares under the Exchange Act.

(f) The Company is in compliance with all applicable laws, except where such non-compliance would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. The Company has not received any written communication from a governmental authority that alleges that the Company is not in compliance with or is in default or violation of any applicable law, except where such non-compliance, default or violation would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

7. Investor Representations and Warranties. The Investor represents and warrants to SPAC that:

(a) The Investor, or each of the funds managed by or affiliated with the Investor for which the Investor is acting as nominee, as applicable, (i) is a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act), or an institutional "accredited investor" (within the meaning of Rule 501(a) under the Securities Act), in each case, satisfying the applicable requirements set forth on <u>Schedule A</u>, (ii) is an "institutional account" (as defined in FINRA Rule 4512(c)), (iii) is acquiring the Shares only for his, her or its own account and not for the account of others, or if the Investor is subscribing for the Shares as a fiduciary or agent for one or more investor accounts, the Investor has full investment discretion with respect to each such account, and the full power and authority to make the acknowledgements, representations and agreements herein on behalf of each owner of each such account, and (iv) is not acquiring the Shares with a view to, or for offer or sale in connection with, any distribution thereof in violation of the Securities Act (and shall provide the requested information set forth on <u>Schedule A</u>). The Investor is not an entity formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the Shares.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Investor acknowledges and agrees that, subsequent to the date of this Subscription Agreement and prior to the Closing, SPAC may enter into one or more additional subscription agreements with additional investors with terms and conditions that are not materially more advantageous to the investor thereunder than this Subscription Agreement, and entry into such agreements may increase the aggregate amount of Shares being subscribed for in the private placement contemplated by this Subscription Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, such additional agreements shall reflect not less than the same Per Share Purchase Price and shall constitute Other Subscription Agreements for purposes of this Agreement, mutatis mutandis.

(c) The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Shares are being offered in a transaction not involving any public offering within the meaning of the Securities Act and that the Shares have not been registered under the Securities Act. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that, other than with respect to any actions taken to consummate the Transaction pursuant to the BCA, the Shares may not be offered, resold, transferred, pledged or otherwise disposed of by the Investor absent an effective registration statement under the

Securities Act except (i) to SPAC or an affiliate thereof, (ii) to non-U.S. persons pursuant to offers and sales that occur outside the United States within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act or (iii) pursuant to another applicable exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, and in each of clauses (i) and (iii) in accordance with any applicable securities laws of the states and other jurisdictions of the United States, and that any certificates representing the Shares shall contain a restrictive legend to such effect. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Shares will be subject to the foregoing transfer restrictions and, as a result of these to readily offer, resell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of the Shares and may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Shares for an indefinite period of time. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that, other than with respect to any actions taken to consummate the Transaction pursuant to the BCA, the Investor may not be able to readily offer, resell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of the Shares and may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Shares for an indefinite period of time. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that, other than with respect to any actions taken to consummate the Transaction pursuant to the BCA, the Shares will not immediately be eligible for offer, resele, transfer, pledge or disposition pursuant to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that it has been advised to consult legal counsel and tax and accounting advisors prior to making any offer, resale, transfer, pledge or disposition of any of the Shares.

(d) The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Investor is purchasing the Shares directly from SPAC. The Investor further acknowledges that there have been no representations, warranties, covenants and agreements made to the Investor by or on behalf of SPAC, the Company, the Placement Agents or any of their respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing or any other person or entity, expressly or by implication, other than those representations, warranties, covenants and agreements of SPAC and the Company expressly set forth in Section 5 and Section 6 of this Subscription Agreement, respectively.

(e) The Investor's acquisition and holding of the Shares will not constitute or result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction under section 406 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any applicable similar law.

(f) The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Investor has received such information as the Investor deems necessary in order to make an investment decision with respect to the Shares, including, with respect to SPAC, the Transaction and the business of the Company and its subsidiaries. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Investor acknowledges that he, she or it has reviewed SPAC's filings with the SEC. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Investor and the Investor's professional advisor(s), if any, have had the full opportunity to ask such questions, receive such answers and obtain such information as the Investor and such Investor's professional advisor(s), if any, have deemed necessary to make an investment decision with respect to the Shares.

(g) The Investor became aware of this offering of the Shares solely by means of direct contact between the Investor and SPAC, the Company or a representative of SPAC or the Company, or by means of contact from any of the Placement Agents in their capacity as such, and the Shares were offered to the Investor solely by direct contact between the Investor and SPAC, the Company or a representative of SPAC or the Company, or by contact between the Investor and one or more Placement Agents in their capacity as such. The Investor did not become aware of this offering of the Shares, nor were the Shares offered to the Investor, by any other means. The Investor acknowledges that the Shares (i) were not offered to it by any form of general advertising, including methods described in section 502(c) of Regulation D under the Securities Act and (ii) to its knowledge, are not being offered in a manner involving a public offering under, or in a distribution in violation of, the Securities Act and any state securities laws. The Investor acknowledges that it is not relying upon, and has not relied upon, any statement, representation or warranty made by any person, firm or corporation (including, without limitation, SPAC, the Company, the Placement Agents, any of their respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing), other than the representations and warranties of SPAC and the Company other advection 5 and Section 5 of this Subscription Agreement, respectively, in making its investment or decision to invest in SPAC.

(h) The Investor acknowledges that it is aware that there are substantial risks incident to the purchase and ownership of the Shares, including those set forth in SPAC's filings with the SEC. The Investor has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risks of an investment in the Shares, and the Investor has sought such accounting, legal and tax advice as the Investor has considered necessary to make an informed investment decision and the Investor has made its own assessment and has satisfied itself concerning relevant tax and other economic considerations relative to its purchase of the Shares. The Investor is able to sustain a complete loss on its investment in the Shares, has no immediate need for liquidity with respect to its investment in the Shares.

(i) Alone, or together with any professional advisor(s), the Investor has adequately analyzed and fully considered the risks of an investment in the Shares and determined that the Shares are a suitable investment for the Investor and that the Investor is able at this time and in the foreseeable future to bear the economic risk of a total loss of the Investor's investment in SPAC. The Investor acknowledges specifically that a possibility of total loss exists.

(j) In making its decision to purchase the Shares, the Investor has relied solely upon independent investigation made by the Investor and SPAC's and the Company's representations and warranties expressly set forth in Section 5 and Section 6 of this Subscription Agreement, respectively, and no other representations and warranties of any kind, whether express or implied, of SPAC or any other person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Investor has not relied on any statements or other information provided by or on behalf of the Placement Agents or any of their respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing concerning SPAC, the Company, the Transaction, the BCA, this Subscription Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, the Shares or the offer and sale of the Shares.

(k) The Investor acknowledges that the Placement Agents: (i) are each acting solely as the SPAC's Placement Agent in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Subscription Agreements and is not acting as an underwriter or in any other capacity and is not and shall not be construed as a fiduciary for the Investor, (ii) have not made or make any representation or warranty, express or implied, of any kind or character and have not provided any advice or recommendation in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Subscription Agreements, (iii) have no responsibility with respect to (a) any representations, warranties or agreements made by any person or entity under or in connection with the Transaction or any of the documents furnished pursuant thereto or in connection herewith, or the execution, legality, validity or enforceability (with respect to any person) of any thereof, or (b) the business, affairs, financial condition, operations, properties or prospects of, or any other matter concerning the SPAC, the Company or the Transaction, (iv) have not acted as the Investor's financial advisor or fiduciary in connection with the issue and purchase of Shares, (v) may have acquired, or during the term of the Shares may acquire, non-public information with respect to the Company, which, subject to the Company (including, but not limited to, lending, depository, risk management, advisory and banking relationships) and will pursue actions and take steps that it deems or they deem necessary or appropriate to protect its or their interests arising therefrom without regard to the consequences for a holder of Shares; and (wii) shall have no liability or or with respect to any losses, claims, damages, obligations, penalties, judgments, awards, liabilities, costs, expenses or diaburge through the Investor, the Company or any other reson or entity), whether in contract, tort or otherwise, to the Investor, or to any person or entity), whether in contract, tort or otherwise, to the Investor, or any other per

(1) The Investor acknowledges that it has not relied on the Placement Agents in connection with its determination as to the legality of its acquisition of the Shares or as to the other matters referred to herein and the Investor has not relied on any investigation that the Placement Agents, any of their affiliates or any person acting on their behalf have conducted with respect to the Shares, SPAC or the Company. The Investor further

acknowledges that it has not relied on any information contained in any research reports prepared by the Placement Agents or any of their affiliates

(m) The Investor acknowledges that J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and SVB Leerink LLC are each acting as financial advisors to the

Company (i) in connection with the Transaction and (ii) in connection with the Company's contemplated acquisition of all issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Immunovant, Inc. not currently owned by the Company (the "Immunovant Acquisition"), as disclosed on Schedule 13D filed on March 8, 2021 by the Company (it being understood and agreed by the Investor that the purchase of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement on the Closing Date and the closing of the Transaction shall not be contingent on the consummation of the contemplated Immunovant Acquisition).

(n) The Investor acknowledges and agrees that no federal or state agency has passed upon or endorsed the merits of the offering of the Shares or made any findings or determination as to the fairness of this investment.

(o) The Investor, if not an individual, has been duly formed or incorporated and is validly existing and is in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of formation or incorporation, with power and authority to enter into, deliver and perform its obligations under this Subscription Agreement.

(p) The execution, delivery and performance by the Investor of this Subscription Agreement are within the powers of the Investor, have been duly authorized and will not constitute or result in a breach or default under or conflict with any order, ruling or regulation of any court or other tribunal or of any governmental commission or agency, or any agreement or other undertaking, to which the Investor is a party or by which the Investor is bound, and, if the Investor is not an individual, will not violate any provisions of the Investor's organizational documents, including, without limitation, its incorporation or formation papers, bylaws, indenture of trust or partnership or operating agreement, as may be applicable. The signature of the Investor on this Subscription Agreement is genuine, and the signatory, if the Investor is an individual, has legal competence and capacity to execute the same or, if the Investor is not an individual, the signatory has been duly authorized to execute the same, and, assuming that this Subscription Agreement constitutes the valid and binding obligation of SPAC, this Subscription Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Investor, enforceable against the Investor in accordance with its terms except as may be limited or otherwise affected by (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting the rights of creditors generally, and (ii) principles of equity, whether considered at law or equity.

(q) The Investor is not (i) a person or entity named on the List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons administered by the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("<u>OFAC</u>") or in any Executive Order issued by the President of the United States and administered by OFAC ("<u>OFAC List</u>"), or a person or entity prohibited by any OFAC sanctions program; (ii) owned, directly or indirectly, or controlled by, or acting on behalf of, one or more persons that are named on the OFAC List; (iii) organized, incorporated, established, located, resident or born in, or a citizen, national or the government, including any political subdivision, agency or instrumentality thereof, of, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Syria, the Crimea region of Ukraine or any other country or territory embargoed or subject to substantial trade restrictions by the United States; (iv) a Designated National as defined in the Cuban Assets Control Regulations, 31 C.F.R. Part 515; or (v) a non-U.S. shell bank or providing banking services indirectly to a non-U.S. shell bank (each, a "<u>Prohibited Investor</u>"). The Investor agrees to provide law enforcement agencies, if requested thereby, such records as required by applicable law, provided that the Investor is permitted to do so under applicable law. If the Investor is a financial institution subject to the Bank Secrecy Act (31 U.S.C. Section 5311 et seq.) (the "<u>BSA/PATRIOT Act</u>"), the Investor maintains policies and procedures reasonably designed to comply with applicable lobilgations under the BSA/PATRIOT Act. To the extent required, it maintains policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance with OFAC-List. To the extent required, it maintains policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance with OFAC. List. To the extent required or the screening of its investors against the OFAC sanctions programs, including for the screening of its investors against the OFAC sanctions programs, including the OFAC list. To the extent required

by applicable law, the Investor maintains policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure that the funds held by the Investor and used to purchase the Shares were legally derived and were not obtained, directly or indirectly, from a Prohibited Investor.

(r) The Investor acknowledges that no disclosure or offering document has been prepared by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, SVB Leerink LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., any additional placement agent that may be engaged by SPAC, or any of their respective affiliates (collectively, the "Placement Agents") in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares.

(s) The Investor acknowledges that neither Placement Agents, nor any of their respective affiliates nor any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing have made any independent investigation with respect to SPAC, the Company or its subsidiaries or any of their respective businesses, or the Shares or the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of any information supplied to the Investor by SPAC.

(t) The Investor, when required to deliver payment to SPAC pursuant to Section 2 above, will have, sufficient funds to pay the Subscription Amount and consummate the purchase and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement.

(u) The Investor agrees that, from the date of this Subscription Agreement until the Closing or the earlier termination of this Subscription Agreement, none of Investor, its controlled affiliates, or any person or entity acting on behalf of the Investor or any of its controlled affiliates or pursuant to any understanding with the Investor or any of its controlled affiliates, or any person or entity acting on behalf of the Investor or any of its controlled affiliates or pursuant to any understanding with the Investor or any of its controlled affiliates, will engage in any Short Sales' with respect to securities of the SPAC. For the purposes hereof, "Short Sales" shall include, without limitation, all "short sales" as defined in Rule 200 promulgated under Regulation SHO under the Exchange Act, and all types of direct and indirect stock pledges (other than pledges in the ordinary course of business as part of prime brokerage arrangements), forward sale contracts, options, puts, calls, swaps and similar arrangements (including on a total return basis), including through non-U.S. broker dealers or foreign regulated brokers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (A) nothing herein shall prohibit (x) other entities under common management with the Investor with whom the Investor is not acting in concert with respect to any trading in securities of the SPAC, this Subscription Agreement or the Investor signaticipation in this offering of the Shares including the Investor's controlled affiliates, or (y) in the case of an Investor that is externally managed, advised or sub-advised by another person, any other person and the portfolio managers have no knowledge of the investment decisions made by the portfolio managers managing other portions of such Investor's assets and the portfolio managers have no knowledge of the investment decisions made by the portfolio managers managing other portions of such Investor's assets, this Section (u) shall apply only with respect to securities of the SPAC. bithe Subscription Agreement, For the

(v) Except as expressly disclosed in a Schedule 13D or Schedule 13G (or amendments thereto) filed by such Investor with the SEC with respect to the beneficial ownership of the SPAC's common stock, the Investor is not currently (and at all times through Closing will refrain from being or becoming) a member of a "group" (within the meaning of section 13(d)(3) or section 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act) acting for the purpose of acquiring, holding or disposing of equity securities of the SPAC (within the meaning of Rule 13d-5(b)(1) under the Exchange Act).

(w) No broker, finder or other financial consultant has acted on behalf of the Investor in connection with this Subscription Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.

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(x) The Investor acknowledges the SEC's issuance of the Statement, and the Investor agrees that any actions taken by SPAC in connection with, or as may be necessary or advisable to address the potential implications of, such Statement or review shall not be deemed to constitute a breach of any of the representations, warranties or covenants in this Subscription Agreement; provided, however, that any such actions may not materially and adversely affect the rights of the Investor (in its capacity as such) under this Subscription Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, any restatement or the financial statements of SPAC and any amendments to previously filed SEC reports or delays in filing SEC reports, in connection with the Statement or any subsequent related agreements or other guidance from the SEC with respect to the Statements.

8. Registration Rights

(a) In the event that the Shares are not registered in connection with the consummation of the Transaction, the Company agrees that, within thirty (30) calendar days after the Closing Date (the "Filing Deadline"), it will file with the SEC (at its sole cost and expense) a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") registering the resale of the Shares, and it shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to have the Registration Statement declared effective as soon as practicable after the filing thereof, but no later than the earlier of (i) sixty (60) calendar days after the filing thereof (or ninety (90) calendar days after the filing thereof if the SEC notifies the Company that it will "review" the Registration Statement) and (ii) five (5) business days after the Company is notified (orally or in writing, whichever is earlier) by the SEC that the Registration Statement will not be "reviewed" or will not be subject to further review ((i) and (ii) collectively, the "Effectiveness Deadline"). In connection with the foregoing and with all transactions contemplated by this Subscription Agreement, Investor shall not be required to execute any lock-up or similar agreement or otherwise be subject to any contractual restriction on the ability to transfer the Shares. The Company agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause such Registration Statement, or another shelf registration statement that includes the Shares to be sold pursuant to this Subscription Agreement, to remain effective until the earliest of (i) the second anniversary of the Closing, (ii) the date on which the Investor ceases to hold any Shares issued pursuant to this Subscription Agreement, or (iii) on the first date on which the Investor is able to sell all of its Shares issued pursuant to this Subscription Agreement (or shares received in exchange therefor) under Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act ("Rule 144") within ninety (90) calendar days without the public information, volume or manner of sale limitations of such rule (such date, the "End Date"). Prior to the End Date, the Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to (1) qualify the Shares for listing on Nasdaq or another applicable national stock exchange and (2) update or amend the Registration Statement as necessary to include the Shares. Subject to receipt from the Investor by the Company and its transfer agent of customary representations and other documentation reasonably acceptable to the Company and the transfer agent in connection therewith, including, if required by the transfer agent, an opinion of the Company's counsel in a form reasonably acceptable to the transfer agent, the Investor may request that the Company remove any legend from the book-entry position evidencing the Shares following the earliest of such time as the Shares (A) have been or are being sold or transferred pursuant to an effective registration statement or (B) have been or are being sold pursuant to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act ("Rule 144"). To the extent required by the Company's transfer agent, the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause its legal counsel to deliver a customary opinion within two business days of the delivery of all reasonably necessary representations and other documentation from the Investor as reasonably requested by the Company's transfer agent. If restrictive legends are no longer required for the Shares pursuant to the foregoing, the Company shall, reasonably promptly following any request therefor from the Investor as described above (and no later than five (5) business days after such request), deliver to the transfer agent instructions to remove such restrictive legends from the Shares of the Investor. The Company may amend the Registration Statement so as to convert the Registration Statement to a Registration Statement on Form S-3 at such time after the Company becomes eligible to use such Form S-3. For as long as the Investor holds the Shares, the Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to file all reports, and provide all customary and reasonable cooperation, necessary to enable the Investor to resell the Shares pursuant to the Registration Statement or Rule 144 of the Securities Act (when Rule 144 of the

Securities Act becomes available to the Investor), as applicable. In no event shall the undersigned be identified as a statutory underwriter in the Registration Statement unless in response to a comment or request from the staff of the SEC or another regulatory agency; provided, however, that if the SEC requests that the undersigned be identified as a statutory underwriter in the Registration Statement, the undersigned will have an opportunity to withdraw from the Registration Statement. For purposes of clarification, any failure by the Company to file the Registration Statement by the Filing Deadline or to effect such Registration Statement by the Effectiveness Deadline shall not otherwise relieve the Company of its obligations to file the Registration Statement or effect the registration of the Shares set forth in this Section 8. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that the Company may suspend the use of any such registration statement if it determines in good faith, upon advice of legal counsel (internal counsel being sufficient), that in order for such registration statement not to contain a material misstatement or omission, an amendment thereto would be needed to include information that would at that time not otherwise be required in a current, quarterly, or annual report under the Exchange Act, provided, that, (I) the Company shall not so delay filing or so suspend the use of the Registration Statement on more than three (3) occasions for a period of more than sixty (60) consecutive days or more than a total of ninety (90) calendar days, in each case in any three hundred sixty (360) day period and (II) the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to make such Registration Statement available for the sale by the Investor of such securities as soon as practicable thereafter. The Company's obligations to include the Shares issued pursuant to this Subscription Agreement (or shares issued in exchange therefor) for resale in the Registration Statement are contingent upon the Investor furnishing in writing to the Company such information regarding the Investor, the securities of the Company held by the Investor and the intended method of disposition of such Shares, as shall be reasonably requested by the Company to effect the registration of such Shares, and shall execute such documents in connection with such registration as the Company may reasonably request that are customary of a selling stockholder in similar situations. The Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to provide a draft of the Registration Statement to the Investor for review at least two (2) business days in advance of filing the Registration Statement; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall the Company be required to delay or postpone the filing of such Registration Statement as a result of or in connection with the Investor's review.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the SEC prevents the Company from including any or all of the Shares proposed to be registered under the Registration Statement due to limitations on the use of Rule 415 of the Securities Act for the resale of Shares by the applicable stockholders or otherwise, such Registration Statement shall register for resale such number of Shares which is equal to the maximum number of Shares as is permitted by the SEC. In such event, the number of Shares to be registered for each selling stockholder named in the Registration Statement shall be reduced pro rata among all such selling stockholders and as promptly as practicable after being permitted to register additional Shares under Rule 415 under the Securities Act, the Company shall amend the Registration Statement or file a new Registration Statement to register such Shares not included in the initial Registration Statement and use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause such amendment or Registration Statement to become effective as promptly as practicable.

(c) In the case of the registration, qualification, exemption or compliance effected by the Company pursuant to this Agreement, the Company shall, upon reasonable request, inform Investor as to the status of such registration, qualification, exemption and compliance. At its expense, the Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to advise Investor reasonably promptly (but within no later than 5 business days):

(i) when a Registration Statement or any amendment thereto has been filed with the SEC and when a Registration Statement or any post-effective amendment thereto has become effective;

(ii) after it shall receive notice or obtain knowledge thereof, of the issuance by the SEC of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of any Registration Statement or the initiation of any proceedings for such purpose;

(iii) of the receipt by the Company of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Shares included therein for sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose; and

(iv) subject to the provisions in this Subscription Agreement, of the occurrence of any event that requires the making of any changes in any Registration Statement or prospectus included therein so that, as of such date, the statements therein are not misleading and do not omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein (in the case of a prospectus, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading.

Upon receipt of any written notice from the Company (which notice shall not contain any material non-public information regarding the Company) of the happening any event contemplated in clauses (ii) through (iv) above during the period that the Registration Statement is effective or if as a result of the occurrence of such event the Registration Statement or related prospectus contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made (in the case of the prospectus) not misleading, the undersigned Investor agrees that (1) it will immediately discontinue offers and sales of the Shares under the Registration Statement (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, sales conducted pursuant to Rule 144) until the undersigned Investor receives copies of a supplemental or amended prospectus (which Company agrees to promptly prepare) that corrects the misstatement(s) or omission(s) referred to above and receives notice that any post-effective amendment has become effective or unless otherwise notified by Company that it may resume such offers and sales, and (2) it will maintain the confidentiality of any information included in such written notice delivered by Company except (A) for disclosure to the Investor's employees, agents and professional advisers who need to know such information and are obligated to keep it confidential, (B) for disclosures to the extent required in order to comply with reporting obligations to its limited partners who have agreed to keep such information confidential and (C) as required by law or subpoena. The Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the withdrawal of any order suspending the effectiveness of any Registration Statement as soon as reasonably practicable. Upon the occurrence of a prospectus forming part of a Registration Statement, the Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to a ssoon as rea

(d) Indemnification

(i) The Company shall indemnify Investor (to the extent a seller under the Registration Statement), its officers, directors, advisers and agents, and each person who controls Investor (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, costs (including reasonably incurred and documented expenses (collectively, "Losses") that arise out of or are based upon any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained or incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement pursuant to which Investor's Shares are registered, any prospectus included in the Registration Statement or any form of prospectus or in any preliminary prospectus, or arising out of or relating to any omission or alleged omission to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein (in the case of any prospectus or form of prospectus or supplement thereto, in light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading. Necept to the extent that such untrue statements or alleged untrue statements or alleged untrue statements or alleged untrue statements or alleged to mission or alleged untrue statements or and state and prospectus or supplement theretor).

(ii) The Investor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors, officers, agents and employees, and each person who controls the Company (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities

Act and Section 20 of the Exchange Act), to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, from and against all Losses arising out of or are based upon any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained or incorporated by reference in any Registration Statement pursuant to which Investor's Shares are registered, any prospectus included in the Registration Statement, or any form of prospectus, or in any amendment or supplement thereto or in any preliminary prospectus, or arising out of or relating to any omission or alleged omission of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein (in the case of any prospectus, or any form of prospectus or supplement thereto, in light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statements or omissions are based upon information regarding Investor furnished in writing to the Company by the Investor expressly for use therein. In no event shall the liability of Investor be greater in amount than the dollar amount of the net proceeds received by Investor upon the sale of the subscribed Shares giving rise to such indemnification obligation. The Investor shall notify the Company promptly of the institution, threat or assertion of any proceeding arising from or in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Section 8 of which the Investor is aware.

(iii) Any person entitled to indemnification herein shall (1) give prompt written notice to the indemnifying party of any claim with respect to which it seeks indemnification (provided that the failure to give prompt notice shall not impair any person's right to indemnification hereunder to the extent such failure has not prejudiced the indemnifying party) and (2) permit such indemnifying party to assume the defense of such claim with counsel reasonably satisfactory to the indemnified party. If such defense is assumed, the indemnifying party shall not be subject to any liability for any settlement made by the indemnified party. If such defense is assumed, the indemnifying party who elects not to assume the defense of a claim shall not be obligated to pay the fees and expenses of more than one counsel for all parties indemnified by such indemnifying party with respect to such claim, unless in the reasonable judgment of legal counsel to any indemnified party a conflict of interest exists between such indemnified party (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), consent to the entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement which cannot be settled in all respects by the payment of money (and such money is so paid by the indemnifying party pursuant to the terms of such settlement) or which settlement does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff outsuch indemnified party of a release from all liability in respect to such claim on.

(iv) The indemnification provided for under this Subscription Agreement shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the indemnified party or any officer, director, employee, agent, affiliate or controlling person of such indemnified party and shall survive the transfer of the Shares purchased pursuant to this Subscription Agreement.

(v) If the indemnification provided under this Section 8(d) from the indemnifying party is unavailable or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party in respect of any losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses referred to herein, then the indemnifying party, in lieu of indemnifying party, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by the indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party and the indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party and the indemnified party as a well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault of the indemnifying party and indemnified party shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether any action in question, including any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact, was made by, or relates to information supplied by, such indemnifying party or ornexision or alleged omission to state a material fact, was made by, or relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such action. The amount paid or payable by a party as a result of the losses or other liabilities referred to above shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth in this Section 8(d), any legal or other fees, charges or expenses reasonably incurred by such party in connection with any investigation or proceeding. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be

entitled to contribution pursuant to this Section (8(d)(v) from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. Each indemnifying party's obligation to make a contribution pursuant to this Section 8(d)(v) shall be individual, not joint and several, and in no event shall the liability of any Investor hereunder be greater in amount than the dollar amount of the net proceeds received by such Investor upon the sale of the subscribed Shares giving rise to such indemnification obligation.

(e) The Company shall not hereafter enter into, and is not currently a party to, any Other Subscription Agreements with respect to the Shares that is inconsistent in any material respect with, or superior to, the registration rights granted to Investor by this Subscription Agreement. Notwithstanding any other rights and remedies Investor may have in respect of the Company or such Other Investors pursuant to this Subscription Agreement, if the Company enters into any other registration rights or similar agreement with respect to the Shares that contains provisions that violate the preceding sentence, the terms and conditions of this Subscription Agreement shall be deemed to have been amended without further action by the Company or Investor so that Investor shall be entitled to the benefit of any such more favorable or less restrictive terms or conditions, as the case may be.

9. Termination. This Subscription Agreement shall terminate and be void and of no further force and effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall terminate without any further liability on the part of any party in respect thereof, upon the earlier to occur of (a) such date and time as the BCA is terminated in accordance with its terms without being consummated, (b) upon the mutual written agreement of each of the parties hereto to terminate this Subscription Agreement, (c) December 30, 2021, if the Closing has not occurred by such date, or (d) if any of the conditions to Closing set forth in Section 3 of this Subscription Agreement are (i) not satisfied or waived or (ii) not capable of being satisfied and, in each case of (i) and (ii), as a result thereof, the transactions contemplated by this Subscription Agreement will not be and are not communed at the Closing (the termination events described in clauses (a)–(d) above, collectively, the "Termination Events"); provided that in the case of clause (d), to the extent such failure to satisfy the conditions to Closing set forth in Section 3 of this Subscription Agreement is caused by the Investor's failure to satisfy such conditions, termination shall instead be at the election of SPAC; provided, further, that nothing herein will relieve any party from liability for any willful breach hereof prior to the time of termination. SPAC; provided to any remedies at law or in equity to recover losses, liabilities or damages arising from any such willful breach. SPAC shall notify the Investor in writing of the termination of the BCA promptly after the termination of such agreement. Upon the occurrence of any Termination Event is of Subscription Agreement, shall be void and of no further effect and any monies paid by the Investor to SPAC in connection herewith shall promptly (and in any event within one (1) business day) following the Termination Event termination Event termination Event termination Event terminate in Events.

10. <u>Trust Account Waiver</u>. The Investor acknowledges that SPAC is a blank check company with the powers and privileges to effect a merger, asset acquisition, reorganization or similar business combination involving SPAC and one or more businesses or assets. The Investor further acknowledges that, as described in SPAC's prospectus relating to its initial public offering dated October 6, 2020 (the "<u>Prospectus</u>") available at www.sec.gov, substantially all of SPAC's assets consist of the cash proceeds of SPAC's initial public offering and private placement of its securities, and substantially all of those proceeds have been deposited in a trust account (the "<u>Trust Account</u>") for the benefit of SPAC, its public shareholders and the underwriters of SPAC's initial public offering. Except with respect to interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account may be released to SPAC to pay its tax obligations and to fund certain of its working capital requirements, the cash in the Trust Account may be disbursed only for the purposes set forth in the Prospectus. For and in consideration of SPAC entering into this Subscription Agreement, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Investor hereby irrevocably waives any and all right, title and interest, or any claim of any kind it has or may have in the future, in or to any monies held in the Trust Account, and agrees not to seek recourse against the Trust Account as a result of, or arising out of, this Subscription Agreement; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 10 shall be deemed to limit the Investor's right, title, interest or claim to any monies held in the Trust Account by virtue of its record or beneficial ownership of Shares (x) acquired by any means other than pursuant

to this Subscription Agreement or (y) currently outstanding on the date hereof, pursuant to a validly exercised redemption right with respect to any such Shares, except to the extent that the Investor has otherwise agreed in writing with SPAC to not exercise such redemption right.

11. Miscellaneous.

(a) Neither this Subscription Agreement nor any rights that may accrue to the parties hereunder (other than the Shares acquired hereunder, if any) may be transferred or assigned without the prior written consent of each of the other parties hereto; provided that (i) this Subscription Agreement and any of the Investor's rights and obligations hereunder may be assigned to an affiliate or any fund or account advised or managed by the Investor or the same investment manager or investment advisor as the Investor or by an affiliate (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) of such investment manager or investment advisor as the Investor or by an affiliate (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) of such investment manager or investment advisor without the prior consent of SPAC or the Company; provided, however, the Investor shall provide notice of any such assignment to SPAC and the Company and (ii) the Investor's rights under Section 8 may be assigned to an assignee or transferee of the Shares; provided further that prior to such assignment assignee shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms hereof. Upon such assignment by the Investor in accordance with this Section (a), the assignee shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms hereof. Upon such assignment by the Investor for such assignment; provided, that no assignment pursuant to clause (i) of this Section 11(a) shall relieve the Investor of its obligations hereunder, except to the extent actually performed in accordance with the terms hereof, unless consented to in writing by SPAC and the Company (such consent not to be unreasonably conditioned, delaved or withheld).

(b) SPAC and/or the Company may request from the Investor such additional information as they may reasonably deem necessary to register the resale of the Shares and evaluate the eligibility of the Investor to acquire the Shares, and the Investor shall promptly provide such information as may reasonably be requested to the extent readily available; provided, that, each of SPAC and the Company agrees to keep any such information provided by Investor confidential except (i) as necessary to include in any registration statement required to be filed hereunder, (ii) as required by the federal securities law or pursuant to other routine proceedings of regulatory authorities or (iii) to the extent such disclosure is required by law, at the request of the staff of the SEC or regulatory agency or under the regulations of any national securities exchange on which SPAC's or the Company's securities, as the case may be, are listed for trading. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that if it does not provide SPAC and/or the Company with such requested information, the Investor's Shares may not be registered for resale pursuant to Section 8 hereof. The Investor acknowledges that SPAC and/or the Company may file a copy of this Subscription Agreement (or a form of this Subscription Agreement) with the SEC as an exhibit to a periodic report or a registration statement of SPAC or the Company.

(c) The Investor acknowledges that (i) SPAC and the Company will rely on the acknowledgments, understandings, agreements, representations and warranties of the Investor contained in this Subscription Agreement, including Schedule A hereto and (ii) the Placement Agents will rely on the acknowledgments, understandings, agreements, representations and warranties of the Investor contained in this Subscription Agreement, including Schedule A hereto. Each of SPAC and the Company acknowledges that the Investor will rely on the acknowledgments, understandings, agreements, representations and warranties of each of SPAC and the Company contained in this Subscription Agreement. Prior to the Closing, the Investor agreements representations and warranties of each of SPAC and the Company contained in this Subscription Agreement. Prior to the Closing, the Investor agreements are no longer accurate in any material respect (other than those acknowledgments, understandings, agreements, representations and warranties qualified by materiality, in which case the Investor shall notify SPAC if they are no longer accurate in any respect). Investor further acknowledges and agrees that each of the Placement Agents is a third-party beneficiary of the representations and warranties of the Investor acknowledges and agrees that the purchase by the Investor of Shares from SPAC will constitute a reaffirmation of the acknowledgements, understandings, agreements, representations and warranties of the time of such purchase.

(d) Each of SPAC, the Company, the Investor and the Placement Agents is each entitled to rely upon this Subscription Agreement and each is irrevocably authorized to produce this Subscription Agreement or a copy hereof to any interested party in any administrative or legal proceeding or official inquiry with respect to the matters covered hereby; provided, however, that the foregoing clause of this Section 11(d) shall not give the Company or the Placement Agents any rights other than those expressly set forth in this Section 11(d) and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing and for the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall the Company be entitled to rely on any of the representations and warranties of SPAC set forth in this Subscription Agreement.

(e) All of the agreements, representations and warranties made by each party hereto in this Subscription Agreement shall survive the Closing.

(f) This Subscription Agreement may not be amended, modified, waived or terminated (other than pursuant to the terms of Section 9 above) except by an instrument in writing, signed by each of the parties hereto. No failure or delay of either party in exercising any right or remedy hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or power, or any abandonment or discontinuance of steps to enforce such right or power, or any course of conduct, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right or power. The rights and remedies of the parties hereunder are cumulative and are not exclusive of any rights or remedies that they would otherwise have hereunder.

(g) This Subscription Agreement (including the schedule hereto) constitutes the entire agreement, and supersedes all other prior agreements, understandings, representations and warranties, both written and oral, among the parties, with respect to the subject matter hereof. Except as expressly otherwise provided herein, this Subscription Agreement shall not confer any rights or remedies upon any person other than the parties hereto, and their respective successors and assigns, and the parties hereto acknowledge that such persons so referenced are third party beneficiaries of this Subscription Agreement for the purposes of, and to the extent of, the rights granted to them, if any, pursuant to the applicable provisions.

(h) Except as otherwise provided herein, this Subscription Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives, and permitted assigns, and the agreements, representations, warranties, covenants and acknowledgments contained herein shall be deemed to be made by, and be binding upon, such heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.

(i) If any provision of this Subscription Agreement shall be adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Subscription Agreement shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and shall continue in full force and effect.

(j) This Subscription Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic mail or in .pdf) and by different parties in separate counterparts, with the same effect as if all parties hereto had signed the same document. All counterparts so executed and delivered shall be construed together and shall constitute one and the same agreement.

(k) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of this Subscription Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached. It is accordingly agreed that the parties shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Subscription Agreement, without posting a bond or undertaking and without proof of damages, to enforce specifically the terms and provisions of this Subscription Agreement, this being in addition to any other remedy to which such party is entitled at law, in equity, in contract, in tort or otherwise.

(1) If any change in the number, type or classes of authorized shares of SPAC (including the Shares), other than as contemplated by the BCA or any agreement contemplated by the BCA, shall occur between the date

hereof and immediately prior to the Closing by reason of reclassification, recapitalization, stock split (including reverse stock split) or combination, exchange or readjustment of shares, or any stock dividend, the number of Shares issued to the Investor and the Per Share Purchase Price shall be appropriately adjusted to reflect such change.

(m) This Subscription Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware (regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflicts of laws thereof) as to all matters (including any action, suit, litigation, arbitration, mediation, claim, charge, complaint, inquiry, proceeding, hearing, audit, investigation or reviews by or before any governmental entity related hereto), including matters of validity, construction, effect, performance and remedies.

(n) Each party hereto hereby, and any person asserting rights as a third party beneficiary may do so only if he, she or it, irrevocably agrees that any action, suit or proceeding between or among the parties hereto, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, arising in connection with any disagreement, dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Subscription Agreement or any related document or any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby ("Legal Dispute") shall be brought only to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Delaware or the federal courts located in the State of Delaware, and each party hereto hereby consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding that is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum. During the period a Legal Dispute that is filed in accordance with this Section 11(n) is pending before a court, all actions, suits or proceedings with respect to such Legal Dispute or any other Legal Dispute, including any counterclaim, cross-claim or interpleader, shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of such court. Each party hereto and any person asserting rights as a third party beneficiary may do so only if he, she or it hereby waives, and shall not assert as a defense in any Legal Dispute, that (i) such party is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the above named courts for any reason, (ii) such action, suit or proceeding may not be brought or is not maintainable in such court, (iii) such party's property is exempt or immune from execution, (iv) such action, suit or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, or (v) the venue of such action, suit or proceeding is improper. A final judgment in any action, suit or proceeding described in this Section 11(n) following the expiration of any period permitted for appeal and subject to any stay during appeal shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by applicable laws. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND ANY PERSON ASSERTING RIGHTS AS A THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARY MAY DO SO ONLY IF HE, SHE OR IT IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY ON ANY CLAIMS OR COUNTERCLAIMS ASSERTED IN ANY LEGAL DISPUTE RELATING TO THIS SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY AND FOR ANY COUNTERCLAIM RELATING THERETO. IF THE SUBJECT MATTER OF ANY SUCH LEGAL DISPUTE IS ONE IN WHICH THE WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL IS PROHIBITED, NO PARTY HERETO NOR ANY PERSON ASSERTING RIGHTS AS A THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARY SHALL ASSERT IN SUCH LEGAL DISPUTE A NONCOMPULSORY COUNTERCLAIM ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY, FURTHERMORE, NO PARTY HERETO NOR ANY PERSON ASSERTING RIGHTS AS A THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARY SHALL SEEK TO CONSOLIDATE ANY SUCH LEGAL DISPUTE WITH A SEPARATE ACTION OR OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDING IN WHICH A JURY TRIAL CANNOT BE WAIVED.

(o) Any notice or communication required or permitted hereunder to be given to a party hereto shall be in writing and either delivered personally, emailed or sent by overnight mail via a reputable overnight carrier, or sent by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, to such address(es) or email address(es) set forth on the signature page hereto, and shall be deemed to be given and received (i) when so delivered personally, (ii) when sent, with no mail undeliverable or other rejection notice, if sent by email, or (iii) three (3) business days after the

date of mailing to the address below or to such other address or addresses as the party may hereafter designate by notice given hereunder:

(i) if to Investor, to such address(es) or email address(es) as set forth herein; (ii) if to SPAC, to: Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. 724 Oak Grove, Suite 130 Menlo Park, CA 94025 Attention: Maria Walker E-mail: maria@patientsquarecapital.com with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to: Kirkland & Ellis LLP 601 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 Attention: Michael E. Weisser, P.C. Ryan Brissette E-mail: michael.weisser@kirkland.com ryan.brissette@kirkland.com (iii) if to the Company, to: Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom Attention: Matthew Gline E-mail: matthew.gline@roivant.com legalnotices@roivant.com with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to: Roivant Sciences, Inc. 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor New York, NY 10036 Attention: General Counsel E-mail: jo.chen@roivant.com -and-Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017 Attention: Derek Dostal Brian Wolfe Lee Hochbaum E-mail: derek.dostal@davispolk.com brian.wolfe@davispolk.com lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com

12. <u>Non-Reliance and Exculpation</u>. The Investor acknowledges that it is not relying upon, and has not relied upon, any statement, representation or warranty made by any person, firm or corporation (including, without limitation, the Placement Agents, any of their respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors,

employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing), other than the statements, representations and warranties of SPAC and the Company expressly contained in Section 5 and Section 6 of this Subscription Agreement, respectively, in making its investment or decision to invest in SPAC. The Investor acknowledges and agrees that none of (i) any other investor pursuant to this Subscription Agreement or any other subscription agreement related to the private placement of the Shares (including the investor's respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing), (ii) the Placement Agents, their respective affiliates or any control persons, officers, directors, employees, partners, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing, or (iii) any other party to the BCA or any Non-Party Affiliate (other than SPAC or the Company with respect to the previous sentence), shall have any liability to the Investor, or to any other investor, pursuant to, arising out of or relating to this Subscription Agreement or any other subscription agreement related to the private placement of the Shares, the negotiation hereof or thereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including, without limitation, with respect to any action heretofore or hereafter taken or omitted to be taken by any of them in connection with the purchase of the Shares or with respect to any claim (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) for breach of this Subscription Agreement or in respect of any written or oral representations made or alleged to be made in connection herewith, as expressly provided herein, or for any actual or alleged inaccuracies, misstatements or omissions with respect to any information or materials of any kind furnished by SPAC, the Company, the Placement Agents or any Non-Party Affiliate concerning SPAC, the Company, the Placement Agents, any of their controlled affiliates, this Subscription Agreement

13. <u>Disclosure</u>. SPAC shall, by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first (1st) business day immediately following the date of this Subscription Agreement, issue one or more press releases or file with the SEC a Current Report on Form 8-K (collectively, the "Disclosure Document") disclosing all material terms of the transactions contemplated hereby and by the Other Subscription Agreements, the Transaction and any other material, nonpublic information that SPAC has provided to the Investor at any time prior to the filing of the Disclosure Document. Upon the issuance of the Disclosure Document, to the actual knowledge of SPAC, the Investor shall not be in possession of any material, non-public information received from SPAC or any of its officers, directors, or employees or agents (including the Placement Agents), and the Investor shall no longer be subject to any confidentiality or similar obligations under any current agreement, whether written or oral, with SPAC or any of its affiliates, relating to the transactions contemplated by this Subscription Agreement. Notwithstanding anything in this Subscription Agreement to the contrary, neither SPAC. Nor the Company shall publicly disclose the name of the Investor or any of its affiliates or advisers, or include the name of the Investor or any of its affiliates or advisers, or include the name of the Investor (a) in any press release or marketing materials or (b) in any filing with the SEC or any regulatory agency or trading market except (i) as required by the federal securities law or pursuant to other routine proceedings of regulatory authorities, (ii) to the extent such disclosure is required by law, at the request of the SEC or regulatory agency or under the regulations contain only information previously disclosed in a public statement, press release or other communication previously approved in accordance with this Section 13; provided that, in each case of (i), (ii), or (iii), SPAC will provide the Investor with written notice (including by e-mail) of an

14. <u>Separate Obligations</u>. For the avoidance of doubt, all obligations of the Investor hereunder are separate and several from the obligations of any Other Investor. The decision of Investor to purchase the Shares pursuant to this Subscription Agreement has been made by Investor independently of any Other Investor or any other investor and independently of any information, materials, statements or opinions as to the business, affairs, operations, assets, properties, liabilities, results of operations, condition (financial or otherwise) or prospects of SPAC, the Company, or any of their respective subsidiaries which may have been made or given by any Other

Investor or investor or by any agent or employee of any Other Investor or investor, and neither Investor nor any of its agents or employees shall have any liability to any Other Investor or investor (or any other person) relating to or arising from any such information, materials, statements or opinions. Nothing contained herein or in any Other Subscription Agreement, and no action taken by Investor or Other Investors pursuant hereto or thereto, shall be deemed to constitute Investor and Other Investors or other investors are a partnership, an association, a joint venture or any other kind of entity, or create a presumption that Investor and Other Investors or other investors are in any way acting in concert or as a group with respect to such obligations or the transactions contemplated by this Subscription Agreement and the Other Subscription Agreements. The Investor will be acting as agent for Investor in connection with making its investment hereunder and no Other Investor will be acting as agent for Investor in connection with making its rights under this Subscription Agreement, The Investor shall be entitled to independently protect and enforce its rights, including without limitation the rights arising out of this Subscription Agreement, and it shall not be necessary for any Other Investor or investor to be joined as an additional party in any proceeding for such purpose.

15. <u>Massachusetts Business Trust</u>. If Investor is a Massachusetts Business Trust, a copy of the Declaration of Trust of Investor or any affiliate thereof is on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and notice is hereby given that the Subscription Agreement is executed on behalf of the trustees of Investor or any affiliate thereof as trustees and not individually and that the obligations of the Subscription Agreement are not binding on any of the trustees, officers or stockholders of Investor or any affiliate thereof individually but are binding only upon Investor or any affiliate thereof and its assets and property.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Investor has executed or caused this Subscription Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized representative

as of the date set forth below.	
Name of Investor:	State/Country of Formation or Domicile:
By: Name: Title:	
Name in which Shares are to be registered (if different):	Date:, 2021
Investor's EIN:	
Business Address-Street:	Mailing Address-Street (if different):
City, State, Zip:	City, State, Zip:
Attn:	Attn:
Telephone No.: Facsimile No.:	Telephone No.: Facsimile No.:
Email:	
Number of Shares subscribed for:	
Aggregate Subscription Amount: \$	Price Per Share: \$10.00
You must pay the Subscription Amount by wire transfer of United States dollars in immediately available funds to the account specified by SPAC in the Closing Notice.	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has accepted this Subscription Agreement as of the date set forth below.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

By: Name: Title:

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: Name: Title:

Date: , 2021

SCHEDULE A

ELIGIBILITY REPRESENTATIONS OF THE INVESTOR

- A. QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER STATUS
 - (Please check the applicable subparagraphs):

□ We are a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act (a "QIB")).

□ We are subscribing for the Shares as a fiduciary or agent with full investment discretion for one or more investor accounts, and each owner of such account is a QIB.

** OR **

B. INSTITUTIONAL ACCREDITED INVESTOR STATUS

(Please check the applicable subparagraphs):

Rule 501(a), in relevant part, states that an "accredited investor" shall mean any person who comes within any of the below listed categories, or who the issuer reasonably believes comes within any of the below listed categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person. The Investor has indicated, by marking and initialing the appropriate box below, the provision(s) below which apply to the Investor and under which the Investor accordingly qualifies as an "accredited investor."

□ Any bank, registered broker or dealer, insurance company, registered investment company, business development company, or small business investment company;

Any plan established and maintained by a state, its political subdivisions, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or its political subdivisions for the benefit of its employees, if such plan has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000;

 \Box Any employee benefit plan, within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, if a bank, insurance company, or registered investment adviser makes the investment decisions, or if the plan has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000;

□ Any organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, corporation, similar business trust, or partnership, not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with total assets in excess of \$5,000,000;

Any trust with assets in excess of \$5,000,000, not formed to acquire the securities offered, whose purchase is directed by a sophisticated person; or

 \Box Any entity in which all of the equity owners are accredited investors meeting one or more of the above tests.

** AND **

C. AFFILIATE STATUS

(Please check the applicable subparagraphs):

 \Box We are:

 \Box We are not:

an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) of the SPAC or acting on behalf of an affiliate of the SPAC.

** AND **

D. QUALIFIED PURCHASER STATUS (Please check the applicable subparagraphs): FOR INDIVIDUALS:

- 1. □ A natural person who owns not less than U.S.\$5,000,000 in investments. For this purpose, investments owned by the Investor include all investments that are the Investor's separate property and any investments held jointly with the Investor's spouse, as community property or otherwise, but do not include investments that are the separate property of the Investor's spouse unless the interest will be a joint investment of the Investor and the Investor's spouse.
- 2. 🗆 A natural person who has discretionary investment authority with regard to at least U.S.\$25,000,000 of investments, including for this purpose solely the Investor's own investments and investments of third parties that are themselves accurately described by one or more paragraphs of this Section D.

(Please check the applicable subparagraphs):

FOR ENTITIES:

- 3. A corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust or other organization that: (i) was not organized or reorganized and is not operated for the specific purpose of acquiring the interest or any other interest in SPAC, and less than 40% of the assets of which will consist of interests in SPAC (calculated as of the time of the Investor's execution of this Subscription Agreement); (ii) owns not less than U.S.\$5,000,000 in investments; and (iii) is owned directly or indirectly solely by or for two or more natural persons who are related as siblings or spouses (including former spouses), or direct lineal descendants by birth or adoption, spouses of such persons, the estates of such persons, or foundations, charitable organizations, or trusts established by or for the benefit of such persons.
- 4. □ A trust: (i) that is not described in paragraph (3) of this Section D; (ii) that was not organized or reorganized and is not operated for the specific purpose of acquiring the interest or any other interest in SPAC, and less than 40% of the assets of which will consist of interests in SPAC (calculated as of the time of the Investor's execution of this Subscription Agreement); and (iii) with respect to which each of the settlors and other contributors of assets, trustees, and other authorized decision makers is a person described in paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this Section D.
- 6. □ An entity, each and every beneficial owner of which is a person accurately described by one or more of the foregoing paragraphs of this Section D or is itself an entity each and every beneficial owner of which is a person accurately described by one or more of the foregoing paragraphs of this Section D. If the Investor is a qualified purchaser solely for the reason described in this paragraph 6, the Investor shall, at the request of SPAC, submit to SPAC a separate qualified purchaser questionnaire for each beneficial owner of the Investor's securities.

This page should be completed by the Investor and constitutes a part of the Subscription Agreement.

ANNEX C - REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

EXECUTION VERSION

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

THIS THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of May 1, 2021, by and among (i) Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "Company"), (ii) the Dexxon Investors (as defined herein), (iii) the QVT Investors (as defined herein), (iv) the Viking Investors (as defined herein), (v) SVF Investments (UK) Limited ("Softbank"), (vi) Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. ("Sumitomo"), (vii) Vivek Ramaswamy (the "Founder"), (viii) the parties listed on Exhibit A-1 hereto who signed joinder agreements in connection with the Original Registration Rights Agreement, the First Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement or the Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement (each, as defined below), as the case may be (the "Joinder Parties" and together with the Dexxon Investors, the QVT Investors, the Viking Investors, Softbank, Sumitomo, the Founder and each of their respective Permitted Transferees who, at any time, acquire securities of the Company and execute a counterpart of this Agreement, the "Investors") and (ix) each of the other Persons who, at any time, acquire securities of the Company or shares or rights, convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for, equity securities of the Company in accordance with the terms hereof, execute a counterpart of this Agreement or otherwise agree to be bound by this Agreement and shall be listed on Exhibit A-2 hereto at such time as such Person entered into a joinder agreement (the "Other Shareholders"). The Other Shareholders and the Investors are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties" and individually as a "Party."

WHEREAS, the Company, Dexxon, the QVT Investors, the Founder and the Joinder Parties were parties to that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated May 5, 2014 (the "Original Registration Rights Agreement") pursuant to which the Company undertook to grant certain registration rights to Dexxon, the QVT Investors, the Founder and the Joinder Parties in connection with certain securities of the Company and BVC Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited liability company ("BVC");

WHEREAS, as of December 4, 2015, the Company and BVC completed a statutory merger under Bermuda law, as a result of which BVC merged with and into the Company, with the Company as the surviving entity and in connection with which the Company, Dexxon, the QVT Investors, the Viking Investors, the Founder and the Joinder Parties entered into that certain Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 8, 2015 (the "First Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Company, the Dexxon Investors, the QVT Investors, the Viking Investors, Softbank, the Founder and the Joinder Parties entered into that certain Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated September 6, 2017 (the "Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement") for the purpose, among others, of providing certain registration rights to the Dexxon Investors, the QVT Investors, the Viking Investors, Softbank, the Founder and the Joinder Parties;

WHEREAS, the Company, Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Merger Sub"), and Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("SPAC"), have entered into a Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021 (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Merger Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things, Merger Sub will merge with and into SPAC (the "Merger"), with SPAC as the surviving corporation in the Merger and, after giving effect to the Merger, SPAC will become a subsidiary of the Company and the Company shall become subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and certain of the Company's Common Shares, par value \$0.000001 per share (the "Common Shares"), shall be registered under the Securities Act (together with the Merger, the "Go Public Transaction");

WHEREAS, the parties executing this Agreement constitute the holders of the requisite number of shares necessary pursuant to Section 13D of the Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement in order to effect the amendment and restatement of such agreement effected hereby; and

WHEREAS, in connection with the Go Public Transaction, the Company and the Investors desire to enter into this Agreement for the purpose, among others, to provide the registration rights set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants, agreements and understandings contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. Demand Registrations.

(a) Requests for Registration. Subject to Section 1(e) below and the other terms and conditions of this Agreement, at any time beginning one hundred eighty (180) days following the date on which the Company completes the Go Public Transaction, each Major Holder and each Person, if any, holding at least five percent (5.0%) of the then-outstanding number of Registrable Securities ("Other Demand Holders") may (i) request registration under the Securities Act on Form S-1 or any similar long-form registration statement (a "Long-Form Registration") of all or any portion of its Investor Registrable Securities or Other Registrable Securities, as the case may be, in accordance with Section 1(b) or (ii) if available, request registration under the Securities Act on Form S-3 (including a Shelf Registration) or any similar short-form registration statement (a "Short-Form Registration") of all or any portion of its Investor Registrable Securities or Other Registrable Securities, as the case may be, in accordance with Section 1(c) (each such request, a "Demand Notice"). Subject to Section 1(e) below and the other terms and conditions of this Agreement, at any time beginning one hundred eighty (180) days following the date on which the Company completes the Go Public Transaction, any Other Shareholder may, if available, request Short-Form Registrations of all or any portion of its Registrable Securities in accordance with Section 1(c). All registrations requested pursuant to this Section 1(a) by the holders of Registrable Securities are referred to herein as "**Demand Registrations**." Each request for a Demand Registration shall specify the intended method of distribution and the approximate number of Registrable Securities requested to be registered. No Demand Registration will be consummated (and no registration statement with respect thereto filed) if the number of Registrable Securities requested to be registered (including pursuant to the following sentence) is fewer than (A) in the case of Long-Form Registrations, such number of Common Shares with a value (based on the closing price on the trading day immediately prior to the filing of the registration statement or prospectus supplement, as applicable, for any Long-Form Registration) of \$100,000,000 and (B) in the case of Short-Form Registrations, such number of Common Shares with a value (based on the closing price on the trading day immediately prior to the filing of the registration statement or prospectus supplement, as applicable, for any Short-Form Registration) of \$50,000,000. Within ten (10) days after receipt of any such request, the Company shall give written notice of such requested registration to all other Shareholders and, subject to the terms of Section 1(d), shall include in such registration (and in all related registrations and qualifications under state blue sky laws and in compliance with other registration requirements and in any related underwriting) all Registrable Securities with respect to which the Company has received written requests for inclusion therein within twenty (20) days after the delivery of the Company's notice; provided, however, that no Investor shall be required to be named an "underwriter" without such Investor's express prior written consent.

(b) Long-Form Registrations. The Major Holders shall be entitled to Long-Form Registrations under this Agreement as follows: (i) the QVT Investors (acting by action of the holders of a majority of the Common Shares held by them), the Viking Investors (acting by action of the holders of a majority of the Common Shares held by them), the Dexxon Investors, Softbank and Sumitomo shall each be entitled to three (3) Long-Form Registrations, and (ii) the Founder shall be entitled to one (1) Long-Form Registration. Other Shareholders are designated as Other Demand Holders pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, provided however, that the Other Shareholders will be entitled to a maximum of two (2) Long-Form Registrations if so

designated. The Company shall pay all Registration Expenses with respect to such Long-Form Registrations. All Long-Form Registrations shall only be made if the method of distribution to be used in connection with such registration is an underwritten offering unless otherwise approved by the board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**"). The Company shall file a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act covering all Registration Securities requested to be included in such Long-Form Registration (subject to the limitations set forth herein) promptly following the Company is receipt of a Demand Notice therefor and, in any event, within sixty (60) days after the date the Demand Notice is duly delivered to the Company in accordance with this Agreement. The Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause such Long Form Registration to be declared effective under the Securities Act as soon as practicable after the filing thereof, but no later than the earlier of (i) sixty (60) calendar days after the filing date thereof (or ninety (90) calendar days after the filing thereof if the SEC notifies the Company that it will "review" the Long Form Registration) and (ii) ten (10) business days after the Company is notified (orally or in writing, whichever is earlier) by the SEC that the Long Form Registration will not be "reviewed" or will not be subject to any further review.

(c) Short-Form Registrations. In addition to the Long-Form Registrations provided pursuant to Section 1(b), each of the Major Holders and the Other Demand Holders shall be entitled to request an unlimited number of Short-Form Registrations in which the Company shall pay all Registration Expenses, whether or not any registration statement for such a registration has become effective. Demand Registrations shall be Short-Form Registrations whenever the Company is permitted to use any applicable short form registration statement. After the Go Public Transaction, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to make Short-Form Registration swailable for the sale of Registrable Securities. If the Shareholder initially requesting a Short-Form Registration provided the sale of Registration Statement. After the Go Public Transaction, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to make Short-Form Registration be filed pursuant to Rule 415 (a "Sheff Registration"), and the Company is qualified to do so, then the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to promptly file and cause the Sheff Registration to be declared effective under the Securities Act as soon as reasonably practicable after the filing thereof and the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to keep such shelf registration continuously effective following such registrations. The provisions of Section 1(a) shall apply mutatis mutandis to each Underwritten Takedown") shall be deemed a Demand Registration. The provisions of Section 1(a) shall apply mutatis mutandis to each Underwritten Takedown and references to "filing of the registration" whose Registrate Securities are included in such Sheff Registration or may be included therein without the need for a post-effective amendment to such Shelf Registration (other than an automatically effective amendment). If for any reason the Company shall use the company shall use its reasonable best efforts to make So are signified to use the Sheff Registration statement, then the Company shall gene an

(d) Priority on Demand Registrations. If a Demand Registration is for an underwritten offering and the managing underwriters advise the Company in writing that in their opinion the number of securities requested to be included in such offering exceeds the number of securities which marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, then the Company shall include in such registration only that number of Registrable Securities that in the opinion of such underwriters marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, and the Registrable Securities that are included in such offering shall be allocated pro rata among the respective holders thereof on the basis of the number of Registrable Securities owned by each such holder; provided, however, that the number of Registrable Securities held by such holders to be included in such registration shall not be reduced unless all other securities are first entirely excluded from the registration. A registration shall not be counted as "effected" if, as a result of an exercise of the underwriter's cutback provisions in this Section 1(d), fewer than fifty percent

(50%) of the total number of Registrable Securities that holders have requested to be included in such registration statement are actually included.

(e) Restrictions on Demand Registrations. The Company shall not be obligated to effect any Demand Registration within one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of the Go Public Transaction or within ninety (90) days after the effective date of a previous Long-Form Registration. The Company may postpone the filing or the effectiveess of a registration statement or prospectus supplement, as applicable, for a Demand Registration sould reasonably be expected to (i) materially interfere with any proposal or plan that is material to the Company related to any financing, acquisition of assets or securities, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, tender offer, reorganization or similar transaction, (ii) require premature disclosure of material information that the Company has a *bona fide* business purpose for preserving as confidential or (iii) reneare premature disclosure of material information the the Company has a *bona fide* business purpose for preserving as confidential or (iii) require premature disclosure of material information that the Company has a *bona fide* business purpose for preserving as confidential or (iii) requires such Demand Registration shall be entitled to withdraw such request and, if such request is withdrawn with respect to a Long-Form Registration, such Demand Registration shall be count against the total number of Long-Form Registrations provided for in Section 1(b), and the Company and another the to any other stockholder during such postponement or suspension period other than pursuant to: (a) a Resale Shelf (including any amendments, supplements or any other filings related thereto); (b) a registration statement covering the sale or grant of securities to employees of the Company or a subsidiary pursuant to a stock option, stock purchase, equity incentive or similar plan; (c) a registration on any form that does not include substantially the same information as would be required reare Common Shares isable upon conversion of debt securities; and soff are purpered. The Co

(f) Resale Registration Statement.

(i) The Company shall file within 30 days of the consummation of the Go Public Transaction, and use commercially reasonable efforts to cause to be declared effective as soon as practicable thereafter, a registration statement on Form S-1 (the "**Resale S-1 Shelf**") or, if the Company is eligible to use a registration statement on Form S-3 (the "**Resale S-3 Shelf**" and together with the Resale S-1 Shelf"), in each case, covering the resale of all the Registrable Securities (determined as of two business days prior to such filing) and any other Common Shares or other securities of the Company issued in connection with the Go Public Transaction that have not been registered under the Securities to restrictions imposed by lock-up or holdback restrictions and/or applicable securities registered under shall provide for the resale of the Registrable Securities and requested by, any of the Investors named therein. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, to the extent there is an active Resale Shelf under this Section 1(f) covering Registrable Securities of any Major Holder and/or the Other Demand Holders, and such Major Holder and/or the Other Demand Holder wishes to request a Demand Registration, such Demand Registration shall reduce the number of Demand Registrations that may be made pursuant to Section 1(b).

(ii) The Company agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause such Resale Shelf, or another shelf registration statement that includes all Registrable Securities, including, without limitation, the PIPE Shares, to remain effective until the earliest of (i) the second anniversary of the consummation of the Go Public Transaction and, (ii) the date on which Investors cease to hold any Registrable Securities (the "End")

Date"). Prior to the End Date, the Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to (1) qualify the Registrable Securities for listing on one or more of the New York Stock Exchange, NYSE American, LLC and/or the Nasdaq Stock Market and (2) update or amend the Registration Statement as necessary to include the Registrable Securities. The Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to provide a draft of the Resale Shelf to the Investors holding Registrable Securities for review (but not comment) at least two (2) Business Days in advance of filing the Resale Shelf; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall the Company be required to delay or postpone the filing of such Resale Shelf as a result of or in connection with any Investor's review. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Securities and Exchange Commission prevents the Company from including any or all of the Registrable Securities by the applicable stockholders or otherwise, such Resale Shelf shall register for resale the maximum number of Registrable Securities as is permitted. In such event, the number of Registrable Securities to be registered under the Resale Shelf shall preduced pro rata among all such selling stockholders, in each case, giving priority first to the PIPE Shares and then to the remainder of Registrable Securities, and as promptly as practicable after being permitted to register additional Registrable Securities not included in the initial Resale Shelf to register during the Resale Shelf to register as on time Resale Shelf to register additional Registrable Securities and the New York Stock Excelleng permitted to register additional Registrable Securities and the not a remainder of Registrable Securities and use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause such amendment or Resale Shelf to become effective as promptly as practicable. The Registration Expenses of the holders of Registrable Securities shall be paid by the Company in the Resale Shelf, whether or not any such offering is completed.

(g) Selection of Underwriters. If any Demand Registration is for an underwritten offering, then the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities being sold in such Demand Registration shall have the right to select the investment banker(s) and manager(s) to administer such offering, subject to the prior written approval of the Board, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed.

(h) Other Registration Rights. Except as provided to the holders of Registrable Securities in this Agreement and except in connection with the Go Public Transaction (including the filing of the Resale Shelf contemplated thereby), the Company shall not grant to any Persons the right to request the Company to register any equity securities of the Company, or any securities, options or rights convertible or exchangeable into or exercisable for such Securities, without the prior written consent of the Board; provided that the Company may (i) grant rights to participate in any registration pursuant to Section 2 below (a "**Pigyback Registration**") so long as such rights are subordinate in priority to the rights of Parties hereto with respect to Piggyback Registrations, as provided in Section 2(c) and Section 2(d), and not otherwise inconsistent with the terms and conditions hereof, and (ii) enter into an agreement with any holder or prospective holder of any securities of the Company related to the filing of a Resale Shelf to register shares issued to such holder as consideration in an acquisition of a third party, if and only if such Resale Shelf does not permit underwritten offerings (provided that nothing in this clause (ii) shall be interpreted to limit the rights of a holder of securities of the Company in connection with the Go Public Transaction and the Resale Shelf contemplated thereby).

(i) Termination of Registration Rights. The rights of any holder of Registrable Securities to request inclusion of such Registrable Securities pursuant to this Section 1 shall terminate upon the earlier to occur of (i) the seventh anniversary of the date of this Agreement and (ii) the date as of which (A) all of the Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to a Registration Statement (but in no event prior to the applicable period referred to in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act and Rule 174 thereunder (or any successor rule promulgated thereafter by the Commission)) or (B) all Registrable Securities have been sold under Rule 144 under the Securities Act. The provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 shall survive any termination.

Section 2. Piggyback Registrations.

(a) Right to Piggyback.

(i) Other than in connection with a Resale Shelf or a request for a Demand Registration or a Shelf Registration pursuant to Sections 1(a), 1(b) and 1(c) of this Agreement, if at any time the Company, including if the Company qualifies as a WKSI, proposes to file (A) a prospect supplement to an effective shelf registration statement (a "Shelf Registration Statement"), or (B) a registration statement other the Shelf Registration Statement, in either case, for the sale of Common Shares for its own account, or for the benefit of the holders of any of its Common Shares other than the Shareholders, to an underwriter on a firm commitment basis for reoffering to the public or in a "bought deal" or "registered direct offering" with one or more investment banks (collectively, a "Piggyback Underwritten Offering"), then the Company shall give promp written notice, to be delivered not less than five (5) business days prior to the filing of (1) any preliminary prospectus supplement relating to such Piggyback Underwritten Offering pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act, (2) any prospectus supplement relating to such Piggyback Underwritten Offering pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act (if no preliminary prospectus supplement is used) or (3) such registration statement, as the case may be, to all holders of Registrable Securities of the Company and such notice (a "Piggyback Notice") shall offer the Shareholders the opportunity to include in such Piggy-Back Underwritten Offering such number of Registrable Securities as each such Shareholder may request in writing. Each such Shareholder shall then have three (3) business days after receiving such notice to request in writing to the Company inclusion of Registrable Securities in the Piggy-Back Underwritten Offering, except that such Shareholders shall have two (2) business days after such Shareholder confirms receipt of the notice to request inclusion of Registrable Securities in the Piggy Back Underwritten Offering in the case of a "bought deal", "registered direct offering" or "overnight transaction" where no preliminary prospectus is used. Upon receipt of any such request for inclusion from a Shareholder received within the specified time, the Company shall use reasonable best efforts to effect the registration in any registration statement of any of the Shareholder's Registrable Securities requested to be included on the terms set forth in this Agreement. Prior to the commencement of any "road show," any Shareholder shall have the right to withdraw its request for inclusion of its Registrable Securities in any registration by giving written notice to the Company of its request to withdraw and such withdrawal shall be irrevocable and, after making such withdrawal, such Shareholder shall no longer have any right to include Registrable Securities in the Piggyback Underwritten Offering as to which such withdrawal was made. The Company may postpone or withdraw the filing or the effectiveness of a Shelf Registration Statement or a proposed Piggyback Underwritten Offering at any time in its sole discretion.

(ii) If the Company does not qualify as a WKSI, (A) the Company shall give each Shareholder five (5) business days' notice prior to filing a Shelf Registration Statement and, upon the written request of any Shareholder, received by the Company within three (3) business days of such notice to the Shareholder, the Company shall include in such Shelf Registration Statement a number of Common Shares equal to the aggregate number of Registrable Securities requested to be included without naming any requesting Shareholder as a selling shareholder and including only a generic description of the holder of such securities (the "Undesignated Registrable Securities"), (B) the Company shall not be required to give notice to any Shareholder in connection with a filing pursuant to Section 2(a)(i) unless such Shareholder provided such notice to the Company pursuant to this Section 2(a)(ii) and included Undesignated Registrable Securities in the Shelf Registration Statement related to such filing, and (C) at the written request of a Shareholder given to the Company more than two (2) business days before the date specified in writing by the Company as the Company's good faith estimate of a launch of a Piggyback Registration (or such shorter period to which the Company in its sole discretion consents), the Company shall use reasonable best efforts to effect the registration of any of the Shareholder? Undesignated Registrable Securities as any Shareholder may request, *provided* that (1) the Company is actively employing its reasonable best efforts to effect such Piggyback Registration; and (2) the Company shall not be required to effect a post-effective amendment more than two (2) times in

any twelve (12) month period. In lieu of providing the notice set forth in Section 2(a)(i), the Company may determine to include in a Shelf Registration Statement a number of Undesignated Registrable Securities equal to the Registrable Securities held by all Shareholders. The Company shall have the right to terminate or withdraw any registration or offering initiated by it under this Section 2(a) before the effective date of such registration, whether or not any Shareholder has elected to include Registrable Securities in such registration or offering shall be borne by the Company in accordance with Section 2(b).

(b) *Piggy Back Expenses*. The Registration Expenses of the holders of Registrable Securities shall be paid by the Company in all Piggyback Underwritten Offerings, whether or not any such offering is completed.

(c) Priority on Primary Piggyback Registrations. If a Piggyback Registration is an underwritten primary offering on behalf of the Company and the managing underwriters advise the Company in writing that in their reasonable opinion the number of securities requested to be included in such offering exceeds the number of Registrable Securities which marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, then the Company shall include in such offering is only that number of securities that in the opinion of such underwriters marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, with priority for inclusion to be determined as follows: (i) first, the securities the Company proposes to sell, (ii) second, a number of Registrable Securities requested to be included in such offering, and (iii) third, any securities entitled to registration rights pursuant to a private placement expected to be consummated in connection with the Merger, *provided*, however, that (i) the number of Registrable Securities held by such holders are first entirely excluded from the offering and (ii) the number of Registrable Securities held by cach holders included in such offering and (ii) the number of Registrable Securities held by such holders to be included in such offering and (ii) the number of Registrable Securities held by such holders are first entirely excluded from the offering and (ii) the number of Registrable Securities held by offering.

(d) Priority on Secondary Piggyback Registrations. If a Piggyback Registration is an underwritten secondary offering on behalf of holders of the Company's securities (other than holders of Registrable Securities) and the managing underwriters advise the Company in writing that in their reasonable opinion the number of securities requested to be included in such offering exceeds the number of securities which marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, then the Company shall include in such offering only that number of securities which in the opinion of such underwriters marketing factors permit to be sold in such offering, and the Registrable Securities that are included in such offering shall be allocated pro rata among the respective holders thereof on the basis of the number of Registrable Securities owned by each such Shareholder; *provided, however*, that the number of Registrable Securities shall not be reduced unless all other securities are first entirely excluded from the offering.

(e) Selection of Underwriters. If any Piggyback Registration is an underwritten offering, the Board shall select the investment banker(s) and manager(s) for such offering.

(f) Other Registrations. If the Company has previously filed a registration statement with respect to Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 1 or Section 2, and if such previous registration has not been withdrawn or abandoned, then the Company shall not file or cause to be effected any other registration of any of its equity securities or securities convertible or exchangeable into or exercisable for its equity securities under the Securities Act (except on Form S-8 or any successor form), whether on its own behalf or at the request of any holder or holders of such securities, until a period of at least ninety (90) days has elapsed from the effective date of such previous registration.

(g) Termination of Registration Rights. The rights of any holder of Registrable Securities to request inclusion of such Registrable Securities pursuant to this Section 2 shall terminate upon the earlier of (i) the seventh anniversary of the date of this Agreement and (ii) the date as of which (A) all of the Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to a Registration Statement (but in no event prior to the applicable period

referred to in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act and Rule 174 thereunder (or any successor rule promulgated thereafter by the Commission)) or (B) all Registrable Securities have been sold under Rule 144 under the Securities Act. The provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 shall survive any termination.

Section 3. *Holdback Agreements*. Each Shareholder hereby agrees that such Shareholder shall not (i) lend, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, (a) any Common Shares that are held by or on behalf of such Shareholder immediately prior to the consummation of the Go Public Transaction that are convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Shares (including without limitation, Common Shares or other securities that may be issued after the consummation of the Go Public Transaction upon exercise, vesting or settlement, as applicable, of any stock option, restricted stock unit, capped value appreciation right or other equity or equity-based award or interest (the securities described in this clause (b), the "**Other Securities**")) or (ii) enter into any swap, hedge or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any Common Shares or Other Securities, whether any such transaction is made or executed by or on behalf of someone other than the Shareholder (each, a "**Sale Transaction**") for a period of one-hundred eighty (180) days following the consummation of the Go Public Transaction (a "**Holdback Period**"), provided that all officers and directors of the Company and holders of at least one percent (1%) of the Company's voting securities (including, without limitation, any provisions relating to early release from such obligations); provided, further, that the term "Sale Transaction" shall not include a sale or other transfer by an Upstream Equity Holder of its direct or indirect common stock or membership, partnership or other equity ownership interest in a Shareholder (whether or not for consideration). The foregoing provisions of this Section 3 shall not apply to:

(1) the sale of any Common Shares to an underwriter pursuant to an underwriting agreement to which the Company is a party in connection with a Shareholder's exercise of piggyback registration rights set forth in, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of, Section 2 hereof;

(2) a transfer of any or all of Common Shares or Other Securities (I) by gift, will, intestate succession or charitable contribution, (II) to any Permitted Transferee, (III) by operation of law or pursuant to a court order or an order of a regulatory agency, such as a qualified domestic relations order, divorce decree or separation agreement, (IV) to the Company pursuant to the exercise, in each case on a "cashless" or "net exercise" basis, of any Other Securities (provided that any Common Shares received upon any such exercise will be subject to the restrictions set forth above), (V) for purposes of satisfying any withholding taxes and/or estimated taxes due as a result of the exercise, vesting or settlement, as applicable, of any Other Securities, (VI) in connection with the Company's consummation of a liquidation, merger, amalgamation, share exchange, reorganization, tender offer or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company's shareholders having the right to exchange their equity holdings in the Company for cash, securities or other property or (VII) by pledging, hypothecating or otherwise granting a security interest in Common Shares or Other Securities in a *bona fide* transaction to one or more unaffiliated lending institutions as collateral or security for any margin loan (so long as any such pledge, hypothecation or grant of security interest shall be on terms consistent with customary margin loans, and the applicable Shareholder shall provide the Company with written notice prior to entering into such margin loan); provided, however, that in the case of any of the foregoing clauses (I), (II) or (III), the transfere on shares or other securities do the company with transaction that results that any common Shares or Other Securities as a result of a default on such margin loans;

(3) the establishment or modification of a written plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act that does not provide for the sale or transfer of Common Shares during the Holdback Period;

provided that, to the extent a public announcement or filing under the Exchange Act is required regarding the establishment or modification of such plan, such announcement or filing shall include a statement to the effect that no sales or transfers of Common Shares may be made under such plan during the Holdback Period; or

(4) any Common Shares or Other Securities issued in connection with the private placement consummated in connection with the Go Public Transaction, including any Common Shares or other securities received in exchange for, or converted for, securities acquired in such private placement (the "**PIPE Shares**").

Each Shareholder agrees to execute and deliver such other customary agreements as may be reasonably requested by the Company or the managing underwriter in an underwritten transaction that are consistent with the foregoing or which are necessary to give further effect thereto. Any discretionary waiver or termination of the restrictions by the Company or the underwriters of any or all of such restrictions with respect to any officer or director of the Company or a holder of 1% or more of the Company's total outstanding Common Shares (including a release of such restrictions subject to such restrictions (the "Shareholder Pro Rata Release"); provided that the prior sentence shall not apply to (a) waivers or terminations granted in an amount less than or equal to 1% of the Company's total outstanding Common Shares (calculated basis immediately after the consummation of the Go Public Transaction) or (b) any primary or secondary public offering or sale that is underwritten and in which each holder of Registerable Securities is offered the opportunity to participate pursuant to Section 2 hereof. The Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Common Shares (or other securities) subject to the foregoing restriction until the end of said one-hundred eighty (180)-day period. At least two business days' prior to the effective date of any Lock-Up Release, the Company akall provide written notice to the Major Holders stating the percentage of Common Shares held by such Major Holder to be released. The Company akall provide written notice to the Major Holders that are down any and shareholder Pro Rata Release.

Section 4. Registration Procedures. Whenever the holders of Registrable Securities have requested that any Registrable Securities be registered pursuant to this Agreement (including pursuant to a Resale Shelf), the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect the registration and the sale of such Registrable Securities hereunder in accordance with the intended method of disposition thereof, and pursuant thereto the Company shall as expeditiously as reasonably possible:

(a) in accordance with the Securities Act and all applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, prepare and file with the Commission a registration statement, and all amendments and supplements thereto and related prospectuses as may be necessary to comply with applicable securities laws, with respect to such Registrable Securities and use its reasonable best efforts to cause such registration statement to become effective;

(b) notify each holder of Registrable Securities of (i) the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of any registration statement or the initiation of any proceedings for that purpose, (ii) the receipt by the Company or its counsel of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Registrable Securities for sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose, and (iii) the effectiveness of each registration statement filed hereunder;

(c) prepare and file with the Commission such amendments and supplements to such registration statement and the prospectus used in connection therewith as may be necessary to keep such registration statement effective for a period ending when all of the securities covered by such registration statement have been disposed of in accordance with the intended methods of disposition by the sellers thereof as set forth in such registration statement or, in the case of a Shelf Registration, if earlier, the date as of which all of the Registrable Securities included in such registration are able to be sold within a ninety (90) day period in compliance with Rule 144 (but in any event not before the expiration of any longer period required under the Securities Act or. if such

registration statement relates to an underwritten offering, such longer period as in the opinion of counsel for the underwriters a prospectus is required by law to be delivered in connection with sales of securities thereunder by any underwriter or dealer) and comply with the provisions of the Securities Act with respect to the disposition of all securities covered by such registration statement during such period in accordance with the intended methods of disposition by the sellers thereof set forth in such registration statement; *provided*, that any such period shall be extended for a period of time equal to the period the holder refrains, at the request of an underwriter of Common Stock (or other securities) of the Company, from selling any securities included in such registration statement;

(d) furnish to each seller of Registrable Securities thereunder such number of copies of such registration statement, each amendment and supplement thereto, the prospectus included in such registration statement (including each preliminary prospectus and any summary prospectus), each Free-Writing Prospectus and such other documents as such seller may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities owned by such seller;

(e) use its reasonable best efforts to register or qualify such Registrable Securities under such other securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as any seller reasonably requests and do any and all other acts and things which may be reasonably necessary or advisable to enable such seller to consummate the disposition in such jurisdictions of the Registrable Securities owned by such seller (*provided* that the Company shall not be required to (i) qualify generally to do business in any jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to qualify but for this Section 4(e), (ii) subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction, or (iii) consent to general service of process in any such jurisdiction);

(f) promptly notify in writing each seller of such Registrable Securities at any time when a prospectus relating thereto is required to be delivered under the Securities Act, of the happening of any event as a result of which the prospectus included in such registration statement contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits any fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and, at the request of any such seller, the Company promptly shall prepare, file with the Commission and furnish to each such seller a reasonable number of copies of a supplement or amendment to such prospectus so that, as thereafter delivered to the purchasers of such Registrable Securities, such prospectus shall not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; *provided*, that each selling holder of the Registrable Securities, upon receipt of any notice from the Company of any event of the kind described in this Section 4(f), shall forthwith discontinue disposition of the Registrable Securities pursuant to the registration statement covering such Registrable Securities until such holder is advised in writing by the Company that the use of the prospectus may be resumed and is furnished with a supplemented or amended prospectus as contemplated by this Section 4(f), and if so directed by the Company, such holder shall deliver to the Company (at the Company's expense) all copies, other than permanent file copies then in such holder's possession, of the prospectus covering such Registrable Securities at the time of receipt of such notice;

(g) prepare and file promptly with the Commission, and notify such holders of Registrable Securities prior to the filing of, such amendments or supplements to such registration statement or prospectus as may be necessary to correct any statements or omissions if, at the time when a prospectus relating to such securities is required to be delivered under the Securities Act, when any event has occurred as the result of which any such prospectus or any other prospectus hen in effect would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and, if any such holders of Registrable Securities or any underwriter for any such holders is required to deliver a prospectus at a time when the prospectus then in circulation is not in compliance with the Securities Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, the Company shall use its best efforts to prepare promptly upon request of any such holder or underwriter such amendments or supplements to such registration statement and prospectus as may be necessary in order for such prospectus to comply with the requirements of the Securities Act and such rules and regulations;

(h) cause all such Registrable Securities to be listed on each securities exchange on which similar securities issued by the Company are then listed;

(i) provide a transfer agent and registrar for all such Registrable Securities not later than the effective date of such registration statement;

(j) enter into and perform such customary agreements (including underwriting agreements in customary form) and take all such other actions as the holders of a majority of the Investor Registrable Securities included in such registration, the holders of a majority of the Other Registrable Securities included in such registration or the underwriters, if any, reasonably request in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of such Registrable Securities (including effecting a split or combination of equity, recapitalization or reorganization and preparing for and participating in such number of "road shows," investor presentations and marketing events as the underwriters managing such offering may reasonably request);

(k) make available upon reasonable notice and during normal business hours for inspection by any seller of Registrable Securities, any underwriter participating in any disposition pursuant to such registration statement and any attorney, accountant or other agent retained by any such seller or underwriter, all financial and other records, pertinent corporate and business documents and properties of the Company, as shall be reasonably necessary to enable them to exercise their due diligence responsibility, and cause the Company's officers, managers, directors and employees to supply all information reasonably requested by any such seller, underwriter, attorney, accountant or agent in connection with such registration statement; provided, that, unless the disclosure of such records is necessary to avoid or correct a misstatement or omission in the registration statement; provided, necords is ordered pursuant to a subpoena or other order from a court of competent jurisdiction, the Company shall not be required to provide any information under this Section 4(k) if the Company believes, after consultation with counsel for the Company, that to do so would cause the Company to forfeit an attorney-client privilege that was applicable to such information;

(1) take all reasonable actions to ensure that any Free-Writing Prospectus prepared by or on behalf of the Company in connection with any Demand Registration or Piggyback Registration hereunder complies in all material respects with the Securities Act, is filed in accordance with the Securities Act to the extent required thereby, is retained in accordance with the Securities Act to the extent required thereby and, when taken together with the related prospectus, will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;

(m) otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the Commission and make available to its security holders, as soon as reasonably practicable, an earnings statement covering the period of at least twelve (12) months beginning with the first day of the Company's first full calendar quarter after the effective date of the registration statement, which earnings statement shall satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158;

(n) permit any holder of Registrable Securities which holder, in its good faith judgment (based on the advice of counsel), could reasonably be expected to be deemed to be an underwriter or a controlling Person of the Company, to participate in the preparation of such registration or comparable statement and to require the insertion therein of material, furnished to the Company in writing, which in the reasonable judgment of such holder and its counsel should be included;

(o) in the event of the issuance of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of a registration statement, or the issuance of any order suspending or preventing the use of any related prospectus or suspending the qualification of any equity securities included in such registration statement for sale in any jurisdiction, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts promptly to obtain the withdrawal of such order;

(p) obtain (i) a cold comfort letter from the Company's independent public accountants in customary form and covering such matters of the type customarily covered by cold comfort letters and (ii) opinions of counsel from the Company's counsel in customary form and covering such matters of the type customarily covered in a public issuance of securities, in each case, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the underwriters and addressed to the managing underwriters; in each case as the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities included in such registration reasonably request; and

(q) otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to take all other steps necessary to effect the registration of such Registrable Securities contemplated hereby.

Section 5. Certain Obligations of Holders of Registrable Securities. Each holder of Registrable Securities that sells such securities pursuant to a registration under this Agreement agrees as follows:

(a) Such holder (if such holder is an employee or independent contractor of the Company or any of its Affiliates) shall cooperate with the Company (as reasonably requested by the Company) in connection with the preparation of the registration statement, and, for so long as the Company is obligated to file and keep effective such registration statement, each holder of Registrable Securities that is participating in such registration shall provide to the Company, in writing, for use in the applicable registration statement, all such information regarding such holder and its plan of distribution of such securities as may be reasonably necessary to enable the Company to prepare the registration statement and prospectus covering such securities, to maintain the currency and effectiveness thereof and otherwise to comply with all applicable requirements of law in connection therewith.

(b) During such time as a holder of Registrable Securities may be engaged in a distribution of such securities, such holder shall distribute such securities under the registration statement solely in the manner described in the registration statement.

(c) Each Person that is participating in any registration under this Agreement, upon receipt of any notice from the Company of the happening of any event of the kind described in Section 4(f), shall immediately discontinue the disposition of its securities of the Company pursuant to the registration statement until such Person's receipt of the copies of a supplemented or amended prospectus as contemplated by Section 4(f). In the event the Company has given any such notice, the applicable time period set forth in Section 4(c) during which a registration statement is to remain effective shall be extended by the number of days during the period from and including the date of the giving of such notice pursuant to this Section 5(c) to and including the date when each seller of Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement shall have received the copies of the supplemented or amended prospectus contemplated by Section 4(f).

Section 6. Registration Expenses

(a) All expenses incident to the Company's performance of or compliance with this Agreement, including all registration, qualification and filing fees, fees and expenses of compliance with securities or blue sky laws, filing expenses, printing expenses, messenger and delivery expenses, fees and disbursements of custodians and fees and disbursements of counsel for the Company and all independent certified public accountants, underwriters (excluding underwriting discounts and commissions) and other Persons retained by the Company (all such expenses being herein called "Registration **Expenses**"), shall be borne by the Company as provided in this Agreement, and the Company also shall pay all of its internal expenses (including all salaries and expenses of its officers and employees performing legal or accounting duties), the expense of any annual audit or quarterly review, the expense of any liability insurance and the expenses and fees for listing the securities to be registered on each securities exchange on which similar securities issued by the Company are then listed. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, each seller of securities pursuant to a registration under this Agreement shall bear and pay all underwriting discounts and commissions applicable to the securities sold for such seller's account.

(b) In connection with each Demand Registration and each Piggyback Registration, the Company shall reimburse the holders of Registrable Securities included in such registration for the reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of one (1) counsel chosen by the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities requesting inclusion in such registration, subject to the approval of the Company of such counsel (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) and for the reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of each additional counsel retained by any holder of Registrable Securities for the purpose of rendering a legal opinion on behalf of such holder in connection with any underwritten Demand Registration or Piggyback Registration.

(c) To the extent any expenses relating to a registration hereunder are not required to be paid by the Company, each holder of securities included (or requested to be included) in any registration hereunder shall pay those expenses allocable to the registration (or proposed registration) of such holder's securities so included (or requested to be included), and any expenses not so allocable be borne by all sellers of securities requested to be included in such registration in proportion to the aggregate selling price of the securities to be so registered.

Section 7. Indemnification

(a) The Company shall indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by law, each holder of Registrable Securities, its officers, directors, members, managers, partners, agents, Affiliates and employees and each Person who controls such holder (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) against all losses, claims, actions, damages, liabilities and expenses (including with respect to actions or proceedings, whether commenced or threatened, and including reasonable attorney fees and expenses) caused by, resulting from, arising out of or based upon any of the following statements, omissions or violations by the Company: (i) any untrue or alleged untrue statement of material fact contained in any registration statement, prospectus, preliminary prospectus or Free-Writing Prospectus, or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto, (ii) any violation or alleged omission of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, or (iii) any violation promulgated thereunder applicable to the Company and relating to action or inaction required of the Company in connection with any such registration qualification or compliance, and to pay to each holder of Registrable Securities, its officers, directors, members, managers, partners, agents, Affiliates and employees and each Person who controls such holder (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act), as incurred, any legal and any other expenses freaonably incurred in connection with investigating, preparing or defending any such claim, loss, damage, liability or action, except to the extent that the same are caused by or based upon any information furnished in writing to the Company or any managing underwritery by such holder expressly for use therein. In connection with an underwriters (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities (or to such lesser exten that the same exteased by or based upon any informatio

(b) In connection with any registration in which a holder of Registrable Securities is participating, each such holder shall furnish to the Company and the managing underwriter in writing such information and affidavits as the Company or the managing underwriter reasonably requests for use in connection with any such registration statement or prospectus relating to the Registrable Securities, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any preliminary prospectus or Free Writing Prospectus and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, shall indemnify the Company, its directors, officers, agents and each Person who controls the Company (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) against any losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses resulting from any untrue or alleged untrue statement of material fact contained in the registration statement, prospectus or preliminary prospectus or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto and any omission or alleged omission of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, but only to the extent that such untrue statement or omission is contained in

any information or affidavit so furnished in writing by such holder expressly for use therein and has not been corrected in a subsequent writing prior to or concurrently with the sale of Registrable Securities to the Person asserting the claim; *provided* that, in the event that a court of competent jurisdiction decides against any such allegations of untrue statements or omissions of a material fact, such holders shall be reimbursed for any amounts previously paid hereunder with respect to such allegations; *provided further* that the obligation to indemnify shall be individual, not joint and several, for each holder and shall be limited to the net amount of proceeds received by such holder from the sale of Registrable Securities pursuant to such registration statement.

(c) Any Person entitled to indemnification hereunder shall (i) give prompt written notice to the indemnifying party of any claim with respect to which it seeks indemnification (provided that the failure to give prompt notice shall not impair any Person's right to indemnification hereunder to the extent such failure has not prejudiced the indemnifying party) and (ii) unless in such indemnified party's reasonable judgment a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying party is may exist this respect to such claim, permit such indemnifying party to assume the defense of such claim with consel reasonably satisfactory to the indemnifying party. The indemnifying party shall not be subject to any liability for any settlement made by the indemnified party without the consent of the indemnifying party. An indemnifying party shall not be subject to any liability for any settlement made be defense of a claim shall not be obligated to pay the fees and expenses of more than one (1) coursel for all parties indemnified by such indemnified party and any other of such indemnified party indemnified party indemnified party and any other of such claim, unless in the reasonable judgment of any indemnified party conflict of interest may exist between such indemnified party and any other of such indemnified party. No indemnifying party, in the defense of such claim or litigation, shall, except with the creater of a majority of the Registrable Securities included in the registration by such conflicting indemnified party, consent to the expense of the indemnifying party, in the defense of such claim or litigation, shall, except with the consent of each indemnified party, consent to the entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement which does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to such indemnified party of a release from all liability in respect to such claim or litigation.

(d) Each party hereto agrees that, if for any reason the indemnification provisions contemplated by Section 7(a) or Section 7(b) are unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party in respect of or is otherwise unenforceable with respect to any losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses (or actions in respect thereof) referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses (or actions in respect thereof) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party and the indemnified party as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault of such indemnified party shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by such indemnifying party on indemnified party, and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The parties hereto agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 7(d) were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the holders or any underwriters or all of them were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in this Section 7(d). The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses (or actions in respect thereof) referred to above shall be deemed to include any legal or other fees or expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or, except as provided in Section 7(d) to contribute shall be extered in proportion to the amount of securities registered by them and not joint and shall be limited fo

and when combined with any amounts payable under Section 7(b) exceed the net proceeds from the offering actually received by such seller from the sale of Registrable Securities effected pursuant to such registration.

(e) The indemnification and contribution provided for under this Agreement shall be in addition to any other rights to indemnification and contribution that any indemnified party may have pursuant to law or contract and shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the indemnified party or any officer, director or controlling Person of such indemnified party and shall survive the transfer of securities.

Section 8. Participation in Underwritten Registrations. No Person may participate in any registration hereunder which is underwritten unless such Person (i) agrees to sell such Person's Registrable Securities on the basis provided in any underwriting arrangements in form customary for transactions of this type approved by the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities to be sold in the contemplated offering (including pursuant to any overallotment or "green shoe" option requested by the underwritters, provided that no holder of Registrable Securities shall be required to sell more than the number of Registrable Securities such holder has requested to include) and (ii) completes and executes all questionnaires, powers of attorney, indemnities, underwriting agreements and other documents required under the terms of such underwriting arrangements; provided that no holder of Registrable Securities included in any underwritten registration shall be required to make any representations or warranties to the Company or the underwritters in connection with an underwritten registration (other than representations and warranties regarding such holder's title to the securities and such holder's intended method of distribution) or to undertake any indemnification obligations to the Company or the underwriters with respect thereto, except as otherwise specifically provided in Section 7, or to agree to any lock-up or holdback restrictions, except as otherwise specifically provided in Section 3.

Section 9. Other Agreements. At all times after the Company has filed a registration statement with the Commission pursuant to the requirements of either the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to file all reports required to be filed by it under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations adopted by the Commission thereunder and shall take such further action as the Investors or the Other Shareholders may reasonably request, all to the extent required to enable such Persons to sell securities pursuant to (i) Rule 144 or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the Commission or (ii) a registration statement on Form S-3 or any similar registration form hereafter adopted by the Commission. Upon reasonable request, the Company shall deliver to the Investors and the Other Shareholders a written statement as to whether it has compiled with such requirements. The Company shall at all times after it has consummated the Go Public Transaction use its reasonable best efforts to cause the securities so registered to be listed on one or more of the New York Stock Exchange, NYSE American, LLC and/or the Nasdaq Stock Market. The foregoing agreements in this Section 9 shall not apply to a "take private" or other transaction in which the Common Shares cease to be registered under the Exchange Act, so long as such transaction is approved by the Board.

Section 10. Subsidiary Public Offering. If, after an initial public offering of the capital stock or other equity securities of one of its subsidiaries, the Company distributes securities of such subsidiary to its equity holders, then the rights of holders hereunder and the obligations of the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to such subsidiary, and the Company shall cause such subsidiary to comply with such subsidiary's obligations under this Agreement.

Section 11. Term. This Agreement shall become effective upon consummation of the Go Public Transaction and shall terminate upon the earlier to occur of (i) the seventh anniversary of the date of this Agreement and (ii) the date as of which (A) all of the Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to a Registration Statement (but in no event prior to the applicable period referred to in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act and Rule 174 thereunder (or any successor rule promulgated thereafter by the Commission)) or (B) all Registrable Securities have been sold under Rule 144 under the Securities Act. The provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 shall survive any termination.

Section 12. Definitions.

"Affiliate" means, as applied to any Person, means any other Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer or director of such Person or any venture capital, private equity or other investment fund or account now or hereafter existing that is controlled by one or more general partners or managing members of, or shares the same management company or investment advisor with, such Person, and the term "Affiliated" shall have the correlative meaning. The term "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Certificate of Incorporation" means the Memorandum of Association of the Company, as issued by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda, and as amended from time to time in accordance with its terms.

"Dexcel" means Dexcel Pharma Technologies Ltd., an Israeli limited liability company.

"Dexxon" means Dexxon Holdings Ltd., an Israeli limited liability company.

"Dexxon Investors" means (i) Dexxon and (ii) Dexcel.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated from time-to-time thereunder.

"Family Member" means a spouse, civil partner, child (natural, step or adopted) parent, sibling or grandchild.

"FINRA" means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

"Free-Writing Prospectus" means a free-writing prospectus, as defined in Rule 405 promulgated under the Securities Act.

"Investor Registrable Securities" means (i) Common Shares issued, distributed, issuable or distributable to the Major Holders as of the date of this Agreement or hereafter, (ii) any other securities issued or issuable directly or indirectly with respect to the securities described in clause (i) of this definition by way of a dividend, distribution or equity split or in connection with an exchange or a combination of equity interests, recapitalization, reclassification, merger, consolidation or other reorganization (including any common shares issued or issuable to the Investors in anticipation of a registered offering), and (iii) any other equity securities of the Company or its corporate successor held at any time by Persons holding securities described in clause (i) or (ii) of this definition. As to any particular Investor Registrable Securities, such securities shall cease to be an Investor Registrable Security upon the earlier to occur of (x) a registration statement covering such Investor Registrable Security having been declared effective by the Commission and such Investor Registrable Securities Action as such Effective registration statement or (y) such Investor Registrable Securities being able to be disposed of pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Acti in a single transaction.

"Major Holder" means each of the Founder, the Dexxon Investors, the QVT Investors, the Viking Investors, Softbank and Sumitomo, and any of their Permitted Transferees.

"MNPI" means material non-public information within the meaning of Regulation FD promulgated under the Exchange Act, which shall in any case include the receipt of any notice delivered by the Company under this Agreement, including pursuant to Section 1 or Section 2 hereof and the information contained in any such notice.

"Other Registrable Securities" means (i) the Common Shares issued, distributed, issuable or distributable to the Other Shareholders, (ii) any other securities issued or issuable directly or indirectly with respect to the

securities described in clause (i) of this definition by way of a dividend, distribution or equity split or in connection with an exchange or a combination of equity interests, recapitalization, reclassification, merger, consolidation or other reorganization (including any common share issued or issuable in anticipation of a registered offering), and (iii) any other equity securities of the Company or its corporate successor held at any time by Persons holding securities described in clause (i) or (ii) of this definition. As to any particular Other Registrable Securities, such securities shall cease to be Other Registrable Securities puon the earlier to occur of (x) a registration statement covering such Other Registrable Securities having been declared effective by the Commission and such Other Registrable Securities being able to be disposed of pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of Rule 144.

"Permitted Transferee" means (i) with respect to any Person, an Affiliate of such Person, (ii) with respect to the Founder, a transfer for *bona fide* estate planning purposes, either during his or her lifetime or on death by will or intestacy to a Family Member or any custodian or trustee of any trust, executor or other fiduciary all of the beneficial interest in is held for the benefit of, him or her or his or her Family Members, or to a trust for the himself or herself, or a charitable remainder trust, (iii) with respect to any QVT Investor, (a) any investor in such QVT Investor and (b) any entity in which one or more investors in such QVT Investor have the power to control the decisions of such entity or at least 90% of the beneficial interest in which is held, by any such investors and any Family Member thereof, and (iv) with respect to Softbank, each of SVF Holdings (UK) LLP and SoftBank Vision Fund L.P.

"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization and a governmental entity or any department, agency or political subdivision thereof.

"Public Subsidiary" means any subsidiary of the Company that has a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act.

"QVT Investors" means, collectively, QVT Roiv Hldgs Offshore Ltd., a Cayman Islands limited company, QVT Roiv Hldgs Onshore Ltd., a Cayman Islands limited company, QVT Deferred Compensation Holdings Ltd., a Cayman Islands limited company, QVT Deferred Compensation Holdings Ltd., a Cayman Islands limited company, QVT P&E Roiv Hldgs Ltd., a Cayman Islands limited company, Fourth Avenue Capital Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership, and any Permitted Transferee of any of the foregoing.

"Registrable Securities" means, collectively, the Investor Registrable Securities and the Other Registrable Securities.

"Rule 144," "Rule 158," "Rule 405" and "Rule 415" mean, in each case, such rule promulgated under the Securities Act (or any successor provision) by the Commission, as the same shall be amended from time to time, or any successor rule then in force.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated from time-to-time thereunder.

"Upstream Equity Holder" means, with respect to a Shareholder, its direct or indirect stockholders, partners, members or other equity holders.

"Viking Investors" means, collectively, Viking Global Opportunities Illiquid Investments Sub-Master LP, Viking Global Equities LP, Viking Global Equities II LP, VGE III Portfolio Ltd., Viking Long Master Fund Ltd. and Viking Global Equities Master Ltd.

"WKSI" means a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined under Rule 405.

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Section 13. Miscellaneous

(a) No Inconsistent Agreements. The Company shall not hereafter enter into any agreement with respect to its securities which is inconsistent with or violates the rights granted to the holders of Registrable Securities in this Agreement.

(b) Adjustments Affecting Registrable Securities. The Company shall not take any action, or permit any change to occur, with respect to its securities that would materially and adversely affect the ability of the holders of Registrable Securities to include such Registrable Securities in a registration undertaken pursuant to this Agreement or that would materially and adversely affect the marketability of such Registrable Securities in any such registration (including effecting a split or a combination of securities).

(c) Remedies. Any Person having any rights under any provision of this Agreement shall be entitled to enforce such rights specifically (without posting a bond or other security), to recover damages by reason of any breach of any provision of this Agreement and to exercise all other rights granted by law. The Parties agree and acknowledge that the Investors and the other holders of Registrable Securities would be irreparably harmed by, and money damages would not be an adequate remedy for, any breach of the provisions of this Agreement and that, in addition to any other rights and remedies existing in its favor, any Party shall be entitled to specific performance and/or other injunctive relief from any court of law or equity of competent jurisdiction (without posting any bond or other security) in order to enforce or prevent violation of the provisions of this Agreement.

(d) Amendments and Waivers. The provisions of this Agreement may be amended, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, only upon the prior written consent of (i) the Company, (ii) the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities, and (iii) the holders of at least 60% of the Investor Registrable Securities; provided that to the extent any such amendment alters or waives any rights of the Other Shareholders in this Agreement in a manner disproportionately adverse to the Other Shareholders (as compared to the Investors), such amendment or waiver will also require the prior written consent of the Other Shareholders holding a majority of the Registrable Securities held by the Other Shareholders; provided further that this Agreement may not be amended, modified or supplemented and the observance of any term hereof may not be waived with respect to any Investor (each an "Amendment") without the written consent of such Investor; if such Amendment would (A) disproportionately admetrially adversely affect such Investor's rights hereunder, or (B) grant any rights to any Investor that are not similarly granted or offered to all other Investors. No course of dealing between or among the Parties (including the failure of any Party to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement, shall be deemed effective to modify, amend, waive or discharge any part of this Agreement or any rights or obligations of any Party under or by reason of this Agreement, and the failure of any Party to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement shall in oway be construed as a waiver of such provisions and shall not affect the right of such Party thereafter to enforce each and every provision of this Agreement for succerdance with its terms. The waiver by any Party hereto of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.

(e) Successors and Assigns. This Agreement and all of the covenants and agreements contained herein and rights, interests or obligations hereunder, by or on behalf of any of the Parties, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and assigns of the Parties whether so expressed or not, provided that neither this Agreement nor any of the covenants and agreements herein or rights, interests or obligations hereunder may be assigned or delegated by the Company except in connection with a Business Combination (as defined in the Amended and Restated Bye-laws of the Company (the "**Bye-Laws**")) in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Bye-Laws. Without limiting the foregoing, whether or not any express assignment has been made, the provisions of this Agreement which are for the benefit of holders of Investor Registrable Securities are also for the benefit of, and enforceable by, any subsequent holder of Investor Registrable Securities and Other Registrable Securities.

(f) Severability. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Agreement or the application of any

such provision to any Person or circumstance shall be held to be prohibited by or illegal or unenforceable under applicable law in any respect by a court of competent jurisdiction, such provision shall be ineffective only in such jurisdiction and to the extent of such prohibition or illegality or unenforceability, without invalidating the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement in such jurisdiction or any provisions of this Agreement in any other jurisdiction.

(g) Counterparts. This Agreement and any amendments hereto or thereto, to the extent signed and delivered in counterparts (any one of which need not contain the signatures of more than one Party hereto or thereto, but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same Agreement) by means of a facsimile machine or electronic transmission in portable document format (pdf), shall be treated in all manner and respects as an original thereof and shall be considered to have the same binding legal effects as if it were the original signed version thereof delivered in person. At the request of any Party hereto or thereto, each other Party hereto or thereto shall re-execute original forms thereof and deliver them to all other Parties hereto or thereto. No Party hereto shall raise the use of a facsimile machine or electronic transmission in pdf to deliver a signature or the fact that any signature or document was transmitted or communicated through the use of facsimile machine or electronic transmission as a defense to the formation of a contract, and each such Party forever waives any such defense.

(h) Descriptive Headings; Interpretation. The headings and captions used in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. The use of the word "including" herein shall mean "including without limitation." Any reference to the masculine, feminine or neuter gender shall be deemed to include any gender or all three as appropriate.

(i) Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Agreement for Service. All issues and questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of New York or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of New York. The Parties agree that all disputes, legal actions, suits and proceedings arising out of or relating to this Agreement must be brought exclusively in a federal district court or a state court in New York County, New York. Each Party hereby consents and submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts. Each Party hereby irrevocably waives all claims of immunity from jurisdiction and any right to object on the basis that any dispute, action, suit or proceeding brought in such court has been brought in an improper or inconvenient forum or venue. No legal action, suit or proceeding brought nevelow there have been brought in an improper or inconvenient forum or venue. No legal action, suit or proceeding brought in such court has been brought in an improper or inconvenient forum or venue. Such of the Company, Softbank and the Dexxon Investors (A) acknowledges that it has, by separate written instrument, irrevocably designated and appointed Corporation Service Company ("CSC"), 1180 Avenue of the Americas, Suite 210, New York, NY 10036-8401 as its authorized agent upon which procees may be served in any suit or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement and acknowledges that CSC has accepted such designation and (B) agrees that service of procees upon CSC, and written notice of said service to any such Party, in the manner provided in Section 13(k) shall be deemed in every respect effective service to tho company, Softbank and the Dexxon Investors quark and all action, including the execution and filing of any

(j) WAIVER OF TRIAL BY JURY. TO THE EXTENT NOT PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW THAT CANNOT BE WAIVED, THE PARTIES HEREBY WAIVE, AND COVENANT THAT THEY WILL NOT ASSERT (WHETHER AS PLAINTIFF, DEFENDANT OR OTHERWISE), ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION ARISING IN WHOLE OR IN PART UNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS

AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY, WHETHER NOW EXISTING OR HEREAFTER ARISING, AND WHETHER SOUNDING IN CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE. THE PARTIES AGREE THAT ANY OF THEM MAY FILE A COPY OF THIS PARAGRAPH WITH ANY COURT AS WRITTEN EVIDENCE OF THE KNOWING, VOLUNTARY AND BARGAINED-FOR AGREEMENT AMONG THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY TO WAIVE ITS RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY PROCEEDING WHATSOEVER BETWEEN THEM RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

(k) *Notice*. All notices, demands or other communications to be given or delivered under or by reason of the provisions of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed to have been given when (i) delivered personally to the recipient, (ii) received, if sent by confirmed electronic mail or facsimile during normal business hours of the recipient (or, if sent outside of normal business hours, then on the next business day) or (iii) one (1) business day after it is sent to the recipient by reputable overnight courier service (charges prepaid). Such notices, demands and other communications will be sent to the Company at the address set forth below and to any other Party to this Agreement at such address as indicated by the Company's records, or at such other Party's principal place of business with copies (which shall not constitute notice) to such address or to the attention of such other person as the recipient Party has specified by prior written notice to the sending Party.

To the Company:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom Attention: Marianne Romeo Email: marianne.romeo@roivant.com

with copies (which shall not constitute notice to the Company) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Derek J. Dostal; Lee Hochbaum Telephone: (212) 450-4322; (212) 450-4736 Email: derek.dostal@davispolk.com; lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com

If to any of the Dexxon Investors at:

c/o Dexxon Holdings Ltd. 1 Dexcel Street Or Akiva, 30600000, Israel Attention: Dan Oren, President & CEO Telephone: +972-4-6364004 Facsimile: +972-4-6364004 Email: Dan@Dexcel.com with a copy (which shall not constitute notice to the Dexxon Investors) to:

Greenberg Traurig, P.A. 333 S.E. 2nd Avenue Miami, FL 33131 Attention: Robert L. Grossman Telephone: 1-305-579-7970 Facsimile: 1-305-579-0717 Email: grossmanb@gtlaw.com

If to any of the QVT Investors at:

c/o QVT Financial LP 888 Seventh Avenue New York, NY 10106 Attention: General Counsel Email: legalnotices@qvt.com Facsimile: (212) 705-8820

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice to the QVT Investors) to:

Davis Graham & Stubbs LLP 1550 17th Street, Suite 500 Denver, CO 80202 Attention: John Elofson Telephone: (303) 892-7335 Facsimile: (303) 893-1379 Email: John.Elofson@dgslaw.com

If to any of the Viking Investors at:

c/o Viking Global Investors LP 55 Railroad Avenue Greenwich, CT 06830 Attention: General Counsel E-mail: legalnotices@vikingglobal.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice to the Viking Investors) to:

Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian, LLP 1250 Broadway, 23rd Floor New York, New York 10001 Attention: Greg Volkmar Phone: (212) 430-3170 Email: gvolkmar@gunder.com

If to Softbank at:

c/o SB Investment Advisers (US) Inc. 1 Circle Star Way San Carlos, CA 94070 Attn: Akshay Naheta Email: akshay@softbank.com

with copies (which shall not constitute notice to Softbank) to: SB Investment Advisers (US) Inc. 1 Circle Star Way San Carlos, CA 94070 Attn: Brian Wheeler, General Counsel

-and-

Cooley LLP 3175 Hanover Street Palo Alto, CA 94304 Attn: Matthew S. Bartus Email: mbartus@cooley.com Telephone: (650) 843-5756

Email: bwheeler@softbank.com

If to Sumitomo at:

c/o Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd 6-8, Doshomachi 2-Chome, Chuo-ku Osaka 541-0045 Japan Attention: Shigeyuki Nishinaka, Senior Executive Officer, Global Corporate Strategy Email: shigeyuki-nishinaka@ds-pharma.co.jp

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice to Sumitomo) to:

Jones Day 3161 Michelson Drive Irvine, CA 92612-4412 Attention: Jonn R. Beeson, Esq. Email: jbeeson@jonesday.com

(1) Rights Cumulative. The rights and remedies of each of the Parties under this Agreement shall be cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies which a Party would otherwise have hereunder at law or in equity or by statute, and no failure or delay by either Party in exercising any right or remedy shall not impair any such right or remedy or operate as a waiver of such right or remedy, and neither shall any single or partial exercise of any power or right preclude a Party's other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other power or right.

(m) No Strict Construction. The Parties have participated jointly in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement. In the event an ambiguity or question of intent or interpretation arises, this Agreement shall be construed as if drafted jointly by the Parties, and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any Party by virtue of the authorship of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

(n) Complete Agreement. This Agreement and the other agreements and instruments referred to herein contain the complete agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof and supersede any prior understandings, agreements and representations by or between the parties hereto (whether written or oral) that may have related to the subject matter hereof or thereof in any way.

(o) Aggregation of Stock. All shares of Registrable Securities held or acquired by Affiliates shall be aggregated together for the purpose of determining the availability of any rights under this Agreement and such Affiliated persons may apportion such rights as among themselves in any manner they deem appropriate.

Section 14. MNPI Provisions

(a) Each Shareholder acknowledges that (i) the provisions of Section 1, 2 and 4 of this Agreement may require certain communications to be made by the Company or other Shareholders to such Shareholder that may result in such Shareholder and its Representatives (as defined below) acquiring MNPI (which may include, solely by way of illustration, the fact that an offering of the Company's securities is pending or the number of Company securities or the identity of the selling Shareholders) (such communications, "**RRA Communications**"), and (ii) subject to the time limitations set forth in Section 1(e) and the qualifications in Section 14(b), there is no limitation on the duration of time that such Shareholder and its Representatives may be in possession of MNPI included in such RRA Communications and no requirement that the Company or other Shareholder smake any public disclosure to cause information in such RRA Communications to cease to be MNPI; provided that the Company will notify each Shareholder entitled to notice or who received an RRA Communication or offering for which an RRA Communication has been delivered pursuant to this Agreement has been terminated or aborted to the extent the knowledge of such registration or offering constitutes MNPI.

(b) Each Shareholder agrees that it will maintain the confidentiality of MNPI in RRA Communications delivered to it and, to the extent such Shareholder is not a natural person, such confidential treatment shall be in accordance with procedures adopted by it in good faith to protect confidential information of third parties delivered to such Shareholder ("**Policies**"); provided that the obligation to maintain confidentiality of MNPI in RRA Communications shall cease when the information in the RRA Communications (i) is known or becomes known to the public in general (other than as a result of a breach of this Section 14(b) by such Shareholder or its Representatives), or (ii) is or has been made known or disclosed to the Shareholder by a third party party not known by such Shareholder to be in breach of any obligation of ordinetiality such third party may have to the Company; provided further that a Shareholder may deliver or disclose MNPI in such RRA Communications to (1) to its affiliates; its and its affiliates' respective directors, officers, employees, partners, members, agents, attorneys, consultants and financial and other advisors, and potential sources of capital (including potential limited partners) (collectively, the "**Representatives**"), but solely to the extent such disclosure reasonably relates to its evaluation of exercise of its rights under this Agreement and the sale of any Registrable Securities in connection with the subject of the notice, (2) to any federal, state, national, foreign or other regulatory or self-regulatory authority having jurisdiction over such Shareholder, or (3) to any Person if necessary to effect compliance with any law, rule, regulation, investigation, audit, request or order applacelue (1), the recipients of such MNPI in such RRA Communications are subject to the Policies or agree to or are otherwise obligated to hold confidential the MNPI in a manner substantially consistent with the terms of this Section 14 and that in the case of clauses (2) and (3), such Shareholder

(c) Each Shareholder, by its execution of this Agreement, hereby (i) acknowledges that it is aware that the U.S. securities laws prohibit any Person who has MNPI about a company from purchasing or selling, directly or indirectly, securities of such company (including entering into hedge transactions involving such securities), or from communicating such information to any other Person in certain circumstances, and (ii) agrees that it will not use or permit any third party to use, and that it will use its commercially reasonable efforts to assure that none of its Representatives will use or permit any third party to use, and MNPI the Company provides in contravention of the U.S. securities laws and such Shareholder will cease trading in the Company's securities while in possession of such MNPI to the extent prohibited by law.

(d) Each Shareholder shall have the right, at any time and from time to time (including after receiving information regarding any potential underwritten offering), to elect not to receive RRA Communications that the

Company or any other Shareholders otherwise are required to deliver pursuant to this Agreement by delivering to the Company a written statement signed by such Shareholder that it does not want to receive any RRA Communications (an "**Opt-Out Request**"); in which case, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company and other Shareholders shall not be required to, and shall not, deliver any RRA Communications for which the Shareholder has indicated in the Opt-Out Request that it does not want to receive hereunder to the extent that such RRA Communications would result in a Shareholder acquiring MNPI. An Opt-Out Request may state a date on which it expires or, if no such date is specified, shall remain in effect until the Shareholder notifies the Company that it withdraws the Opt-Out Request, and the Shareholder may, in its sole discretion, determine the scope and applicability of the Opt-Out Request as set forth in the Opt-Out Request. A Shareholder to issue, update and revoke subsequent Opt-Out Requests; provided that each Shareholder shall use commercially reasonable efforts to minimize the administrative burden on the Company arising in connection with any such Opt-Out Requests.

* * * * * C-24

COMPANY:

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

SVF Investments (UK) Limited

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

DEXXON HOLDINGS LTD

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

DEXCEL PHARMA TECHNOLOGIES LTD

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

QVT INVESTORS:

QVT Fund V LP By its general partner QVT Associates GP LLC

By: Name: Title:

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

QVT Fund IV LP By its general partner QVT Associates GP LLC

By: Name: Title:

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

QVT Financial LP By its general partner QVT Financial LLC

By:	
	Nam

Name: Title:

,

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

QVT Offshore Ltd.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

Fourth Avenue Capital Partners LP By its general partner Fourth Avenue Capital Partners GP LLC

By:		
	Name:	
	Fitle:	
By:		
	Name:	
	Fitle:	

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

VIKING INVESTORS:

VIKING GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES ILLIQUID INVESTMENTS SUB-MASTER LP By: Viking Global Opportunities Portfolio GP LLC, its general partner

By: Name: Title:

VIKING GLOBAL EQUITIES LP By: Viking Global Performance LLC, its general partner

By: Name:

VIKING GLOBAL EQUITIES II LP By: Viking Global Performance LLC, its general partner

By: Name:

Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

PURCHASERS (CONTINUED): VGE III PORTFOLIO LTD. By: Viking Global Performance LLC, its investment manager

By: Name: Title:

VIKING LONG FUND MASTER LTD. By: Viking Long Fund GP LLC, its investment manager

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

VIVEK RAMASWAMY

[Signature Page to Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

ANNEX D – FORM OF TRANSACTION SUPPORT AGREEMENT

[FORM OF] TRANSACTION SUPPORT AGREEMENT

This **TRANSACTION SUPPORT AGREEMENT** (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of May 1, 2021, by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"), Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), and [•], a [•] ([collectively,] the "<u>Shareholder</u>").¹ Each of MAAC, the Company and the Shareholder are sometimes referred to herein individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>". Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Business Combination Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, MAAC, the Company and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("<u>Merger Sub</u>"), entered into that certain Business Combination Agreement (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "<u>Business Combination Agreement</u>");

WHEREAS, the Business Combination Agreement contemplates that, on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, (a) on the Closing Date prior to the Closing, the Company will consummate the Company Pre-Closing Steps, and (b) on the Closing Date promptly following consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC as the surviving corporation in the merger and, after giving effect to such merger, becoming a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Shareholder is, as of the date hereof, the record and beneficial owner of the number and class or series (as applicable) of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> hereto (together with any other Company Pre-Closing Common Shares that the Shareholder acquires record or beneficial ownership of after the date hereof and prior to the Effective Time, collectively, the "<u>Subject Company</u> <u>Shares</u>"):

WHEREAS, in consideration for the benefits to be received by the Shareholder under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and as a material inducement to the Company and MAAC agreeing to enter into and consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the Shareholder agrees to enter into this Agreement and to be bound by the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the Company and MAAC would not have entered into and agreed to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement without the Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, each intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. <u>Company Shareholder Consent and Related Matters</u>, Prior to the earlier of (A) the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms and (B) the Effective Time, (i) to the extent that it is necessary or

1 With respect to institutional investors, this Agreement is to be executed by all entities that hold Company Pre-Closing Common Shares.

reasonably advisable, in each case, as mutually reasonably determined and agreed by MAAC and the Company (such determination and agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either MAAC or the Company, as applicable) for matters, actions or proposals to be approved by the Shareholder in connection with, or otherwise in furtherance of, the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and/or the Ancillary Documents, if any, the Shareholder shall vote (or cause to be voted) the Subject Company Shares in favor of and/or consent to any such matters, actions or proposals promptly following written request thereof from MAAC and the Company, as applicable (*provided, however*, that the Shareholder shall not be required to vote for, or consent to, any action that would result in any adverse economic or other material changes to the form of the Business Combination Agreement and/or the Ancillary Documents as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on or prior to the date hereof (any such action, an "<u>Adverse Action</u>")), and (ii) the Shareholder shall vote (or cause to be voted) the Subject Company Shares against and withhold consent with respect to (A) any Company Acquisition Proposal or (B) any other matter, action or proposal that would reasonably be expected to result in (x) a breach of any of the Company's covenants, agreements or obligations under the Business Combination Agreement or (y) any of the conditions to the Closing set forth in Article VI of the Business Combination Agreement or to being satisfied.

2. Other Covenants and Agreements

(a) The Shareholder and the Company hereby agrees that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any such agreement, (i) each of the agreements set forth on <u>Schedule B</u> hereto shall be automatically terminated and of no further force and effect (including any provisions of any such agreement that, by its terms, survive such termination, effective as of, and subject to and conditioned upon the occurrence of, the Closing and (ii) upon such termination neither the Company nor any of its Affiliates (including the other Group Companies and, from and after the Effective Time, MAAC and its Affiliates) shall have any further Liabilities under each such agreement.

(b) The Shareholder acknowledges and agrees that the Shareholder is, and during the term of this Agreement shall continue to be, bound by the confidentiality obligations set forth in the Sixth Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement, dated June 17, 2020, by and among the Company and the Company Shareholders party thereto (the "<u>Shareholders Agreement</u>").

(c) The Shareholder shall not, and the Shareholder shall cause its controlled Affiliates and its and their respective officers and directors not to, and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its other Representatives not to, at any time prior to the Effective Time, issue any press releases or thereay that contain any information that is not, at the applicable time, already publicly available (other than as a result of disclosure by the Shareholder in violation of any applicable confidentiality obligations) without the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC; *provided*, *however*, that the Shareholder and its Representatives may issue or make, as applicable, any such press release, public announcement or other communication is required by applicable Law or applicable rule of a stock exchange on which its or any of its Affiliates' securities are listed, in which case the Shareholder or its applicable Company and MAAC in connection therewith and provide the Company and MAAC with an opportunity to review and comment on such press release, public announcement or other communication is required by applicable Law or applicable rule of a stock exchange on which its or any of its Affiliates' securities are listed, in which case the Shareholder or its applicable Rompany and MAAC in connection therewith and provide the Company and MAAC with an opportunity to review and comment on such press release, public announcement or dure communication about the subject matter of this <u>Agreement</u>, the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (1) to their respective affiliates, their and their affiliates' respective directors, officers, employees, partners, members, agents, attorneys, consultants and financial and other advisors, and potential sources of capital (including potential limited partners), (2) to the extent required by any federal, state, national, foreign or other regulatory or self-regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Shareholder or its Representatives,

Shareholder or its Representatives, including in response to any subpoena or other legal process, audit or examinations or (4) to any direct or indirect former, current or prospective investor or in connection with normal fund raising or related marketing or informational or reporting activities (so long as, in the case of this clause (4), the recipients of such information are subject to customary confidentiality obligations prior to the receipt of such information); *provided further* that in the case of the foregoing clause (1), the recipients of such information are subject to policies to protect such confidential information or agree to hold confidential the information in a manner substantially consistent with the terms of the confidentiality provisions of the Shareholders Agreement and that, in the case of the foregoing clauses (2) and (3), the Shareholder or its Representatives promptly notifies the Company of such disclosure to the extent the Shareholder or its Representatives are legally permitted to give such notice and it is reasonably practicable; *provided further* that no such notice shall be required where disclosure is made (x) in response to and required by a general request by a pank examiner or auditor and such audit or examination does not reference the Company, this Agreement or the Business Combination Agreement.

(d) The Shareholder (i) shall be bound by and subject to <u>Section 8.18</u> (Trust Account Waiver) of the Business Combination Agreement to the same extent as such provisions apply to the Company, as if the Shareholder is directly party thereto, and (ii) shall vote its Company Pre-Closing Common Shares, exercise its director appointment and termination rights, execute any documents and otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, in each case, as may be necessary or appropriate so that, immediately after the Effective Time, the Company Board consists of the number of directors, and is comprised of the individuals, determined pursuant to <u>Section 5.16(a)</u> (Post-Closing Directors) of the Business Combination Agreement.

(e) [Except with respect to the transactions contemplated by the PIPE Subscription Agreement entered into by and among the Shareholder, the Company and MAAC on the date hereof (the "Shareholder PIPE Subscription"),]² if applicable, the Shareholder hereby agrees to promptly execute and deliver all additional agreements, documents or instruments, take, or cause to be taken, all actions and provide, or cause to be provided, all additional information or other materials as may be necessary or reasonably advisable, in each case, as mutually reasonably determined and agreed to by MAAC and the Company (such determination and agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either MAAC or the Company), in connection with, or otherwise in furtherance of, the transactions and the other covenants and agreements contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or this Agreement (*provided*, *however*, that in no event shall the Shareholder be obligated to take, approve or consent to an Adverse Action). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Shareholder shall not be required to provide any information which is, based on the advice of outside counsel, subject to legal privilege.

(f) [The Shareholder hereby acknowledges and agrees that, in connection with the consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps on the Closing Date, all of the Non-Voting Common Shares held by the Shareholder as of immediately prior to such consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps will be converted on a one for one basis into voting Company Pre-Closing Common Shares (the "<u>Share Conversion</u>"), subject to the prior expiration or termination of the applicable waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to such Share Conversion. Without limiting <u>Section 2(e)</u>, the Shareholder shall use reasonable best efforts to take any actions reasonably necessary or appropriate to cause the Share Conversion to be consummated, including by (A) making any appropriate filings pursuant to the HSR Act with respect to the Share Conversion as promptly as reasonably practicable (and in any event within ten (10) Business Days) following the date of this Agreement, (B) obtaining any other approvals of any Governmental Entity as may be required in connection with the Share Conversion and (C) responding as promptly as reasonably practicable to any requests by any Governmental Entity for additional information and documentary material that may be requested pursuant to the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity. Without limiting the foregoing, the Shareholder and its

2 Note to Draft: To be included for Company shareholders that are also PIPE investors.

applicable Affiliates shall not extend any waiting period, review period or comparable period under the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity or enter into any agreement with any Governmental Entity not to consummate the Share Conversion except with the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC. The Shareholder shall promptly inform the Company and MAAC of any communication received by the Shareholder from any Governmental Entity regarding the Share Conversion. The Shareholder shall give the Company and its counsel, and MAAC and its counsel, a reasonable opportunity to review in advance, and consider in good faith the views thereof in connection with, any proposed written communication to any Governmental Entity relating to the Share Conversion. The Shareholder sprese not to participate in any substantive meeting or discussion, either in person or by telephone with any Governmental Entity in connection with the Share Conversion unless it consults with the Company and MAAC in advance and, to the extent not prohibited by such Governmental Entity, gives the Company and MAAC the opportunity to attend and participate in such meeting or discussion.]³

(g) [Without limiting Section 2(e), the Shareholder shall use reasonable best efforts to consummate the Shareholder PIPE Subscription. including by (A) making any appropriate fillings pursuant to the HSR Act with respect to the Shareholder PIPE Subscription as promptly as re nably practicable (and in any event within ten (10) Business Days) following the date of this Agreement, (B) obtaining any other approvals of any Governmental Entity as may be required in connection with the Shareholder PIPE Subscription and (C) responding as promptly as reasonably practicable to any requests by any Governmental Entity for additional information and documentary material that may be requested pursuant to the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity. Without limiting the foregoing, the Shareholder and its applicable Affiliates shall not extend any waiting period, review period or comparable period under the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity except with the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, it is expressly understood and agreed that: (i) the Shareholder shall have no obligation to litigate or contest any Proceeding in respect of such filings and approvals and (ii) the Shareholder shall be under no obligation to proffer, make proposals, negotiate, execute, carry out or submit to agreements or Orders providing for (A) the sale, transfer, license, divestiture, encumbrance or other disposition or holding separate (through the establishment of a trust or otherwise) of any assets, categories of assets, operations or categories of operations of the Shareholder or any of its Affiliates, (B) the discontinuation of any product or service of the Shareholder or any of its Affiliates, or (C) the imposition of any limitation or regulation on the ability of the Shareholder or any of its Affiliates to freely conduct their business or own their respective assets. The Shareholder shall promptly inform the Company and MAAC of any communication received by the Shareholder from any Governmental Entity regarding the Shareholder PIPE Subscription. The Shareholder shall give the Company and its counsel, and MAAC and its counsel, a reasonable opportunity to review in advance, and consider in good faith the views thereof in connection with, any proposed written communication to any Governmental Entity relating to the Shareholder PIPE Subscription. The Shareholder agrees not to participate in any substantive meeting or discussion, either in person or by telephone with any Governmental Entity in connection with the Shareholder PIPE Subscription unless it consults with the Company and MAAC in advance and, to the extent not prohibited by such Governmental Entity, gives the Company and MAAC the opportunity to attend and participate in such meeting or discussion. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby acknowledged and agreed that nothing in this Agreement shall limit the conditions set forth in Section 3(a) and 3(c) of the PIPE Subscription Agreement entered into in connection with the Shareholder PIPE Subscription.14

(h) [The Shareholder agrees not to participate in any Piggyback Registration (as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement) pursuant to Section 2 of the Registration Rights Agreement during the Holdback Period (as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement).]⁵

- 3 Note to Draft: To be included for the Founder
- 4 Note to Draft: To be included for Shareholders whose participation in the PIPE Financing requires an HSR filing or other governmental approvals.
- 5 Note to Draft: To be included for the Founder and Matthew Gline
- D-4

(i) The Shareholder acknowledges and agrees that MAAC and the Company are entering into the Business Combination Agreement in reliance upon the Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by, and perform, or otherwise comply with, as applicable, the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement and, but for the Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by, and perform, or otherwise comply with, as applicable, the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement, MAAC and the Company would not have entered into or agreed to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

3. Shareholder Representations and Warranties. The Shareholder represents and warrants to MAAC as follows:

(a) If the Shareholder is not an individual, the Shareholder is a corporation, limited liability company or other applicable business entity duly organized or formed, as applicable, validly existing and in good standing (or the equivalent thereof, if applicable, in each case, with respect to the jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) under the Laws of its jurisdiction of formation or organization (as applicable).

(b) The Shareholder (if not an individual) has the requisite corporate, limited liability company or other similar power and authority and, if the Shareholder is an individual, legal capacity to execute and deliver this Agreement, to perform his, her or its covenants, agreements and obligations hereunder (including, for the avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations hereunder that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement), and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other action on the part of the Shareholder. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by the Shareholder and constitutes a valid, legal and binding agreement of the Shareholder (assuming that this Agreement is duly authorized, executed and delivered by MAAC and the Company), enforceable against the Shareholder in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity).

(c) No consent, approval or authorization of, or designation, declaration or filing with, any Governmental Entity is required on the part of the Shareholder with respect to the Shareholder's execution, delivery or performance of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations under this Agreement that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement) or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, except for any consents, approvals, authorizations, designations, declarations, waivers or filings, the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

(d) Subject to the due execution and delivery of the Company Shareholder Written Consent and that certain Large Lot Shareholders' Consent and Waiver and Founder's Waiver relating to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement on or prior to the date hereof, none of the execution or delivery of this Agreement by the Shareholder of by the Shareholder of any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations under this Agreement that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement) or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will, directly or indirectly (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) (i) if the Shareholder is not an individual, result in any breach of any provision of the Shareholder's Governing Documents, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute a default or give rise to any right of termination, Consent, cancellation, amendment, modification, suspension, revocation or acceleration under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any Contract to which the Shareholder is a party, (iii) violate, or constitute a breach under, any Order or applicable Law to which the Shareholder or any of his, her or its properties or assets are bound or (iv) result in the creation of any Lien upon the Subject Company Shares (other than as expressly provided under this Agreement), except, in the case of any of <u>clauses (ii)</u> and (<u>iii)</u> above, as would not reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

(e) The Shareholder is, as of the date hereof, the record and beneficial owner of the Company Pre-Closing Common Shares set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> hereto. The Shareholder has the sole right to vote (and provide consent in respect of, as applicable) the Subject Company Shares and, except for this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the Company Shareholders Agreement, the Shareholder is not party to or bound by (i) any option, warrant, purchase right or other Contract that would reasonably be expected (either alone or in connection with one or more events, developments or events (including the satisfaction or waiver of any conditions precedent)) to require the Shareholder to Transfer any of the Subject Company Shareholders Agreement and the other Governing Documents of the Company) that would reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

(f) There is no Proceeding pending or, to the Shareholder's knowledge, threatened against or involving the Shareholder or any of his, her or its Affiliates that, if adversely decided or resolved, would reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement in any material respect.

(g) The Shareholder, on his, her or its own behalf and on behalf of his, her or its Representatives, acknowledges, represents, warrants and agrees that he, she or it has conducted his, her or its own independent review and analysis of, and, based thereon, has formed an independent judgment concerning, the business, assets, condition, operations and prospects of, MAAC and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the other applicable Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party as he, she or it and his, her or its Representatives have deemed necessary to enable him, her or it to make an informed decision with respect to the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

(h) In entering into this Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party, the Shareholder has relied solely on his, her or its own investigation and analysis and the representations and warrantice expressly set forth in the Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party (including the PIPE Subscription Agreement entered into by and among the Shareholder, the Company and MAAC on the date hereof, if applicable) and no other representations or warranties of MAAC, the Company or any other Person, either express or implied, and the Shareholder, no his, her or its own behalf and on behalf of his, her or its Representatives, acknowledges, represents, warrants and agrees that, except for the representations and warranties expressly set forth in this Agreement or in the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party (including the PIPE Subscription Agreement entered into by and among the Shareholder, the Company and MAAC on the date hereof, if applicable), none of MAAC, the Company or any other Person makes or has made any representation or warranty, either express or implied, to the Shareholder in connection with or related to this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement or the other Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

4. <u>Company and MAAC Acknowledgement</u>. In entering into this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to it is or will be a party, each of the Company and MAAC have not relied on any representations or warranties of the Shareholder, either express or implied, except for the representations and warranties of the Shareholder expressly set forth in this Agreement or in the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party (including the PIPE Subscription Agreement entered into by and among the Shareholder, the Company and MAAC on the date hereof, if applicable).

5. <u>Transfer of Subject Securities</u>. From and after the date hereof and until the earlier of (A) the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms and (B) the Effective Time, the Shareholder agrees not to (a) Transfer any of the Subject Company Shares, (b) enter into (i) any option, warrant, purchase right, or other Contract that would reasonably be expected (either alone or in connection with one or more events, developments or events (including the satisfaction or waiver of any conditions precedent)) to require the Shareholder to Transfer the Subject Company Shares or (ii) any voting trust, proxy or other Contract with respect to the voting or Transfer of the Subject Company Shares, or (c) take any actions in furtherance of any such Transfer to enter into a written agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to MAAC and the Company agreeing to be bound by this Agreement (which will include, for the avoidance of doubt, all of the covenants, agreements and obligations of the Shareholder that, if the Shareholder is not an individual, a Transfer, as applicable) prior and as a condition to the occurrence of such Transfere, *provided* that, if the Shareholder is not an individual, a Transfer, as applicable) prior and as a condition to the Shareholder shall not require the transferee to enter into such written agreement so long as (x) following such Transfer, the Shareholder continues to hold the Subject Company Shares and to have the exclusive right to vote and to take all other actions related to the ownership of the Subject Company Shares without restriction and (y) such Transfer, would otherwise be permitted under the Shareholders Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, <u>Transfer</u> means any direct or indirect sale, transfer assignment, pledge, mortgage, exchange, hypothecation, grant of a security interest in or disposition or encumbrance of an interest (whether with or withou consideration, whether voluntarily or involuntarily or by operation of law or otherwise).

6. <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall automatically terminate, without any notice or other action by any Party, and be void *ab initio* upon the earlier of (a) the Effective Time and (b) the termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms. Upon termination of this Agreement as provided in the immediately preceding sentence, none of the Parties shall have any further obligations or Liabilities under, or with respect to, this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the termination of this Agreement pursuant to clause (b) of this <u>Section 6</u> shall not affect any Liability on the part of any Party for a Willful Breach of any covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement prior to such termination of this Agreement, (iii) <u>Section 2(c)</u> and the representations and warranties set forth in <u>Sections 3(g)</u>, and (b) shall each survive any termination of this Agreement, (iii) <u>Section 2(c)</u> (solely to the extent that it relates to <u>Section 6</u> and <u>Sections 3(g)</u>, and (b) shall each survive any termination of this Agreement. For purposes of this <u>Section 6(c)</u> (willful Breach⁷ means a material breach of this Agreement that is a consequence of an act or a failure to act by the breaching Party with the knowledge that the taking of such act or such failure to act would, or would reasonably be expected to, constitute or result in a breach of this Agreement and (y) "<u>Fraud</u>" means an act or omission by a Party, and requires: (A) a false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly set made by such Party in this Agreement, (B) with actual knowledge (as opposed to constructive, imputed or implied knowledge) by the Party making such representation or warranty the sertent of a time to this Agreement, (D) another Party, in justifiable or reasonable reliance upon such false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement, (D) another Party, uniquce him, her or it to enter into this Agreement, (D) another Party,

7. <u>Fiduciary Duties</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, (a) the Shareholder makes no agreement or understanding herein in any capacity other than in such Shareholder's capacity as a record holder and beneficial owner of the Subject Company Shares and, (i.e., if such Shareholder is an individual, not in such Shareholder's capacity as a director, officer or employee of any Group Company or in such Shareholder's

capacity as a trustee or fiduciary of any Company Equity Plan, as applicable), and (b) nothing herein will be construed to limit or affect any action or inaction by such Shareholder if such Shareholder is an individual, or, if such Shareholder is not an individual, any representative of such Shareholder serving as a member of the board of directors of any Group Company or as an officer, employee or fiduciary of any Group Company or any Company Equity Plan, in each case, acting in such person's capacity as a director, officer, employee or fiduciary of such Group Company or any Company Equity Plan.

8. Notices. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given (and shall be deemed to have been duly given) by delivery in person, by e-mail (having obtained electronic delivery confirmation thereof (i.e., an electronic record of the sender that the email was sent to the intended recipient thereof without an "error" or similar message that such email was not received by such intended recipient)), or by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) (upon receipt thereof) to the other Parties as follows:

If to MAAC, to:

c/o Patient Square Capital 724 Oak Grove, Suite 130 Menlo Park, California 94025 Attention: Maria Walker Email: maria@patientsquarecapital.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Kirkland & Ellis LLP 601 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 Attention: Michael Weisser, P.C.; Ryan Brissette Email: michael.weisser@kirkland.com; ryan.brissette@kirkland.com

If to the Company, to:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom Attention: Matthew Gline E-mail: matthew.gline@roivant.com legalnotices@roivant.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017 Attention: Derek Dostal; Lee Hochbaum; Brian Wolfe Email: derek.dostal@davispolk.com; lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com; brian.wolfe@davispolk.com

If to the Shareholder, to the address on the Shareholder's signature page hereto or to an address of such Shareholder in the books and records of the Company;

or to such other address as the Party to whom notice is given may have previously furnished to the others in writing in the manner set forth above.

9. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and documents referred to herein and therein (including the Ancillary Documents) constitute the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, and supersede all prior agreements and undertakings, both written and oral, among the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.

10. <u>Amendments and Waivers: Assignment</u>. Any provision of this Agreement may be amended or waived if, and only if, such amendment or waiver is in writing and signed by the Shareholder, the Company and MAAC. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no failure or delay by any Party in exercising any right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any other right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any other right hereunder. Neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests or obligations hereunder shall be assignable by the Shareholder or the Company without MAAC's prior written consent (to be withheld or given in its sole discretion) or by MAAC without the Company's prior written consent (to be withheld or given in its sole discretion). Any attempted assignment of this Agreement not in accordance with the terms of this Section 10 shall be null and void *ab initio*.

11. <u>Fees and Expenses</u>. Except, in the case of MAAC and the Company, as otherwise expressly set forth in the Business Combination Agreement, all fees and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, including the fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, shall be paid by the Party incurring such fees or expenses.

12. <u>No Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement shall be for the sole benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns and is not intended, nor shall be construed, to give any Person, other than the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever by reason this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, is intended to, or shall be deemed to, create a joint venture.

13. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. <u>Sections 8.5</u> (Governing Law), <u>8.7</u> (Construction; Interpretation), <u>8.10</u> (Severability), <u>8.11</u> (Counterparts; Electronic Signatures), <u>8.15</u> (Waiver of Jury Trial), <u>8.16</u> (Submission to Jurisdiction) and <u>8.17</u> (Remedies) of the Business Combination Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and shall apply to this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

14. <u>No Ownership Interest</u>. Nothing contained in this Agreement will be deemed to vest in MAAC or any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate any direct or indirect ownership or incidents of ownership of or with respect to the Subject Company Shares. All rights, ownership and economic benefits of and relating to the Subject Company Shares shall remain vested in and belong to the Shareholder, and MAAC (and each MAAC Non-Party Affiliate) shall have no authority to manage, direct, superintend, restrict, regulate, govern or administer any of the policies or operations of Company or exercise any power or authority to direct Shareholder in the voting of any of the Subject Company Shares, except as otherwise expressly provided herein with respect to the Subject Company Shares. Except as otherwise set forth in <u>Section 1</u>, the Shareholder shall not be restricted from voting in favor of, against or abstaining with respect to any other matters presented to the stockholders of the Company Shares.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed and delivered this Transaction Support Agreement as of the date first above written.

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

By: _____ Name: Title:

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Transaction Support Agreement]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed and delivered this Transaction Support Agreement as of the date first above written.

[SHAREHOLDER(S)]

By: ______ Name: ______ Title:

[Signature Page to Transaction Support Agreement]

SCHEDULE A6

Class/Series of Securities Company Pre-Closing Common Shares Number of Shares _

[•]

6 Note to Draft: Company to complete for each Company Shareholder.

The Company Shareholders Agreements.

SCHEDULE B

ANNEX E – SPONSOR SUPPORT AGREEMENT

EXECUTION VERSION

SPONSOR SUPPORT AGREEMENT

This **SPONSOR SUPPORT AGREEMENT** (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of May 1, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"). Patient Square Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>MAAC Sponsor</u>"), and solely for purposes of <u>Sections 1(b). 1(d). 4, 5, 8(a)</u> and (b), <u>9</u> (solely for purposes of his or her representations or warranties therein). <u>10</u> through <u>13</u> and <u>14</u> through <u>23</u> (to the extent related to the foregoing sections) the Insiders (as defined below). Each of the Company, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and each of the Insiders are sometimes referred to herein individually as a "<u>Barty</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>" Each of the MAAC Sponsor and each of the Insiders are sometimes referred to herein individually as a "<u>Shareholder</u>." Except as otherwise specified herein, capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Business Combination Agreement (as defined below).

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, MAAC, the Company and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("<u>Merger Sub</u>"), entered into that certain Business Combination Agreement (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "Business Combination Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Business Combination Agreement contemplates that, on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, (a) on the Closing Date prior to the Closing, the Company will consummate the Company Pre-Closing Steps, and (b) on the Closing Date promptly following consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC (the "Merger"), with MAAC as the surviving corporation in the Merger and, after giving effect to such Merger, becoming a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company (collectively, and together with the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, the "Transactions");

WHEREAS, reference is hereby made to the following Contracts (collectively, the "Affected Agreements"):

(A) that certain Letter Agreement dated October 6, 2020 and delivered by the MAAC Sponsor to MAAC (the "Sponsor Letter");

(B) those certain Letter Agreements, dated October 6, 2020, and delivered by each of George Barrett, James Montazee, Maria Walker and Stephen Oesterle (each, an "Insider" and, collectively, the "Insiders") to MAAC (each, an "Insider Letters" and, collectively, the "Insider Letters");

(C) that certain Warrant Agreement dated October 6, 2020 between MAAC and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, a New York corporation, as warrant agent (the "Warrant Agent") (the "Warrant Agreement"); and

(D) that certain Registration and Stockholder Rights Agreement dated October 6, 2020 (the "<u>MAAC Registration Rights Agreement</u>") by and among MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and each of the other Holders (as such term is defined therein).

WHEREAS, as of the date hereof, each Shareholder, in its respective capacity as such, is the holder of record and the "beneficial owner" (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act) of (i) the number of MAAC Class A Shares, (ii) private placement warrants (the "<u>Warrants</u>") to purchase an aggregate number of MAAC Class A Shares and/or (iii) the number of MAAC Class B Shares, in each case, set forth on <u>Exhibit</u> attached hereto opposite such person's name on such Exhibit (collectively, with respect to each Shareholder, the "<u>Subject Company Securities</u>");

WHEREAS, as part of the Transactions, each of the MAAC Class A Shares and the MAAC Class B Shares will be converted into Company Post-Closing Common Shares on the terms and conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement;

WHEREAS, in connection with the Transactions, and concurrently with the execution of this Agreement and the Business Combination Agreement, (a) the Company and the MAAC Sponsor entered into that certain Lock-Up Agreement (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement"), and (b) the Company, on the one hand, and certain Company Shareholders, on the other hand, entered into those certain Lock-Up Agreements (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with their applicable terms, collectively, the "Significant Company Shareholder Lock-Up Agreements" and, together with the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement, collectively, the "Lock-Up Agreements");

WHEREAS, in consideration for the benefits to be received by the MAAC Sponsor and each of the Insiders under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and as a material inducement to the Company and MAAC agreeing to enter into and consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the MAAC Sponsor and each of the Insiders agrees to enter into this Agreement and to be bound by the applicable agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the Company and MAAC would not have entered into and agreed to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement without each of the Shareholders entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by the applicable agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, each intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

1. <u>Sponsor Letter and Insider Letters</u>. The Company, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor (in the case of clauses (a), (b), (c) and (e)) and each Insider (in the case of clauses (b) and (d), as it relates to the Insider Letter to which he or she is a party) hereby agree as follows:

(a) The Sponsor Letter provides in Section 1 thereof that MAAC shall not enter into a definitive agreement regarding a Business Combination (as defined therein) without the prior written consent of the MAAC Sponsor. The Transactions constitute a Business Combination for purposes of the Sponsor Letter and the MAAC Sponsor hereby consents to entry into the Business Combination Agreement.

(b) The Sponsor Letter provides in Section 2 thereof, and each Insider Letter provides in Section 1 thereof, for certain requirements of the MAAC Sponsor and the Insiders in respect of a Business Combination (in each case, as defined therein), including in respect of voting all MAAC Shares beneficially owned by the MAAC Sponsor and by the Insiders, as applicable, in favor of such Business Combinations and forgoing redemption rights in respect thereof. The Transactions constitute a Business Combination for purposes of the Sponsor Letter and each Insider Letter and the MAAC Sponsor and each Insider will comply with its, his or her respective obligations under Section 2 of the Sponsor Letter or Section 1 of its, his or her Insider Letter, as applicable.

(c) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence and effective as of, the Effective Time, Section 6 of the Sponsor Letter shall be amended and restated to provide in its entirety as follows: "[Reserved]."

(d) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence and effective as of, the Effective Time, Section 5 of each Insider Letter shall be amended and restated to provide in its entirety as follows: "[Reserved]."

(e) Section 7 of the Sponsor Letter is hereby amended and restated to provide in its entirety as follows: "[Reserved]." For the avoidance of doubt, if the Business Combination Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, then this clause (e) (and the amendment and restatement contemplated by this clause (e)) shall be of no further force and effect and Section 7 shall be reinstated and effective from and after such time.

2. Earn-Out Shar

(a) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective immediately after the Effective Time, (i) 20% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares (rounded up to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "20% Earn-Out Shares"), (ii) 10% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares (rounded up to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "<u>10% Earn-Out Shares</u>") and (iii) the remaining 70% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share) shall not be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "<u>Retained Shares</u>").

(b) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective immediately after the Effective Time, the Earn-Out Shares shall be unvested and subject to the restrictions and forfeiture provisions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u>. The Earn-Out Shares shall vest and become free of the provisions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u> at such time as the Stock Price (as defined below) of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equals or exceeds (x) with respect to the 20% Earn-Out Shares, \$15.00 per share (the "<u>20% Trigger Price</u>"), and (y) with respect to the 10% Earn-Out Shares, \$20.00 per share (the "<u>10% Trigger Price</u>"), in each case, for any 20 Trading Days within any 30 Trading Day period commencing no earlier than the Closing Date and ending no later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Closing Date (the "<u>Earn-Out End Date</u>"); <u>provided, however</u>, that (i) if the Earn-Out End Date occurs on a day that is not a Trading Day, then the Earn-Out End Date shall be deemed to occur on the next following Trading Day, and (ii) if the Company or any of its Affiliates enters into a definitive agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined below) on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date, then the Earn-Out End Date shall be automatically extended and shall be deemed to occur on the earlier of (A) the day after such Sale is consummated and (B) the termination of such definitive agreement with respect to such Sale in accordance with this <u>Section 2(b)</u> or <u>Section 2(c)</u> on or before the Earn-Out End Date will be immediately forfeited at 11:59 p.m., New York, Inew York time on the Earn-Out End Date.

(c) In the event of a Sale (as defined below) on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date, any unvested Earn-Out Shares will fully vest and become free of the restrictions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u> as of immediately prior to the closing of such Sale. For purposes of this Agreement, "<u>Sale</u>" means (A) a purchase, sale, exchange, merger, business combination or other transaction or series of related transactions in which substantially all of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares are, directly or indirectly, converted into cash, securities or other property or non-cash consideration (other than, in the case of this clause (A), any transaction in which the holders of Company Post-Closing Common Shares as of immediately prior to the consummation of such transaction continue to own all or substantially all of the equity securities of the Company (or any successor or parent entity of the Company) immediately following the consummation of such transactions, (B) a direct or indirect sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (regardless of the form of the transaction) in one transaction or a series of related transactions of a majority of the Company's assets, as determined on a consolidated basis, to a third party or third parties acting as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) or (C) any transaction or series of transactions that results, directly or indirectly, in the shareholders of the Company sof immediately prior to such transactions holding, in the aggregate, less than fifty percent (50%) of the voting Equity Securities of the Company (G) are sor or parent company of the Company) immediately after the consummation thereof (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any Earn-out Shares) (in the case of each of clause (A), (B) or

(C), whether by amalgamation, merger, consolidation, arrangement, tender offer, recapitalization, purchase, issuance, sale or transfer of Equity Securities or assets or otherwise).

(d) The MAAC Sponsor agrees that it shall not engage in any Sale Transaction (as defined in the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement) with respect to any Earn-Out Shares until such time as the Earn-Out Shares have vested pursuant to Section 2(b) or Section 2(c). Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, (i) the MAAC Sponsor (and, for the avoidance of doubt, any permitted transferees pursuant to this clause (i)) may transfer all or any of the Earn-Out Shares in any transfer of the type described in Sections 1(b)(iv)(A) through (C) or (F) of the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement, <u>provided</u> that, in the case of a transfer of the type described in Clauses (A) through (C), the transferee shall, in addition to any requirements in the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement, agree in writing that he, she or it is receiving and holding such Earn-Out Shares subject to the provisions of this <u>Section 2</u> and (ii) from and after a transfer pursuant to clause (i) of this sentence, all references to the MAAC Sponsor in this <u>Section 2</u> and <u>Section 7</u> shall include such transferee and shall collectively mean the MAAC Sponsor (to the extent that it then holds Earn-Out Shares) and each transferee of Earn-Out Shares pursuant to clause (i) of this sentence (in each case, to the extent the, she or it then holds Earn-Out Shares). Each transfere of Earn-Out Shares pursuant to clause (i) of the preceding sentence shall be a third party beneficiary of this <u>Section 2</u> and <u>Section 7</u>.

(e) As used herein, "<u>Stock Price</u>" means, on any date on or after the Closing and on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date, the closing sale price per share of Company Post-Closing Common Shares reported as of 4:00 p.m., New York, New York time on such date by Bloomberg, or if not available on Bloomberg, as reported by or an authoritative source generally used for such purposes and selected by the Company, and "<u>Trading Day</u>" means any day on which trading is generally conducted on Nasdaq or any other exchange on which the Company Post-Closing Common Shares are traded on or after the Closing and on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date. The Earn-out Shares and the applicable Trigger Price (and all references to Company Post-Closing Common Shares and each of the foregoing in this Agreement) shall each be adjusted appropriately to reflect the effect of any stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend (including any dividend or other distribution of securities convertible into Company Post-Closing Common Shares), areognalization, reclassification, combination, exchange of shares or other like change with respect to the Company Post-Closing Common Shares (or any other Equit) Securities into which they are adjusted pursuant to this <u>Section 2(e)</u>) at any time prior to the vesting of the Earn-Out Shares pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u> so as to provide the holders of the Earn-Out Shares and the 20% Trigger Price or the 10% Trigger Price, as applicable.

(f) The Company shall use reasonable best efforts to remain listed as a public company on, and for the Earn-Out Shares to be tradable over, Nasdaq or any other nationally recognized U.S. stock exchange; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, the foregoing shall not limit the Company or any of its Affiliates from consummating a Sale or entering into a definitive agreement that contemplates a Sale. Subject to <u>Section 2(c)</u> and the other applicable provisions of this <u>Section 2</u>, upon the consummation of Sale the Company shall have no further obligations under this <u>Section 2(f)</u>.

(g) At the time that the Earn-Out Shares become vested pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u>, the Company shall remove any legends, stock transfer restrictions, stop transfer orders or similar restrictions with respect to the Earn-Out Shares related to such vesting or this <u>Section 2</u> (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, those that relate to any applicable and then-existing Lock-Up Period (as defined in the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement) with respect to such Earn-Out Shares).

(h) For the avoidance of doubt, (i) the MAAC Sponsor shall retain all of its rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Earn-Out Shares owned by it during any period of time that such shares are subject to restriction on transfer or sale hereunder, including the right to vote any such shares and the right to receive dividends and other distributions with respect to such Earn-Out Shares prior to vesting (provided that

dividends and other distributions with respect to Earn-Out Shares that are subject to vesting and are unvested at the time of such dividend or distribution shall be set aside by the Company and shall only be paid to such holders upon the vesting of such Earn-Out Shares (and, if any dividends or other distributions with respect to Earn-Out Shares are set aside and such Earn-Out Shares are subsequently forfeited pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u>, such set aside dividends or distributions shall become the property of the Company)), (ii) any Earn-Out Shares that vest in accordance with the terms of this <u>Section 2</u> shall remain subject to any applicable Lock-Up Period set forth in the Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement and (iii) notwithstanding the expiration of any Lock-Up Period with respect to any Earn-Out Shares, such shares shall remain subject to any applicable restrictions set forth this <u>Section 2</u>.

(i) The MAAC Sponsor intends to make a protective election under Section 83(b) of the Code with respect to the Earn-Out Shares.

(j) The Parties agree and acknowledge that the Earn-Out Shares are intended to constitute "voting stock" within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder received by MAAC Sponsor in connection with the Merger, and shall file all Tax Returns consistent with, and take no position inconsistent with (whether in audits, Tax Returns or otherwise), such treatment unless (i) such Party requests that each of Kirkland & Ellis LLP and Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP provides written confirmation to the effect that such treatment is more likely than not correct, and each such law firm fails to provide such confirmation prior to the later of (A) thirty (30) days following such request is made and (B) sixty (60) days prior to the date on which the relevant Tax Return is due (taking into account applicable extensions); provided that the Parties shall provide customary factual representations to such law firm; provided, further, that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Parties shall not be required to restructure, or otherwise alter the terms of, the transaction as provided for in this Agreement, or (ii) otherwise required by a final "determination" within the meaning of Section 1313(a) of the Code.

3. <u>Sponsor Exchange Ratio</u>. For purposes of the Business Combination Agreement, the term "<u>Sponsor Exchange Ratio</u>" shall mean: (i) one *minus* (ii) a number equal to (A) 0.5 *multiplied by* (B) a fraction equal to (x) the number of MAAC Class A Shares with respect to which a MAAC Shareholder Redemption has been exercised *divided by* (y) the total number of MAAC Class A Shares outstanding as of the date hereof; <u>provided</u> that the number referenced in the foregoing clause (ii) shall not in any event be greater than 0.25.

4. Working Capital Loans; Related Party Agreements

(a) With respect to any loan of funds made by the MAAC Sponsor or an Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor or any of MAAC's officers or directors (each, a "<u>Lender</u>") to MAAC or any of its Subsidiaries, in each case, prior to the Closing (a "<u>Working Capital Loan</u>") that is or may be convertible into warrants or other securities (derivative or otherwise) of MAAC or the Company, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and the Insiders hereby agrees, and shall take such reasonably necessary or appropriate actions within its powers on as to ensure, that each and any Working Capital Loan shall be repaid solely in cash, and that no Working Capital Loan will be converted into warrants or other securities (derivative or otherwise) of MAAC or the Company, notwithstanding any applicable provisions of the Insider Letter, the Warrant Agreement, the MAAC Registration Rights Agreement or any other Contract.

(b) MAAC and the MAAC Sponsor agree that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any such agreement, (i) each of the agreements set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> attached hereto shall be automatically terminated and of no further force and effect (including any provisions of any such agreement that, by its terms, survive such termination), effective as of, and subject to and conditioned upon the occurrence of, the Closing and (ii) upon such termination, MAAC shall not have any further Liabilities under each such agreement.

5. <u>MAAC Registration Rights Agreement</u>. Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence and effective as of the Effective Time, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and each of the other Shareholders who are party to the MAAC Registration Rights Agreement agree that the MAAC Registration Rights Agreement is hereby terminated in its entirety, and shall be of no further force or effect from and after such time.

6. <u>Anti-Dilution Adjustment Waiver</u>. Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective as of immediately prior to the Effective Time, the MAAC Sponsor, which is the holder of at least a majority of the outstanding MAAC Class B Shares as of the date hereof, hereby waives on behalf of the holders of all MAAC Class B Shares, pursuant to and in compliance with the provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of MAAC (the "<u>MAAC Charter</u>"), any adjustment to the conversion ratio set forth in Article Eighth of the MAAC Charter, and any rights to other anti-dilution protections with respect to the MAAC Class B Shares, that may result from the PIPE Financing and/or the consummation of the Transactions.

7. Registration Rights.

(a) Capitalized terms used in this <u>Section 7</u> but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Registration Rights Agreement (as in effect as of the date hereof); <u>provided</u> that, for purposes of <u>Section 7</u>, (i) the term "Registrable Securities" shall be deemed to include the Common Shares (including any Common Shares underlying any other securities of the Company or into which other securities of the Company are convertible into, exercisable or exchangeable for) held by or on behalf of the Shareholders as of immediately following the Effective Time and (ii) the term "Investor" shall be deemed to include the MAAC Sponsor.

(b) The Company shall file within thirty (30) days of the consummation of the Go Public Transaction, and use commercially reasonable efforts to cause to be declared effective as soon as practicable thereafter, a Resale S-1 Shelf or, if the Company is eligible to use a Resale S-3 Shelf, in each case, covering the resale of all the Registrable Securities (determined as of two business days prior to such filing) and any other Common Shares or other securities of the Company is under the Securities of the Company is under the Securities of the Company are convertible into, exercisable or exchangeable for) the transfer or sale of which has not been registered under the Securities Act; <u>provided</u>, that the Company and the Shareholders acknowledge and agree that the sale of any Registrable Securities registered under such Resale Shelf may be subject to restrictions imposed by the Lock-Up Agreements and/or applicable securities laws. Such Resale Shelf shall provide for the resale of the Registrable Securities included therein pursuant to any method or combination of methods legally available to, and requested by, the MAAC Sponsor and any other Investor named therein. The MAAC Sponsor shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 4 and the first, second and third sentences of Section 1(f)(ii), *mutatis mutandis*, under the Registration Rights Agreement with respect to its Common Shares or other securities in any Resale Shelf.

(c) The MAAC Sponsor will be offered an opportunity to participate in (x) an offering and/or sale of Common Shares by any holder that is conducted as a block trade or underwritten basis (whether firm commitment or otherwise) without substantial marketing efforts prior to pricing, including, without limitation, a same day trade, overnight trade or similar transaction or (y) an "at the market" or similar registered offering of the Covered Securities through a broker, sales agent or distribution agent, whether as agent or principal. The rights of the MAAC Sponsor set forth in this <u>Section 7(c)</u> shall be substantially the same as those investors who are party to the Registration Rights Agreement.

8. Other Covenants and Agreements

(a) Each Shareholder shall not, and each Shareholder shall cause its controlled Affiliates and its and their respective officers and directors not to, and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its other Representatives not to, at or at any time prior to the Effective Time, issue any press releases or make any public announcements with respect to this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby that contain any information that is not, at the applicable time, already publicly available (other than as a result of disclosure by the Shareholder in violation of any applicable confidentiality obligations) without the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC, provided, however, that the

Shareholder and its Representatives may issue or make, as applicable, any such press release, public announcement or other communication to the extent such press release, public announcement or other communication is required by applicable Law or applicable rule of a stock exchange on which its or any of its Affiliates' securities are listed, in which case the Shareholder or its applicable Affiliates shall, to the extent reasonably practicable and unless and to the extent prohibited by such applicable Law, reasonably consult with the Company and MAAC in connection therewith and provide the Company and MAAC with an opportunity to review and comment on such press release, public announcement or communication and shall consider any such comments in good faith. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 8(a) or otherwise in this Agreement, each Shareholder and its Representatives may provide general information about the subject matter of this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (1) to their respective affiliates, their and their affiliates' respective directors, officers, employees, partners, members, agents, attorneys and consultants, financial and other advisors, (2) to the extent required by any federal, state, national, foreign or other regulatory or self-regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Shareholder or its Representatives, (3) to any Person if necessary to effect compliance with any law, rule, regulation, investigation, audit, request or order of a Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction that is applicable to the Shareholder or its Representatives, including in response to any subpoena or other legal process, audit or examinations or (4) to any direct or indirect former, current or prospective investor or in connection with normal fund raising or related marketing or informational or reporting activities (so long as, in the case of this clause (4), the recipients of such information are subject to c

(b) If applicable, prior to the Effective Time, each Shareholder hereby agrees to as promptly as practicable execute and deliver all additional agreements, documents or instruments, take, or cause to be taken, all actions and provide, or cause to be provided, all additional information or other materials as may be necessary or reasonably advisable, in each case, as mutually reasonably determined and agreed to by MAAC and the Company (such determination and agreement not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed by either MAAC or the Company), in connection with, or otherwise in furtherance of, the transactions and the other covenants and agreements contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or this Agreement (<u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in no event shall any Shareholder be obligated to take, approve or consent to any action that would result in any adverse economic or other material change to the Business Combination Agreement, this Agreement or any other Ancillary Document to which he, she or it is or will be a party). If applicable, from and after the Effective Time, MAAC Sponsor and the Company each hereby agrees to as promptly as practicable execute and deliver execute and deliver all additional agreements, documents or instruments, take, or cause to be taken, all actions and provide, or cause to be provided, all additional information or other materials as may be reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the covenants and agreements of this Agreement that survive the Effective Time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Shareholder or the Company shall be required to provide, any information which is, based on the advice of outside counsel, subject to legal privilege.

(c) Without limiting Section 8(b), the MAAC Sponsor and the Company shall each (i) make any appropriate filings pursuant to the HSR Act with respect to the Company Post-Closing Common Shares to be received by the MAAC Sponsor pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement as promptly as reasonably practicable (and in any event within ten (10) Business Days) following the date of this Agreement, (ii) use reasonable best efforts to obtain any other approvals of any Governmental Entity as may be required to be obtained by the MAAC Sponsor or the Company in connection with the receipt by the MAAC Sponsor of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares to be received by the MAAC Sponsor pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and (iii) respond as promptly as reasonably practicable to any requests by any

Governmental Entity for additional information and documentary material that may be requested pursuant to the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity described in clause (ii). The MAAC Sponsor and the Company shall each pay fifty percent (50%) of the HSR Act filing fee. Without limiting the foregoing, the MAAC Sponsor and its applicable Affiliates and the Company and its applicable Affiliates shall not (A) extend any waiting period, review period or comparable period under the HSR Act or in connection with such other required approvals of any Governmental Entity, (B) request early termination of any waiting period, review period or comparable period under the HSR Act without the prior written consent of the MAAC Sponsor (in the case of the Company or any of its applicable Affiliates) or the Company (in the case of the MAAC Sponsor or any of its applicable Affiliates) or (C) enter into any agreement with any Governmental Entity not to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement except with the prior written consent of the Company and MAAC (in the case of MAAC Sponsor or any of its applicable Affiliates) or MAAC Sponsor (in the case of the Company or any of its applicable Affiliates). The MAAC Sponsor shall promptly inform the Company and MAAC of any communication received by the MAAC Sponsor from any Governmental Entity relating to the matters contemplated by this Section 8(c), and the Company shall promptly inform the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC of any communication received by any Group Company from any Governmental Entity relating to the matters contemplated by this Section 8(c). The MAAC Sponsor shall give the Company and its counsel, and MAAC and its counsel, a reasonable opportunity to review in advance, and consider in good faith the views thereof in connection with, any proposed written communication to any Governmental Entity relating to the matters contemplated by this Section 8(c), and the Company shall give MAAC Sponsor and its counsel and MAAC and its counsel a reasonable opportunity to review in advance, and consider in good faith the views thereof in connection with, any proposed written communication to any Governmental Entity relating to the matters contemplated by this Section 8(c). The MAAC Sponsor and the Company each agrees not to, and to cause its Representatives not to, participate in any substantive meeting or discussio either in person or by telephone with any Governmental Entity in connection with the matters contemplated by this Section 8(c) unless it consults with the Company and MAAC (in the case of the MAAC Sponsor or its Representatives) or the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC (in the case of the Company or is Representatives) in advance and, to the extern no prohibits of the supercharactory in a transfer opposed an antract (in the case of the Company of Sponsor or its Representatives) or the MAAC Sponsor and MAAC (in the case of the Company or its Representatives) the opportunity to attend and participate in such meeting or discussion

(d) Each Shareholder acknowledges and agrees that MAAC and the Company are entering into the Business Combination Agreement in reliance upon such Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by, and perform, or otherwise comply with, as applicable, the applicable agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement and, but for each Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by, and perform, or otherwise comply with, as applicable, the applicable agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement and, but for each Shareholder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by, and perform, or otherwise comply with, as applicable, the applicable agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement, MAAC and the Company would not have entered into or agreed to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

9. <u>Shareholder Representations and Warranties</u>. Each Shareholder represents and warrants, as of the date hereof, solely with respect to himself, herself or itself, and not on behalf of any other Shareholder, to the Company and MAAC as follows:

(a) If the Shareholder is not an individual, the Shareholder is a corporation, limited liability company or other applicable business entity duly organized or formed, as applicable, validly existing and in good standing (or the equivalent thereof, if applicable, in each case, with respect to the jurisdictions that recognize the concept of good standing or any equivalent thereof) under the Laws of its jurisdiction of formation or organization (as applicable).

(b) The Shareholder (if not an individual) has the requisite corporate, limited liability company or other similar power and authority and, if the Shareholder is an individual, legal capacity to execute and deliver this Agreement, to perform his, her or its covenants, agreements and obligations hereunder (including, for the

avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations hereunder that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement), and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other action on the part of the Shareholder. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by the Shareholder and constitutes a valid, legal and binding agreement of the Shareholder (assuming that this Agreement is duly authorized, executed and delivered by the other parties hereto), enforceable against the Shareholder in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other Laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and subject to general principles of equity).

(c) No consent, approval or authorization of, or designation, declaration or filing with, any Governmental Entity is required on the part of the Shareholder with respect to the Shareholder's execution, delivery or performance of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations under this Agreement that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement) or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, except for (A) compliance with and filings under the HSR Act, if applicable, or under any applicable Foreign and Domestic Approval Laws, (B) any filings with the SEC related to his, her or its ownership of Equity Securities of MAAC or Company Post-Closing Common Shares or the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, this Agreement or any other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is a party, or (C) any other consents, approvals, authorizations, designations, declarations, waivers or filings, the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

(d) None of the execution or delivery of this Agreement by the Shareholder, the performance by the Shareholder of any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement (including, for the avoidance of doubt, those covenants, agreements and obligations under this Agreement that relate to the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement) or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will, directly or indirectly (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) (i) if the Shareholder is not an individual, result in any breach of any provision of the Shareholder's Governing Documents, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute a default or give rise to any right of termination, Consent, cancellation, amendment, modification, suspension, revocation or acceleration under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any Contract to white the Shareholder is a party, (iii) violate, or constitute a breach under, any Order or applicable Law to which the Shareholder or any of his, her or its properties or assets are bound or (iv) other than the restrictions contemplated by this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement or any other Ancillary Document, result in the creation of any Lien upon the Subject Company Securities (other than as expressly provided under this Agreement), except, in the case of any of <u>clauses (ii)</u> and (iii) above, as would not reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, her or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

(e) The Shareholder is, as of the date hereof, the record and beneficial owner of the Subject Company Securities as set forth on Exhibit A hereto. The Shareholder has the sole right to vote (and provide consent in respect of, as applicable) the Subject Company Securities set forth on Exhibit A hereto as of the date hereof. Except for this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement, the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or its or will be a party, the Affected Agreements and the Governing Documents of MAAC, the Shareholder is not party to r bound by (i) any option, warrant, purchase right or other Contract that would reasonably be expected (either alone or in connection with one or more events, developments or events (including the satisfaction or waiver of any conditions precedent)) to require the Shareholder to Transfer any of the Subject Company Securities, in the case of either clause (i) or (ii), that would reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of his, here or its covenants, agreements or obligations hereunder in any material respect.

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(f) There is no Proceeding pending or, to the Shareholder's knowledge, threatened against or involving the Shareholder or any of his, her or its Affiliates that, if adversely decided or resolved, would reasonably be expected to adversely affect the ability of the Shareholder to perform, or otherwise comply with, any of its covenants, agreements or obligations under this Agreement in any material respect.

(g) The Shareholder, on his, her or its own behalf and on behalf of his, her or its Representatives, acknowledges, represents, warrants and agrees that he, she or it has conducted his, her or its own independent review and analysis of, and, based thereon, has formed an independent judgment concerning, the business, assets, condition, operations and prospects of, the Company and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the other applicable Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party as he, she or it and his, her or its Representatives have deemed necessary to enable him, her or it to make an informed decision with respect to the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

(h) In entering into this Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party, the Shareholder has relied solely on his, her or its own investigation and analysis and the representations and warranties expressly set forth in the Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party and no other representations or warranties of MAAC, the Company or any other Person, either express or implied, and the Shareholder, on his, her or its own behalf and on behalf of his, her or its representatives, acknowledges, represents, warrants and agrees that, except for the representations and warranties expressly set forth in this Agreement or in the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party, none of MAAC, the Company or any other Person makes or has made any representation or warranty, either express or implied, to the Shareholder in connection with or related to this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement or the other Ancillary Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

10. <u>Company and MAAC Acknowledgement</u>. In entering into this Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to it is or will be a party, each of the Company and MAAC have not relied on any representations or warranties of the Shareholder, either express or implied, except for the representations and warranties of the Shareholder expressly set forth in this Agreement or in the other Ancillary Documents to which he, she or it is or will be a party and to which MAAC or the Company, as applicable, is or will be a party.

11. <u>Transfer of Subject Company Securities</u>. From and after the date hereof and until the earlier of (A) the termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms and (B) the Effective Time, each Shareholder agrees not to (a) Transfer any of the Subject Company Securities, (b) enter into (i) any option, warrant, purchase right, or other Contract that would reasonably be expected (either alone or in connection with one or more events, developments or events (including the satisfaction or waiver of any conditions precedent)) to require the Shareholder to Transfer the Subject Company Securities, or (c) take any actions in furtherance of any of the matters described in the foregoing clauses (a) or (b), unless, in the case of clauses (a) through (c), the Shareholder causes any transfere of any such Transfer to enter into a written agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to MAAC and the Company agreeing to be bound by this Agreement (which will include, for the avoidance of doubt, all of the covenants, agreements and obligations of the Shareholder hereunder and the making of all the representations and warranties of the Shareholder set forth in <u>Section 9</u> with respect to such transferee and his, her or its Subject Company Securities received upon such Transfer, as applicable) prior and as a condition to the occurrence of such Transfer; the transferee to enter into such written agreement so long as (x) following such Transfer, the Shareholder continues to hold the Subject Company Securities without restriction and (y) such Transfer would otherwise be permitted under the Shareholders Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, "<u>Transfer</u>" means any direct or indirect sale,

transfer, assignment, pledge, mortgage, exchange, hypothecation, grant of a security interest in or disposition or encumbrance of an interest (whether with or without consideration, whether voluntarily or involuntarily or by operation of law or otherwise).

12. <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall automatically terminate, without any notice or other action by any Party, and be void *ab initio* upon the termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms. Upon termination of this Agreement as provided in the immediately preceding sentence, none of the Parties shall have any further obligations or Liabilities under, or with respect to, this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the termination of this Agreement shall not affect any Liability on the part of any Party for a Willful Breach of any covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement prior to such termination or Fraud, (ii) <u>Section 10</u>, this <u>Section 12</u> and the representations and warranties set forth in <u>Sections 9(g)</u> and (h) shall each survive any termination of this Agreement, and (iii) <u>Sections 13</u> through <u>21</u> shall survive any termination of this Agreement, and (iii) <u>Sections 13</u> through <u>21</u> shall survive any termination or this Agreement, and (iii) <u>Sections 13</u> through <u>21</u> shall survive any termination or this Agreement. For purposes of this <u>Section 12</u>, (x) "<u>Willful Breach</u>" means a material breach of this Agreement that is a consequence of an act or a failure to act by the breaching Party with the knowledge that the taking of such act or such failure to act would, or would reasonably be expected to, constitute or result in a breach of this Agreement and (y) "<u>Fraud</u>" means an act or omission by a Party, and requires: (A) a false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly made by such Party that such representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement, (B) with actual knowledge (as opposed to constructive, imputed knowledge) by the Party making such representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement, (D) another Party, in justifiable or reasonable reliance upon such false or incorrect representation or warranty expressly set forth in this Agreement, entering into this Agreement

13. <u>Fiduciary Duties</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, (a) the Shareholder makes no agreement or understanding herein in any capacity other than in such Shareholder's capacity as a record holder and beneficial owner of the Subject Company Securities and, (i.e., if such Shareholder is an individual, not in such Shareholder's capacity as a director, officer or employee of MAAC), and (b) nothing herein will be construed to limit or affect any action or inaction by such Shareholder is such Shareholder is an individual, or, if such Shareholder is not an individual, any representative of such Shareholder serving as a member of the board of directors of MAAC or as an officer, employee or fiduciary of MAAC, in each case, acting in such person's capacity as a director, officer, employee or fiduciary of MAAC.

14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given (and shall be deemed to have been duly given) by delivery in person, by e-mail (having obtained electronic delivery confirmation thereof (i.e., an electronic record of the sender that the email was sent to the intended recipient thereof without an "error" or similar message that such email was not received by such intended recipient), or by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) (upon receipt thereof) to the other Parties as follows:

If to MAAC or the MAAC Sponsor, to:

c/o Patient Square Capital 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130 Menlo Park, California 94025 Attention: Maria Walker Email: maria@patientsquarecapital.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Kirkland & Ellis LLP 601 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 Attention: Michael Weisser, P.C.; Ryan Brissette; Sharon Freiman Email: michael.weisser@kirkland.com; ryan.brissette@kirkland.com; sharon.freiman@kirkland.com

If to the Company, to:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom Attention: Matthew Gline E-mail: matthew.gline@roivant.com; legalnotices@roivant.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Roivant Sciences, Inc. 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor New York, NY 10036 Attention: General Counsel Email: jo.chen@roivant.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017 Attention: Derek Dostal; Lee Hochbaum; Brian Wolfe Email: derek.dostal@davispolk.com; lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com; brian.wolfe@davispolk.com

if to a Shareholder other than the MAAC Sponsor, to the address on the Shareholder's signature page hereto;

or to such other address as the Party to whom notice is given may have previously furnished to the others in writing in the manner set forth above.

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement and documents referred to herein and therein (including the Ancillary Documents) constitute the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, and supersede all prior agreements and undertakings, both written and oral, among the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement. In the event and to the extent that there shall be a conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and the provisions of any Affected Agreement, this Agreement shall control with respect to the subject matter thereof.

16. <u>Amendments and Waivers; Assignment</u>. Any provision of this Agreement may be amended or waived if, and only if, such amendment or waiver is in writing and signed by the Shareholders, the Company and MAAC.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no failure or delay by any Party in exercising any right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any other right hereunder. Subject to <u>Section 2(d)</u>, neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests or obligations hereunder shall be assignable by a Shareholder or the Company without MAAC's prior written consent (to be withheld or given in its sole discretion) or by MAAC without the Company's prior written consent (to be withheld or given in its sole discretion). Any attempted assignment of this <u>Section 16</u> shall be null and void *ab initio*.

17. <u>Fees and Expenses</u>. Except, in the case of MAAC and the Company, as otherwise expressly set forth in the Business Combination Agreement, all fees and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, including the fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, shall be paid by the Party incurring such fees or expenses. <u>provided</u>, that, any such reasonable and documented fees and expenses incurred by the Shareholders in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby or or prior to the Closing shall be deemed to be fees and expenses of MAAC.

18. No Third Party Beneficiaries. Except as set forth in Section 2(d), this Agreement shall be for the sole benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns and is not intended, nor shall be construed, to give any Person, other than the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever by reason this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, is intended to, or shall be demed to, create a joint venture.

19. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. <u>Sections 8.5</u> (Governing Law), <u>8.7</u> (Construction; Interpretation), <u>8.10</u> (Severability), <u>8.11</u> (Counterparts; Electronic Signatures), <u>8.15</u> (Waiver of Jury Trial), <u>8.16</u> (Submission to Jurisdiction) and <u>8.17</u> (Remedies) of the Business Combination Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and shall apply to this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

20. <u>No Ownership Interest</u>. Nothing contained in this Agreement will be deemed to vest in the Company, any Company Non-Party Affiliate, or any MAAC Non-Party Affiliate any direct or indirect ownership or incidents of ownership of or with respect to the Subject Company Securities. All rights, ownership and economic benefits of and relating to the Subject Company Securities shall remain vested in and belong to each Shareholder, and the Company and MAAC (and each other Company Non-Party Affiliate and MAAC Non-Party Affiliate) shall have no authority to manage, direct, superintend, restrict, regulate, govern or administer any of the policies or operations of Company or exercise any power or authority to direct any Shareholder in the voting of any of the Subject Company Securities, except as otherwise expressly provided herein with respect to the Subject Company Securities. Except as otherwise set forth in Section 1, no Shareholder shall not be restricted from voting in favor of, against or abstaining with respect to any other matters presented to the stockholders of MAAC.

21. <u>Spouses and Community Property Matters</u>. Each Shareholder's spouse (if applicable) hereby represents, warrants and covenants to MAAC and the Company that such spouse shall not assert or enforce, and does hereby waive, any rights granted under any community property statue with respect to the Subject Company Securities that would adversely affect (x) the covenants made by the applicable Shareholder pursuant to this Agreement or (y) the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and the Ancillary Documents.

22. <u>No Recourse</u>. Except for claims pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement or any Ancillary Document by any party(ies) thereto against any other party(ies) on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, each Party agrees that (a) this Agreement may only be enforced against, and any action for breach of this Agreement may only be made against, the Parties, and no claims of any nature whatsoever arising under or relating to this Agreement, the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be asserted against any Person that is not a Party, and (b) without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no Person that is not a Party shall have any Liability arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be asserted against any Person that is not a Party, the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be asserted against any Person that is not a Party the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be asserted against any Person that is not a Party the negotiation hereof or its subject matter, or the transactions contemplated hereby, including with respect to any claim (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) for breach of this Agreement or in respect of any written or oral

representations made or alleged to be made in connection herewith, except as expressly provided herein. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) in no event shall any Shareholder have any obligations or Liabilities related to or arising out of the covenants, agreements, obligations, representations or warranties of any other Shareholder under this Agreement (including related to or arising out of the breach of any such covenant, agreement, obligation, representation or warranty by any other Shareholder), and (ii) in no event shall MAAC have any obligations or Liabilities related to or arising out of the covenants, agreement, obligations, representations or warrants of any Shareholder under this Agreement (including related to or arising out of the covenants, agreements, obligations, representations or warrants of any Shareholder under this Agreement (including related to or arising out of the covenants, agreement, obligations, representations or warrants by any such Shareholder).

23. <u>Non-Survival</u>. The representations, warranties, agreements and covenants in this Agreement shall terminate at the Effective Time, except for those covenants and agreements in this Agreement that, by their terms, expressly contemplate performance or survival after the Effective Time, which covenants and agreements shall so survive the Effective Time in accordance with their terms; *provided* that the foregoing shall not limit any Party's rights in the event of another Party's Willful Breach of any agreement and covenant set forth in Section 4(a) or Section 11 prior to the Effective Time.

[Signature page(s) follow(s).]

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: _____ Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

PATIENT SQUARE CAPITAL LLC

By: _____ Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

INSIDERS

P	
By:	
Name: George Barrett	
Address:	

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

INSIDERS

By:	
Name:	James C. Momtazee
Addres	s:

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

INSIDERS

By:		
Name: Maria C. Walke	r	
Address:		

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

INSIDERS

By:	
Name: Steve Oesterle	
Address:	

[Signature Page to Sponsor Support Agreement]

EXHIBIT A

[REDACTED]

[Exhibit A to Sponsor Support Agreement]

SCHEDULE A

- 1. The letter, dated as of October 6, 2020, regarding "administrative support agreement" by and between MAAC and the MAAC Sponsor.
- 2. The Securities Subscription Agreement, dated as of July 23, 2020, by and between MAAC and the MAAC Sponsor.

[Schedule A to Sponsor Support Agreement]

ANNEX EE - AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SPONSOR SUPPORT AGREEMENT

This Amendment No. 1 to the Sponsor Support Agreement (this "<u>Amendment</u>") is made as of June 9, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"), Patient Square Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>MAAC Sponsor</u>"), and each of James C. Montazee, George Barrett, Maria C. Walker and Steve Oesterle (collectively, the "<u>Insiders</u>", and together with the MAAC Sponsor, the "<u>Shareholders</u>"). Capitalized terms used, but not otherwise defined hereins, shall have the meaning given to them in the Sponsor Support Agreement (as defined below) or the Business Combination Agreement (as defined below), as the context so requires.

WHEREAS, on May 1, 2021 (a) the Company, MAAC, the MAAC Sponsor and, solely for purposes of certain provisions therein, the Insiders entered into that certain Sponsor Support Agreement (as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "<u>Sponsor Support Agreement</u>"), and (b) MAAC, the Company and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company, entered into that certain Business Combination Agreement (as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, including, for the avoidance of doubt, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement, the "<u>Business Combination Agreement</u>");

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 16 of the Sponsor Support Agreement, the Sponsor Support Agreement may be amended if, and only if, such amendment is in writing and signed by the Company, MAAC and the Shareholders;

WHEREAS, the Company, MAAC and each Shareholder desires to amend the Sponsor Support Agreement to provide that, among other things, (a) each MAAC Class B Share held by George Barrett or Steve Oesterle (each, a "<u>MAAC Independent Director</u>") issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time be converted as of the Effective Time into the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equal to the Sponsor Exchange Ratio, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement and the Sponsor Support Agreement, and (b) a portion of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued upon conversion of the MAAC Class B Shares held by a MAAC Independent Director in the Merger be subject to the vesting provisions set forth in the Sponsor Support Agreement; and

WHEREAS, on the date hereof (a) the Company and MAAC are entering into Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement ("<u>Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement</u>") in connection with the amendments contemplated hereby and (b) each MAAC Independent Director, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, are entering into a Lock-Up Agreement (each, a "<u>MAAC Independent Director Lock-Up Agreement</u>"); and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration for the mutual promises made herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Company, MAAC and each Shareholder hereby agree to amend the Sponsor Support Agreement as follows:

1. Amendments to the Sponsor Support Agreement.

(a) Section 2 of the Sponsor Support Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"2. Earn-Out Shares.

(a) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective immediately after the Effective Time, (i) 20% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director (as defined in the BCA) or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee (as defined in the BCA) upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares held by him, her or it immediately prior to the Effective Time (rounded up to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "<u>20% Earn-Out Shares</u>"), (ii) 10% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee(s) upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares held by him, her or it immediately prior to the Effective Time (rounded up to the nearest whole share) shall be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "<u>10% Earn-Out Shares</u>" and, together with the 20% Earn-Out Shares, the "<u>Earn-Out Shares</u>" and (iii) the remaining 70% of the number of Company Post-Closing Common Shares issued to the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director ransferee upon the conversion of MAAC Class B Shares held by him, her or it immediately prior to the Effective Time (rounded down to the nearest whole share) shall not be subject to the provisions set forth below in this <u>Section 2</u> (such Company Post-Closing Common Shares, the "<u>Retained Shares</u>").

(b) Subject to, and conditioned upon the occurrence of and effective immediately after the Effective Time, the Earn-Out Shares shall be unvested and subject to the restrictions and forfeiture provisions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u>. The Earn-Out Shares shall vest and become free of the provisions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u> at such time as the Stock Price (as defined below) of Company Post-Closing Common Shares equals or exceeds (x) with respect to the 20% Earn-Out Shares, \$15.00 per share (the "<u>20% Trigger Price</u>"), and (y) with respect to the 10% Earn-Out Shares, \$20.00 per share (the "<u>10% Trigger Price</u>") and together with the 20% Trigger Price, the "<u>Trigger Price</u>"), in each case, for any 20 Trading Days within any 30 Trading Day period commencing no earlier than the Closing Date and ending no later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Closing Date (the "<u>Earn-Out End Date</u>"); <u>provided, however</u>, that (i) if the Earn-Out End Date occurs on a day that is not a Trading Day, then the Earn-Out End Date to occur on the next following Trading Day, and (ii) if the Company or any of its Affiliates enters into a definitive agreement with respect to a Sale (as defined below) on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date, then the Earn-Out End Date shall be automatically extended and shall be deemed to occur on the earlier of (A) the day after such Sale is consummated and (B) the termination of such definitive agreement with respect to such Sale in accordance with this <u>Section 2(b)</u> or <u>Section 2(c)</u> on or before the Earn-Out End Date will be immediately forfeited at 11:59 p.m., New York, Inew York time on the Earn-Out End Date.

(c) In the event of a Sale (as defined below) on or prior to the Earn-Out End Date, any unvested Earn-Out Shares will fully vest and become free of the restrictions set forth in this <u>Section 2</u> as of immediately prior to the closing of such Sale. For purposes of this Agreement, "<u>Sale</u>" means (A) a purchase, sale, exchange, merger, business combination or other transaction or series of related transactions in which substantially all of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares are, directly or indirectly, converted into cash, securities or other property or non-cash consideration (other than, in the case of this clause (A), any transaction in which the holders of Company Post-Closing Common Shares as of immediately prior to the consummation of such transaction continue to own all or substantially all of the equity securities of the Company (or any successor or parent entity of the Company) immediately following the consummation of such transaction), (B) a direct or indirect sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (regardless of the form of the transaction) in one transaction or a series of related transactions of a majority of the Company's assets, as determined on a consolidated basis, to a third parties acting as a "group" (as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act or (C) any transaction or series of transactions that results, directly or indirectly, in the shareholders of the Company so of immediately prior to such transactions holding, in the aggregate, less than fifty percent (50%) of the voting Equity Securities of the Company (or any successor or parent company) immediately after the consummation thereof (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any Earn-out Shares) (in the case of each of clause (A), (B) or (C), whether by amalgamation, merger, consolidation, arrangement, tender offer, recapitalization, purchase, issuance, sale or transfer of Equity Securities or assets or otherwise).

(d) Each Shareholder agrees that he, she or it shall not engage in any Sale Transaction (as defined in the applicable Lock-Up Agreement) with respect to any of his, her or its Earn-Out Shares until such time as the Earn-Out Shares have vested pursuant to <u>Section 2(b)</u> or <u>Section 2(c)</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything

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to the contrary herein, (i) the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee (and, for the avoidance of doubt, any permitted transferees pursuant to this clause (i)) may transfer all or any of the Eam-Out Shares held by him, her or it in any transfer of the type described in Sections 1(b)(iii)(A) through (C) or (F) of the applicable Lock-Up Agreement, <u>provided</u> that, in the case of a transfer of the type described in clauses (A) through (C), the transferee shall, in addition to any requirements in the applicable Lock-Up Agreement, agree in writing that he, she or it is receiving and holding such Eam-Out Shares subject to the provisions of this <u>Section 2</u> and (ii) from and after a transfer pursuant to clause (i) of this sentence, all references to any of the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee (to the extent that he, she or it then holds Eam-Out Shares) and each permitted transferee of the Eam-Out Shares originally held by the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee pursuant to clause (i) of this sentence (in each case, to the extent he, she or it then holds Eam-Out Shares). Each transferee of Eam-Out Shares pursuant to clause (i) of the preceding sentence shall be a thi

(e) As used herein, "<u>Stock Price</u>" means, on any date on or after the Closing and on or prior to the Eam-Out End Date, the closing sale price per share of Company Post-Closing Common Shares reported as of 4:00 p.m., New York, New York time on such date by Bloomberg, or if not available on Bloomberg, as reported by or an authoritative source generally used for such purposes and selected by the Company, and "<u>Trading Day</u>" means any day on which trading is generally conducted on Nasdaq or any other exchange on which the Company Post-Closing Common Shares are traded on or after the Closing and on or prior to the Eam-Out End Date. The Eam-out Shares and the applicable Trigger Price (and all references to Company Post-Closing Common Shares and each of the foregoing in this Agreement) shall each be adjusted appropriately to reflect the effect of any stock split, stock dividend (including any dividend or other distribution of securities convertible into Company Post-Closing Common Shares), recrapitalization, recapisalization, combination, exchange of shares or oner like change with respect to the Company Post-Closing Common Shares (or any other Equity Securities into which they are adjusted pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u>(s) at any time prior to the vesting of the Eam-Out Shares with the same economic effect as contemplated by this <u>Section 2</u> prior to such event and as so adjusted shall, from and after the date of such event, be the Eam-Out Shares and the 20% Trigger Price or the 10% Trigger Price, as applicable.

(f) The Company shall use reasonable best efforts to remain listed as a public company on, and for the Earn-Out Shares to be tradable over, Nasdaq or any other nationally recognized U.S. stock exchange; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, the foregoing shall not limit the Company or any of its Affiliates from consummating a Sale or entering into a definitive agreement that contemplates a Sale. Subject to <u>Section 2(c)</u> and the other applicable provisions of this <u>Section 2</u>, upon the consummation of Sale the Company shall have no further obligations under this <u>Section 2(f)</u>.

(g) At the time that the Earn-Out Shares become vested pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u>, the Company shall remove any legends, stock transfer restrictions, stop transfer orders or similar restrictions with respect to the Earn-Out Shares related to such vesting or this <u>Section 2</u> (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, those that relate to any applicable and then-existing Lock-Up Period (as defined in the applicable Lock-Up Agreement) with respect to such Earn-Out Shares).

(h) For the avoidance of doubt, (i) the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee shall retain all of his, her or its rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Earn-Out Shares owned by him, her or it during any period of time that such shares are subject to restriction on transfer or sale hereunder, including the right to vote any such shares and the right to receive dividends and other distributions with respect to such Earn-Out Shares

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prior to vesting (provided that dividends and other distributions with respect to Earn-Out Shares that are subject to vesting and are unvested at the time of such dividend or distribution shall be set aside by the Company and shall only be paid to such holders upon the vesting of such Earn-Out Shares (and, if any dividends or other distributions with respect to Earn-Out Shares are set aside and such Earn-Out Shares are subsequently forfeited pursuant to this Section 2, such set aside dividends or distributions shall become the property of the Company)), (ii) any Earn-Out Shares that vest in accordance with the terms of this Section 2 shall remain subject to any applicable Lock-Up Period set forth in the applicable Lock-Up Agreement and (iii) notwithstanding the expiration of any Lock-Up Period with respect to any Earn-Out Shares, such shares shall remain subject to any applicable restrictions set forth this Section 2.

(i) The MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee shall determine, based on advice from its own tax advisors, whether to make an election under Section 83(b) of the Code with respect to its Earn-Out Shares.

(j) The Parties agree and acknowledge that the Earn-Out Shares are intended to constitute "voting stock" within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder received by of the MAAC Sponsor, any Affiliate of the MAAC Sponsor, any MAAC Independent Director or any MAAC Independent Director Transferee(s) in connection with the Merger, and shall file all Tax Returns consistent with, and take no position inconsistent with (whether in audits, Tax Returns or otherwise), such treatment unless (i) such Party requests that each of Kirkland & Ellis LLP and Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP provides written confirmation to the effect that such treatment is more likely than not correct, and each such law firm fails to provide such confirmation prior to the later of (A) thirty (30) days following such request is made and (B) sixty (60) days prior to the date on which the relevant Tax Return is due (taking into account applicable extensions); provided that the Parties shall provide customary factual representations to such law firm; provided, further, that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Parties shall not be required to restructure, or otherwise alter the terms of, the transaction as provided for in this Agreement or the Business Combination Agreement, or (ii) otherwise required by a final "determination" within the meaning of Section 1313(a) of the Code."

(k) The definition "Lock-Up Agreements" is hereby amended, and deemed, to include the MAAC Independent Director Lock-Up Agreements."

(b) Notwithstanding anything in the Sponsor Support Agreement to the contrary, the Insiders acknowledge and agree that Section 2 of the Sponsor Support Agreement shall apply to the Insiders

2. Effect of Amendments and Modifications. Except as expressly amended hereby, the Sponsor Support Agreement shall remain unaltered and in full force and effect and the respective terms, conditions or covenants thereof are hereby in all respects confirmed. Whenever the Sponsor Support Agreement is referred to in any agreement, document or other instrument, such reference will be to the Sponsor Support as amended by this Amendment. For the avoidance of doubt, each reference in the Sponsor Support Agreement, as amended hereby, to "the date hereof", the "date of this Agreement" and derivations thereof and other similar phrases shall continue to refer to May 1, 2021.

3. Miscellaneous. Sections 8.5, 8.7, 8.10, 8.11, 8.15 and 8.16 of the Business Combination Agreement are incorporated herein by reference, mutatis mutandis

[The remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

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ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

 By:
 /s/ Marianne Romeo

 Name:
 Marianne Romeo

 Title:
 Head, Global Transactions & Risk Management

MONTES ARCHIMEDES ACQUISITION CORP.

 By:
 /s/ Maria C. Walker

 Name:
 Maria C. Walker

 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer

PATIENT SQUARE CAPITAL LLC

By: /s/ Maria C. Walker Name: Maria C. Walker Title: Chief Financial Officer

INSIDERS

By: /s/ George Barrett Name: George Barrett Address: 6724 Perimeter Loop Road, #311 Dublin, Ohio 43017

INSIDERS

By: /s/ James C. Momtazee Name: James C. Momtazee Address: 724 Oak Grove Ave, Suite 130 Menlo Park, California 94025

INSIDERS

By: /s/ Maria C. Walker Name: Maria C. Walker Address: 8240 McDaniel Road Fort Worth, Texas 76126

INSIDERS

By: /s/ Steve Oesterle Name: Steve Oesterle Address: 240 Oliver Ave S. Minneapolis, Minnesota 55405

ANNEX F - FORM OF LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

EXECUTION VERSION

[FORM OF] LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

This LOCK-UP AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of May 1, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "<u>Company</u>"), and the undersigned person[s] ([collectively.] the "<u>Holder</u>"). Each of the Company and the Holder are sometimes referred to herein individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>." Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Business Combination Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, the Company, Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("<u>MAAC</u>"), and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("<u>Merger Sub</u>"), are entering into that certain Business Combination Agreement (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "Business Combination Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Business Combination Agreement contemplates that, on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, (a) on the Closing Date prior to the Closing, the Company will consummate the Company Pre-Closing Steps and (b) on the Closing Date promptly following consummation of the Company Pre-Closing Steps, Merger Sub will merge with and into MAAC, with MAAC as the surviving corporation in the merger and, after giving effect to such merger, becoming a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Holder is, as of the date hereof, a holder of Company Pre-Closing Common Shares, MAAC Warrants and/or Company Equity Awards, as applicable;

WHEREAS, in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the Holder will be, as of immediately following the Effective Time, a holder of Company Post-Closing Common Shares, Company Warrants, Adjusted Options, Adjusted RSU Awards and/or Adjusted CVAR Awards, as applicable;

[WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution of this Agreement, the Company, the Holder and certain other Persons are entering into that certain Sponsor Support Agreement (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with its terms, the "Sponsor Support Agreement");]¹

WHEREAS, in consideration for the benefits to be received by the Holder under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and as a material inducement to the Company and MAAC agreeing to enter into and consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, the Holder agrees to enter into this Agreement and to be bound by the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the Company would not have entered into and agreed to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement without the Holder entering into this Agreement and agreeing to be bound by the agreements, covenants and obligations contained in this Agreement.

1 To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, each intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. Lock-Up Provisions.

(a) [For the applicable Lock-Up Period (as defined below), notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Company's bye-laws or any other agreement, except as set forth herein, the Holder shall not (i) lend, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly (a) any Company Post-Closing Common Shares that are outstanding and owned by the Holder immediately following the Effective Time (the "<u>Covered Common Shares</u>") or (b) any securities that are outstanding and owned by the Holder immediately following the Effective Time (the "<u>Covered Common Shares</u>") or (b) any securities that are outstanding and owned by the Holder immediately following the Effective Time that are convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Company Post-Closing Common Shares (including, without limitation, Company Post-Closing Common Shares or other securities that may be issued after the Effective Time upon exercise, vesting or settlement, as applicable, of any stock option, restricted stock unit, capped value appreciation right or other equity or equity-based award or interest, including for the avoidance of doubt, Adjusted Options, Adjusted RSU Awards and Adjusted CVAR Awards (the securities described in this clause (b), the "<u>Covered Other Securities</u>" and, together with the Covered Securities, in cash or otherwise, and whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Covered Securities, in cash or otherwise, and whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Covered Securities (rounded up to the nearest whole share or other security, as the case may be), thrifty-six (36) months from and after the Closing Date, (B) with respect to 75% of the Covered Securities (rounded up to the nearest whole share or other security, a

(a) [For the applicable Lock-Up Period (as defined below), notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Company's bye-laws or any other agreement, except as set forth herein, the Holder shall not (i) lend, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any Company Post-Closing Common Shares or Company Warrants (it being understood and agreed that, for purposes of this Agreement, references to "Company Warrants" shall be deemed to include Company Post-Closing Common Shares underlying such Company Warrants), as applicable, that are outstanding and owned by the Holder immediately following the Effective Time (the <u>"Covered Securities</u>") or (ii) enter into any swap, hedge or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any Covered Securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Covered Securities, in cash or otherwise, and whether any such transaction is made or executed by or on behalf of someone other than the Holder (each, a "<u>Sale Transaction</u>"), in each case, without the prior written

2 To be included for Holders other than the MAAC Sponsor.

consent of the Company. The foregoing limitations shall remain in full force and effect for a period of: (A) with respect to 100% of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, six (6) months from and after the Closing Date, (B) with respect to 25% of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, the earlier of (1) twelve (12) months following the date on which the applicable Earn-Out Shares (as such term is defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) vest pursuant to Section 2 of the Sponsor Support Agreement and (II) seventy-two (72) months from and after the Closing Date, (C) with respect to 50% of the Company Post-Closing Common Shares owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, thirty-six (36) months from and after the Closing Date, (D) with respect to 100% of the Company Warrants owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, six (6) months from and after the Closing Date, (E) with respect to 75% of the Company Warrants owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, thirty-six (36) months from and after the Closing Date (It) with respect to 50% of the Company Warrants owned by the Holder as of immediately following the Effective Time, thirty-six (36) months from and after the Closing Date (the period set forth in the foregoing clauses (A) through (F), as applicable, the "Lock-Up Period"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Lock-Up Period described in clauses (A), (B) and/or (C) shall apply to Covered Securities that are Company Post-Closing Common Shares (as such term is defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) and the \$20 Earn-out Shares (as such term is defined in the Sponsor Support Agreement) in the manner (and in the applicable proportions) set forth on <u>Annex A</u> hereto. The Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Covered Securities subject to the restrictions set forth in this Section 1(

(b) The restrictions set forth in Section 1(a) shall not apply to:

(i) any securities issued to the Holder in connection with a PIPE Subscription Agreement, including any Covered Securities received in exchange for, or converted for, securities acquired pursuant to a PIPE Subscription Agreement;

(ii) [if the Holder is a party to the Registration Rights Agreement, the sale of any Company Post-Closing Common Shares pursuant to the Holder's exercise of the piggyback registration rights set forth in, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of, the Registration Rights Agreement, so long as such sale is consummated during the six (6) months from and after the Closing Date;]⁴

(iii) a transfer of any or all of the Covered Securities:

(A) by gift, will, intestate succession or charitable contribution;

(B) to any Permitted Transferee (as defined below);

(C) by operation of law or pursuant to a court order or an order of a regulatory agency, such as a qualified domestic relations order, divorce decree or separation agreement;

(D) to the Company pursuant to the exercise, in each case on a "cashless" or "net exercise" basis, of any [Covered Other Securities]⁵ [Company Warrants]⁶ (provided that any Company Post-Closing Common Shares received by the Holder upon any such exercise will be subject to the terms of Section 1(a));

³ To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.

- 4 To be included for Holders other than the Founder, Matthew Gline and the MAAC Sponsor.
- 5 To be included for Holders other than the MAAC Sponsor.
- 6 To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.
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(E) [for purposes of satisfying any withholding taxes and/or estimated taxes due as a result of the exercise, vesting or settlement, as applicable, of any Covered Other Securities;]⁷

(F) in connection with the Company's consummation of a liquidation, merger, amalgamation, share exchange, reorganization, tender offer or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company's shareholders having the right to exchange their equity holdings in the Company for cash, securities or other property; or

(G) by pledging, hypothecating or otherwise granting a security interest in Covered Securities in a *bona fide* transaction to one or more unaffiliated lending institutions as collateral or security for any margin loan and any transfer in the event of foreclosure upon such Covered Securities as a result of a default on such margin loan (so long as any such pledge, hypothecation or grant of security interest shall be on terms consistent with customary margin loans, and the Holder shall provide the Company with written notice prior to entering into such margin loan);

(H) a sale or other transfer by an Upstream Equity Holder of its direct or indirect common stock or membership, partnership or other equity ownership interest in the Holder (whether or not for consideration);

(I) [to cover any direct or indirect tax obligations (including satisfying any withholding taxes and/or estimated taxes due as a result of the exercise, vesting or settlement, as applicable, of any securities) that may accrue to the Holder's direct or indirect owners or the Holder's Permitted Transferees (so long as, in all such transfers pursuant to this clause (I), no more than 5% in the aggregate of the Holder's Covered Securities are transferred);]⁸

provided, however, that in the case of any of the foregoing clauses (A), (B) or (C), the transfere in such transfer shall agree in a writing delivered to the Company that the Covered Securities so transferred will thereafter continue be subject to the terms of Section 1(a) unless released earlier in accordance with Section 1(h) of this Agreement; and

(iv) the establishment or modification of a written plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act that does not provide for the sale or transfer of Covered Securities during the Lock-Up Period; provided that, to the extent a public announcement or filing under the Exchange Act is required regarding the establishment or modification of such plan, such announcement or filing shall include a statement to the effect that no sales or transfers of Covered Securities may be made under such plan during the Lock-Up Period.

(c) As used in this Agreement, the term "<u>Permitted Transferee</u>" means: (A) the Holder's immediate family (which shall mean, with respect to any natural person, any of the following: such person's spouse or domestic partner, the siblings of such person and his or her spouse or domestic partner, and the direct descendants and ascendants (including adopted and step children and parents) of such person and his or her spouses or domestic partners and siblings). (B) any entities controlled by, controlling or under common control with the Holder, (C) any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Holder or the immediate family of the Holder, (D) if the Holder is a trust, the trustor or beneficiary of such trust or to the estate of a beneficiary of such trust, (E) if the Holder is an entity, any direct or indirect partners, members or equity holders of the Holder, any affiliate (as defined in Rule 405 promulgated under the Securities Act) or employee of the Holder or any related investment funds or vehicles controlled or managed by such partnership), and (F) a nominee or custodian of a person or entity to whom a disposition or transfer would be permissible under this Agreement. As used in this Agreement, the term "<u>Upstream Equity Holder</u>" means, with respect to the Holder, is direct or indirect sockholders, partners, members or equity holders.

7 To be included for Holders other than the MAAC Sponsor.

To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.

(d) The Holder agrees to execute and deliver such other customary agreements as may be reasonably requested by the Company or the managing underwriter in an underwritten transaction that are consistent with this Agreement or that are necessary to give further effect thereto. Any such agreement entered into after the date hereof (i) shall not be more restrictive than this Agreement and (ii) shall include provisions providing for the *pro rata* release of the Holder's shares that are consistent with Section 1(h) hereof, unless the Holder agrees otherwise in writing.

(e) If any Sale Transaction is made or attempted contrary to the provisions of this Agreement, such purported Sale Transaction shall be null and void *ab initio*, and the Company shall refuse to recognize any such purported transferee of the applicable Covered Securities as one of its equity holders for any purpose.

(f) During the Lock-Up Period, each certificate (if any) or book entry evidencing any Covered Securities owned by the Holder shall be stamped or otherwise imprinted or legended with a legend in substantially the following form, in addition to any other applicable legends:⁹

"THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER SET FORTH IN A LOCK-UP AGREEMENT, DATED AS OF (+), 2021, BY AND AMONG ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. (THE "ISSUER") AND THE ISSUER'S SECURITY HOLDER NAMED THEREIN, AS IT MAY BE AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME. A COPY OF SUCH LOCK-UP AGREEMENT WILL BE FURNISHED WITHOUT CHARGE BY THE ISSUER TO THE HOLDER HEREOF UPON WRITTEN REQUEST."

(g) For the avoidance of any doubt, the Holder shall retain all of its rights as a shareholder of the Company during the Lock-Up Period, including the right to vote any Covered Securities.

(h) Any discretionary waiver or any amendment, modification or termination of (i) the restrictions set forth in Section 1(a) of any lock-up agreement entered into on the date hereof by the Company and a holder of its securities and (ii) the lock-up, holdback or similar provisions, agreements or restrictions set forth in the Company's bye-laws, the Registration Rights Agreement or any other agreement entered into on the date hereof between the Company and a holder of its securities, in each case, shall waive, amend, modify or terminate the provisions of Section 1(a) of this Agreement with respect to the Holder to the same extent and/or in the same aggregate amount, applied *pro rata*, to release Covered Securities that are subject to the restrictions set forth in clauses (A), (B) or (C) of Section 1(a) of this Agreement, respectively, based on the number of shares held by the Holder that are subject to such restrictions, lout taking into account differences in the restrictions set forth in clause (B) of fis Agreement with respect to the MAAC Sponsor].¹⁰ The Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to, at least two (2) business days prior to the effective date of any waiver or release pursuant to this Section 1(h), provide written notice to the Holder stating the number of Securities to be released.

(i) In the event the Holder effects a Transfer (as defined in the Transaction Support Agreement entered into by and among the Holder, the Company and MAAC on the date hereof (as applicable, a "<u>Support Agreement</u>")) of any Company Pre-Closing Common Shares, MAAC Warrants and/or Company Equity Awards, as applicable, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Support Agreement, the Holder shall cause the transferee of any such Transfer to enter into a written agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company agreeing to be bound by this Agreement (which will include, for the avoidance of doubt, all of the covenants, agreements and obligations of the Holder hereunder) prior and as a condition to the occurrence of such Transfer.

2. <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the Holder upon the Holder's execution and delivery of this Agreement, but this Agreement shall only become effective upon the Closing. This Agreement shall

¹⁰ To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.

⁹ To be confirmed with transfer agent that it can implement these restrictions as a matter of Bermuda law.

automatically terminate, without any notice or other action by any Party, and be void *ab initio* upon the termination of the Business Combination Agreement in accordance with its terms. This Agreement shall automatically terminate, without any notice or other action by any Party, upon the expiration of all applicable Lock-Up Periods applicable to the Holder; *provided* that such termination shall not release the Holder from any liability for any breach of this Agreement prior to such termination.

3. Notices. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given (and shall be deemed to have been duly given) by delivery in person, by e-mail (having obtained electronic delivery confirmation thereof (i.e., an electronic record of the sender that the email was sent to the intended recipient thereof without an "error" or similar message that such email was not received by such intended recipient)), or by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) (upon receipt thereof) to the other Parties as follows:

If to the Company, to:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom Attention: Matthew Gline E-mail: matthew.gline@roivant.com legalnotices@roivant.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Roivant Sciences, Inc. 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor New York, NY 10036 Attention: General Counsel E-mail: jo.chen@roivant.com

-and-

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017 Attention: Derek Dostal; Lee Hochbaum; Brian Wolfe Email: derek.dostal@davispolk.com; lee.hochbaum@davispolk.com; brian.wolfe@davispolk.com

If to the Holder, to the address on the Holder's signature page hereto;

or to such other address as the Party to whom notice is given may have previously furnished to the others in writing in the manner set forth above.

4. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement [constitutes] [and the Sponsor Support Agreement constitute]¹¹ the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersede[s] all prior agreements and undertakings, both written and oral, among the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.

¹¹ To be included for the MAAC Sponsor.

5. Amendments and Waivers; Assignment.

(a) Any provision of this Agreement may be amended or waived if, and only if, such amendment or waiver is in writing and signed by the Holder and the Company.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no failure or delay by any Party in exercising any right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any other right hereunder.

(c) Neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests or obligations hereunder shall be assignable by the Holder without the Company's prior written consent (to be withheld or given in its sole discretion). Any attempted assignment of this Agreement not in accordance with the terms of this Section 5 shall be null and void *ab initio*.

6. <u>No Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement shall be for the sole benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns and is not intended, nor shall be construed, to give any Person, other than the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever by reason this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, is intended to, or shall be deemed to, create a joint venture.

7. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. <u>Sections 8.5</u> (Governing Law), <u>8.7</u> (Construction; Interpretation), <u>8.10</u> (Severability), <u>8.11</u> (Counterparts; Electronic Signatures), <u>8.15</u> (Waiver of Jury Trial), <u>8.16</u> (Submission to Jurisdiction) and <u>8.17</u> (Remedies) of the Business Combination Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and shall apply to this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

[Signature page follows] F-7 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed and delivered this Lock-Up Agreement as of the date first above written.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: _____ Name:

Title:

[Signature Page to Lock-Up Agreement]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed and delivered this Lock-Up Agreement as of the date first above written.

[HOLDER]

By: Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Lock-Up Agreement]

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Annex A

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PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

Item 20. Indemnification of directors and officers.

The DGCL does not limit the extent to which a company's memorandum and articles of association may provide for indemnification of officers and directors. However, such provision may be held by the Delaware courts to be unenforceable, to the extent it seeks to indemnify or exculpate a fiduciary in respect of their actual fraud or willful default, or for the consequences of committing a crime. MAAC's existing organizational documents provide for indemnification of officers and directors for losses, damages, costs and expenses incurred in their capacities as such, except through their own actual fraud, willful neglect or willful default.

Such limitation of liability and indemnification does not affect the availability of equitable remedies. In addition, MAAC has been advised that, in the opinion of the SEC, indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Item 21. Exhibits and Financial Statements Schedules

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
2.1**	Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021, by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., Roivant Sciences Ltd. and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc. (included as Annex A to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference)
2.2#	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 2, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., Silicon Insite, Inc., Silicon TX China, Silicon Therapeutics, LLC and Silicon SWAT, Inc.
2.3#	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2020, by and among Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc., Pharmavant 5, Inc., certain selling securityholders and certain seller representative
2.4#	Amendment No. 1 to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November <u>17, 2020, by and among Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc.</u> , Pharmavant 5, Inc., certain selling securityholders and WRYP Stockholders Services, LLC
2.5**	Transaction Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2019, by and among Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd., Vant Alliance Ltd., Roivant Sciences Ltd., Enzyvant Therapeutics Ltd., Altavant Sciences Ltd. and Spirovant Sciences Ltd. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 7.04 of Roivant Sciences Ltd.'s Schedule 13D/A, filed with the SEC on November 4, 2019)
2.6#**	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 10, 2018, by and among GlaxoSmithKline Intellectual Property Development Ltd., Glaxo Group Limited and Dermavant Sciences GmBH
2.7#**	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 29, 2012, by and between Glaxo Group Limited and Welichem Biotech Inc.
2.8#**	First Amendment to the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2012, by and between Glaxo Group Limited and Welichem Biotech, Inc.
2.9	Amendment No. 1 to the Business Combination Agreement, dated June 9, 2021, by and among Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., Roivant Sciences Ltd. and Rhine Merger Sub. Inc. (included as Annex AA to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration and incorporated herein by reference)
3.1	Memorandum of Association of Roivant Sciences Ltd.
3.2**	Form of Amended and Restated Bye-laws of Roivant Sciences Ltd.
4.1**	Specimen Unit Certificate of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.'s Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the SEC on September 24, 2020)

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Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit			
4.2**	Specimen Class A Common Stock Certificate of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.'s Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the SEC on September 24, 2020)			
4.3**	Specimen Warrant Certificate of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.'s Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the SEC on September 24, 2020)			
4.4**	Warrant Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on October 13, 2020)			
4.5*	Specimen Ordinary Share Certificate of Roivant Sciences Ltd.			
4.6*	Specimen Warrant Certificate of Roivant Sciences Ltd.			
4.7*	Form of Assignment, Assumption and Amendment Agreement, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company			
5.1	Opinion of Convers Dill & Pearman Limited as to matters concerning the laws of Bermuda as to the validity of the Common Shares of Roivant Sciences Ltd.			
5.2	Opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP regarding the validity of the Roivant Warrants under New York law			
8.1	Opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP regarding certain U.K. tax matters			
10.1**	Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd. and the parties thereto (included as Annex C to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference).			
10.2**	Form of Subscription Agreement (included as Annex B to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference)			
10.3**	Sponsor Support Agreement, dated as of May. 1, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., Patient Square Capital LLC and certain shareholders of Roivant Sciences Ltd. (included as Annex E to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference).			
10.4**	Form of Transaction Support Agreement, dated as of May. 1, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. and certain shareholders of Roivant Sciences Ltd. (included as Annex D to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference)			
10.5**	Investment Management Trust Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on October 13, 2020).			
10.6#**	License Agreement, dated as of December <u>19, 2017, by and between HanAll Biopharma Co., Ltd. and Roivant Sciences GmbH</u> (<u>incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of Immunovant, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on</u> December 20, 2019)			
10.7#**	<u>Collaboration and License Agreement, dated as of January 15, 2020, by and between Dermavant Sciences GmbH and Japan</u> Tobacco Inc.			
10.8#**	Clinical Manufacturing and Supply Agreement, dated August 20, 2018, by and between Dermavant Sciences GmbH and GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited.			
10.9#**	Commercial Manufacturing and Supply Agreement, dated April 1, 2019, by and between Dermavant Sciences GmbH and GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited.			

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Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit		
10.10#**	Funding Agreement, dated as of July 10, 2018, by and between Dermavant Sciences GmBH and NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P.		
10.11#**	First Amendment to Funding Agreement, dated as of October 11, 2018, by and between Dermavant Sciences GmBH and NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P.		
10.12#	License Agreement, dated as of November 21, 2018, by and between Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center and Aruvant Sciences GmbH		
10.13#	Subscription Agreement, dated as of November 21, 2018 by and between Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center and Aruvant Sciences Ltd.		
10.14#**	Cross License Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2018, by and between Genevant Sciences Ltd. and Arbutus Biopharma Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Arbutus Biopharma Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020, filed with the SEC on August 7, 2020		
10.15#**	First Amendment to Cross License Agreement, dated as of June 27, 2018, by and among Genevant Sciences Ltd., Genevant Sciences GmbH and Arbutus Biopharma Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Arbutus Biopharma Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020, filed with the SEC on August 7, 2020)		
10.16#**	Second Amendment to Cross License Agreement, dated as of June 27, 2018, by and among Genevant Sciences Ltd., Genevant Sciences GmbH and Arbutus Biopharma Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of Arbutus Biopharma Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020, filed with the SEC on August 7, 2020)		
10.17#	License Agreement, dated as of November 19, 2018, by and between iNtRON Biotechnology, Inc. and Pharmavant 1 GMBH in Formation		
10.18#	Eirst Amendment to License Agreement, dated as of March 23, 2019, by and between iNtRON Biotechnology, Inc. and Pharmavant 1 GMBH in Formation		
10.19#	Second Amendment to License Agreement, dated as of August 28, 2019, by and between iNtRON Biotechnology, Inc. and Lysovant Sciences GMBH		
10.20#	Research Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2018, by and between Oncopia Therapeutics, LLC and the Regents of the University of Michigan		
10.21#	Eifth Amendment to the Sponsored Research Agreement, dated as of November 19, 2020, by and between Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. and the Regents of the University of Michigan		
10.22#	Amended and Restated Patent License Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and between Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. and the Regents of the University of Michigan		
10.23#	Investors' Rights Agreement, dated as of January 11, 2021, by and among Pharmavant 5, Inc., Roivant Sciences Ltd. and SK Holdings Co., Ltd.		
10.24	Form of Indemnity Agreement		
10.25**	Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan		
10.26**	Form of Roivant Sciences Ltd. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan		
10.27**	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between Roivant Sciences, Inc. and Vivek Ramaswamy, dated as of May 14, 2021		
10.28**	Executive Employment Agreement between Roivant Sciences, Inc. and Matthew Gline, dated as of May 14, 2021		

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Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
10.29**	Executive Employment Agreement between Roivant Sciences, Inc. and Eric Venker, dated as of May 14, 2021
10.30**	Executive Employment Agreement between Roivant Sciences, Inc. and Benjamin Zimmer, dated as of May 14, 2021
10.31#	Credit Agreement by and among Dermavant Sciences Ltd., Dermavant Holdings Limited, Dermavant Sciences IRL Limited, Dermavant Sciences GmbH, certain subsidiaries of Dermavant Sciences Ltd., XYQ Luxco S.A.R.L. and U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent, dated as of May 14, 2021
10.32#	Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement by and among Dermavant Sciences GmbH, certain purchasers and U.S. Bank National Association as collateral agent, dated as of May 14, 2021
10.33	Amendment No. 1 to the Support Agreement, dated as of June 9, 2021, by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., Patient Square Capital LLC and certain shareholders of Roivant Sciences Ltd. (included as Annex EE to the joint proxy statement/prospectus which is part of this registration statement and incorporated herein by reference)
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of Roivant Sciences Ltd.
23.1	Consent of Marcum LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp.
23.2	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm of Roivant Sciences Ltd.
23.3	Consent of Conyers Dill & Pearman Limited (included in Exhibit 5.1)
23.4	Consent of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP (included in Exhibit 5.2)
23.5	Consent of Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP (included in Exhibit 8.1)
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on signature page)
99.1*	Form of Class A Proxy Card for Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. Special Meeting
99.2*	Form of Class B Proxy Card for Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. Special Meeting
101. INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

To be filed by amendment.
 Previously filed.
 Portions of this exhibit have been omitted because they are both (i) not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to Roivant Sciences Ltd. if publicly disclosed.

Item 22. Undertakings

- 1. The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:
 - (a) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this Registration Statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this Registration Statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this Registration Statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this Registration Statement or any material change to such information in this Registration Statement; and

(b) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(c) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

(d) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

(e) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser.

(i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;

(ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;

(iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and

(iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

2. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by them is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

3. The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes as follows: that prior to any public reoffering of the securities registered hereunder through use of a prospectus which is a part of this registration statement, by any person or party who is deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of Rule 145(c), the issuer undertakes that such reoffering prospectus will contain the information called for by the applicable registration form with respect to reofferings by persons who may be deemed underwriters, in addition to the information called for by the other items of the applicable form.

4. The registrant undertakes that every prospectus: (1) that is filed pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph, or (2) that purports to meet the requirements of Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 and is used in connection with an offering of securities subject to Rule 415, will be filed as a part of an amendment to the registration statement and will not be used until such amendment is effective, and that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

5. The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Item 4, 10(h), 11 or 13 of this Form S-4, within one business day of receipt of such request, and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of this Registration Statement through the date of responding to the request.

6. The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning this transaction that was not the subject of and included in this Registration Statement when it became effective.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 30th day of June, 2021.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: /s/ Matthew Gline Name: Matthew Gline Title: Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer

* * *

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Matthew Gline, Jo Chen and Marianne Romeo and each or any one of them, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this proxy statement/prospectus, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the United States SEC, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their or his substitutes or substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ Matthew Gline Matthew Gline	Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer	June 30, 2021
/s/ Rakhi Kumar Rakhi Kumar	Principal Accounting Officer	June 30, 2021
* Vivek Ramaswamy	Director	June 30, 2021
* Andrew Lo	Director	June 30, 2021
* Patrick Machado	Director	June 30, 2021
* Keith Manchester	Director	June 30, 2021
* Ilan Oren	Director	June 30, 2021
* Daniel Gold	Director	June 30, 2021
* Masayo Tada	Director	June 30, 2021

* <u>/s/ Matthew Gline</u> By: Matthew Gline Attorney-in-fact

Exhibit 2.2

EXECUTION VERSION

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

dated as of

February 2, 2021

by and among

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.,

SILICON INSITE, INC.,

SILICON TX CHINA

and

SILICON THERAPEUTICS, LLC

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Exhibits

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Schedules

Seller Disclosure Schedule Schedule 6.07

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

This AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (this "Agreement"), dated as of February 2, 2021, is made by and among Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted company ("Parent"), Silicon Insite, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Insite"), Silicon TX China, a Cayman Islands exempted company ("STC" and, together with Insite, the "Companies" and each individually, a "Company"), Silicon Therapeutics, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Seller"), and, solely for the limited purposes set forth herein, Silicon SWAT, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned Subsidiary of Seller ("SWAT").

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, promptly following the date hereof, Parent intends to form two Delaware corporations ("**DE Merger Sub** I" and "**DE Merger Sub** II" collectively, the "**DE Merger Subs**") and two Bermuda exempted companies ("**Bermuda Merger Sub** I" and "**Bermuda Merger Sub** II" collectively, the "**Bermuda Merger Subs**"), each of will be a wholly owned Subsidiary of Parent and each of which will, promptly following the formation thereof, enter into a joinder agreement to assume the obligations of the applicable entity under this Agreement (it being understood, for the avoidance of doubt, that references to each such entity, including obligations thereof, shall be deemed to be references to each such entity, as and when formed);

WHEREAS, Parent, the DE Merger Subs and Insite intend to effect a reorganization in which, as steps in a single, integrated transaction, (i) DE Merger Sub I will merge with and into Insite in accordance with Delaware Law (the "First DE Merger"), whereupon the separate existence of DE Merger Sub I shall cease, and Insite will become a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Parent, and (ii) as part of the same transaction, Insite will merge with and into DE Merger Sub I in accordance with Delaware Law, whereupon the separate existence of Insite shall cease, and DE Merger Sub II will survive as a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Parent (the "Second DE Merger," together with the First DE Merger, the "DE Merger");

WHEREAS, Parent, the Bermuda Merger Subs and STC intend to effect a reorganization in which, as steps in a single, integrated transaction, contemporaneously with the DE Merger, (i) Bermuda Merger Sub I will merge with and into STC in accordance with Bermuda Law and Cayman Law (the "First Bermuda Merger"), whereupon the separate existence of Bermuda Merger Sub I shall cease, and STC will become a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Parent, and (ii) as part of the same transaction, STC will merge with and into Bermuda Merger Sub II in accordance with Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, whereupon the separate existence of STC shall cease, and Bermuda Merger Sub II will survive as a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Parent (the "Second Bermuda Merger," together with the First Bermuda Merger, the "Bermuda Merger");

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of Parent and Insite has unanimously (i) declared that the DE Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement are fair, advisable and in the best interests of their respective companies and their applicable sole stockholders, and (ii) approved this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, including the DE Merger, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein; 1

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of Parent and STC has unanimously (i) declared that the Bermuda Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement are fair, advisable and in the best interests of their respective companies and their applicable sole stockholders, and (ii) approved this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, including the Bermuda Merger, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein;

WHEREAS, Seller, as the sole stockholder or shareholder of each Company, as applicable, has duly delivered to Parent a written consent (the "Seller Written Consent"), which consent by its terms shall become effective immediately following the execution and delivery by Seller of this Agreement, irrevocably adopting this Agreement and approving the DE Merger and the Bermuda Merger and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents;

WHEREAS, Seller has delivered to the Company a written consent of the Equityholders (the "Equityholder Written Consent") irrevocably adopting this Agreement and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents in accordance with the terms of Seller's Governing Documents;

WHEREAS, prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and as an inducement and condition to Parent's willingness to enter into this Agreement, certain of the equityholders of Seller have entered into Support Agreements (each, a "Support Agreement") agreeing to certain matters with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and as an inducement and condition to Parent's willingness to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, an Affiliate of Parent is entering into new employment arrangements (the "Key Employee Agreements") with each Key Employee, which Key Employee Agreements shall be effective as of, and contingent on, the Closing;

WHEREAS, concurrently with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and as an inducement and condition to Parent's willingness to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, Seller has executed the Parent Joinders (as defined below), which joinders shall be effective as of, and contingent on, the Closing; and

WHEREAS, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, subject to Section 8.01(g), the parties hereto intend that (i) the First DE Merger and the Second DE Merger, taken together, shall, in each case, constitute an integrated transaction that qualifies as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations thereunder and that this Agreement be, and hereby is, adopted as a "plan of reorganization" for purposes of Sections 354 and 361 of the Code.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01. Definitions. The following terms, as used herein, have the following meanings:

"280G Approval Requirements" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.07(a)(i).

"Accounting Policies" means GAAP as in effect on the date hereof.

"Accounting Referee" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.08(c).

"Accredited Investor" means an "accredited investor" as that term is defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D of the Securities Act.

"Accredited Investor Questionnaire" means a questionnaire in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u> or such other form as may be approved by Parent in its sole discretion.

"Acquired Companies" means the Companies and their Subsidiaries (including, from and after the Second DE Effective Time or the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the Surviving Corporations).

"Acquired Company Securities" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.05(b).

"Action" means any action, suit, investigation, audit (including Tax audit), litigation, arbitration, claim (including any cross-claim or counterclaim) or proceeding (including any civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or appellate proceeding) commenced, brought, conducted or heard by or before, or otherwise involving, any Governmental Authority or any arbitrator or arbitration panel.

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[***] [***]

[***]

"Additional Insite Consideration" means, subject to Section 14.05, a contingent right to (i) the aggregate number of shares (if any) of Parent Common Stock to be delivered to Seller pursuant to Section 2.09(b) *multiplied by* the Insite Allocation Percentage (rounded down to the nearest whole share), (ii) an amount of cash equal to the amount (if any) to be paid to Seller pursuant to Section 2.09(b) *multiplied by* the Insite Allocation Percentage, (iii) the aggregate number of shares (if any) of Parent Common Stock to be delivered to Seller pursuant to Section 12.10 *multiplied by* the Insite Allocation Percentage (rounded down to the nearest whole share), and (iv) the amounts of cash (if any) to be paid to Seller (or upon the assignment, delegation and transfer of Seller's rights and obligations pursuant to Section 14.05(b), to the Equityholders Representative) in respect of Milestone Payments pursuant to Article 3 *multiplied by* the applicable Insite Milestone Allocation Percentage.

"Additional STC Consideration" means, subject to Section 14.05, a contingent right to (i) the aggregate number of shares (if any) of Parent Common Stock to be delivered to Seller pursuant to Section 2.09(b) *multiplied* by the STC Allocation Percentage (rounded down to the nearest whole share), (ii) an amount of cash equal to the amount (if any) to be paid to Seller pursuant to Section 2.09(b) *multiplied* by the STC Allocation Percentage. (iii) the aggregate number of shares (if any) of Parent Common Stock to be delivered to Seller pursuant to Section 12.10 *multiplied* by the STC Allocation Percentage (rounded down to the nearest whole share), and (iv) the amounts of cash (if any) to be paid to Seller (or upon the assignment, delegation and transfer of Seller's rights and obligations pursuant to Section 14.05(b), to the Equityholders Representative) in respect of Milestone Payments pursuant to Article 3 *multiplied* by the applicable STC Milestone Allocation Percentage.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have correlative meanings; provided that Affiliates of Parent and Merger Subs shall only include entities that are both (i) controlled Affiliates of Roivant Sciences Ltd. and (ii) not traded on a national securities exchange; provided further that, with respect to Seller, the foregoing excludes any portfolio companies of venture capital or other investment funds that are Equityholders, which portfolio companies may otherwise by deemed to be "under common control with" Seller; provided further that, for the avoidance of doubt, Affiliates of Seller shall at all times include SWAT.

"Affiliate Contract" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.21.

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Allocation" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.11.

"AML Laws" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.22(e).

"Annual Net Sales" means, with respect to any Milestone Product, the Net Sales of such Milestone Product in a given Fiscal Year by the Parent Parties.

"Antitrust Law" means any antitrust, competition or trade regulation Applicable Law that is designed or intended to prohibit, restrict or regulate actions having the purpose or effect of monopolization or restraint of trade or lessening competition through merger or acquisition, including the Clayton Act, HSR Act, Sherman Act, and foreign competition laws.

"Applicable Law" means, with respect to any Person, any transnational, domestic or foreign federal, state or local law (statutory, common or otherwise), constitution, treaty, convention, ordinance, code, rule, regulation, order, injunction, judgment, decree, ruling or other similar requirement enacted, adopted, promulgated or applied by a Governmental Authority that is binding upon or applicable to such Person.

"Audited Parent Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.08.

"Balance Sheet" means the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of Seller and its Subsidiaries as of the Balance Sheet Date.

"Balance Sheet Date" means December 31, 2020.

"Base Consideration" means [***].

"Base Working Capital" means [***] (which, for the avoidance of doubt, is a negative number).

"Bermuda Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"Bermuda Law" means the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

"Bermuda Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Bermuda Merger Sub I" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Bermuda Merger Sub II" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Bermuda Merger Subs" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Bermuda Registrar" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"Business" means any business now, previously or hereafter conducted by Seller or the Companies or any of their respective current or former Subsidiaries, other than the STING Program.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required by Applicable Law to close.

"CARES Act" means the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act of 2020.

"Cash" means the aggregate amount of cash, bank deposits and marketable securities (but, in the case of marketable securities, only short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash within 45 days and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates), in each case determined in accordance with the Accounting Policies; provided that Cash shall (i) be calculated net of (A) restricted cash and other restricted balances (including security deposits, bond guarantees, collateral reserve accounts and amounts held in escrow or on behalf of third parties) and amounts that are not freely usable, distributable or transferable (other than, in the case of STC, as a result of Taxes imposed as a result of a transfer outside of PRC) and (B) outstanding outbound checks, draws, ACH debits and wire transfers to the extent there has been a reduction of accounts payable that would have otherwise been included in the calculation of Closing Working Capital, (ii) include inbound checks, draws, ACH credits and wire transfers deposited or available for deposit to the extent there has been a reduction of accounts receivable that would have otherwise been taken into account in Closing Working Capital in respect thereof, and (iii) be decreased by the amount of any insurance proceeds received that have not been applied to remedy the applicable loss, including in connection with the damage or destruction of any property or asset.

"Cayman Law" means the Companies Act (2020 Revision) of the Cayman Islands.

"Cayman Registrar" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"Closing Cash" means the aggregate amount of Cash of the Acquired Companies as of the Measurement Time.

"Certificates of Merger" means, collectively, the First Certificate of Merger and the Second DE Certificate of Merger.

"Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.04(a).

"Closing" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(d).

"Closing Consideration" means (i) the Total Closing Consideration minus (ii) the Holdback Shares minus (iii) the Indemnity Holdback Shares.

"Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(d).

"Closing Date Conditions" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(d).

"Closing Indebtedness" means the aggregate amount of all Indebtedness of the Acquired Companies as of the Measurement Time (including all obligations in respect of principal, accrued interest, penalties, fees and premiums (including make-whole premiums) and all prepayment premiums, penalties, breakage costs and other amounts that may become due as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby or the repayment of such Indebtedness in connection with the Closing).

"Closing Insite Consideration" means the product of (i) the Closing Consideration multiplied by (ii) the Insite Allocation Percentage, rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares.

"Closing STC Consideration" means the product of (i) the Closing Consideration multiplied by (ii) the STC Allocation Percentage, rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares.

"Closing Working Capital" means the amount equal to (i) the aggregate amount of current assets of the Acquired Companies (excluding any current and deferred Tax assets) minus (ii) the aggregate amount of current liabilities of the Acquired Companies (excluding any current and deferred Tax liabilities, but including any accrued but unpaid bonuses and any severance or other termination-related obligations that are due or accrued but unpaid), in each case calculated in accordance with the Accounting Policies and using only the line items included on <u>Exhibit A</u> and as of the Measurement Time; provided that Closing Working Capital shall exclude (i) any receivable in respect of fash (or any amount excluded from the definition thereof) or amounts receivable by the Acquired Companies under Affiliate Contracts or other arrangements with Related Parties; provided further that any item included in Closing Indebtedness or Unpaid Transaction Expenses shall not be included as a current liability of the Acquired Companies in Closing Working Capital. The illustrative calculations set forth as <u>Exhibit A</u> is included in this Agreement solely to provide guidance with respect to mathematical calculation and the methodology by which Closing Working Capital will be determined. In the event of an inconsistency between the illustrative calculation and the Accounting Policies shall control. For the avoidance of doubt, Closing Working Capital may be a negative number.

"COBRA" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

"Collective Bargaining Agreement" means any written or oral agreement, memorandum of understanding or other contractual obligation between any of the Acquired Companies and any labor or trade organization or other authorized employee representative representing any Company Employees.

"Combination Product" means, with respect to any Milestone Product, any and all products containing the Compound in such Milestone Product as the active pharmaceutical ingredient and (i) one or more additional active pharmaceutical ingredients (whether co-formulated or co-packaged with such Milestone Product) and/or (ii) packaged with any Delivery System for administration of the Milestone Product, in each case of (i) and (ii) sold together for a single price.

- "Companies" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.
- "Company Employee" means any employee of the Acquired Companies.
- "Company Insurance Policies" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.15.
- "Company IT Assets" means any and all IT Assets owned, licensed or leased by the Acquired Companies.

"Company Licensed Intellectual Property" means any and all Intellectual Property owned by a third party that is licensed or sublicensed (or purported to be licensed or sublicensed), or under which a covenant not to be sued is granted (or purported to be granted), to (i) Seller or SWAT and used or held for use in the Business or (ii) an Acquired Company.

"Company Material Adverse Effect" means any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (i) the condition (financial or otherwise), business, assets or results of operations of the Acquired Companies or the Business, taken as a whole, excluding any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development to the extent arising or resulting from (A) changes, developments or conditions generally in financial or securities markets in the geographic territories in which the Acquired Companies operate or compete or in the general economic or political conditions in such geographic territories, (B) changes in GAAP or other accounting standards (or the interpretation thereof by a third party), (C) change in Applicable Law generally affecting the industry or industry sector in which the Acquired Companies operate or compete, or changes in Applicable Law of general applicability (including COVID-19 Measures), (D) acts of war, hostilities or terrorism in the geographic territories where the Acquired Companies operate or compete, hurricane, earthquake or other natural disaster, or pandemic (including COVID-19) or other epidemics, (E) the public announcement or pendency of this Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (it being understood that this clause (E) shall not apply to a breach by Seller or the Companies of any representation or warranty related to the announcement or consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the other Transaction Documents), (F) any failure of any of the Acquired Companies to meet, with respect to any period or periods, any internal or industry analyst projections, forecasts, estimates of earnings or revenues or business plans, which may be taken into account in determining whether there has been or would reasonably be expected

any action taken by any Acquired Company at the written direction of Parent, (H) Parent's breach of this Agreement, (I) any regulatory or clinical changes, events or developments relating to any Milestone Product (it being understood that this clause (I) shall not apply to a breach by Seller or the Companies of any representation or warranty relating to such matters), or (J) fluctuations in the value of any currency; *provided, however*, that if any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development described in any of clauses (A) through (D) has a disproportionate effect on the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, relative to other similarly situated biopharmaceutical or biotechnology companies, the disproportionate impact thereof shall be taken into account in determining whether there has been, or would reasonably be expected to be, a Company Material Adverse Effect, or (ii) the ability of Seller or any Acquired Company to perform its obligations under, or to consummate the transactions contemplated by, this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents.

"Company Owned Intellectual Property" means any and all Intellectual Property that is owned, or purported to be owned (whether solely or jointly with any other Person(s)), by (i) Seller or SWAT and used or held for use in the Business or (ii) an Acquired Company.

"Competitive Business" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.14(b).

"Compound" means the [***]

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Mutual Non-Disclosure Agreement entered into among Roivant Sciences, Inc. and Seller, dated as of [***].

"Confidential Information" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.02(c).

"Continuing Employee" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(a).

"Contract" means any written or oral agreement, lease, sublease, license, contract, obligation, Permit, sale or purchase order, service order, indenture, note, bond, loan, mortgage, deed of trust, instrument, commitment or undertaking, including any exhibits, annexes, appendices or attachments thereto, and any amendments, modifications, supplements, extension or renewals thereto.

"Covered Service Provider" means each (i) Key Employee and (ii) current Service Provider whose annual base compensation exceeds [***] (or, for purposes of Section 7.01(c)(x) [***]).

"Covered Tax" means any (i) Taxes of an Acquired Company with respect to a Pre-Closing Tax Period (and any interest, penalties or additions to Tax imposed with respect to amounts described in this clause (i) that accrue during a Post-Closing Tax Period), (ii) Taxes of any member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined, unitary or similar group of which any Acquired Company (or any predecessor thereof) is or was a member on or prior to the Closing, including pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any predecessor or successor thereof or any analogous or similar state, local or non-U.S. Law), (iii) Taxes arising out of or

resulting from the transactions contemplated by this Agreement imposed on an Acquired Company or Seller, including (A) Transaction Payroll Taxes to the extent not taken into account as Closing Indebtedness or Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses, (B) any withholding Taxes on any payment to Seller or any member thereof contemplated by this Agreement and (C) Taxes arising from any breach by Seller of its obligations underSection 8.01(g), (iv) Taxes for which an Acquired Company is liable as a result of a transaction or event occurring prior to the Closing, including as a transferee, successor or by Contract (other than any customary commercial Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business, the principal subject matter of which is not Taxes and which does not involve the sale of an entity or material asset), (v) Taxes arising from the breach of (A) any representation or warranty contained in Section 4.10 (regardless of whether or not such Section survives the Closing) or (B) any covenant (excluding any covenant of Parent) relating to Taxes contained in this Agreement, (vi) Transfer Taxes for which Seller is responsible under Section 8.01(a) to the extent not taken into account as Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses, (vii) Taxes arising out of or resulting from any inclusion under Sections 951 or 951A of the Code (or any similar or corresponding provision of state or local Applicable Law) in respect of any "foreign corporation" owned (directly or indirectly) by Seller to the extent such inclusion results from any transactions or ownership of assets occurring between the beginning of the taxable year of such foreign Corporation that includes the Closing Date and through the Closing, and (viii) Taxes of any Acquired Company that would have been for a Pre—Closing Tax eriod but became payable in a Post-Closing Tax Period as a result of, or in connection with, any provision of the CARES Act (whether or not such Taxes arise as a result of any transaction contemplated by this Agreement) to the extent not taken into

"COVID-19" means SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19, and any evolutions thereof or related or associated epidemics, pandemic our disease outbreaks.

"COVID-19 Measures" means any quarantine, "shelter in place," "stay at home," social distancing, shut down, closure, sequester or any other Applicable Law, or other binding directive, guidelines or recommendations by any Governmental Authority, in connection with or in response to COVID-19, including the CARES Act.

"D&O Tail" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.06(b).

"D&O Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.06(b).

"Damages" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.02(a).

"DE Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(f).

"DE Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"DE Merger Sub I" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"DE Merger Sub II" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"DE Merger Subs" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Delaware Law" means the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

"Delivery System" means any proprietary delivery device or other proprietary instrumentation owned by or licensed to any Parent Party that is used or designed for the administration of any Milestone Product.

"Determination" means a final determination under Section 1313(a) of the Code.

"Disqualified Individual" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.07(a).

"Disregarded Insite Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.04(a)(ii).

"Disregarded STC Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(ii)

"Divestiture" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

"Effective Time" means the later of the Second DE Effective Time and the Second Bermuda Effective Time.

"Employee Parent RSU Grants" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(c).

"Employee Plan" means any (i) "employee benefit plan" as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA (whether or not covered by ERISA), (ii) employment, consulting, severance, change in control, transaction bonus, retention or similar plan, agreement, arrangement, program or policy or (iii) other plan, agreement, arrangement, program or policy providing for compensation, bonuses, profit-sharing, profits interests, equity or equity-based compensation or other forms of incentive or deferred compensation, vacation benefits, insurance (including any self-insured arrangement), medical, dental, vision, prescription or fringe benefits, life insurance, relocation or expatriate benefits, perquisites, disability or sick leave benefits, employee assistance program, workers' compensation, supplemental unemployment benefits or post-employment or retirement benefits (including compensation, pension, health, medical or insurance benefits), in each case whether or not written and (A) that is sponsored, maintained, administered, contributed to or entered into by any of Seller, any Acquired Company or any of their respective Subsidiaries for the current or future benefit of any current or former Service Provider or (B) for which any of the Acquired Companies has or would reasonably be expected to have any direct or indirect Liability.

"End Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.01(b).

"Environmental Laws" means any Applicable Law relating to human health or safety, the environment or any pollutants, contaminants, wastes, chemicals, or any other toxic, radioactive, ignitable, corrosive, reactive or otherwise hazardous substances, wastes or materials, including the terms of any Environmental Permit.

"Environmental Permits" means all Permits required by Environmental Laws for the business of the Acquired Companies as currently conducted and as currently contemplated to be conducted.

"Environmental Release" means any release, spill, leak, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharge, injection, escape, leaching, dumping, placing, discarding, abandonment, disposal, deposit, dispersing or migration into or through the environment.

"Equityholder" means any holder of equity interests (including profits interests) in Seller.

"Equityholder Allocation Schedule" means a schedule (as the same may be updated and revised in accordance with this Agreement), in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Parent, setting forth the following information: (i) each Equityholder's name, address and email address (if available), (ii) the number of shares of Parent Common Stock (or, pursuant to Section 2.13(c), cash in lieu thereof) that will be distributed to such Equityholder at or following Closing pursuant to Section 2.13, (iii) the percentage of shares of Parent Common Stock (or, pursuant to Section 2.13(c), cash in lieu thereof) that will be distributed to such Equityholder upon a distribution of Parent Common Stock pursuant to Section 2.09(b) hereof, (iv) the percentage of each Milestone Payment that will be distributed to such Equityholder pursuant to Section 2.13 upon any payment of such Milestone Payment pursuant to Section 3.02(a), in each case of (i)- (iv) in accordance with Seller's Governing Documents, and (v) whether the Companies have a current W-2 evidencing that such Equityholder is an Accredited Investor.

"Equityholder Distributions" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.13.

"Equityholder Indemnified Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.02(c).

"Equityholders Representative" has the meaning set forth in Section 14.05(b).

"Equityholders Representative Expense Fund" means [***].

"Equityholder Written Consent" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

"ERISA Affiliate" with respect to a Person means any other trade or business, whether or not incorporated, that, together with such first Person, would be treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.

"Estimate Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07.

"Estimated Adjustment Amount" means an amount, which may be positive or negative, equal to (i) (A) Estimated Closing Working Capital minus (B) Base Working Capital (which, for the avoidance of doubt, may be a negative number), plus (ii) Estimated Closing Cash, minus (iii) Estimated Closing Indebtedness, minus (iv) Estimated Unpaid Transaction Expenses.

"Estimated Closing Cash" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07.

"Estimated Closing Indebtedness" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07.

"Estimated Closing Working Capital" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07.

"Estimated Unpaid Transaction Expenses" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07.

"European Union" shall mean the economic, scientific and political organization of the member states known as the European Union, as its membership may be altered from time to time, and any successor union of European states thereto having a substantially similar function.

"EU Major Markets" means the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy and Spain (without regard to whether or not any of the foregoing is a member of the European Union at any given time).

"Excess Parachute Payments" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.07(a)(i).

"Excess Parachute Waiver" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.07(a)(i).

"Excluded Arrangements" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.04.

"Excluded Seller Liabilities" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.07(a).

"Export Control Laws" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.22(d).

"False Claims Act" means the False Claims Act of 1863.

"FATF Recommendations" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.22(e).

"FCPA" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.22(a).

"FDA" means the United States Food and Drug Administration and any successor Governmental Authority in the United States having substantially the same function.

"FDA Act" means the U.S. Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of 1938 and Public Health Service Act.

"Final Adjustment Amount" means an amount, which may be positive or negative, equal to (i) (A) Final Closing Working Capital minus (B) Base Working Capital (which, for the avoidance of doubt, may be a negative number), plus (ii) Final Closing Cash, minus (iii) Final Closing Indebtedness, minus (iv) Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses.

"Final Amounts" means each of Final Closing Working Capital, Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses, Final Closing Indebtedness and Final Adjustment Amount.

"Final Closing Cash" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(c).

"Final Closing Indebtedness" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(c).

"Final Closing Working Capital" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(c).

"Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(b)(ii).

"Final Surviving DE Corporation" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(b)(i).

"Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(c).

"Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.06.

"First Bermuda Certificate of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"First Bermuda Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"First DE Certificate of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(f).

"First DE Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"First Merger Application" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"First Plan of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(e).

"First Surviving DE Corporation" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(a)(i).

"Fiscal Year" means the 12-month period ending on March 31 in each year.

"Fraud" means intentional common law fraud under Delaware Law with respect to the subject matter of the representations and warranties made under Articles 4, 5 or 6 of this Agreement or by or on behalf of a party hereto under the other Transaction Documents (subject to Section 12.11).

"Fundamental Representations" means, collectively, (i) the representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies contained in Sections 4.01 (other than the last sentence thereof), 4.02, 4.03, 4.04(i), 4.05, 4.13(d), 4.14(b), 4.14(d) (but only the first sentence thereof), 4.14(i), 4.17 and 4.24, and the representations and warranties of Seller contained in Sections 5.01, 5.02, 5.03, 5.04(i), 5.05 and 5.07 and (ii) the representations and warranties of Parent and Merger Subs contained in Sections 6.01, 6.02, 6.04(i), 6.05, 6.06 and 6.09.

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States in effect from time to time, applied on a consistent basis.

"Governing Documents" means the legal document(s) by which any Person (other than an individual) establishes its legal existence or which govern its internal affairs, including the articles or certificate of incorporation or formation, memorandum and articles of association,

bylaws, operating agreement, limited liability company agreement, partnership agreement, shareholders' agreement, investor rights agreement, voting agreement, voting trust agreement, joint venture agreement, registration rights agreement and any similar agreement and any amendments or supplements to any of the foregoing.

"Government Contract" means (i) any Contract between any Acquired Company and any Governmental Authority, including any agency of the United States or any agency of any of its respective states or local governments, including any bid, quote, or offer for such Government Contract, and all service orders, purchase orders, delivery orders or task orders under such Government Contracts, each of which is a separate Government Contract and (ii) any Contract or subcontract (at any tier) of any Acquired Company with any other Person that arises under or pursuant to, or relates to such other Person's prime contract or subcontract under, a Government Contract.

"Government Funded IP" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.14(k).

"Governmental Authority" means any transnational, domestic or foreign federal, state or local governmental, regulatory or administrative authority (including self-regulatory authorities), department, court, agency or official, including any political subdivision thereof.

"Gross Closing Consideration" means an amount equal to (i) the Base Consideration, *plus* (ii) the Estimated Adjustment Amount, in each case after giving effect to Section 2.07, minus (iii) the Second Tranche Consideration. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Estimated Adjustment Amount is a negative number, this will result in a reduction to the Gross Closing Consideration.

"Group 1 Employees" means each of the Company Employees who are listed on Schedule 1.01(g) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule.

"Group 2 Employees" means, collectively, (i) the Platform Employees and (ii) the R&D Employees.

"Group 3 Employees" means the Company Employees (including clinical or operations employees) (but excluding any Key Employees, Group 1 Employees and Group 2 Employees) identified in the sole discretion of Parent.

"Hazardous Substance" means any pollutant or contaminant or any toxic, radioactive or otherwise hazardous substance, waste or material, or any substance, waste or material having any constituent elements displaying any hazardous, toxic or radioactive characteristics, including petroleum, its derivatives, by-products and other hydrocarbons, asbestos-containing materials and any substance, waste or material regulated under any Environmental Law.

"Holdback Amount" means [***].

"Holdback Shares" means a number of shares of Parent Common Stock equal to the quotient of (i) the Holdback Amount divided by (ii) the Issuance Price.

"HSR Act" means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976.

"Indebtedness" means, with respect to any of the Acquired Companies, all obligations and other liabilities of such Acquired Company (i) for borrowed money (including factoring and overdraff facilities), (ii) evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures or similar Contracts or securities, (iii) created or arising under any conditional sale or other tilt retention agreement with respect to property acquired by such Person (even if the rights and mendies of the seller or lender under such agreement in the event of default are limited to repossession or sale of such property), (iv) secured by a purchase money mortgage or other Lien to secure all or part of the purchase price of the property subject to such Lien, (v) for the deferred purchase price of assets, property, goods or services, including all seller notes and "earn-out" payments and purchase price adjustment payments, (vi) for capitalized liabilities under GAAP of such Person as lessee under leases that have been or should be, in accordance with GAAP, recorded as capital leases, (vii) in respect of letters of credit, bankers' acceptances, surety bonds and similar instruments (to the extent drawn), (viii) for Contracts relating to interest rate, currency rate or commodity price protection, swap agreements, collar agreements and other hedging agreements, (ix) for deferred renter, "unearned rent", asset retirement obligations and payables related thereto (including any such obligations that have been deferred in response to COVID-19 or any COVID-19 Measures), (x) for all accrued but unpaid Liabilities for Taxes of the Acquired Companies with respect to any (A) underfunded or unfunded defined benefit pension plans or retire health, welfare or life insurance benefit plans or (B) deferred compensation plans or arranagements (together with the employer portion of any payroll, employment or secured by any of the assets of, any of the Acquired Companies. For purposes of this Agreement, "Indebtedness" does not include any (A) obligations to the extent owing from the Compani

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.04.

"Indemnifying Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.04.

"Indemnity Holdback Amount" means [***].

"Indemnity Holdback Release Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.10(b).

"Indemnity Holdback Shares" means a number of shares of Parent Common Stock equal to the quotient of (i) the Indemnity Holdback Amount divided by (ii) the Issuance Price.

"Intercompany Service Agreement" means the Technology Services Framework Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2019, by and between Insite and STC.

"Intellectual Property" means any and all intellectual property and similar proprietary rights in any jurisdiction throughout the world, including any and all: (i) patents and patent applications and industrial designs and other governmental grants for the protection of inventions or industrial designs (including all patent rights, provisionals, non-provisionals, continuations, continuations-in-part, divisionals, extensions, reissues, supplementary protection certificates and reexaminations and counterparts thereof), inventions, discoveries and invention disclosures (whether or not patented) ("Patents"), (ii) copyrights in published and unpublished works, copyright registrations and applications for copyright registration and mask work rights, and all derivatives, translations, adaptations and combinations of any of the foregoing ("Copyrights"), (iii) know-how, trade secrets and confidential or proprietary information, designs, processes, formulae, models, strategies, prototypes and techniques, (iv) registered and unregistered trademarks, trade names, trade dress, logos, service marks, designs, emblems, insignia, slogans, other similar designations of source or origin and general intangibles of like nature, and registrations and applications for registrations for domain names and web addresses, (vi) Software, (vii) rights of publicity and (viii) rights to sue and recover and retain damages, costs and attorneys' fees for past, present or future infringement, misappropriation or violation of any of the foregoing.

"Insite" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Insite Allocation Percentage" has the meaning set forth inSection 2.11.

"Insite Common Stock" means the common stock of Insite, par value \$0.0001 per share.

"Insite Merger Consideration" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.04(a)(i).

"Insite Milestone Allocation Percentages" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.11.

"IPO" means any initial public offering by Parent of Parent Common Stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or the consummation of a similar initial public offering by Parent (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, a SPAC Transaction) pursuant to a comparable process under applicable foreign securities laws pursuant to which such equity securities are authorized and approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Stock Market or a similar recognized national securities exchange outside of the United States; *provided* that an IPO shall not include an offering made in connection with a business acquisition or combination pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-4 or any similar form, or an employee benefit plan pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-8 or any similar form.

"IRS" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

"Issuance Price" means [***].

"IT Assets" means any and all computers, Software, firmware, middleware, servers, workstations, routers, hubs, switches, data communications lines and all other information technology equipment (including laptops and mobile devices) and systems, and all associated documentation, owned, or purported to be owned, by or licensed or leased to any of the Acquired Companies.

[***] [***] [***]

"Key Employee" means [***].

"Key Employee Agreements" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Knowledge" means (i) in the case of Seller or the Companies, the knowledge, after reasonable inquiry, of the individuals set forth on Section 1.01(c) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule; and (ii) in the case of Parent or Merger Subs, the knowledge, after reasonable inquiry, of Jo Chen.

"Leased Real Property" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.13(b).

"Leases" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.13(b).

"Legal Restraint" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.01(b).

"Liability" means any debt, liability or obligation of any kind, whether due or to become due, absolute or contingent, inchoate or otherwise, matured or unmatured, liquidated or unliquidated, accrued or unaccrued, known or unknown, secured or unsecured, determined or determinable, or otherwise, and includes all costs and expenses relating thereto.

"Lien" means, with respect to any property or asset, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest, deed of trust, lease or sublease, license, encumbrance or other adverse claim of any kind in respect of such property or asset, including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of any capital stock or other voting or equity interest or any restriction on the exercise of any attributes of ownership. For the purposes of this Agreement, a Person shall be deemed to own subject to a Lien any property or asset which it has acquired or holds subject to the interest of a vendor or lessor under any conditional sale agreement, capital lease or other title retention agreement relating to such property or asset.

"Material Contracts" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.09(b).

- "Measurement Time" means immediately prior to the Closing.
- "Merger Consideration" means, collectively, the Insite Merger Consideration and the STC Merger Consideration.
- "Merger Subs" means the DE Merger Subs and the Bermuda Merger Subs.
- "Milestone Dispute" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.04.
- "Milestone Dispute Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.04.
- "Milestone Event" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(a).
- "Milestone Payment" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(a).

"Milestone Product" means (i) [***]. For the avoidance of doubt and notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, "Milestone Product" excludes (A) any product or compound acquired or licensed by any Parent Party from any third party (whether by license, merger, purchase of stock, purchase of assets or otherwise) and (B) any product or compound where such product or compound is owned or controlled by any Person prior to becoming any Parent Party.

- "Milestone Set-Off" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(c).
- "Milestone Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.02

"Milestone Termination Date" means the date that is [***].

"Necessary IP Payments" means [***] percent [***] of any (i) royalty payments (or comparable payments) based on sales of Milestone Products or any milestone payments corresponding to success based milestone events that are achieved by Milestone Products (and not other products that are not Milestone Products) that any Parent Party makes under an agreement entered into after the date hereof to a third party in consideration for any license, covenant not to sue or other right or immunity under any Necessary Patent to develop, make, have made, use, import, offer to sell, sell, commercialize or otherwise exploit the Compound (which for clarity does not include any additional composition that is conjugated to, engineered into or otherwise added to the Compound after the date hereof) incorporated in any Milestone Product and (ii) Damages incurred by any Parent Party in connection with any Action in which any third party successfully claims (as determined by a final non-appealable order of any court of competent jurisdiction) that the development, manufacture, use, importation, offer for sale, sale, commercialization or other exploitation of any such Compound incorporated in to the Milestone Product infringes any Necessary Patent owned or controlled by such third party.

"Necessary Patent" means any issued Patent owned or controlled by any third party that claims the composition of matter of a Compound (which for clarity does not include any additional composition that is conjugated to, engineered into or otherwise added to the Compound after the date hereof) contained in any Milestone Product and, absent a license thereto or immunity therefrom, would be infringed by the use, manufacture, offer for sale, sale, importation, commercialization or other exploitation of the composition of matter of any Compound contained in any Milestone Product, but excluding any Patent licensed to the Acquired Companies prior to the date hereof.

"Net Sales" means, [***].

[***]

"Non-Qualified Investor" means any Equityholder that is not a Qualified Investor (including, for the avoidance of doubt, each [***]). "OFAC" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.22(d).

"Open Source Software" means any and all Software that is distributed as free software, open source software or copyleft software or pursuant to a similar licensing or distribution model that requires, as a condition to the use, modification or distribution (including under an ASP or "software as a service" model) of such software that other software using, incorporating, linking, integrating, or distributed or bundled with such software be (i) made available or distribution is source code form, (ii) licensed for the purpose of making derivative works, (iii) licensed under terms that allow reverse engineering, reverse assembly or disassembly of any kind or (iv) redistributable at no charge. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, "Open Source Software" includes software licensed or distributed under any of the following licenses or distribution models, or licenses or distribution models similar to any of the following: [***] or (x) any license or distribution agreement or arrangement now listed as open source licenses on www.opensource.org or any successor website thereof.

"Order" means any judgment, decree, injunction, ruling, award, subpoena, determination, verdict or order of any Governmental Authority or arbitrator.

"Overpayment Amount" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(b)(i).

"Owned Real Property" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.13(a).

"Parent" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Parent Common Stock," means the common stock, par value \$0.0000001 per share, of Parent (or any shares of capital stock into which the Parent Common Stock is converted or exchanged).

"Parent Equity Plan" means the Roivant Sciences Ltd. Amended and Restated 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time.

"Parent Indemnified Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.02(a).

"Parent Insite Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.04(a)(iii).

"Parent Joinders" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.13(d).

"Parent Material Adverse Effect" means any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (i) solely for purposes of Section 11.03(d), the condition (financial or otherwise), business, assets or results of operations of Parent and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, excluding any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development to the extent arising or resulting from (A) changes, developments or conditions generally in financial or securities markets in the geographic territories in which Parent and its Subsidiaries directly or indirectly operates or competes or in the general economic or political conditions in such geographic territories, (B) changes in GAAP or other accounting standards (or the interpretation thereof by a third party), (C) changes in Applicable Law generally affecting the industry or industry sector in which Parent and its Subsidiaries directly or indirectly operates or competes, or changes in Applicable Law of general applicability (including COVID-19 Measures), (D) acts of war, hostilities or terrorism in the geographic territories where the Parent directly or indirectly operates or competes, hurricane, earthquake or other natural disaster, or any national or international calamity, pandemic (including COVID-19) or other epidemics, (E) the public

announcement or pendency of this Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or compliance with the terms of, or taking any action permitted by, the Transaction Documents (it being understood that this clause (E) shall not apply to a breach by Parent or Merger Subs of any representation or warranty related to the announcement or consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the other Transaction Documents), (F) any failure of any of Parent to meet, with respect to any period or periods, any internal or industry analyst projections, forecasts, estimates of earnings or revenues or business plans, which may be taken into account in determining whether there has been or would reasonably be expected to be a Parent Material Adverse Effect), (G) any action taken by Parent at the written direction of Seller or any Acquired Company, (H) Seller's or a Company's breach of this Agreement, or (I) fluctuations in the value of any or clauses (A) through (D) has a disproportionate effect on Parent and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to other similarly situated biopharmaceutical or biotechnology companies, the disproportionate impact thereof shall be taken into account in determining whether there has been, or would reasonably be expected to be, a Parent Material Adverse Effect), (G) any action taken by Parent at the written direction of Seller or any Acquired Company, (H) Seller's or a Company's breach of this Agreement, or (I) fluctuations in the value of any or clauses (A) through (D) has a disproportionate effect on Parent and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to other similarly situated biopharmaceutical or biotechnology companies, the disproportionate impact thereof shall be taken into account in determining whether there has been, or would reasonably be expected to be, a Parent Material Adverse Effect, or (ii) other than for purposes of Section 11.03(d), the ability of Parent or Merger Subs to perform their obligations under,

"Parent Parties" means Parent and its Affiliates (including, following the Second DE Effective Time or the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the Surviving Corporations or any of their Subsidiaries), and, with respect to any Milestone Products, (i) any of Parent's and its Affiliates' licensees or sublicensees of such Milestone Products, (ii) any third party who has acquired the applicable Company Owned Intellectual Property (whether by purchase or other similar acquisition transaction) for the development, manufacturing and commercialization of a Milestone Product from Parent, the Surviving Corporations or any other Parent Party ("Third Party Milestone Product Acquiror"), and (iii) any Affiliate of a Third Party Milestone Product Acquiror that is provided access to any such Company Owned Intellectual Property, subject to, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii), Section 3.06.

"Parent Payments" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.07(d).

"Parent Registration Rights Agreement" means that certain Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 6, 2017, by and among Parent and certain shareholders of Parent from time to time party thereto (as amended, modified or restated from time to time).

"Parent RSU" means a restricted stock unit with respect to one share of Parent Common Stock granted under the Parent Equity Plan.

"Parent RSU Pool" means an aggregate amount equal to [***].

"Parent Shareholders Agreement" means that certain Third Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement, dated as of June 17, 2020, by and among Parent and certain shareholders of Parent from time to time party thereto (as amended, modified or restated from time to time).

"Parent STC Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(iii).

"Parent Stock Event" has the meaning set forth in Section 14.13.

"Parent Welfare Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(f).

"Parent Wrong Pockets Assets" means any assets, property, Contracts or other rights (including real property, personal property or intellectual property) owned by Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Companies and their Subsidiaries) as of the Closing other than the STING Wrong Pockets Assets, the sole legal and beneficial title for which is not vested in an Acquired Company. For the avoidance of doubt, and notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, all Trademarks owned by Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) and used or held for use in the Business as of the date hereof or the Closing, including any such Trademarks ef forth on Section 4.14(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (other than such Trademarks owned by the Acquired Companies), are and shall be Parent Wrong Pockets Assets.

"Payoff Letters" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.06.

"Permits" means each license, franchise, permit, certificate, approval or other similar authorization issued by a Governmental Authority affecting, or relating to, the assets or business of the Acquired Companies.

"Permitted Liens" means (i) Liens for Taxes not yet due and payable or the validity of which is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and, in each case, for which adequate accruals or reserves have been established on the Balance Sheet in accordance with applicable accounting standards; (ii) mechanic's, materialman's, carrier's, repairer's and other similar Liens arising or incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and not yet due and payable or, if due and payable, are being contested in good faith and for which adequate accruals or reserves have been established on the Balance Sheet; (iii) non-exclusive licenses of Intellectual Property granted to others in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice; or (iv) easements, rights of way or other similar Liens on real property which are not material in amount or do not materially detract from the value of or materially impair the existing or contemplated use of the real property affected by such Lien.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, trust or other entity or organization, including a Governmental Authority.

"Personally Identifiable Information" means information, in the Acquired Companies' possession, custody or control, that is considered "personal information", "personal data" or similar term under Applicable Law.



"PIPE Investors" means those certain Persons acquiring shares of Parent Common Stock (or successor shares) in connection with the SPAC Transaction pursuant to subscription agreements entered into between such Persons and the SPAC.

"Plans of Merger" means, collectively, the First Plan of Merger and the Second Plan of Merger.

"Platform Employees" means each of the Company Employees who are listed on Section 1.01(d) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule.

"Post-Closing Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.08(a).

"Post-Closing Tax Period" means any Tax period beginning after the Closing Date and, with respect to a Straddle Tax Period, the portion of such Tax period beginning after the Closing Date.

"PRC" means the People's Republic of China.

"PRC Tax Payment Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(g).

"Pre-Closing Tax Period" means any Tax period ending on or before the Closing Date and, with respect to a Straddle Tax Period, the portion of such Tax period ending on the Closing Date.

"Privilege" has the meaning set forth in Section 14.14.

"Privileged Communications" has the meaning set forth in Section 14.14.

"Products" means any and all molecules or products developed or under development by any Acquired Company.

"Promised Award" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(d).

"Promised Award bonus" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(d).

"Promised Award Grantee" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(d).

"Public Notice 7" means the Notice Regarding Certain Corporate Income Tax Matters on Indirect Transfer of Properties by Non-Tax Resident Enterprises (Guoshuigonggao [2015] No.7) issued by the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC (国家税务总局关于非居民企业间接转让财产企 业所得税若干问题的公告), effective as of February 3, 2015 (including subsequent amending provisions, as well as any interpretations or procedural rules related thereto).

"Qualified Investor" means any Equityholder (i) for which the Companies have a current W-2 evidencing that such Equityholder is an Accredited Investor (as reasonably determined by Parent) or (ii) that has provided a complete and accurate Accredited Investor Questionnaire indicating that such Equityholder is an Accredited Investor, along with other evidence reasonably satisfactory to Parent that such holder is an Accredited Investor (including, at Parent's election, a letter from such holder's independent certified public accountant certifying that such holder is an Accredited Investor), but excluding, in each case, any [***].

"R&D Employees" means each of the Company Employees who are listed on Section 1.01(f) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule.

"R&W Insurance Policy" means the buyer-side representation and warranty insurance policy issued in connection with this Agreement in the name of and for the benefit of Parent.

"Registration Statement" means a Registration Statement (i) on Form S-1 to be filed by Parent or (ii) on Form S-4 to be filed by Parent or any other Person in connection with a binding Contract to engage in a business combination with Parent (whether by means of merger, stock purchase, asset purchase or otherwise).

"Regulatory Approval" means, with respect to any Milestone Product in any regulatory jurisdiction, approval from the applicable Governmental Authority of the commercial marketing and sale of such Milestone Product in such regulatory jurisdiction in accordance with Applicable Laws, including receipt of pricing and reimbursement approvals under programs administered by a Governmental Authority where reasonably necessary for effective market access.

"Regulatory Milestone Event" has the meaning set forth in Exhibit B.

"Released Claims" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.09.

"Released Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.09.

"Releasing Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.09.

"Related Party" means, with respect to any specified Person, (i) any Affiliate of such specified Person, (ii) any Person who serves as a director, officer, general partner, managing member or in a similar capacity of such specified Person or any of its Affiliates, (iii) any immediate family member of any Person described in clause (i) or (ii), and (iv) any other Person who holds, individually or together with such other Person's Affiliates and any members of such other Person's immediate family, directly or indirectly, more than [***] of the outstanding equity or ownership interests of such specified Person.

"Representative" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.02.

"Restricted Employees" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.14.

"Revised Intercompany Service Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(i).

"SAFE" means the State Administration of Foreign Exchange of the PRC.

"SAFE Circular 37" means the Circular on Foreign Exchange Administration of Offshore Investment, Financing and Return Investment by Domestic Residents Utilizing Special Purpose Vehicles issued by SAFE with effect from July 4, 2014.

[***]

"Sales Milestone Annual Report" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.05(a).

"Sales Milestone Event" has the meaning set forth in Exhibit B hereto.

"Sales Milestone Reporting Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.05(a).

"SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Second Bermuda Certificate of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(h).

"Second Bermuda Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(h).

"Second Bermuda Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Second DE Certificate of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(g).

"Second DE Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(g).

"Second DE Merger" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Second Merger Application" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(h).

"Second Plan of Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(h).

"Second Tranche Consideration" means [***].

"Second Tranche Insite Consideration" means the product of (i) the Second Tranche Consideration multiplied by (ii) the Insite Allocation Percentage (in the case of Second Tranche Consideration paid in Parent Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share).

"Second Tranche STC Consideration" means the product of (i) the Second Tranche Consideration *multiplied by* (ii) the STC Allocation Percentage (in the case of Second Tranche Consideration paid in Parent Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933.

"Seller" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Seller Disclosure Schedule" means the disclosure schedules dated the date of this Agreement and delivered by Seller to Merger Subs and Parent in connection with the execution of this Agreement.

"Seller Employee Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(h).

"Seller Equity Incentive Plan" means the Silicon Therapeutics LLC 2016 Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended.

"Seller Incentive Units" means any outstanding "Shares" (as defined in the Seller Operating Agreement) of Seller that are intended to constitute "profits interests", as defined in IRS Revenue Procedure 93-27 and 2001-43, granted pursuant to the Seller Equity Incentive Plan, the Seller Operating Agreement or otherwise.

"Seller Operating Agreement" means the Fourth Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Silicon Therapeutics LLC, dated as of July 2, 2020, as may be amended or amended and restated.

"Seller Options" means any outstanding options to purchase "Shares" (as defined in the Seller Operating Agreement) of Seller granted pursuant to the Seller Equity Incentive Plan, the Seller Operating Agreement or otherwise.

"Seller Material Adverse Effect" means any event, change, circumstance, effect, occurrence, condition, state of facts or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the ability of Seller to perform its obligations under, or to consummate the transactions contemplated by, this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents.

"Seller Written Consent" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Service Provider" means any director, officer, employee, or individual independent contractor or consultant of any of the Acquired Companies.

"Shelf Registration Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.12.

"Silicon Suzhou" means Silicon TX China Co., Ltd. ("硅康医药(苏州)有限公司" in Chinese), a PRC corporation and wholly-owned Subsidiary of Seller.

"Software" means any and all (i) computer programs, systems, applications and code, including any software implementations of algorithms, models and methodologies and any source code, object code, development and design tools, applets, compilers and assemblers, (ii) databases, including any and all libraries, data and data collections, (iii) descriptions, flow-charts and other work product used to design, plan, organize and develop any of the foregoing, (iv) technology supporting, and the contents and audiovisual displays of, any internet site(s) and (v) documentation, other works of authorship and media, including user manuals and training materials, relating to or embodying any of the foregoing or on which any of the foregoing is recorded.

"SPAC" means a publicly traded special purpose acquisition company or other similar entity.

"SPAC Transaction" means a merger, acquisition or other business combination involving a SPAC and Parent.

"SPAC/IPO Price" means [***], as applicable.

"STC" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"STC Allocation Percentage" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.11.

"STC Common Shares" means shares of STC, par value \$1.00.

"STC Merger Consideration" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(i).

"STC Milestone Allocation Percentages" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.11.

"STC Valuation" means a valuation of the fair market value of STC by an independent third-party accounting or valuation firm qualified to perform such valuation as selected by Parent and reasonably acceptable to Seller.

"STING Agonist" means [***].

"STING Program" means the program of discovery, improvement, optimization, research, development, manufacture or commercialization of the STING Agonist as conducted by Seller and its Subsidiaries as of the Closing.

"STING Wrong Pockets Assets" means (i) the assets or property set forth on Section 1.01(a)(ii) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, (ii) Contracts exclusively related to the STING Program identified by Parent and (iii) other Contracts exclusively related to the STING Program and identified to Parent (subject to Parent's consent), in each case the sole legal and beneficial title for which is not vested in the Seller or SWAT.

"Straddle Tax Period" means a Tax period that begins on or before the Closing Date and ends thereafter.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any entity (i) of which securities or other ownership interests having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors, managers, trustees or other Persons performing similar functions are owned, directly or indirectly, by such Person (or such Person otherwise has the right, whether by ownership of securities, Contract or otherwise, to do so), (ii) for which such Person or one of its other Subsidiaries is the general partner, manager or managing member or (iii) in which such Person owns, directly or indirectly, a majority of the equity, partnership or other similar interests thereof; *provided* that Subsidiaries of Parent and Merger Subs shall only include entities that are not traded on a national securities exchange.

- "Support Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.
- "Surviving Cayman Corporation" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(a)(ii).
- "Surviving Corporations" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(b)(ii).
- "SWAT" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Tax" means (i) any tax, levy, governmental fee or other like assessment or charge of any kind in the nature of a tax (including withholding on amounts paid to or by any Person), together with any interest, penalty, addition to tax or additional amount (including penalties for failure to file or late filing any return, report or other filing), and any Liability for any of the foregoing as transferee or successor, (ii) in the case of any of the Acquired Companies, Liability for the payment of any amount of the type described in clause (i) as a result of being or having been before the Closing a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined, unitary or similar group, or a party to any greement or arrangement, as a result of which Liability of such Acquired Company to a Governmental Authority is determined or taken into account with reference to the activities of any other Person and (iii) Liability of any of the Acquired Companies for the payment of any amount as a result of being party to any Tax Sharing Agreement.

"Tax Asset" means any net operating loss, net capital loss, investment Tax credit, foreign Tax credit, charitable deduction or any other credit or Tax attribute that could be carried forward or back to reduce Taxes (including deductions and credits related to alternative minimum Taxes).

"Tax Grant" means any Tax exemption, Tax holiday or reduced Tax rate granted by a Taxing Authority with respect to any of the Acquired Companies that is not generally available to Persons without specific application therefor.

"Tax Return" means any Tax return, statement, report, election, declaration, disclosure, schedule or form (including any estimated tax or information return or report) filed or required to be filed with any Taxing Authority (including any attachment thereto and any amendment thereof).

"Tax Sharing Agreement" means any agreement or arrangement (whether or not written), including without limitation any Tax sharing, allocation, indemnification, reimbursement, receivables or similar agreement, entered into prior to the Closing binding any of the Acquired Companies that provides for the allocation, apportionment, sharing or assignment of any Tax Liability or benefit, or the transfer or assignment of income, revenues, receipts, or gains for the purpose of determining any Person's Tax Liability, other than any commercial lease or loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of business, the principal subject matter of which is not Taxes.



"Taxing Authority" shall mean any Governmental Authority responsible for the imposition, assessment or collection of any Tax.

"Third Party Acquiror" means a third party which acquires control of Seller or any of its Subsidiaries after the Closing, whether by merger, sale of stock, sale of assets or otherwise (a "Seller Change of Control Transaction"), which third party (i) is not the surviving entity following a merger of such Seller or Seller's Subsidiary and (ii) was not an Affiliate of Seller or an officer, director, employee or consultant of Seller or any of its Subsidiaries, nor equityholder of Seller or Seller's Subsidiaries, prior to the closing of such Seller Change of Control Transaction.

"Third-Party Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.04(b).

"Top Vendors" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.09(a)(iii).

"Total Closing Consideration" means a number of shares of Parent Common Stock equal to (i) the Gross Closing Consideration divided by (ii) the Issuance Price.

"Total Consideration" means (i) the Gross Closing Consideration *plus* (ii) the Additional Insite Consideration (if any), *plus* (iii) the Additional STC Consideration (if any), *plus* (iv) the Second Tranche Consideration.

"Transaction Documents" means this Agreement, the Support Agreements, the Key Employee Agreements and the Accredited Investor Questionnaires.

"Transaction Deductions" means, without duplication, all items of loss, deduction, or credit for U.S. federal income and state and local income Tax purposes resulting from or attributable to: (i) the payment of any compensatory amounts payable before or substantially contemporaneously with the Closing Date pursuant to this Agreement, (ii) Transaction Expenses and (iii) any fees, expenses, premiums and penalties with respect to the prepayment of debt and the write-off or acceleration of the amortization of deferred financing.

"Transaction Expenses" means, without duplication, (i) all costs, fees and expenses incurred by any of the Acquired Companies at or prior to the Effective Time, or in respect of any Contract or other arrangement entered into at or prior to the Effective Time, as applicable, related to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (or any other sale process conducted or pursued by any of the Acquired Companies), whether payable prior to, at or after the Closing, including (A) costs, fees and expenses of investment bankers (including the brokers referred to in Section 4.17), attorneys, accountants and other consultants and advisors, (B) any assignment, change in control or similar fees expressly payable as a result of the execution of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, including all retention, change of control, transaction or similar bonuses, compensation, incentive and/or severance payments

incurred or payable by any of the Acquired Companies in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (excluding, for avoidance of doubt, (1) any consideration payable by Parent to Seller and/or the Equityholders as set forth in this Agreement and (2) any "double trigger" payments under any Employee Plan listed on Section 1.01(a)(i) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule for which the second of such "triggers" is triggered as a result of any action by Parent or any of its Affiliates following the Closing), *plus* Transaction Payroll Taxes with respect to any such payments, (C) any Promised Award Bonuses (*plus* the employee protion of any payroll, employment or similar taxes thereon) and (D) all costs, fees and expenses incurred by an Acquired Company as a result of the termination of any Affiliate Contract as contemplated hereby, (ii) Transfer Taxes for which Seller is responsible under Section 8.01(a), (iii) [***] (v) the lesser of (A) the premium and other costs of procuring the R&W Insurance Policy and (B) [***] (v) [***] and (vi) any other amount expressly identified herein as a Transaction Expense. For the avoidance of doubt, Transaction Expenses shall include any Transaction set as a result of the payment of any amounts following the Closing (including pursuant to Section 2.09, Section 2.10 or Article 3), and any such post-Closing payments shall be payable net of any such Transaction Expenses.

"Transaction Expenses Payoff Instructions" means reasonably satisfactory documentation setting forth an itemized list of all, and amounts of all, Transaction Expenses, including the identity of each payee, dollar amounts owed, wire transfer instructions and any other information necessary to effect the final payment in full thereof, and copies of final invoices executed by each such payee acknowledging the invoiced amounts as full and final payment for all services rendered to the Acquired Companies. [***].

"Transaction Payroll Tax" means the employer's portion of any employment, payroll or similar Taxes (including social security taxes) with respect to retention, change of control, transaction or similar bonuses, compensation, incentive and/or severance payments incurred or payable by Seller or any of the Acquired Companies in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, but excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any such amount payable with respect to any Parent RSUs.

"Transferred Assets" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

"Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

"Transfer Tax" means any transfer, documentary, sales, use, real property transfer, stock transfer, recording, stamp, registration, value added or other similar Tax (including any penalties and interest, and the cost of preparing and filing Tax Returns in respect thereto) arising in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

"Unaudited Parent Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.08.

"Underpayment Amount" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.09(b)(ii).

"Unpaid Transaction Expenses" means the aggregate amount of Transaction Expenses that are unpaid as of the Measurement Time.

"WARN" means the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any comparable foreign, state or local law.

- [***]
- [***]
- [***]

Section 1.02. Other Definitional and Interpretative Provisions. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of like import used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The captions herein are included for convenience of reference only and shall be ignored in the construction or interpretation hereof. References to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules of this Agreement unless otherwise specified. All Exhibits and Schedules annexed hereto or referred to herein, including the Seller Disclosure Schedule, are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this Agreement as if set forth in full herein. Any capitalized terms used in any Exhibit or Schedule but not otherwise defined therein, shall have the meaning as defined in this Agreement. Any singular term in this Agreement, thall be deemed to include the plural, and any plural term the singular. Whenever the words "include," "includes," or "includes" or "includes" or written" and comparable terms refer to printing, typing and other means of reproducing words (including electronic media) in a visible form. The word "will" shall be construct to have the same meaning and effect as the word "shall." The word "or" when used in this Agreement is not exclusive. References to any statute, rule, regulation, law or Applicable

Law shall be deemed to refer to all Applicable Laws as amended or supplemented from time to time and to any rules, regulations and interpretations promulgated thereunder. References to any Contract are to that Contract as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof; *provided* that with respect to any Contract listed (or required to be listed) on any schedules hereto, or any Contract required to be listed on the appropriate schedule and copies thereof disclosed. References to any Person include the successors and permitted assigns of that Person. References from or through any date mean, unless otherwise specified, from and including or through and including, respectively. The parties have participated jointly in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement and each has been represented by coursel of its choosing and, in the event an ambiguity or question of intent or interpretation arises, this Agreement shall be construed as jointly drafted by the parties and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any party by virtue of the authorship of any provision of this Agreement. For purposes of Article 4, references to the Acquired Companies shall be deemed to also be references to "the Business, as conducted by Seller and its Subsidiaries", unless the context requires otherwise. For purposes of this Agreement, any document which is described as being "delivered," "furnished" or "made available" shall be treated as such if copies of such documents have been put in the dataroom prepared by Seller or otherwise provided to Parent in electronic or hard copy format, in each case at least one Business Day prior to the date hereof.

ARTICLE 2

THE MERGERS

Section 2.01. The Mergers.

(a) At the DE Effective Time and the Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement and the First Plan of Merger:

(i) Parent, DE Merger Sub I and Insite shall cause DE Merger Sub I to be merged with and into Insite in accordance with Delaware Law, whereupon the separate existence of DE Merger Sub I shall cease, and Insite shall continue as the surviving company (the "First Surviving DE Corporation"); and

(ii) Parent, Bermuda Merger Sub I and STC shall cause Bermuda Merger Sub I to be merged with and into STC in accordance with Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, whereupon the separate existence of Bermuda Merger Sub I shall cease, and STC shall continue as the surviving company, being a Cayman Islands exempted company (the "Surviving Cayman Corporation").

(b) At the Second DE Effective Time and the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Second Plan of Merger:

(i) Parent, DE Merger Sub II and the First Surviving DE Corporation shall cause the First Surviving DE Corporation to be merged with and into DE Merger Sub II in accordance with Delaware Law, whereupon the separate existence of the First Surviving DE Corporation shall cease, and DE Merger Sub II shall continue as the surviving company (the "Final Surviving DE Corporation"); and

(ii) Parent, Bermuda Merger Sub II and the Surviving Cayman Corporation shall cause the Surviving Cayman Corporation to be merged with and into Bermuda Merger Sub II in accordance with Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, whereupon the separate existence of the Surviving Cayman Corporation shall cease, and Bermuda Merger Sub II shall continue as the surviving company, being a Bermuda exempted company (the "Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation" and, together with the Final Surviving DE Corporation, the "Surviving Corporations").

(c) From and after the Second DE Effective Time and the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the effect of the DE Merger and Bermuda Merger, respectively, shall be as provided in this Agreement and the applicable provisions of Delaware Law, Bermuda Law or Cayman Law, as applicable, and (i) the Final Surviving DE Corporation shall possess all of the rights, powers, privileges and franchises and be subject to all of the obligations, liabilities, restrictions and disabilities of Insite, DE Merger Sub I, the First Surviving DE Corporation and DE Merger Sub II, all as provided under Delaware Law, and (ii) the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation shall possess all of the rights, powers, privileges and franchises and be subject to all of the obligations, liabilities, restrictions and disabilities of STC, Bermuda Merger Sub I, the Surviving Cayman Corporation and Bermuda Merger Sub II, all as provided under Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, as applicable.

(d) Subject to the provisions of Article 11, the closing of the DE Merger and the Bermuda Merger (the "**Closing**") shall take place (i) in New York City at the offices of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, 10017, or remotely by the exchange of documents and signatures (or their electronic counterparts), on the third Business Day following the date on which all of the conditions set forth in Article 11 have been satisfied or, to the extent permissible, waived by the party or parties entitled to the benefit of such conditions (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the Closing (the "**Closing Date Conditions**"), but subject to the satisfaction of, or, to the extent permissible, waiver by the party or parties entitled to the benefit of, the Closing Date Conditions) or (ii) at such other place, at such other time or on such other date as Parent and Seller may mutually agree in writing. The date on which the Closing actually occurs is referred to in this Agreement as the "**Closing Date**".

(e) At the Closing, STC and Bermuda Merger Sub I shall execute and deliver a plan of merger relating to the First Bermuda Merger which shall implement the First Bermuda Merger and the terms and conditions of this agreement (the "First Plan of Merger") and any other appropriate documents, in each case as approved by Parent (provided that Parent shall consider Seller's comments thereto in good faith), in accordance with the relevant provisions of Bermuda Law and Cayman Law and, on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter shall make all other filings or recordings required under Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, and on the Closing Date Bermuda Merger Sub I shall cause an application for registration of the Surviving Cayman Corporation to be executed and delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda (the "Bermuda Registrar") as provided under Section 108 of Bermuda Law and to be accompanied by the documents required by Section 108(2) of Bermuda Law, and a corresponding application shall be made to the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Registrar") under Section 237(2) of the Cayman Law (collectively, the "First Bermuda Certificate of Merger") with respect to the Merger and a corresponding request shall be made to the Cayman Law with respect to the Merger, in each case on the Closing Date at the time of day mutually agreed upon by Parent and Seller and set forth in the First Merger Application. The First Bermuda Merger shall become effective upon the issuance of the First Bermuda Certificate of Merger by the Bermuda Registrar (collectively, the "First Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall be Bermuda Registrar (collectively, the "First Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall provide) and the registration of the merger under Cayman Law with respect to the Merger and a corresponding request shall be made to the Cayman registrar to issue a certificate of Merger by the Bermuda Registrar (collectively, the "First Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall powide) and the registration of the merger under Cayman Law with r

(f) At the Closing, immediately following receipt of evidence from the Bermuda Registrar and the Cayman Registrar, as applicable, of the effectiveness of the First Bermuda Merger, Insite shall file, or cause to be filed, with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, a certificate of merger relating to the First DE Merger (the **'First DE Certificate of Merger'**) and any other appropriate documents, in each case as approved by Parent (provided that Parent shall consider Seller's comments thereto in good faith), in accordance with the relevant provisions of Delaware Law and, on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, shall make all other filings or recordings required under Delaware Law. The First DE Merger shall become effective at such time as the First DE Certificate of Merger is duly filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (or at such other later time as may be agreed by Parent and Insite and specified in the First Certificate of Merger) (the "DE Effective Time").

(g) Promptly following the DE Effective Time, but in no event later than the second Business Day thereafter, Parent, the First Surviving DE Corporation and DE Merger Sub II shall file, or cause to be filed, with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, a certificate of merger relating to the Second DE Merger (the "Second DE Certificate of Merger") and any other appropriate documents, in each case as approved by Parent (provided that Parent shall consider Seller's comments thereto in good faith), in accordance with the relevant provisions of Delaware Law and, on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, shall make all other filings or recordings required under Delaware Law. The Second DE Merger shall become effective at such time (the "Second DE Effective Time") as the Second DE Certificate of Merger is duly filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

(h) Promptly following the Bermuda Effective Time, but in no event later than the second Business Day thereafter, Parent, the Surviving Cayman Corporation and Bermuda Merger Sub II shall execute and deliver a plan of merger relating to the Second Bermuda Merger which shall implement the Second Bermuda Merger and the terms and conditions of this agreement (the "Second Plan of Merger") and any other appropriate documents, in each case as approved by Parent (provided that Parent shall consider Seller's comments thereto in good faith), in accordance with the relevant provisions of Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, and on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, shall make all other filings or recordings required under Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, and on the Closing Date Bermuda Merger Sub II shall cause an application for registration of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation to be executed and delivered to the Bermuda Registrar as provided under Section 108 of Bermuda Law and to be accompanied by the documents required by Section 108(2) of Bermuda Law and a corresponding application shall be made under to the Cayman Registrar under Section 237(7) of the Cayman Law (collectively, the "Second Merger Application") and cause to be included in the Second Merger Application arequest that the Registrar issue the certificate of merger with respect to the Second Bermuda Merger (the "Second Bermuda Certificate of Merger") and a corresponding paper application shall be made to the Cayman Registrar to issue a certificate of merger under Cayman Law with respect to the Merger, in each case on the Closing Date at the time of day mutually agreed upon by the Parent and Seller and set forth in the Second Merger Application. The Second Bermuda Merger shall become effective upon the issuance of the Second Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall be made to the cayman Effective upon the issuance of the Second Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall become effective upon the issuance of the Second Bermuda Certificate of Merger shall bec

Section 2.02. Governing Documents of the Surviving Corporations.

(a) At the DE Effective Time, by virtue of the First DE Merger, the Governing Documents of the First Surviving DE Corporation shall be amended to be identical to the Governing Documents of DE Merger Sub I in effect immediately prior to the DE Effective Time until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.

(b) At the Second DE Effective Time, by virtue of the Second DE Merger, the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving DE Corporation shall be amended to be identical to the Governing Documents of DE Merger Sub II in effect immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.

(c) At the Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the First Bermuda Merger, the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation shall be amended to be identical to the Governing Documents of Bermuda Merger Sub I in effect immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.

(d) At the Second Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the Second Bermuda Merger, the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation shall be amended to be materially identical, to the extent permitted by Cayman Law, to the Governing Documents of Bermuda Merger Sub II in effect immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.

Section 2.03. Directors and Officers of the Surviving Corporations.

(a) At the DE Effective Time, by virtue of the First DE Merger, the directors of DE Merger Sub I immediately prior to the DE Effective Time shall be the directors of the First Surviving DE Corporation immediately after the DE Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the First Surviving DE Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the First Surviving DE Corporation.

(b) At the DE Effective Time, by virtue of the First DE Merger, the officers of DE Merger Sub I immediately prior to the DE Effective Time shall be the officers of the First Surviving DE Corporation immediately after the DE Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the First Surviving DE Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly appointed or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the First Surviving DE Corporation.

(c) At the Second DE Effective Time, by virtue of the Second DE Merger, the directors of Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time shall be the directors of the Final Surviving DE Corporation immediately after the Second DE Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving DE Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving DE Corporation.

(d) At the Second DE Effective Time, by virtue of the Second DE Merger, the officers of DE Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time shall be the officers of the Final Surviving DE Corporation immediately after the Second DE Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving DE Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly appointed or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving DE Corporation.

(e) At the Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the First Bermuda Merger, the directors of Bermuda Merger Sub I immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time shall be the directors of the Surviving Cayman Corporation immediately after the Bermuda Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation.

(f) At the Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the First Bermuda Merger, the officers of Bermuda Merger Sub I immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time shall be the officers of the Surviving Cayman Corporation immediately after the Bermuda Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly appointed or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Surviving Cayman Corporation.

(g) At the Second Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the Second Bermuda Merger, the directors of Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time shall be the directors of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation immediately after the Second Bermuda Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation.

(h) At the Second Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the Second Bermuda Merger, the officers of Bermuda Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time shall be the officers of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation immediately after the Second Bermuda Effective Time, each to hold office in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation until his or her respective successor is duly appointed or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal in accordance with the Governing Documents of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation.

(i) For the avoidance of doubt, the First Cayman Merger and the First DE Merger are cross-conditioned on one another, and the Closing shall not be deemed to have been completed (and no consideration shall be payable hereunder) until the consummation of each such merger.

Section 2.04. Conversion of Shares of Insite and the First Surviving DE Corporation.

(a) At the DE Effective Time, by virtue of the DE Merger and without any action on the part of Parent, the DE Merger Subs, Insite or the holders of any of the following securities:

(i) except for Disregarded Insite Shares and Parent Insite Shares, each share of Insite Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the DE Effective Time shall be converted into and shall become the right to receive its *pro rata* portion of (A) the Closing Insite Consideration, *plus* (B) the Second Tranche Insite Consideration, *plus* (C) the Additional Insite Consideration, *if any*, subject to the terms and conditions of Section 2.09(b), Article 3 and Article 12 (the consideration described in this Section 2.04(a)(i), the "**Insite Merger Consideration**"), and, as of the DE Effective Time, all such shares of Insite Common Stock shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and retired and shall cease to exist and shall thereafter represent only the right to receive the Insite Merger Consideration;

(ii) each share of Insite Common Stock held by Insite (collectively, the "Disregarded Insite Shares") immediately prior to the DE Effective Time shall be canceled without any conversion thereof and shall cease to exist, and no consideration shall be delivered or receivable with respect thereto; and

(iii) each share of capital stock of DE Merger Sub I issued and outstanding immediately prior to the DE Effective Time, and each share of Insite Common Stock held by Parent immediately prior to the DE Effective Time (collectively, the "Parent Insite Shares"), shall be converted into and become one validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable share of common stock of the First Surviving DE Corporation, with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted and shall constitute the only outstanding capital stock of the First Surviving DE Corporation.

(b) At the Second DE Effective Time, by virtue of the Second DE Merger and without any action on the part of Parent, DE Merger Sub II or the First Surviving DE Corporation: (i) each share of capital stock of DE Merger Sub II issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time shall be converted into and become a validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable share of common stock of the Final Surviving DE Corporation; with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted and shall constitute the only outstanding capital stock of the Final Surviving DE Corporation; and (ii) each share of capital stock of the First Surviving DE Corporation immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time shall be canceled without any conversion thereof and shall cease to exist, and no consideration shall be delivered or receivable with respect thereto.

(c) Upon the Second DE Effective Time, as part of the Second DE Merger without any further action on the part of Parent or the Final Surviving DE Corporation, Parent shall subscribe for, and the Final Surviving DE Corporation shall issue to Parent, one share of common stock of the Final Surviving DE Corporation, in respect of and in proportion to Parent's ownership of DE Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second DE Effective Time.

Section 2.05. Conversion of Shares of STC and the Surviving Cayman Corporation.

(a) At the Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the Bermuda Merger and without any action on the part of Parent, the Bermuda Merger Subs, STC or the holders of any of the following securities:

(i) except for Disregarded STC Shares and Parent STC Shares, each share of STC Common Shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time shall be converted into and shall become the right to receive its *pro rata* portion of (A) the Closing STC Consideration, *plus* (B) the Second Tranche STC Consideration, *plus* (C) the Additional STC Consideration, *if any*, subject to the terms and conditions of Section 2.09(b), Article 3 and Article 12 (the consideration described in this Section 2.05(a)(i), the "STC Merger Consideration"), and, as of the Bermuda Effective Time, all such shares of STC Common Shares shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and retired and shall cease to exist and shall thereafter represent only the right to receive the STC Merger Consideration;

(ii) each share of STC Common Shares held by STC (collectively, the "Disregarded STC Shares") immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time shall be canceled without any conversion thereof and shall cease to exist, and no consideration shall be delivered or receivable with respect thereto; and

(iii) each common share of Bermuda Merger Sub I issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time, and each share of STC Common Shares held by Parent immediately prior to the Bermuda Effective Time (collectively, the "Parent STC Shares"), shall be converted into and become one validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable common share of the Surviving Cayman Corporation, with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted and shall constitute the only outstanding share capital of the Surviving Cayman Corporation.

(b) At the Second Bermuda Effective Time, by virtue of the Second Bermuda Merger and without any action on the part of Parent, Bermuda Merger Sub II or the Surviving Cayman Corporation: (i) each common share of Bermuda Merger Sub II issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time shall be converted into and become a validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable share of common share of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation, with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted and shall constitute the only outstanding share capital of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation; and (ii) each common share of the Surviving Cayman Corporation immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time shall be canceled without any conversion thereof and shall cease to exist, and no consideration shall be delivered or receivable with respect thereto.

(c) Upon the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as part of the Second Bermuda Merger without any further action on the part of Parent or the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation, Parent shall subscribe for, and the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation shall issue to Parent, one share of common stock of the Final Surviving Bermuda Corporation, in respect of and in proportion to Parent's ownership of Bermuda Merger Sub II immediately prior to the Second Bermuda Effective Time.

Section 2.06. Surrender and Payment.

(a) At the Closing:

(i) Seller shall deliver to Parent any certificates for all of the outstanding shares of Insite Common Stock and STC Common Shares duly endorsed or accompanied by stock powers duly endorsed in blank, with any required transfer stamps affixed thereto (or, if the Insite Common Stock or STC Common Shares are uncertificated, such documentation as may be reasonably required to evidence and effect such delivery) and, with respect to STC, the updated register of members; and

(ii) Following the effectiveness of the Second Bermuda Effective Time and the Second Delaware Effective Time, Parent shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Seller the Closing Consideration (which, in the case of shares of Parent Common Stock, shall be delivered in book-entry form).

(b) Immediately prior to the Closing, Seller shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, the Equityholders Representative Expense Fund to the Equityholders Representative.

(c) After the Second DE Effective Time or the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the transfer books of Insite and the register of members of STC, respectively, shall be closed and there shall be no further registration of transfers of shares of Insite Common Stock or STC Common Shares.

(d) Except as required by Applicable Law, no dividends or other distributions with respect to shares of capital stock or share capital, as applicable, of any Surviving Corporation shall be paid to Seller.

(e) All consideration paid in respect of the surrender or exchange of shares of Insite Common Stock and STC Common Shares in accordance with the terms hereof shall be deemed to be in full satisfaction of all rights pertaining to such shares.

(f) For the avoidance of doubt, except as set forth in Section 3.02(a), no interest will be paid or accrued on the Merger Consideration or any payments thereof to Seller.

Section 2.07. Pre-Closing Estimates; Equityholder Allocation Schedule. No later than five Business Days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall prepare and furnish to Parent (i) a written statement (the "Estimate Statement"), setting forth in reasonable detail Seller's good faith estimate of Closing Cash ("Estimated Closing Cash"), Closing Working Capital ("Estimated Closing Working Capital"), Unpaid Transaction Expenses ("Estimated Closing Indebtedness ("Estimated Closing Indebtedness"), together with reasonable supporting documentation therefor, and, based on such amounts, the Estimated Adjustment Amount and the Gross Closing Consideration, (ii) a closing balance sheet of the Acquired Companies and (iii) a duly completed Equityholder Allocation Schedule. Parent may until two Business Days prior to the Closing Date provide Seller with comments to the Estimate Statement and Equityholder Allocation Schedule, and Seller shall consider such comments in good faith. Seller shall provide any supporting documentation reasonably requested by Parent in connection with Parent's review of the preliminary and final Estimate Statement and Equityholder Allocation Schedule.

Section 2.08. Post-Closing Statement.

(a) As promptly as practicable, but no later than [***] days after the Closing, Parent will prepare and deliver, or cause to be prepared and delivered, to Seller a statement setting forth Parent's calculation of (i) Closing Cash, (ii) Closing Working Capital, (iii) Unpaid Transaction Expenses, (iv) Closing Indebtedness and (v) the Final Adjustment Amount (the "**Post-Closing Statement**"). Following delivery of the Post-Closing Statement and until such time as the Final Amounts are finally determined, Parent shall provide any supporting documentation reasonably requested by Seller in connection with Seller's review of the Post-Closing Statement, and Seller and its advisors shall be provided reasonable access to Parent and its advisors to discuss the Post-Closing Statement.

(b) If Seller disagrees with Parent's calculation of any of the amounts set forth on the Post-Closing Statement, Seller may, within [***] days after receipt of the Post-Closing Statement, deliver a written notice to Parent disagreeing with such calculation(s) and setting forth Seller's calculation of such amount(s). Any such notice of disagreement shall specify those items or amounts as to which Seller disagrees and its alternative calculations with respect to each item set forth on the Post-Closing Statement and Seller shall be deemed to have agreed with all other items and amounts contained in the Post-Closing Statement, which shall be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes hereunder. If Seller fails to deliver such a written notice within such [***]-day period, Seller shall be deemed to have agreed to the Post-Closing Statement and amounts set forth therein, which shall thereupon be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes hereunder.

(c) If a notice of disagreement is duly delivered pursuant to Section 2.08(b), Seller and Parent shall, during the [***] days following such delivery, use commercially reasonable efforts to reach agreement on the disputed items or amounts in order to determine, as may be required, the Final Amounts. If, after the expiration of such period or any mutually agreed extension thereof, Seller and Parent are unable to reach such agreement on all such items and amounts, they shall promptly thereafter submit the remaining disputed items to an internationally recognized and mutually independent accounting firm as shall be mutually agreed upon in writing by Parent and Seller (the "Accounting Referee") for resolution. In making such determination, the Accounting Referee (i) shall consider only those items or amounts in the Post-Closing Statement as to which Seller has disagreed and which have not been resolved prior to submission to the Accounting Referee, (ii) shall not be entitled to hold any hearings or take or order the taking of depositions or other testimony under oath, (iii) with respect to each matter submitted to it, shall not resolve such matter in a manner that is more favorable to Parent than the Post-Closing Statement or more favorable to Seller than the notice of disagreement delivered pursuant to Section 2.08(b) and (iv) shall not consider any proposals related to settlement of any disputed items made by any of the parties. The Accounting Referee is not authorized to, and shall not, make any other determination including (i) any determination with respect to any matter included in the Post-Closing Statement to submitted for resolution to the Accounting Referee or (ii) any determination as to compliance by any Company, Seller, Parent, any Merger Sub or either Surviving Corporation with any of its covenants in this Agreement. Neither Parent nor Seller shall make, and Seller shall prevent any Equityholders from making, any communications by Seller or the Equityholders. Any disputes not within the scope of the d

(d) The Accounting Referee shall deliver to Seller and Parent, as promptly as practicable and no later than [***] days after its appointment, a written report setting forth such determination which shall be final and binding upon Seller and Parent absent fraud or manifest error. The dispute resolution by the Accounting Referee under this Section 2.08 shall constitute an expert determination and shall not constitute an arbitration. The fees and expenses of the Accounting Referee shall be borne one-half by Parent, on the one hand, and one-half by Seller, on the other hand.

Section 2.09. Adjustment of Consideration.

(a) As soon as practicable (but in any event within three Business Days) after the final determination of the Final Amounts, Seller shall deliver to Parent an updated Equityholder Allocation Schedule, which shall be updated solely to reflect the determination of the Final Amounts and shall otherwise include the same calculations and follow the same methodologies set forth on the initial Equityholder Allocation Schedule.

(b) Within [***] Business Days after the final determination of the Final Amounts:

(i) If (A) the Estimated Adjustment Amount exceeds (B) the Final Adjustment Amount (the amount of such excess, the "Overpayment Amount"), then Parent shall (x) retain a number of Holdback Shares (valued at the Issuance Price), rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares, equal to the Overpayment Amount and (y) subject to Section 2.13(c), deliver to Seller the remainder of the Holdback Shares, if any.

(ii) If (A) the Final Adjustment Amount exceeds (B) the Estimated Adjustment Amount (the amount of such excess, the "Underpayment Amount"), then Parent shall, subject to Section 2.13(c), deliver to Seller (x) at the option of Parent, either (1) a number of shares of Parent Common Stock (valued at the Issuance Price) rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares or (2) an amount of cash, by wire transfer of immediately available funds, equal to the lesser of the Holdback Amount and the Underpayment Amount, and (y) the Holdback Shares.

(iii) For the avoidance of doubt, any amounts payable to Seller pursuant to this Section 2.09(b) (including any Underpayment Amount) shall be made net of any Unpaid Transaction Expenses that arise as a result of the payment of such amounts.

(c) "Final Closing Cash", "Final Closing Working Capital," "Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses," and "Final Closing Indebtedness" mean the Closing Cash, Closing Working Capital, the Unpaid Transaction Expenses and Closing Indebtedness, in each case, (i) as shown in Parent's calculation delivered pursuant to(a) if no notice of disagreement with respect thereto is duly delivered pursuant to Section 2.08(b); or (ii) if such a notice of disagreement is delivered, (A) as agreed by Parent and Seller pursuant to Section 2.08(c) or (B) in the absence of such agreement, as shown in the Accounting Referee's determination delivered pursuant to Section 2.08(d) (absent fraud or manifest error).

Section 2.10. Second Tranche Consideration. Upon the earlier to occur of [***] Parent shall deliver to Seller the Second Tranche Consideration. [***].

Notwithstanding anything herein or in the Seller Operating Agreement to the contrary, as among Seller and the Equityholders, it is agreed that the entirety of the Second Tranche Consideration shall be allocated solely to the holders of Seller's outstanding Preferred Shares (as defined in the Seller Operating Agreement), and, accordingly, any Equityholder Distribution with respect to Gross Closing Consideration or Total Closing Consideration, as applicable, made prior to payment and distribution of the Second Tranche Consideration shall be made after taking into account the amount of the Second Tranche Consideration pursuant to and in accordance with Section 2.10. For the avoidance of doubt, the amount of any Gross Closing Consideration on Shall Consideration and yng Gross Closing Consideration and Consideration as applicable, otherwise distributibute to each holder of Seller's outstanding Preferred Shares in an Equityholder Distribution upon delivery of such Second Tranche Consideration as applicable, otherwise distributable to each holder of Seller's outstanding Preferred Shares in an Equityholder Distribution shall be reduced by the amount of the Second Tranche Consideration allocated to such holders of Preferred Shares in an Equityholder Distribution shall be reduced by the amount of the Second Tranche Consideration allocated to such holders of Preferred Shares, and such amount shall instead be ratably allocated among the other Equityholders entitled to such distribution. The Equityholder Allocation Shares, and such amount shall cation. For the avoidance of doubt, the Holdback Amount and the Indemnity Holdback Amount shall be borne *pro rata* by the Equityholders.

Section 2.11. Allocation. [***]. Except as required pursuant to a Determination, each of the Parent, Seller and their respective Affiliates will (i) cooperate in the preparation of filings required with respect to the Allocation, (ii) timely file all forms and Tax Returns required to be filed in connection with the Allocation, (iii) be bound by the Allocation for purposes of determining Taxes related to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (iv) prepare and file, or cause to be prepared and filed, its Tax Returns on a basis consistent with the Allocation and (v) take no position, and cause no position to be taken, inconsistent with the Allocation on any Tax Return, in any Tax controversy or proceeding or otherwise with respect to any Tax. In the event an adjustment to the Merger Consideration is made pursuant to this Agreement, the Allocation will be revised to reflect such adjustment based upon the items or items to which such adjustment is attributable.

Section 2.12. Withholding Rights. [***].

Section 2.13. Payments to Equityholders.

(a) Subject to the Support Agreements, following receipt by Seller (or upon the assignment, delegation and transfer of Seller's rights and obligations pursuant to Section 14.05(b), the Equityholders Representative) of any amounts under this Agreement, including pursuant to Section 2.06(a) (ii), Section 2.09(b), Section 2.10 and Section 3.02(a), Seller (or such Equityholders Representative) shall distribute such amounts to the Equityholders in accordance with Applicable Laws and Section 2.13(c) and pursuant to the terms of the Governing Documents of Seller and the Equityholder Allocation Schedule (as updated pursuant to this Agreement) ("Equityholder Distributions"). Any distributions of Parent Common Stock by Seller or the Equityholders Representative shall be effectuated in accordance with the Seller Operating Agreement and the Parent Stockholders Agreement, and Parent shall reasonably cooperate in connection therewith.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any investigation or examination conducted, or any knowledge possessed or acquired, by or on behalf of Parent, Merger Subs, the Surviving Corporations or any of their respective Affiliates, (i) it is expressly acknowledged and agreed that the preparation of the Equityholder Allocation Schedule (including any updated version thereof delivered pursuant hereto) and the allocation set forth therein are the sole responsibility of Seller and the Equityholders and Parent, Merger Subs and their respective Affiliates shall be entitled to rely on the Equityholder Allocation Schedule, without any obligation to investigate or verify the accuracy or correctness thereof, and (ii) in no event shall Parent, any Merger Sub or, following the Second DE Effective Time or the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the Surviving Corporations or their Subsidiaries, have any Liability to any Person (including the Equityholders) in connection with any claims relating to any alleged inaccuracy or miscalculations in, or otherwise relating to, the preparation of the Equityholder Distributions shall be Parent's soligation to deliver such amounts to Seller (or upon the assignment, delegation and transfer of Seller's rights and obligations pursuant to Section 14.05(b), to the Equityholders Representative), and to reasonably cooperate in registering the Parent Common Stock in the name of the Equityholders in

connection with each Equityholder Distributions, in each case, in accordance with this Agreement (if and only if due pursuant to the terms hereof), and following such delivery to Seller, Parent shall have no further obligation with respect to the payment or delivery of any such Equityholder Distributions (other than such reasonable cooperation) and shall have no liability to any Person if such amounts are not delivered to any Equityholders.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, but subject to Section 2.13(e), in lieu of any shares of Parent Common Stock which Parent would deliver to Seller in respect of the equity portion of the Total Consideration (including the Closing Consideration, Second Tranche Consideration, the Additional Insite Consideration and the Additional STC Consideration) and to which any Non-Qualified Investor would otherwise be entitled by virtue of any Equityholder Distribution, Parent shall deliver to Seller an amount of cash equal to [***]. Seller shall use commercially reasonable efforts to deliver to Parent a completed Accredited Investor Questionnaire (and any other evidence reasonably requested by Parent of each Equityholder's status as an Accredited Investor) for each Equityholder as promptly as practicable following the date hereof.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Seller shall not deliver or distribute (i) Parent Common Stock to any Equityholder who has not delivered to a joinder to the Parent Stockholders Agreement in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D</u> and a joinder to the Parent Registration Rights Agreement in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit E</u> (collectively, the "**Parent Joinders**"); provided that in the event that, in connection with a SPAC Transaction, Parent affirmatively waives, with respect to all holders of Parent Common Stock, any lock-up period applicable to holders of Parent Common Stock, the Equityholders that receive Parent Common Stock as part of the Gross Closing Consideration shall receive the benefit of such waiver.

(e) [***].

(f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, Parent shall not be required to make any payment or distribution, and no Equityholder Distribution shall be made, in each case pursuant to this Agreement until the Equityholders' Representative delivers to Parent an Equityholder Allocation Schedule updated solely to reflect each Equityholder's entitlement to any such payment or Equityholder Distribution, as applicable.

Section 2.14. Fractional Shares. For the avoidance of doubt, no fractional shares of Parent Common Stock shall be issued in exchange for any shares of Insite Common Stock or STC Common Shares, and no holder of any of the foregoing nor any Equityholder shall be entitled to receive a fractional share of Parent Common Stock or any payment in lieu thereof.

ARTICLE 3 MILESTONE PAYMENTS

Section 3.01. Milestones.

(a) Subject to the remainder of this Article 3, if the Closing shall have occurred, upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event described in the table set forth on <u>Exhibit B</u> to this Agreement by a Parent Party with respect to the applicable Milestone Product (each such event, a "Milestone Event") after the Closing but prior to the Milestone Termination Date, Parent shall pay (or cause to be paid) an amount in cash equal to the applicable milestone payment listed next to such Milestone Event on <u>Exhibit B</u> to this Agreement (each such payment, the applicable "Milestone Payment") to Seller in accordance with Section 3.02, in each case subject to any Milestone Set-Offs. For the avoidance of doubt, and notvithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in no event shall Payrent shade to Seller, as and when due pursuant to this Section 3.01.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, (i) each Milestone Event can be achieved no more than one time, (ii) no Milestone Payment for any Milestone Event shall be payable more than one time, if at all, (iii) no more than one Milestone Payment shall be payable with respect to any achieved Milestone Event, (iv) the maximum aggregate amount of Milestone Payments payable under this Agreement (A) in respect of Regulatory Milestone Events shall be [***] (and [***] for any one Milestone Product) and (B) in respect of Sales Milestone Events shall be [***] (and [***] for any one Milestone Events shall be [***] (and [***] for any one Milestone Events shall be revents shall be [***] (and [***] for any one Milestone Events shall be revents of any Milestone Events shall be required to use any degree or amount of efforts to achieve any of the Milestone Events (it being understood that (A) Selter and the Equityholders acknowledge and agree that it is possible that any or all of the Milestone Events shall not have any Liability under this Article 3 or otherwise in connection with the Milestone Payments or the Milestone Events as a result of a failure to achieve any or all Milestone Events), and (B) to the maximum extent permitted by Applicable Law, the parties expressly intend for this Section 3.01(b) to supersede any standard of efforts or implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing that might otherwise be imposed by Applicable Law with respect to any achieveement of any Milestone Event). [***]

(c) [***].

Section 3.02. Notice and Payment.

(a) No later than [***] days after the achievement of any Milestone Event, Parent shall (i) provide written notice to Seller of the achievement of such Milestone Event (a "**Milestone Statement**") and (ii) within [***] days after such notice, pay the corresponding Milestone Payment by wire transfer of immediately available funds in U.S. dollars to Seller for further distribution to Equityholders in accordance with Section 2.13. Parent shall pay interest on any Milestone Payments that are not paid to Seller on or before the date such Milestone Payments are due under this Agreement at an annual rate equal to [***] calculated on the total number of days payment is delinquent (but in no event shall such rate exceed the highest rate permitted under Applicable Law); provided that no interest shall accrue for [***] that any Milestone Payment is delinquent. It is expressly understood that Parent and the other Parent Parties shall have no liability to any Equityholder with respect to any portion of any Milestone Payment that has been paid or deposited by or on behalf of any Parent Party to Seller.

(b) Payments of any amounts owing with respect to Milestone Payments shall be governed by the terms and conditions of Article 2 and this Article 3. Any such right is solely a contractual right and is not a security for purposes of any federal or state securities laws. The right to receive the Additional Insite Consideration or Additional STC Consideration, as applicable, with respect to Milestone Payments shall not be evidenced by any form of certificate or instrument, and does not represent any ownership or equity intrest in the Companies, the Surviving Corporations, Parent or any of their respective Affiliates and does not entitle any Equityholder to voting rights or rights to dividend payments. The right to receive any Additional Insite Consideration or Additional STC Consideration, as applicable, with respect to any Milestone Payment shall not be assignable or transferable except (i) by will or the laws of intestacy, (ii) by gift without consideration of any kind to a spouse, lineal descendant, sibling, parent, heir, testamentary trustee, legatee or beneficiary of the holder thereof, (iii) to a trust that is and remains for the exclusive benefit of the holder thereof or its permitted transferees under clause (ii) above, (iv) pursuant to a court order, (v) without consideration in connection with the dissolution, liquidation or termination of any corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other entity or (vi) in the case of a limited partnership or limited liability company (or a special purpose vehicle of a limited partnership), a distribution in kind to a partner or member of such Person (or the limited partnership that directly or indirectly holds such Person); *provided*, that, in each case, written notice of such assignment and transfer shall be promptly delivered to each of Parent and Seller by the transferor or assignment thelated and the effective date of such transfer; *provided*, *further*, that as a condition to such transfer or assignment, the parties to such transfer or assignment sh

None of Parent, the Companies, the Surviving Corporations or any of their respective Affiliates or Seller shall give effect to any purported assignment or transfer made in contravention of this Section 3.02(b). Following any assignment or transfer permitted under this Section 3.02(b) and prior to the payment of any subsequent Milestone Payment (or upon Parent's reasonable request), Seller shall deliver to Parent an updated Equityholder Allocation Schedule, which shall be considered the Equityholder Allocation Schedule for all purposes hereunder.

Section 3.03. Decision-Making. [***].

Section 3.04. *Milestone Disputes*. If Seller believes that (i) any Milestone Event has been achieved but has not been the subject of a Milestone Statement, or (ii) any Milestone Statement or Sales Milestone Annual Report is inaccurate in whole or in part (each of (i) and (ii), a "**Milestone Dispute**"), then Seller shall deliver to Parent written notice thereof (a "**Milestone Dispute Notice**"), describing in reasonable detail the Milestone Dispute. Following the delivery of a Milestone Dispute Notice, Parent and Seller shall first attempt in good faith to resolve by negotiation and consultation between themselves, any dispute as to whether any Milestone Event has been achieved and whether any Milestone Payment is payable. If Parent and Seller do not reach agreement with respect to any dispute relating to any such matter within [***] days after a Milestone Dispute Notice is delivered to Parent by Seller, such Milestone Dispute shall be finally resolved in accordance with Section 14.07.

Section 3.05. Sales Milestone Reporting.

(a) Commencing with the Fiscal Year following the first Fiscal Year in which Annual Net Sales are accrued and continuing until the earlier of [***] Parent shall provide Seller, by [***] with a report of the Annual Net Sales of Milestone Products during the most recently completed Fiscal Year, which shall include (A) the total gross sales of each Milestone Product in each country sold by Parent and any other Parent Party during such Fiscal Year, (B) the amount of Net Sales of each Milestone Product in each country during such Fiscal Year, icluding a breakdown by category of the deductions made, if any, from gross sales to arrive at the calculation of Net Sales, such categories of deductions are provided for in the definition of "Net Sales," and (C) the amount of withholding taxes, if any, Parent reasonably determines are required by Applicable Law to be deducted with respect to such Milestone Payments (the "Sales Milestone Annual Report"): provided that Parent shall not be required to provide a Sales Milestone Annual Report by util reasonable efforts to maintain books and records in reasonably sufficient detail to permit Seller to confirm the accuracy of the Sales Milestone Annual Report.

(b) Seller (i) shall hold in confidence and shall not disclose to any other Person any information contained in any Sales Milestone Annual Report or Milestone Statement, or provided by Parent pursuant to Section 3.05(d), except as otherwise permitted by Section 10.02, and (ii) shall not use such information other than to assess the probability of achieving the Milestone Payments and to determine or enforce the Equityholders' right to receive such Milestone Payments; provided that the foregoing shall not restrict customary communications (subject to obligations of confidentiality enforceable by the Acquired Companies) between or among Seller and the Equityholders for the purpose of monitoring the foregoing matters. In addition to the foregoing, any Equityholder that is a venture capital fund or other institutional or strategic investor may: (i) disclose such information to its auditors to rung is expected return from the Mergers; provided that such auditing firm is subject to reasonable and customary confidentiality obligations regarding such information (*provided* that such Equityholder remains liable for any violation of the terms of this Section 3.05(b) by such Persons as if they were Equityholder); and (ii) disclose to its prospective and current limited partners such venture capital fund has placed on its expected return from the transactions contemplated hereunder and a general statement of the valuation such venture capital fund has placed on its expected return from the transactions contemplated hereunder and a general statement of the valuation such venture capital fund has placed on its expected return from the transactions contemplated hereunder and a general statement of the valuation such venture capital fund has placed on its expected return from the transactions contemplated hereunder and a general statement of the valuation such venture capital fund has placed on its expected return from the transactions contemplated hereunder and a general statement of the likelihood that the Milestone Payments

acceptable to Parent be provided access during normal business hours, upon reasonable prior written notice, to such books and records of Parent and each other Parent Party as may be required to verify the accuracy of any Sales Milestone Annual Report. Parent shall, and shall cause each Parent Party to, assist certified public accounting firm in conducting such audit, without charge, and shall make such books and records available for inspection and copying. Any and all records examined by such independent certified public accounting firm shall be deemed to be confidential information of the audited Parent Party, and, prior to providing such certified public accounting firm with such access, the audited Parent Party and such certified public accounting firm shall have entered into a customary confidentiality agreement which shall provide, among other customary obligations, that any and all audited records shall not be disclosed by such independent certified public accounting firm to any third party or to Seller (except for the information expressly sought to be confirmed by Seller as set forth in this Section 3.05(c)). If, based on the results of any audit conducted under this Section 3.05(c), it is determined pursuant to the terms of this Agreement that a Milestone Event was achieved prior to the initiation of such audit and Parent failed to provide a Milestone Statement to Seller in accordance with Section 3.02(a) with respect to such Milestone Event, then Parent shall make the Milestone Payment corresponding to such Milestone Event, plus interest as provided in Section 3.02(a) to Seller within [***] after the accounting firm's written report is delivered to Seller and to Parent, to the extent not already paid, and Parent shall be responsible for all out-of-pocket costs incurred by Seller in connection with such audit.

(d) During the period commencing on the [***] anniversary of the Closing Date and terminating on the earlier of [***] as soon as reasonably practicable following a written request by Seller (not to be made more than once per Fiscal Year). Parent shall make available a qualified, designated employee with appropriate expertise to respond telephonically or electronically to reasonable questions posed by the Seller concerning the status of the development, if any, of the Milestone Products.

Section 3.06. *Transfer*. If at any time after the Closing until the Milestone Termination Date (or if earlier, all Milestone Payments have been paid), Parent sells, assigns, exclusively licenses or otherwise transfers to any third party, all of Parent's right, title and interest in and to any Compound or Milestone Product and the Intellectual Property related to the same (such assets, the "**Transferred Assets**", such transaction, a "**Divestiture**" and the party receiving such Transferred Assets, the "**Transferred Assets**", such transaction, a sume the obligations from Parent and its Affiliates corresponding to the Transferred Assets and that the obligations of Parent under this Agreement, including those obligations with respect to the payment of the Milestone Payments pursuant to Section 3.01 corresponding to the Transferred Assets, shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to such Transferred and Selfer will be made an express third party beneficiary of such written agreement and (ii) Parent shall provide Seller (and, if applicable, the Equityholders Representative) prompt written notice of such occurrence. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Parent will only remain liable to the Seller for any obligations set forth in this Article 3 with respect to the Transferred Assets following a Divestiture if, at the time of such Divestiture, such Transferee does not reasonably have the financial capacity to pay the applicable Milestone Payments when due hereunder (taking into account the Net Sales underlying the Sales Milestone Events).

ARTICLE 4

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SELLER AND THE COMPANIES

Subject to Section 14.03, except as set forth in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, Seller and each Company represent and warrant to Parent and Merger Subs as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date as set forth in this Article 4. The representations and warranties set forth in this Article 4 shall be deemed to apply to the Business and the Parent Wrong Pockets Assets, whether conducted or held, respectively, by Seller and SWAT or conducted or held, respectively, by the Acquired Companies (and assume the consummation of the transactions contemplated by Section 10.07).

Section 4.01. Existence and Power. Each Acquired Company is an entity duly formed, validly existing and (where applicable) in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or formation, and has all corporate or other organizational power and authority and all material governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to wn or lease its properties and to conduct its buisness as now conducted and as currently contemplated to be conducted. Each Acquired Company is duly qualified to do business as a foreign entity and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary, except for those jurisdictions where failure to be so qualified would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole. No Acquired Company has been dissolved or declared bankrupt, nor has a corporate resolution to dissolve or to be declared bankrupt been adopted and, to the knowledge of the Companies, no demands or requests for such dissolution or declaration are pending (before a Governmental Authority or otherwise). True and complete copies of each Acquired Company's Governing Documents as currently in effect have been made available to Parent prior to the date hereof. No Acquired Company is in material breach, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Agreements shall not cause any material breach of, such Acquired Company's Governing Documents. Each Acquired Company, its entity type, its jurisdiction of formation or incorporation, each jurisdiction where such Acquired Company is qualified to do business as a foreign entity and all material breach of, such Acquired Company is qualified to do business as a foreign entity is set forth on Section 4.01 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule.

Section 4.02. Authorization. The execution, delivery of, and performance by each Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is or will be a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, are within such Company's corporate or other organizational powers and have been duly and validly authorized and approved by all necessary corporate or other organizational action on the part of such Company. This Agreement has been (and each of the other Transaction Documents to which any Company is or will be a party will be at or prior to the Closing) duly executed and delivered by such Company and constitutes (or will constitute when so executed) a valid and binding agreement of such Company enforceable against it in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium

and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity). There are no votes, approvals, consents or other proceedings of the Acquired Companies or the holders of the Acquired Companies' capital stock or other equity of the Acquired Companies or otherwise (other than those that have been obtained prior to the execution of this Agreement) necessary in connection with the execution and delivery of, or the performance by each Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is or will be a party, or the consumation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (other than the filing and recordation of (i) the Certificates of Merger and such other documents as required by Delaware Law and (ii) the First Merger Application and the Second Merger Application and such other documents as required by Bermuda Law and Cayman Law).

Section 4.03. Governmental Authorization. The execution, delivery and performance by each Company of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby require no consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, or other action in respect of, any Governmental Authority other than (i) the filing of the Certificates of Merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in accordance with Section 2.01(f). Section 2.01(g) and Delaware Law and the First Merger Application and the Second Merger Application with the Registrar in accordance with Section 2.01(e). Section 2.01(h) and Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, (ii) compliance with any applicable requirements of the HSR Act or other applicable Antitrust Law, (iii) permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority in respect of the Bermuda Merger for the purposes of the Exchange Control Act 1972 of Bermuda and the related regulations made thereunder and (iv) any actions or filings the absence of which, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect, taken as a whole, or prevent, enjoin or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by, or the performance by such Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party. None of the Acquired Companies is a "TID U.S. business" as that term is defined in 31 C.F.R. § 800.248.

Section 4.04. *Noncontravention*. The execution, delivery and performance by each Company of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and by the other Transaction Documents do not and will not (i) violate any provision of any Governing Document of any Acquired Company, (ii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 4.03, violate any Applicable Law, (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) on any asset of any Acquired Company, or (iv) require any consent from or other action by any Person under, constitute a default or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a violation or breach of, or give rise to (A) any right of termination, modification, cancellation or acceleration of any right or obligation of any Acquired Company, (B) any payment obligations binding on any Acquired Company, or (c) a loss of any benefit to which any Acquired Company is entitled under any provision of any Contract of any Acquired Company, with only such exceptions, in the case of clauses (iii) and (iv), as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party.

Section 4.05. Capitalization.

(a) Section 4.05(a)(i) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of all authorized, issued or outstanding Acquired Company Securities and each record and beneficial owner thereof. Except as set forth on Section 4.05(a)(ii) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, no Acquired Company owns or controls, directly or indirectly, any capital stock, equity interests, voting securities or other ownership interest in any Person, and no Acquired Company is, directly or indirectly, a participant in any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement.

(b) All of the outstanding capital stock, equity interests, voting securities or other ownership interests in each Acquired Company have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid and nonassessable, have not been issued in violation of Applicable Law or any preemptive rights, rights of first refusal or similar rights, and are owned by the Persons in the amounts set forth on Section 4.05(a)(i) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, free and clear of any Lien or any other limitation or restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such interests (other than transfer restrictions under the Securities Act)). Except as set forth in Section 4.05(a)(i) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, there are no authorized, issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding (i) shares of capital stock, equity interests, voting securities or other ownership interests of any Acquired Company, (ii) securities of any Acquired Company convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock, equity interests, stock appreciation rights, performance units, contingent value rights, "phantom" stock or tracking units, incentive units or other similar securities or rights to acquire from any Acquired Company, or other obligation of any Acquired Company to issue, or rights relating to, any of the foregoing (the items in Sections 4.05(b)(i), Au5(b)(ii) and 4.05(b)(iii) being referred to collectively as the "**Acquired Company Securities**."). There are no outstanding obligations of any of the Acquired Company securities, and there are no voting trusts, shareholder or member agreements, pooling agreements, proxies or other Contracts in effect with respect to the voting or transfer of any Acquired Company Securities. Other than this Agreement, there are no agreements, plans or other instruments relating to the issuance, sale or transfer of any Acquired Company Securities.

(c) Section 4.05(c) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth, as of the date of this Agreement, a true and complete list of each outstanding Seller Incentive Unit and Seller Option held by any current or former Service Provider, including, as applicable, the name of the holder, date of grant, benchmark amount or distribution threshold, number of Seller Incentive Units or Seller Options, exercise price, expiration date, whether vested or unvested and vesting schedule (including whether vesting accelerates on a change in control transaction or termination of employment). Each Seller Incentive Unit qualifies as a "profits interest", as defined in IRS Revenue Procedure 93-27 and 2001-43. Each Seller Incentive Unit and Seller Option was granted pursuant to the Seller Equity Incentive Plan and in compliance with all applicable securities laws, in each case, in all material respects. Any holder of Seller Incentive Units or Seller Options who is a "Domestic Resident" (as defined in SAFE Circular 37) and is subject to any of the registration or reporting requirements of SAFE Circular 37, and other SAFE rules and regulations.

(d) Seller and each Acquired Company has caused to be taken all such actions as are necessary or appropriate to provide for the treatment of all Acquired Company Securities in accordance with Article 2.

(e) A potential reduction of capital of Silicon Suzhou will not give rise to any right of termination, modification, cancellation or claw-back by any Governmental Authority in relation to any rights, subsidies or privileges, if any, granted by any Governmental Authority to Silicon Suzhou.

(f) There is no Indebtedness for borrowed money of Seller or its Subsidiaries pursuant to which any Liens have been granted.

Section 4.06. Financial Statements.

(a) The unaudited consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020 and the related unaudited consolidated statements of operations, cash flow and shareholders' equity for each of the respective years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020 of the Acquired Companies set forth on Section 4.06 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (together with the notes thereto, the "Financial Statements") fairly present in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP (except that CRO expenses are not ratably accrued as incurred) applied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto, and except that the Financial Statements do not contain footnotes and are subject to normal year-end adjustments, none of which individually or in the aggregate would be material), the consolidated financial position of the Acquired Companies as of the dates thereof and their consolidated results of operations for the periods then ended. True and complete copies of each of the Financial Statements have been made available to Parent prior to the date hereof.

(b) Since the Balance Sheet Date, (i) the Acquired Companies have managed their working capital (including timing of collection of accounts receivable and of payment of accounts payable and management of inventory) and deferred revenue amounts in ordinary course of business and in amounts that are consistent with past practice; and (ii) there has not been any material change in payment terms from any material supplier or third party to any Acquired Company.

Section 4.07. Absence of Certain Changes. (a) Since the Balance Sheet Date, (i) the business of the Acquired Companies (including the Business) has been conducted in the ordinary course consistent with past practice, except any actions that were taken or not taken in connection with any COVID-19 Measures that were reasonably necessary to protect the health or safety of individuals who are or were officers, directors, employees or other service providers to any of the Acquired Companies (or individuals who interact with any of the foregoing in connection with the business of the Acquired Companies) and (ii) there has not been a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Since the Balance Sheet Date, there has not been any action taken by any of the Acquired Companies that, if taken during the period from the date of this Agreement through the Closing Date without Parent's prior written consent, would constitute a breach of Section 7.01, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole.

Section 4.08. No Undisclosed Material Liabilities. There are no Liabilities of any of the Acquired Companies of any kind whatsoever, other than: (i) liabilities expressly described and adequately reserved against in accordance with GAAP in the Unaudited Financial Statements or the notes thereto, (ii) liabilities that have arisen since the Balance Sheet Date in the ordinary course of business (it being understood that in no event shall any liability resulting from tortious conduct, litigation, infringement, violation of Applicable Law or breach of Contract be deemed to have incurred in the ordinary course of business), (iii) executory obligations under Contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business (for the avoidance of doubt, excluding any Liability arising out of the breach thereof) and (iv) other undisclosed liabilities which, individually or in the aggregate, are not material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole.

Section 4.09. Material Contracts.

(a) Section 4.09(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth the following agreements in effect as of the date of this Agreement and to which an Acquired Company is a party or is a Parent Wrong Pocket Asset (other than, except for any Contracts set forth in Section 4.09(a)(xxii), any Employee Plan, in each case on the form or forms made available to Parent prior to the date hereof):

(i) all leases, subleases, licenses, sublicenses, easements and occupancy agreements for Leased Real Property set forth in Section 4.13(c) Section 4.13(b) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule;

(ii) any Contract providing for the sale, lease or license by any Acquired Company of materials, supplies, goods, services, software, equipment or other assets that provides (or would reasonably be expected to provide) for either (i) payments to the Acquired Companies of more than [***] in any 12-month period or (ii) aggregate payments over the term thereof to the Acquired Companies of more than [***] (assuming the same is renewed or extended at the unilateral option of any other Person party thereto);

(iii) any Contract (or group of related Contracts) with any of the top [***] vendors of the Acquired Companies (by dollar amount paid to such vendors by the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, for the year ended December 31, 2020) (the "**Top Vendors**"); and (A) any other Contract providing for the purchase, lease or license of materials, supplies, goods, services, software, equipment or other assets that provides (or would reasonably be expected to provide) for either (1) payments by the Acquired Companies of more than [***] in any 12-month period or (2) aggregate payments over the term by the Acquired Companies of more than [***] (assuming the same is renewed or extended at the unilateral option of any other Person party thereto);

(iv) any Contracts with a Governmental Authority, any Government Contract or any currently outstanding bids, proposals or other offers related to Contracts with a Governmental Authority;

(v) any Contracts relating to the formation, creation, governance or control of any partnership, joint venture or other similar agreement or arrangement to which any Acquired Company is a party or otherwise holds any interest in;

(vi) any Contract relating to the acquisition or disposition of any business of any Person (whether by merger, sale of stock, sale of assets or otherwise) for aggregate consideration in excess of [***] or pursuant to which any of the Acquired Companies has any remaining Liabilities (other than customary confidentiality obligations);

(vii) any Contract relating to Indebtedness or that grants Liens over the assets of the Acquired Companies;

(viii) any Contract relating to any loan or other extension of credit made by any Acquired Company;

(ix) any stockholders, investors rights, registration rights or similar Contract;

(x) any Contract providing for the indemnification of any Person by any Acquired Company, other than any Contract where such indemnification is provided to vendors or consultants or included in non-disclosure agreements, in each case in the ordinary course of business and is only ancillary to the primary purpose of the Contract;

(xi) any Contract that limits (or purports to limit) the freedom of any Acquired Company or any of its Affiliates (including, following the Closing, Parent and its Affiliates) to compete in any line of business or with any Person or in any area or which imposes exclusivity requirements (including "requirements" obligations), non-competition obligations or non-solicitation obligations on any Acquired Company or any of its Affiliates (including, following the Closing, Parent and its Affiliates);

(xii) any Contract that imposes minimum payment or purchase obligations (including "take-or-pay" provisions or "output" contracts), "most favored nations" or "most favored customer" status or rights of first or last offer obligations;

(xiii) any Contract involving interest rate, currency or commodities swaps, options, caps, collars, hedges or forward exchanges, or other similar agreements, regardless of whether entered into for the purposes of hedging, investment or otherwise;

(xiv) any Contract (including "keep-well" Contracts) under which (A) any Person has directly or indirectly guaranteed Indebtedness or other Liabilities of any Acquired Company, or (B) any Acquired Company has directly or indirectly guaranteed Indebtedness or other Liabilities of any Person;

(xv) any option, license, franchise or similar Contract that is material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, excluding any license, franchise or similar Contract entered into in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or licenses covered by clause (xvii) below (or any exception therein);

(xvi) any agency, dealer, sales representative, marketing or other similar Contract that is material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole;

(xvii) any Contract pursuant to which any Acquired Company (A) obtains any license, sublicense, right or authorization to use or covenant not to be sued under any Intellectual Property (other than (i) agreements between any Acquired Company and its employees and consultants entered into in the ordinary course of business, (ii) material transfer agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business, (iii) agreements between any Acquired Company and its third party vendors or service providers providing non-exclusive licenses or rights under such third party's background Intellectual Property entered into in the ordinary course of business, clive providers providing non-exclusive licenses or rights under such third party's background Intellectual Property entered into in the ordinary course of business, pricing terms with annual payments of less than [***]) or (B) grants any license, sublicense, right or authorization to use or covenant not to be sued under any Intellectual Property (other than any (i) material transfer agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business and pursuant to which any Intellectual Property arising from any such agreement is solely owned by an Acquired Company and (ii) agreements between any Acquired Company and its third party vendors or service providers providing non-exclusive licenses or rights under such Acquired Company's Intellectual Property solely to perform activities on such Acquired Company's behalf entered into in the ordinary course of busines);

(xviii) any Contract (including escrow agreements) pursuant to which any Acquired Company has provided or leased, or agreed to provide or lease, any source code containing or embodying any Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property to any Person;

(xix) any Contract that is an index agreement, index licensing agreement or similar agreement;

(xx) any Contract providing for the sale, lease or license by any Acquired Company of materials, supplies, goods, services, software, equipment or other assets (other than Intellectual Property) in exchange for non-monetary consideration;

(xxi) any Affiliate Contract;

(xxii) (A) any employment agreement or consulting agreement, offer letter or restrictive covenant agreement with any Covered Service Provider, (B) any Contract with any Service Provider or other Person that provides for severance, retention, change in control or transaction bonuses or (C) any Collective Bargaining Agreement;

(xxiii) any Contract that is or would be required to be set forth on Section 4.04 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule; and

(xxiv) any other Contract (or group of Contracts) not made in the ordinary course that if terminated or not renewed would result in a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Each Contract disclosed (or required to be disclosed) in Section 4.09(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (each, a "Material Contract") is a valid, binding and enforceable agreement of the applicable Acquired Company or Acquired Companies, as the case may be, and is in full force and effect, and none of the Acquired Companies, to the knowledge of the Companies, any other party thereto is in default or breach in any material respect under the terms of any Material Contract, and no event or circumstance has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a material breach or material event of default thereunder, or would result in any Acquired Company incurring any material Liability. True and complete copies of each Material Contract (including, for clarity, any exhibits, annexes, appendices or attachments thereto, and any amendments, modifications, supplements, extension or renewals) have been made available to Parent prior to the date of this Agreement.

(c) Since the Balance Sheet Date, none of the Acquired Companies has received any written notice of termination (including a termination for convenience or for cause) or, in the case of a Material Contract related to an ongoing material relationship in the ordinary course of business with the other party thereto, written determination not to renew or extend on substantially similar terms, any Material Contract (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any material purchase, sale or service order under any Material Contract) by any of the parties to any Material Contract. With respect to any Material Contract that, by its terms, would automatically renew or extend absent notice or other action by a party thereto, no such party has given any such notice or taken any such action. There is no material Action pending or threatened against any of the Acquired Companies, any present or former officer, director or employee of any of the Acquired Companies, or any Person for whom any Acquired Company may be liable with respect to a Material Contract this by or before (or that would be by or before) any Governmental Authority or arbitrator.

(d) Section 4.09(d) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of the Top Vendors. Since the Balance Sheet Date, (i) no Top Vendor has ceased its purchases from or sales or provision of services to or from the Acquired Companies or threatened to cease such purchases or sales or provision of services. Since the Balance Sheet Date, (ii) no Top Vendor has materially reduced its purchases from or sales or provision of services to or from, or has materially delayed or interrupted purchases from or provision of sales or services to or from, the Acquired Companies, as applicable, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, (iii) no Top Vendor has threatened to cease or materially reduce its purchases from or sales or provision of services to or from the Acquired Companies and (iv) there have been no material disputes or controversies with any Top Vendor.

(e) All representations and certifications made by the Acquired Companies with respect to any Government Contract were accurate and complete in all material respects as of their effective date; no reasonable basis exists to give rise to a claim for fraud in connection with any Government Contract including under the United States civil or criminal False Claims Act; the Acquired Companies have complied in all material respects with the terms and conditions of each Government Contract and related Applicable Laws including all provisions and laws regarding small business subcontracting and utilization, subcontracting plans, affirmative action, kickbacks, illegal gratuities, pricing and other provisions; the Acquired Companies have not received a cure notice, show cause notice, civil investigative demand or had a Government Contract terminated for default or convenience, have not been threatened with termination for default, or notified of a breach of contract; and none of the Acquired Companies, their respective officers, employees, or, to the knowledge of the Companies, agents or Representatives, is or has been suspended or debarred from doing business with any Governmental Authority, and to the knowledge of the Companies, there are no circumstances that would reasonably be expected to become a basis for any of the foregoing.

Section 4.10. Tax Matters.

(a) (i) All Tax Returns required to be filed by or on behalf of each Acquired Company have been timely filed in accordance with Applicable Law; (ii) all such Tax Returns were true, correct and complete; (iii) all Taxes due and payable by any Acquired Company (whether or not shown as due on such Tax Returns) have been timely paid to the appropriate Taxing Authority and (iv) each of the Acquired Companies has withheld and paid all Taxes required to have been withheld and paid by it in connection with any amounts paid or owing to any Person, and such withheld Taxes have been duly and timely paid to the proper Governmental Authority in compliance with Applicable Law.

(b) (i) The charges, accruals and reserves for Taxes with respect to the Acquired Companies reflected on the Financial Statements (excluding any provision for deferred income Taxes) are adequate to cover Tax liabilities accruing through the date relevant to such Financial Statements; (ii) since the Balance Sheet Date, none of the Acquired Companies has engaged in any transaction, or taken any other action, other than in the ordinary course of business or as contemplated by this Agreement, that would impact any Tax Asset or Tax Liability of any of the Acquired Companies; and (iii) all information set forth in the Financial Statements (including the notes thereto) relating to Tax matters is true and complete in all material respects.

(c) (i) None of the Acquired Companies has granted any extension or waiver of the statute of limitations period applicable to any Acquired Company Tax Return or to the assessment or collection of any Taxes, which period (after giving effect to such extension or waiver) has not yet expired; (ii) there is no claim, audit, action, suit, proceeding, examination or investigation now pending, proposed or threatened in writing against or with respect to any Taxes of the Acquired Companies; (iii) no adjustment that would increase the Tax Liability, or reduce any Tax Asset, of any of the Acquired Companies has been threatened or proposed to the knowledge of any of the Acquired Companies or otherwise in writing by a Taxing Authority during any audit of a Pre-Closing Tax Period which could reasonably be expected to be threatened in writing, proposed or made in an audit of any subsequent Tax period; and (iv) there are no requests for rulings or determinations in respect of any Tax or Tax Asset produce any of the Acquired Companies and any Taxing Authority and no Acquired Company has received a ruling with respect to any Tax os Tax Asset from any Taxing Authority.

(d) None of the Acquired Companies will be required to include in or for, or allocate with respect to, a Post-Closing Tax Period taxable income attributable to income economically realized in a Pre-Closing Tax Period as a result of (i) any change in, or use of improper, method of accounting for a taxable period ending on or prior to the Closing Date, (ii) any "closing agreement" described in Section 7121 of the Code (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. law) executed on or prior to the Closing Date, (iii) any intercompany transactions or any excess loss account described in Treasury Regulations under Section 1502 of the Code (or any similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. law) with respect to a transaction coruring on or prior to the Closing Date, (iv) any intercompany transactions or any excess loss account described in Treasury Regulations under Section 1502 of the Code (or any similar provision of state, local or non-U.S. law) with respect to a transaction occurring on or prior to the Closing Date. None of the Acquired Companies is or will be required to include any adjustment in taxable income for any Tax period pursuant to Section 481 of the Code or any comparable provision under state, local or non-U.S. law as a result of transactions or events occurring, or accounting methods employed, prior to the date of this Agreement.

(e) Section 4.10(e) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a list of all jurisdictions (whether foreign or domestic) in which any of the Acquired Companies files or has filed a Tax Return. No claim has been made in writing or to the knowledge of any of the Acquired Companies by any Taxing Authority in a jurisdiction where an Acquired Company does not file a particular type of Tax Return (or pay a particular type of Tax) that such Acquired Company is or may be subject to taxation by, or required to file any Tax Return in, that jurisdiction.

(f) (i) None of the Acquired Companies has been a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group, or made any election or participated in any arrangement whereby any Tax Liability or any Tax Asset of any of the Acquired Companies was determined or taken into account for Tax purposes with reference to or in conjunction with any Tax Liability or any Tax Asset of any other Person; (ii) none of the Acquired Companies is party to any Tax Sharing Agreement; (iii) no amount of the type described in clause (ii) of the definition of "Covered Tax" is currently payable by any of the Acquired Companies, regardless of whether such Tax is imposed on any of the Acquired Companies; and (iv) none of the Acquired Companies has entered into any agreement or arrangement in writing or to the knowledge of any of the Acquired Companies with any Taxing Authority with regard to the Tax Liability of any of the Acquired Companies affecting any Tax period for which the applicable statute of limitations, after giving effect to extensions or waivers, has not expired.

(g) None of the Acquired Companies has participated in a "reportable transaction" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4. During the two-year period ending on the date hereof, no Acquired Company was a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a transaction intended to be governed by Section 355 or 361 of the Code.

(h) There are no Liens for Taxes upon any of the assets of the Acquired Companies other than Permitted Liens.

(i) (i) None of the Acquired Companies owns an interest in real property in any jurisdiction in which a Tax is imposed, or the value of the interest is reassessed, on the transfer of an interest in real property and which treats the transfer of an interest in an entity that owns an interest in real property as a transfer of the interest in real property; and (ii) none of the property owned by any of the Acquired Companies is "tax-exempt use property" within the meaning of Section 168(h) of the Code.

(j) Section 4.10(j) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a list of each Tax Grant. Each of the Acquired Companies has complied in all material respects with the conditions stipulated in each Tax Grant, no submissions made to any Taxing Authority in connection with obtaining any Tax Grant contained any material misstatement or omission and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not adversely affect the eligibility of any of the Acquired Companies for any Tax Grant.

(k) Section 4.10(k) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth the entity classification of each Acquired Company for U.S. federal income Tax purposes and each entity classification election and change in entity classification that has been made under Treasury Regulation

Section 301.7701-3 with respect to the Acquired Companies for U.S. federal income Tax purposes. None of the Acquired Companies is engaged in or has ever been engaged in a trade or business through a "permanent establishment" within the meaning of an applicable income Tax treaty in any country other than the country in which the Acquired Company is formed or organized.

(1) Insite is not and has not been a United States real property holding corporation within the meaning of Section 897(c)(2) of the Code during the applicable period specified in Section 897(c)(1)(A)(ii) of the Code, and none of STC or any of its Subsidiaries has made an election to be, or has been, treated as a U.S. person under Section 897(i), Section 7874 or any other section of the Code.

(m) None of the Acquired Companies has entered into any cost-sharing arrangement to share research and development costs and rights to any developed Intellectual Property. None of STC or any of its Subsidiaries owns any Intellectual Property, including any economic or commercialization rights to Intellectual Property.

(n) Each Acquired Company is in compliance in all material respects with all applicable transfer pricing laws and regulations, including the execution and maintenance of contemporaneous documentation substantiating its transfer pricing practices and methodology. The prices for any property or services (or for the use of any property) provided by or to any Acquired Company are arm's-length prices for purposes of Applicable Law regarding transfer pricing, including Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 482 of the Code.

(o) None of the Acquired Companies has sought any relief under, or taken any action in respect of, any provision of the CARES Act related to Taxes (including, but not limited to, the delaying of any payments in respect of payroll Taxes under Section 2302 thereof).

(p) None of the Acquired Companies has taken any action, nor knows of any circumstance, that could reasonably be expected to prevent the First DE Merger and the Second DE Merger, taken together, or the First Bermuda Merger and the Second Bermuda Merger, taken together, in each case, from qualifying as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

Section 4.11. *Litigation*. There is no Action pending or threatened against any of the Acquired Companies, any present or former officer, director or employee of any of the Acquired Companies (in their capacity as such), or any Person for whom any Acquired Company may be liable or any of their respective properties, by or before (or that would be by or before) any Governmental Authority or arbitrator that, if determined or resolved adversely in accordance with the plaintiff's demands, would reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, or that challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by, or the performance by any Company of its obligations under, this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents.

Section 4.12. Compliance with Laws and Court Orders.

(a) None of the Acquired Companies is in violation of, and has not since January 1, 2018 violated, and to the knowledge of the Companies, is not under investigation with respect to and has not been threatened to be charged with or given notice of any violation of, any Applicable Law, except for violations that are not and would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole. There is no Order that is or would reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Acquired Companies, taken as whole, or that seeks to prevent, enjoin or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by, or the performance by any Company of its obligations under, this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents.

(b) Neither Seller nor any of its Subsidiaries has applied for or received any loan, exclusion, forgiveness or other item pursuant to any COVID-19 Measure with respect to the Business, including, but not limited to, any "Paycheck Protection Program" loan, "Economic Stabilization Fund" loan or other United States Small Business Administration loan.

Section 4.13. Properties.

(a) Section 4.13(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of all material real property owned by any Acquired Company (including the address, parcel number or other description of the location of such real property), together with the name of the record owner and a description of the present use of each such real property (the "**Owned Real Property**").

(b) Section 4.13(b) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of the address of each material parcel of real property subject to a lease, sublease, license, easement or occupancy agreement to which any Acquired Company is a party (the "Leased Real **Property**") and a list of all such leases, subleases, licenses, easements and other occupancy agreements, including all amendments and supplements thereto and guaranties thereof (collectively, "Leases"). The Owned Real Property and the Leased Real Property constitute all of the material real property used, held for use or occupied by the Acquired Companies in connection with the conduct of the business of the Acquired Companies. No Owned Real Property or Leased Real Property is subleased by any Acquired Company to any third party, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole. True and complete copies of all Leases have been made available to Parent.

(c) The Acquired Companies have good and marketable, indefeasible, fee simple title to, or, in the case of leased or licensed property and assets have valid and subsisting leasehold interests or licenses in, all property and assets (whether real, personal, tangible or intangible), reflected on the Balance Sheet or acquired after the Balance Sheet Date. Such property, assets and rights (including the Permits held by the Acquired Companies) constitute all the property, assets and rights used in and sufficient for the conduct the business of the Acquired Companies as presently conducted, except, in each case, as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole. None of such property, assets or rights is subject to any Lien, except Permitted Liens.

(d) As of the Closing, there exist (i) no Excluded Seller Liabilities that are, or are reasonably likely to be, Liabilities of the Acquired Companies and (ii) no Parent Wrong Pockets Assets.

Section 4.14. Intellectual Property.

(a) Section 4.14(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a true, correct and complete list of all (i) registrations and applications for registration (including Patents, registered and applied for Tademarks, registered and applied for Copyrights and domain names) included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property, specifying as to each such registration or application, as applicable, (A) the title of such item, (B) the owner(s) of such item, (C) each jurisdiction in which such item is issued or registrated or in which any application for issuance or registration of such item, (ii) Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property and (iii) Open Source Software used by the Company and incorporated into or linked to any Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property, specifying as to each, the Software in connection with which it is used and the governing license.

(b) The Acquired Companies solely and exclusively own all Company Owned Intellectual Property free and clear of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens). The Acquired Companies hold all of their rights under all Company Licensed Intellectual Property free and clear of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens). The Acquired Companies own or have a valid and enforceable right and license to use all Intellectual Property used or held for use in, or otherwise necessary for, the conduct of the Acquired Companies as currently conducted.

(c) There exist no Contracts containing restrictions on the disclosure, use, license or transfer of any of the Company Owned Intellectual Property. The consummation of the Mergers will not encumber, impair or extinguish any Company Owned Intellectual Property or any of the Acquired Companies' rights in any Company Licensed Intellectual Property.

(d) None of the Acquired Companies has infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated, or is infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating, any Intellectual Property of any third party. To the knowledge of the Companies, the development, manufacture, offer for sale, sale, importation, commercialization and/or other exploitation of any Compound does not and will not infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate any Intellectual Property of any third party.

(e) There is no Action pending or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened against any of the Acquired Companies (i) challenging the legality, validity, enforceability, use or ownership of any Company Owned Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property or (ii) alleging that any of the Acquired Companies have infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated any Intellectual Property of any Person.

(f) To the knowledge of the Companies, no third party has infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated or is infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating any Company Owned Intellectual Property or any of the Acquired Companies' rights in any Company Licensed Intellectual Property.

(g) None of the Company Owned Intellectual Property or, to the knowledge of the Company, any Company Licensed Intellectual Property, has been adjudged invalid or unenforceable in whole or part, and all registrations included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property are subsisting and, to the knowledge of the Company, valid and enforceable.

(h) Each of the Acquired Companies' current and former employees, consultants and independent contractors and any other Person who is or has been involved in the creation or development of any Intellectual Property for or on behalf of any Acquired Company have entered into valid, binding and enforceable written agreements with an Acquired Company pursuant to which such Person agrees and is bound to maintain and protect the confidential information of the Acquired Companies and has presently assigned to an Acquired Company of such Person's right, title and interest to all Intellectual Property conceived, reduced to practice, authored, developed or otherwise created by such Person in the course of such Person's employment or other engagement with the Acquired Company, all in accordance with all Applicable Law; provided that any such Person that is an independent contractor may reserve its rights in improvements to such independent contractor's pre-existing Intellectual Property or generally applicable research, development or annufacturing technology and such reservation of rights does not restrict or otherwise limit the Acquired Companies' rights in the Company Owned Intellectual Property.

(i) None of the Acquired Companies' current and former employees (i) have misappropriated, improperly used or disclosed any trade secrets or other confidential information of any former employer in connection with their employment with any Acquired Company or (ii) are or were, during the period of their employment with any Acquired Company, subject to any obligations to any former employer that restrict such Person's ability to assign to any Acquired Company all right, title and interest in any Intellectual Property developed by such employee during his or her employment with such Acquired Company.

(j) The Acquired Companies have taken commercially reasonable actions necessary to maintain, protect and enforce the Company Owned Intellectual Property and their rights in the Company Licensed Intellectual Property. The Acquired Companies have taken commercially reasonable steps in accordance with normal industry practice to maintain the confidentiality of all Company Owned Intellectual Property and Company Licensed Intellectual Property that is of a confidential nature and no such Intellectual Property has been disclosed by an Acquired Company other than to employees, representatives and agents of the Acquired Companies, all of whom are bound by written and enforceable confidentiality agreements substantially in the form previously made available to Parent prior to the date hereof, or to contractual counter-parties pursuant to written and enforceable confidentiality agreements. The Acquired Companies have not suffered any breaches of any such confidentiality agreements that have resulted in the unauthorized disclosure of or loss of any such confidential Intellectual Property.

(k) Section 4.14(k) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a true, correct and complete list of any and all Company Owned Intellectual Property that was created, developed or reduced to practice (i) pursuant to any Contract with any Governmental Authority or Governmental Authority or affiliated entity, or university, college or other educational institution, or (ii) using any funding or facilities of any Governmental Authority or Governmental Authority-affiliated entity, or university, college or other educational institution (collectively, "Government Funded IP"). The Acquired Companies have taken all commercially reasonable actions necessary to obtain, secure, maintain, enforce and protect the Acquired Companies' right, title and interest in, to and under all Government Funded IP, and the Acquired Companies have complied with any and all any Intellectual Property disclosure and/or licensing obligations under any applicable Contract referenced above.

(1) None of the Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property contains any Software code that is Open Source Software.

(m) No Person (other than employees or service providers of the Acquired Companies subject to written and enforceable confidentiality obligations) has possession of or the current or any contingent right to access or possess any source code of Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property and the Acquired Companies have not entered into any agreement with any person under which an Acquired Company has deposited, or could be required to deposit, into escrow any such source code. The consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not trigger the release of any such source code.

(n) There are no defects in any of the Software included in the Company Owned Intellectual Property that would prevent such Software from performing in accordance with its specifications and there are no viruses, worms, trojan horses, bombs, backdoors, clocks, timers or similar harmful, malicious or hidden programs in any such Software.

(o) The Company IT Assets operate and perform in a manner that permits the Acquired Companies to conduct their business as currently conducted. The Acquired Companies have taken reasonable actions consistent with current industry standards to protect the confidentiality, integrity and security of the Company IT Assets (and all information and transactions stored or contained therein or transmitted thereby) against any unauthorized use, access, interruption, modification or corruption, such as through the implementation of reasonable (i) data backup, (ii) disaster avoidance and recovery procedures, (iii) business continuity procedures and (iv) encryption and other security protocol technology. There has been no unauthorized use, access, interruption, modification or corruption of any Company IT Assets (or any information or transactions stored or contained therein or transmitted thereby).

(p) The Acquired Companies have, since January 1, 2018, complied and are currently in compliance with all (i) Applicable Laws, (ii) Contracts to which the Acquired Companies are bound, and (iii) the Acquired Companies' external-facing written policies, in each case (i) through (iii) governing the privacy, security, protection, collection, use, storage, processing, destruction, transfer and disclosure of any Personally Identifiable Information collected or stored by or on behalf of the Acquired Companies. No Actions have been asserted or, to the knowledge of the Companies, no Actions have been asserted or threatened against any of the Acquired Companies by any Person alleging a violation of such Person's privacy rights under Applicable Law.

Section 4.15. *Insurance Coverage*. A true and complete list of all insurance policies and fidelity bonds held by any of the Acquired Companies and their Affiliates or relating to the assets, business, operations, employees, officers or directors of any of the Acquired Companies, as of the date of this Agreement, is set forth on Section 4.15 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (the **"Company Insurance Policies"**), and true and complete copies thereof have been made available to Parent prior to the date hereof. Except as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) there are no claims by any of the Acquired Companies pending under any Company Insurance Policy as to which coverage has been denied or disputed by the underwriters of such Company Insurance Policies or in respect of which such underwriters have reserved their rights, (ii) as of the date hereof, all premiums due and payable under all Company Insurance Policy have been timely paid in full and (iii) none of the Acquired Companies is in material default under any such policy or bond and, to the Companies' knowledge, no event or circumstance has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would permit termination or modification of such policy or bond. All matters disclosed (or required to be disclosed) on Section 4.11 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule are fully covered by insurance (subject to applicable retentions).

Section 4.16. Licenses and Permits.

(a) Section 4.16 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth the material Permits held by the Acquired Companies, together with the name of the Governmental Authority issuing such Permit. Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, (i) such Permits are valid and in full force and effect and (ii) each of the Acquired Companies is in compliance with, and has fulfilled and performed all of its obligations with respect to such Permits.

(b) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Acquired Companies, taken as a whole, none of the Acquired Companies is in default under, and since January 1, 2018 none of the Acquired Companies has been in default under, any material Permit held or required to be held by it and none of such Permits have been terminated, impaired or have been terminable, in whole or in part, due to the actions or inactions of the Acquired Companies (except for terminations or impairments occurring as a result of the expiration of such Permits solely due to lapse of time in accordance with the terms thereof).

(c) The appropriate Acquired Company has accurately filed all reports and paid all fees, assessments, and contributions required by the Permits and Applicable Laws, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. Since January 1, 2018, no notices have been received by any of the Acquired Companies alleging the failure to hold any material Permit required to be held by the Acquired Companies to conduct their respective businesses or own their respective assets. No material Permit is subject to (i) any material conditions or requirements that have not been imposed generally upon permits of the same type and (ii) any pending regulatory proceeding or judicial review before a Governmental Authority seeking to suspend, revoke, cancel or adversely modify such Permit.

Section 4.17. Finders' Fees. Other than [***] no investment banker, broker, finder or other intermediary is entitled to any fee or commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents by reason of any action taken by any of the Acquired Companies prior to the Effective Time.

Section 4.18. Environmental Matters. Except as disclosed in Section 4.18 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule and as would not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Company Material Adverse Effect:

(a) (i) no notice, demand, request for information, citation, summons or complaint has been received; (ii) no Order has been issued or is otherwise in effect; (iii) no penalty has been assessed; and (iv) no Action or review is pending or threatened, in each case, with respect to any Acquired Company (or any of their respective predecessors) that relates to any Environmental Law or Hazardous Substance reasonably likely to result in Liability of any Acquired Company;

(b) there has been no Environmental Release of any Hazardous Substance at, on, under, to, in or from (i) any location by or arising from the operations of, (ii) any property or facility now or previously owned, leased or operated by, or (iii) any property or facility to which any Hazardous Substance has been transported for disposal, recycling or treatment by or on behalf of, in each case, any Acquired Company (or any of their respective predecessors) that is reasonably likely to result in Liability under Environmental Laws of any Acquired Company; and

(c) each Acquired Company (i) is and has since January 1, 2018, been in compliance with all Environmental Laws; (ii) possesses and maintains all required Environmental Permits and is in compliance with the terms thereof; and (iii) has timely made all appropriate filings necessary for the issuance or renewal thereof.

Section 4.19. Employees and Labor Matters.

(a) Section 4.19(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth with respect to each Service Provider as of the date hereof, as applicable, such Service Provider's (i) name, (ii) status as an employee or independent contractor, (iii) employing or engaging entity, (iv) location of employment or engagement, (v) title, (vi) original date of hire or engagement, (vii) whether full-time or part-time, (viii) whether active or on leave (and, if on leave, the nature of the leave and the expected return date), (ix) whether exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act, (x) annual salary or wage rate (or consulting rate), (xi) most recent annual bonus (if any), (xii) current target annual bonus opportunity, and (xiii) visa status, including type and date of expiration. Five days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall provide Parent with a schedule containing the same information as Section 4.19(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, updated as of such date.

(b) No Covered Service Provider has provided notice, and to the knowledge of the Companies, no Covered Service Provider intends to provide notice, to Seller or any of its Affiliates (including any Acquired Company) that he or she intends to resign or retire as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(c) All current and former Service Providers have entered into a confidentiality agreement, an assignment of inventions Contract and an employment Contract or a consulting Contract (as the case may be) with the Acquired Companies, and no current or former Service Provider is in violation of any such Contract or any employment Contract, consulting Contract or any non-compete, non-solicit or other restrictive covenant Contract.

(d) Each of Seller (with respect to current and former Service Providers) and the Acquired Companies, are, and have been since January 1, 2018, in material compliance with all Applicable Laws relating to labor, employment and employment practices, including those relating to labor management relations, collective bargaining, wages, hours, overtime, overtime compensations, employee classification, discrimination, sexual harassment, civil rights, affirmative action, work authorization, immigration, safety and health, workers compensation, continuation coverage under group health plans and wage payment. No Acquired Company has or is reasonably expected to have any Liability for the payment of any Tax, fines, penalties or other amounts, however designated, for failure to comply with any Applicable Law related to the foregoing. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, since its establishment, Silicon Suzhou has duly contributed all the statutory social insurances, including without limitation Pension and Retirement, Medical Insurance, Occupational Injury Insurance (Death and Disability), Maternity Insurance and Unemployment Insurance, and statutory Housing Provident Fund, for all its employees in accordance with the Applicable Law.

(e) Since January 1, 2018, (i) no allegations of sexual harassment or other sexual misconduct have been made against any current or former Service Provider in their capacity as such, (ii) there have been no Actions pending or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened, related to any allegations of sexual harassment or other sexual misconduct by any current or former Service Provider in their capacity as such and (iii) none of Seller or any of its Affiliates (including any of the Acquired Companies) have entered into any settlement agreements related to allegations of sexual harassment or other sexual misconduct by any current or former Service Provider.

(f) None of Seller or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) is, or has been since January 1, 2018, a party to or subject to any Action before any Governmental Authority regarding any current or former Service Provider nor, to the knowledge of the Companies, is any such Action threatened against any of Seller or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies).

(g) None of Seller or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) is or has been a party to or subject to, or is currently negotiating in connection with entering into, any Collective Bargaining Agreement. Since January 1, 2018, there has not been (i) any organizational campaign, petition or other unionization activity seeking recognition of a collective bargaining unit relating to any Company Employee or any grievances or job actions involving any current or former Company Employees, (ii) any labor strike, slow down, labor disturbance, picketing, lockout or work stoppage pending or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened against or affecting any of the Acquired Companies or (iii) any unfair labor practice complaints pending or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened against Seller or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) with respect to any Service Providers before any Governmental Authority or any current union representation questions involving Company Employees.

(h) The Acquired Companies are, and have been since January 1, 2018, in material compliance with WARN and no Acquired Company has any Liabilities or other obligations thereunder. None of Seller, the Acquired Companies nor any of their respective Affiliates has taken any action that would reasonably be expected to cause Parent, the Acquired Companies (including the Surviving Corporations) or any of their respective Affiliates to have any Liability or other obligation following the Closing Date under WARN.

Section 4.20. Employee Benefits

(a) Section 4.20(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of each Employee Plan, and indicates whether such Employee Plan is sponsored or maintained by the Acquired Companies or Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies); provided that, for any Employee Plans that are offer letters for Company Employees other than any Covered Service Providers that (i) provide for art-will employment, (ii) are terminable without penalty or liability, (iii) do not provide for any severance, retention, change in control or other similar payments or benefits and (iv) are consistent in all material respects with a form previously provided to Parent, only the forms thereof need be listed on Section 4.20(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule. Prior to the date hereof, a true and complete copy of each Employee Plan (or a description, if such plan is not written) and all amendments thereto has been made available to Parent as well as, as applicable, (i) all related trust agreements, insurance Contracts or other funding arrangements and amendments thereto, (ii) the current prospectus or summary plan description and all summaries of material modifications, (iii) the most recent) prepared actuarial report and financial statements, (v) the most recent determination or opinion letter from the IRS relating thereto and (vi) all non-routine correspondence (and documents relating thereto) received from or provided to the IRS, the Department of Labor or any Governmental Authority during the past three years.

(b) Since January 1, 2018, each Employee Plan has been maintained, funded and administered in material compliance with its terms and all Applicable Law. No events have occurred with respect to any Employee Plan that would reasonably be expected to result in the assessment of any excise Tax against the Acquired Companies.

(c) Since January 1, 2018, there has been no Action (other than routine claims for benefits) pending against or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened against or threatened to involve, any Employee Plan before any court or arbitrator or any Governmental Authority.

(d) None of the Acquired Companies nor any of its ERISA Affiliates (nor any predecessor of any such entity) sponsors, maintains, administers or contributes to (or has any obligation to contribute to), or has ever sponsored, maintained, administered or contributed to (or had any obligation to contribute to), or has or is reasonably expected to have any direct Diability with respect to, any (i) plan subject to Title IV of ERISA, (ii) any "multiple employer plan" (as defined in Section 3(37) of ERISA), (iii) "multiple employer plan" (as defined in Section 3(40) of ERISA).

(e) With respect to any Employee Plan covered by Subtitle B, Part 4 of Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, no non-exempt prohibited transaction has occurred that has caused or would reasonably be expected to cause any of the Acquired Companies to incur any material Liability under ERISA or the Code.

(f) None of the Acquired Companies has any current or projected Liability for, and no Employee Plan provides or promises, any postemployment or post-retirement medical, dental, disability, hospitalization, life or similar benefits (whether insured or self-insured) to any current or former Service Provider (other than coverage mandated by Applicable Law, including COBRA).

(g) Each Employee Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code has received a favorable determination or opinion letter from the IRS or has applied to the IRS for such a letter within the applicable remedial amendment period or such period has not expired and, to the knowledge of the Companies, no circumstances exist that would reasonably be expected to result in any such letter being reissued or a penalty under the IRS Closing Agreement Program if discovered during an IRS audit or investigation.

(h) Each Employee Plan complies in all material respects with, and has been operated in material compliance with, and Seller and its Subsidiaries (including the Acquired Companies) have complied in all material respects, in practice with, all applicable requirements of Section 409A and 457A of the Code.

(i) All material contributions, premiums and payments that are due have been made for each Employee Plan within the time periods prescribed by the terms of such plan and Applicable Law, and all material contributions, premiums and payments for any period ending on or before the Closing Date that are not due are properly accrued to the extent required to be accrued under applicable accounting principles. There has been no amendment to, written interpretation of or announcement (whether or not written) by Seller or any of its Subsidiaries (including the Acquired Companies) relating to, or change in employee participation or coverage under, any Employee Plan that would increase materially the expense of any Acquired Company in maintaining such plan above the level of expense incurred in respect thereof for the most recent fiscal year ended prior to the date hereof.

(j) Neither the execution of this Agreement nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (either alone or together with any other event) will (i) entitle any current or former Service Provider to any payment or benefit, including any bonus, retention, severance, retirement or job security payment or benefit, (ii) enhance any benefits or accelerate the time of payment or vesting or trigger any payment or funding (through a grantor trust or

otherwise) of compensation or benefits under, or increase the amount payable or trigger any other obligation under, any Employee Plan, (iii) limit or restrict the right of the Acquired Companies or, after the Closing, Parent, the Surviving Corporations or any of their respective Affiliates, to merge, amend or terminate any Employee Plan or (iv) result in any payment that would not be deductible under Section 280G of the Code or subject to Tax under Section 4999 of the Code.

(k) None of Seller or any of its Subsidiaries (including the Acquired Companies) has any obligation to gross-up, indemnify or otherwise reimburse any current or former Service Provider for any Tax incurred by such Service Provider, including Taxes incurred under Section 409A, 457A or 4999 of the Code.

(1) None of the Service Providers of any Acquired Company who is a "Domestic Resident" as defined in SAFE Circular 37 has exercised options under the Seller Equity Incentive Plan.

Section 4.21. Affiliate Transactions. Other than this Agreement, the other Transaction Documents and as set forth on Section 4.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, none of Seller, the Equityholders, none of the Affiliates of Seller or the Equityholders, and, to the knowledge of the Companies, none of the respective members, directors, officers, employees or "associates" (or members of any of their "immediate family") (as such terms are respectively defined in Rule 12b-2 and Rule 16a-1 of the Securities Act (other than any of the Acquired Companies)) of the foregoing (i) is a party to any Contract with any Acquired Company, (ii) directly or indirectly owns, or otherwise has any right, title or interest in, to or under, any material property or right, tangible or intangible, that is used by any of the Acquired Companies, (iii) licenses Intellectual Property (either to or from any of the Acquired Companies), (iv) is indebted to or, in the past five years, has borrowed money from or lent money to, any Acquired Companies, owns, directly or indirectly, any material property, asset or right (whether tangible or intangible) that is currently used by any Acquired Company (any Contract related to the arrangements described in clauses (i) through (v) hereof, including any such agreements listed (or required to be listed) on Section 4.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, an "Affiliate Contract").

Section 4.22. Foreign Corrupt Payments; Sanctions; Export Control; Anti-Money Laundering.

(a) Each Acquired Company, and each of their respective directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives or any other person acting on behalf of or associated with any Acquired Company, acting alone or together, is, and since January 1, 2018 has been, in compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA") and any other anti-corruption, anti-bribery and anti-commercial bribery Applicable Law.

(b) None of the Acquired Companies, nor, to the knowledge of the Companies, any of their respective directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives or other persons acting on behalf, acting alone or together, has (i) received, directly or indirectly, anything of value (including rebates, payments, commissions, promotional allowances or other economic benefits, regardless of their nature or type) from any Person (including any customer, supplier, employee or agent of any customer or supplier) in violation of Applicable Law for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or to otherwise achieve an improper commercial advantage or (ii) given or promised to give, directly or indirectly, anything of value (including any money, gift or similar benefit) to any Person (including any customer, supplier, employee or agent of any customer or supplier), any government official or other Person who was, is or may be in a position to help or hinder any Acquired Company (or assist any Acquired Company in connection with any actual or proposed transaction)) in violation of Applicable Law for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or to achieve a commercial advantage.

(c) None of the Acquired Companies, nor, to the knowledge of the Companies, any of their respective directors, officers or employees, agents or representatives or other persons acting on their behalf, is or was a non-U.S. government official or a close family member of an non-U.S. government official.

(d) The Acquired Companies are and, since January 1, 2018 have been, in compliance in all material respects with all Applicable Law concerning the exportation, re-exportation, importation and temporary importation of any products, technology, technical data or services (together, "Export Control Laws"), including those promulgated and/or administered by the U.S. Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"). No Acquired Company has engaged in business with foreign nations, organizations or individuals named on any of the following lists maintained by the OFAC or the United States Department of the Treasury:

(i) the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List of individuals, organizations, other entities and vessels with whom and with which U.S. persons may not transact business (found at

http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx);

(ii) the Sanctions Program and Countries Summaries Lists of foreign nations, organizations and individuals subject to economic and trade sanctions, all such lists promulgated by the OFAC of the Treasury Department (found at http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/ Programs/Pages/Programs.aspx); or

(iii) Executive Order 13224, which sets forth a list of individuals and groups identified as terrorists or persons who support terrorism with whom U.S. persons may not transact business (found at http://www.state.gov/j/ct/rls/other/des/143210.htm).

(e) The Acquired Companies (i) have implemented appropriate procedures for ensuring compliance with all Applicable Law governing anti-money laundering ("AML Laws"), including but not limited to the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations dated 16 February 2012 (the "FATF Recommendations "), (ii) have employed appropriate risk-based measures and due diligence, "know your customer" and other procedures where required pursuant to AML Laws or FATF Recommendations and (ii) have kept and maintained all required written procedures, compliance records and audit evidence and suspicious transaction reports as required by applicable AML Laws.

(f) The Acquired Companies have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to promote and achieve compliance with the FCPA and other anti-corruption Applicable Law, Export Control Laws and AML Laws.

Section 4.23. Regulatory Compliance.

(a) None of the Acquired Companies has been in material violation of, and is not the subject of any Action with respect to the violation of, any Applicable Law or Order of a Governmental Authority, and has not received any FDA Form 483, "warning letters," or "unitide letters," or other similar notice of inspectional observations or deficiencies from a Governmental Authority. No Action is pending, or to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened, with respect to any violation of any Applicable Law or Order of a Governmental Authority by any Acquired Company, and each Acquired Company is and has been in compliance in all material respects with all such Applicable Laws and Orders. No Acquired Company has received any written notice of any such Action or any Liability or potential responsibility on the part any Acquired Company to undertake or to bear all or any portion of the cost of any remedial action as a result of any such Action. There are no pending or planned internal investigations being, or to be, conducted by any Acquired Company with respect to any actual, potential or alleged material violation of any Applicable Law or Order by any Service Provider.

(b) The manufacture, labeling, and storage of the Products by or on behalf of the Acquired Companies has at all times been conducted in compliance with Applicable Laws and Orders, including without limitation, to the extent applicable, the FDA Act, its implementing regulations, and current good manufacturing practices.

(c) All preclinical animal testing relating to the Products is being, and has been conducted, in accordance in all material respects with experimental protocols, procedures and controls that are generally accepted in the scientific community, as well as Applicable Laws and Orders, including the FDA Act, its implementing regulations, and good laboratory practices, as applicable.

(d) No human clinical trials, other than of the STING Agonist, have been conducted by or on behalf of the Acquired Companies or any of their Affiliates or by any Person. Clinical trials of the STING Agonist have at all times been conducted in compliance with Applicable Laws and Orders, including without limitation, the FDA Act, its implementing regulations, and good clinical practice.

(e) To the knowledge of the Companies, there have been no serious safety signals associated with the Products.

(f) No Acquired Company is the subject of any pending or, to the knowledge of the Companies, threatened investigation by any Governmental Authority in respect of the Acquired Companies or their business, including by (i) the FDA pursuant to its "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" Final Policy set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) and any amendments thereto, (ii) the Federal Trade Commission, or (iii) any other Governmental Authority that has jurisdiction over the operations of any Acquired Company under any similar policy. To the knowledge of the Companies, no Acquired Company nor any current or former Service Provider of any Acquired Company has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that would reasonably be expected to result in exclusion under 42 U.S.C. Section 1320a-7 or any similar state law or regulation or been debarred, or convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that would reasonably be expected to result in debarment, by the FDA under Article 306 of the FDA Act, 21 U.S.C. §335a(a) or (b), or any similar foreign or local Applicable Law.

(g) No Acquired Company nor any current or former Service Provider acting on behalf of any Acquired Company, has committed any act, made any statement or failed to make any statement, relating to any Product or the development or manufacturing thereof that would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA to invoke its policy with respect to "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) and any amendments thereto.

(h) True and correct copies of all material written notices of inspectional observations, establishment inspection reports and any other material documents received by the Companies from the FDA or comparable foreign Governmental Authorities that identify lack of compliance with Applicable Laws of the FDA or comparable foreign Governmental Authorities have been made available to Parent.

(i) True, accurate and complete information, reports, and data concerning all scientific studies conducted by or on behalf of the Acquired Companies or their Affiliates have been made available to Parent.

Section 4.24. STING Agonist. Information provided to Parent and Merger Subs by or on behalf of Seller and the Acquired Companies related to the STING Agonist do not contain any adverse material misstatement or omission. Seller and the Acquired Companies have not deliberately excluded or omitted to disclose any adverse information related to such agonist that, had such information been disclosed, could reasonably be expected to cause a prospective purchaser not to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement on the terms herein.

Section 4.25. Exclusivity of Representations. The representations and warranties made by Seller and the Companies in this Article 4 and Article 5 of this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents are the exclusive representations and warranties made by or with respect to the Acquired Companies in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents. Seller and each Company hereby disclaims any other express or implied representations or warranties, including regarding any pro forma financial information, financial projections or other forward-looking statements provided by or on behalf of such Company.

ARTICLE 5 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SELLER

Subject to Section 14.03, except as set forth in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, Seller represents and warrants to Parent and Merger Subs as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date that:

Section 5.01. *Existence and Power*. Seller is an entity duly formed, validly existing and in good standing under Delaware Law and has all limited liability company power and authority and all material governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as currently conducted and as currently contemplated to be conducted, except where the failure to have such power and authority would not have a Seller Material Adverse Effect. Other than as set forth in Section 5.01 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, none of Seller or any of its Subsidiaries (other than the Acquired Companies) own or have the right to use any assets or rights used or that have been used in the operation of the Business. Seller is duly qualified to do business as a foreign entity and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect. True and complete copies of Seller's Governing Documents as currently in effect have been made available to Parent prior to the date hereof. Seller is not in breach, and the consummation of the transaction Agreement shall not cause any breach of, Seller's Governing Documents.

Section 5.02. Authorization. The execution, delivery of, and performance by Seller of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is or will be a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, are within Seller's limited liability powers and have been duly and validly authorized and approved by all necessary limited liability action on the part of Seller. This Agreement has been (and each of the other Transaction Documents to which Seller is or will be a party will be at or prior to the Closing) duly executed and delivered by Seller and constitutes (or will constitute when so executed) a valid and binding agreement of Seller enforceable against it in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity). There are no votes, approvals, consents or other proceedings of Seller or the holders of Seller's capital stock or other equity of Seller or otherwise (other than those that have been obtained prior to the execution of this Agreement) necessary in connection with the execution and delivery of, or the performance by Seller of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is or will be a party, or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (other than the filing and recordation of (i) the Certificates of Merger and such other documents as required by Delaware Law and (ii) the First Merger Application and the Second Merger Application and such other documents as required by Bermuda Law and Cayman Law). The Seller Written Consent constitutes a valid, irrevocable

and effective adoption of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents by Seller in compliance with Applicable Law and Seller's Governing Documents. The Equityholder Written Consent constitutes a valid, irrevocable and effective approval of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents by the Equityholders in compliance with Applicable Law and Seller's Governing Documents.

Section 5.03. *Governmental Authorization*. The execution, delivery and performance by Seller of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby require no consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, or other action in respect of, any Governmental Authority other than (i) the filing of the Certificates of Merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in accordance with Section 2.01(f), Section 2.01(g) and Delaware Law and the First Merger Application and the Second Merger Application with the Registrar in accordance with Section 2.01(e), Section 2.01(h) and Bermuda Law and Cayman Law, (ii) compliance with any applicable requirements of the HSR Act or other applicable Antitrust Law, (iii) permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority in respect of the Bermuda Merger for the purposes of the Exchange Control Act 1972 of Bermuda and the related regulations made thereunder and (iv) any actions or filings the absence of which, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.04. *Noncontravention*. The execution, delivery and performance by Seller of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby do not and will not (i) violate any provision of any Governing Document of Seller, (ii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 5.03, violate any Applicable Law, (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) on any asset of Seller or any of its Subsidiaries, or (iv) require any consent that has not been received prior to the execution hereof from or other action by any Person under, constitute a default or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a violation or breach of, or give rise to (A) any right of termination, modification, cancellation or acceleration of any argement or other instrument binding upon Seller or any of its Subsidiaries with only such exceptions, in the case of clauses (ii), (iii) and (iv), as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.05. Ownership of Shares. Seller holds legally, beneficially and of record, all of the Acquired Company Securities, free and clear of any Lien or any other limitation or restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such interests (other than transfer restrictions of general applicability under the Securities Act and other applicable securities laws)). Seller is not a party to any voting trusts, shareholder or member agreements, pooling agreements, proxies or other Contracts in effect with respect to the voting or transfer of any Acquired Company Securities.

Section 5.06. Litigation. As of the date of this Agreement, (i) there is no Action pending against, or to the knowledge of Seller, threatened against Seller before any Governmental Authority or arbitrator as of the date of this Agreement that, if determined or resolved adversely in accordance with the plaintiff's demands, would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect, or (ii) seeks to prevent, enjoin or materially delay the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated by, or the performance by Seller of its obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, Seller is not subject to any Order of any Governmental Authority that is or would reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.07. Finders' Fees. Other than [***], no investment banker, broker, finder or other intermediary is entitled to any fee or commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents by reason of any action taken by Seller prior to the Effective Time.

Section 5.08. Lack of Registration. Seller acknowledges and agrees that, subject to Section 7.12, (i) the transfer of the shares of Parent Common Stock hereunder is intended to be exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, (ii) Parent Common Stock is not traded on any national market as of the date of this Agreement, (iii) subsequent transfers of such shares of Parent Common Stock will be subject to the restrictions of the Securities Act and other applicable securities laws and (iv) there can be no assurance that any holder of such shares of Parent Common Stock will be able to sell or dispose of any such shares.

Section 5.09. Exclusivity of Representations. The representations and warranties made by Seller in this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents are the exclusive representations and warranties made by Seller in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents. Seller hereby disclaims any other express or implied representations or warranties.

ARTICLE 6

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF PARENT AND MERGER SUBS

Subject to Section 14.03, Parent and each Merger Sub represent and warrant to the Company as of the date hereof (it being understood, for the avoidance of doubt, that representations of each Merger Sub shall be deemed to be made as of the time that such Merger Sub becomes a party to this Agreement) and as of the Closing Date that:

Section 6.01. *Existence and Power*. Each of Parent and each Merger Sub is an entity duly formed, validly existing and (where applicable) in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or formation and has all corporate or other organizational power and authority and all material governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as now conducted and as currently contemplated to be conducted, except where the failure to have such power and authority would not have a Parent Material Adverse Effect. Each of Parent and each Merger Sub is duly qualified to do business as foreign entity and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary,

except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect. Each Merger Sub will be formed for the sole purpose of effecting the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, will be directly wholly owned by Parent and has had no assets or operations and has not conducted any business other than immaterial business conducted in connection with the maintenance of such Merger Sub's existence, performance of this Agreement and matters incidental thereto. True and complete copies of Parent's Governing Documents as in effect on the date hereof have been made available to Seller prior to the date hereof. Neither Parent nor either Merger Sub is in material breach, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Agreement shall not cause any material breach of, Parent's Governing Documents.

Section 6.02. Authorization. The execution, delivery of, and performance by each of Parent and each Merger Sub of their respective obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is or will be a party, and the consummation by Parent and each Merger Sub and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other organizational action on the part of each of Parent and each Merger Sub. This Agreement has been, and each of the other Transaction Documents to which Parent or any Merger Sub is or will be a party will be at or prior to the Effective Time, duly executed and delivered by each of Parent and each Merger Sub to the extent a party thereto and, assuming due authorization, execution and deliver by the other parties thereto, constitutes (or will constitute) the valid and binding agreement of each of Parent and each Merger Sub, respectively, in accordance with their respective terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity). No votes, approvals or consents of the holders of any of Parent's or any Merger Sub ack (other than any that have been obtained prior to the date hereof or that will be obtained immediately after execution of this Agreement) are necessary in connection with execution and delivery of, or the performance by Parent or any Merger Sub of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (other than the filing and recordation of (i) the Certificates of Merger and such other documents as required by Delaware Law, (ii) the First Merger Application and (iii) the Second Merger Application and such other documents as required by Bermuda Law and Cayman Law).

Section 6.03. Governmental Authorization. The execution, delivery and performance by each of Parent and each Merger Sub of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party and the consummation by each of Parent and each Merger Sub of the transactions contemplated hereby and, to the extent applicable, thereby require no consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, or other action in respect of, any Governmental Authority other than (i) the filing of the critificates of Merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in accordance with Section 2.01(g), Section 2.01(g) and Delaware Law and the First Merger Application and the Second Merger Application with the Registrar in accordance with Section 2.01(e), Section 2.01(h) and Bermuda Law and Cayman

Law; (ii) compliance with any applicable requirements of the HSR Act, (iii) permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority in respect of the Bermuda Merger for the purposes of the Exchange Control Act 1972 of Bermuda and the related regulations made thereunder and (iv) any actions or filings the absence of which, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect.

Section 6.04. *Noncontravention*. The execution, delivery and performance by each of Parent and each Merger Sub of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party and the consummation by Parent and each Merger Sub of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby do not and will not (i) violate any provision of any Governing Document of Parent or any Merger Sub, (ii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 6.03, violate any Applicable Law, (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any I context of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries, or (iv) require any consent from or other action by any Person under, constitute a default or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a violation or breach of, or give rise to (A) any right of termination, modification, cancellation or acceleration of any agreement or other instrument binding upon Parent or any of its Subsidiaries with on yus any agreement or other instrument to reason of reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect.

Section 6.05. Parent Capitalization. As of February 1, 2021, the authorized share capital of Parent consists of [***]. The issued and outstanding share capital of Parent has been duly authorized, validly issued and credited as fully paid, has been issued in compliance with applicable securities laws, and has not been issued in violation of any preemptive or similar rights of any Person.

Section 6.06. Parent Common Stock. The shares of Parent Common Stock to be delivered in connection with this Agreement, including the Closing Consideration, the Second Tranche Consideration (if paid in shares of Parent Common Stock), the Holdback Shares, the Indemnity Holdback Shares and the Underpayment Amount (if any) will be (i) duly authorized and validly issued and, when delivered in accordance with and for the consideration set forth in this Agreement, credited as fully paid, (ii) issued in compliance with applicable securities laws and not issued in violation of any preemptive or similar rights of any Person, and (iii) free and clear of all Liens (other than Liens imposed by Applicable Law or as expressly contemplated hereby or as a result of actions taken by or on behalf of Seller or the Equityholders).

Section 6.07. Litigation. Except as set forth in Schedule 6.07, as of the date of this Agreement, (i) there is no Action pending against, or to the knowledge of Parent, threatened against Parent or any Merger Sub before any Governmental Authority or arbitrator as of the date of this Agreement that, if determined or resolved adversely in accordance with the plaintiff's demands, would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect, or (ii) seeks to prevent, enjoin or materially delay the consummation by

Parent or any Merger Sub of the transactions contemplated by, or the performance by Parent or any Merger Sub of their respective obligations under, this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, none of Parent or any Merger Sub is subject to any Order of any Governmental Authority that is or would reasonably be expected to have a Parent Material Adverse Effect.

Section 6.08. *Financial Statements*. The audited consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2020 and the related audited consolidated statements of loss, cash flows and shareholders' equity for the year ended March 31, 2020 of Parent (together with the notices thereto and accompanied by unqualified opinions of the independent accountants, the "**Audited Parent Financial Statements**") and the unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 and the related unaudited consolidated statements of loss, cash flows and shareholders' equity for the six months ended September 30, 2020 of Parent (together with the notes thereto, the "**Unaudited Parent Financial Statements**") fairly present in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP applied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto, and except that the Unaudited Parent Financial Statements do not contain footnotes and are subject to normal year-end adjustments, none of which individually or in the aggregate would be material), the consolidated financial position of Parent as of the dates thereof. True and complete copies of each of the Audited Parent Financial Statements and Unaudited Parent Financial Statements bave been made available to Seller prior to the date hereof.

Section 6.09. Finders' Fees. No investment banker, broker, finder or other intermediary is entitled to any fee or commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents by reason of any action taken by any of Parent or any Merger Sub prior to the Effective Time.

Section 6.10. Investment Purpose. Parent will be acquiring the capital stock of the Companies for the purpose of investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof in violation of applicable federal, state or provincial securities laws.

Section 6.11. Exclusivity of Representations. The representations and warranties made by Parent and each Merger Sub in this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents are the exclusive representations and warranties made by Parent and such Merger Sub in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents. Each of Parent and each Merger Sub hereby disclaims any other express or implied representations or warranties.

ARTICLE 7 COVENANTS OF THE PARTIES

Section 7.01. Conduct of Seller and the Acquired Companies.

(a) From the date hereof until the Closing, except as set forth in Section 7.01(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, as otherwise expressly required by this Agreement (including Section 10.07 hereof), as required by Applicable Law (including COVID-19

Measures) or consented to by Parent in writing (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed), each Company shall, and Seller and the Companies shall cause each of their Subsidiaries (other than SWAT) to, (i) conduct its business in the ordinary course consistent with past practice and (ii) use its commercially reasonable efforts to (A) preserve intact its present business organization, (B) maintain in effect all material Permits, (C) keep available the services of its directors, officers and Key Employees and (D) maintain satisfactory relationships with its material lenders, suppliers, lessors and others having material business relationships with it.

(b) From the date hereof until the Closing, other than as expressly required pursuant to this Agreement (including Section 10.07 hereof) or consented to by Parent in writing, none of Seller or any Company shall, and Seller and the Companies shall cause each of their Subsidiaries not to, (i) transfer any assets or property between Seller and SWAT, on the one hand, and the Acquired Companies, on the other hand, (ii) cause any of the Acquired Companies to assume any of the Liabilities of seller or SWAT, (iii) cause Seller or SWAT to assume any of the Liabilities of the Acquired Companies or (iv) operate the Business out of any entity other than the Acquired Companies.

(c) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, from the date hereof until the Closing, except as set forth in Section 7.01(c) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, as otherwise expressly required by this Agreement, as required by Applicable Law (including COVID-19 Measures), conduct of the STING Program by Seller or SWAT that are unrelated to the Business or the capitalization of Seller, or consented to by Parent in writing (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed), Seller and the Companies shall not, and Seller and the Companies shall cause each of their Subsidiaries not to:

(i) adopt or propose any change to, or amend or otherwise alter, its Governing Documents (whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise);

(ii) split, combine or reclassify any shares of capital stock, equity interests, voting securities or other ownership interests of any Acquired Company or declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or other property or any combination thereof) in respect of any Acquired Company Securities, or redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire or offer to redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire any Acquired Company Securities;

(iii) (A) issue, deliver or sell, or authorize the issuance, delivery or sale of, any shares of any Acquired Company Securities or (B) amend any term of any Acquired Company Security (whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise);

(iv) incur any capital expenditures, except for any capital expenditures not to exceed [***] in the aggregate;

(v) (A) acquire (by merger, consolidation, acquisition of stock or assets or otherwise), directly or indirectly, any assets, properties or businesses, other than supplies in the ordinary course of business of the Acquired Companies in a manner that is consistent with past practice, or (B) acquire any real property;

(vi) sell, assign, lease, sublease, license, sublicense or otherwise transfer or dispose of, or abandon or take or fail to take any action that would reasonably be expected to result in the loss, lapse, abandonment, cancellation, invalidity or unenforceability, or create or incur any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) on, any Company Owned Intellectual Property (other than (A) any Patent expiring at the end of its statutory term and not capable of being extended and (B) non-exclusive licenses or material transfer agreements, in each case, entered into in the ordinary course of business, provided that any Intellectual Property arising from any such agreement is solely owned by an Acquired Company);

(vii) make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investments in, any other Person other than contributions to the Companies' wholly owned Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

(viii) create, incur, assume, suffer to exist or otherwise become liable with respect to any Indebtedness;

(ix) (A) enter into (or acquire any Subsidiary that is bound by), amend or modify in any material respect, terminate or renew any Material Contract (or any Contract that would have been a Material Contract if such Contract were in effect, as so amended or modified, as of the date of this Agreement); *provided* that the Acquired Companies shall not fail to exercise a right to extend or renew a Material Contract or any rights thereunder, or (B) otherwise waive, release or assign any material rights, claims or benefits of the Acquired Companies under any Contract or otherwise;

(x) except as required by Applicable Law or the terms of any Employee Plan disclosed on Section 4.20(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule as in effect on the date hereof, (A) grant or increase any severance, retention or change in control bonus to, or enter into or amend any severance, retention, change in control, employment or consulting agreement with, any current or former Service Provider or other Person (except for any offer letter providing for at-will employment entered into with a new hire pursuant permitted pursuant to clause (E)(1) below in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice that does not provide for any severance, retention, change in control or similar payments or benefits), (B) grant any equity or equity-based awards to, or discretionarily accelerate the vesting or payment of any awards held by, any current or former Service Provider or other Person, (C) establish, adopt, enter into, amend, terminate or transfer to any Acquired Company any Employee Plan or Collective Bargaining Agreement (other than annual renewals of health and welfare benefit plans in the ordinary course of business consistent with past

practice that do not materially increase the costs of maintaining such plan), (D) increase the compensation or benefits payable or provided to any current or former Service Provider; (E) (1) hire any new Company Employee other than to fill vacancies arising due to terminations of Company Employees other than Covered Service Providers in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, (2) terminate the employment of any Covered Service Provider (other than for cause) or (3) transfer the employment or engagement of any Service Provider from any Acquired Company to Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) or from Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) to any of the Acquired Companies;

(xi) change any of the Acquired Companies' methods of accounting, except as required by concurrent changes in GAAP, as agreed to by their independent public accountants;

(xii) settle or compromise, or offer or propose to settle or compromise, any Action, including any Action that relates to the transactions contemplated hereby;

(xiii) make, change or revoke any Tax election, change any annual Tax accounting period, adopt or change any method, principles, practice or procedures of Tax accounting, amend any Tax Returns or file claims for Tax refunds, enter any closing agreement, settle or compromise any Tax claim, audit or assessment, or surrender any right to claim a Tax refund, offset or other reduction in Tax Liability, or make a request for a Tax ruling, consent to any extension or waiver of the limitations period applicable to any Tax claim or assessment or, if it would have the effect of increasing any Tax Liability or reducing any Tax Asset of any of the Acquired Companies, Parent or any Affiliate of Parent, take (or omit to take) any other action in respect of Taxes outside of the ordinary course of business;

(xiv) make any change to the management of its working capital (including the timing of collection of accounts receivable and of the payment of accounts payable and the management of inventory) that is not in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

(xv) fund or contribute any cash to STC or any of its Subsidiaries; or

(xvi) agree, resolve or commit to do any of the foregoing.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained herein shall give to Parent, directly or indirectly, rights to control or direct the operations of the Companies prior to the Closing Date in a manner which may violate the HSR Act.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 7.01(a), (i) nothing in Section 7.01(a) shall prevent any of the Acquired Companies from reasonably taking any action or reasonably omitting to take any action, including the establishment of any policy, procedure or protocol, in response to COVID-19 or any COVID-19 Measures to reasonably protect the health or safety of individuals who are officers, directors, employees or other service providers to the Acquired Companies (or individuals who interact with any of the foregoing in connection with the business of the Acquired Companies); provided that, prior to taking, or omitting to take, any such action, Seller shall, or shall cause the Acquired Companies to, notify Parent of such action (or omission) and consider in good faith any suggestions of Parent with respect to such action (or omission), and (ii) any act or omission taken in accordance with the preceding clause (i), as modified by the proviso thereto, shall in no event be deemed to constitute a breach of Section 7.01(a) or serve as a basis for Parent to terminate this Agreement in respect of a breach of Section 7.01(a).

(e) Except as set forth in Section 7.01(e) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, as otherwise expressly required by this Agreement, as required by Applicable Law or consented to by Parent in writing, Seller shall not (i) grant, issue or discretionarily accelerate the vesting or payment of, or accelerate any distributions in respect of, any Seller Incentive Units, Seller Options or other equity incentive awards with respect to "Shares" (as defined in the Seller Operating Agreement) of Seller to any Service Provider, or (ii) amend the terms of any outstanding Seller Incentive Units or Seller Options.

(f) No later than five Business Days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall provide Parent with a schedule providing the same information as Section 4.05(c) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, updated as of such date to reflect any changes that have occurred since the date hereof.

Section 7.02. Access to Information. From the date hereof until the Closing, Seller and each Company shall, and such Persons shall cause each of their Subsidiaries to, (i) upon reasonable advance notice, give Parent and its Affiliates and their respective directors, officers, employees, counsel, financial advisors, auditors and other authorized representatives (such Persons, "**Representatives**") reasonable access to the offices, properties, books and records of the Acquired Companies, (ii) furnish to Parent and its Affiliates and their respective Representatives such financial, operating and human resources data and other information relating to the Acquired Companies as such Persons may reasonably request and (iii) instruct the Representatives of Seller and the Acquired Companies to cooperate with Parent and its Affiliates and their respective Representatives in their investigation of the Acquired Companies. Any request for data or other information, any request for access or cooperation or any investigation pursuant to this Section 7.02 shall be made or conducted in such manner as not to (i) interfere unreasonably with the conduct of the business of Seller or the Acquired Companies, (ii) guine for the Acquired Companies on (iii) violate any Applicable Law; provided that Parent, Merger Subs, Seller and the Acquired Companies shall cooperate in good faith to develop substitute arrangements, to the extent reasonably possible, that do not result in the loss of such privilege or violation of such Applicable Law. For sol ng as any applicable COVID-19 Measures are in effect, Seller and each Company shall be permitted to provide access under this Section 7.02 through virtual or other remote means. No investigation by Parent, any of its Affiliates or any of their respective Representatives or other information

received by, or knowledge of, Parent, any of its Affiliates or any of their respective Representatives shall operate as a waiver or otherwise affect any representation, warranty or agreement given or made by Seller or any Company hereunder. Nothing herein shall require any party to disclose or provide access to any information which primarily relates to the negotiation of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby or if such disclosure would reasonably be expected to contravene any Applicable Law, including those related to Antitrust Laws.

Section 7.03. Takeover Statutes. If any "control share acquisition," "fair price," "moratorium" or other similar antitakeover law is or may become applicable to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, each Company and its Board of Directors shall grant such approvals and take such actions as are reasonably necessary so that such transactions may be consummated as promptly as practicable on the terms contemplated by this Agreement and otherwise act to eliminate or minimize the effects of such statute or regulation on such transactions.

Section 7.04. Termination of Affiliate Contracts and Accounts; Excluded Seller Liabilities. Except with respect to the Excluded Arrangements, prior to the Closing, Seller and each Company shall, and shall cause the other Acquired Companies to, (i) pay, settle or discharge all outstanding account balances owed from any Acquired Company to any Related Party and (ii) terminate all Contracts with Related Parties listed on Section 7.04(x) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule and all other Contracts required to be disclosed on Section 4.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (or that would be required to be disclosed on Section 4.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (or that would be required to be disclosed on Section 4.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule for such Contract to remnianting any Contract not listed on Section 7.04(x) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule in in existence on the date hereof), in each case without any continuing Liability of any of the Acquired Companies thereunder; provided that prior to treminating any Contract not listed on Section 7.04(x) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, Seller will notify Parent and Parent may elect for such Contract to remain in effect. Seller shall deliver to Parent written evidence reasonably satisfactory to Parent of each such termination prior to the Closing. For purposes of this Agreement, "Excluded Arrangements" means (i) subject to Section 7.05, any employment, severance, indemnification or other similar arrangements with directors, officers or employees of the Acquired Companies,(ii) companisation for services performed by a Related Party as director, officer or employee of the Acquired Companies and amounts reimbursable for routine travel and other business expenses in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices (in each case to the extent included in Estimated Closing Working Capital), (iii) the Contracts set forth on Section 7.04(y) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule and (iv) the Transaction Documents.

Section 7.05. Resignations. At least four Business Days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall deliver to Parent a true and complete list of the directors, officers, managers and other Persons holding similar titles for each of the Acquired Companies. At or prior to Closing, Seller shall deliver to Parent the resignations of each such director, officer, manager or other Person from such positions with the Acquired Companies effective as of the Effective Time (unless Parent requests that any such resignation not be delivered), in a form reasonably acceptable to Parent.

Section 7.06. Payoff Letters.

(a) No later than three Business Days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall deliver to Parent payoff letters with respect to any Indebtedness for borrowed money of any Acquired Company outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time, to be provided by the administrative agent, if applicable, or lenders or creditors in respect thereof, dated within a reasonable time prior to the Closing Date, which shall, in each case, (i) set forth he aggregate amount of Indebtedness arising under or owing or payable thereunder and in connection therewith on the Closing Date and (ii) acknowledge and agree that, upon payment of such aggregate amounts on the Closing Date, the Acquired Companies shall have paid in full all amounts arising under or owing or payable thereunder and in connection therewith, and all Liens related to such Indebtedness shall be released, each in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Parent (the "**Payoff Letters**"). Without limiting the foregoing, Seller and each Company shall, and shall cause each other Acquired Company to, cooperate with and take all actions reasonably requested by Parent in order to facilitate the termination and payoff of all of the Indebtedness of the Acquired Companies (and related release of Liens) at the Closing.

(b) With respect to any Unpaid Transaction Expenses, Seller shall submit to Parent no later than [***] prior to the Closing Date, (i) the Transaction Expenses Payoff Instructions and (ii) an invoice duly executed by each payee referred to in the Transaction Expenses Payoff Instructions in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Parent.

Section 7.07. 280G Matters.

(a) To the extent that (1) any Service Provider who is a "disqualified individual" (as such term is defined for purposes of Section 280G of the Code) ("**Disqualified Individual**") would be entitled to any payment or benefit (including any Parent Payments) as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Transaction Document (either alone or upon the occurrence of any additional or subsequent events) and (2) such payment or benefit could potentially constitute a "parachute payment" under Section 280G of the Code or could reasonably be expected to result in the imposition of any excise Tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, Seller shall, prior to the Closing:

(i) use its best efforts to obtain a binding written waiver by such disqualified individual (each, an "Excess Parachute Waiver") of any portion of such parachute payment as exceeds 2.99 times such individual's "base amount" within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(3) of the Code (collectively, the "Excess Parachute Payments") to the extent such Excess Parachute Payments are not subsequently approved pursuant to an equityholder vote in accordance with the requirements of Section 280G(b)(5)(B) of the Code and Treasury Regulations § 1.280G-1 thereunder (the "280G Approval Requirements");

(ii) provide all required disclosure to all Persons entitled to vote under Section 280G(b)(5)(B)(ii) of the Code and hold a vote of equityholders in the manner intended to satisfy the 280G Approval Requirements; and

(iii) seek equityholder approval in a manner that satisfies the 280G Approval Requirements in respect of the Excess Parachute Payments payable to all such disqualified individuals.

(b) The Excess Parachute Waivers, disclosure to equityholders and any other resolutions, notices or other documents issued, distributed, adopted or executed in connection with the implementation of this Section 7.07 shall be subject to Parent's prior review and comment, and Seller shall revise any such documentation to take into account any reasonable comments made by Parent.

(c) To the extent any Excess Parachute Payments are not approved as contemplated above, such Excess Parachute Payments shall not be made or provided pursuant to the terms of the executed Excess Parachute Waivers. Prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall deliver to Parent written evidence of satisfaction of the 280G Approval Requirements or written notice of the nonsatisfaction thereof.

(d) In connection with the foregoing, Parent shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to provide Seller with all information reasonably necessary to allow Seller to determine whether any payments made or to be made or benefits granted or to be granted to any Disqualified Individual pursuant to any employment agreement or other agreement, arrangement or contract entered into or negotiated by Parent or its Affiliates ("**Parent Payments**"), together with all relevant payments and benefits, would reasonably be considered to be "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(2) of the Code at least two days prior to the solicitation of stockholder approval of the Excess Parachute Payments (including the Parent Payments) as set forth above.

Section 7.08. *Exclusivity*. From the date hereof until the Effective Time, except for the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, each Company, Seller and the Equityholders shall not, and each shall cause their respective Affiliates and Representatives not to, directly or indirectly, solicit, encourage, initiate, enter into any Contract, or encourage or entertain the submission of any proposal or offer from any Person relating to the direct or indirect acquisition of any Acquired Company Securities or any material portion of the assets of any Acquired Company, whether in an acquisition structured as a merger, consolidation, exchange, sale of assets, sale of stock or membership interests, or otherwise, or participate in any discussions or negotiations regarding, furnishing any information with respect to, assisting or participating in, or knowingly facilitating in any other manner any effort or attempt by any Person to do or seek any of the foregoing. Seller and each Company shall, and shall cause their Affiliates and Representatives to, immediately (i) cease and cause to be terminated any existing discussions or negotiations with any Person (other than Parent and Merger Subs) with respect to any of the matters addressed in this Section 7.08 and (ii) exercise contractual rights (if any) to cause the return or destruction of any confidential information shared with any such Persons in connection therewith.

Section 7.09. Release. Effective as of (and conditioned upon the occurrence of) the Closing, Seller, on behalf of its Affiliates, successors and assigns (collectively, the "Releasing Parties"), irrevocably forever waives, releases, remises and discharges Parent, the Acquired Companies, their respective predecessors, successors and Affiliates and, in their capacities as such, the equityholders, directors, officers, employees, consultants, attorneys, agents, assigns and employee benefit plans of the foregoing (the "Released Parties") from any claim or Liability that such Releasing Party may currently have, or may have in the future, against any such Released Party arising prior to, on or after the Closing Date (so long as the events giving rise to such claim or Liability occurred on or prior to the Closing (or are a continuation or repetition of the same facts or events)): (i) relating to any alleged inaccuracy or miscalculations in, or otherwise relating to the preparation of, the Equityholder Allocation Schedule (including as updated pursuant to this Agreement) and the allocation of Merger Consideration set forth therein or payments made in accordance therewith, (ii) relating to the approval or consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or any Transaction Documents or any other agreement contemplated herein or therein, including any alleged breach of any duty by any officer, manager, director or equityholder or other owner of ownership interests of any Acquired Company or (iii) arising under any of the Governing Documents of Seller or the Acquired Companies (collectively, the "Released Claims"), except that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the "Released Claims" shall not include, and nothing contained herein shall operate to release, (A) rights of Seller under this Agreement or any other rights that a Releasing Party may have under this Agreement or any Transaction Document, whether arising before or after the Effective Time, (B) any rights to or claims for indemnity by officers and directors of the Acquired Company in their capacity as such under the Governing Documents of the Acquired Companies or applicable contract for insurance or indemnification or under Section 10.06, (C) any claims that are not permitted to be released under Applicable Law, and (D) any claims first arising after the Closing under the Contracts not required to be terminated pursuant to Section 7.04. Seller (on behalf of the Releasing Parties) (i) represents that it has not assigned or transferred or purported to assign or transfer to any Person all or any part of, or any interest in, any Action or Liability of any nature, character or description whatsoever, which is or which purports to be released or discharged by this Section 7.09 and (ii) acknowledges that it may hereafter discover facts other than or different from those that it knows or believes to be true with respect to the subject matter of the Released Claims, but it hereby expressly agrees that, on and as of the Closing Date, Seller (on behalf of the Releasing Parties) shall have waived and fully, finally and forever settled and released any known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, asserted or unasserted, contingent or noncontingent claim with respect to the Released Claims, whether or not concealed or hidden, without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such different or additional facts. Without limitation of the foregoing, Seller (on behalf of the Releasing Parties) hereby waives the application of any provision of law, including California Civil Code Section 1542, that purports to limit the scope of a general release. Section 1542 of the California Civil Code provides:

"A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by him must have materially affected his settlement with the debtor."

Seller (on behalf of the Releasing Parties) hereby acknowledges and agrees that if Seller or any of the Releasing Parties should hereafter make any claim or demand or commence or threaten to commence any Action against any Released Party with respect to any Released Claim, this Section 7.09 may be raised as a complete bar to any such Action, and the applicable Released Party may recover from Seller all costs incurred in connection with such Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

Section 7.10. Data Room. Prior to the Closing, Seller shall deliver to Parent six copies of a USB, CD or DVD-ROM containing a complete copy of the online data room established for "Project Skyline" reflecting the contents of such data room as of the date that the USB, CD or DVD-ROM is delivered to Parent, and from and after the date of such delivery, Seller and the Companies will not, and will direct the other Acquired Companies and their respective Representatives not to, add any files to such data room without the prior written consent of Parent.

Section 7.11. Preparation of SEC Documents.

(a) From the date hereof until the Closing or the earlier termination of this Agreement in accordance with Article 13, Seller and each Company shall, and shall cause the other Acquired Companies and their respective Representatives to, use reasonable best efforts to provide Parent with all financial and other information regarding and readily available to such Person (or capable of production without undue burden) and otherwise provide assistance, in each case as reasonably required in connection with the filing of any Registration Statement. From the date hereof until the Closing or the earlier termination of this Agreement in accordance with Article 13, Seller shall use reasonable best efforts to facilitate Parent's efforts with respect to obtaining any information or assistance from any Equityholder reasonably requested by Parent in connection with the filing of any Registration Statement.

(b) Seller and each Company shall use its respective reasonable best efforts to ensure that none of the information supplied by it expressly for use in connection with any Registration Statement will, at the time delivered to Parent, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. If Seller or a Company becomes aware that any information so delivered to Parent includes any such untrue statement or omission, Seller or a Company shall promptly correct such information in a subsequent writing to Parent.

Section 7.12. Shelf Registration Statement. [***].

Section 7.13. *Insurance*. With respect to any loss, liability or damage relating to, resulting from or arising out of the conduct of the Business prior to the Closing, for which Seller or SWAT would be entitled to assert, or cause any other Person to assert, a claim for recovery under any policy of insurance in respect of any of the Acquired Companies, Seller, at the request of Parent, will and will cause SWAT to (a) use its reasonable best efforts to assert, or cause to be asserted, one or more claims under such policy of insurance covering such loss, liability or damage and pay all amounts received in respect of such claims to Parent, and otherwise reasonably cooperate with Parent to reasonably ensure that applicable claim reporting and other applicable policy requirements are met, (b) use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the benefit of the applicable insurance coverage under any applicable policy and pay such benefit to Parent, net of (i) any deductibles, co-payments or other out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including reasonably incurred by Seller or SWAT in seeking such insurance proceeds and (ii) any Taxes imposed on Seller or SWAT in respect of such claim that are received or produced by Seller or any of its Subsidiaries, (d) consult with Parent prior to any negotiation of or proposal with respect to any claim settlement and (e) add the Acquired Companies as loss payees to such policies. After the Closing, Seller shall not, and shall cause SWAT not to, release, commute, buy-back or otherwise eliminate (whether in whole or in part) insurance coverage under any of such policy with respect to any events, act, accidents, omissions, incidents, injuries or other forms of occurrences to the extent relating to the Business or the Acquired Companies as loss payees to such policies.

Section 7.14. Restrictive Covenants.

(a) From the date hereof until the [***] anniversary of the Closing Date, each of Seller and its Subsidiaries shall not, and shall cause their Affiliates not to, directly or indirectly, recruit, solicit, hire or otherwise attempt to hire, employ or engage, any Service Provider of any Acquired Company (the "Restricted Employees") or induce or attempt to induce any Restricted Employee to cease providing services to Parent (on and after the Closing Date), any Acquired Company or any of their respective Affiliates; *provided*, that the foregoing shall not be deemed to prohibit any generalized search for employees through media advertisements of general circulation (including through electronic media), employment search firms, open job fairs or otherwise (but, for the avoidance of doubt, shall prohibit hiring, employing or engaging any Restricted Employee who responds to any such generalized search); and *provided*, *further*, that this Section 7.14(a) shall not apply to any individual who has not been employed by Parent, any Acquired Company or any of their respective Affiliates for at least [***] months prior to such solicitation.

(b) From the date hereof until the [***] anniversary of the Closing Date, neither Seller nor any of its Subsidiaries shall, and each shall cause their controlled Affiliates not to, directly or indirectly, (i) invest in, own, manage or operate, any Competitive Business, (ii) become a director, officer, employee, member, manager, partner, principal, consultant, contractor, agent, representative, equityholder or lender of or to any Competitive Business, (iii) act as a consultant or contractor to any Competitive Business, or ion or other business any Competitive Business, or (iv) induce or attempt to induce any customer, vendor or other business relationship of any Acquired Company to cease or reduce doing business with any Acquired Company or otherwise impair the business relationship of any Acquired Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Competitive Business" means [***].

(c) From the date hereof, Seller shall not, and each shall cause its controlled Affiliates not to, directly or indirectly, make any disparaging statements or communications regarding any Acquired Company or any of their respective Affiliates.

(d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Section 7.14 shall not restrict, and shall not be deemed to have been breached as a result of, the passive ownership by Seller (together with its controlled Affiliates) of an aggregate of not more than [***] of any class of stock of a Person engaged, directly or indirectly, in a Competitive Business (without any other activity, engagement, services or disproportionate voting or consent rights), provided that such stock is listed on a national securities exchange.

(e) Seller acknowledges that Parent and Merger Subs would be unwilling to enter into the Merger Agreement and Transaction Documents, or consummate the transactions contemplated thereby, in the absence of Section 7.14(e), and that the covenants contained herein constitute a material inducement to Parent and Merger Subs to enter into, and consummate the transactions contemplated by (including payments of the amounts contemplated by), the Merger Agreement and the Transaction Documents. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Seller acknowledges and agrees that the restrictions contained in this Section 7.14 are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate interests of Parent and Merger Subs, and it is the intention of the parties hereto that if any of the restrictions or covenants contained in this Section 7.14 are for any reason held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions of this Section 7.14, and this Section 7.14 shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceabile provision had never been contained herein. It is the further intention of the parties hereto that if any of the restrictions or covenants contained herein is held to cover a geographic area or to be for a length of time which is not permitted by Applicable Law, or in any way construed to be too broad or to any extent invalid, such provision shall (to the maximum extent permitted by Applicable Law) not be construed to be null, void and of no effect, but instead shall be construed and interpreted or reformed to provide for a covenant having the maximum enforceable geographic area, time period and other provisions (not greater than those contained herein) as shall be valid and enforceable under such Applicable Law. If Seller breaches any provision of Section 7.14, with respect to such breached provisions, the periods set forth in Section 7.14(a), Section 7.14(c), as applicable, shall be tolled and shall nor un for the

Section 7.15. [***].

ARTICLE 8 TAX MATTERS

Section 8.01. Tax Matters.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, all Transfer Taxes incurred as a result of or in connection with the transactions contemplated under this Agreement shall be borne one-half by Seller, on the one hand, and one-half by Parent, on the other hand. The party required by Applicable Law to file a Tax Return with respect to such Transfer Taxes shall timely prepare, with the other parties' cooperation, and file such Tax Return, and promptly provide the other party with a copy thereof. Parent and Seller agree to timely sign and deliver (or to cause to be timely signed and delivered) such certificates or forms as may be necessary or appropriate in connection with such filing. [***].

(b) (i) Seller shall prepare or cause to be prepared (at its own expense) any Tax Return that is required to be filed by or with respect to any of the Acquired Companies on or prior to the Closing Date. Such Tax Returns shall be prepared in a manner consistent with the past practices of the Acquired Companies and this Agreement, unless otherwise required by Applicable Law. Seller shall (A) provide Parent with a copy of each such Tax Return taking into account any extensions thereof) and (B) promptly deliver such additional information regarding such Tax Return as may be reasonably be requested by Parent. Seller shall reflect any comments on such Tax Returns as are reasonably requested by Parent no later than five days before the due date thereof (taking into account applicable extensions).

(ii) Notwithstanding anything in this Section 8.01(b) to the contrary, Seller shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, all Tax Returns relating to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement that are required to be filed on or prior to the Closing Date [***] to Parent for review and comment at least 30 calendar days prior to the due date for the filing of such Tax Returns and Seller shall not file such Tax Returns without the prior written approval of the Parent, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed.

(c) Parent and Seller and their respective Affiliates shall cooperate fully, as and to the extent reasonably requested by the other party, in connection with the filing of any Tax Returns and any audit or other proceeding with respect to Taxes of any of the Acquired Companies. Such cooperation shall include the retention and (upon the other party's reasonable request) the provision of records and information which are reasonably relevant to any such Tax Return or audit or other proceeding and within such party's possession or obtainable without material cost or expense, and making employees or other representatives available on a mutually convenient basis to provide additional information and explanation of any material provided hereunder.

(d) The Parties shall prepare all Tax Returns consistent with, and shall not take any Tax position inconsistent with, the provisions of this Section 8.01(d):

(i) In the case of a Straddle Tax Period, the portion of Taxes that are allocable to a Pre-Closing Tax Period will be: in the case of real property Taxes (and Taxes computed on a similar basis), the amount of such Tax for the entire Straddle Tax Period multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days in the Straddle Tax Period ending on and including the Closing Date and the denominator of which is the total number of days in the entire Straddle Tax Period, and in the case of any other types of Taxes, the amount that would be payable if the relevant Straddle Tax Period ended on and included the Closing Date; *provided*, however, that exemptions, allowances or deductions with respect to any property owned by any Acquired Company that are calculated on an annual basis, such as the deduction for amortization and depreciation (other than with respect to property placed into service after the Closing) shall be allocated in a per diem basis.

(ii) Seller shall elect (or cause its relevant Affiliate to elect) pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.245A-5(e)(3)(i) to close the taxable year of any Acquired Company that is a "controlled foreign corporation" within the meaning of Section 957(a) of the Code at the end of the Closing Date and at least five calendar days before filing, shall provide Parent with the form of such election that is reasonably satisfactory to Parent.

(iii) To the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law, all Transaction Deductions will be treated as properly allocable to the Post-Closing Tax Period beginning on the day after the Closing Date. The Company will make a timely election under Revenue Procedure 2011-29 to apply the seventy percent (70%) safe-harbor to any Closing Date Transaction Expenses that are a "success based fee" as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.263(a)-5(f).

(e) [Intentionally omitted.]

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision in the Agreement to the contrary, all Tax Sharing Agreements between any Acquired Company, on the one hand, and any Person (other than any Acquired Company), on the other hand, shall be terminated prior to the Closing Date and, after the Closing Date, none of the Acquired Companies will be bound thereby or have any liability thereunder.

(g) The Parties hereto shall cooperate in good faith after the date hereof to take all commercially reasonable efforts to determine the proper Tax treatment of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Subject to the foregoing, it is the intent of the Parties as of the date hereof to treat the First DE Merger and the Second DE Merger, taken together, and the First Bermuda Merger and the Second Bermuda Merger, taken together, in each case, as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. In the event that the Parties agree following the date hereof that any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement constitute such a "reorganization", this Agreement shall constitute a "plan of reorganization" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.368-2(g) and Section 1.368-3. Notwithstanding this provision, none of Parent or any Acquired Company shall have any Liability or obligation to Seller or any member thereof should either (i) the First DE Merger and the Second DE Merger, taken together, or (ii) the First Bermuda Merger and the Second Bermuda Merger, taken together, fail to qualify as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

(h) [***].

(i) [***].

ARTICLE 9 Employee Matters

Section 9.01. Employee Matters.

(a) For a period of [***] Parent shall provide (or cause to be provided) to each Company Employee (other than the Key Employees) who is (i) employed by the Acquired Companies on the Closing Date and (ii) located in the United States (each, a "**Continuing Employee**"): [***]. Nothing in this Section 9.01(a) is intended to limit Parent or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) from taking or continuing to take reasonable actions on and after the Closing in response to ongoing COVID-19 related stresses on the business of Parent or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies), including reductions in force, furloughs, temporary layoffs, or reduced hours, pay or benefits.

(b) [***].

(c) [***].

(d) [***].

(e) With respect to any "employee benefit plan" (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries in which any Continuing Employee becomes a participant following the Closing, such Continuing Employee shall receive full credit for such Continuing Employee's service with Seller and its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) to the same extent that such service was recognized under an analogous Employee Plan in which such Continuing Employee participated as of immediately prior to the Effective Time for vesting (but not for purposes of any Parent RSUs or other equity incentive awards) and eligibility purposes (but not for benefit accrual purposes, except for vacation and severance, as applicable); *provided* that the foregoing shall not apply to the extent that its application would result in a duplication of benefits.

(f) In the event that any Continuing Employee first becomes eligible to participate in a welfare benefit plan of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries after the Effective Time (each, a "Parent Welfare Plan"), Parent shall, or shall cause its Subsidiaries to, use its commercially reasonable efforts to (i) waive all limitations as to preexisting conditions exclusions and all waiting periods with respect to participation and coverage requirements applicable to each Continuing Employee under any such Parent Welfare Plan to the same extent as such conditions and waiting periods have been waived under the applicable Employee Plans and (ii) credit each Continuing Employee for any co-payments, deductibles and other out-of-pocket expenses paid prior to the Closing Date under the terms of any corresponding Employee Plan in satisfying any applicable deductible, co-payment or out-of-pocket requirements for the plan year in which the Closing Date occurs under such Parent Welfare Plan, to the same extent credited under such corresponding Employee Plan immediately prior to the Closing.

(g) Prior to the Closing Date, to the extent reasonably requested by Parent, the Acquired Companies shall take any actions (including the adoption of resolutions) reasonably necessary to terminate, or cause to be terminated, any 401(k) plans of any of the Acquired Companies, effective no later than the Business Day immediately preceding, and subject to the occurrence of, the Closing.

(h) Seller shall not, without the prior written consent of Parent, transfer, assign or otherwise convey, or cause to be transferred, assigned or otherwise conveyed, any Employee Plans or other employee benefit plans, programs or policies sponsored, maintained or administered by Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies), including those plans, programs and policies set forth on Section 4.20(a) of the Seller Disclosure Schedule (each, a "Seller Employee Plan"), to any of the Acquired Companies. Prior to the Closing Date, Seller and Parent shall mutually cooperate to determine whether and to the extent that any Seller Employee Plans will be transferred to the Acquired Companies prior to the Closing and, if so mutually agreed by the parties to cause such a transfer, the terms of, and processes for, effectuating any such transfers.

(i) Without limiting the generality of Section 14.09, nothing in this Article 8, express or implied, (i) is intended to or shall confer upon any Person other than the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns, including any current or former Service Provider or any dependent or beneficiary thereof, any right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement, (ii) shall establish or constitute an amendment, termination or modification of, or an undertaking to establish, amend, terminate or modify, any Employee Plan, any Parent RSU Plan or any Parent Welfare Plan or any other benefit plan, program, agreement or arrangement, (iii) shall alter or limit the ability of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries) to amend, modify or terminate any Employee Plan, Parent RSU Plan, Parent Welfare Plan or any other benefit plan, program, agreement or arrangement at any time assumed, established, sponsored or maintained by any of them or (iv) shall create any obligation on the part of Parent or its Subsidiaries (toflowing the Second DE Effective Time or the Second Bermuda Effective Time, as applicable, the Surviving Corporations or their Subsidiaries) to employ or engage any Service Provider or any Continuing Employee for any period following the Effective Time.

ARTICLE 10 Additional Covenants

Section 10.01. Efforts; Further Assurances.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of Parent, each Merger Sub, Seller and the Acquired Companies will use commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken (including, in the case of Seller and each Company, by causing the other Acquired Companies to take), all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary under Applicable Laws to consummate the transactions

contemplated by this Agreement, including using commercially reasonable efforts to (i) determine whether any action by or in respect of, or filing with, any Governmental Authority is required in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) supply as promptly as practicable additional information and documentary material that may reasonably be requested pursuant to the HSR Act, (iii) prepare and file as promptly as practicable with any Governmental Authority documentation to effect all necessary filings, notices, petitions, statements, registrations, submissions of information, applications and other documents, or take any other required action and (iv) obtain and maintain all approvals, consents, registrations, permits, authorizations and other confirmations required to be obtained from any Governmental Authority that are neces proper or advisable to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided that the parties hereto understand and agree that neither Parent nor any of its Affiliates shall be obligated to (and, without Parent's prior written consent, no Acquired Company shall) (A) enter into any settlement, undertaking, consent decree, stipulation or agreement with any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, (B) divest, license, dispose of, transfer or otherwise hold separate (including by establishing a trust or otherwise), or take any other action (or otherwise agreeing to do any of the foregoing) with respect to, any of its or its Affiliates' or any Acquired Company's businesses, assets or properties, (C) litigate, challenge or take any action with respect to any Action by any Person, including any Governmental Authority or (D) agree to do any of the foregoing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the written request of Parent, Seller and each Company shall, and shall cause the other Acquired Companies to, agree to take any of the actions described in the previous sentence to the extent such action is conditioned upon the occurrence of the Closing. With respect to (and without expanding) the foregoing, each of Parent, each Merger Sub, Seller and each Company agree to execute and deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered (including, in the case of Seller and each Company, by causing the other Acquired Companies to execute and deliver), such other documents, certificates, agreements and other writings as may be necessary or desirable in order to consummate or implement expeditiously the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents. To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, each of Parent, each Merger Sub, Seller and each Company shall promptly notify the other parties hereto of any written notice or oral communication from any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, and shall provide a copy of any such written notice.

(b) In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, as promptly after the date hereof as reasonably practicable, but in any event within ten Business Days, each of Parent and Seller shall make an appropriate filing of a Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby. To the extent permitted under Applicable Law, each of Parent and Seller shall furnish to the other such necessary information and reasonable assistance as the other may request in connection with its preparation of any filing or submission that is necessary under the HSR Act and shall keep each other apprised of the status of any communications with, and any inquiries or requests for additional information from, any Governmental Authority in connection with such filing or submission, shall share a draft in advance to the extent practicable and consider in good faith the comments of the other with respect to any such filing or submission, and shall each permit the other to attend any

substantive meeting or telephone or video conference with any Governmental Authority with respect thereto unless prohibited by such Governmental Authority; provided that materials required to be provided pursuant to this Section 10.01(b) may be redacted (i) to remove references concerning the valuation of the Companies, (ii) as necessary to comply with contractual arrangements, and (iii) as necessary to address attorney-client or other privilege concerns and may be restricted to outside counsel.

(c) Prior to the Closing, Parent shall not, and shall cause its Affiliates not to, acquire or agree to acquire by merging or consolidating with, or by purchasing a substantial portion of the assets of or equity in, or by any other manner, any Person or portion thereof if such acquisition or agreement would reasonably be expected to delay satisfying the condition set forth in Section 11.01(a) prior to the End Date.

Section 10.02. Public Announcements; Confidentiality.

(a) The parties agree to consult with each other before issuing or making (and, prior to the Closing, Seller and each Company agrees to cause the other Acquired Companies to consult with Parent), and shall mutually agree upon the content and timing of, any press release, announcement to employees, customers or suppliers of the Acquired Companies or other public statement with respect to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby and, except for any press releases and public statements the making of which is or is reasonably believed to be required by Applicable Law or any rules of, or listing agreement with, any national securities exchange (in which case, the party proposing to issue such press release or make such public announcement shall to the extent reasonably permissible under such Applicable Law, rules or listing agreement and reasonably practicable under the circumstances consult in good faith with the other party before issuing any such press release or making any such press release, announcement, or except to the extent consistent with any prior press release, announcement provide in compliance with the terms of this Agreement, will not issue any such press release or make any such public statement prior to such consultation and agreement.

(b) The terms of the Confidentiality Agreement shall continue in full force and effect up to the Effective Time in accordance with its terms (and any information shared under Section 7.02 shall be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement) and are incorporated by reference herein. Except as otherwise expressly permitted by this Agreement, required by Applicable Law or any listing agreement with any national securities exchange, each party hereto shall maintain the confidentiality of the terms of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Confidentiality Agreement. If this Agreement is, for any reason, terminated prior to the Closing, the Confidentiality Agreement, (i) Parent may provide the PIPE Investors and potential investors with a copy of this Agreement and with general information on a confidential basis regarding the subject matter of this Agreement (and with copies of this Agreement), the other agreements contemplated hereby and thereby and the transactions contemplated hereby and (ii) Parent shall be permitted to disclose the terms of this Agreement in connection with any public filing relating to an IPO or SPAC.

(c) Seller acknowledges that the success of the Acquired Companies after the Effective Time depends upon the continued preservation of the confidentiality of information regarding the business, operations and affairs of the Acquired Companies (including trade secrets, confidential information and proprietary materials, which may include the following categories of information and proprietary materials: methods, procedures, computer programs and architecture, databases, customer information, lists and identities, employee lists and identities, pricing information, research, methodologies, contractual forms, and other information, whether tangible or intangible), but, for the avoidance of doubt, excluding any information exclusively related to the STING Wrong Pocket Assets (collectively, the "Confidential Information") accessed or possessed by Seller and its Affiliates and that the preservation of the confidentiality of such information by the Acquired Companies (before the Effective Time), the Equityholders, Seller and their respective Affiliates is an essential premise of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Seller shall hold, and shall cause its Subsidiaries and Representatives to hold, in confidence and not disclose to any other Person or use (other than for the purposes of monitoring or enforcing the rights of Seller or the Equityholders under this Agreement and the agreements ancillary hereto), any Confidential Information. Parent acknowledges that the confidentiality obligations set forth herein shall not extend to (i) information that is available to the public on the Closing Date, or thereafter becomes available to the public other than as a result of a breach of this Section 10.02 or disclosure by any Equityholder, (ii) any information lawfully in the possession of any Third Party Acquiror free and clear of any obligation of confidence prior to a Seller Change of Control Transaction, other than as a result of disclosure by or on behalf of Seller or any Equityholder, (iii) any information that is independently developed or discovered by any Third Party Acquiror without reference to or knowledge of any non-public, confidential or proprietary information of the Acquired Companies, o (iv) is rightfully communicated to any Third Party Acquiror by another third party (other than Seller or any Equityholder), and free and clear of any obligation of confidence and not acquired in any manner directly or indirectly from Seller or any Equityholder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any such Person may disclose Confidential Information (i) as and to the extent required by Applicable Law, so long as the disclosing party (A) provides prior written notice thereof to the party whose information will be disclosed and (B) uses commercially reasonable efforts to seek a protective order causing such information so disclosed to be kept confidential, and (ii) to any Affiliate, partner, member or wholly-owned subsidiary of such Equityholder and their respective officers, directors and relevant employees in the ordinary course of business, subject to confidentiality obligations, on a need-to-know basis solely for the purpose of monitoring the return on its investment in the Acquired Companies. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything in the Confidentiality Agreement to the contrary, Seller shall be entitled, without being in breach of this Agreement, to provide copies of this Agreement (together with all Exhibits hereto, but excluding the Schedules hereto) to its Equityholders. Any information included in the STING Wrong Pocket Assets shall be the confidential information of Seller and shall be maintained in confidence by Parent and its Affiliates and shall not be disclosed to a third party or used for any purpose, except as expressly permitted under this Agreement, without the prior written consent of Seller; provided that the exceptions set forth in the third sentence of this Section 10.02(c) shall apply to the disclosure and use of such information by Parent and its Affiliates, mutatis mutandis.

Section 10.03. Third-Party Notices and Consents. Promptly following the date hereof, Seller and each Company shall and shall cause the other Acquired Companies to cooperate with Parent and each Merger Sub in determining whether any actions are required to be taken or any consents, approvals or waivers are required to be obtained from third parties (including under any Contracts) in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Upon Parent's request, Seller and each Company shall and shall cause the other Acquired Companies to, use commercially reasonable efforts (including by cooperating with Parent and its Affiliates and Representatives) in connection with the giving of notices of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to any third parties, including pursuant to any Contracts to which any of the Acquired Companies is a party. Prior to the Effective Time, Seller and each Company shall use their commercially reasonable efforts (and shall cause the other Acquired Companies to use their respective commercially reasonable efforts) to obtain any third-party consents, waivers or novations (including under any Contracts); provided that in connection with obtaining any such third-party consent, waiver or novation, no Acquired Company will be required to (and, without the written consent of Parent, no Acquired Company shall) make or agree to make more than a de minimis payment (which shall be treated as a Transaction Expense), grant any accommodations or accept any amendment, conditions or obligations.

Section 10.04. *Notices of Certain Events*. Each party hereto shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the occurrence of any matter or event that would or would reasonably be expected to cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 11.01 not to be satisfied. Seller shall promptly notify Parent in writing of the occurrence of any matter or event that would or would reasonably be expected to cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 11.02 not to be satisfied. Each of Parent and each Merger Sub shall promptly notify Seller in writing of the occurrence of any matter or event that would or would reasonably be expected to cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 11.03 not to be satisfied. Seller shall promptly notify Parent of any notice or other communication from any Person asserting that such Person's consent is required, or that such Person is entitled to compensation or consideration from any of Parent, any Merger Sub, any Acquired Company or any of their respective Affiliates, in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents or any notice, letter or other communication received from a Governmental Authority. The delivery of any notice pursuant to this Section 10.04 shall not limit or otherwise affect the remedies available hereunder to the party receiving such notice.

Section 10.05. Books and Records. Following the Closing, upon reasonable advance notice, Parent shall, and shall cause its Affiliates to, give Seller reasonable access, during normal business hours and without undue interruption of Parent's or such Affiliate's business, to all books and records of the Acquired Companies in the possession of Parent or its Affiliates for periods prior to the Closing at reasonable times, and Seller shall have the right, at its own expense, to make copies of any such books and records, but in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii) solely to the extent (A) reasonably required by an Equityholder in connection with any Tax audit or other action by a Governmental Authority with respect to such Equityholder's indirect ownership of Acquired Company Securities, (B) necessary to comply with Applicable Law or (C) related to the defense of a claim made by a third Person (other than Parent or its Affiliates).

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no such access, disclosure or copying shall be permitted (i) for a purpose related to a dispute or potential dispute with Parent, the Surviving Corporations or any of their respective Affiliates, or (ii) if it would result in a loss of any attorney-client privilege, violate any confidentiality agreement or any Applicable Law: provided that, in the case of this clause (ii), Parent, Merger Subs, Seller and the Equityholders shall cooperate in good faith to develop substitute arrangements, to the extent reasonably possible, that do not result in the loss of such privilege, breach of such agreement or violation of such Applicable Law.

Section 10.06. Indemnification; D&O Insurance.

(a) All rights to indemnification by the Acquired Companies existing in favor of the D&O Indemnified Parties for their acts and omissions occurring prior to the Closing, as provided in the Governing Documents of such Acquired Company, in each case, as in effect on the date of this Agreement, shall survive the Closing and shall be observed by the Surviving Corporations (following the Closing) to the fullest extent available under Applicable Law for a period of [***] from the Effective Time, and any claim made requesting indemnification pursuant to such indemnification rights within such six-year period shall continue to be subject to this Section 10.06(a) until disposition of such claim.

(b) At or prior to the Closing Date, the Companies shall purchase a prepaid directors' and officers' liability insurance policy or policies (i.e., "tail coverage") (the "**D&O Tail**"), which policy or policies shall cover those persons who are currently covered by any Acquired Company's directors' and officers' liability insurance policy or policies on terms with respect to coverage and amount that are no less favorable than those of such policy or policies (and other terms reasonably satisfactory to Parent) for an aggregate period of not less than threspect to claims arising from facts or events that occurred at or before the Closing, including with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The obligations of Parent, the Surviving Corporations and their respective Subsidiaries and Affiliates with respect to any right of indemnification, advancement, reimbursement or contribution, whether under Applicable Law, Contract, Governing Documents or otherwise, of or to any Person who is now, has been at any time prior to the date hereof or becomes prior to or after the Closing an officer, director or employee of the Acquired Companies (each, a "**D&O Indemnified Party**"), against any and all Damages or Liabilities based in whole or in part on, or arising in whole or in part out of, the fact that such Person is or was an officer, director or employee of an Acquired Company, and pertaining to any matter existing or occurring, or any acts or omissions occurring, at or prior to the Closing, whether asserted or claimed prior to, at or after the Closing (including matters, acts or omissions occurring in connection with this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby) may be satisfied in full by making the proceeds, if any, under the D&O Tail available to Seller for the benefit of the D&O Indemnified Parties.

(c) In the event the Surviving Corporations or any of their respective successors or assigns (i) consolidates with or merges into any other Person and shall not be the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger, or (ii) transfers all or substantially all of its properties or assets to any Person, then, and in each such case, Parent shall ensure that the successors and assigns of the Surviving Corporation, as applicable, or at Parent's option, Parent, shall assume the obligations set forth in this Section 10.06.

(d) The terms and provisions of this Section 10.06 are intended to be enforceable by any of the D&O Indemnified Parties and their respective heirs and Representatives, each of whom is an intended third-party beneficiary of this Section 10.06. This Section 10.06 may not be amended, altered or repealed after the Closing in such manner as to adversely affect the rights of any D&O Indemnified Party or any of their successors, assigns or heirs without the prior written consent of the affected D&O Indemnified Party.

Section 10.07. Wrong Pockets Assets.

(a) Upon becoming aware of any assets, property, Contracts or other rights (including real property, personal property or intellectual property) (i) held by Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Companies or any of their Subsidiaries) that would be Parent Wrong Pockets Assets if held by Seller or any of its Affiliates (other than the Companies or any of their Subsidiaries) after the Closing or (ii) held by the Companies or any of their Subsidiaries that would be STING Wrong Pockets Assets if held by the Companies or any of their Subsidiaries after the Closing, Seller shall promptly notify Parent in writing thereof.

(b) Immediately prior to the Closing, each of Seller and SWAT shall cause (i) any assets, property, Contracts or rights that would be Parent Wrong Pocket Assets if held by Seller or its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) after the Closing to be transferred to Insite, and (ii) any assets, property, Contracts or rights that would be STING Wrong Pocket Assets if held by the Companies or any of their Subsidiaries after the Closing to be transferred to SWAT, in each case in accordance with their terms and pursuant to instruments of conveyance in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Parent. Immediately prior to the Closing, Seller, SWAT or one or more of its Subsidiaries (other than the Acquired Companies) shall assume, pay, settle, discharge or perform all Liabilities existing as of the Closing and to the extent relating to or arising out of SWAT or the STING Program (including any regulatory Actions relating thereto, Liabilities to third parties arising out of the Insite Services Agreement, Liabilities relating to the STING Wrong Pockets Assets and any other Liabilities relating to the STING Agonist or other related agonists) (the "Excluded Seller Liabilities").

(c) If there exists any Parent Wrong Pockets Assets as of immediately following the Effective Time, Seller shall give notice of such to Parent within 30 days of becoming so aware. If Parent receives such a notice or otherwise becomes aware of any such Parent Wrong Pockets Assets and requires such Parent Wrong Pockets Assets to be transferred to Parent or its Affiliates, Parent may give written notice to Seller. If such notice is given, Seller and/or SWAT shall, as soon as practicable and at their own cost, transfer or procure the transfer of such Parent Wrong Pockets Assets to Parent or its designee at no additional cost to Parent. The provisions of this Section 10.07(c) shall not limit or otherwise prejudice any other rights or remedies of Parent under this Agreement.

(d) If there exists any Contract that relates to both the STING Program, on the one hand, and the operations of the Seller and its Subsidiaries other than the STING Program, on the other hand, each of Parent, Seller and SWAT shall reasonably cooperate to develop and implement arrangements to pass along to Seller and SWAT the benefit and the Liabilities of the portion of any such Contract related to the STING Program; provided that in no event shall Parent or any of its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) be obligated to pay any money to any Person or to offer or grant other financial or other accommodations or concessions to any Person or otherwise incur any Liability or agree to bear any burden in connection with compliance with this Section 10.07(d). The obligations set forth in this Section 10.07(d) will terminate on the earlier of the date that is [***] months after the Closing and the applicable expiration date of each such Contract.

(e) In the event that Seller, SWAT or any of their respective Subsidiaries (other than the Acquired Companies) or any of their respective successors or assigns (i) consolidates with or merges into any other Person and shall not be the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger, or (ii) transfers all or substantially all of its properties or assets to any Person, then, and in each such case, Seller and SWAT shall, and ensure that the successors and assigns of the applicable Person(s), as applicable, assume the obligations set forth in this Section 10.07. Any such transaction structured as a sale of STING Wrong Pocket Assets shall expressly exclude, and in no event shall Seller or any of its Subsidiaries (other than the Acquired Companies) sell, any Parent Wrong Pocket Assets by way of an asset transfer or similar transaction.

Section 10.08. *R&W Insurance Policy*. The R&W Insurance Policy shall at all times provide that: (a) the insurer shall have no, and shall waive and not pursue any and all, subrogation rights against Seller or any of its Affiliates except against Seller or any of its Affiliates or any Equityholder solely in the case of that Person's Fraud and (b) Seller is a third party beneficiary of such waiver. Parent shall not amend, modify or otherwise change, terminate or waive any subrogation, or any of the provision, of the R&W Insurance Policy in any matter that would be adverse in any material respect to Seller or the Equityholders, without the prior written consent of Seller.

Section 10.09. Seller Cash. From and after the date hereof and through the PRC Tax Payment Date, Seller shall retain an amount of cash sufficient to pay any payments in respect of PRC Tax reasonably expected to be required to be paid to Governmental Authorities of PRC pursuant to Section 8.01(h) (and in any event no less than [***], and Seller shall not declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution that would cause Seller to be in violation of this Section 10.09.

ARTICLE 11 CONDITIONS TO CLOSING

Section 11.01. Conditions to Obligations of Parent, Merger Subs, Seller and the Companies. The obligations of Parent, Merger Subs, Seller and the Companies to consummate the Closing are subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions (or, to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, waiver by (i) Parent, on behalf of Parent and Merger Subs, and (ii) Seller, on behalf of Seller and each Company):

(a) Any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act relating to the transactions contemplated hereby shall have expired or been terminated.

(b) No provision of any Applicable Law and no Order shall prohibit, restrain or make illegal the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (a "Legal Restraint").

(c) The parties shall have received permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority in respect of the Bermuda Merger for the purposes of the Exchange Control Act 1972 of Bermuda and the related regulations made thereunder.

Section 11.02. Conditions to Obligation of Parent and Merger Subs. The obligations of Parent and each Merger Sub to consummate the Closing is subject to the satisfaction (or, to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, waiver by Parent, on behalf of itself and Merger Subs) of the following further conditions:

(a) Seller and each Company shall have performed in all material respects all of their covenants and obligations hereunder required to be performed by it prior to the Closing (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Section 10.07).

(b) (i) The representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies contained in Sections 4.05 and 4.07(a) and the representations and warranties of Seller contained in Section 5.05 shall be true and correct in all respects except for *de minimis* inaccuracies at and as of the Closing Date, as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct only as of such time); (ii) the other Fundamental Representations of Seller and the Companies shall be true and correct in all material respects at and as of the Closing Date, as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct only as of such time); (a) the other representations of Seller and the Closing Date as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies shall be true and correct only as of such time); and (iii) the other representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies on this Agreement shall be true and correct and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct only as of such time), in the case of this clause (iii), with only such exceptions as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have, or reasonably be expected to have, a Company Material Adverse Effect or a Seller Material Adverse Effect; *provided* that, for purposes of this Section 11.02(b), all materiality, Company Material Adverse Effect, Seller Material Adverse Effect and similar qualifications contained in the representations and warranties shall be disregarded.

(c) Since the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Parent and Merger Subs shall have received a certificate duly executed by the chief executive officer of the Company certifying as to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Sections 11.02(a), 11.02(b) and 11.02(c).

(e) Any approval under the HSR Act shall not be conditioned on Parent or any of its Affiliates taking any action not required to be taken under Section 7.01.

(f) Seller shall have complied with Section 7.05, Section 7.06 and Section 7.10.

(g) Parent shall have received (i) Support Agreements duly executed by (A) the Company and Equityholders holding at least [***]% of the outstanding voting interest of Seller and (B) the Key Employees, (ii) the Seller Written Consent duly executed by Seller and (iii) the Equityholder Written Consent, duly executed by the required number of Equityholders in accordance with Seller's Governing Documents, and each shall be in full force and effect.

(h) Seller shall have complied with Section 10.07(b) with respect to the matters identified in clause (i) of the definition of "STING Wrong Pocket Assets".

(i) The Key Employee Agreements shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been amended without Parent's prior written consent, and each of the Key Employees shall be an active, full-time employee of the Acquired Companies as of immediately prior to the Closing and shall not have previously indicated an intent to terminate such employment following the Closing.

(j) At least [***]% of each of (i) the Group 1 Employees, (ii) the R&D Employees and (iii) the Platform Employees shall be employed on an active, full-time basis by the Acquired Companies as of immediately prior to the Closing and shall not have previously indicated an intent to terminate such employment following the Closing (determined on a category-by-category basis).

(k) Upon Closing, no more than [***] of the Closing Consideration and the Second Tranche Consideration, in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to be required to be paid by Parent in cash as a result of Equityholders being Non-Qualified Investors.

(1) Parent shall have received from Seller an IRS Form W-9.

(m) Parent shall have received from Seller a good standing certificate of the Company, dated no more than [***] prior to the Closing Date.

Section 11.03. Conditions to Obligation of Seller and the Companies. The obligation of Seller and the Companies to consummate the Closing is subject to the satisfaction (or, to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, waiver by Seller, on behalf of itself and the Companies) of the following further conditions:

(a) Each of Parent and each Merger Sub shall have performed in all material respects all of its respective covenants and obligations hereunder required to be performed by it at or prior to the Closing Date.

(b) (i) The Fundamental Representations of Parent and Merger Subs contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects at and as of the Closing Date, as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct at and as of such time) and (ii) the other representations and warranties of Parent and Merger Subs contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such time) and (iii) the other representations and warranties of parent and Merger Subs contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be so true and correct only as of such time), in the case of this clause (ii), with only such exceptions as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have, or reasonably be expected to have, a Parent Material Adverse Effect; provided that, for purposes of this Section 11.03(b), all materiality, Parent Material Adverse Effect and similar qualifications contained in the representations and warranties shall be disregarded.

(c) The Company shall have received a certificate signed by an officer of Parent certifying as to Parent's and Merger Subs' satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Sections 11.03(a) and 11.03(b).

(d) Since the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred any Parent Material Adverse Effect.

ARTICLE 12 SURVIVAL; INDEMNIFICATION

Section 12.01. *Survival*. Except as expressly set forth in this Section 12.01 or in the case of Fraud, the representations and warranties of the parties hereto contained in this Agreement shall terminate effective as of the Closing and shall not survive the Closing for any purpose. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fundamental Representations shall survive the Closing (it**) The covenants and agreements of the parties hereto contained in this Agreement shall survive the Closing that any covenant or agreement made or to be performed pursuant to this Agreement that is intended to be performed prior to the Effective Time shall survive the Closing for a period of [***]. Any claims for Fraud hereunder shall survive the Closing until [***]. Notwithstanding the preceding sentences, any breach of representation, warranty, covenant or agreement in respect of which indemnity may be sought under this Agreement shall survive the time at which it would otherwise terminate pursuant to the preceding sentences if requisite written notice pursuant to Article 12 of the breach thereof giving rise to such right of indemnity shall have been given to Parent (if the indemnity is sought against Parent or any Merger Sub) or Seller (if the indemnity is sought against Seller or the Equityholders), as applicable, prior to such time. For the avoidance of doubt, it is the intention

of the parties hereto that the foregoing respective survival periods and termination dates supersede any applicable statutes of limitations that would otherwise apply to such representations and warranties and the right to make indemnification claims in respect thereof under this Agreement, and the Indemnified Parties hereby waive any defenses based on the statute of limitations to the extent inconsistent with the survival periods set forth herein.

Section 12.02. Indemnification.

(a) Subject to the limitations set forth in this Article 12, effective at and after the Effective Time, Seller (prior to the time of any Equityholder Distribution as set forth in Section 2.13 and, for purposes of Seller's indemnification obligations pursuant to clauses (ii) (with respect to any covenant of Seller to be performed after the Closing), (ix) and (x) of this Section 12.02(a), after the time of any Equityholder Distribution), and the Equivished results to be periodice and the closing, (i.e. and (c) of this occurs (c) and (c) of this occurs (c) and (c) of the constant (c) an Consideration will be deemed to have been received) at the time any claim for indemnification hereunder is paid), hereby indemnify Parent, each Merger Sub, each Acquired Company (including, for clarity, the Surviving Corporations) and each of their respective officers, directors, employees Affiliates and agents and each of their respective successors and permitted assigns (collectively, the "Parent Indemnified Parties ") against and agrees to hold each of them harmless from any and all damage, loss, fines, penalties, forfeitures, fees, costs and expense (including reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of investigation and reasonable out-of-pocket attorneys' fees and expenses in connection with any Action, whether involving a Third-Party Claim or a claim solely between the parties hereto, but excluding punitive damages of any kind; provided that punitive damages shall be included to the extent such damages are payable by an Indemnified Party to a third party in connection with a Third-Party Claim) ("Damages"), incurred or suffered by any Parent Indemnified Party (regardless of whether such Damages arise as a result of the negligence, strict liability, or other liability under any theory of law or equity of any Person) arising out of or resulting from; (i) any inaccuracy in or breach of any representation or warranty made by Seller or the Companies in this Agreement that survive the Closing (determined without regard to any qualification or exception contained therein relating to materiality, Company Material Adverse Effect, Seller Material Adverse Effect or similar qualification or standard); (ii) any breach of any covenant or agreement made or to be performed by any Acquired Company (at or prior to the Effective Time) or Seller pursuant to this Agreement; (iii) any Unpaid Transaction Expenses (to the extent not included in Final Unpaid Transaction Expenses, and only to the extent an indemnification claim for such is made within [***] (iv) any Closing Indebtedness (to the extent not included in Final Closing Indebtedness, and only to the extent an indemnification claim for such is made within [***] (v) any Covered Taxes; provided that, to the extent any amounts described in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of the definition of "Transaction Deductions" are economically borne by Seller but allocated to a Post-Closing Tax Period pursuant to Section 8.01(d)(iii), notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any indemnification payments in respect of Covered Taxes shall be determined by allocating, without duplication, the Transaction Deductions in respect of such amounts economically borne by Seller to the Pre-Closing Tax Period; (vi) any inaccuracy in, or claims from any Equityholder related to or arising out of, the Equityholder Allocation Schedule (including any update thereto), including

to the extent any Equityholder is entitled to receive any amounts (in its capacity as an Equityholder) in excess of the amounts (as applicable) indicated on the Equityholder Allocation Schedule, or the allocation of Merger Consideration set forth herein or therein or payments and distributions made by Seller in accordance herewith or therewith; (vii) any demand for appraisal or assertion of dissenter's rights by any Equityholder or other direct or indirect owner of ownership interests of any Acquired Company in connection with the DE Merger or the Bermuda Merger; (viii) any Acquired Company in connection with the DE Merger or the Bermuda Merger; (viii) any Acquired Company (or any of their respective Affiliates, successors or assigns), including any alleged breach of any fiduciary or other duty by any officer, manager, director, Equityholder or other direct or indirect owner of ownership interests of any Acquired Company or any other claim relating to the Governing Documents of, or any actions or omissions by, Seller, in each case in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby; (ix) Parent Wrong Pockets Assets; (x) Excluded Seller Liabilities; (xi) the matters set forth on Section 12.02 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule; or (xii) Fraud.

(b) SWAT hereby guarantees the indemnification obligations of Seller pursuant to Sections 12.02(a)(ix) and (x).

(c) Subject to the limitations set forth in this Article 12, effective at and after the Effective Time, Parent hereby indemnifies Seller, the Equityholders and each of their respective officers, directors, employees, Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) and agents and each of their respective successors and permitted assigns (collectively, the "Equityholder Indemnified Party (regardless of whether such Damages arise as a result of the negligence, strict liability, or other liability under any theory of law or equity of any Person) arising out of or resulting from: (i) any inaccuracy in or breach of any representation or warranty made by Parent or any Merger Sub in this Agreement that survive the Closing (determined without regard to any qualification or exception contained therein relating to materiality, Parent Material Adverse Effect or similar qualification or standard); and (ii) any breach of any covenant or agreement made or to be performed by any Acquired Company (after the Effective Time), Parent or any Merger Sub pursuant to this Agreement.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Parent Indemnified Parties shall, subject to the limitations set forth in this Article 12 and Article 3, be entitled to recover from the Milestone Payments any Damages that are indemnifiable pursuant to Section 12.02(a).

Section 12.03. Limitations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary:

(a) Subject to Section 12.03(b), the sole and exclusive sources of recovery in respect of any indemnification claim made by a Parent Indemnified Party pursuant to Section 12.02(a) shall (subject to Section 12.06(b)) be (i) the R&W Insurance Policy, (ii) the Indemnity Holdback Shares, (iii) Milestone Set-Off and (iv) solely with respect to any indemnification claim made pursuant to Section 12.02(a)(ii) (with respect to any covenant of Seller to be performed after the Closing), Section 12.02(a)(ix) or Section 12.02(a)(x), Seller and SWAT.

(b) If and only to the extent that an Equityholder has any liability with respect to Fraud committed by such Equityholder, such Equityholder shall satisfy such liability, at such Equityholder's sole discretion, [***].

Section 12.04. Third-Party Claim Procedures.

(a) The party seeking indemnification under Section 12.02 (the "Indemnified Party") agrees to give prompt notice in writing to the party against whom indemnity is to be sought (which notice in the case of the Equityholders shall be given to or by Seller or the Equityholders Representative) (the "Indemnifying Party") of the assertion of any claim or the commencement of any Action ("Claim") in respect of which indemnity may be sought under Section 12.02. Such notice shall set forth in reasonable detail such Claim and the basis for indemnification (taking into account the information then available to the Indemnified Party). Any Third-Party Claim notice shall be accompanied by copies of any material documentation submitted by the third party making such Third-Party Claim and shall describe in reasonable detail (to the extent known by the Indemnified Party) the facts constituting the basis for such Third-Party Claim and the amount (if known) of the claimed Damages. The failure to so notify the Indemnifying Party of its obligations hereunder, except to the extent such failure shall have materially and adversely prejudiced the Indemnifying Party.

(b) The Indemnifying Party (which may be Seller or the Equityholders Representative in the case of an indemnification claim pursuant to Section 12.02(a)) shall be entitled to participate in the defense of any Claim asserted by any third party ("**Third-Party Claim**") and, subject to the limitations set forth in this Section 12.04, shall be entitled to control and appoint lead counsel for such defense, in each case at its own expense.

(c) If the Indemnifying Party desires to assume the control of the defense of any Third-Party Claim in accordance with the provisions of this Section 12.04, the Indemnifying Party shall give written notice to the Indemnified Party within [***] after the Indemnified Party has given written notice to the Indemnifying Party (which notice in the case of the Equityholders shall be given to or by Seller or the Equityholders Representative) of the Third-Party Claim. If such notice is timely given, the Indemnifying Party shall be entitled to control and appoint lead counsel for such defense so long as (i) the Third-Party Claim involves only a claim for monetary damages and not any claim for an order, injunction or other equitable relief or relief for other than monetary damages against any Indemnified Party, (ii) the Indemnifying

Party timely provides the Indemnified Party with (A) evidence reasonably acceptable to the Indemnified Party that the Indemnifying Party will have adequate financial resources to defend against the Third-Party Claim and fulfill its indemnification obligations hereunder and (B) a statement that, based on the facts set forth in the notice required by this Section 12.04, the Indemnifying Party would have an indemnity obligation for the Damages resulting from such Third-Party Claim (subject to the limitations of this Article 12), (iii) the Third-Party Claim does not relate to or otherwise arise in connection with any criminal or regulatory Action, (iv) the Indemnifying Party is vigorously defending or prosecuting the Third-Party Claim and (v) it is reasonably likely that the Indemnifying Party (as opposed to the Indemnified Party) will bear a greater portion of the Damages with respect to such Third-Party Claim (after taking into account the other limitations set forth in this Article 12 and any other pending or resolved claims for indemnification).

(d) If the Indemnifying Party is controlling the defense of a Third-Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party shall obtain the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party before entering into any settlement, compromise or discharge of such Third-Party Claim; provided that the Indemnified Party shall agree to any settlement, compromise or discharge of a Third-Party Claim that the Indemnifying Party may recommend and that by its terms (i) obligates the Indemnifying Party to pay the full amount of the Damages in connection with such Third-Party Claim and the Indemnifying Party has the financial ability to pay the full amount of the Damages in connection with such Third-Party Claim and the Indemnifying Party has the financial ability to pay the full amount of such Damages, (ii) does not impose injunctive or equitable relief or require an admission of liability or wrongdoing on behalf of the Indemnified Party or any of its Affiliates and (iii) contains a full and unconditional release of the Indemnified Party and its Affiliates from all Damages and obligations with respect to such Third-Party Claim.

(e) If the Indemnifying Party does not timely deliver the notice contemplated by Section 12.04(a), or if such notice is given on a timely basis but any of the other conditions in this Section 12.04 are unsatisfied, the Indemnified Party may defend, and may consent to the entry of any judgment or enter into any compromise or settlement with respect to, the Third-Party Claim. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 12.04 to the contrary, whether or not the Indemnifying Party controls the defense of a Third-Party Claim, the Indemnified Party shall not admit any liability with respect to, or settle, compromise or discharge, such Third-Party Claim without the Indemnifying Party's prior written consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed); provided that the Indemnified Party may admit liability with respect to, or settle, compromise or discharge, such Third-Party Claim without the consent so long as the Indemnified Party releases, to the reasonable satisfaction of the Indemnifying Party, any claims to indemnification with respect to such Third-Party Claim pursuant to this Article 12.

(f) In circumstances where the Indemnifying Party is controlling the defense of a Third-Party Claim, the Indemnified Party shall be entitled to participate in the defense of any Third-Party Claim and to employ separate outside counsel of its choice for such purpose, in which case the fees and expenses of such separate counsel incurred by the Indemnified Party after such time as the Indemnifying Party assumed control pursuant to Section 12.04(a) shall be borne by the Indemnified Party; *provided* that notwithstanding the foregoing, the Indemnifying Party shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such separate outside counsel (i) incurred by the Indemnified Party prior to the date the Indemnifying Party shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such separate outside counsel (i) incurred by the Indemnified Party prior to the date the Indemnifying Party shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such separate outside counsel (i) incurred by the Indemnifying party prior to the date the Indemnifying Party shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such separate outside counsel (i) incurred by the Indemnifying party point to the date the Indemnifying Party assumed counted of the Third-Party Claim, in either case as provided in this Section 12.04, (ii) if representation of both the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Party by the same counsel would create a conflict of interest (including if any counsel chosen by the Indemnifying Party requests a conflict waiver or other waiver from the Indemnified Party with respect to such matter) or (iii) there may be one or more defenses or claims available to the Indemnified Party that are different from or additional to those available to the Indemnifying Party and that could be adverse to the Indemnifying Party.

(g) Each of the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Party shall cooperate, and cause its respective Affiliates to cooperate, in the defense or prosecution of any Third-Party Claim and shall promptly furnish or cause to be furnished such records, information and testimony, and attend such conferences, discovery proceedings, hearings, trials or appeals, as may be reasonably requested in connection therewith. The party controlling the defense of any Third-Party Claim shall keep the non-controlling party reasonably informed and apprised of the status of, and all material developments regarding, such Third-Party Claim.

(h) The existence of any Third-Party Claim shall not create a presumption of any breach by a party to this Agreement of any of its representations, warranties or covenants set forth in this Agreement.

Section 12.05. Direct Claim Procedures. In the event an Indemnified Party has a claim for indemnity under Section 12.02 against an Indemnifying Party that does not involve a Third-Party Claim, the Indemnified Party agrees to give prompt notice in writing of such claim to the Indemnifying Party (which notice in the case of the Equityholders shall be given to or by Seller or the Equityholders Representative). Such notice shall set forth in reasonable detail such claim and the basis for indemnification (taking into account the information then available to the Indemnifying Party, including the nature of the claim and the amount of Damages claimed (to the extent known or estimated, which amount shall not be conclusive evidence of the final amount of such direct claim, along with copies of any material relevant documents). The failure to so notify the Indemnifying Party shall not relieve the Indemnifying Party (which notice in the case of the Equityholders shall be given to or by Seller or the Equityholders Representative) has timely, and in any event within [***] following receipt of such notice, disputed its indemnity obligation for any Damages with respect to such claim, the parties shall proceed in good faith to negotiate a resolution of such dispute and, if not resolved through negotiations, such dispute shall be resolved by litigation in an appropriate court of jurisdiction determined pursuant to Section 14.07.

Section 12.06. Calculation of Damages.

(a) The amount of any Damages payable under Section 12.02 by the Indemnifying Party shall be net of any amounts recovered by the Indemnified Party under applicable insurance policies (net of any costs or expenses incurred in the collection thereof, including deductibles, and applicable premium adjustments). Subject to Section 12.06(b), no Parent Indemnified Party shall be required to seek recovery under any insurance policy. The Parent Indemnified Party shall be required to seek recovery under any insurance policy. The Parent Indemnified Parties shall reasonably promptly refund any amount it actually receives (net of any costs or expenses incurred in the collection thereof) from insurance, including any amount recovered by Parent under the R&W Insurance Policy, to the extent it or Parent actually receives such amount after payment by an Indemnifying Party.

(b) For so long as the remaining limit of liability under the R&W Insurance Policy (taking into account pending claims) is [***] prior to seeking recovery under Section 12.02(a)(i) or Section 12.02(a)(v) in respect of any Milestone Set-Off or Indemnity Holdback Shares, Parent shall first use commercially reasonable efforts to seek recovery under the R&W Insurance Policy (but only to the extent the underlying claim is covered thereby) and the insurer under the R&W Insurance Policy shall have provided Parent a final written notice that the claim will not be paid; *provided*, *however* no Parent Indemnified Party will be required to commence any litigation or action against the insurer under the R&W Insurance Policy. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the foregoing order of recovery, Parent shall be entitled to make a claim under both the R&W Insurance Policy and Section 12.02(a)(i), and/or Section 12.02(a)(v), shall be deemed to be pending for purposes of Section 12.10. In the event of a claim under both the R&W Insurance Policy in the event of a claim under both the R&W Insurance Policy in the event of a claim under both the R&W Insurance Policy and Section 12.02(a)(v), shall be deemed to be pending for purposes of Section 12.10. In the respect to the control of any such claim) shall control.

(c) The Indemnifying Party shall not be liable under Section 12.02 (i) for any Damages relating to any matter to the extent that the Indemnified Party has recovered such Damages pursuant to Section 2.09 and/or (ii) to the extent such matter was otherwise included in any Final Amount that was a deduction for purposes of calculating the Final Adjustment Amount.

(d) No Indemnified Party shall be entitled to any duplicative recovery for any Damages, and any Damages for indemnification under this Agreement shall be determined without duplication of recovery due to the facts giving rise to such Damages constituting a breach of more than one representation, warranty, covenant or agreement.

(e) Seller and each Equityholder hereby agrees that (i) the availability of indemnification of the Parent Indemnified Parties under this Article 12 shall be determined without regard to any right to indemnification, advancement, contribution or reimbursement that Seller or such Equityholder may have from any Acquired Company (whether such rights may arise from or pursuant to Applicable Law, Contract, the Governing Documents of any Acquired Company or otherwise), and (ii) neither Seller nor such Equityholder shall be entitled to any indemnification, advancement, contribution or reimbursement from Parent or any Acquired Company or any of their respective Affiliates for amounts for which such Person is (or would be) responsible to indemnify any Parent Indemnified Party under this Article 12 (determined without regard to any thresholds, deductibles, caps, survival periods or other limitations).

(f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, no Indemnified Party shall be entitled to make a claim for indemnification for, and none of the Final Amounts shall include, any of the following: (i) Taxes of the Acquired Companies relating to a Pre-Closing Tax Period that arise because of an election, if any, made pursuant to Section 336 or 338 of the Code (or any similar provision of any Tax Law) with respect to the Mergers; (ii) Taxes resulting from any action outside the ordinary course of business taken by the Acquired Companies on the Closing Date after the Closing; (iii) Transfer Taxes borne by Parent pursuant to Section 8.01(a) or (iv) Taxes with respect to any Tax period (or portion thereof) beginning after the Closing Date (other than Taxes resulting from breach of Section 4.10(d), Section 4.10(f), or Section 4.10(o)).

Section 12.07. Characterization of Indemnification Payments. To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, any amount paid pursuant to this Article 12 shall be treated for Tax purposes as adjustments to the Merger Consideration.

Section 12.08. *Exclusivity of Remedy*. Subject to Section 14.12, and without limiting any party's rights (i) under any other Transaction Document or any other agreement entered into in connection with this Agreement or (ii) with respect to claims for Fraud against the Person that committed the Fraud, the parties hereto acknowledge and agree that, from and after the Effective Time, the indemnification provisions in this Article 12 shall be the sole and exclusive monetary remedy of any party with respect to any and all claims arising out of breaches of representations, warranties, covenants or agreements contained in this Agreement.

Section 12.09. *Mitigation*. Parent, the Surviving Corporations, the Equityholders, and Seller shall cooperate with each other with respect to resolving any claim for Damages with respect to which one party is obligated to indemnify the other party hereunder, including by making commercially reasonably efforts to mitigate or resolve any such claim for Damages as required by Applicable Law; *provided*, *however*, that no party shall be required to make such efforts if they would be detrimental in any material respect to such party.

Section 12.10. Indemnity Holdback Shares.

(a) [***].
(b) [***].
(c) [***].

Section 12.11. No Implied Representations

(a) Parent and Merger Subs acknowledge and agree (for itself and on behalf of their Affiliates) that (i) the representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies expressly set forth in Article 4 and Article 5 or in any Transaction Document constitute the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of Seller and the Companies or any of their respective businesses, prospects or operations or otherwise in connection with this Agreement, (ii) any estimate, projection, prediction, data, financial information, memorandum, presentation or any other materials or information provided or addressed to Parent or any of its Affiliates or the Representatives of any of the foregoing, including any materials or information made available in the electronic data room hosted by or on behalf of Seller and the Companies in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby or in connection with presentations by Seller's and the Companies' management, are not and shall not be deemed to be or include representations or warranties unless and to the extent any such materials or information is covered by any express representation or warranty set forth in this Agreement or in any Transaction Document, neither Seller, the Companies nor any current or former shareholder (other than Seller as a shareholder of the Companies), director, officer, employee, Affiliate or other Representative of the Seller or the Companies has made and is not making, and neither Parent nor Merger Subs are relying upon, any representations or warranties whatsoever regarding Seller or the Acquired Companies or the subject matter of this Agreement or any Transaction Document, expresentations or warranties.

(b) Seller and the Companies acknowledge and agree (for itself and on behalf of their Affiliates) that (i) the representations and warranties of Parent and Merger Subs expressly set forth in Article 6 or in any Transaction Document constitute the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of Parent and Merger Subs or any of their respective businesses, prospects or operations or otherwise in connection with this Agreement, (ii) any estimate, projection, prediction, data, financial information, memorandum, presentation or any other materials or information provided or addressed to Seller or the Companies or any of their Affiliates or the Representatives of any of the foregoing, including any materials or information made available in the electronic data room hosted by or on behalf of Parent in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby or in connection with presentations or warranties unless and to the extent any such materials or information is the covered by any express representation or warranty set forth in this Agreement, or in any Transaction Document, and (iii) except for the subject matter covered in Article 6 or the representations and warranties in any Transaction Document, neither Parent, Merger Subs nor any current or former shareholder (other than Parent as a shareholder of Merger Subs), director, officer, employee, Affiliate or other Representations or warranties are relying upon, any representations or warranties whatsoever regarding Parent or Merger Subs or the subject matter of this Agreement or any Transaction Document, express or implied.

ARTICLE 13 TERMINATION

Section 13.01. Grounds for Termination. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Closing:

(a) by mutual written agreement of Seller and Parent;

(b) by Seller or Parent if the Closing shall not have been consummated on or before May 31, 2021 (such date, the "End Date"); provided that the right to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 13.01(b) shall not be available to Parent if Parent's or any Merger Sub's, or to Seller if Seller's or any Company's, breach of any provision of this Agreement results in the failure of the Closing to occur by such date;

(c) by either Seller or Parent if there shall be any nonappealable Legal Restraint that makes consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby illegal or otherwise prohibited; *provided*, *however* that a party shall not be permitted to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 13.01(c) if (i) such party is in breach of this Agreement with respect to efforts to have such Legal Restraint becoming nonappealable or (ii) such party's failure to fulfill any obligations under this Agreement shall have been the proximate cause of the occurrence of such Legal Restraint;

(d) by Seller if there has been a misrepresentation or breach of warranty or breach of covenant or other agreement set forth in this Agreement by Parent or Merger Subs that would cause the conditions set forth in Section 11.03(a) or Section 11.03(b) not to be satisfied, and either (i) if curable, not cured within 30 days after receipt of written notice from Parent, or (ii) such condition is incapable of being satisfied by the End Date; and

(e) by Parent if there has been a misrepresentation or breach of warranty or breach of covenant or other agreement set forth in this Agreement by Seller or any Company that would cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 11.02(a), Section 11.02(b) or Section 11.02(c) not to be satisfied, and either (i) if curable, not cured within [***] days after receipt of written notice from Seller, or (ii) such condition is incapable of being satisfied by the End Date:

(f) by Parent if there is a Company Material Adverse Effect after the date hereof.

The party desiring to terminate this Agreement pursuant to Section 13.01(b), Section 13.01(c), Section 13.01(d), Section 13.01(e) or Section 13.01(f) shall give notice of such termination to the other party.

Section 13.02. *Effect of Termination*. If this Agreement is terminated as permitted by Section 13.01, such termination shall be without Liability of any party (or any stockholder, equityholder, director, officer, employee, agent, consultant or representative of such party) to any other party to this Agreement; *provided* that if such termination shall result from the intentional and material breach by any party hereto, such party shall be fully liable for any and all Damages incurred or suffered by any other party as a result of such intentional and material breach. The provisions of this Section 13.02 and Article 14 (other than Section 14.12) shall survive any termination hereof pursuant to Section 13.01.

ARTICLE 14 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 14.01. Notices. All notices, requests and other communications to any party hereunder shall be in writing (including electronic mail ("e-mail") transmission) and shall be deemed to have been duly given and made if (i) in writing and served by personal delivery upon the party for whom it is intended; (ii) delivered by "e-mail" with receipt confirmed; or (iii) if delivered by certified mail, registered mail or courier service, return-receipt received, to the party at the address set forth below,

if to Parent, Merger Subs or the Surviving Corporations, to:

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB, United Kingdom Attention: Marianne Romeo Email: Marianne.romeo@roivant.com with a copy to:

Roivant Sciences, Inc. 151 West 42nd Street, 15th Floor New York, New York 10036 Attention: General Counsel E-mail: legalnotices@roivant.com

with a copy to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Brian Wolfe E-mail: brian.wolfe@davispolk.com

if to Seller or, prior to the Closing, to the Companies, to:

415 D St, Ste 205 Boston, MA Attention: Lanny Sun E-mail: l.sun@silicontx.com

with copies to:

Cooley LLP 4401 Eastgate Mall San Diego, CA 92121 Attention: Rama Padmanabhan; Patrick Loofbourrow E-mail: rama@cooley.com; loof@cooley.com

or, in each case, to such other address or facsimile number as such party may hereafter specify for the purpose by notice to the other parties hereto. All such notices, requests and other communications shall be deemed received on the date of receipt by the recipient thereof if received prior to 4:00 p.m. in the place of receipt and such day is a business day in the place of receipt. Otherwise, any such notice, request or communication shall be deemed not to have been received until the next succeeding business day in the place of receipt.

Section 14.02. Amendments and Waivers.

(a) No amendment of any provision of this Agreement shall be valid unless the amendment is in writing and signed by Parent, the Companies (or the Surviving Corporations following the Closing) and Seller. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be valid unless the waiver is in writing and signed by the waiving parties.

(b) No failure or delay by any party in exercising any right, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. The rights and remedies herein provided shall be cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies provided by Applicable Law.

Section 14.03. Disclosure Schedule References. The parties hereto agree that any reference in a particular Section of the Seller Disclosure Schedule shall only be deemed to be an exception to (or, as applicable, a disclosure for purposes of): (i) the representations and warranties of the relevant party that are contained in the corresponding Section of this Agreement and (ii) any other representations and warranties of such party that are contained in this Agreement, but only if the relevance of that reference as an exception to (or a disclosure for purposes of) such representations and warranties is reasonably apparent on the face of such disclosure.

Section 14.04. Expenses. Except as otherwise provided herein, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement shall be paid by the party incurring such cost or expense.

Section 14.05. Successors and Assigns.

(a) The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns; *provided* that no party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the written consent of Parent (in the case of the Companies and Seller prior to the Closing) and the Equityholders Representative following the Closing) and Seller (in the case of Parent or Merger Subs prior to the Closing) or the Equityholders Representative (in the case of Parent or Merger Subs prior to the Closing) or the Equityholders Representative (in the case of Parent or Merger Subs or, after the Effective Time, the Surviving Corporations, as the case may be, may, subject to Section 3.06, transfer or assign their rights and obligations under this Agreement, in whole or from time to time in part, (i) to one or more of Parent's Affiliates at any time or (ii) after the Effective Time, to any Person; *provided* that, in the event of any such assignment (except as provided in Section 3.06), Parent nonetheless shall remain responsible for the performance of its obligations hereunder.

(b) Prior to the Effective Time, Seller shall cause the Equityholders (or their successors or assigns) to select a single representative to serve as a representative of all Equityholders effective as a the Effective Time, which representative shall be a professional stockholders' representative (e.g., Fortis Advisors LLC, or Shareholder Representative Services LLC), or upon the prior written consent of Parent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), any other representative of the Equityholders that is reasonably satisfactory to Parent (such representative, as applicable, the "Equityholders Representative") and, in this respect, shall appoint, authorize and empower such Person to act as the agent and attorney-in-fact on behalf of each Equityholder, on terms, and with such power and authority, on customary terms and conditions, and Seller shall assign, delegate or otherwise transfer its rights and obligations vis-à-vis the Equityholders under this Agreement to such Equityholders Representative, including the obligation to receive and distribute the Equityholder Distributions to the Equityholders pursuant to Section 2.13. In o event shall Seller voluntarily adopt or carry out any such plan absent the foregoing assignment, delegation or transfer. For the avoidance of doubt, such Equityholders Representative esolutions of beller (unless otherwise consented to pursuant to Section 14.05(b) and shall thus be solely responsible for the exercise of, and be fully empowered to exercise, all powers and authority of Seller hereunder (including powers and authority in respect of dispute resolutions,

indemnification claims, giving and receiving notices, granting any consent or agreeing to any amendments of the terms hereof in accordance with the terms herein) without any consent of or action by the Equityholders, and Parent and its Affiliates (including the Surviving Corporations) shall be entitled to rely on any decision, notice, consent, instruction, action or omission of such Equityholders Representative, on behalf of the Equityholders, and shall not be liable to any Equityholder or any other Persons for actions taken or omitted in accordance with or reliance upon the same. Without limiting the foregoing, following the appointment of the Equityholders Representative, Parent may make any payment contemplated hereunder to be made to Seller to the Equityholders Representative, and such payment to the Equityholders Representative shall discharge Parent's obligations with respect thereto.

(c) At all times prior to appointment of an Equityholders Representative as provided above, by their approval of this Agreement or their acceptance of any Equityholder Distribution, Seller shall be, and hereby is, appointed as the "Equityholders Representative". Seller hereby accepts such appointment as the initial Equityholders Representative.

(d) By their approval of this Agreement or their acceptance of any Equityholder Distribution, the Equityholders shall be deemed to have agreed, in addition to the foregoing:

(i) Seller and the Equityholders Representative are authorized and empowered and have the full authority to act as the agent and attorney-in-fact for each Equityholder regarding any matter relating to or arising under this Agreements or with respect to the matters contemplated hereby, including as described in Section 14.05(b) and for the purposes of: (i) taking any action on behalf of the Equityholders that may be necessary or desirable, as determined by Seller or the Equityholders Representative, in its sole discretion, in connection with Article 3, the indemnification provisions set forth in Article 12, and the amendment of this Agreement as provided herein; (ii) taking any action on behalf of the Equityholders that may be necessary or desirable, as determined by Seller or the Equityholders Representative, in its sole discretion, in connection with Article 3, the indemnification provisions set forth in Article 12, and the amendment of this Agreement as provided herein; (ii) taking any action on behalf of the Equityholders that may be necessary or desirable, as determined by Seller in its sole discretion, in connection with negotiating or entering into any settlements, resolutions and compromises with respect to the adjustments or payments contemplated by Section 2.09(a), Article 3 or Article 12; (iii) accepting and giving notices on behalf of the Equityholder; and (iv) otherwise taking any and all actions, and making all decisions necessary to be made, on behalf of each Equityholder from time to time as Seller or the Equityholders Representatives to assist in connection therewith.

(ii) Parent and its Affiliates (including the Surviving Corporations) shall be entitled to rely on any decision, notice, consent, instruction, action or omission of Seller or the Equityholders Representative, on behalf of the Equityholders, and shall not be liable to any Equityholder or any other Persons for actions taken or omitted in accordance with or reliance upon the same.

(iii) All actions, decisions and instructions of Seller or the Equityholders Representative shall be conclusive and binding upon each of the Equityholders, and no Equityholders shall have any cause of action against the Equityholders Representative for any action taken, decision made or instruction given by the Equityholders Representative in connection with this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, except for fraud or willful breach of this Agreement on the part of the Equityholders Representative.

(iv) The provisions of this Section 14.05 are independent and severable, are irrevocable and coupled with an interest, and shall be enforceable notwithstanding any rights or remedies that any Equityholder may have in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(v) The provisions of this Section 14.05 shall be binding upon the executors, heirs, legal representatives successors and assigns of each Equityholder, and any references in this Agreement to an Equityholder or the Equityholders shall mean and include the successors to Equityholders' rights hereunder, whether pursuant to testamentary disposition, the laws of descent and distribution or otherwise.

(e) The Equityholders Representative, in its capacity as such, shall not be required to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the exercise or performance of any of its powers, rights, duties or privileges or pursuant to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby and, accordingly, the Equityholders Representative shall be entitled to reimbursement or advancement from the Equityholders of any osts or expenses arising out of or incurred in connection with the acceptance and administration of its duties hereunder by, at the election of the Equityholders Representative, at any time, from any Merger Consideration otherwise distributable as an Equityholder Distribution or, if no such distribution is then available or imminent, from each Equityholder in accordance with the *pro rata* portion of the Equityholder Distributions received or receivable by such Equityholders, payable in cash. As between Seller and the Equityholders Representative on the one hand and the Equityholders of other distributions shall be liable for any act done or omitted to be done hereunder, while acting in good faith, and any act done or omitted to be done hereunder, being and can any act done or omitted to be done hereunder.

(f) In the event the Equityholders Representative dies, becomes unable to perform his, her or its responsibilities hereunder or resigns from such position, the Equityholders who have collectively received or are otherwise entitled to receive at least a majority of the Equityholder Distributions received or receivable by the Equityholders hereunder shall be authorized to and shall select another representative to fill such vacancy and such substituted representative shall be deemed to be the Equityholders Representative for all purposes of this Agreement and the documents delivered pursuant hereto.

(g) For so long as Seller is serving as the Equityholders Representative, as between Seller (in its capacity as the Equityholders Representative) and the Equityholders, it is agreed that the Equityholders who have collectively received or are otherwise entitled to receive at least a majority of the Equityholder Distributions received or receivable by the Equityholders hereunder shall be entitled to give instructions to Seller (in its capacity as the Equityholders Representative) with respect to the administration and function of its duties as such and, in such event, Seller (in its capacity as the Equityholders Representative) will adhere to, act upon and follow any such instructions given by such majority.

Section 14.06. Governing Law. This Agreement and all Actions arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of Delaware, without regard to the conflicts of law rules of such state.

Section 14.07. Jurisdiction. The parties hereto agree that any Action seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought exclusively in the Delaware Chancery Court or, if such court shall not have jurisdiction, any federal court located in the State of Delaware or other Delaware tate court, and that any cause of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such Action so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such Action, and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such Action in any such Action trat any such Action thas been brought in an inconvenient forum. Process in any such Action may be served on any party anywhere in the world, whether within or without the jurisdiction of such courts, the foregoing, each party agrees that service of process on such party as provided in Section 14.01 shall be deemed effective service of process on such party.

Section 14.08. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY FINANCING).

Section 14.09. Counterparts; Effectiveness; No Third-Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by electronic means), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by each other party hereto, this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication). No provision of this Agreement is intended to confer any rights, benefits, remedies, obligations, or liabilities hereunder upon any Person other than the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns except D&O Indemnified Parties and their respective heirs and Representatives shall be express third party beneficiaries of, and shall be entitled to enforce Section 10.06 (Indemnification; D&O Insurance).

Section 14.10. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the other Transaction Documents and the Confidentiality Agreement constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersede all prior agreements and understandings, both oral and written, between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement.

Section 14.11. Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction or other Governmental Authority to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any party. Upon such a determination, the parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the parties as closely as possible in an acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated hereby be consummated as originally contemplated to the fullest extent possible.

Section 14.12. Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with the terms hereof and that the parties shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement or to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the courts set forth in Section 14.07, in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity.

Section 14.13. *Changes Affecting Parent Common Stock*. In the event of any reclassification, share subdivision (including reverse share split), share dividend or distribution, recapitalization, conversion or exchange, including in connection with a merger or consolidation or any other similar transaction (the foregoing, a "**Parent Stock Event**") affecting the shares of Parent Common Stock, the consideration payable pursuant to this Agreement in the form of Parent Common Stock and all calculations and definitions necessary to the interpretation thereof, including the Issuance Price, shall be appropriately adjusted equitably and proportionately to the extent appropriate to preserve the intended consequence of the adjustment. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) if the Parent Common Stock is converted in a merger prior to the Closing, each share of Parent Common Stock that would otherwise have been issued hereunder shall be converted into the regive the merger consideration payable in respect of each such share of Parent Common Stock is a specific to the same specific and (ii) for purposes of illustration, if there is a [***] recapitalization of the Parent Common Stock prior to the Closing, the Issuance Price would be reduced to [***]. The foregoing sentence shall apply in the case of each successive Parent Stock Event.

Section 14.14. Attorney-Client Privilege. The Parties agree that upon the Closing, Seller shall hold and control any attorney-client privilege or attorney work product protection held by Seller or the Acquired Companies ("Privilege") with respect to any communications between Cooley and any officer, director or employee of Seller or the Acquired Companies that (i) relate to the Mergers and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (ii) occur prior to the Closing (the "Privileged Communications"). Seller shall have the sole and exclusive right to assert or waive Privilege with respect to Privileged Communications. Absent the consent of Seller, neither Parent nor the Surviving Corporations shall have a right to access the Privileged Communications. Absent the consent of Seller or the Acquired Companies after the Closing shall not constitute a waiver of any Privilege with respect to the Privileged Communications. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 14.14, in the event that a dispute arises between Parent or its Affiliates, including, following the Closing, the Acquired Companies, on the one hand, and a third party other than Seller or its Affiliates, on the other hand, Seller shall use commercially reasonable efforts, at Parent's expense, to assert the privileged Communications.

[Signature Pages Follow]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

SCIENCES LTD.

By: /s/ Ilan Oren Name: Ilan Oren Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Merger Agreement]

SILICON THERAPEUTICS, LLC

By: /s/ Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Name: Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Title: President

SILICON INSITE, INC.

By: /s/ Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Name: Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

SILICON TX CHINA

By: /s/ Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Name: Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Title: President

SILICON SWAT, INC.

By: /s/ Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Name: Peiqi (Lanny) Sun Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

[Signature Page to Merger Agreement]

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

by and among

Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc.

(the "Company"), Pharmavant 5, Inc.

("Purchaser"),

the Selling Securityholders named herein

("Selling Securityholders")

and

[***]

(as "Seller Representative")

DATED AS OF NOVEMBER 6, 2020

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STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is made as of November 6, 2020, by and among Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), Pharmavant 5, Inc. ("<u>Purchaser</u>"), the undersigned stockholders of the Company and each other stockholder of the Company who executes and delivers a Joinder Agreement following the date hereof (each, a "<u>Selling Securityholder</u>," and together with the Company and Purchaser, each a "<u>Party</u>" and, collectively, the "Parties"), and [***] solely in its capacity as the representative of the Selling Securityholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company) (the "<u>Seller Representative</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the undersigned stockholders of the Company are the record owners directly or indirectly of the shares of Company Capital Stock set forth on Schedule A.

WHEREAS, upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, Purchaser desires to purchase from the Selling Securityholders, and the Selling Securityholders desire to sell and transfer to Purchaser, all the shares of the Company Capital Stock that are outstanding as of the Closing (the "Shares").

WHEREAS, prior to the Closing, as a material inducement to Purchaser to enter into this Agreement, [***] agrees to enter into a Restrictive Covenant Agreement and consulting agreement with Purchaser in the forms attached hereto as Exhibit D (the "[***] Agreements"), and certain of the Selling Securityholders may enter into a consulting agreement, employment agreement or offer letter with Purchaser (each an "Offer Letter").

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the respective representations, warranties, covenants, agreements, and conditions contained herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

DEFINITIONS

1.1 Certain Definitions. In this Agreement and any Exhibit, Disclosure Schedules or Schedule hereto, the following capitalized terms have the following respective meanings:

"280G Approval" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.4 (280G Approvals).

"2018 Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(g)(i) (Financial Statements).

"2019 Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(g)(i) (Einancial Statements).

"2020 Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(g)(i) (Financial Statements).

"[<u>***</u>]" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 9.2(b) (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration)</u>.

"[***]" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.2(b) (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration).

"Accounting Firm" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(d) (Dispute Resolution).

"<u>Accounting Methodology</u>" means GAAP consistently applied with the practices, policies and procedures used by the Company in the preparation of the Financial Statements.

"Accounting Standards" means internationally recognized accounting principles (including IFRS, GAAP, and the like), in each case, as generally and consistently applied by the applicable Selling Entity.

"Action" or "Actions" means any lawsuit, Claim, litigation, audit, investigation, mediation, legal Proceeding, administrative enforcement Proceeding or arbitration Proceeding, in each case, by or before any Governmental or Regulatory Authority.

"[***]" means any of the Targets set forth on <u>Schedule 1.1(d)</u> (including, for clarity, all associated Targets of any of the Targets set forth on <u>Schedule 1.1(d)</u>).

"[***]" means, a Small Molecule that:

(i) has (A) with respect to a particular [***] (other than a [***]), a chemical structure composed of two active domains and a linker, and as its primary mechanism of action, inducing degradation of such Additional Molecular [***] through the ubiquitin proteasome system, or (B) with respect to the [***] a chemical structure composed of only one active domain, and as its primary mechanism of action binding to and directly modulating the [***]; and

(ii) at the time of the achievement of (A) the Milestones set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(A)-(H) (Milestones for [***]</u>, either (I) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the applicable country or jurisdiction or (II) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the applicable country or jurisdiction and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the applicable country or jurisdiction, in each case, (I) and (II), as of the date the applicable Milestone is achieved or (B) the Milestones set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(I)-(L) (Milestones for [***]</u>, either (I) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets or (II) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets and has [***].

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"[***]" means (i) with respect to a particular [***] any pharmaceutical or biologic formulation containing an [***] directed to such [***] in each case as an active pharmaceutical ingredient or (ii) an [***] described in clause (i) that is conjugated to a peptide, protein, or antibody, whether, in either case, alone or in combination with one or more other active pharmaceutical ingredients.

- "[***] Payment" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(d)(iii)(D)(Milestone [***] and Other Terms).
- "Adjustment Escrow Fund" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(d) (Escrow Fund).
- "Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount" means an amount equal to \$[***].
- "Advanced Research Compounds" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(s)(x) (Intellectual Property).

"Affiliate" means, as to any Person, any other Person that, as of the applicable measurement date, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with that Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with"), as used with respect to any Person or group of Persons, means (i) possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities or by contract or (ii) direct or indirect beneficial ownership of at least fifty percent (50%) (or such lesser percentage which is the maximum allowed to be owned by a foreign entity in a particular jurisdiction) of the voting stock or other ownership interest in such corporation or other entity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Excluded Affiliates will not be deemed Affiliates of Purchaser for any purpose under this Agreement.

- "Agreed Tax Treatment" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.12(c) (Straddle Period).
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.
- "Alternative Transaction" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.13(a) (Termination of Discussions and Non-Solicitation).
- "[<u>***</u>] <u>Milestones</u>" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(D</u>).
- "[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(iii)(F).
- "[<u>***</u>] <u>Milestone</u>" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(A</u>).
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"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(iii)(B).

"[<u>***</u>] <u>Milestone</u>" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(C)</u>.

"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(iii)(D).

"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(iii)(E).

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

"Assignment Separate from Certificate" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2 (Surrender of Certificates).

"[***]" means a [***] that (i) has as its primary mechanism of action binding to and degrading an [***] through the [***] and (ii) at the time of the achievement of (x) the Milestones set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(i)(A)–(F)(Milestones for [***]</u>), either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent and has Regulatory Exclusivity in, in each case, (A) and (B), a country or jurisdiction in which such Milestone is achieved or (y) a Milestone set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(i)(G)–(J) (Milestones for [***]</u>), either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the United States and the Major European Markets, in each case, (A) and (B), on the [***] in which such Milestone is achieved.

"[****] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(i)(D).

"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(i)(A).

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"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(i)(B).

"[***]" means any pharmaceutical or biologic formulation containing (i) an [***] as an active pharmaceutical ingredient or (ii) an [***] described in clause (i) that is conjugated to a peptide, protein, or antibody, whether, in either case, alone or in combination with one or more other active pharmaceutical ingredients.

"[***]" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(d)(iii)(E) (Milestone [***] and Other Terms).

- "[***]" means [***] including all associated [***].
- "[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(i)(C).

"Auditor" means a certified public accounting firm jointly selected by each Party's certified public accountants or such other person as the Parties shall mutually agree.

"BLA" means a Biologics License Application under the United States' Public Health Services Act and Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act, each as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, or a comparable filing in any country outside the United States.

[***]

"[***] 7 Filing" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.12(d) (Filing Tax Returns Prior to Closing).

"[***] 7 Filing Documents" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.12(d) (Filing Tax Returns Prior to Closing).

"Business" means the business of developing protein degraders for [***] and [***] as currently conducted by the Company and its Subsidiary.

"Business Books and Records" means all books, records, files, documents, data, information and correspondence of the Company or its Subsidiary, including, without limitation, all records with respect to supply sources; all pre-clinical, clinical and process development data and reports relating to research or development of any Products or of any materials used in the research, development, manufacture, marketing or sale of any Products, including all raw data relating to clinical trials of any such Products, all case report forms relating thereto and all statistical programs developed (or modified in a manner material to the use or function thereof) to analyze clinical data; all market research data, market intelligence reports, statistical programs (if any) used for marketing and sales research; promotional, advertising and marketing materials, sales forecasting models, medicas deucation materials, sales training materials, webise content and advertising and display materials; all records, including vendor and supplier lists, manufacturing records, sampling records, standard operating procedures and batch records, related to the manufacturing process for any Products; all data contained in laboratory notebooks relating to any Products or relating to the biological, physiological, mechanical or formula properties of any of the foregoing; all adveres experience reports and all data contained in electronic databases relating to periodic adverse experience reports; all analytical and quality control data; all correspondence, minutes or other communications with the FDA or any other Governmental or Regulatory Authority owned, generated or held by the Company or its Subsidiary as of or prior to the Closing or otherwise received by the Company or its Subsidiary from any other Person; and records of the Company or its Subsidiary, including copies of all other books and records to the extent related to the Products and the Business.

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"Business Day" means a day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or national holiday, on which commercial banks in the State of New York, United States, London, United Kingdom and Basel, Switzerland are open for the transaction of commercial banking business.

"Business Property" means any real property currently or previously owned, occupied, leased, or operated by the Company in connection with the Business.

- "Cap" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.4(a) (Cap).
- "[****]" has the meaning set forth on Schedule 1.1(d).

"<u>Change of Control</u>" means (i) a sale by Purchaser of all or substantially all of its assets or the assets of the Company to a Person who is not an Affiliate of the Purchaser, (ii) a sale by Purchaser that results in more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of Purchaser or the Company being held by a Person(s) who is not an Affiliate of the Purchaser and did not hold any voting control of Purchaser or the Company, as applicable, whether directly or indirectly, immediately prior to such sale, or (iii) a merger, reorganization, conversion or other transaction that results in more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of Purchaser or the Company being held by a Person(s) who is not an Affiliate of the Purchaser and did not hold majority voting control of Purchaser or the Company, as applicable, whether directly or indirectly, immediately prior to such transaction.

- "[<u>***</u>]" or "[<u>***</u>]" means the [***].
- "<u>Claim</u>" means a claim for Damages.
- "Claim Notice" means a notice given by an Indemnified Party to the Indemnifying Party, proposing a Claim.
- "Closing" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1 (Closing).
- "Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1 (Closing).

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"Closing Indebtedness" means the aggregate amount of all outstanding Indebtedness (including principal and accrued and unpaid interest) of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of immediately prior to the Closing.

"<u>Closing Working Capital</u>" means (i) the sum of the consolidated current assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (excluding cash and cash equivalents), *minus* (ii) the sum of the consolidated current liabilities of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of immediately prior to the Effective Time, in each case, calculated in accordance with the Accounting Methodology, and excluding (A) Closing Indebtedness and (B) Expenses.

"Closing Working Capital Adjustment" means an amount (whether positive or negative) equal to (i) the Closing Working Capital (as finally determined pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment)) minus (ii) the Working Capital Target.

"COBRA" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

"Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"<u>Combination Product</u>" means any product comprising a Product and at least one other active compound or ingredient that is not a Product, either formulated together (i.e., a fixed dose combination) or packaged together, and in each case, sold for a single price.

"<u>Commercially Reasonable Efforts</u>" means, with respect to Purchaser's obligations under this Agreement relating to a Product, those efforts and resources that are consistent with the customary scientific and business practices of Purchaser, and which shall be no less than those reasonable and customary scientific and business practices of a biopharmaceutical or biotechnology company that is similarly situated with respect to its size, assets and resources as Purchaser, for development, regulatory, manufacturing and commercialization activities conducted with respect to biopharmaceutical products at a similar stage of development or commercialization and having similar commercial and market potential, taking into account all relevant circumstances at the time, including: safety and efficacy, product profile, stage in development or product lifecycle, the regulatory environment and likelihood and cost of obtaining Marketing Approval given the regulatory structure involved, payors' policies and regulations, the expected and actual competitiveness of alternative products, and the expected and actual market potential and profitability of such Product, the nature and extent of market exclusivity, including patent coverage and regulatory data protection, and price and reimbursement status, and all other conditions then-prevailing. The Parties hereby agree that the level of effort may be different for different Products and territories and may change over time, reflecting changes in the status of the aforementioned attributes and potential of the applicable Products. "<u>Commercially Reasonable</u>" shall have a corresponding meaning.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Company and Subsidiary Securities" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders).

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"Company Capital Stock" means the Company Common Stock, the Company Preferred Stock and any other shares of capital stock of the Company, taken together.

"Company Common Stock" means shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.

"<u>Company Employee Plan</u>" means any plan, program, policy, practice, contract, agreement or other arrangement providing for compensation, severance, change of control, termination pay, deferred compensation, performance awards, incentive compensation, equity or equityrelated awards, phantom stock or bonus awards, welfare benefits, retirement benefits, fringe benefits or other employee benefits or remuneration of any kind, whether written, unwritten or otherwise, funded or unfunded, including each "employee benefit plan," within the meaning of Section 3(3) of ERISA which is or has been maintained, contributed to, or required to be contributed to, by the Company or any ERISA Affiliate for the benefit of any Employee, or with respect to which the Company or any ERISA Affiliate has or may have any Liability or obligation.

"Company Intellectual Property," means Company Owned Intellectual Property and Company Licensed Intellectual Property.

[***]

"Company Licensed Intellectual Property" means all Intellectual Property in, to, or under which the Company is granted rights by a third party pursuant to any licenses, sublicenses or other Contracts (whether royalty bearing or non-royalty bearing).

"Company Options" means all options to purchase or otherwise acquire Company Common Stock (whether or not vested) held by any Person that are issued and outstanding.

"Company Owned Intellectual Property" means all Intellectual Property owned by the Company.

"Company Patent" means a Patent that:

 (i) as of the Closing is owned by the Company or licensed to the Company pursuant to either of the [***] and in each case, is listed on <u>Section 5.1(s)(i)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules;

(ii) is filed by or on behalf of Company, Purchaser, an Affiliate thereof, including Roivant Sciences GmbH, or any successor to any of the foregoing, or UM, in each case, within [***] after the Closing and (A) names as at least one of its inventors an individual who was an employee or consultant of the Company immediately prior to the date hereof and who is listed on <u>Schedule 1.1(c) (List of Company Employees</u> and <u>Consultants</u>), (B) claims an invention that was [***] and (C) is (1) owned by Company, Purchaser, an Affiliate thereof, including Roivant Sciences GmbH, or any successor to any of the foregoing or (2) licensed to the Company, Purchaser, an Affiliate thereof, including Roivant Sciences GmbH, or any successor to any of the foregoing by UM (whether pursuant to either of the UM Licenses or otherwise);

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(iii) (A) claims a [***] and (B) such Patent (including the claims covering Post-Closing Inventions) is licensed to Company, Purchaser, an Affiliate thereof, including Roivant Sciences GmbH, or any successor to any of the foregoing by [***] (whether pursuant to the [***] or otherwise); or

(iv) claims priority to any of the Patents described in the preceding clause (i), (ii), or (iii).

"Company Preferred Stock" means, collectively, the Company Series Seed Preferred Stock and the Company Series Seed-2 Preferred

"Company Series Seed Preferred Stock" means the Series Seed Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.

"Company Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock" means the Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.

"Confidential Information" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.6 (Confidentiality).

"Conflict" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(e) (No Conflict).

Stock

"<u>Contract</u>" means any written or oral contract, agreement or instrument, including, without limitation, supply contracts, licenses, purchase orders, sale orders, bids, understandings or commitments, subcontracts, leases of personal property, notes, guarantees, pledges or conditional sales agreements to which the Person referred to is a party or by which any of its assets may be bound.

"<u>Convertible Notes</u>" means (i) that certain Convertible Promissory Note, dated [***] between the Company and Pharmavant 5, Inc. in the principal amount of [***] and (ii) that certain Convertible Promissory Note, dated [***] between the Company and Pharmavant 5, Inc. in the principal amount of [***].

"Cover" or "Covered" means, with respect to a Valid Claim of a Patent and a product, that the making, use, sale, offer for sale or importation of such product would infringe such claim of such Patent, but for the ownership of, or license to, such Valid Claim.

"Damages" means all reasonably foreseeable damages, losses, injuries, penalties, fines, forfeitures, assessments, judgments, awards, Taxes, charges, costs and expenses of any nature (including court costs, reasonable legal, accountants', consultants' and experts' fees, charges, Liabilities and other costs and expenses incident to any Proceedings or investigation or the defense of any Claim (whether or not any litigation or arbitration has commenced)), but excluding punitive damages except to the extent paid or payable to a third party. For purposes of <u>Section 7.1(f)</u>, the definition of Damages in the preceding sentence will be applied without consideration as to whether any of the enumerated items were reasonably foreseeable.

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"Data Room" means the virtual data room managed by the Company.

- "Deductible" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.4(b) (Deductible).
- "Disclosure Schedules" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1 (Representations and Warranties regarding the Company).

"Dispute Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(c) (Review of Post-Closing Statement).

"DPA" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(bb) (DPA).

"DOL" means the United States Department of Labor.

[***]

[***]

[***]

"Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1 (Closing).

"EMA" means the European Medicines Agency or any successor agency thereto.

"Employee" means any current or former employee, consultant, independent contractor or director of the Company, any Subsidiary of the Company, or any ERISA Affiliate.

"Employee Agreement" means each management, employment, severance, separation, settlement, consulting, contractor, relocation, change of control, retention, bonus, repatriation, expatriation, loan, visa, work permit or other agreement, or contract (including any agreement providing for acceleration of Company Options or restricted stock of the Company, or any other agreement providing for compensation or benefits) between the Company, any Subsidiary of the Company, or any ERISA Affiliate and any Employee, with the exception of any offer letter on the Company's standard form that may be terminated at-will and without Liability by the Company and the Company's standard form invention assignment and confidentiality agreement.

"End Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b)(Termination).

"Environmental Laws" means all federal, state, local and foreign Laws relating to pollution, protection of the environment, worker health and safety or exposure of any individual to Hazardous Materials and Laws which prohibit, regulate, or control any Hazardous Material Activity.

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"Environmental Permits" means any license, permit, registration, listing, approval, qualification, letter, authorization, certificate of authority, qualification, or similar document or authority issued or granted by the EPA pursuant to any Environmental Law.

"EPA" means the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

"Equity Plan" means the Company's 2019 Stock Plan.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"ERISA Affiliate" means each Subsidiary of the Company, any other Person under common control with the Company or any Subsidiary or that, together with the Company, could be deemed a "single employer" within the meaning of Section 4001(b)(1) of ERISA or within the meaning of Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code, and the regulations issued thereunder.

"Escrow Agent" means JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. or another institution reasonably acceptable to Purchaser and Seller Representative, and any successor escrow agent appointed pursuant to the Escrow Agreement.

"Escrow Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.2(b)(vi) (Escrow Agreement).

"Estimated Expense Excess" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-closing Statement).

"Escrow Fund Amount" means the sum of the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount and the Indemnity Escrow Fund Amount.

"Escrow Funds" means the Adjustment Escrow Fund and the Indemnity Escrow Fund.

"Estimated Closing Indebtedness" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-closing Statement).

"Estimated Closing Working Capital" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-closing Statement).

"Estimated Closing Working Capital Adjustment" means an amount (whether positive or negative) equal to (i) the Estimated Closing Working Capital minus (ii) the Working Capital [***].

"Estimated Expenses" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-closing Statement).

"Estimated [***] Excess" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-Closing Statement).

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"Estimated Upfront Payment" means an amount, in cash, of [***], plus (i) the Estimated Closing Working Capital Adjustment, minus (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, of the Estimated Closing Indebtedness, minus (iii) the Representative Fund Amount, minus (iv) the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount, plus (v) the aggregate exercise price that would be payable to the Company if all Company Options were exercised as of the Closing Date, minus (vi) the Estimated [***] Excess, minus (vii) the Estimated Expense Excess, minus [***].

"European Union" means the economic, scientific and political organization of member states known as the European Union, as its membership may be altered from time to time, and any successor thereto, provided that, for purposes of this Agreement, the European Union shall also include the United Kingdom.

"European Union Marketing Approval" means, for a particular Product, receipt of both (i) Marketing Approval from the EMA (or, in the case of the United Kingdom, MHRA) and (ii) all pricing and reimbursement approvals reasonably necessary to be able to market and make commercial sales of such Product in at least three (3) Major European Markets.

"Excess Amount" has the meaning set forth in but subject to Section 6.12(i) (Reporting Certain Milestone Payments).

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Exchange Documents" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2 (Surrender of Certificates).

"Excluded Affiliate" means any entity (i) that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with Roivant Sciences GmbH (as "control" is defined in the definition of "Affiliate" in this Section 1.1 (Certain Definitions)) and (ii) for which shares are available on a publicly traded stock exchange. Excluded Affiliates include, as of the date hereof, [***].

"Excluded Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.2(g) (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration)

"Expenses" means all fees and expenses incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or for which any of them are responsible) in connection with the Transactions including (i) the aggregate of all legal, accounting, financial advisory, consulting and all other fees and expenses of third parties, (ii) [***] of the fees and expenses of the Escrow Agent, (iii) [***] of the fees and expenses, including any premium and underwriting fees, payable in connection with the R&W Insurance Policies, and (iv) [***] of the fees and expenses of the Tail Policy.

"[***]" means the positive amount, if any, by which (i) the difference of (A) the Expenses, *minus* (B) the [***] Excess is greater than (ii) the lesser of (A) the amount of the Company's cash as of the Closing and (B) [***].

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"FDA Act" means the U.S. Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act of 1938, as it may be superseded or amended from time to time.

"[***]" means an amount, in cash, of [***] *plus* (i) the Closing Working Capital Adjustment (as finally determined pursuant to <u>Section 2.4</u> (<u>Post-Closing Adjustment</u>)), *minus* (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, of the Closing Indebtedness (as finally determined pursuant to <u>Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment</u>)), *minus* (iii) the Representative Fund Amount, *minus* (iv) the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount, *plus* (v) the aggregate exercise price that would be payable to the Company if all Company Options that are outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were exercised at such time, *minus* (vi) the [***] Excess, *minus* (vii) the Excess, *minus* (viii) [***].

"Financial Statements" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(g)(i) (Financial Statements).

"Fiscal Year" means the period from April 1 of a calendar year through March 31 of the following calendar year.

"FMLA" means the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

"Fraud" means actual, knowing and intentional fraud by a Party with the intent to deceive with respect to the representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement.

"FTC" means the Federal Trade Commission.

"Fundamental Representations" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.3(a)(i) (Survival).

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

"Global Annual Net Sales" means, with respect to a Product, the total, worldwide Net Sales of such Product sold by the Selling Entities in any Fiscal Year.

"Governmental or Regulatory Authority," means any U.S. or non-U.S. federal, state, local or other governmental, administrative or regulatory (including self-regulatory) authority, body, agency, court, tribunal or similar entity, including any taxing authority, including any work council or similar labor entity or any instrumentality of any of the foregoing, including, without limitation, the FDA, the EMA, the MHRA, the NMPA, the PMDA, the FTC and the EPA, but specifically excluding public universities.

"Hazardous Materials" means any material, emission, or substance that has been designated by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority to be toxic, hazardous, radioactive, a pollutant, a contaminant, a medical waste, a biological waste, or otherwise a danger to health, reproduction or the environment.

"Hazardous Materials Activities" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(m) (Environmental Claims).

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"IND" means (i) an Investigational New Drug Application filed with the FDA in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §312 for authorization for the investigation of a product, and all supplements or amendments filed pursuant to the requirements of the FDA, and (ii) all equivalents of the foregoing in any jurisdiction outside of the United States.

"IND Effectiveness" shall be deemed to have occurred: (i) subject to subsection (ii) below, in the United States and any other applicable country or regulatory jurisdiction, on the date of expiration of any required waiting period (for the initiation of any clinical trials) following the filing of such IND; *provided* that, if prior to the expiration of such required waiting period, the applicable Governmental or Regulatory Authority notifies the sponsor of such IND that a clinical study may not begin upon the expiration of such required waiting period, then "IND Effectiveness" shall be deemed to occur as of the date a clinical study may legally begin; and (ii) if required in a particular country or regulatory jurisdiction (including the United States and any such other applicable country or regulatory jurisdiction in the event such approval becomes required therefor following the Closing due to any change in applicable Laws), the date of receipt of any required approval from the applicable Governmental or Regulatory Authority to conduct a clinical study; in each case whichever occurs first.

"Indebtedness" means (i) indebtedness of the Company or its Subsidiary for borrowed money (including principal and accrued and unpaid interest), or for the deferred purchase price of property or services (other than current trade liabilities incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business and payable in accordance with customary practices and not more than ninety (90) days past due), (ii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (iii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by the Company or its Subsidiary, (iv) indebtedness of others secured by (or for which the holder of such indebtedness has an existing right, contingent or otherwise, to be secured by) any Lien or other claim on property owned or acquired by the Company or its Subsidiary, whether or not the obligations secured thereby have been assumed, (v) guarantees by the Company or its Subsidiary in respect of interest rate protection agreements, foreign currency exchange agreements, caps or collar agreements or other interest or exchange rate hedging arrangements either generally or under specific contingencies, (vii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary in respect of letters of credit and banker's acceptances, (ix) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary consisting of overdrafts (e.g., cash float reflected as a negative on the cash line), (x) any Severance Costs, (xi) any termination, pre-payment, balloon or similar fees or payments (including penalties) on account of outstanding Indebtedness, (xii) any unpaid Taxes that have currently accrued or are otherwise due and payable as of the Closing (including the employer portion of any Taxes required to be paid with respect to any Severance Costs or payments made with respect to the Closing (including the employer portion of any Taxes required to be paid with respect to any Severance Costs or payments made with respect to the Com

"Indemnified Parties" means any Purchaser Indemnified Party or Securityholder Indemnified Party.

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"Indemnifying Party" means the Party from whom indemnification is claimed.

"Indemnity Escrow Expiration Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.11 (Indemnity Escrow Fund).

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(d) (Escrow Fund).

"Indemnity Escrow Fund Amount" means an amount equal to [***].

"Initiate" or "Initiation", with respect to a human clinical trial, means the administration of the first dose of a Product to the third subject in a human clinical trial that is permitted by the FDA, other applicable Governmental or Regulatory Authority, or applicable Laws.

"Intellectual Property," means any and all of the following in any jurisdiction throughout the world, registered or unregistered, by whatever name or term known or designated, tangible or intangible, presently or hereafter existing, whether arising by operation of Law, Contract or otherwise:

(i) works, patented and unpatented inventions (whether patentable or unpatentable and whether or not reduced to practice) and Patents; (ii) Trademarks;

(iii) internet domain names and uniform resource locators (URLs);

(iv) all works of authorship, mask works and other copyrightable works, all copyrights, mask work rights, moral rights and common-law rights thereto, and all applications, registrations and renewals in connection therewith throughout the world;

(v) all rights of publicity;

(vi) all trade secrets (including ideas, research and development, recipes, knowhow, formulae, compositions, manufacturing and production processes and techniques, technical data, designs, drawings, specifications, customer and supplier lists, pricing and cost information, business and marketing plans and proposals constituting a trade secret under Law), technologies, processes, formulae, algorithms, industrial models, architectures, layouts, look-and-feel, designs, specifications, methodologies, software or software applications (including source code, object code, other executable code, scripts, interfaces, data, databases, websites, firmware and related documentation); and

(vii) Know-How.

"Interested Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(v) (Affiliate Transactions).

"International Employee Plan" mean each Company Employee Plan that has been adopted or maintained by the Company or any ERISA Affiliate, whether informally or formally, or

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with respect to which the Company or any ERISA Affiliate will or may have any liability, for the benefit of Employees who perform services outside the United States.

"IP and Regulatory Representations" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.3(a)(ii) (Survival).

"IRS" means the United States Internal Revenue Service.

"<u>Joinder Agreement</u>" means a joinder agreement, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Purchaser, pursuant to which a holder of Company Capital Stock agrees to be bound by the terms of this Agreement as a Selling Securityholder.

"Know-How" means any and all technical or business information, know-how, processes, procedures, compositions, devices, methods, formulas, protocols, techniques, software, designs, drawings, data, discoveries, improvements, modifications, inventions, trade secrets or other information related to the research, manufacture, preparation, development or commercialization of a product or technology, whether or not embodied in any documentation or other tangible materials, or results, patentable or otherwise, including physical, chemical, biological, toxicological, pharmacological, safety, and pre-clinical and clinical data, dosage regimens, control assays, and product specifications, but excluding any Patents.

"Knowledge" means, in the case of the Company, the actual knowledge of any of the individuals identified on <u>Schedule 1.1(a)</u> (such individuals, the "<u>Knowledge Persons</u>"); provided, however, such individuals shall have made reasonable inquiry of those relevant employees, consultants, and representatives of the Company reasonably likely to have knowledge of the matters represented, including such individuals who have management or operational responsibility for the matter in question.

"Law" means any non-U.S. or U.S. federal, state or local law, statute, rule, regulation, administrative ruling, ordinance, Order or process (including any zoning or land use law, building code, Environmental Law, securities, stock exchange, blue sky, civil rights, employment, labor or occupational health and safety law or regulation or any law, order, rule or regulation applicable to federal contractors or of any Governmental or Regulatory Authority), including, without limitation, regulations promulgated by the FDA, the FTC and the EPA.

"Lead Compounds" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(s)(v) (Intellectual Property).

"Liability" or "Liabilities" means, with respect to any Person, any liability or obligation of any kind (whether known or unknown, contingent, accrued, due or to become due, secured or unsecured, matured or otherwise), including but not limited to accounts payable, royalties payable, and other reserves, accrued bonuses and commissions, accrued vacation and any other form of leave, termination payment obligations, employee expense obligations, Taxes, and all other liabilities and obligations of such Person or any of its subsidiaries or Affiliates, regardless of whether such liabilities or obligations are required to be reflected on a balance sheet in accordance with GAAP.

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"License Grants" means licenses, sublicenses or other Contracts (whether royalty bearing or non-royalty bearing) under which the Company has expressly granted rights to others in any Company Owned Intellectual Property.

"Lien" means any means any lien, statutory lien, pledge, mortgage, security interest, charge, Claim, encumbrance, restriction on use or transfer, easement, right of way, covenant, restriction, right, option, conditional sale or other title retention agreement of any kind or nature.

"Made Available" means that the Company has posted that material in question, prior to the execution of this Agreement, to the Data Room.

"Major European Market" means the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Spain or Germany.

"<u>Marketing Approval</u>" means all approvals, licenses, registrations or authorizations of the applicable Governmental or Regulatory Authority(ies) in a jurisdiction necessary for the manufacture, use, storage, import, marketing and sale of a Product in such jurisdiction. For jurisdictions where governmental or other similar approval of pricing and/or reimbursement is reasonably necessary to be able to market and make commercial sales of a Product in such jurisdiction, Marketing Approval shall not be deemed to occur until such pricing or reimbursement approval is obtained.

"<u>Marketing Approval Application</u>" means a BLA, NDA, or any equivalent application that is filed with the relevant Governmental or Regulatory Authority in such country or regulatory jurisdiction requesting approval for the marketing or sale of a Product in such country or regulatory jurisdiction, including a marketing authorization application filed with the EMA, MHRA, NMPA or PMDA.

"<u>Material Adverse Effect</u>" means any change, event, development or effect that, individually or in the aggregate, has had, or would reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse effect on the business, assets, liabilities, or results of operations or financial condition of the Company and its Subsidiaries; *provided*, *however*, that the term "<u>Material Adverse Effect</u>" excludes any change, event, development or effect to the extent relating to or resulting from (i) general business or economic conditions affecting the industry or industries in which the Company and its Subsidiaries operate; (ii) the outbreak or escalation of hostilities involving the U.S., the declaration by the U.S. of a national emergency or war or the occurrence of any other calamity or crisis, including an act of terrorism; (iii) any changes or proposed changes in Law or GAAP after the date hereof, (iv) any "Act of God", including any hurricane, fire, earthquake or other natural disaster; (v) any failure to meet a forecast of revenue, earnings, cash flow, or other financial data for any period or any change in such a forecast, provided that the underlying cause for the failure to meet such forecast will be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Material Adverse Effect; (vi) the COVID-19 pandemic and actions taken that are legally required to be taken under any Order primarily relating to COVID-19; or (vii) any other action expressly required by this Agreement or the other Related Agreements entered into by the Parties, or the permitted announcement of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby; provided that, in each of clauses (i)-(iv), such effect disproportionately affects the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to other biopharmaceutical or biotechnology companies, in

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which case only such disproportionate effect will be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Material Adverse Effect.

"Material Contracts" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(0) (Material Contracts).

- "Merger" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.19 (Merger).
- "MHRA" means the United Kingdom's Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency or any successor agency thereto.

"Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a) (Milestone Payments).

"Milestone Payments" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a) (Milestone Payments).

"Milestone Termination Date" means the [***] anniversary of the Closing Date.

"<u>NDA</u>" means (i) a New Drug Application for any product, as appropriate, requesting permission to place a drug on the market in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §314, and all supplements or amendments filed pursuant to the requirements of the FDA, including all documents, data and other information concerning a product which are reasonably necessary for FDA approval to market a product in the United States and (ii) all equivalents of the foregoing in any jurisdiction outside of the United States.

"<u>Net Sales</u>" means the gross amount invoiced, for the sale of a Product by Purchaser, its Affiliates, and any Product Transferees ("<u>Selling Entity</u>") to a Person other than a Selling Entity after deducting, if not previously deducted, from the amount invoiced or received:

(i) any Taxes levied on or with respect to the sale or disposition of such Product (excluding Taxes imposed on or with respect to net income, however denominated);

(ii) normal, customary, and reasonable trade, quantity and early payment discounts actually granted in connection with such sale of a Product;

(iii) rebates, chargebacks, and credits actually given for any returned or rejected Products;

(iv) rebates and chargeback payments in respect of Products granted to managed health care organizations, pharmacy benefit managers (or equivalents thereof), national, state/provincial, local, and other governments, their agencies and purchasers and reimbursers, or to trade customers to the extent actually given;

(v) retroactive price reductions or billing errors with respect to such sale of a Product that are actually allowed or granted;

(vi) costs of insurance, carriage, and freight of such Products and other transportation charges solely in respect of the distribution of such Products;

(vii) that portion of the annual fee on prescription drug manufacturers imposed by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 (as amended), or imposed on the Selling Entity pursuant to any equivalent or comparable legislation in a country or regulatory jurisdiction outside of the United States, or imposed on the Selling Entity pursuant to any equivalent or comparable legislation in a country or regulatory jurisdiction outside of the United States, that the Selling Entity reasonable allocates to sales of Products in good faith and in accordance with such Selling Entity's standard and reasonable policies and procedures, consistent with Accounting Standards, consistently applied in a Commercially Reasonable fashion across its products, as applicable;

(viii) amounts reasonably written off in good faith, in accordance with such Selling Entity's standard and reasonable policies and procedures, consistent with Accounting Standards, consistently applied, by reason of uncollected debt in respect of Products if and when actually written off or allowed, provided that such amounts shall be added back to Net Sales if and when collected; and

(ix) any other charges, costs, expenses or accruals that are customarily deducted in the determination of "net sales" in accordance with the applicable Selling Entity's Accounting Standards or reasonable pharmaceutical industry practices.

Net Sales (and any deductions) shall be determined and calculated from the books and records of each Selling Entity maintained in accordance with Accounting Standards, as applicable, consistently applied.

For purposes of determining Net Sales, a Product shall be deemed to be sold when invoiced or, if not invoiced, when sales proceeds therefor are received.

Transfer of any Product between two (2) Selling Entities shall not result in any Net Sales, unless such Product is consumed by such receiving Selling Entity or an affiliate thereof in the course of its activities.

Any sale or supply of a Product for the purposes of testing, trials (including performance of clinical trials other than Phase 4 Clinical Trials), or use prior to the grant of Marketing Approval in the country of use, as "treatment IND sales", "named patient sales" and "compassionate use sales" (or equivalents of any of the foregoing outside the United States), or for charitable purposes shall not result in any Net Sales.

In the case of rebates, discounts and other forms of reimbursements on portfolio product offerings, all rebates, discounts and other forms of reimbursements shall be allocated among products on the basis on which such rebates, discounts and other forms of reimbursements were actually granted or, if such basis cannot be determined, in accordance with the applicable Selling Entity's existing allocation method, consistently applied to all relevant products; *provided* that, any such allocation is fair,

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reasonable, in good faith and in compliance with Accounting Standards, as applicable, and Laws, including any price reporting laws, rules and regulations.

If a Product is sold as part of a Combination Product, then Net Sales for such product shall be determined by multiplying the net sales of the Combination Product (as calculated in accordance with analogous criteria as set forth above for the "Net Sales" definition) by the fraction, A / (A+B) where A is the weighted average sale price of such Product when sold separately, in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable [***] and B is the weighted average sale price of a product containing solely the other active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in the Combination Product sold separately in finished form in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable calendar [***].

If the weighted average sale price of a Product can be determined but the weighted average sale price of a product containing solely the other active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in the Combination Product cannot be determined, in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable [***] then Net Sales for such Product shall be calculated by multiplying the net sales of the Combination Product (as calculated in accordance with analogous criteria as set forth for the "Net Sales" definition) by the fraction A / C where A is the weighted average sale price of such Product when sold separately in finished form and C is the weighted average sale price of the Combination Product, in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable [***].

If the weighted average sale price of a product containing solely the other active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in the Combination Product can be determined but the weighted average sale price of such Product cannot be determined, in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable [***] Net Sales for such Product shall be calculated by multiplying the net sales of the Combination Product (as calculated in accordance with analogous criteria as set forth above for the "Net Sales" definition) by the following formula: one (1) minus B / C where B is the weighted average sale price of a product containing solely the other active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in the Combination Product when sold separately in finished form and C is the weighted average sale price of the Combination Product wiring the applicable [***].

If neither the weighted average sale price of a Product nor the weighted average sale price of other active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in the Combination Product can be determined, in each case, in the applicable country during the applicable [***], then Net Sales for such Product shall be reasonably determined in good faith by Purchaser in the exercise of its reasonable discretion based on the relative values of each of the active pharmaceutical ingredients in such Combination Product, as supported by reasonable documentary evidence provided to Seller's Representative for each applicable [***].

"NMPA" means [***]s National Medical Products Administration or any successor entity thereto.

"Objection Deadline" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.6(a) (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

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"Objection Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.6(a) (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

"Offer Letter" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Optionholder" means a holder of Company Options.

"Order" means and includes any writ, law, rule, regulation, executive order or decree, judgment, injunction, ruling or other order, whether temporary, preliminary or permanent enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered into by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority.

"Ordinary Course of Business" means the ordinary course of business consistent with the Company's past custom and practice.

"Organizational Documents" means (i) the articles or certificate of incorporation and the bylaws of a corporation; (ii) operating agreement, limited liability company agreement, or similar document governing a limited liability company; (iii) any charter or similar document adopted or filed in connection with the creation, formation, or organization of a Person; and (iv) any amendment to any of the foregoing.

"<u>Parent Company</u>" means any Person that is a direct or indirect beneficial owner of at least fifty percent (50%) (or such lesser percentage which is the maximum allowed to be owned by a foreign entity in a particular jurisdiction) of the voting stock or other ownership interest of Purchaser (or its successor-in-interest).

"Parties" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Party" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"<u>Patents</u>" means (i) all patents, certificates of invention, applications for certificates of invention, priority patent filings and patent applications, including provisional applications, (ii) any renewals, divisionals, continuations (in whole or in part), or requests for continued examination of any of such patents, certificates of invention and patent applications, any and all patents or certificates of invention issuing thereon, and any and all reissuances, reexaminations, extensions, divisions, renewals, substitutions, confirmations, registrations, revisions, and additions of or to any of the foregoing, and (iii) any foreign counterparts of any of the foregoing.

"Payoff Letter" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.15 (Payoff Letters and Lien Releases).

"[***]" or "[***] Patent" means a Company Patent described in clause (iii) of the definition of Company Patent set forth above.

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[<u>***</u>] means an [***] that:

(a) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(A)-(H) (Milestones for [***]</u> (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] and has Regulatory Exclusivity, in each case, (A) and (B), in a country or jurisdiction in which such Milestone is achieved and as of the date the applicable Milestone is achieved; and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in each case, (X) and (Y), in such country or jurisdiction; or

(b) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)([]-(L)(Milestones for [***]</u>: (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the United States and the Major European Markets, in each case, (A) and (B), on the [***] in which such Milestone is achieved; and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets.

"[<u>***</u>]" means an [***] that:

(a) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(i)(A)–(E)(Milestones for [***]</u>): (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] and has Regulatory Exclusivity, in each case, (A) and (B), in a country or jurisdiction in which such Milestone is achieved and as of the date the applicable Milestone is achieved; and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***], in each case, (X) and (Y), in such country or jurisdiction; or

(b) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in Section 3.1(a)(i)(G)–(J) (Milestones for [***]), (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the United States and the Major European Markets, in each case, (A) and (B), on the [***] in which such Milestone is achieved and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets.

"[<u>***</u>]" means a [***] that:

(a) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(A)–(F) (Milestones for [***]), (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] and has Regulatory Exclusivity, in each case, (A) and (B), in the country or jurisdiction in which such Milestone is achieved and as of the date the applicable Milestone is achieved and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***], in each case, (X) and (Y), in such country or jurisdiction; or

(b) at the time of the achievement of a Milestone set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(<u>C</u>)–(<u>J</u>) (Milestones for [***]), (1) either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the United States and the Major European Markets, in each case, (A) and (B), on the [***] in which such Milestone is achieved and (2) both (X) is <u>not</u> Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets and (Y) was <u>not</u> previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent other than a [***] in the United States and the Major European Markets.

"Pension Plan" means each Company Employee Plan that is an "employee pension benefit plan," within the meaning of Section 3(2) of ERISA.

"Percentage Interest" means, with respect to each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder an amount equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the Total Outstanding Shares held by such Selling Securityholder, by (ii) the aggregate Total Outstanding Shares.

"<u>Per Share Estimated Consideration</u>" means an amount in cash equal to the quotient obtained by *dividing* (i) the Estimated Upfront Payment, by the (ii) Total Outstanding Shares.

"<u>Permits</u>" means any license, permit, registration, listing, approval, qualification, letter, authorization, certificate of authority, qualification, Marketing Approval Application, IND or similar document or authority issued or granted by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority or pursuant to any Law other than Environmental Permits.

"<u>Permitted Liens</u>" means (i) any Liens set forth on <u>Section 5.1(j</u>) of the Disclosure Schedules, (ii) Liens arising by operation of Law for Taxes or other governmental charges not yet due and payable or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings (and for which there are adequate accruals, in accordance with GAAP); (iii) Liens arising by operation of Law, which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business operations or financial condition of the assets so encumbered of the Company and its Subsidiaries; (iv) all applicable zoning, building codes, entitlement, conservation restrictions and other land use and Environmental Laws regulating the use or occupancy of any leased real property or the activities conducted thereon; (v) imperfections of title, or matters that would be revealed by a current survey or current title report which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business operations or financial condition of the assets so encumbered of the Company and its Subsidiaries, (vi) security interests granted in connection with the lease of equipment in the Ordinary Course of Business; and (vii) restrictions on transfer imposed by federal and state securities Law.

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"Person" means any natural person, corporation, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, proprietorship, other business organization, trust, government, Governmental or Regulatory Authority, court or arbitrator, or any other entity whatsoever, including any business unit of such Person.

"Personal Information" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(aa) (Data Privacy).

"<u>Phase 1 Clinical Trial</u>" means a human clinical trial, the principal purpose of which is preliminary determination of safety in healthy individuals or patients as described under 21 CFR §312.21(a) (as hereafter modified or amended) (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States).

"<u>Phase 2 Clinical Trial</u>" means a human clinical trial that utilizes the pharmacokinetic and/or pharmacodynamics information obtained from one or more previously conducted human clinical trial(s) and which is designed to provide a preliminary determination of efficacy of a Product in a target patient population over a range of doses or dose regimens, as further described in 21 CFR §312.21(b) (as hereafter modified or amended) (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States).

"<u>Phase 3 Clinical Trial</u>" means a human clinical trial, the principal purpose of which is to establish safety and efficacy in patients with the disease being studied, as further described in 21 C.F.R. §312.21(c) (as hereafter modified or amended), which is designed and intended to be of a size and statistical power sufficient to serve as the pivotal study to support the filing of a Marketing Approval Application for the indication being studied (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States) and is (i) performed after a Phase 2 Clinical Trial or (ii) identified publicly, or registered with a Governmental or Regulatory Authority, by a Selling Entity as a Phase 3 clinical trial.

"<u>Phase 4 Clinical Trial</u>" means a human clinical trial commenced for a particular product in a particular country after receiving Marketing Approval for such product in such country, other than any such post-approval clinical trial that is required by a Regulatory Authority in such country, or agreed with a Regulatory Authority to be conducted, as a condition of receiving or maintain such Marketing Approval.

"PMDA" means Japan's Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency or any successor entity thereto.

"[***]" means an invention that (i) is owned by [***], or [***] (ii) was conceived and first reduced to practice within [***] following the Closing and described in an invention disclosure submitted to [***] so Office of Technology Transfer no later than [***] following the Closing, and (iii) is an improvement of, or is directly related to, any Product, Additional Molecular [***] or other invention Covered by any Company Patent described in clause (i) or (ii) of the definition of Company Patent above (or the use or manufacture of any of the foregoing) or resulted from access to or use or knowledge of any Company Intellectual Property existing as of the date hereof.

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"<u>Post-Closing Payments</u>" means, to the extent actually paid or due and payable to any of the Selling Securityholders or Optionholders pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, (i) the Milestone Payments, (ii) the Representative Fund Amount, (iii) the Escrow Funds and (iv) any Adjustment Surplus pursuant to the terms of <u>Section 2.4(e) (Post-Closing Payments</u>).

- "Post-Closing Tax Period" means [***].
- "Post-Closing Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(b) (Post-Closing Statement).
- "[****]" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.2(b)(ix) [****].
- "Pre-Closing Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(a) (Pre-Closing Statement).
- "Pre-Closing Tax Period" means [***].
- "Pre-Closing/Straddle Tax Returns" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.12(e) (Filing Tax Returns After Closing).
- "Proceeding" means any Action, suit, Claim, complaint, investigation, litigation, audit, proceeding or arbitration by or before any Person.
- "Product(s)" means, individually an [***], a [***], or an [***] and, collectively, [***].

"<u>Product Transferee</u>" means any Person, including any Excluded Affiliate, who obtains from Purchaser (or its successors or Affiliates) any rights to develop and/or commercialize a Product, whether generally or in one or more particular fields or territories, by assignment, license, sublicense or any other grant or transfer of rights.

"Pro Rata Share" means, with respect to each Selling Securityholder an amount equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the aggregate portion of the Purchase Price paid or payable to such Selling Securityholder by (ii) the aggregate portion of the Purchase Price paid or payable to all Selling Securityholders.

"Purchase" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(a)(i) (Company Capital Stock).

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"Purchase Price" means the sum of (i) the [***] (as adjusted pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment) and (ii) the aggregate amount of all Post-Closing Payments.

"<u>Purchaser</u>" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Purchaser Indemnified Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders).

"Qualified Transaction" means a sale, license, transfer, assignment, or other disposition of any material portion of the assets constituting [***] to a Person who is not an Affiliate of Purchaser, whether indirectly or directly, which results in [***] in consideration for such [***] and whether by (i) sale of assets, (ii) a transfer of more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company, (iii) a merger, reorganization, conversion or other transaction resulting in a change of ownership of more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company or a Person holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting control of the Company (any transaction described in the foregoing clauses (ii) or (iii), a "Change in Control"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following shall not be considered a "Qualified Transaction": (i) any sale, transfer or issuance of equity or debt securities pursuant to a *bona fide* equity or debt financing, as applicable, by Purchaser or any Affiliate of the Purchaser (including the Company) that does not constitute a Change in Control or (ii) the granting or permitting of any encumbrance or other security interest to any Person in connection with any such financing.

"<u>R&W Insurance Policies</u>" means Purchaser's representation and warranty insurance policies obtained in connection with this Agreement in substantially the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u>.

"R&W Insurance Retention Amount" means the deductible or retention amount applicable to the R&W Insurance Policies at the Closing.

"Registered Intellectual Property." means (i) Patents, (ii) Trademarks, and (iii) copyright registrations, applications therefor, or renewals thereof.

"Regulatory Exclusivity" means marketing or sales exclusivity conferred by a Governmental or Regulatory Authority in a country or jurisdiction on the holder of a Marketing Approval for a pharmaceutical or biologic product in such country or jurisdiction, including regulatory data exclusivity, orphan drug exclusivity, new chemical entity exclusivity and pediatric exclusivity.

"<u>Related Agreements</u>" means any agreement, document or instrument entered into or delivered in connection with this Agreement and the Transactions.

"Released Matters" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.10 (Release).

"Releasees" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.10 (Release).

"<u>Reporting Deadline</u>" means the [***].

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"Representatives" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.13 (Termination of Discussions and Non-Solicitation).

"Representative Fund Amount" means [***].

"Resignation Letters" means the written resignation letters from each of the officers and directors of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries, to be effective as of the Closing in a form acceptable to Purchaser.

"Resolution Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(d) (Dispute Resolution).

"Resolved Claims" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.6(f) (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

"Review Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.4(c) (Review of Post-Closing Statement).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Securityholder Indemnified Parties" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.2 (Indemnification by Purchaser).

"Selling Entity" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.1 (definition of "Net Sales").

"Selling Securityholder" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Settled Claims" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.6(c) (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

"Severance Costs" means all of the Company's bonus, severance, change-in-control payments or similar payment obligations that become payable due to, or resulting from, the closing of the Transactions (including any "single-trigger" or "double-trigger" change of control obligations).

"Shares" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Small Molecule" means any compound or molecule with a molecular weight less than two thousand (2,000) atomic mass units, other than a protein, peptide, or other biological molecule.

"Special Engagement" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.17 (Privilege; Counsel).

"Special Percentage Interest" means, with respect to each Selling Securityholder, the percentage set forth opposite such Selling Securityholder's name on Schedule 1.1(b).

"Spreadsheet" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.9(a) (Spreadsheet).

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"[***]" means [***] that (i) has [***] and (ii) at the time of the achievement of (x) the Milestones set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(A)_(F) (Milestones for [***]), either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent and has Regulatory Exclusivity in, in each case, (A) and (B), a country or jurisdiction in which such Milestone is achieved or (y) a Milestone set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(G)_(J) (Milestones for [***]), either (A) is Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets or (B) was previously Covered by a Valid Claim of a Company Patent in the United States and the Major European Markets and has Regulatory Exclusivity in the United States and the Major European Markets, in each case, (A) and (B), on [***].

"[<u>***</u>] <u>Milestone</u>" has the meaning set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(ii)(D)</u>.

"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(A).

"[***] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(B).

"[***]" means any pharmaceutical or biologic formulation containing (i) a [***] as an active pharmaceutical ingredient or (ii) a [***] described in clause (i) that is conjugated to a peptide, protein, or antibody, whether, in either case, alone or in combination with one or more other active pharmaceutical ingredients.

"[***]" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(d)(iii)(C) (Milestone [***] and Other Terms).

"[***]" means one of (i) signal transducer and activation of transcription 3 protein ("[***]"), or (ii) [***], including all associated Targets of a protein described in the preceding clause (i) or (ii).

"[****] Milestone" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1(a)(ii)(C).

[***]

[***]

"Stock Certificates" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2 (Surrender of Certificates).

"Straddle Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.12(c) (Straddle Period).

"Subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(c) (Subsidiaries).

"Tail Policy" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.18 (Director's and Officers' Indemnification).

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"Tangible Personal Property" means all furniture, fixtures, equipment, computer hardware, office equipment and apparatuses, tools, machinery and supplies and other tangible property of every kind owned or leased (wherever located and whether or not carried on the books and records), together with any express or implied warranty by the manufacturers, sellers or lessors of any item or component part thereof and all maintenance records and other documents relating thereto.

[***]

"Tax" or "Taxes" means any and all (i) federal, provincial, territorial, state, municipal, local, foreign or other taxes, imposts, rates, levies, assessments and other charges in the nature of a tax imposed under applicable Laws by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority, including all income, excise, franchise, gains, capital, real property, goods and services, transfer, value added, gross receipts, windfall profits, severance, ad valorem, personal property, production, sales, use, license, stamp, documentary stamp, mortgage recording, employment, payroll, social security, unemployment, disability, escheat, estimated or withholding taxes, and all customs and import duties, together with all interest, penalties and additions thereto imposed with respect to such amounts, in each case whether disputed or not; (ii) any Liability for the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (i) above as a result of being or having been a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group; and (iii) any Liability for the payment of any amounts as a result of being party to any tax sharing agreement or arrangement or as a result of any express or implied obligation to indemnify any other Person with respect to the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (i) or (ii).

"Tax Return" means any U.S. federal, state, local, provincial and non-U.S. returns, declarations, claims for refunds, forms, statements, reports, schedules, information returns or similar statements or documents and any amendments thereof (including any related or supporting information or schedule attached thereto) filed or required to be filed with any applicable Governmental or Regulatory Authority in connection with the determination, assessment or collection of any Tax.

"Third Party" means any party other than a Selling Entity.

"<u>Total Outstanding Shares</u>" means (without duplication) (i) the aggregate number of shares of Company Capital Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Closing, on an as converted to Company Common Stock basis, *plus* (ii) the maximum aggregate number of shares of Company Capital Stock issuable upon full exercise of all Company Options (whether vested or unvested) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Closing, on an as converted to Company Common Stock basis, *plus* (iii) the maximum aggregate number of shares of Company Capital Stock issuable upon full exercise, exchange or conversion of any other rights, whether vested or unvested, that are convertible into, exercisable for or exchangeable for, shares of Company Capital Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Closing, on an as converted to Company Common Stock basis.

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"<u>Trademarks</u>" means all trademarks, trade names, corporate names, service marks, brand names, logos, trade dress, slogans, and other indicia of product or service source or origin together with all translations, adaptations, derivations, and combinations thereof and including all goodwill associated with the foregoing and all common-law rights thereto, as well as all applications, registrations and renewals in connection therewith.

"Transactions" means each of the transactions contemplated pursuant to this Agreement and the Related Agreements (including, without limitation, the Purchase).

"Transfer" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.14(a) (No Transfer).

"Transfer Taxes" means all transfer, sales, use, value added, goods and services, excise, gross proceeds, reporting, recording, filing, documentary, stamp, conveyance and other similar fees, Taxes and charges arising out of or in connection with the Transaction.

"Treasury Regulations" means the final and temporary regulations promulgated under the Code by the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

[***]

[***]

[***]

"Unobjected Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.6(b) (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

"Upfront Option Cash Out Amount" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b) (Treatment of Company Options).

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"US Marketing Approval" means receipt of Marketing Approval for a Product in the United States.

"Valid Claim" means a claim of (i) an issued and unexpired Patent covering the composition of matter of a [***], or [***] as applicable, that has not been revoked or held unenforceable, unpatentable or invalid by a decision of a court or other governmental agency of competent jurisdiction that is not appealable or has not been appealed within the time allowed for appeal, and that has not been abandoned, explicitly disclaimed, denied or admitted in writing to be invalid or unenforceable through reissue, re-examination or disclaimer or otherwise; or [***].

"WARN Act" means the federal Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, and similar state, local and foreign laws related to plant closings, relocations, mass layoffs and employment losses.

"Working Capital [***]" means an amount equal to [***].

[***]

ARTICLE 2

PURCHASE AND SALE

2.1 Purchase and Sale.

(a) <u>Company Capital Stock</u>

(i) Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Closing, the Selling Securityholders will sell, transfer, convey, assign, deliver and set over to Purchaser, and Purchaser will purchase and accept, all of the right, title, benefit and interest of the Selling Securityholders in, to and under the Shares, free and clear of all Liens (the "<u>Purchase</u>").

(ii) In consideration for such sale of Shares, Purchaser shall pay (or cause to be paid) to each Selling Securityholder, at the Closing, by wire transfer of immediately available funds, an amount in cash equal to (A) the product obtained by *multiplying* (1) the Per Share Estimated Consideration by (2) the number of Shares held by such Selling Securityholder as of immediately prior to the Closing *minus* (B) the amount equal to such Selling Securityholders' Percentage Interest multiplied by the Indemnity Escrow Fund Amount; provided, that, with respect to [***] the payment described in this <u>Section 2.1(a)(ii)</u> shall be net of the [***] (which for the avoidance of doubt shall not be reallocated to any Selling Securityholder or Optionholder).

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(iii) At the Closing, each share of Company Common Stock that (A) is outstanding immediately prior to the Closing and (B) is unvested or is subject to a repurchase option or obligation, risk of forfeiture or other condition under any applicable restricted stock purchase agreement or other Contract with the Company or under which the Company has any similar rights, shall immediately become vested and shall, without any action on the part of Purchaser, the Company or any Selfing Securityholder or any other Person, be treated in the same manner as other fully vested shares of Company Common Stock in connection with the Transaction as set forth herein (including <u>Section 2.1(a)(ii) (Company Capital Stock</u>)).

(b) Company Options.

(i) No Company Options shall be assumed by Purchaser, and each such Company Option shall terminate at the Closing.

(ii) Effective as of the Closing, each Company Option outstanding and unexercised as of immediately prior to the Closing, shall, whether vested or unvested as of immediately prior to the Closing, by virtue of the Transaction and without any action on the part of Purchaser, the Company, any Selling Securityholder, any Optionholder or any other Person (other than any notices required to be delivered pursuant to the terms of the Equity Plan or any consents required to be obtained), be automatically converted, without exercise, into the right to receive (A) with respect to each Company Option held by such Optionholder, the product obtained by *multiplying* (x) the excess, if any, of the Per Share Estimated Consideration *over* the per share exercise price applicable to the Shares subject to such Company Option (such amount being hereinafter referred to as the "<u>Upfront Option Cash Out Amount</u>") *plus* (B) the portion, if any, of any Post-Closing Payments to which such Company Option is entitled pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

(iii) Purchaser shall pay (or cause to be paid) the Upfront Option Cash Out Amount, subject to <u>Section 2.5 (Withholding)</u>, to the Optionholders within [***] Purchaser shall pay (or cause to be paid), subject to <u>Section 2.5</u> (Withholding), any Post-Closing Payments payable with respect to such Company Options on the same schedule, and subject to the same terms and conditions, that apply to other Selling Securityholders under this Agreement with respect to their Company Capital Stock.

(iv) Prior to the Closing, and subject to the review and reasonable approval by Purchaser, the Company shall take all actions necessary to effect the transactions anticipated by this <u>Section 2.1(b)</u>(<u>Company Options</u>), under the Equity Plan, all agreements for Company Options, and any other plan or arrangement of the Company (whether written or oral, formal or informal), including delivering all required notices, obtaining all necessary approvals and consents, and delivering evidence reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser that all necessary determinations by the Company's Board of Directors or applicable committee thereof to cash out vested and unvested Company Options in accordance with this <u>Section 2.1(b)</u>(<u>Company</u> <u>Options</u>) have been made. In addition, prior to the Closing, and subject to review and reasonable approval by Purchaser, the Company shall take all actions necessary to terminate the Equity Plan, effective as of the Closing.

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(c) Representative Fund Amount. At the Closing, Purchaser shall deposit (or cause to be deposited) the Representative Fund Amount into a segregated account designated by the Seller Representative in a written notice delivered to Purchaser at least [***] prior to the Closing. The Representative Fund Amount is established solely to be used by the Seller Representative to pay any fees, costs or other expenses it may incur in performing its duties or exercising its rights under this Agreement. The Representative Fund Amount shall be held as a trust fund for the benefit of the Selling Securityholders and shall not be subject to any lien, attachment, trustee process or any other judicial process of any creditor of any Person. The Selling Securityholders and shall be treated as the owners of the Representative Fund Amount for all income Tax purposes until such amounts, if any, are distributed to the Selling Securityholders. The Seller Representative shall disburse (or cause to be disbursed) any amounts then remaining in the Representative Fund Amount to the Selling Securityholders and to the Company (or its designee) for disbursement to the Optionholders in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests at any time that it determines in its reasonable discretion that such funds are no longer needed. The Seller Representative Fund Amount other than as a result of its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Seller Representative is not providing any investment supervision, recommendations or advice and will not be liable for any loss of principal of the Representative Fund Amount other than as a result of its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Seller Representative is not providing any investment supervision, recommendations or advice and will not be liable for any loss of principal of the Representative Fund Amount other than as a result of its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Seller Representative is not providing any investment supervision, recommendations or davice and will not be liab

(d) Escrow Fund. At the Closing, Purchaser shall deposit (or cause to be deposited), with the Escrow Agent (i) an amount equal to the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount to hold in trust as a separate escrow fund (the "<u>Adjustment Escrow Fund</u>") and (ii) an amount equal to the Indemnity Escrow Fund Amount to hold in trust as a separate escrow fund (the "<u>Indemnity Escrow Fund</u>") under the terms of this Agreement and the Escrow Agreement.

(e) Estimated Expenses and Estimated Closing Indebtedness. At the Closing, Purchaser shall pay or cause to be paid all Estimated Expenses that remain unpaid as of the Closing Date in accordance with the Pre-Closing Statement and the instructions provided by the Company prior to the Closing, Purchaser shall pay or cause to be paid all Estimated Closing Indebtedness in accordance with the Payoff Letters and the Pre-Closing Statement.

2.2 <u>Surrender of Certificates</u>. At the Closing, each Selling Securityholder will surrender the certificates representing his, her or its Shares (the "<u>Stock Certificates</u>") to Purchaser, together with a duly completed and validly executed Assignment Separate from Certificate in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (the "<u>Assignment Separate from Certificate</u>") and any other transfer documentation reasonably required by Purchaser (collectively, the "Exchange Documents"). Upon surrender of the Stock Certificates to Purchaser, or such other agent or agents as may be appointed by Purchaser, together with Purchaser's receipt of all such Exchange Documents, duly completed and validly executed in accordance with the instructions thereto, subject to the terms hereof, each Selling Securityholder shall be entitled to receive from Purchaser, or such other agent or agents as may be appointed by Purchaser, the portion of the consideration to which Selling Securityholder is entitled to hereunder when due (including the portion of the Estimated Upfront Payment specified in <u>Section 2.1(a)(Company Capital Stock</u>)).

2.3 Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates. In the event any Stock Certificates shall have been lost, stolen or destroyed, Purchaser shall issue in exchange for such lost, stolen or destroyed certificates, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the holder thereof, such amount, if any, as may be required; provided, however; that Purchaser may, in its discretion and as condition precedent to the issuance thereof, require the Selling Securityholder who is the owner of such lost, stolen or destroyed certificates to provide a customary indemnification agreement in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Purchaser, against any claim that may be made against Purchaser with respect to the certificates alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed.

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2.4 Post-Closing Adjustment.

(a) <u>Pre-Closing Statement</u>. [***] the Company shall deliver to Purchaser a statement in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Purchaser (the "<u>Dre-Closing Statement</u>") setting forth, in reasonable detail, the Company's good faith estimates of Closing Working Capital (including all components thereof) (the "<u>Estimated Closing Working Capital</u>"). Closing Indebtedness (the "<u>Estimated Closing Indebtedness</u>"), the Expense Excess (the "<u>Estimated Expense Excess</u>"), the [***] Purchaser and the Expenses (the "<u>Estimated Expenses</u>") (including all components thereof), in each case, in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement and accompanied by reasonably detailed back-up documentation for such calculation and any additional information reasonably requested by Purchaser. The Company shall give Purchaser a reasonable opportunity to review and comment on the Pre-Closing Statement and shall incorporate into the Pre-Closing Statement any good faith comments of Purchaser with respect thereto.

(b) <u>Post-Closing Statement</u>. As promptly as practicable, but in no event later than [***] Purchaser shall prepare and deliver, or cause to be prepared and delivered, to the Seller Representative a statement (the "<u>Post-Closing Statement</u>") setting forth in reasonable detail Purchaser's calculation of Closing Working Capital (including all components thereof), Closing Indebtedness, [***] Expense Excess, [***] and Expenses (including all components thereof), in each case accompanied by reasonably detailed back-up documentation for such calculation, which Post-Closing Statement shall be prepared in good faith in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement. The Parties agree that the purpose of preparing the Post-Closing Statement shall be prepared in good faith in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement, is to measure changes in the amounts of Closing Working Capital, Closing Indebtedness, [***] and Expenses, if any, in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement, and such processes are not intended to permit the introduction of judgments, accounting methods, policies, principles, practices, procedures, classifications or estimation methodologies for the purpose of determining any such amounts that are inconsistent with the express terms of this Agreement.

(c) <u>Review of Post-Closing Statement</u>. The Seller Representative shall have [***] following its receipt of the Post-Closing Statement (the "<u>Review Period</u>") to review the Post-Closing Statement. In connection with the Seller Representative's review of the Post-Closing Statement, Purchaser shall cause the Company to make reasonably available, during normal business hours upon reasonable advance notice, to the Seller Representative and its advisors such books, records and personnel reasonably requested by the Seller Representative related to the Post-Closing Statement; *provided, however*, that (i) such access will not unreasonably disrupt the Company or its Subsidiaries' operations; and (ii) the Company and its Subsidiaries will not be required to disclose any information that would, in the reasonable good faith judgment of the Company based on advice of

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outside counsel, jeopardize attorney-client privilege, contravene any applicable Law or violate in any material respect any agreement binding on any such entity as of the date that such request is made. [***] the Seller Representative shall deliver to Purchaser a written statement accepting or disputing the Post-Closing Statement. In the event that the Seller Representative shall dispute the Post-Closing Statement, such statement shall include a reasonably detailed itemization of the Seller Representative's objections and the reasons therefor (such statement, a "<u>Dispute Statement</u>"). Any component of the Post-Closing Statement that is not disputed in a Dispute Statement shall be final and binding on the Parties hereto and not subject to appeal. If the Seller Representative does not deliver a Dispute Statement to Purchaser within the Review Period or delivers a statement accepting the Post-Closing Statement, the Post-Closing Statement shall be final and binding on the Parties hereto and not subject to appeal.

(d) <u>Dispute Resolution</u>. If the Seller Representative delivers a Dispute Statement during the Review Period, Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall promptly attempt in good faith to resolve their differences with respect to the disputed items set forth in the Dispute Statement during the [***] immediately following Purchaser's receipt of the Dispute Statement, or such longer period as Purchaser and the Seller Representative may mutually agree (the "Resolution Period"). Any such disputed items that are resolved by Purchaser and the Seller Representative during the Resolution Period shall be final and binding on the parties hereto and not subject to appeal. If Purchaser and the Seller Representative do not resolve all such disputed items by the end of the Resolution Period, Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall submit all items remaining in dispute with respect to the Dispute Statement to a nationally or regionally recognized independent accounting firm upon which Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall reasonably agree (the "Accounting Firm") for review and resolution. The Accounting Firm shall act as an expert and not an arbitrator. The Accounting Firm shall make all calculations in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement, shall determine only those items remaining in dispute between Purchaser and the Seller Representative, and shall not be permitted or authorized to assign a dollar amount to any item in dispute greater than the greatest value for such item claimed by either Party or less than the smallest value for such item claimed by either Party. Each of Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall (i) enter into a customary engagement letter with the Accounting Firm at the time such dispute is submitted to the Accounting Firm and otherwise cooperate with the Accounting Firm, (ii) have the opportunity to submit a written statement in support of their respective positions with respect to such disputed items, to provide supporting material to the Accounting Firm in defense of their respective positions with respect to such disputed items and to submit a written statement responding to the other Party's position with respect to such disputed items and (iii) subject to customary confidentiality and indemnity agreements, provide the Accounting Firm with access to their respective books, records, personnel and representatives and such other information as the Accounting Firm may require in order to render its determination. The Accounting Firm shall be instructed to deliver to Purchaser and the Seller Representative a written determination (such determination to include a worksheet setting forth all material calculations used in arriving at such determination and to be based solely on information provided to the Accounting Firm by Purchaser and the Seller Representative) of the disputed items within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the disputed items, which determination shall be final and binding on the parties hereto and not subject to appeal, absent manifest error. The fees and expenses of the Accounting Firm shall be borne by Purchaser, on the one hand, and the Seller Representative, on the other hand, based on a percentage equal to (x) the portion of the total amounts disputed not awarded to each such party divided by (y) the total amounts disputed.

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(e) Post-Closing Payments

(i) If the [***] is finally determined to be less than the Estimated Upfront Payment (the amount of such deficit, the "<u>Adjustment Shortfall</u>"), then Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall promptly, and in any event within [***] after such final determination, provide a joint written instruction to the Escrow Agent (A) to deliver an amount in cash equal to the Adjustment Shortfall to Purchaser from the Adjustment Escrow Fund and, to the extent that the Adjustment Shortfall is greater than the amount available in the Adjustment Escrow Fund at such time, from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, and (B) to release to each Selling Securityholder such Selling Securityholder's Percentage Interest of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund and to the Company (or its designee) the Optionholders' Percentage Interests of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund for payment to the Optionholders (it being understood that any amounts payable in respect of Company Options shall be subject to <u>Section 2.5 (Withholding</u>) and shall be paid in the manner described in <u>Section 2.1(b)(iii) (Company Options</u>)).

(ii) If the [***] is finally determined to be greater than the Estimated Upfront Payment (the "<u>Adjustment Surplus</u>"), then, promptly, and in any event within [***] after such final determination, (a) Purchaser shall pay or cause to be paid to each Selling Securityholder such Selling Securityholder's Percentage Interest of the Adjustment Surplus and to the Company (or its designee) the Optionholders' Percentage Interests of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund for payment to the Optionholders, and (b) the Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall provide a joint written instruction to the Escrow Fund and to the Company (or its designee) the Optionholder's Percentage Interests of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund and to the Company (or its designee) the Optionholder's Percentage Interests of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund and to the Company (or its designee) the Optionholder's Percentage Interests of any amounts remaining in the Adjustment Escrow Fund and to the Optionholders (it being understood that any amounts payable in respect of Company Options shall be subject to <u>Section 2.1(b)(iii)/(Company Options</u>).

(f) Any payment made under Section 2.4(e) (Post-Closing Payments), to the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law, shall be treated for all Tax purposes as an adjustment to the Estimated Upfront Payment and the Purchase Price.

(g) If the Expenses (as finally determined pursuant to <u>Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment</u>)) exceed the Estimated Expenses, Purchaser will promptly pay or cause to be paid to the applicable payees the amount of such excess (but in no event [***] pursuant to <u>Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment</u>)).

2.5 <u>Withholding</u>. Purchaser and its agents (as applicable) shall be entitled to deduct and withhold from any amounts payable or otherwise deliverable pursuant to this Agreement such amounts as Purchaser reasonably determines that it is required to deduct or withhold therefrom under any applicable Laws. To the extent such amounts are so deducted or withheld and paid to the appropriate Governmental or Regulatory Authority, such amounts shall be treated for all purposes under this Agreement as having been paid to the Person in respect of whom such deduction or withholding was made.

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ARTICLE 3

MILESTONES

3.1 Milestone Consideration.

(a) <u>Milestone Payments</u>. Purchaser shall pay (or cause to be paid) to the Selling Securityholders and to the Company for further distribution to the Optionholders, to be allocated in accordance with their Special Percentage Interests, in accordance with and subject to the terms of this <u>Section 3.1(a)</u>.(<u>Milestone Payments</u>) and <u>Section 7.4 (Set-Off</u>), each of the following one-time payments (each, a "<u>Milestone Payments</u>) upon the first achievement of the corresponding milestone event by a Selling Entity after the Closing and prior to the Milestone Termination Date (each, a "<u>Milestone</u>"), if such Milestone is so achieved:

(i) Milestones for [***].

[***]

[***]

[***]

. ,

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

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[***] [***]

(ii) Milestones for [***].

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

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(iii) <u>Milestones for [***</u>]. On an [***]:

[***] [***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

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[***]

[***]

[***]

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(c) <u>Net Sales Reporting</u>. Following the first sale of a Product in any country and thereafter with respect to all sales of Products prior to the Milestone Termination Date, Purchaser shall provide Seller Representative a statement within [***] of the end of each applicable [***] stating (as applicable) the aggregate Net Sales of each Product (and indicating whether each Product is an [***] or an [***] sold during the relevant [***] by any Selling Entity (including descriptions and amounts of the amounts deducted from gross sales to calculate Net Sales).

(d) [***].

(i) Adjustments for Products Containing Compounds Covered by a [***] Company Patent and No Other Company Patents. If the [***] respectively, achieving a particular Milestone triggering a particular Milestone Payment under <u>Sections 3.1(a)(i).(Milestones for [***]</u>), 3.1(a)(ii) (Milestones for [***]) respectively, contains no [***], [***], or [***], respectively, other than one or more [***], [***], or [***], respectively, then such Milestone Payment for such Milestone achieved by such [***] or [***] respectively, shall be reduced as follows:

(1) If such [***] or [***] respectively, contains at least one [***] or [***] respectively, that is a [***] conceived and first reduced to practice during [***] the applicable Milestone Payment shall [***];

(2) If the preceding clause (1) of this Section 3.1(d)(i) (Adjustments for Products Containing Compounds Covered by a [***] <u>Company Patent and No Other Company Patents</u>) does not apply to such [***] or [***] respectively, and such [***] or [***] respectively, contains at least one [***] or [***] respectively, that is a [***] conceived and first reduced to practice during [***] such Milestone Payment shall [***];

(3) If neither clause (1) nor (2) of this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i) (Adjustments for Products Containing Compounds Covered by a [***]</u> <u>Company Patent and No Other Company Patents</u>) applies to such [***] or [***] respectively, and such [***] [***] or [***] respectively, contains at least one [***] or [***] respectively, that is a [***] conceived and first reduced to practice during [***] such Milestone Payment shall [***]; and

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(4) If neither clause (1), clause (2), nor clause (3) of this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i) (Adjustments for Products Containing Compounds</u> <u>Covered by a [***] Company Patent and No Other Company Patents</u>) applies to such [***] or [***] respectively, and such [***] or [***] respectively, contains at least one [***] or [***] respectively, that is a [***] conceived and first reduced to practice during [***] such Milestone Payment shall [***].

For the avoidance of doubt, if the [***] or [***] as applicable, that achieves a particular Milestone described in <u>Sections 3.1(a)(i) (Milestones for</u> [***]), <u>3.1(a)(ii) (Milestones for [***]</u>), or <u>3.1(a)(iii) (Milestones for [***]</u>), respectively, contains only one or more [***] or [***] as applicable, that is a [***] conceived or first reduced to practice after [***] then notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, [***].

(ii) <u>Adjustments for Third Party Intellectual Property</u>. If a Selling Entity, in its reasonable judgment, is required to pay any amounts to a Third Party with respect to a Product to license or acquire any Intellectual Property that is reasonably necessary or commercially appropriate for such Product (including with respect to the manufacture, use and/or sale of such Product, but excluding any amounts paid to [***] of the amounts payable to each such Third Party from the amounts payable to the Selling Securityholders with respect to such Product pursuant to Section 3.1(a) (Milestone Payments), as they may be adjusted pursuant to <u>Section 3.1(d)(i) (Adjustments for Products Containing Compounds Covered by a [***] Company Patent and No Other Company Patents); provided, however, that in no event shall the amounts payable to the Selling Securityholders pursuant to <u>Section 3.1(a) (Milestone Payments)</u> (A) with respect to a [***] be reduced by more than [***] in each case, pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i)(Adjustments for Third Party from 10.11)</u> (A) with respect to a [***] be reduced by more than [***] in each case, pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i)(Adjustments for Third Party from 11.11)</u> (B) with respect to a [***] be reduced by more than [***] in each case, pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i)(Adjustments for Third Party for B)</u> (B) with respect to a [***] be reduced by more than [***] in each case, pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1(d)(i)(Adjustments for Third Party for B)</u> (B) with respect to a [***] be reduced by more than [***] in each case, pursuant to the Section 3.1(d)(i)(Adjustments for Third Party for B) and [***] be reduced by more than [***] be redu</u>

(iii) Milestone [***] and Other Terms. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary:

(A) the achievement of any the Milestones set forth in <u>Section 3.1(a)(ii)(A)–(F) (Milestones for [***])</u> or <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)</u> (<u>A)–(H) (Milestones for [***]</u>) by any Third Party contractually engaged by any Selling Entity to act as its legal agent with respect to, or to otherwise perform on Seller Entity's behalf, the applicable clinical trial or regulatory filing shall be deemed to have been achieved by such Selling Entity;

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(B) if any [***] Milestone is achieved with respect to a particular [***] prior to the achievement of any of the [***] Milestone or the [***] Milestone, in each case, with respect to such [***] then upon such achievement of such [***] Milestone with respect to such [***] the previously unachieved [***] Milestone or the [***] Milestone(s) (as the case may be) shall also be deemed achieved with respect to such [***] and the corresponding Milestone Payment(s) therefor shall be due and payable at the same time as Milestone Payment due with respect to such achieved [***] Milestone;

(C) if the [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone is achieved with respect to a [***] prior to the achievement of the [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone, in each case, with respect to such [***] Milestone upon achievement of such [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone is achieved with respect to such [***] the previously unachieved [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (as the case may be) shall also be deemed achieved with respect to such [***] and the corresponding Milestone Payment(s) therefor (the [***] Payments') shall be due and payable as follows: [***] of the amount of the [***] Payments shall be payable at the same time as the Milestone Payment due with respect to such achieved [***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Payments shall be due and payable at the same time as the Milestone Payment due with respect to such achieved [***] Addies or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Milestone (***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (***] Mil

(D) if the [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone is achieved with respect to a particular [***] prior to the achievement of the [***] Milestone or any of the [***] Milestone, in each case, with respect to such [***] then upon such achievement of the [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone with respect to such [***] the previously unachieved [***] Milestone or any of the previously unachieved [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone achieved with respect to such [***] and the corresponding Milestone Payment(s) therefor (in each case, the [***] Milestone Payments] shall be due and payable as follows: [***] of the amount of the applicable [***] Payments shall be payable at the same time as the Milestone Payment due with respect to such achieved [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (as the case may be) and the remaining [***] of the applicable [***] Payments shall be due [***] thereafter; and

(E) if the [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone is achieved with respect to an [***] prior to the achievement of the [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone, in each case, with respect to such [***] then upon achievement of such [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone with respect to such [***] the previously unachieved [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (as the case may be) shall also be deemed achieved with respect

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to such [***] and the corresponding Milestone Payment(s) therefor (the "[<u>***</u>] <u>Payments</u>") shall be due and payable as follows: [***] of the amount of the [***] Payments shall be payable at the same time as the Milestone Payment due with respect to such [***] Milestone, [***] Milestone or [***] Milestone (as the case may be), and the remaining [***] of the [***] Payments shall be due [***] thereafter.

(iv) <u>Termination of Milestone Obligations</u>. Purchaser shall not be obligated to pay to the Selling Securityholders or any other Person any amounts pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1 (Milestone Consideration</u>) with respect to any Milestone that is achieved after the Milestone Termination Date or any event occurring, or Net Sales received, following the Milestone Termination Date; provided, that (A) Purchaser shall provide a statement within [***] in which Milestone Termination Date occurs stating (as applicable) the aggregate Net Sales of each Product (and indicating whether each Product is an [***], or an [***] sold during the period between (x) the end of the last Fiscal Year immediately preceding the Milestone Termination Date and (y) the Milestone Termination Date of the Persentative may conduct audits in accordance with <u>Section 3.1(f(i) (Financial Records and Audits</u>) for [***] following the Milestone Termination Date to verify whether any Milestones were achieved but the corresponding Milestone Payment not paid, prior to the Milestone Termination Date.

(e) <u>Currency Exchange</u>. With respect to sales of Products invoiced or received in a currency other than US Dollars, such amount will, for purposes of determining Net Sales hereunder, be converted into the US Dollar equivalent using (a) the conversion rate published in the Wall Street Journal Eastern US Edition conversion rate on the last Business Day of the calendar month during which such revenue was invoiced or received or (b) the then-current reasonable and customary exchange rate methodology for the translation of foreign currency sales into US Dollars used by the Selling Entity invoicing or receiving such amounts with respect to its business generally, consistently applied.

(f) Audits and Reporting.

(i) <u>Financial Records and Audit</u>. Purchaser shall (and shall require that its Affiliates and Product Transferees will) maintain complete and accurate records in sufficient detail to permit the Seller Representative to verify the achievement of the Milestones in <u>Section 3.1(a).(Milestone</u> <u>Payments</u>). Upon at least [***] prior notice, and subject to <u>Section 3.1(d)(iy) (Termination of Milestone Obligations</u>) above, the records required pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1(f)(i).(Financial Records and Audit</u>) shall be open for examination, during regular business hours and at the relevant entity's principal place of business, for a period of [***] from the end of the [***] to which such records pertain, and not more often than [***], by an independent certified public accountant selected by the Seller Representative and reasonably acceptable to Purchaser, for the sole purpose of verifying for the Seller Representative the accuracy and completeness of any such Milestone Payments made, or required to be made, by Purchaser to the Selling Securityholders pursuant to this Agreement. The independent certified public accountant shall disclose to the Seller Representative on by whether the reports or notices with respect to Net Sales and Milestones provided to Seller's Representative were correct or incorrect (or, if no reports or notices

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were provided, whether such reports or notices should have been provided and what the contents of such notices or reports should have been) and the specific details concerning any discrepancies. No other information shall be provided to the Seller Representative. No record may be audited more than once. The Selling Securityholders shall bear the full cost of such audit unless such audit reveals an underpayment by Purchaser of more than [***] of the amount actually due for any Fiscal Year being audited, in which case Purchaser shall promptly reimburse the Selling Securityholders for the reasonable costs for such audit. The Selling Securityholders shall cause the Seller Representative to pay to Purchaser any underpayment discovered by such audit within [***] after the accountant's report, plus interest from the original due date. If the audit reveals an overpayment by Purchaser, then Purchaser may take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to the Selling Securityholders.

(ii) <u>Audit Dispute</u>. If Purchaser reasonably disputes in good faith the results of any audit conducted pursuant to <u>Section 3.1(f)(i)</u> (<u>Einancial Records and Audit</u>), and provides notice thereof to the Seller's Representative within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the results of such audit, Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall work in good faith to resolve the disagreement. If such Parties are unable to reach a mutually acceptable resolution of any such dispute for which such notice is provided within [***] of the Seller's Representative's receipt of such notice (or such longer period as agreed to by such Parties), the dispute shall be submitted for resolution to the Auditor. The decision of the Auditor shall be final and the costs of such procedure as well as the initial audit shall be borne between such Parties in such manner as the Auditor shall be final and the determines that there has been an underpayment by Purchaser, Purchaser shall pay to the Selling Securityholders the underpayment within ten (10) Business Days after the Auditor's decision, plus interest (as set forth in <u>Section 3.1(f)(i) (Financial Records and Audit</u>)) from the original due date. If the Auditor determines that there has been an overpayment by Purchaser, then Purchaser may take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to the Selling Securityholders.

(iii) <u>Reporting</u>. Subject to this <u>Section 3.1(f)(iii) (Reporting</u>), on or before [***] Purchaser shall provide the Seller Representative with a summary report of the status of progress toward achievement of the Milestones in <u>Section 3.1(a)(i)(A)_(F).(Milestones for</u> [***]) and <u>Section 3.1(a)(ii)(A)_(F).(Milestones for</u> [***]). Upon receipt of any such report, if requested in writing by the Seller Representative and upon reasonable advance notice, Purchaser shall make available to the Seller Representative those individuals responsible for the development of the Products to report on the status of progress toward achievement of the Milestones and answer reasonable questions posed by the Seller Representative via email or through one (1) meeting (either via telephone, video or in-person). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the obligations under this <u>Section 3.1(f)(iii)</u> (<u>Reporting</u>) shall terminate upon Purchaser (or its successor-in-interest or a Parent Company) first becoming subject to the periodic reporting requirements of Section 12(g) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and in any event on the Milestone Terminate Date, subject to <u>Section 3.1(d)(ix)</u> (<u>Termination of Milestone Obligations</u>). Purchaser's obligation to include any information in such report regarding (i) [***] shall terminate upon receipt of the first Marketing Approval for the first [***].

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3.2 Development.

(a) Efforts with Respect to Development and Commercialization of Products. Purchaser (directly or through its Affiliates, Product Transferees and/or other contractors) shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to: [***] Purchaser agrees that it will not and will cause its Affiliates and Product Transferees not to, take or omit to take any action that is primarily intended to impede or impair the achievement of a Milestone, unless it is otherwise Commercially Reasonable to do so. Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control, Purchaser shall cause the acquirer to expressly assume Purchaser's obligations pursuant to this <u>Section 3.2 (Development</u>).

(b) <u>Conditions to Development</u>. Without limiting Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with respect to Development and</u> <u>Commercialization of Products</u>), the Company acknowledges that the achievement of any Milestone is uncertain and therefore the payment of any Milestone Payment is therefore uncertain. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other provision of this Agreement, but without limiting Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with respect to Development and Commercialization of Products</u>). (i) the obligations to use Commercially Reasonable Efforts set forth in <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with Respect to Development and Commercialization of Products</u>). above shall not be deemed to be a representation, warranty or guarantee that any Milestone will be achieved; (ii) Purchaser (and its designees) shall, subject to <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with respect to Development and Commercialization of Products</u>), have sole discretion over all matters relating to the Products after the date hereof, including any research, development, manufacturing, commercialization, clinical trial design, site selection, regulatory, quality standards, legal, Intellectual Property, marketing, licensing and sales decisions relating to Products; (iii) neither Purchaser nor any of its Affiliates or Product Transferees owes any fiduciary duty or other express or implied duty to the Company or any of its shareholders, and Purchaser disclaims (on behalf of itself and its Affiliates and Product Transferees), and the Company hereby irrevocably waives, any obligations with respect to Development and <u>Commercialization of Products</u>), above; and (iv) in any event, Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with Respect to Development and Commercialization of Products</u>), above; and (iv) in any event, Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.2(a)</u> (<u>Efforts with Respect to Development and Commercialization of Products</u>), above; and (iv) in any event, Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.2(a)</u>

ARTICLE 4

CLOSING

4.1 <u>Closing</u>. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, the consummation of the Transactions (the "<u>Closing</u>") shall take place within [***] following satisfaction or waiver (if permissible hereunder) of the conditions set forth in <u>Section 4.2 (Closing Conditions</u>) (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the Closing, but subject to satisfaction or waiver (if permissible hereunder) of the conditions are transactions (the "<u>closing</u>") of those conditions at the Closing by electronic delivery of duly executed documents. The date upon which the Closing occurs hereunder

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shall be referred to herein as the "<u>Closing Date</u>". The Parties agree that the Closing will be effective and deemed to have occurred as of (a) 11:59 p.m. Eastern time on the Closing Date for purposes of calculating Closing Working Capital (without regards to any financing or similar transaction consummated or effected by the Purchaser or any of its Affiliates following the Closing) and allocating Taxes arising in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and (b) 12:01 a.m. Eastern time on the Closing Date (the "Effective Time") for all other purposes, including the passage of title and risk of loss.

4.2 Closing Conditions

(a) <u>Mutual Conditions</u>. The respective obligations of the Parties to consummate the Transactions shall be subject to the satisfaction, at or prior to the Closing, of the following conditions:

(i) <u>Regulatory Approvals</u>. All approvals of Governmental or Regulatory Authorities required to be obtained prior to the Closing in connection with the Transactions shall have been obtained without any conditions thereto.

(ii) <u>No Legal Restraints</u>. No Law or Order (whether temporary, preliminary or permanent) shall be in effect which has the effect of making the Transactions hereby illegal or otherwise prohibiting or preventing consummation of the Transactions in accordance with the terms hereof.

(b) <u>Additional Purchaser Conditions</u>. The obligations of Purchaser to consummate the Transactions shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Closing of each of the following additional conditions, any of which may be waived in writing exclusively by Purchaser:

(i) Company and Selling Securityholder's Representations and Warranties.

(A) Each of the Fundamental Representations shall be true and correct in all respects (other than any de minimis failure to be true and correct) on the date such Fundamental Representation was made and as of the Closing Date as though such Fundamental Representations were made on and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that are made only as of a specified date, each of which shall be true and correct in all respects (other than any de minimis failure to be true and correct) as of such date).

(B) Other than the Fundamental Representations, the representations and warranties of the Company or the Selling Securityholders that (x) are not qualified by the words "material", "materiality" (or similar qualification) shall have been true and correct in all material respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all material respects on and as of the Closing Date as though such representations and warranties were made on and as of such date (other than such representations and warranties that are made only as of a specified date, which shall be true and correct in all material respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on and as of such date (other than any such representations and warranties that are made only as of a specified date, which shall be true and correct in all respects as of such date).

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(ii) <u>Company and Selling Securityholders Covenants</u>. The Company and the Selling Securityholders shall have performed and complied in all material respects with each of the covenants and obligations under this Agreement required to be performed and complied with by them on or prior to the Closing.

(iii) No Material Adverse Effect. There shall not have occurred a Material Adverse Effect.

(iv) <u>Company Capital Stock</u>. The Selling Securityholders shall collectively own one hundred percent (100%) of the issued and outstanding shares of Company Capital Stock as of immediately prior to the Closing.

(v) <u>No Actions</u>. There shall be no Action by a Governmental or Regulatory Authority that is pending or threatened against Purchaser or any of its Affiliates, or against the Company or any of its Affiliates, challenging or seeking to enjoin or prevent any of the transactions contemplated hereby.

(vi) <u>Escrow Agreement</u>. The Seller Representative and the Escrow Agent shall have entered into an Escrow Agreement in substantially the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> (the "<u>Escrow Agreement</u>").

(vii) Company and Selling Securityholders Closing Deliveries. The Purchaser shall have received the following:

(A) the Spreadsheet;

(B) the Pre-Closing Statement;

(C) the consents, waivers and approvals of parties to any Contract set forth on Schedule 4.2(b)(vii)(C);

(D) each of the Payoff Letters;

(E) from each Selling Securityholder, (x) the applicable Exchange Documents and (y) a duly executed and valid IRS Form W-8 or W-9 (as applicable);

(F) the duly executed Resignation Letters;

(G) a certificate reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser signed by a duly authorized officer of the Company complying with the requirements of Code Section 1445 and Treasury Regulations Sections 1.897-2(h) and 1.1445-2(c)(3) stating that no interest in the Company has been a "United States real property interest" as defined under Section 897 of the Code at any time during the entire period that the Company has been subject to U.S. income Taxes as a corporation;

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(H) a certificate from the Company, validly executed by the Executive Chairman of the Company for and on the Company's behalf, to the effect that, as of the Closing, the conditions set forth in <u>Sections 4.2(b)(i)-(iv) (Closing Conditions</u>) have been satisfied;

(I) a certificate of good standing from the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware which is dated within [***] with respect to the Company;

(J) evidence reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser that, with respect to any payments and/or benefits that Purchaser determines may constitute "parachute payments" under Section 280G of the Code with respect to any Employees or any other "disqualified individual" (as defined in Code Section 280G and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder), the Selling Securityholders, (i) have approved, pursuant to the method provided for in the regulations promulgated under Section 280G of the Code, any such "parachute payments" or (ii) have voted upon and disapproved of such parachute payments, and, as a consequence, such "parachute payments" shall not be paid or provided for in any manner and Purchaser and its subsidiaries shall not have any Liabilities with respect to such "parachute payments";

(K) such other duly executed documents, instruments and certificates as may be reasonably required by the Purchaser to be delivered by the Company and / or the Selling Securityholders pursuant to the terms of this Agreement (with respect to the Company's Subsidiary in [***] including all company chops, UKey, original licenses, permits and government approvals, books, accounting, tax and other corporate records);

(L) the Purchaser shall have received evidence, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser, that the agreements and other arrangements between a Selling Securityholder, on the one hand, and the Company or any Subsidiary, on the other hand, listed on <u>Schedule 4.2(b)(vii)(L)</u> shall have been terminated as of the Closing, in each case without any Liability or further obligation to the Company or any Subsidiary;

(M) the Purchaser shall have received evidence, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser, that (i) each of [***] have waived any provisions with respect to "Strategic Relationships" (as defined in the applicable consulting agreement) in any consulting agreements [***] are a party to with the Company or any Subsidiary and (ii) any consulting agreement [***] is a party to with the Company or any Subsidiary has been terminated as of the Closing;

(N) the Purchaser shall have received copies of option cancellation agreements, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser, duly executed by each holder of Company Options;

(O) [***]; and

(P) the Purchaser shall have received copies of duly executed (i) amendments to each of the [***] and (ii) an amendment to the [***] in each case, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser.

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(viii) <u>Offer Letters</u>. Each signatory to an Offer Letter shall not have terminated his employment or consulting arrangement with the Company (or the Subsidiary, as applicable), and such signatory shall not have expressed a formal and definitive intention or, to the Knowledge of the Company, an informal and definitive intention, to terminate his employment with the Company or Purchaser (or one of their respective subsidiaries, as applicable) within [***] following the Closing.

[***]

(c) <u>Additional Company and Selling Securityholder Conditions</u>. The obligations of the Company and the Selling Securityholders to consummate the Transactions shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Closing of the following conditions, any of which may be waived in writing exclusively by the Company:

(i) <u>Purchaser Representations and Warranties</u>. The representations and warranties of Purchaser that are not qualified by the words "material" or "materiality" (or similar qualifications) shall have been true and correct in all material respects on the date there were made and shall be true and correct on and as of the Closing Date as though such representations and warranties were made on and as of such date (other than the representations and warranties of Purchaser made only as of a specified date, which shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such date). The representations and warranties of Purchaser made and shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such date). The representations and warranties of Purchaser that are qualified by the words "materiality" (or similar qualifications) shall have been true and correct in all respects on the date they were made and shall be true and correct in all respects on and as of the Closing Date as though such representations and warranties were made on and as of such date (other than any such representations and warranties of Purchaser made only as of a specified date, which shall be true and correct in all respects as of such date).

(ii) <u>Purchaser Covenants</u>. Purchaser shall have performed and complied in all material respects with each of the covenants and obligations under this Agreement required to be performed and complied with by it prior to the Closing.

(iii) Escrow Agreement. The Purchaser and the Escrow Agent shall have entered into the Escrow Agreement.

(iv) <u>Waiver under Convertible Notes</u>. Purchaser shall have delivered to the Company a waiver of the conversion and repayment provisions contained in Section 2(c) of the Convertible Notes in connection with this Agreement and the Transactions in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Company.

(v) [***].

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ARTICLE 5

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

5.1 <u>Representations and Warranties Regarding the Company</u>. The Company hereby represents and warrants to Purchaser, as of the date of this Agreement and the Closing, the following, subject to the disclosures and exceptions set forth in the Disclosure Schedules delivered to Purchaser on the date hereof and attached hereto (the "Disclosure Schedules"):

(a) Organization and Existence.

(i) The Company is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has the requisite corporate power and authority to own its properties, to conduct the Business as currently conducted in each jurisdiction where the Business is currently conducted, to enter into the Related Agreements and to consummate the Transactions. <u>Section 5.1(a)(1)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules lists every state or foreign jurisdiction in which the Company holds assets or properties (whether owned, leased or licensed), the Business is currently conducted or any Employees are currently employed by the Company. The Company is duly qualified or licensed to do business and is in good standing as a foreign corporation in each jurisdiction in which the character or location of its assets or properties (whether owned, leased or licensed) or the nature of its business make such qualification or license material to the Company's business as currently conducted, except where the failure to be so qualified or licensed would not, individually or in the aggregate, have an adverse impact on the Company or the Business in any material respect. The Company has Made Available a true, complete and correct copy of its Organizational Documents, each as amended to date and in full force and effect on the date hereof, to Purchaser, and no other amendments to any such Organizational Documents have been approved.

(ii) <u>Section 5.1(a)(ii)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules lists the directors and officers of the Company as of the date hereof. The operations now being conducted by the Company are not now and have never been conducted by the Company under any other name. None of the directors and officers of the Company have indemnification rights from the Company other than as set forth in the Organizational Documents.

(b) Company Capital Structure

(i) The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 43,500,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of which 20,000,000 shares are issued and outstanding, and 17,000,000 shares of Company Preferred Stock, of which (j) 15,000,000 are designated "Series Seed Preferred Stock", 11,870,000 of which are issued and outstanding, and (ii) 2,000,000 are designated "Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock", of which 1,250,000 of which are issued and outstanding. The Company Capital Stock is held by the Selling Securityholder as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(b)(i)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules, which further sets forth each Selling Securityholder's domicile, the number of shares held, and the number of the applicable stock certificates representing such shares. All outstanding shares of Company Capital Stock are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assesable and are not subject to preemptive rights created by statute, the Company's Organizational Documents, or any agreement to which the Company is a party or by which

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it is bound. All outstanding shares of Company Capital Stock have been issued or repurchased (in the case of shares that were outstanding and repurchased by the Company or any shareholder of the Company) in material compliance with all applicable Laws, including federal and state securities Laws, and were issued, transferred and repurchased (in the case of shares that were outstanding and repurchased by the Company or any shareholder of the Company) in material compliance with all applicable Laws, including federal and state securities under Section 83(b) of the Code was validly and timely made with respect to all outstanding shares of Company Common Stock that were eligible for such an election. The Company has not suffered or incurred any liability (contingent or otherwise) or claim, loss, liability, damage, deficiency, cost or expense relating to or arising out of the issuance or repurchase of any Company Campany Capital Stock, or out of any agreements or arrangements relating thereto (including any amendment of the terms of any such agreement or arrangement). There are no events or circumstances that have occurred that would give rise to any anti-dilution or other adjustments to the respective conversion rates of any series of Company Preferred Stock. There are no declared or accrued but unpaid dividends with respect to any shares of Company Capital Stock. Other than the Company Common Stock, and the Company Preferred Stock listed on <u>Section 5.1(b)(i)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules, the Company has no other capital stock authorized, issued or outstanding. True, correct and complete copies of all agreements and instruments relating to any securities of the Company, including any amendments, modifications or supplements, have been provided to Purchaser.

(ii) Except for the Equity Plan, the Company has never adopted, sponsored or maintained any stock option plan or any other plan or agreement providing for equity-related compensation to any person (whether payable in shares, cash or otherwise). The Company has reserved 1,500,000 shares of Company Common Stock for issuance to employees and directors of, and consultants to, the Company under the Equity Plan, of which (i) 400,600 shares of Company Common Stock are issuable, as of the date hereof, upon the exercise of outstanding, unexercised options granted under the Equity Plan, and (ii) 1,099,400 shares of Company Common Stock remain available for future grant. Section 5.1(b)(ii) of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth for each outstanding Company Option, the name of the holder, the type of entity of such holder, the domicile address of record of such holder is an employee of the Company, the number and class or series of Shares issuable upon the exercise of such Company Option, the date of grant, the exercise price (if any), the vesting schedule, including the extent vested to date and whether such vesting is subject to acceleration as a result of the Transactions or any other events, and whether such Company Option is a nonstatutory option or qualifies as an incentive stock option as defined in Section 422 of the Code. No Company Option has an exercise price that is less than the fair market value of the underlying equity as of the date such option was granted (as determined in accordance with Section 409A). The terms of the Equity Plan and the applicable agreements for each Company Option permit the termination of Company Options as provided in this Agreement without the consent or approval of the holders of such securities, the Selling Securityholders or otherwise. True and complete copies of all agreements and instruments, including all amendments, modifications or supplements, issued under the Equity Plan have been Made Available. All Company Options have been issued in material compliance with all applicab

(iii) No notice to Optionholders is required to consummate the Transactions or otherwise effect the treatment of the Company Options contemplated under <u>Section 2.1(b) (Company Options</u>) of this Agreement. No Optionholder has the ability to early exercise any Company Options under the Equity Plan or any other Contract relating to such Company Options.

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(iv) Other than the Company Options, there are no options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities, commitments or agreements of any character, written or oral, to which the Company or any Subsidiary is bound obligating the Company or sisue, deliver, sell, repurchase or redeem, or cause to be issued, delivered, sold, repurchased or redeemed, any shares of the capital stock of the Company or obligating the Company to grant, extend, accelerate the vesting of, change the price of, otherwise amend or enter into any such option, warrant, call, right, commitment or agreement. There are no outstanding or authorized stock appreciation, phantom stock, profit participation, or other similar rights with respect to the equity of the Company (whether payable in equity, cash or otherwise). Except as contemplated hereby, there are no voting trusts, proxies, or other agreements or understandings with respect to the voting stock of the Company. There are no agreements to which the Company is a party relating to the registration, sale or transfer (including agreements relating to rights of first refusal, co-sale rights or "drag-along" rights of any Company Capital Stock. As a result of the sale of the Shares to Purchaser, at the Closing, Purchaser will be the sole record and beneficial holder of all issued and outstanding.

(c) Subsidiaries. Section 5.1(c) of the Disclosure Schedules lists each corporation, limited liability company, body corporate, partnership, association, joint venture or other business entity of which the Company owns, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock or any interest in, or which the Company owns, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock or any interest in, or which the Company oncompany has not agreed and is not obligated to make any future investment in or capital contribution to any Person. Each Subsidiary is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization. Each Subsidiary has the requisite power to own its assets and properties and to carry on its business as currently conducted. Each Subsidiary is duly qualified or licensed to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the character or location of its assets or properties (whether owned, leased or licensed) or the nature of its business make such qualifications or licenses necessary, except where the failure to be so qualified or licensed would not, individually or in the aggregate, have an adverse impact on the Company, such Subsidiary, or the Business in any material respect. A true, correct and complete copy of each Subsidiary's Organizational Documents, each as amended to date and in full force and effect on the date of this Agreement, has been Made Available. All of the outstanding equity interests of each Subsidiary are owned of subject to preemptive rights created by statute, the Organizational Documents of such Subsidiary, or any Contract to which such Subsidiary is a party or by which it is bound, and have been issued in material compliance with all applicable Laws. There are no options, warrants, calls, rights, or Contracts of any character, written or oral, to which may the Company or any Subsidiary to issued, sold, repurchased or redeemed, any shares of the capital stock of any Subsidiary to osludivers or busidiary

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(d) <u>Authority and Approval</u>. The Company has all requisite power and authority to enter into this Agreement, the Related Agreements and the other agreements, instruments and documents to be executed and delivered in connection herewith and therewith to which the Company is (or becomes) a party and the consummation of the Transactions. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Related Agreements to which the Company is a party and the consummation of the Transactions have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate and stockholder action (including the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors of the Company) and no further corporate or stockholder action is required on the part of the Company to authorize this Agreement or any other Related Agreements to which the Company is a party and the Company and the Related Agreements to which the Company is a party and the Company, and the Related Agreements will be duly executed and delivered by the Company, and the Related Agreements will be duly executed and delivered by the Company, and the Related Agreement sufficient against it in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be affected by bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and other similar Laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, and general equitable principles (whether considered in a Proceeding in equity or at Law).

(e) <u>No Conflict</u>. The execution and delivery by the Company or the Selling Securityholders of this Agreement does not, the execution by the Company of the Related Agreements will not, and the consummation of the Transactions will not conflict with or result in any violation of or default under (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) or give rise to, any payment obligation, or a right of termination, cancellation, modification or acceleration of any obligation or loss of any benefit, or result in the creation of any Lien, under (any such event, a "<u>Conflict</u>") (i) any provision of the Organizational Documents of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (ii) any of the Company's or any of its Subsidiaries' Material Contracts, except where the Conflict would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have an adverse impact on the Company or the Business in any material respect, or (iii) any Law applicable to or any of its or any Subsidiary's properties or assets (whether tangible or intangible). <u>Section 5.1(e)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth all necessary notices, consents, waivers and approvals of parties to any of the Company's or any Subsidiary's Material Contract to remain in full force and effect without limitation, modification or alteration after the Closing so as to preserve all rights of, and benefits to, Purchaser under such Material Contracts from and after the Closing.

(f) <u>Governmental Approvals and Filing</u>. No consent, notice, waiver, approval, order or authorization of, or registration, declaration or filing with, any Governmental or Regulatory Authority is required by, or with respect to, the Company in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Related Agreements or any other agreement to which the Company is a party or the consummation of the Transactions.

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(g) Financial Statements

(i) Section 5.1(g)(i) of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth true and complete copies of (A) the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2018 and the related consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "2018 Financial Statements"). (B) the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and the related consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the "2019 Financial Statements") and (C) the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of September 30, 2020 and the related consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the three months ended September 30, 2020 (the "2020 Financial Statements") and together with the 2018 Financial Statements and the 2019 Financial Statements, the "<u>Financial Statements</u>"). The Financial Statements in each case were prepared in accordance with GAAP, consolidated results of operations of the Business for the time periods indicated.

(ii) The Company does not have any Liabilities, other than Liabilities (A) set forth or expressly reserved for on the face of the Financial Statements or specifically set forth in any notes thereto, (B) incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business after March 31, 2020, (C) pursuant to Contracts Made Available to Purchaser or any Contracts entered into by the Company subsequent to the date hereof not in violation of this Agreement (none of which results from, arises out of, relates to, is in the nature of, or was caused by any breach of contract, breach of warranty, tort, infringement or violation of Law), (D) under this Agreement and the Related Agreements relating to or in connection with the Transactions, or (E) that are Closing Indebtedness or Expenses as set forth in the Spreadsheet.

(iii) Section 5.1(g)(iii) of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth all Indebtedness of the Company and the Subsidiaries as of the date of this Agreement, including the creditor thereof, the principal amount thereof and any accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

(h) <u>Absence of Changes</u>. Since March 31, 2020 (A) there has not been any Material Adverse Effect, and (B) except as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(h)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules:

(i) the Company and each Subsidiary have carried on the Business in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(ii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not caused or permitted any modifications, amendments or changes to its Organizational Documents:

(iii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not issued, granted, delivered or sold or authorized or proposed the issuance, grant, delivery or sale of, any Company Capital Stock, Company Options or equity-based awards (whether payable in cash, stock or otherwise) or any equity interests of any Subsidiary, or any rights or securities convertible into, exercisable or exchangeable therefor (including subscriptions, rights, warrants or options to acquire, or other Contracts of any character obligating any of them to issue or purchase any such equity interest, rights or securities);

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(iv) the Company and each Subsidiary have not declared, set aside, or paid any dividends on or made any other distributions (whether in cash, stock or property) in respect of any Company Capital Stock or the equity interests of any Subsidiary, or split, combined or reclassified any Company Capital Stock or the capital stock of any Subsidiary, or directly or indirectly repurchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired any shares of Company Capital Stock or the equity interests of any Subsidiary (or options, warrants or other rights convertible into, exercisable or exchangeable for any of the foregoing);

(v) except in connection with the Transactions, the Company and each Subsidiary have not waived any equity repurchase rights, accelerated, amended or changed the period of exercisability of any Company Options or repriced any Company Options or authorized cash payments in exchange for any Company Options;

(vi) the Company and each Subsidiary have not formed, or entered into any commitment to form, a subsidiary, or acquired, or entered into any commitment to acquire, an interest in any corporation, association, joint venture, partnership or other business entity or division thereof;

(vii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not sold, leased, transferred, licensed, sublicensed, or assigned to a third party any of its respective properties, rights or assets;

(viii) other than in the Ordinary Course of Business, the Company and each Subsidiary have not (A) sold, exclusively licensed, sublicensed or assigned to any Person or entered into any Contract to sell, exclusively license or assign to any Person any rights to any Company Owned Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property; (B) bought or licensed any material Intellectual Property of any other Person; or (C) licensed or sold any Products (or any Company Intellectual Property) to any third party(ies);

(ix) the Company and each Subsidiary have not failed to maintain or allowed any rights in any Company Intellectual Property constituting Registered Intellectual Property to lapse or enter into the public domain;

(x) the Company and each Subsidiary have not (A) entered into any Material Contract or (B) agreed to any modification, amendment, termination, or extension of or waiver of any rights under any Material Contract;

(xi) the Company and each Subsidiary have not incurred any Indebtedness, or issued or sold any debt securities;

(xii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not created or permitted the creation of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) on any of their respective assets;

(xiii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not made any loan to any Person (except for advances to employees for reasonable business travel and expenses in the Ordinary Course of Business);

destroyed;

(xiv) no asset used in or related to the Business with a value in excess of \$[***] in the aggregate has been materially damaged or

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(xv) the Company and each Subsidiary have not (A) granted or promised any severance or termination payment (in cash, equity, or otherwise), or (B) adopted, terminated or amended any new severance plan or Company Employee Plan, entered into any Employee Agreement, paid or agreed to pay any bonus or special remuneration (including in connection with the Transactions) to any Employee, or increased or agreed to increase the salaries, wage rates, or other compensation or benefits of its Employees;

(xvi) the Company and each Subsidiary have not hired, offered to hire or engaged any employees, engaged any independent contractors, consultants or advisors, or terminated any Employee or encouraged any Employee to resign;

(xvii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not (A) adopted or changed accounting methods or practices (including any change in depreciation or amortization policies or rates or any change to practices that would impact the methodology for recognizing revenue) other than as required by GAAP or (B) accelerated the collection of accounts receivable or deferred or delayed the payment of accounts payable;

(xviii) the Company and each Subsidiary have not changed any Tax election, made any Tax election, adopted or changed any Tax accounting method, entered into any closing agreement in respect of Taxes, settled or compromised any Tax claim or assessment, consented to any extension or waiver of the limitation period applicable to any Tax claim or assessment, made or requested any Tax ruling, entered into any Tax sharing or similar agreement or arrangement, entered into any transactions giving rise to deferred gain or loss, or amended any Tax Return;

(xix) the Company and each Subsidiary have not (A) settled, compromised or initiated any Proceeding or (B) waived any material right under applicable Contracts or Law;

(xx) the Company and each Subsidiary have not allowed or suffered any Permits to lapse, expire, be cancelled, suspended, limited, revoked or materially modified, or not be renewed (if renewal is due prior to the Closing); and

(xxi) the Company and each Subsidiary have not committed to do any of the foregoing.

(i) <u>Taxes</u>.

(i) The Company and each Subsidiary have filed or caused to be filed all income (and other similar) Tax Returns and all other material Tax Returns that are required to be filed with a taxing authority by or with respect to the Company or any Subsidiary. Such Tax Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects and were filed in accordance with applicable Law in all material respects, and accurately reflect all material Liability for Taxes of the Company and each Subsidiary for the periods covered thereby; *provided, however*, that regardless of what may be reported on any such Tax Returns, the Selling Securityholders make no representation regarding (A) any carryovers of net operating losses, Tax credits, or charitable contribution or other Tax benefits items that are available to the Company or any Subsidiary or that have been reported by the Company or any Subsidiary for any federal, state, or other Tax purposes, and (B) any limitation on use of the

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Company's or any Subsidiary's net operating losses, Tax credits, or charitable contribution or other Tax benefit carryovers that might apply either as of or after the Closing Date under Code Sections 382 or 383 or any other applicable limitations under any Tax Laws.

(ii) All income and other material Taxes and Tax Liabilities of the Company and each Subsidiary that are due and payable on or prior to the Closing (whether or not shown on any Tax Return) have been (or will be) paid on or prior to the Closing. Any such Taxes or Tax Liabilities with respect to the Company and each Subsidiary that are not yet due and payable have been properly accrued on the Financial Statements or, with respect to periods not reflected on the Financial Statements, on the books and records of the Company and each Subsidiary, in each case, in accordance with GAAP.

(iii) As of the date hereof, each of the Company and each Subsidiary is not, and has never been, the subject of an audit or other examination relating to the payment of income (or other similar) Taxes or material amounts of other Taxes by the taxing authorities of any nation, state or locality nor, to the Knowledge of the Company, has the Company or any Subsidiary received within the past three (3) years any written notices from any taxing authority that such an audit or examination is pending.

(iv) As of the date hereof, neither the Company nor any Subsidiary (A) has entered into a written agreement or waiver extending any statute of limitations relating to the payment or collection of income (or other similar) Taxes or material amounts of other Taxes that has not expired and (B) is presently contesting any income (or other similar) Tax Liability or material amounts of other Liabilities for Taxes before any court, tribunal or agency.

(v) All material amounts of Taxes that the Company and each Subsidiary are (or were) required by Law to withhold or collect in connection with amounts paid or owing to any current or former employee, independent contractor, creditor, stockholder or other third party have been duly withheld or collected, and have been timely paid over to the proper authorities to the extent due and payable.

(vi) There are no Liens for any Taxes (other than Permitted Liens) on the assets or properties of the Company or any Subsidiary.

(vii) No written claim has ever been made by a taxing authority, in a jurisdiction where the Company or any Subsidiary does not file Tax Returns or does not pay Taxes, that the Company or any Subsidiary is required to file Tax Returns in or be subject to Tax by that jurisdiction, and, to the Knowledge of the Company, there is no basis for any such claim to be made.

(viii) There is no power of attorney that is currently in effect given by or binding upon the Company or any Subsidiary with respect to Taxes or Tax Returns. No closing agreements, private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda or similar agreements or rulings relating to Taxes have been entered into or issued by any taxing authority with or in respect of the Company or any Subsidiary.

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(ix) The unpaid Taxes of the Company and the Subsidiaries for Pre-Closing Tax Periods do not, as of the Closing, exceed the amount taken into account in Indebtedness.

(x) Since the date of the 2020 Financial Statements, the Company and each Subsidiary have never made, changed or revoked any Tax election inconsistent with past practice, elected or changed any method of accounting for Tax purposes, changed any Tax accounting period, amended any Tax Return, surrendered any right to claim a refund of Taxes, settled or compromised any Action in respect of a material amount of Taxes outside the Ordinary Course of Business, consented to any extension or waiver of the statutory period of limitations applicable to any Action in respect of Taxes, entered into any Contract in respect of Taxes with any taxing authority or other party (other than a commercial agreement entered into in the normal course of business not primarily related to Taxes), or filed any material Tax Return inconsistent with past practice.

(xi) The Company and each Subsidiary will not be required to include any material item of income or gain in, or to exclude any material item of deduction or loss from, taxable income for any Post-Closing Tax Period as a result of any (A) "closing agreement" as described in Code Section 7121 (or any corresponding or similar provision of state, local or foreign income Tax Law) executed on or prior to the Closing, (B) change in method of accounting for a Pre-Closing Tax Period, (C) installment sale or open transaction disposition made prior to the Closing, (D) prepaid amount received or paid prior to the Closing, (E) deferred intercompany gain or excess loss account described in Treasury Regulations under Code Section 1502 (or any corresponding or similar provision of Law), or (F) election made before the Closing under Section 965(h) of the Code. To the Knowledge of the Company, no taxing authority has proposed in writing any adjustment pursuant to Code Section 481(a) (or any predecessor provision) or any similar provision of rany such changes in any accounting methods for Tax purposes.

(xii) Each of the Company and each Subsidiary is not, and has never been, a "United States real property holding corporation" within the meaning of Code Section 897.

(xiii) The Company and each Subsidiary are in full compliance with all terms and conditions of any Tax exemption, Tax holiday or other Tax reduction agreement or order of a taxing authority.

(xiv) Each of the Company and each Subsidiary is not, and has never been, a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated federal income Tax Return or a similar state or local income Tax Return. The Company and each Subsidiary do not have any Liability for the Taxes of any Person (other than the Company and its Subsidiaries) under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any comparable provision of domestic or foreign Tax Law), as a transferee or successor, by Contract (other than a Contract entered into in the Ordinary Course of Business the principal subject matter of which is no Taxes), or otherwise.

(xv) During the [***] period ending on the date of this Agreement, the Company and each Subsidiary have never constituted a "distributing corporation" or a "controlled corporation" in a distribution qualifying or purported to qualify for Tax-free treatment (in whole or in part) under Code Section 355(a), Code Section 361 or analogous provisions of domestic or foreign Tax Law.

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(xvi) The Company and each Subsidiary are not parties to, or otherwise bound by or subject to, any (A) Tax sharing, allocation or indemnification or similar agreement, provision or arrangement, or (B) any agreement or arrangement under which the Company or any Subsidiary could be (I) liable for any material Taxes or other claims of any party (other than the Company and its Subsidiaries), or (II) required to make payment to another Person (other than the Company or any Subsidiary) for any Tax Liabilities or with respect to any Tax benefits that are realized or deemed to be realized by the Company or any Subsidiary, including, but not limited to, transaction Tax benefits arising from a prior transaction (in each case of clauses (A) and (B), other than pursuant to commercial agreements entered into in the normal course of business that are not primarily related to Taxes).

(xvii) The Company and each Subsidiary have never been a party to a transaction that is or is substantially similar to a "reportable transaction" as such term is defined in Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4(b), any "tax shelter" within the meaning of Code Section 6662, or any other transaction requiring disclosure under analogous provisions of domestic or foreign Tax Law.

(xviii) The Company does not have a permanent establishment (within the meaning of an applicable Tax treaty or otherwise under applicable Law) or otherwise have an office or a fixed place of business outside of the United States. The Company and each Subsidiary have not previously recognized and will not recognize (based on facts and events present at the Closing) a material amount of "subpart F income" as defined in Code Section 952.

(xix) There is no agreement, plan, arrangement or other Contract covering any Employee or any other "disqualified individual" (as defined in Code Section 280G and the regulations promulgated thereunder) that, considered individually or considered collectively with any other such Contracts, will, or could reasonably be expected to, give rise directly or indirectly to the payment of any amount for which a deduction would be disallowed by reason of Sections 280G or 404 of the Code or that would be characterized as a "parachute payment" within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(2) of the Code. No Employee or any other "disqualified individual" (as defined in Code Section 280G and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder) is entitled to any payment of any Tax "gross-up" or similar "make-whole" payments from the Company or any Subsidiary, including as a result of excise Taxes that could become payable under Section 280G of the Code or Section 51(<u>)(xix</u>) of the Disclosure Schedules lists all persons who are "disqualified individuals" (within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder).

(xx) Section 5.1(i)(xx) of the Disclosure Schedules lists each Contract, agreement or arrangement between the Company or any ERISA Affiliate and any Employee that is a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as such term is defined in Section 409A(d)(1) of the Code) subject to Section 409A of the Code (or any state law equivalent) and the Treasury Regulations and guidance thereunder ("Section 409A")). Each such nonqualified deferred compensation plan has been in documentary and operational compliance with Section 409A. No nonqualified deferred compensation plan that was originally exempt from application of Section 409A has been "materially

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modified" (within the meaning of IRS Notice 2005-1) at any time after October 3, 2004. No compensation shall be includable in the gross income of any Employee as of any date on or prior to the Closing as a result of the operation of Section 409A of the Code with respect to any arrangements or agreements in effect prior to the Closing. To the extent required, the Company and each of its Subsidiaries has properly reported and/or withheld and remitted on amounts deferred under any Company nonqualified deferred compensation plan subject to Section 409A of the Code. There is no contract, agreement, plan or arrangement to which the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates is a party, including the provisions of this Agreement, covering any Employee of the Company, which individually or collectively could require the Company or any of its Affiliates to pay a Tax gross-up payment to, or otherwise indemnify or reimburse, any Employee for Tax-related payments under Section 409A. There is no contract, agreement, plan or arrangement to which the Company on the provisions of this Agreement, plan or arrangement to which the Company or any ERISA Affiliate is a party, including the provisions of this Agreement, which, individually or collectively, could give rise to a Purchaser, Company, or Subsidiary Tax under Section 409A of the Code.

(xxi) No Company Option or other stock right (as defined in Treasury Regulations Section 1.409A-1(1)) (A) has an exercise price that has been or may be less than the fair market value of the underlying equity as of the date such option or right was granted, (B) has any feature for the deferral of compensation other than the deferral of recognition of income until the later of exercise or disposition of such option or rights, (C) has been granted after December 31, 2004, with respect to any class of stock of the Company that is not "service recipient stock" (within the meaning of applicable Treasury Regulations under Section 409A), or (D) has ever been accounted for other than fully in accordance with GAAP in the Company's audited financial statements provided to Purchaser.

(j) Title. The Company and each Subsidiary have valid title to, or valid leasehold or license or contractual interests in, all of its material assets, free and clear of all Liens, except for Permitted Liens.

(k) Compliance with Laws.

(i) The Company and each Subsidiary is, and has in the prior (3) three years been, in material compliance with all Laws and Orders applicable to the Company, the Subsidiary, the Business or Employees;

(ii) The [***] do not violate any applicable Law and Order;

(iii) The Company has received no written notification or communication from any Governmental or Regulatory Authority (A) alleging that the Company or a Subsidiary is in violation or noncompliance with any applicable Law or (B) threatening to revoke or suspend any material Permit owned or held by the Company; and

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(iv) Except as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(k)(iv</u>) of the Disclosure Schedules, neither the Company nor any Subsidiary uses or engages third parties (including any customs brokers, agents and consultants) to obtain any Permit in any location outside the United States.

(1) <u>Permits. Section 5.1(1)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules contains a complete list, as of the date of this Agreement, of all Permits issued to the Company or any Subsidiary that are used or held for use by the Company or any Subsidiary in connection with the Business. The Company and the Subsidiaries possess, and at all times during the past three (3) years have possessed all Permits necessary and material to the Business. Each such Permit is validly and presently in effect (and the continuing validity and effectiveness of such Permit will not be affected by the consummation of the Closing), and the Company and each of the Subsidiaries is not in default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under any Permit in any material respect. To the Knowledge of the Company, no facts or circumstances exist that, with or without notice or lapse of time, would be reasonably likely to result in such action. There are no Actions pending, nor to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened, that seek the revocation, cancellation, suspension, failure to renew or adverse modification of any such Permit. All required filings with respect to such Permit have been made and all required applications for renewal thereof have been timely filed.

(m) Environmental Claims. The Company and its Subsidiaries (i) have not received any notice or other communication of any alleged Claim, violation of or Liability under any Environmental Law which has not heretofore been cured or for which there is any remaining material liability; (ii) have not disposed of, emitted, discharged, handled, stored, transported, labeled, used or released any Hazardous Materials, distributed, sold or otherwise placed on the market Hazardous Materials or any product containing Hazardous Materials, arranged for the disposal, discharge, storage or release of any Hazardous Materials, or exposed any employee or other individual to any Hazardous Materials (collectively "<u>Hazardous Materials</u> <u>Activities</u>") so as to give rise to any material Liability or corrective or remedial obligation under any Environmental Laws; (iii) have not entered into any agreement that may require it to guarantee, reimburse, pledge, defend, hold hamless or indemnify any other party with respect to liability is arising out of Environmental Laws or the Hazardous Materials Activities of the Company or its Subsidiaries in connection with the Busines; (iv) have no Knowledge of any fact or circumstance that could involve the Company, any Subsidiary or Purchaser in any environmental liability required for the Company and its Subsidiaries and the Business and all such permits are valid and in full effect, (vi) are and for the [***] have been in material compliance with all Environmental Laws, and (vii) have Made Available to Purchaser all environmental addits and environmental assessments of any Business Property in the possession, custody or control of the Company or Purchaser and environmental assessments of any Business Property in the possession, custody or control of the Company or Purchaser under any Environmental Laws.

(n) Employee Benefit Plans

(i) <u>Schedule</u>. <u>Section 5.1(n)(i)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules contains an accurate and complete list of each Company Employee Plan and each Employee Agreement. No Person, other than an Employee or a current or former stockholder of the Company or any ERISA Affiliate, is or was a member or former member of any Company Employee Plan.

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(ii) <u>Documents</u>. The Company and each of its ERISA Affiliates has Made Available (i) correct and complete copies of all documents embodying each Company Employee Plan and each Employee Agreement including all amendments thereto and all related trust documents, (ii) the three most recent annual reports (Form Series 5500 and all schedules and financial statements attached thereto), if any, required under ERISA or the Code in connection with each Company Employee Plan, (iii) if the Company Employee Plan is funded, the most recent annual and periodic accounting of Company Employee Plan assets, (iv) the most recent summary plan description together with the summary(ies) of material modifications thereto, if any, required under ERISA with respect to each Company Employee Plan, (v) all communications material to any Employee or Employees relating to any Company Employee Plan within the [***] and (vi) the most recent IRS determination, opinion, notification or advisory letters issued with respect to each Company Employee Plan.

(iii) <u>Employee Plan Compliance</u>. The Company and each of its ERISA Affiliates has, in all material respects, performed all obligations required to be performed by them under, is not in material default or violation of, and the Company and each of its ERISA Affiliates has no Knowledge of any default or violation by any other party to, any Company Employee Plan, and each Company Employee Plan has been established and maintained in accordance with its terms and in compliance with all applicable laws, statutes, orders, rules and regulations, including ERISA or the Code. Each Company Employee Plan can be amended, terminated or otherwise discontinued after the Closing in accordance with its current terms, without Liability to Purchaser, the Company or any ERISA Affiliate (other than ordinary administration expenses or routine claims for benefits). There are no audits, inquiries or proceedings pending, threatened in writing or, to the Knowledge of the Company, anticipated by the IRS, DOL, or any other Governmental or Regulatory Authority with respect to any Company Employee Plan.

(iv) Bonus Plan Compliance. The Company and its Subsidiaries are in compliance in all respects with all of their bonus, commission and other compensation plans and have paid all amounts required to be paid under such plans, including any and all bonuses and commissions (or pro rata portion thereof) that may have accrued or been earned through the [***] preceding the Closing, and are not liable for any payments, taxes or penalties for failure to comply with any of the terms or conditions of such plans or the Laws governing such plans.

(v) No Pension Plan. None of the Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has ever maintained, established, sponsored, participated in, or contributed to, any (i) Pension Plan subject to Part 3 of Subtitle B of Title I of ERISA, Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code, (ii) Pension Plan which is a "multiemployer plan," as defined in Section 3(37) of ERISA, (iii) "multiple employer plan" as defined in ERISA or the Code, or (iv) "funded welfare plan" within the meaning of Section 419 of the Code.

(vi) No Self-Insured Plan. None of the Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has ever maintained, established, sponsored, participated in or contributed to any self-insured plan that

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provides benefits to employees (including any such plan pursuant to which a stop-loss policy or contract applies).

(vii) <u>No Post-Employment Obligations</u>. No Company Employee Plan or Employee Agreement provides, or reflects or represents any liability to provide, post-termination or retiree or post-employment life insurance, health or other employee welfare benefits to any person for any reason, except as may be required by COBRA or other applicable statute, and neither the Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has ever represented, promised or contracted (whether in oral or written form) to any Employee (either individually or to Employees as a group) or any other person that such Employee(s) or other person would be provided with life insurance, health or other employee welfare benefits, except to the extent required by statute. <u>Section 5.1(q)(vii)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules accurately: (i) identifies each former Employee who is receiving or is scheduled to receive (or whose spouse or other dependent is receiving or is scheduled to receive) any compensation or benefits.

(viii) Effect of Transaction. Except as set forth in Section 5.1(n)(viii) of the Disclosure Schedules, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement nor the consummation of the Transactions (alone or in connection with additional or subsequent events) or any termination of employment or service in connection therewith will (i) result in any payment (including severance, golden parachute, bonus or otherwise), becoming due to any Employee, (ii) result in any forgiveness of indebtedness, (iii) materially increase any benefits otherwise payable by the Company or any Subsidiary (iv) result in the acceleration of the time of payment or vesting of any such benefits except as required under Section 411(d)(3) of the Code, or (v) increase the cost to the Company or any Subsidiary or impose a loss to any Employee under any Company Employee Plan (including but not limited to as a result of the termination of any Company Employee Plan following the Closing).

(ix) <u>Health Care Compliance</u>. Neither the Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has, prior to the Closing and in any material respect, violated any of the health care continuation requirements of COBRA, the requirements of the FMLA, the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, the requirements of the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, the requirements of the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act of 1996, or any amendment to each such act, or any similar provisions of state law applicable to its Employees.

(x) <u>International Employee Plan</u>. No Company Employee Plan or Employee Agreement has been adopted or maintained by the Company, whether formally or informally, or with respect to which the Company or may have any liability, with respect to Employees who perform services outside the United States.

(o) Material Contracts

(i) Set forth on Section 5.1(0) of the Disclosure Schedules is a true and accurate list (referencing the applicable subsection of this Section 5.1(0) (Material Contracts)) as of the date hereof of each of the following Contracts to which the Company or one of the Company's

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Subsidiaries is a party or by which either of them is bound, and that are used in, held for use in, related to, or necessary for, the conduct of the Business (the "Material Contracts"):

(A) all Contracts for the purchase of Product, materials, supplies, services or equipment necessary for or related to the conduct of the Business;

(B) all Contracts relating to joint ventures, collaboration arrangements, co-promotion or like agreements relating to the Business with another Person;

(C) all Contracts containing any royalty, profit sharing or contingent payment rights;

(D) all Contracts containing covenants prohibiting or limiting the right to compete or engage in any aspect of the Business or prohibiting or restricting the Company's ability to conduct the Business with any Person or in any geographical area or to solicit or hire any individual or group of individuals;

(E) all Contracts granting (i) most favored nation or exclusive rights relating to any Product(s) to any other Person or (ii) any right of first refusal or first negotiation;

(F) all Contracts pursuant to which the Company has obtained or granted rights under any Intellectual Property, including any covenant not to enforce or assert, including any existing license agreement relating to any Product(s) or the Business and each other Contract under which the Company is a licensor or licensee of any Intellectual Property relating to any Product(s) or the Business;

(G) all Contracts relating to the creation of Liens or the guarantee of the payment of Liabilities or performance of obligations of any other Person by the Company;

(H) all mortgages, indentures, guarantees, loans or credit agreements, security agreements or other Contracts or instruments relating to Indebtedness or extension of credit or entered into by the Company or any of its Affiliates in settlement of any Proceeding or other dispute relating to the Business;

(I) all Contracts for the research or development of any compound or product related to the Products or Business, including such Contracts with contract research organizations and such Contracts with investigators or institutions relating to pre-clinical and clinical trials or any material transfer agreements;

(J) all Contracts for the manufacture or supply of any compound or product related to the Products or Business, including any purchase orders, invoices, standard terms and conditions for raw materials, intermediates, work-in-progress items and finished products either constituting or relating to such Contract;

(K) all Contracts for the distribution, promotion, marketing, reselling or other commercialization of any Product, including any purchase orders, invoices, standard terms and conditions for the sale of a component either constituting or relating to such Contract;

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(L) all Contracts with any Governmental or Regulatory Authority;

(M) all leases, lease guaranties, subleases, or other Contracts for the leasing, use or occupancy of, or otherwise granting a right in or relating to, any real property;

(N) all Contracts that are with any investment banker, broker, advisor or similar party in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby; and

(O) all Employee Agreements.

(ii) All of the Material Contracts are valid and binding agreements of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, and will continue to be valid, binding and enforceable on identical terms immediately following the consummation of the Transactions, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and similar Laws affecting creditors' rights generally and subject, as to enforceablity, to general principles of equity. The Company has Made Available to Purchaser a correct and complete copy of each written Material Contract and a written summary setting forth the terms and conditions of each oral Material Contract. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries is in material breach or default of any of the Material Contract. To the Knowledge of the Company, (x) no other party to a Material Contract is in material breach or default of such Material Contract and ne event has occurred that with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute a material breach or default of such Material Contract and on event has occurred that with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute a material breach or default of such Material Contract and (y) no event, condition or circumstance exists or has occurred that would reasonably be expected to result in a material violation or breach of any provision of any Material Contract by the Company or any Subsidiary. No party has repudiated or expressed any intention to repudiate any provision of any Material Contract by the Company or any Subsidiary. No party has repudiated or expressed any intention to repudiate any provision of a my faterial Contract or the Company, any orther Person any written notice or other written communication or, to the Knowledge of the Company, any oral notice or other oral communication regarding any actual, alleged, possible or potential material violation or breach of, or default under, any of its Material Contracts, nor regarding the termination of any of its Material

(iii) Prior to the execution of this Agreement, the Company has disclosed to Purchaser a true, accurate and complete copy of all Material Contracts.

(p) Tangible Personal Property.

(i) The material items of Tangible Personal Property have been maintained in accordance with the Company's normal practice and are in good repair and usable condition for the operation of the Business, ordinary wear and tear and aging excepted.

(ii) Section 5.1(p)(ii) of the Disclosure Schedules lists all inventory of the Business. Such inventory has been maintained in accordance with the Company's normal practice and is in good and usable condition for the development of the Products.

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(q) Legal Proceedings

(i) There are no Actions pending against, or threatened in writing, or, to the Knowledge of the Company, orally, against, the Business or the Products, or pertaining to the Business or the Products. To the Knowledge of the Company, there is no investigation (internal or external), audit or other Proceeding pending or threatened against the Company, the Business or the Products or any of the officers or directors of the Company or any Subsidiary, in each case, in relation to the Business or the Products by or before any Governmental or Regulatory Authority nor, to the Knowledge of the Company, there is no Claim of any nature pending or threatened against any Person who has a contractual right or a right pursuant to applicable Law to indemnification from the Company or any Subsidiary. To the Knowledge of the Company, there is no a reasonable likelihood of an adverse determination of any pending Claim related to the Business or the Products. There are no Actions pending against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company, there is not a reasonable likelihood of an adverse determination of any pending Claim related to the Business or the Products. There are no Actions pending against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company threatened against, the Business or the Products. There are no Actions pending against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company threatened against, and the Business or the Products. There are no Actions pending against, or, to the Knowledge of the Company threatened against, and the ability of the Company to enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement or the Transactions.

(ii) There is no Order to which the Company or any Subsidiary is subject or that is pending or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened that would have an adverse impact on the Company or the Business in any material respect.

(r) Regulatory Compliance

(i) The Company has not been in material violation of, and is not the subject of any Action with respect to the violation of, any Law or Order of a Governmental or Regulatory Authority, and has not received any FDA Form 483, "warning letters," or "untitled letters," or other similar notice of inspectional observations or deficiencies from a Governmental or Regulatory Authority. No Action is pending, or to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened, with respect to any violation of any Law or Order of a Governmental or Regulatory Authority by the Company, and the Company is and has been in compliance in all material respects with all such Laws and Orders. The Company has not received any written notice of any such Action or any Liability or potential respects with all such Laws and Orders. The Company has not received any mitten notice of any such Action or any such Action. The Company has never conducted any internal investigation with respect to any actual, potential or alleged material violation of any Law or Order of any Law or Order of any actual, potential or alleged material violation of any Law or Order of any Law or Order of any actual, potential or alleged material violation of any Law or Order by any director, officer or employee of the Company in connection with the Business.

(ii) The manufacture of the Products by, or on behalf of, the Company has at all times been conducted in compliance with applicable Laws and Orders, including without limitation, to the extent applicable, current good manufacturing practices.

(iii) All preclinical animal testing relating to the Products, and/or any other products of the Company, conducted by or on behalf of the Company, is being, and has been conducted, in accordance in all material respects with experimental protocols, procedures and controls that are generally accepted in the scientific community, as well as applicable Laws and Orders, including good laboratory practices, as applicable.

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(iv) Prior to the date hereof, no human clinical trials have been conducted by or on behalf of the Company, nor have, to the Knowledge of the Company, any human clinical trials involving any Product been conducted by any Person.

(v) To the Knowledge of the Company, there have been no serious adverse events associated with the Products other than those reported with respect to human clinical trials conducted by or on behalf of the Company. The Company is, and at all times has been, in compliance with all adverse event reporting requirements applicable to the Business.

(vi) The Company is not the subject of any pending or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened investigation by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority in respect of the Company or the Business, including by (i) the FDA pursuant to its "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" Final Policy set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) and any amendments thereto, (ii) the FTC, or (iii) any other Governmental or Regulatory Authority that has jurisdiction over the operations of the Company under any similar policy. To the Knowledge of the Company, neither the Company nor any current or former officer, employee or agent of the Company has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that would reasonably be expected to result in exclusion under 42 U.S.C. Section 1320a-7 or any similar state law or regulation or been debarred by the FDA under Article 306 of the FDA Act, 21 U.S.C. §335a(a) or (b), or any similar foreign or local Law.

(vii) All Products being manufactured or developed by the Company as of the date hereof that are subject to the jurisdiction of the FDA are being manufactured, labeled, stored and tested in compliance in all material respects with all applicable requirements under the FDA Act, the Public Health Service Act, and their applicable implementing regulations, and all comparable state and foreign Laws in those jurisdictions outside the United States in which any Product has been or is being manufactured by or for the Company.

(viii) Neither the Company nor, to the Knowledge of the Company, any of its officers, key employees, or agents acting for the Company, has committed any act, made any statement or failed to make any statement, relating to any Product or the development or manufacturing thereof that would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA to invoke its policy with respect to "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) and any amendments thereto. Additionally, neither the Company, nor to the Knowledge of the Company, any officer, key employee or agent of the Company has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that would reasonably be expected to result in (A) debarment under 21 U.S.C. Section 335a or any similar state or foreign Law or (B) exclusion under 42 U.S.C. Section 1320a–7 or any similar state or foreign Law.

(ix) The Company has Made Available to Purchaser copies of all material written notices of inspectional observations, establishment inspection reports and any other documents received from the FDA or comparable foreign Governmental or Regulatory Authorities that identify lack of compliance with Laws of the FDA or comparable foreign Governmental or Regulatory Authorities.

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(x) To the Knowledge of the Company, there are no proceedings pending with respect to a violation by the Company of the FDA Act, FDA regulations adopted thereunder, the Controlled Substance Act or any other Law promulgated by any other Governmental or Regulatory Authorities.

(xi) The Company has Made Available to Purchaser true, accurate, and complete information, reports, and data concerning all scientific studies conducted by or on behalf of the Company, or pursuant to the [***] Sponsored Research Agreement, provided that, with respect to the [***] Sponsored Research Agreement, such information, reports and data have been provided to the Company or any Knowledge Person, and relating to each [***] or each [***] To the Knowledge of the Company, there is no study involving any [***] any [***] or any [***] in each case that has not been Made Available to Purchaser. To the Knowledge of the Company, there is no study involving any [***] any [***] or each [***] to indicate the existence of any material side effect or adverse effect resulting from any [***] any [***] or any [***] in each case that has not been previously disclosed in writing to Purchaser.

(xii) [***] has intentionally falsified, in a manner intended to deceive the Purchaser, any report that includes scientific data or experiment results and that is contained in the Data Room.

(s) Intellectual Property.

(i) Section 5.1(s)(i) of the Disclosure Schedules identifies (A) all Company Owned Intellectual Property and Company Licensed Intellectual Property constituting, in either case, Registered Intellectual Property, and (B) all applications for Registered Intellectual Property included within the Company Owned Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property.

(ii) Section 5.1(5)(ii) of the Disclosure Schedules further identifies all License Grants in the Company Intellectual Property.

(iii) The Company owns and possesses all right, title and interest in and to, free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens), all of the Company Owned Intellectual Property. The Company has a valid and enforceable license or other right to use all of the Company Licensed Intellectual Property pursuant to one or more of the Material Contracts. The Company Intellectual Property includes all of the Intellectual Property necessary and useful for the operation of the Business as currently conducted, and, to the Company's Knowledge, as currently contemplated to be conducted, by the Company and its Subsidiary and there are no other items of Intellectual Property that are material to the ordinary conduct of the Business as currently contemplated to be conducted, by the Company and its Subsidiary. With respect to any Registered Intellectual Property in either the Company Licensed Intellectual Property or Company Owned Intellectual Property, all previously due fees associated with maintaining any Company Owned Intellectual Property and, to the Knowledge of the Company, any Company Licensed Intellectual Property Authority except where the Company or, to the Knowledge of the Company, the

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applicable licensor of such Company Licensed Intellectual Property, has, in its reasonable business judgment, decided to abandon or cancel such Company Owned Intellectual Property or such Company Licensed Intellectual Property, as the case may be, to the extent described in Section 5.1(s)(iii) of the Disclosure Schedules. All of the Company Intellectual Property shall be owned or available for use without liability by the Purchaser immediately after the Closing on terms and conditions identical to those under which Company owned or used the Company Intellectual Property, is subject to any outstanding consent or Order restricting the use thereof. It will not be necessary to use any inventions of any of its employees or consultants made prior to their employment or engagement by the Company. The Company has not used any open source, copy left or community source code in a manner that would require the distribution or disclosure of the source code of proprietary software of the Company that has material value to the Company.

(iv) There is no Claim by any third party pending or, to the Company's Knowledge, threatened against the Company contesting the validity, enforceability, or ownership of any Company Owned Intellectual Property nor, to the Knowledge of the Company, any Company Licensed Intellectual Property ty. The validity or enforceability of the Company Owned Intellectual Property and, to the Knowledge of the Company, the Company Licensed Intellectual Property ben challenged in any jurisdiction, nor have the rights of the Company to use the Company, the Company Company Licensed Intellectual Property and the Company Licensed Intellectual Property and the Company to the Knowledge of the Company, the Registered Intellectual Property within the Company Owned Intellectual Property and the Company Licensed Intellectual Property and the Company Licensed Intellectual Property and the Company Course of Business, decided to abandon or cancel such Company Owned Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property is pright to any Company Company Uncensed Intellectual Property is for to the Company's fight to any Company Owned Intellectual Property. No Claim is pending or, to the Company's Knowledge, threatened challenging the Company's Knowledge, threatened, to the effect that any Registered Intellectual Property, and to the Knowledge of the Company the Company Licensed Intellectual Property, and to the Knowledge of the Company, the Company Licensed Intellectual Property, and to the Knowledge of the Company the Company Licensed Intellectual Property, and to the Knowledge of the Company the Company Licensed Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property, as applicable, or that would impair the validity or enforceability of any Registered Intellectual Property or Company Licensed Intellectual Property, as applicable, or that would impair the validity or enforceabile. To the Company's Knowledge, the inventors listed on any Registered Intellectual Property within the Company Uncensed Intellectual Property or Comp

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(v) To the Company's Knowledge, the Company has not infringed or misappropriated any Intellectual Property of any third party relating to [***] To the Company's Knowledge, the manufacture, use, sale and/or importation of [***] and the possession, use, disclosure, copying or distribution of any information, data, or other tangible or intangible asset relating to [***] in the possession of the Company, and the possession or use by the Company of the Company Intellectual Property with respect to [***] has not, and does not, infringe, misappropriate, or violate any Intellectual Property of any other Person. The Company has not received any written notice of any Claim (including by an offer to license any Intellectual Property) and, to the Company's Knowledge, there is no threatened Claim (whether or not pending or threatened) against the Company serting that the manufacture, use, sale and/or importation of [***] may infringe upon, misappropriate or otherwise violate the Intellectual Property of any Person.

(vi) To the Company's Knowledge, none of the Registered Intellectual Property or trade secrets within the Company Intellectual Property is being infringed or is otherwise used or available for use by any Person other than the Company or other than by the License Grants as set forth on <u>Section 5.1(s)(ii)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules. The Company has not given any notice, within the last two (2) years, to any Person asserting infringement or misappropriation by any such Person of any of the Company Intellectual Property. The Company is not aware of any actual, or, to the Company's Knowledge, threatened or potential, infringement, misappropriation, dilution, conflict or violation of the Company Owned Intellectual Property by any Person.

(vii) To the extent Company has exercised its option rights pursuant to Sections 8.2, 8.3 or 8.4 of the UM Sponsored Research Agreement, as the case may be, Company has exercised such option rights prior to the expiration of the applicable time periods set forth in such Sections 8.2, 8.3 or 8.4, as the case may be, and otherwise in accordance with the terms of the [***] Sponsored Research Agreement.

(viii) Company Intellectual Property includes all Intellectual Property developed, generated or reduced to practice by any persons while working in [***] laboratory at [***] (including [***]) or otherwise at [***] under his supervision as of the Closing that is reasonably necessary or useful to develop, manufacture and/or commercialize [***] and/or [***].

(ix) No Intellectual Property has been developed, conceived, generated or reduced to practice under any of the following agreements: [***].

(x) With respect to the compounds set forth on <u>Section 5.1(s)(x)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules (collectively the "<u>Advanced Research Compounds</u>"), to the Company's Knowledge, no Advanced Research Compound is Covered or disclosed by, or included in, any issued Patent of any other Person; <u>provided</u> that, for the avoidance of doubt, (i) the Company has yet to file

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any patent application of its own disclosing or including any Advanced Research Compound and (ii) the Company has not conducted, or engaged any Representative to conduct, any patent clearance or similar freedom to operate searches, knock-out searches or other Intellectual Property searches, with respect to any Advanced Research Compound.

(t) Labor and Employment Matters.

(i) Section 5.1(1)(i) of the Disclosure Schedules lists all Employees and contractors of the Company or any Subsidiary, and sets forth for each such individual the following: (i) name, (ii) location, (iii) title or position (including whether full-time or part-time), (iv) hire or retention date, (v) current annual base compensation rate or contract fee, (vi) commission, bonus, or other incentive-based compensation, (vii) accrued and unused vacation, (viii) classification as exempt or non-exempt, and (ix) a description of the fringe benefits provided to each individual as of the date hereof. As of the date hereof, all compensation, including wages, commissions, bonuses, fees, and other compensation, payable to all Employees for services performed on or prior to the date hereof have been paid in full and there are no outstanding agreements, understandings, or commitments of the Company with respect to any compensation, commissions, bonuses, or fees.

(ii) No strike, labor dispute, slowdown, or work stoppage against the Company relating to the Employees is pending, or to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened, or reasonably anticipated. The Company has no Knowledge of any activities or proceedings of any labor union to organize any Employees. There are no actions, suits, claims, labor disputes or grievances pending or threatened or reasonably anticipated relating to any labor matters involving any Employee, including charges of unfair labor practices. The Company has not engaged in any unfair labor practices within the meaning of the National Labor Relations Act with respect to any Employee. The Company is not presently, nor has it been in the past, a party to, or bound by, any collective bargaining agreement or union contract with respect to the Employees and no collective bargaining agreement is being negotiated by the Company regarding such employees.

(iii) The Company and each Subsidiary is in material compliance with all applicable foreign, federal, state and local Laws respecting employment, employment practices, terms and conditions of employment, worker classification, Tax withholding, prohibited discrimination, equal employment, fair employment practices, meal and rest periods, immigration, employee safety and health, wages (including overtime wages), compensation, hours of work, social insurance and housing fund contribution required under applicable Law with respect to the Employees. There are no actions, suits, claims or administrative matters by, involving, or relating to any Employee pending, or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened or reasonably anticipated against the Company or any Subsidiary. Neither the Company nor any Subsidiary is a party to a conciliation agreement, consent decree or other agreement or order with any federal, state, or local agency or Governmental or Regulatory Authority with respect to employment practices regarding any Employee. The services provided by each of the Employees are terminable at the will of the Company or any Subsidiary has any material liability with respect to any misclassification of: (i) any individual as an independent contractor rather than as an employee, (ii) any employee leased from another employer, or (iii) any employee currently or formerly classified as exempt from overtime wages. The Company and each Subsidiary have withheld all amounts

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required by applicable Laws or by contract to be withheld from the wages, salaries, and other payments to Employees; and is not liable for any arrears of wages, compensation, Taxes, penalties or other sums for failure to comply with any of the foregoing. The Company and each Subsidiary have paid in full to all Employees, directors, independent contractors and consultants all wages, salaries, commissions, bonuses, benefits and other compensation due to be paid to or on behalf of such Employees, directors, independent contractors and consultants.

(iv) In the [***] neither the Company nor any Subsidiary has taken any action, and has no plans to undertake any action, that would constitute a "plant closing" or "mass layoff" within the meaning of the WARN Act (or as the same or analogous terms are defined under a state or local WARN statute) or incurred any Liability or obligation under the WARN Act (or a state or local WARN statute) that remains unsatisfied.

(u) <u>No Brokers</u>. No broker, finder or similar agent has been employed by or on behalf of the Company, and no Person with which the Company or any Subsidiary has had any dealings or communications of any kind, is entitled to any brokerage commission, finder's fee or any similar compensation in connection with this Agreement or the Transactions.

(v) <u>Affiliate Transactions</u>. Except as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(v)</u> of the Disclosure Schedule, neither the Company, nor any of its Affiliates or equity holders, nor any current or former director, officer or employee of the Company or the Subsidiaries (each an "<u>Interested Party</u>"), (i) has or has had any direct or indirect interest (A) in or is, or was, a director, officer or employee of, any Person that is a client, customer, supplier, lessor, lessee, debtor, creditor or competitor of the Company or (B) in any material property, asset or right that is owned or used by or on behalf of the Company in the conduct of the Business or (ii) is a party to or has any interest in any Contract or transaction with the Company, or any of the Subsidiaries, except for agreements related to such party's employment or engagement with the Company. To the Knowledge of the Company, there are no Contracts with regard to contribution or indemnification between or among any of the Selling Securityholders. All transactions between the Company and any Interested Party that is a client, customer, supplier, lessor lessee, debtor or creditor of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries have been on an arms-length basis on terms no less favorable to the Company or any Subsidiary than would be available from an unaffiliated party.

(w) <u>Suppliers</u>. Section 5.1(w) of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth the top ten (10) suppliers of the Business for each of 2018, 2019 and year to date 2020 and the amounts paid to such suppliers for each of 2018, 2019 and year to date 2020. None of the suppliers listed thereon has cancelled, terminated or otherwise materially and adversely altered its relationship with the Business or notified the Company or any Subsidiary in writing of any intention to cancel, terminate or materially and adversely alter its relationship with the Company and the Subsidiaries with respect to the Business.

(x) Certain Business Activities.

(i) Neither the Company, the Subsidiaries, controlled Affiliates nor, any of their respective officers, directors or employees, or to the Knowledge of the Company, any agents or representatives or any Affiliate of or any Person associated with or acting for or on behalf of the Company, has directly or indirectly, acting for or on behalf the Company:

(A) used any funds for unlawful contributions, gifts, entertainment or other unlawful payments, including having made or attempted to make any improper contribution or gift, bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback, or other improper payment to any Person, private or public, regardless of what form, whether in money, property, or services to (A) obtain favorable treatment for business or Contracts secured, (B) pay for favorable treatment for business or Contracts secured, or (C) obtain special concessions or for special concessions already obtained, in each of clauses (A), (B) and (C) in violation of any requirement of applicable Law;

(B) to the Company's Knowledge, made or attempted to make any such contribution or gift, bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback, or other improper payment in violation of any applicable written policy of the Company;

(C) established or maintained any fund or asset for the purpose of making any such contribution or gift, bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback, or other improper payment in violation of any applicable Law or applicable written policy of the Company and which the Company or any of its officers, directors or employees has willfully failed to record in the Business Books and Records; or

(D) consummated any transaction, made any payment, entered into any contract or arrangement or taken any other action in violation of Section 1128B(b) of the U.S. Social Security Act, as amended.

(ii) No officer or director of the Company is a foreign or domestic government official or employee or a candidate for any foreign or domestic political office.

(y) Insurance. Section 5.1(y) of the Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true, correct and complete list, as of the date hereof, of all insurance policies maintained by or at the expense of or for the direct benefit of the Company and the Subsidiaries in connection with the Business. All premiums payable under all such policies have been paid and the Company is otherwise in material compliance with the terms of such policies. Neither the Company nor any Subsidiary has received any written notice regarding any actual or possible (i) cancellation or invalidation of any such insurance policy, (ii) refusal of any coverage or rejection of any material Claim under any such insurance policy or (iii) adjustment in the amount of the premiums payable with respect to any such insurance policy. There is no Claim under or based upon any insurance policy of the Company that covers the Business or any facilities related to the manufacture of the Products.

(z) Books and Records. The Company has Made Available to Purchaser the Business Books and Records.

(aa) <u>Data Privacy</u>. Except as set forth in <u>Section 5.1(aa)</u> of the Disclosure Schedules, with respect to its collection, storage, transfer (including, any transfer across national borders) and/or use of any personally identifiable information received from any natural person, including, any customers, prospective customers, employees and/or other third parties that are nature persons (collectively, "<u>Personal Information</u>"), the Company is and has been in material compliance in all material respects with (i) all applicable United States Laws governing the privacy and security of Personal Information and (ii) the Company's obligations with respect to the privacy and security of

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Personal Information set forth in any contract to which the Company is a party. The Company is and has been in material compliance in all material respects with all applicable United States Laws requiring the Company to report the unauthorized acquisition of Personal Information to affected natural persons or government officials or agencies.

(bb) <u>DPA</u>. The Company does not engage in (a) the design, fabrication, development, testing, production or manufacture of one or more "critical technologies" within the meaning of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, including all implementing regulations thereof (the "<u>DPA</u>"); (b) the ownership, operation, maintenance, supply, manufacture, or servicing of "covered investment critical infrastructure" within the meaning of the DPA (where such activities are covered by column 2 of Appendix A to 31 C.F.R. Part 800); or (c) the maintenance or collection, directly or indirectly, of "sensitive personal data" of U.S. citizens within the meaning of the DPA.

(cc) [***].

5.2 <u>Representations and Warranties Regarding the Selling Securityholders</u>. Each Selling Securityholder hereby represents and warrants to Purchaser (severally and not jointly) as of the date of this Agreement that:

(a) <u>Title</u>. Such Selling Securityholder is the sole record owner of the Company Capital Stock and Company Options designated as being owned by such Selling Securityholder opposite such Selling Securityholder's name on the Spreadsheet. Such Company Capital Stock and Company Options owned by such Selling Securityholder are not subject to any Liens or to any rights of first refusal of any kind, and such Selling Securityholder has not granted any rights to purchases such Company Capital Stock and Company Options to any Liens or to any rights of first refusal of any kind, and such Selling Securityholder has the sole right to transfer such Company Capital Stock and Company Options to Purchaser. Such Company Capital Stock and Company Options to Purchaser. Such Company Capital Stock and Company Options constitute all of the Company Capital Stock and Company Options owned, beneficially or of record, by such Selling Securityholder, and such Selling Securityholder has no further options, warrants or other rights to acquire or subscribe to Company Capital Stock and Company Options, if applicable). At the Closing, such Selling Securityholder nor any prior registered, direct or beneficial holder of such Company Capital Stock and Company Options, if any, has

previously granted or agreed to grant any ongoing power of attorney in respect of such Company Capital Stock and Company Options or entered into any voting trust, vote pooling or other agreement with respect to the right to vote, call meetings of stockholders or give consents or approvals of any kind as to such Company Capital Stock and Company Options. There are no outstanding loans from the Company to such Selling Securityholder.

(b) <u>Organization and Existence</u>. Each Selling Securityholder, to the extent it is an entity, is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization, with full power and authority to own, lease, and operate its business and properties and to carry on its business as and where such properties and assets are now owned or leased and such business is now conducted.

(c) <u>Authority and Approval</u>. Each Selling Securityholder has the power or capacity to enter into this Agreement and each of the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party and to perform its obligations hereunder and thereunder. This Agreement is, and each of the Related Agreements to which each Selling Securityholder is to be a party when executed and delivered by such Selling Securityholder will be, the valid and binding obligations of such Selling Securityholder, enforceable against such Selling Securityholder in accordance with their respective terms, except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity (regardless of whether considered in a Proceeding at Law or in equity).

(d) <u>No Conflict</u>. The execution and delivery by such Selling Securityholder of this Agreement and each of the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party, and such Selling Securityholder's compliance with the terms and conditions hereof and thereof, and the consummation by such Selling Securityholder of the Transactions, do not (i) conflict with any of, or require any consent of any Person that has not been obtained under, such Selling Securityholder's Organizational Documents, if applicable, (ii) violate any provision of, or require any consent, authorization, or approval under, any Law or any Order applicable to such Selling Securityholder, (iii) conflict with, result in a breach of, constitute a default under (whether with or without notice or the lapse of time or both), accelerate or permit the acceleration of the performance required by, or require any consent, authorization, or approval under, any material contract to which such Selling Securityholder is a party or by which it is bound or to which any of its assets or property of such Selling Securityholder, except in each case as would not reasonably be expected to materially adversely affect the validity or enforceability of this Agreement against such Selling Securityholder or materially adversely affect the ability of such Selling Securityholder to consummate the Transactions.

(e) <u>Consent to the Company's Entry</u>. Each Selling Securityholder consents to the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party, and the consummation by the Company of the Transactions.

(f) Governmental Approvals and Filing. No consent, authorization, approval or action of, filing with, notice to, or exemption from any Governmental or Regulatory Authority on the part of any Selling Securityholder is required in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or any Related Agreements to which such Selling Securityholder is to

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be a party or the consummation of the Transactions, except where the failure to obtain any such consent, approval or action, to make any such filing, to give any such notice or obtain any such exemption would not be reasonably expected to materially adversely affect the validity or enforceability against such Selling Securityholder of this Agreement or such Related Agreements or materially adversely affect the ability of such Selling Securityholder to consummate the Transactions.

(g) <u>No Brokers</u>. No broker, finder or investment banker is entitled to any brokerage commission, finder's fee or similar payment in connection with the Transactions based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of any Selling Securityholder.

5.3 <u>Representations and Warranties of Purchaser</u>. Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Selling Securityholders and the Company as of the date of this Agreement that:

(a) <u>Organization and Existence</u>. Purchaser is a corporation, duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, with full power and authority to own, lease, and operate its business and properties and to carry on its business as and where such properties and assets are now owned or leased and such business is now conducted.

(b) <u>Authority and Approval</u>. Purchaser has the power to enter into this Agreement and each of the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party and to perform its obligations thereunder. The execution, delivery and performance by Purchaser of this Agreement and the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party, and the consummation by Purchaser of the Transactions, have been duly authorized by all required action on the part of Purchaser. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Purchaser and, when executed and delivered by Purchaser, the Related Agreements to which Purchaser is to be a party will have been duly executed and delivered by Purchaser. This Agreement is, and each of the Related Agreements to which Purchaser is to be a party when executed and delivered by Purchaser will be, the valid and binding obligations of Purchaser, enforceable against Purchaser in accordance with their respective terms, except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity (regardless of whether considered in a Proceeding at Law or in equity).

(c) <u>No Conflict</u>. The execution and delivery by Purchaser of this Agreement and each of the Related Agreements to which it is to be a party, and Purchaser's compliance with the terms and conditions hereof and thereof, and the consummation by Purchaser of the Transactions, do not and will not (i) conflict with any of, or require any consent of any Person that has not been obtained under, Purchaser's Organizational Documents, (ii) violate any provision of, or require any consent, authorization, or approval under, any Law or any Order applicable to Purchaser, (iii) conflict with, result in a breach of, constitute a default under (whether with or without notice or the lapse of time or both), accelerate or permit the acceleration of the performance required by, or require any consent, authorization, or approval under, any material contract to which Purchaser is a party or by which it is bound or to which any of its assets or property is subject, or (iv) result in the creation of any Lien upon the assets or property of Purchaser, except in each case as would not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on Purchaser or materially adversely affect the ability of Purchaser to consummate the Transactions.

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(d) <u>Governmental Approvals and Filing</u>. No consent, authorization, approval or action of, filing with, notice to, or exemption from any Governmental or Regulatory Authority on the part of Purchaser is required in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or any Related Agreements to which Purchaser is to be a party or the consummation of the Transactions, except where the failure to obtain any such consent, approval or action, to make any such filing, to give any such notice or obtain any such exemption would not be reasonably expected to (i) have a material adverse effect on Purchaser or (ii) materially adversely affect the validity or enforceability against Purchaser of this Agreement or such Related Agreements or materially adversely affect the ability of Purchaser to consummate the Transactions.

(e) <u>No Brokers</u>. No broker, finder or investment banker is entitled to any brokerage commission, finder's fee or similar payment in connection with the Transactions based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of Purchaser.

(f) <u>Sufficiency of Funds</u>. The available cash of Purchaser will be sufficient to pay the [***] and Purchaser's other payment obligations on the dates due and payable pursuant to this Agreement on the terms contained herein.

(g) Legal Proceedings. There are no Actions or Proceedings pending or, to Purchaser's knowledge, threatened against Purchaser at law or in equity, or before or by any Governmental or Regulatory Authority, which would adversely and materially affect the ability of Purchaser to perform any of its material obligations under this Agreement.

(h) [***].

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ARTICLE 6

ADDITIONAL AGREEMENTS

6.1 <u>Conduct of Company Business</u>. During the period from the date of this Agreement and continuing until the earlier of the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>) and the Closing, except to the extent that Purchaser shall otherwise consent in writing, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, the Company shall conduct the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries in the Ordinary Course of Business, and use its commercially reasonable efforts to preserve intact the present business organizations of the Company and its Subsidiaries, keep available the services of the present officers and Employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries, preserve the material assets (including intangible assets) and properties of the Company and its Subsidiaries and preserve interviews of the Company and its Subsidiaries with customers, suppliers, distributors, licensors, licensees, and others having business dealings with them.

6.2 <u>Restrictions on Company Activities</u>. During the period from the date of this Agreement and continuing until the earlier of the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to <u>Section 8.1 (Termination)</u> and the Closing, except as expressly contemplated by this Agreement (including the [***]) and except as expressly set forth in <u>Section 6.2 (Restriction on Company Activities</u>) of the Disclosure Schedules, the Company shall not (and shall ensure that no Subsidiary shall), without the prior written consent of Purchaser, which will not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, take any action that would be required to be disclosed on <u>Section 5.1(h)(ii)</u> through (<u>xxi</u>) of the Disclosure Schedules had such action been taken prior to the date of this Agreement.

6.3 Reserved.

6.4 <u>280G Approvals</u>. The Company shall submit to the Selling Securityholders for approval (in a form and manner satisfactory to Purchaser), by such number of Selling Securityholders as is required by the terms of Section 280G(b)(5)(B) of the Code, any payments and/or benefits that may separately or in the aggregate, constitute "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder (which determination shall be made by the Company and shall be subject to review and approval by Purchaser), such that such payments and benefits shall not be deemed to be "parachute payments" under Section 280G of the Code. Prior to the Closing the Company shall deliver to Purchaser evidence satisfactory to Purchaser that (i) a stockholder vote was solicited in conformance with Section 280G and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder and the requisite stockholder approval was obtained with respect to any payments and/or benefits that were subject to the stockholder vote (the "<u>280G Approval</u>"), or (ii) the 280G Approval was not obtained and, as a consequence, that such "parachute payments" will not be made or provided, pursuant to the waivers of those payments and/or benefits which were executed by the affected individuals prior to seeking the stockholder vote.

6.5 Further Assurances and Cooperation.

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(a) <u>Further Assurances</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, from time to time after the execution of this Agreement: (i) each of the Parties hereto shall use its respective reasonable best efforts to take promptly, or cause to be taken promptly, all actions, and to do promptly, or cause to be done promptly, all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable Laws to consummate and make effective the Transactions as promptly as practicable, including by using commercially reasonable efforts to take all action necessary to satisfy all of the conditions to the obligations of the other Party or Parties hereto to effect the Transactions as set forth in <u>Section 4.2 (Closing Conditions</u>); (ii) at a Party's reasonable request, the other Party will execute and deliver such other instruments of sale, transfer, conveyance, assignment and confirmation, and assumption, and provide such materials and information and take such other actions as the other Party may reasonably deem necessary or desirable in order to more effectively consummate the Transactions, transfer, convey and assign to Purchaser all of the Shares, and/or to put Purchaser in actual possession and operating control of the Company and its Subsidiaries; and (iii) as soon as practicable following the Closing or from time to time following any written request (including by e-mail) by Purchaser or its Representatives, each Selling Securityholder shall deliver to Purchaser all Business Books and Records and any other tangible embodiments of Know-How included in the Company Intellectual Property in such Selling Securityholder's possession or control and that is necessary or useful for, or reasonably requested by, Purchaser to conduct the Business after the Closing Date.

(b) <u>Cooperation</u>. If, in order to properly prepare any documents or reports required to be filed with any Governmental or Regulatory Authority or as otherwise necessary or reasonably useful to operate the Business, it is necessary that either Purchaser or the Seller Representative be furnished with additional information, documents or records relating to the Business (including Business Books and Records), and such information, documents or records are in the possession or control of the other Party, such other Party will use its commercially reasonable efforts to furnish or make available such information, documents or records (or copies thereof) at the recipient's reasonable request and at recipient's cost and expense; *provided*, *further*, that the Parties agree that any Party receiving such materials shall be subject to the same obligations of confidentiality described in <u>Section 6.6</u> (<u>Confidentiality</u>).

6.6 <u>Confidentiality</u>. During the [***] provided, however, that, with respect to any Confidential Information disclosed to any Selling Securityholder or the Seller Representative after the Closing Date, the restrictions contained in this <u>Section 6.6 (Confidentiality</u>) with respect to such Confidential Information shall survive for three (3) years following the date of such disclosure, each Selling Securityholder will not, directly or indirectly, disclose to any third party or use any materials and information relating to the business, assets, or affairs (including any information or materials relating to this Agreement and the Transactions) of the Company and its Subsidiaries or that are otherwise proprietary and non-public information of the Company and its Subsidiaries or that are otherwise proprietary and non-public information of the Company and its Subsidiaries (the "<u>Confidential Information</u>"), except to the extent (a) such Confidential Information has become generally available to the public (other than through disclosure in breach of this Agreement or breach of any other duty of confidentiality to the Company and its Subsidiaries), (b) required in order to carry out such Selling Securityholder's duties as part of his or her employment by the Company, (c) required to be disclosed pursuant to applicable Law; provided that such Selling Securityholder, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, promptly notifies Purchaser in advance of disclosing such required information and provides reasonable assistance (at Purchaser's expense) in obtaining an appropriate protective order or waiver of compliance; or (d) reasonably necessary to comply with Purchaser's obligations under <u>Section 3.1(f) (Audits and Reporting)</u>. For purposes hereof, Confidential Information does not include any information that

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(x) was or becomes available to any Selling Securityholder on a non-confidential basis from a source other than the Company or its Subsidiaries so long as such source was not actually known by such Person to be bound by any agreement to keep such information confidential, or otherwise prohibited from transmitting the information to such Person by a contractual, legal or fiduciary obligation, or (y) is independently developed (outside of any role that such Person may have as an employee of or service provider to Purchaser or the Company or its Subsidiaries) by such Person without reference to or use of the Confidential Information.

6.7 <u>Publication</u>. Each Selling Securityholder agrees to submit copies of any abstract or manuscript proposed for written or oral presentation or publication regarding any Product or inventions claimed in the Patents included in the Company Intellectual Property to Purchaser at least thirty (30) days in advance of the submission or presentation. If Purchaser does not, within thirty (30) days after receipt of the manuscript, object in writing, such Selling Securityholder may proceed with the presentation or publication. However, if Purchaser notifies such Selling Securityholder in writing within such period that it has a reasonable belief that such presentation or publication would reveal Purchaser's own Confidential Information or a patentable invention for which patent applications have not been filed, it will provide a written request to such Selling Securityholder specifically identifying the information giving rise to the belief. Such Selling Securityholder will, as applicable, either remove such Confidential Information or nublishs or present the information of the manuscript or abstract to Purchaser until such time as a patent application has been filed or the expiration of [***] after the date of submission of the manuscript or abstract to Purchaser veccurs first. For the avoidance of doubt, this <u>Section 6.7 (Publication</u>) shall not be deemed to modify or limit any obligations under any UM License or the UM SRA.

6.8 <u>Publicity</u>. The Selling Securityholders shall not (nor will they permit any of their officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives or Affiliates to), directly or indirectly issue any statement or communication to any third party (other than to its agents that are bound by confidentiality restrictions) regarding the subject matter of this Agreement or the Transactions without the consent of Purchaser.

6.9 Spreadsheet.

(a) At least three (3) Business Days prior to the Closing, the Company shall deliver to Purchaser prior to the Closing a spreadsheet (as may be updated from time to time pursuant to Section 6.9(b) (<u>Spreadsheet</u>), the "<u>Spreadsheet</u>"), which shall include, with respect to each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder: (i) the name, physical address, and email address of such holder; (ii) whether such holder is a current or former employee of the Company; (iii) the number, class and series of all shares of Company Capital Stock or Company Options held by such holder and the respective certificate numbers of all certificates evidencing all such shares; (iv) with respect to any shares of Company Capital Stock issued on or after January 1, 2011 and any other securities that, in each case, are "covered securities" (within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.6045-1(a)(15)) with respect to the Company, the acquisition date and adjusted U.S. income Tax basis of such shares; (v) the exercise price of each Company Option held by such holder, (vi) any Taxes that are required to be withheld under applicable Law from the consideration that such holder is entitled to receive pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(a)(Company Capital Stock</u>) or <u>Section 2.1(b)(Company Options</u>); (wii) the aggregate Estimated Upfront Payment or Upfront Option Cash Out Amount that such holder

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is entitled to receive pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(a) (Company Capital Stock</u>) and <u>Section 2.1(b) (Company Options</u>) (on a certificate-by-certificate basis and in the aggregate), net of the amount of cash to be deposited, on behalf of such holder, into the Escrow Funds pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(d) (Escrow Fund</u>) and the Representative Fund Amount pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(c) (Representative Fund Amount</u>); (viii) the amount of cash to be deposited, on behalf of such holder, into the Escrow Funds pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(d) (Escrow Fund</u>) and the Representative Fund pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(c) (Representative Fund Amount</u>), (ix) such holder's Percentage Interest; (x) Closing Indebtedness, (xi) Expenses, (xii) such holder's Special Percentage Interest and (xiii) such holder's wire transfer information.

(b) [***] prior to the payment due date (as set forth in this Agreement) of any Milestone Payment, the Seller Representative shall update the Spreadsheet to include the following information with respect to each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder and deliver such updated Spreadsheet to the Purchaser: (i) the aggregate Milestone Payment that such holder is entitled to receive pursuant to <u>Section 3.1 (Milestone Consideration</u>) (on a certificate-by-certificate basis and in the aggregate) on such Milestone Payment date and (ii), if applicable, the following updated information for each holder: (A) the name, physical address, and email address of such holder; (B) any Taxes that are required to be withheld under applicable Law from the Milestone Payment that such holder is entitled to receive on such Milestone Payment date; and (C) such holder's wire transfer information.

6.10 <u>Release</u>. Effective at the Closing, each Selling Securityholder, on his or her own behalf and on behalf of his or her respective heirs, family members, executors, agents, and assigns, hereby and forever releases the Company and its Subsidiaries, and each of their past, present and future officers, agents, directors, employees, investors, stockholders, administrators, affiliates, parents, predecessor and successor corporations and assigns (collectively, the "<u>Releasees</u>") from, and agrees not to sue concerning, or in any manner to institute, prosecute, or pursue, any claim, complaint, charge, duty, obligation, or cause of action relating to any matters of any kind, whether presently known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, that such Selling Securityholder may possess against any of the Releasees arising from any omissions, acts, facts, or damages relating to any matter involving the Company or its Subsidiaries, by or on behalf of the Company or such Subsidiary, or their respective officers, directors, employees, stockholders, investors, administrators, agents or representatives, occurring prior to the Closing (the "<u>Released Matters</u>"). Such Selling Securityholder agrees that the release set forth in this section shall be and remain in effect in all respects as a complete general release as to the matters released and the or or (c) any rights of any such Releasee to compensation, benefits or reimbursement from the Company or any Subsidiary thereof in connection with services performed prior to the Closing. Such Selling Securityholder, having consulted with counsel, hereby agrees and acknowledges that he or she has read Section 1542 of the Civil Code of the State of California, which provides as follows: A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW ON SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR. Such Selling Securityholder, having had the opportun

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nevertheless hereby voluntarily waives his or her rights described in such Section 1542, and elects to assume all risks for all Released Matters that now exist in his or her favor, known or unknown. Such Selling Securityholder represents that he or she has no lawsuits, claims, or actions pending in his or her name, or on behalf of any other Person, against the Company or any of the other Releasees. Such Selling Securityholder also represents that he or she does not presently intend to bring any claims on his or her own behalf of any other Person against the Company or any of the other Releasees.

6.11 <u>Resignation of Officers and Directors</u>. The Selling Securityholders shall cause each officer and director of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries to execute a Resignation Letter effective as of the Closing.

6.12 Tax Matters

(a) <u>Cooperation</u>. Each of Purchaser, the Company, the Selling Securityholders, and the Seller Representative agrees to retain and furnish or cause to be furnished to one another, upon request, as promptly as practicable, such information and assistance relating to the Company as is reasonably necessary for the filing of all Tax Returns of or with respect to the Company, the preparation for any audit by any taxing authority, and the prosecution or defense of any Action relating to any Tax Return of or with respect to the Company rowided, however, that nothing in this <u>Section 6.12(a)</u>(<u>Cooperation</u>) shall require Purchaser to provide the Selling Securityholders or the Seller Representative, on behalf of the Selling Securityholders, shall cooperate with each other in the conduct of any audit or other Action related to Taxes of or with respect to the Company, and the Seller Representative, on behalf of the Selling Securityholders, shall cooperate with each other in the conduct of any audit or other Action related to Taxes of or with respect to the Company for a Pre-Closing Tax Period or Straddle Period, and each shall execute and deliver such powers of attorney and other documents as are necessary to carry out the intent of this <u>Section 6.12(a)(Cooperation</u>). In the event any taxing authority informs the Seller Representative or one-splute concerning an amount of Taxes with respect to which the other party and incur Liability hereunder, the party so informed shall promptly notify the other party of such matter; *provided*, however, that failure to promptly notify shall not reduce the other party's indemnity, compensation or reimbursement obligations hereunder except to the extent such party's ability to defend against such matter is actually and materially prejudiced thereby; and *provided*, *further*, that resolution of such audit, claim, assessment or other dispute shall be governed by <u>Section 7.7 (Third Party Claim Procedures</u>).

(b) <u>Transfer Taxes</u>. Any Transfer Taxes shall be borne [***]. Except as otherwise required by applicable Laws, the Seller Representative shall, at its own expense, prepare and timely file all necessary Tax Returns and other documentation with respect to all such Transfer Taxes, and provide Purchaser with a complete and correct copy thereof.

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(c) <u>Straddle Period</u>. Purchaser shall be a "C corporation" (as defined in Code Section 1361(a)(2)) for purposes of the Code. Purchaser shall cause the Company and each Subsidiary eligible to do so to (i) join Purchaser's "consolidated group" (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Sections 1.1502-1(h)) effective as of the beginning of the date following the Closing Date and (ii) to the extent permitted by applicable Law, treat the Closing Date as the last date of a Tax period of the Company and any eligible Subsidiary (the "<u>Agreed Tax Treatment</u>"). Each Party hereto shall file all Tax Returns consistently with the Agreed Tax Treatment and shall not take any position inconsistent therewith. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company or any Subsidiary is liable for Taxes for a taxable period ending after and including the Closing Date (a "<u>Straddle Period</u>"), then for purposes of determining the Taxes for which the Selling Securityholders are liable under <u>Section 7.1(f) (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>), such Taxes shall be allocated to the portion of such period ending on the Closing Date as follows: (i) with respect to franchise, property or ad valorem Taxes assessed on a periodic basis and not computed by reference to specific transactions, receipts, payments or payroll, the amount allocable to the portion of such period ending on the Closing Date as follows: (i) with respect to addiel Period ending on the Closing Date and the amount of such property Taxes for such entire Straddle Period ending on the Closing Date shall equal the amount of such period; and (ii) with respect to all other Taxes, the amount allocable to the portion of the period ending on the Closing Date shall be determined based on an actual closing of the books used to calculate such Taxes as if such taxable period ending on the Closing Date shall be determined based on an actual closing of the books used to calculate such Taxes as if such taxable period ending on the Closing Date shall equal the case of clause (ii) of

(d) Filing Tax Returns Prior to Closing. The Company shall timely prepare and file (or cause to be timely prepared and filed) all unfiled Tax Returns required to be filed by the Company with a due date (taking into account requests for extensions to file such Tax Returns) on or before the Closing and shall timely pay (or cause to be timely paid) all Taxes shown due thereon. The Company shall notify Purchaser no later than [***] prior to the anticipated filing date of any income Tax Return and all other material Tax Returns required to be filed pursuant to this <u>Section 6.12(d) (Filing Tax</u> Returns (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) prior to filing them. The Seller Representative shall, as soon as possible after the date hereof and no later than the Reporting Deadline, report to the competent [***] Tax authority by submitting a copy of this Agreement and other relevant documentation required under [***] (the [***]) in the name of the Selling Securityholders (and jointly with Purchaser, if practically feasible) in accordance with the applicable Laws, and provide to Purchaser a copy of any submitted version of the [***] and the acknowledgement receipts in respect of such submission issued by the competent [***] Tax authority ("[***]"). Purchaser shall have the right to review and provide input to the application documents and correspondences with the competent [***] Tax authority in connection with the [***] Filing Documents, including but not limited to the purchaser price allocation for [***] purposes. The Seller Representative shall have the [***] Find to the seller Representative shall keep Purchaser updated on the prepared in adustion and submission of the [***] Tax authority in connection with the [***] Filing Documents, including but not limited to the murchaser shall have the right to designate a representative shall keep Purchaser updated on the preparation and submission of the [***] Tax authority in connection with the [***] Filing Documents in competine [***] Tax

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[***]. If the Seller Representative fails to complete the [***] by following the abovementioned provisions on or before the Reporting Deadline, Purchaser shall have the right to, after consulting with the Seller Representative, report to the competent [***] Tax authority as required by Law.

(e) <u>Filing Tax Returns After Closing</u>. After the Closing, Purchaser shall prepare or cause to be prepared and file or cause to be filed all Tax Returns for the Company and its Subsidiaries in respect of Pre-Closing Tax Periods and Straddle Periods (determined consistently with <u>Section 6.12(c)</u> (<u>Straddle Period</u>) that are required to be filed after the Closing Date ("<u>Pre-Closing/Straddle Tax Returns</u>"). Purchaser shall deliver or cause to be delivered drafts of all such Pre-Closing/Straddle Tax Returns"). Purchaser shall deliver or cause to be delivered drafts of all such Pre-Closing/Straddle Tax Returns to the Seller Representative for its review and comment (on behalf of the Selling Securityholders) at least twenty (20) days prior to the due date of such Pre-Closing/Straddle Tax Returns (including extensions), and Purchaser shall not file such Tax Returns without the prior written consent of the Seller Representative, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. The Seller Representative and Purchaser shall attempt in good faith to resolve any disagreements regarding such Tax Returns prior to the due date for filing. In the event that the Seller Representative and Purchaser are unable to resolve any dispute with respect to any such Tax Return at least ten (10) days prior to the due date for filing, such dispute shall be resolved by the Accounting Firm, which resolution shall be binding on the Parties. In the event the Accounting Firm has not resolved by Purchaser (so as to prevent the late filing of such Tax Return) and amended to reflect the Accounting Firm's ultimate resolution of such item. Additionally, subject to the limitations in ARTICLE 7, the Seller Representative, on behalf of the Selling Securityholders, shall, no later than five (5) days prior to the due date a such Tax Returns, or with respect to the Straddle Period Tax Returns, pay to Purchaser or the Company or its Subsidiary such amounts shown as due on such Tax Returns, or with respect to the Straddle Period Tax Re

(f) Exclusive Authority to File Tax Returns. Except as provided in Section 6.12(d) (Filing Tax Returns Prior to Closing), Section 6.12(e) (Filing Tax Returns After Closing), or Section 6.12(h) (Amended Tax Returns: Refunds). Purchaser shall have the exclusive authority and obligation to prepare and file, or cause to be prepared and filed, all Tax Returns of the Company after the Closing; provided, however, that all such Tax Returns filings under Purchaser's authority shall be made and comply with all of the provisions and requirements of this Section 6.12(Tax Matters).

(g) Effect on Indemnity Rights of Purchaser. Nothing in this Section 6.12 (Tax Matters) shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the rights of Purchaser under Article 7 (Indemnification) hereof.

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(h) Amended Tax Returns; Refunds

(i) Any amended Tax Return or refund claim relating to a Pre-Closing Tax Period or a Straddle Period of the Company or any Subsidiary that is prepared and filed after the Closing Date may be filed by Purchaser only after giving the Seller Representative a reasonable opportunity to review and consent to such amended Tax Return or refund claim, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed; *provided*, *however*, that if such amended Tax Return or refund claim could reasonably be expected to increase the Tax liability of a Selling Securityholder (including any indemnification obligation with respect to Taxes pursuant to <u>Section 7.1(f) (Indemnification by the Selling</u> <u>Securityholders</u>), it will be reasonable for the Seller Representative to withhold consent from any such amendment or claim proposed by or on behalf of Purchaser, to the extent that the Tax Return filings of the Company or any Subsidiary, in the absence of filing such amended Tax Return or refund claim, would be in accordance with applicable Law.

(ii) Except to the extent reflected as an asset in Closing Working Capital, any refund of Taxes of the Company or its Subsidiaries for any Pre-Closing Tax Period or for any Straddle Period (including overpayments of Taxes for such Tax Periods that the recipient chooses to offset against a Post-Closing Tax Period liability), to the extent allocable to the portion of such Tax Period ending on the Closing Date pursuant to <u>Section 6.12(c)</u> (<u>Straddle Period</u>), that is actually received within [***] after the Closing Date will be for the benefit of the Selling Securityholders, but only to the extent that such refund is not attributable to, and does not result from, a carryback or other use of any item of loss, deduction, credit or other similar item arising in a Post-Closing Tax Period or, in the case of a refund for a Straddle Period, the use of any such item arising in the portion of such Straddle Period that begins after the Closing Date; provided, however, that the amount of such refund to which the Selling Securityholders, are entitled pursuant to this <u>Section 6.12(h) (Amended Tax Returns; Refunds</u>) shall be reduced by any reasonable third-party, direct out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Purchaser, the Company or its Subsidiaries in obtaining such refund. Any refunds of the Company or its Subsidiaries for any Straddle Period, to the extent allocable to the portion of such Straddle Period beginning after the Closing Date pursuant to <u>Section 6.12(c) (Straddle Period</u>), or for any taxable period beginning and ending after the Closing Date, will be for the benefit of Purchaser.

(iii) Purchaser will promptly pay over to the Seller Representative the amount of all refunds received by Purchaser or its Affiliates (including the Company and its Subsidiaries after the Closing) to which the Selling Securityholders are entitled under this <u>Section 6.12(h) (Amended</u> <u>Tax Refunds</u>) (including all interest actually received with respect thereto); provided, however, that if a taxing authority subsequently disallows the refund that gave rise to such payment, the Selling Securityholders will promptly repay such amount to Purchaser.

(i) <u>Reporting Certain Milestone Payments</u>. Provided that Purchaser's intended income Tax treatment of the Excess Amount described in a notice delivered to the Seller Representative pursuant to <u>Section 3.1(b)</u>(<u>Notice and Payment of Milestone Payments</u>) is based on Purchaser's reasonable interpretation of the applicable Tax Law at the time such notice is delivered, [***] shall, for such Tax purposes, (i) report in accordance with Purchaser's income Tax treatment any payments [***] receives pursuant to a Milestone in <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii)(Milestones for [***])</u>) in excess of the amount equal to the product of (A) [***] Percentage Interest and (B) the aggregate payments made to all Selling Securityholders pursuant to such Milestone (the <u>"Excess Amount</u>"), and (ii) pay timely all Taxes on such amounts in accordance with Purchaser's income Tax treatment of the Excess Amount, in each case, unless (A) otherwise required pursuant to a final "determination" (within the meaning of Code Section 1313(a)) or

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comparable resolution under provisions of applicable state or local Tax Laws, or (B) [***] or the Seller Representative furnishes an opinion from a nationally recognized law or accounting firm reasonably acceptable to Purchaser that provides for an alternative Tax treatment of the Excess Amount at a "more likely than not" level of comfort or higher, which opinion shall be submitted along with the invoice for the Milestone Payment associated with such Excess Amount. If [***] or the Seller Representative furnishes an opinion in accordance with the preceding sentence, [***] and Purchaser shall treat the Excess Amount for Tax purposes in accordance with such opinion, except as otherwise required by a final "determination" (within the meaning of Code Section 1313(a)) or comparable resolution under provisions of applicable state or local Tax Laws.

6.13 Termination of Discussions and Non-Solicitation

(a) From and after the execution and delivery of this Agreement until the earlier to occur of the Closing and the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to the provisions of <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>), the Company, and each of its Subsidiaries shall not, shall cause each of their respective Affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors (including financial and legal advisors, accountants and consultants) and other representatives (collectively, "<u>Representatives</u>") not to, and shall not authorize, instruct or direct any of their respective equity holders to, (i) solicit, respond to, initiate or take any action to faciliate or knowingly encourage any inquiry or the submission of any indication of interest, proposal or offer from any person or entity (other than Purchaser or its Representatives) with respect to any license from, sale or disposition by, granting of option rights by, partnership with, investment in, or similar transaction involving control of the Company or the Business, any of its equity interests or any of its material assets, in each case directly or indirectly, other than in the Ordinary Course of Business (an "<u>Alternative Transaction</u>"), (ii) (A) enter into, pursue or participate in any discussions, arrangements or negotiations with, (B) furnish any information with a view to any Alternative Transaction to, (C) afford access to the business, properties, assets, books or records of the Company or any Subsidiary in a manner intended to facilitate an Alternative Transaction to, or (D) assist, participate in, facilitate or encourage any effort by, any Person (other than Purchaser or its Representatives) with respect to any Alternative Transaction or that could be reasonably expected to adversely affect the ability of Purchaser or tos commante the Transactions.

(b) From and after the execution and delivery of this Agreement until the earlier to occur of the Closing and the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to the provisions of <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>), the Company and each of its Subsidiaries shall, shall cause each of their respective Representatives to, and shall instruct and direct their respective equity holders to (i) immediately discontinue any ongoing discussions or negotiations relating to any Alternative Transaction and (ii) promptly notify Purchaser of the receipt by any of them (or any of their respective Representatives) of any oral or written inquiry that may be in furtherance of an Alternative Transaction or any oral or written offer, indication of interest, or proposal relating to an Alternative Transaction.

6.14 No Transfer

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(a) From and after the execution and delivery of this Agreement until the earlier to occur of the Closing and the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to the provisions of <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>), no Selling Securityholder shall (other than in connection with the Closing of the Transactions), directly or indirectly. (i) grant any proxy, power-of attorney, or enter into any voting trust or other agreement or arrangement with respect to the voting of any the Shares held by such Selling Securityholder, (ii) sell, assign, transfer, pledge, encumber or otherwise dispose of (including, without limitation, by merger, consolidation, sale, liquidation, discolution, dividend, distribution or otherwise by operation of law), or enter into any Contract with respect to the direct or indirect sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, encumbrance or other disposition of (including, without limitation, by merger, consolidation, sale, liquidation, dividend, distribution or otherwise by operation of Law), any Shares other than, no later than ten (10) Business Days prior to Closing, to Affiliates or family members for estate purposes (provided, as a condition to such transfer; such transferee executes and delivers a joinder, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser), to this Agreement as a Selling Securityholder, or (ii) knowingly, directly or indirectly, take or cause the taking of any other action that is intended to restrict, limit or interfere with the performance of such Selling Securityholder's obligations hereunder or the transactions contemplated hereby, excluding any bankruptcy filing or any action required by applicable Law (each, a "<u>Transfer</u>").

(b) Any action taken in violation of Section 6.14(b) (No Transfer) shall be null and void *ab initio*. If any involuntary Transfer of any of the Shares shall occur (including, but not limited to, a sale by any Selling Securityholder's trustee in any bankruptcy, or a sale to a purchaser at any creditor's or court sale), the transferee (which term, as used herein, shall include any and all transferees and subsequent transferees of the initial transferee) shall take and hold such Shares subject to all of the restrictions, liabilities and rights under this Agreement, which shall continue in full force and effect until the earlier to occur of the Closing and the valid termination of this Agreement pursuant to the provisions of Section 8.1 (Termination).

6.15 <u>Payoff Letters and Lien Releases</u>. No later than three (3) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain from each holder of the items of Indebtedness listed on <u>Schedule 6.15</u>, and deliver to Purchaser, an executed payoff letter, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Purchaser, setting forth: (i) the amounts required to pay off in full on the Closing Date such Indebtedness (including the outstanding principal, accrued and unpaid interest and prepayment and other penalties) and wire transfer information for such payment; (ii) upon payment of such amounts, a release of the Company and its Subsidiaries with respect to such Indebtedness; and (iii) authorization from the creditor thereof for the Company to file all agreements, instruments, certificates and other documents that are necessary or appropriate to effect the release of all Liens that such creditor may hold on any of the assets of the Company (each, a "<u>Payoff Letter</u>").

6.16 <u>Access to Information</u>. At all times prior to the Closing, the Company shall afford Purchaser and its Representatives access, during normal business hours upon reasonable notice, to (a) all of the assets, properties, Business Books and Records and Contracts of the Company and its Subsidiaries, including all such tangible records or representations of any Company Intellectual Property, *provided, however*, that (i) such access will not unreasonably disrupt the Company of the its Subsidiaries' operations; (ii) the Company and its Subsidiaries will not be required to disclose any information that would jeopardize attorney-client privilege, contravene any applicable Law or violate

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any agreement binding on any such entity as of the date of this Agreement (so long as the Company has reasonably cooperated with Purchaser to permit such access of or to disclose such information on a basis that does not: (A) waive such privilege, (B) contravene any applicable Law or (C) violate any agreement binding on any such entity with respect thereto); and (iii) such access will not include the sampling of the indoor or outdoor air and vapor, soil, surface water or groundwater without the Company's prior written consent, (b) all other information concerning the business, assets, properties and personnel (subject to restrictions imposed by applicable Law) of the Company and its Subsidiaries as Purchaser may reasonably request, and (c) all employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries as identified by Purchaser. The Company agrees to provide to Purchaser and its accountants, counsel and other Representatives copies of internal financial statements (including Tax Returns and supporting documentation) promptly upon request. No information or knowledge obtained in any investigation conducted pursuant to this <u>Section 6.16 (Access to Information</u>) or otherwise shall affect or be deemed to qualify, limit, modify, amend or supplement any representation or warranty contained herein or in the Disclosure Schedules, the conditions to the obligations of the parties to consummate the Transactions in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement, or the rights of Purchaser or any Indemnified Party under or arising out of a breach of this Agreement.

6.17 <u>Notification of Certain Matters</u>. The Company and the Selling Securityholders shall give prompt notice to Purchaser of: (a) the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event, the occurrence or non-occurrence of which is likely to cause any representation or warranty of the Company or a Selling Securityholder contained in this Agreement to be untrue or inaccurate in any material respect at or prior to the Closing, and (b) any failure of the Company to comply with or satisfy any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied by it hereunder in any material respect; provided, however, that the delivery of any notice pursuant to this <u>Section 6.17 (Notification of Certain Matters</u>) shall not (i) limit or otherwise affect any remedies available to the party receiving such notice or (ii) constitute an acknowledgment or admission of a breach of this Agreement. No disclosure by any Person pursuant to this <u>Section 6.17 (Notification of Certain Matters</u>) or otherwise, shall affect or be deemed to qualify, limit, modify, amend or supplement any representation or warranty contained herein or in the Disclosure Schedules, the conditions to the obligations of the party enceiving such notice with the terms and provisions of this Agreement, or the rights of Purchaser or any other Indemnified Party under or arising out of a breach of this Agreement.

6.18 Directors' and Officers' Indemnificatio

(a) For a period of not less than [***] from the Closing Date, Purchaser will use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Company and its Subsidiaries to exculpate, indemnify, advance expenses to and hold harmless all of its past and present managers, directors and officers for any acts or omissions occurring at or prior to the Closing. In the event that any claim for indemnification or advancement of expenses is asserted or made within such [***] period, all rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses will continue until such claim is disposed of or all orders, injunctions, judgments, decrees or rulings of any Governmental or Regulatory Authority in connection with such claim are fully satisfied. This <u>Section 6.18 (Directors' and Officers' Indemnification</u>) will survive the Closing and is expressly intended to be for the benefit of, and enforceable by, each of the former or present managers, directors and officers of ther Company and its Subsidiaries and their respective heirs and legal representatives. In the event that the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective successors or assigns (a) consolidates with or merges into

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any other Person and is not the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger or (b) transfers or conveys all or a majority of its properties and assets to any Person, then, in each such case, proper provision will be made so that the successors and assigns of the Company or the its Subsidiaries will expressly assume and succeed to the obligations set forth in this <u>Section 6.18 (Directors' and Officers' Indemnification</u>).

(b) Prior to the Effective Time, the Company shall purchase a fully prepaid "tail" or "runoff" insurance policy, which (i) has an effective term of six years from the Effective Time; (ii) covers the current and former managers, directors and officers of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company during the [****] period immediately following the Effective Time with respect matters and (iii) contains coverage terms comparable to those applicable to the current managers, directors and officers of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company (the "<u>Tail Policy</u>").

6.19 Merger. If the Closing has not occurred within [***] days of the date hereof, at the Purchaser's election, the Company, each Selling Securityholder, and the Purchaser shall take all actions reasonably necessary to amend and restate this Agreement and restructure the Transactions to provide that a subsidiary of the Purchaser will merge with and into the Company, with the Company as the surviving corporation (the "Merger"), on terms that are substantially similar to the terms of this Agreement. The Company and each Selling Securityholder agree that such actions shall include (a) the approval by the holders of Company Capital Stock of the Merger; (b) the delivery of any notices or information statements to the holders of Company Capital Stock and (c) any actions required under applicable Law (including the Delaware General Corporation Law) or the Organizational Documents to consummate the Merger.

[***]

ARTICLE 7

INDEMNIFICATION

7.1 Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Selling Securityholders, on a several and not joint basis in accordance with their Pro Rata Shares, will indemnify and hold harmless Purchaser, its Affiliates and their respective officers, directors, managers, employees, agents, successors and permitted assigns (collectively, the "Purchaser Indemnified Parties") against and in respect of any Damages suffered or incurred by any Indemnified Party based upon, arising out of or otherwise in respect of any of the following:

(a) any breach or inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of (i) the Company contained in <u>Section 5.1 (Representations and Warranties regarding the Company</u>), (other than the representations and warranties contained in <u>Section 5.1 (bb) (DPA)</u>) or (ii) the Selling Securityholders contained in <u>Section 5.2 (Representations and Warranties regarding the Selling Securityholders</u>), which will be indemnified solely by the Selling Securityholder responsible for such breach or inaccuracy;

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(b) any breach of or failure to perform any covenant, agreement or obligation in this Agreement by (i) the Company or (ii) any Selling Securityholder, which will be indemnified solely by the Selling Securityholder responsible for such breach or failure to perform;

(c) Fraud committed by or on behalf of the Company;

(d) any inaccuracy in any information set forth in the Spreadsheet;

(e) regardless of any disclosure of any matter set forth in the Disclosure Schedules, any Closing Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, any [***], any [***] and any [***] to the extent not included in the calculation of the [***] (as adjusted pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment));

(f) regardless of any disclosure of any matter set forth in the Disclosure Schedules, but without duplication of amounts included in the calculation of the [***] (as adjusted pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment) and amounts payable pursuant to Section 6.12(e) (Filing Tax Returns After Closing), any Damages attributable to: (i) Taxes imposed on, asserted against or attributable to the properties, income, or operations, or ownership of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Taxes for which the Company, or any of its Subsidiaries, or the Selling Securityholders are otherwise liable, in each case for any Pre-Closing Tax Period (determined consistently with Section 6.12(c) (Straddle Period)) including Taxes for which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries would have been liable with respect to such period but for the fact that, in lieu of such Liability, Tax benefits of Purchaser, the Company or their Affiliates with respect to periods or portions thereof following the Closing were reduced; (ii) Taxes of any Person for which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is liable by reason of a transaction, event or status occurring or existing on or prior to the Closing, including as a result of such other Person failing to discharge its primary Liability for Taxes; (iii) Taxes resulting from the Transactions, including any withholding Taxes or, to the extent of any liability therefor under Section 6.12(b) (Transfer Taxes), Transfer Taxes; (iv) Damages arising from the breach of a Tax related covenant of the Selling Securitybolders or the Company (in case of the Company, prior to the Closing) in this Agreement; (v) any and all Taxes imposed on Purchaser, the Company, or any of its Subsidiaries as a result of the payments to [***] pursuant to <u>Section 3.1(a)(iii) (Milestones</u> for [***] in excess of the amount equal to the product of (A) [***] Percentage Interest and (B) the aggregate payments made to all Selling Securityholders and Optionholders pursuant to Securityholders and the employer portion of any payroll Taxes; provided, however, that Purchaser shall not, and shall cause its Affiliates (including the Company and its Subsidiaries after the Closing) not to, make any Tax filings or reporting of such payments to [***] as being compensation for services performed by an employee (although, for the avoidance of doubt, but subject to Section 6.12(i) (Reporting Certain Milestone Payments), Purchaser may report such payments as ordinary income on Form 1099-MISC or a similar form), unless otherwise required pursuant to a final "determination" (within the meaning of Code Section 1313(a)) or comparable provisions of applicable state or local Tax Laws, or pursuant to Section 6.12(i) (Reporting Certain Milestone Payments); and (vi) any and all Taxes imposed on any of the Transactions by the [***] or any subdivision or taxing authority thereof in accordance with or pursuant to Bulletin 6 as may be amended or supplemented from time to time and including any similar or replacement law, notice, circular or bulletin, including amendments made by The State Administration of Taxation's Circular on Certain Matters in Relation to the Withholding Income Tax of a Non-resident Enterprise (State Administration of Taxation Circular [2017] No. 37);

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(g) regardless of the disclosure of any matter set forth in the Disclosure Schedules, any and all claims (i) by any securityholder of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries relating to or arising out of the transactions contemplated hereby, including the allocation of any portion of the Purchase Price or (ii) by any Person asserting, alleging or seeking to assert any right with respect to equity interests of the Company (including any rights convertible into, or exchangeable for, equity interests thereof) any similar equity interests or rights with respect to any Subsidiary of the Company (together, "<u>Company and Subsidiary Securities</u>"), including any claim asserted, based upon or related to (1) the ownership or rights to ownership of any Company and Subsidiary Securities, (2) any rights of a securityholder of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, including any rights to securities, preemptive rights, rights to notice or to vote securities, (3) any rights under the Organizational Documents or organizational documents of any of the Company's Subsidiaries and (4) any claim that any Person's equity securities were wrongfully repurchased by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; and

(h) any Action, including without limitation any Actions by or on behalf of any of the Company's or any Subsidiary's equityholders, any [***] Investor, and any Governmental or Regulatory Authority, relating to or arising from the [***] or the [***].

7.2 Indemnification by Purchaser.

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Purchaser will indemnify and hold harmless the Selling Securityholders and their respective Affiliates, officers, directors, managers, employees, agents, successors and permitted assigns (collectively, the "Securityholder Indemnified Parties") against and in respect of any Damages suffered or incurred by any Securityholder Indemnified Party based upon, arising out of or otherwise in respect of any of the following:

(a) any breach or inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of Purchaser contained in Section 5.3 (Representations and Warranties of Purchaser); or

(b) any breach of or failure to perform any covenant, agreement or obligation of Purchaser in this Agreement.

7.3 Survival.

(a) All representations and warranties contained in this Agreement will survive the Closing for a period ending upon the [***] of the date hereof, at which time they shall terminate, are void, and of no further force or effect; *provided*, the foregoing shall not apply to:

(i) the representations and warranties contained in <u>Section 5.1(a) (Organization and Existence</u>), the second to last sentence of <u>Section 5.1(b)(i) (Company Capital Structure</u>), Sections 5.1(d)(Authority and <u>Approval</u>), 5.1(i) (Taxes), 5.1(q) (Material Contracts), solely with respect to the [***] and [***] 5.1(u) (No Brokers), 5.2(a) (Title), 5.2(b) (Organization and Existence), 5.2(c) (Authority and Approval), 5.2(g) (No Brokers), 5.3(a) (Organization and Existence), 5.3(b)(Authority and Approval) and 5.3(e) (<u>No Brokers</u>) (collectively, the "<u>Fundamental Representations</u>"), which Fundamental Representations (other than those in <u>Section 5.1(i) (Taxes</u>)) will survive the Closing [***] anniversary of the Closing Date;

(ii) the representations and warranties contained in <u>Section 5.1(r) (Regulatory Compliance)</u> and <u>Section 5.1(s) (Intellectual Property</u>) (collectively the "<u>IP and Regulatory Representations</u>") will survive the Closing until [***];

(iii) the representations and warranties contained in <u>Section 5.1(i)</u> (Taxes), which will survive the Closing until [***];

(iv) Claims based on Fraud, which shall survive indefinitely; and

(v) the representations and warranties contained in Section 5.1(bb) (DPA)), which shall [***].

(b) No indemnification will be payable for any Claim pursuant to <u>Sections 7.1(a) (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders)</u> or <u>Section 7.2(a) (Indemnification by Purchaser</u>) with respect to any inaccuracy or breach of any representation or warranty after termination of the applicable survival period specified in this <u>Section 7.2 (Survival</u>), except with respect to Claims made prior to such termination pursuant to <u>Section 7.7</u> (<u>Third Party Claim Procedures</u>) but not then resolved (such representation or warranty surviving with respect to such Claim until resolution of such Claim). The covenants in this Agreement shall survive in accordance with their respective terms.

7.4 Limitations. The rights to indemnification under Section 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders) are subject to the following limitations:

(a) <u>Cap</u>. Subject to <u>Section 7.4(c)</u> (<u>Exclusions from Sections 7.4(a)</u> (<u>Cap</u>)), the aggregate amount which all of the Purchaser Indemnified Parties will be entitled to receive for all Claims under <u>Section 7.1(a)</u> (<u>Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>) for any misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties set forth in <u>Section 5.1 (Representations and Warranties regarding the Company</u>) is limited to the [***] (the "Cap").

(b) <u>Deductible</u>. Subject to <u>Section 7.4(c)</u> (<u>Exclusions from Sections 7.4(a)</u> (<u>Cap</u>) and 7.4(b) (<u>Deductible</u>)), the Selling Securityholders will have no obligation to indemnify any Purchaser Indemnified Parties for any Claims under <u>Section 7.1(a)</u> (<u>Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>) until the aggregate amount of all Damages incurred by the Purchaser Indemnified Parties for which a Claim is brought under <u>Section 7.1(a)</u> (<u>Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>), exceeds S^[***] (the "<u>Deductible</u>"), and to the extent such Damages exceed the Deductible such Purchaser Indemnified Party shall be entitled to recover all such Damages in excess of the Deductible, subject to the Cap.

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(c) Exclusions from Sections 7.4(a) (Cap) and 7.4(b) (Deductible). The limitations (i) under Sections 7.4(a) (Cap) and Section 7.4(b) (Deductible) will not apply with respect to any Claims for Fraud or indemnification arising under (A) Sections 7.1(b) through Section 7.1(b) (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders), or (B) Section 7.1(a) (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders) with respect to any misrepresentation or breach by the Company of any Fundamental Representations or (ii) under Section 7.4(a) (Cap), the P and Regulatory Representations; [***].

(d) Other Limitations. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement or otherwise, the parties expressly intend and agree as follows:

(i) For purposes of this <u>ARTICLE 7</u> only, both for determining whether or not a representation and warranty has been breached and for determining the amount of any Damages incurred by an Indemnified Party, any qualification as to "material", "materially" or "Material Adverse Effect" (or any other similar qualifications) contained in any of the representations, warranties or covenants contained herein shall not be given effect. The amount of any Damages shall be reduced by any amount actually recovered by an Indemnified Party with respect thereto under any insurance coverage (net any costs and expenses, including the present value of any insurance premium increases) and from other third parties, including [***]. Each Indemnified Party will use, and will cause its Affiliates to use, commercially reasonable efforts to make recoveries under applicable insurance policies in favor of the Purchaser and its subsidiaries (including the Company).

(ii) The indemnification provisions provided for in this <u>ARTICLE 7 (Indemnification</u>) will be the exclusive remedy for monetary damages in respect of any breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, or agreement contained in this Agreement other than Claims against any Person for such Person's Fraud.

(iii) Purchaser and the Selling Securityholders agree to use, and will cause their respective Affiliates to use, good faith commercially reasonable efforts to mitigate Damages to the extent required by applicable Law; *provided*, *however*, that no Party will be required to use such efforts if they would be detrimental in any material respect to such Party.

(iv) The amount of any Damages payable pursuant to <u>Section 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders)</u> will be reduced to the extent such Damages are reflected as a current liability in the final determination of Closing Working Capital.

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(v) The Parties agree that where the same set of facts qualifies under more than one provision entitling the Purchaser Indemnified Parties or the Securityholder Indemnified Parties to a claim or remedy under this Agreement, such Party shall not be entitled to recover Damages in respect of such claim or remedy more than once.

(vi) Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary in this <u>ARTICLE 7</u> or otherwise in this Agreement, (A) in no event will any Tax arising from any elections by or with respect to the Company or any Subsidiary under Code Sections 336(e) or 338 with respect to any transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and (B) the Indemnification, for or with respect to any indemnification, and none of the Selling Securityholders will have any liability or obligation with respect to any indemnification, for or or before the Company, any Subsidiary, or any other Person by reason of, or in connection with, any election by or on behalf of the Company pursuant to Code Sections 336(e) or 338 with respect to any transactions.

(vii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event of a closing of a Qualified Transaction, (A) [***] and (B) [***].

7.5 <u>Set-Off</u>. Subject to the limitations of <u>Section 7.4 (Limitations</u>), Purchaser shall have the right to withhold [***] with respect to any (i) then-pending or (ii) resolved and unpaid indemnification Claims (including any Claims whose recoveries were previously limited due to the application of <u>Section 7.4 (Limitations</u>) based on a previous and lower Purchase Price) made by any of the Purchaser Indemnified Parties hereunder (i.e., Purchaser may withhold an aggregate amount from any Milestone Payments up to, but not in excess of, the amount of its claimed or determined Damages, as applicable, under any such indemnification Claims). With respect to any such pending indemnification Claim, to the extent that any such indemnification Claim is finally resolved and the amount that is finally determined to be owed to any Purchaser Indemnified Party with respect to such indemnity Claim is less than the amount of the Milestone Payment so withheld by Purchaser shall promptly thereafter pay to the Selling Securityholders the amount, or portion thereof, of the applicable Milestone Payment that was withheld in excess of such amount that was finally determined to be owed to such Purchaser Indemnified Party with respect to such indemnify Claim.

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7.6 <u>Resolution of Indemnification Disputes</u>. If an Indemnifying Party disputes or contests the basis or amount of any Claim set forth in a Claim Notice delivered by an Indemnified Party in accordance with the provisions of <u>ARTICLE 7 (Indemnification)</u>, the dispute will be resolved as set forth below, and not in accordance with <u>Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration)</u>:

(a) An Indemnifying Party may object to a Claim for indemnification set forth in a Claim Notice by delivering to the Indemnified Party seeking indemnification a written statement of objection to the Claim made in the Claim Notice (an "<u>Objection Notice</u>"); provided, however, that, to be effective, such Objection Notice must (i) be delivered to the Indemnified Party prior to the [***] following the receipt of the applicable Claim Notice (such deadline, the "<u>Objection Deadline</u>" for such Claim Notice and the Claims for indemnification contained therein) and (ii) set forth in reasonable detail the nature of the objections to the Claims in respect of which the objection is made.

(b) To the extent the Indemnifying Party does not object in writing (as provided in <u>Section 6.5(b) (Further Assurances and</u> <u>Cooperation</u>)) to the Claims contained in such Claim Notice prior to the Objection Deadline for such Claim Notice, such failure to so object shall be an irrevocable acknowledgment by the Indemnifying Party that the Indemnified Party is entitled to the full amount of the Claims for Damages set forth in such Claim Notice (and such entitlement shall be conclusively and irrefutably established) with respect to the applicable parties against the Indemnifying Party (any such Claim, an "<u>Unobjected Claim</u>"). Within [***] of a Claim becoming an Unobjected Claim, the Indemnifying Party shall make the applicable payment to such Indemnified Party, subject to <u>Section 7.4 (Limitations</u>) and <u>Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts</u>: <u>Arbitration</u>).

(c) In case an Indemnifying Party timely delivers an Objection Notice in accordance with <u>Section 7.6 (Resolution of Indemnification</u> <u>Disputes</u>), the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Parties shall attempt in good faith to agree upon the rights of the respective parties with respect to each of such Claims. If the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Parties reach an agreement, a memorandum setting forth such agreement shall be prepared and signed by all applicable parties (any Claims covered by such an agreement, <u>"Settled Claims</u>"). Any amounts required to be paid as a result of a Settled Claim shall be paid by the Indemnifying Party to the Indemnified Parties pursuant to the Settled Claim within [***] of the applicable Claim becoming a Settled Claim, subject to <u>Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration)</u>.

(d) If no such agreement can be reached after good faith negotiation prior to [***] after delivery of an Objection Notice, then upon the expiration of such [***] either the Indemnifying Party or the Indemnified Parties may demand arbitration of the matter unless the amount of the Damages that is at issue is the subject of a pending litigation with a third party, in which event arbitration shall not be commenced until such amount is ascertained or both parties agree to arbitration, and in either such event the matter shall be settled by arbitration conducted pursuant to <u>Section 9.2</u> (<u>Resolution of Conflicts</u>; <u>Arbitration</u>).

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(e) Arbitration under Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration) shall apply to any dispute among the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Parties under this Article 7.6 (Resolution of Indemnification Disputes).

(f) The decision of the arbitrator as to the validity and amount of any Claim in such Claim Notice shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the parties to this Agreement. Such decision shall be written and shall be supported by written findings of fact and conclusions which shall set forth the award, judgment, decree or order awarded by the arbitrator(s). Claims determined by arbitration as provided in this <u>Section 7.6(f)</u> (<u>Resolution of Indemnification Disputes</u>), are referred to as "<u>Resolved Claims</u>." Within [***] of a decision of the arbitrator(s) requiring payment by an Indemnifying Party to an Indemnified Party, such Indemnifying Party shall make the payment to such Indemnified Party, subject to <u>Sections 7.4</u> (<u>Limitations</u>) and <u>9.2</u> (<u>Resolution of Conflicts</u>; <u>Arbitration</u>).

7.7 Third Party Claim Procedures

(a) If a Claim is proposed to be made by an Indemnified Party against the Indemnifying Party, the Indemnified Party will give a Claim Notice to the Indemnifying Party as soon as practicable after the Indemnified Party becomes aware of any fact, condition or event which may give rise to Damages for which indemnification may be sought under this ARTICLE 7 (<u>Indemnification</u>). The failure of any Indemnified Party to give timely notice hereunder will not affect rights to indemnification hereunder, except to the extent, and only to the extent, that the Indemnifying Party demonstrates actual damage caused by such failure.

(b) If any Person commences any action or Proceeding with respect to any matter as to which any of the Indemnified Parties intends to seek indemnification under <u>Section 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders)</u>, the Indemnified Party will promptly notify the Indemnifying Party of the existence of such Claim or the commencement of such action or Proceeding (and in any event within [***] after the service of any summons or citation). The failure of any Indemnified Party to give timely notice hereunder will not affect rights to indemnification hereunder, except to the extent, and only to the extent, that the Indemnifying Party demonstrates actual damage caused by such failure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Claim Notice that relates to a representation or warranty that is subject to the survival period set forth in <u>Section 7.3 (Survival</u>) must be made within such survival period, whether or not the Indemnifying Party is prejudiced by any failure to give a Claim Notice relating thereto. A Claim Notice must describe in reasonable detail the nature of the Claim, including an estimate of the amount of Damages that have been or may be suffered or incurred by the Indemnified Party streputs for indemnified Party's possession relating to such Claim.

(c) The Indemnifying Party shall be entitled, at its expense, to participate in, but not to determine or conduct, the defense of any such Claim. If there is a third party Claim that, if adversely determined, would give rise to a right of recovery for Damages hereunder, then any amounts incurred by the Indemnified Parties in defense of such third party Claim, regardless of the outcome of such Claim, shall be deemed Damages hereunder. The Indemnified Parties shall have the right in their sole discretion to conduct the defense of, and to settle, any such Claim, and the Indemnifying Party shall not be entitled to participate in any negotiation of settlement, adjustment or compromise with

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respect to any such Claim; provided, however, that except with the consent of the Seller Representative (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), no settlement of any such Claim with third party claimants shall be determinative of the amount of Damages relating to such matter; provided further, however, the consent of the Indemnifying Party with respect to any settlement of any such Claim shall be determined by a field as wither any consent and the settlement in twenty (20) days after a written request for such consent by the Indemnified Party. In the event that the Seller Representative hall have objected within twenty (20) days after a written request for such consent by the Indemnified Party. In the event that the Seller Representative has consented to any such settlement, adjustment or compromise, the Indemnifying Party, shall have no power or authority to object under any provision of this ARTICLE 7 (Indemnification) to the amount of such settlement, adjustment or compromise constituting a payable Claim.

7.8 <u>Remedies</u>. Any indemnification owed by the Selling Securityholders to the Purchaser Indemnified Parties pursuant to <u>Section 7.1</u> (<u>Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>) shall be satisfied as follows: [***].

7.9 <u>Tax Treatment of Indemnification Payments</u>. For all purposes hereunder, any indemnification payments made pursuant to ARTICLE 7 (<u>Indemnification</u>) will be treated as an adjustment to the Purchase Price for all applicable Tax purposes.

7.10 Seller Representative.

(a) By virtue of the execution and delivery of this Agreement, each of the Selling Securityholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company) shall be deemed to have agreed to appoint [***] as its representative, agent and attorney-in-fact, as the Seller Representative for and on behalf of the Selling Securityholders and Optionholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company) for purposes of acting in the name and stead of such Selling Securityholder and Optionholders in connection with this Agreement and the Related Agreements, including (i) giving and receiving notices and communications and acting on the Selling Securityholders' behalf hereunder for all purposes in connection with this Agreement and the Related Agreements, (ii) employing legal counsel on behalf of the Selling Securityholders, (iii) paying any legal, accounting, investment banking, or other fees and expenses incurred by the Seller Representative on the Selling Securityholders' behalf in consummating the Transactions, (iv) authorizing payment to any

Indemnified Party, (v) objecting to such payments, (vi) prosecuting, defending, negotiating, or settling claims arising under this Agreement, (vii) demanding arbitration and complying with orders of courts and awards of arbitrators with respect to such claims, and (viii) making, executing, acknowledging and delivering all such contracts, orders, receipts, notices, requests, instructions, certificates, letters, and other writings, and in general doing all things and taking all actions, which the Seller Representative, in its sole discretion, may consider necessary or proper in the best interests of the Selling Securityholders and Optionholders in connection with or to carry out the terms of this Agreement, as fully as if such Selling Securityholders and Optionholders from time to time upon not less than [***] prior written notice to Purchaser; *provided*, *however*, that the Seller Representative and Optionholders selling Securityholders and Optionholders entitled to two-thirds of the Purchase Price agree to such removal and to the identity of the substituted agent. No bond shall be required of the Seller Representative, so rommunications to or from the Seller Representative shall constitute notice to or from the Selling Securityholders and Optionholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company).

(b) The Seller Representative shall not be liable for any act done or omitted hereunder as the Seller Representative except in the case of willful misconduct, fraud or gross negligence by the Seller Representative. The Seller Representative will not be deemed to be a trustee or other fiduciary on behalf of any Selling Securityholder, Optionholders or any other Person, nor will the Seller Representative have any liability in the nature of a trustee or other fiduciary. The Seller Representative makes no representation or warranty as to, nor will the Seller Representative be responsible for or have any duty to ascertain, inquire into or verify: (i) any statement, warranty or representation made in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Related Agreements; (ii) the performance or observance of any of the covenants or agreements of Selling Securityholders and Optionholders under this Agreement, or any other Related Agreements; or (iii) the genuineness, legality, validity, binding effect, enforceability, value, sufficiency, effectiveness or genuineness of this Agreement, any other Related Agreements, or any other instrument or writing furnished in connection herewith or therewith. The Seller Representative will not incur any liability by acting in reliance upon any notice, consent, critificate, statement or other writing (which may be a bank wire, facsimile or similar writing) believed by it to be genuine and to be signed or sent by the proper party or parties.

(c) The Seller Representative may perform its duties through sub-agents and attorneys-in-fact and will have no liability for any acts or omissions of any such sub-agent or attorney if selected by it with reasonable care. The Seller Representative may consult with legal counsel, independent public accountants and other experts selected by it and will not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the advice of such counsel, accountants or experts.

(d) The Selling Securityholders shall indemnify the Seller Representative and hold the Seller Representative harmless against any loss, liability or expense incurred without gross negligence or bad faith on the part of the Seller Representative and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the Seller Representative's duties hereunder, including the reasonable fees and expenses of any legal counsel retained by the Seller Representative. A decision, act, consent or instruction of the Seller Representative, including an amendment, extension or waiver of this Agreement, shall constitute a decision of the Selling Securityholders and Optionholders (and,

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prior to the Closing, the Company) and shall be final, binding and conclusive upon the Selling Securityholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company); and the Purchaser may rely upon any such decision, act, consent or instruction of the Seller Representative as being the decision, act, consent or instruction of the Selling Securityholders (and, prior to the Closing, the Company). The Purchaser is hereby relieved from any liability to any person for any acts done by them in accordance with such decision, act, consent or instruction of the Seller Representative.

(e) Each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder shall pay or reimburse, based on his, her or its respective Pro Rata Share, the Seller Representative, upon presentation of an invoice, for all reasonable costs and expenses of the Seller Representative (including fees and expenses of counsel to the Seller Representative) in connection with: (i) the performance and enforcement of this Agreement, any other Related Agreements and any other document delivered pursuant hereto and/or the protection or preservation of the rights of each Selling Securityholder, Optionholder and/or the Seller Representative against Purchaser, or any of their respective assets, and (ii) any amendment, modification or waiver of any of the terms of this Agreement, any other Related Agreements or any other document delivered pursuant hereto (whether or not any such amendment, modification or waiver is signed or becomes effective). Such amounts will first be paid out of the Representative Fund Amount.

(f) Each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder acknowledges that he, she or it has, independently and without reliance upon the Seller Representative or any other Selling Securityholder or Optionholder, and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own legal analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement. Each Selling Securityholder and Optionholder, and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, it independently and without reliance upon the Seller Representative or any other Selling Securityholder or Optionholder, and based on such documents and information as he, she or it deems appropriate at the time, will continue to make his, her or its own decisions in taking or not taking any action under this Agreement.

(g) The Seller Representative may resign at any time by giving notice thereof to the Selling Securityholders. Upon any such resignation, a majority of the Selling Securityholders and Optionholders (based on their respective Percentage Interests) shall appoint a successor Seller Representative. If no successor Seller Representative has been appointed by Selling Securityholders and Optionholders, and has accepted such appointment, within [***] after the retiring Seller Representative gives notice of resignation, then the retiring Seller Representative, on behalf of Selling Securityholders and Optionholders, may appoint a successor Seller Representative, which may be any Selling Securityholder. Upon the acceptance of its appointment as the Seller Representative berunder by a successor Seller Representative, such successor Seller Representative will thereupon succeed to and become vested with all the rights and duties of the retiring Seller Representative, and the retiring Seller Representative, the provisions of this Agreement will inure to its benefit as to any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was the Seller Representative.

(h) This <u>Section 7.10 (Seller Representative</u>) sets forth all of the duties of the Seller Representative with respect to any and all matters pertinent hereto. No implied duties or obligations will be read into this Agreement or the Escrow Agreement against the Seller Representative. The obligations of the Seller Representative hereunder and under the Escrow Agreement are only those expressly set forth herein and therein.

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7.11 <u>Indemnity Escrow Fund</u>. Within [***] following the date that is [***] following the Closing, (the "<u>Indemnity Escrow Expiration</u> <u>Date</u>"), Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall provide a joint written instruction to the Escrow Agent to release to the Seller Representative the excess, if any, of (a) the amount remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund, *less* (b) the aggregate amount sufficient to satisfy any pending Claims specified in all Claim Notices tendered pursuant to and in accordance with this Agreement prior to or as of the Indemnity Escrow Expiration Date relating to Damages that a Purchaser Indemnified Party may be entitled to under <u>Sectiro 7.1 (Indemnification by the Selling Securityholders</u>), to be further distributed to the Selling Securityholders in proportion with each Selling Securityholder's Pro Rata Share. Upon the resolution of all pending claims for which a portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund vas withheld, subject to the completion of any distributions from the Indemnity Escrow Fund relating thereto, Purchaser and the Seller Representative shall provide a joint written instruction to the Escrow Agent to release to the Seller Representative any amount remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund to be further distributed to the Selling Securityholders in proportion with each Selling Securityholder's Pro Rata Share.

ARTICLE 8

TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT

8.1 Termination. Except as provided in Section 8.2 (Effect of Termination), this Agreement may be terminated and the Transactions abandoned at any time prior to the Closing only:

(a) by mutual written agreement of the Company, on behalf of all of the Selling Securityholders, and Purchaser;

(b) by the Company, on behalf of the Selling Securityholders, or the Purchaser if the Closing Date shall not have occurred by the date that is [***] after the date of this Agreement (the "End Date"); provided, however, that the right to terminate this Agreement under this Section 8.1(b) (Termination) shall not be available to (i) any Party whose failure to fulfill any obligation under this Agreement shall have been the cause of, or shall have resulted in, the failure of the Closing to occur on or prior to the End Date or (ii) the Company, on behalf of the Selling Securityholders if the Purchaser has elected to restructure the Transactions as Merger pursuant to Section 6.19 (Merger);

(c) by Purchaser or the Company if any Law shall be in effect which has the effect of making the Purchase or the Transactions illegal or otherwise prohibits or prevents consummation of the Purchase or the Transactions;

(d) by Purchaser or the Company, upon written notice to the other if any permanent order, ruling, consent, decree, judgment or injunction of a Governmental or Regulatory Authority preventing the Closing shall become final and non-appealable; <u>provided</u> that this right to terminate this Agreement shall not be available to any Party whose failure to fulfill any obligation under this

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Agreement has been a proximate cause of the entry of such order, ruling, consent, decree, judgment or injunction or its becoming final and non-appealable;

(e) by Purchaser if it is not in material breach of its obligations under this Agreement and there has been a breach of or inaccuracy in any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement of the Company contained in this Agreement such that the conditions set forth in <u>Sections 4.2(b)(i)</u> (Company and Selling Securityholders Covenants) would not be satisfied as of the time of such breach or inaccuracy and such breach or inaccuracy has not been cured within ten (10) calendar days after written notice thereof to the Company; *provided*, *however*; that no cure period shall be required (i) for a breach or inaccuracy which by its nature cannot be cured or (ii) if any of the conditions to Closing in <u>Section 4.2 (Closing Conditions</u>) for the benefit of Purchaser are incapable of being satisfied on or before the End Date; or

(f) by the Company if it is not in material breach of its obligations under this Agreement and there has been a breach of or inaccuracy in any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement of Purchaser contained in this Agreement such that the conditions set forth in <u>Sections 4.2(c)(i)</u>. (<u>Purchaser Representations and Warranties</u>) and 4.2(c)(ii).(<u>Purchaser Covenants</u>) would not be satisfied as of the time of such breach or inaccuracy and such breach or inaccuracy und in (10) calendar days after written notice thereof to Purchaser; *provided*, *however*, that no cure period shall be required (i) for a breach or inaccuracy which by its nature cannot be cured or (ii) if any of the conditions to Closing in <u>Section 4.2</u> (<u>Closing Conditions</u>) for the benefit of the Company are incapable of being satisfied on or before the End Date;

provided that, the exercise of any termination right pursuant to this <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>) shall require the delivery of a written notice of termination by the Party exercising its right to terminate this Agreement to the other Parties hereof. Such written notice shall specify the provision hereof pursuant to which such termination is made to the other Party.

8.2 <u>Effect of Termination</u>. In the event of termination of this Agreement as provided in <u>Section 8.1 (Termination</u>), this Agreement or in any certificate or other instruments delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall forthwith become void and there shall be no liability or obligation on the part of the Parties, or their respective Representatives, if applicable; *provided, however*, that each Party and each Person shall remain liable for any Fraud or willful and material breaches of this Agreement prior to its termination; and *provided further*, *however*, that, the provisions of <u>Section 6.6</u> (<u>Confidentiality</u>), and <u>ARTICLE 9 (Miscellaneous</u>) and this <u>Section 8.2 (Effect of Termination</u>) shall remain in full force and effect and survive any termination of this Agreement pursuant to the terms of this <u>ARTICLE 8 (Termination of Agreement</u>).

ARTICLE 9

MISCELLANEOUS

9.1 Governing Law and Jurisdiction. This Agreement, and all Claims, causes of action (whether in contract, tort or statute or otherwise) or other matter that may result from, arise out of, be in connection with or relating to this Agreement or any Related Agreement or the actions of the Parties

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hereto in the negotiation, administration, performance and enforcement hereof or any Related Agreement (the "<u>Relevant Matters</u>") shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice or conflict of laws provision or rule (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflicts of laws thereof, including its statutes of limitations.

9.2 Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration

(a) The Parties shall negotiate in good faith and use reasonable efforts to settle any Relevant Matter. Subject to <u>Section 9.2(h)</u> (<u>Resolution of Conflicts</u>: <u>Arbitration</u>), in the event the Parties cannot resolve such dispute, controversy or claim within a period of [***] then the matter shall be referred to designated senior executives of the Parties for resolution by the sending of a notice of dispute(s) for executive resolution. The designated senior executives shall nedeavor to meet in person within [***] following transmittal of such notice of dispute. The initial designated senior executives shall be [***] on behalf of Purchaser and [***] on behalf of the Seller Representative (or his or her duly appointed successor). Each Party shall be entitled to name substitute senior executives upon written notice to the other Party. The foregoing duties may be delegated to the extent the person delegated with such duties is duly authorized to enter into the foregoing resolution without seeking any additional approval within Purchaser or the Seller Representative, as applicable.

(b) Except as expressly set forth in Section 9.2(h) (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration), if the Parties do not fully settle any dispute, controversy or claim referred to the senior executives of the Parties within [***] of it being referred to them, and a Party wishes to pursue the matter, then such dispute, controversy or claim (that is not an Excluded Claim (defined in Section 9.2(g) (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration))) shall be finally resolved by binding arbitration administered by the [***].

(c) The arbitration shall be conducted by one (1) neutral arbitrator, whom shall have significant legal or business experience in the pharmaceutical industry, and whom shall not be a current or former employee or director, or a current significant shareholder, of either Party or any of their respective Affiliates. If the Parties are unable or fail to agree upon one (1) neutral arbitrator within [***] after initiation of arbitration, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the [***]. The place of arbitration shall be New York, New York, and all proceedings and communications shall be in English.

(d) Either Party may apply to the arbitrator for interim injunctive relief until the arbitration award is rendered or the controversy is otherwise resolved. Each Party shall bear its own costs and expenses and attorneys' fees and an equal share of the arbitrator's fees and any administrative fees of arbitration.

(e) The existence, content and results of any arbitration hereunder shall be deemed the Confidential Information of both Parties.

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(f) The Parties further agree that any payments made pursuant to this Agreement pending resolution of the dispute shall be refunded if an arbitrator or court determines that such payments are not due.

(g) As used in this <u>Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts: Arbitration)</u>, the term "<u>Excluded Claim</u>" means a dispute, controversy or claim that concerns (i) the construction, scope, validity, enforceability, inventorship or infringement, misappropriation or other violation of any Intellectual Property; or (ii) any antitrust, anti-monopoly or competition law or regulation, whether or not statutory.

(h) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall deny either Party the right to seek injunctive or other equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction in the context of a *bona fide* emergency or prospective irreparable harm, and such an action may be filed and maintained notwithstanding any ongoing discussions between the Parties or any ongoing arbitration proceeding. In addition, either Party may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to resolve disputes pertaining to the validity, construction, scope, enforceability, infringement, misappropriation or other violation of any Intellectual Property, and no such claim shall be subject to arbitration pursuant to <u>Sections 9.2(b)</u> and <u>9.2(c) (Resolution of Conflicts</u>; <u>Arbitration</u>). Any action brought by either Party pursuant to this <u>Section 9.2(h) (Resolution of Conflicts</u>; <u>Arbitration</u>) shall be brought exclusively in a competent court in New York, New York, and each Party expressly and irrevocably consents and submits to the jurisdiction of such courts having appropriate jurisdiction in connection with any such legal proceeding.

(i) Notwithstanding anything in this <u>Section 9.2 (Resolution of Conflicts; Arbitration)</u> to the contrary, each Party agrees that any dispute relating to the matters set forth in <u>Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment</u>) and <u>Section 3.1 (Milestone Payments</u>) shall be resolved pursuant to the applicable procedures set forth in <u>Sections 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustments</u>) and <u>3.1(f) (Audits and Reporting</u>), respectively.

9.3 Notices. All notices and other communications hereunder will be in writing and will be deemed to have been duly given when delivered in person, by facsimile, receipt confirmed, or on the [***] when sent by overnight courier or on the [***] after being sent when sent by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) to the respective parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a Party as will be specified by like notice):

(1) If to the Company, to:

[***]

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and an additional copy (which will not constitute notice to the Company) to:
[***]
(2) If to the Seller Representative, to:
[***]
and an additional copy (which will not constitute notice to the Seller Representative) to:
[***]
(3) If to Purchaser to:
Pharmavant 5, Inc.
151 West 42nd St, 15th Floor
New York, NY 10036
[***]
and an additional copy (which will not constitute notice to the Company) to:
Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati, P.C.
One Market Street, Spear Tower, Suite 3300
San Francisco, California 94105
[***]

9.4 Amendments.

(a) Subject to <u>Section 7.10 (Seller Representative</u>), this Agreement may be amended, superseded, canceled, renewed, or extended, and the terms hereof may be waived, only by a written instrument signed by the parties hereto or, in the case of a waiver, by the Party against whom the waiver is to be effective. Neither the failure nor any delay by any Party in exercising any right,

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power or privilege under this Agreement will operate as a waiver of such right, power or privilege, and no single or partial exercise of any such right, power or privilege will preclude any other or further exercise of such right, power or privilege or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable Law (i) no Claim or right arising out of this Agreement can be discharged by one Party, in whole or in part, by a waiver or renunciation of the Claim or right unless in writing signed by the other Party, (ii) no waiver that may be given by a Party will be applicable except in the specific instance for which it is given, and (iii) no notice to or demand on one Party will be deemed to be a waiver of any obligation of such Party or of the right of the Party giving such notice or demand to take further action without notice or demand as provided in this Agreement.

(b) A failure or omission of any Party to insist, in any instance, upon strict performance by another Party of any term or provision of this Agreement or to exercise any of its rights hereunder will not be deemed a modification of any term or provision hereof or a waiver or relinquishment of the future performance of any such term or provision by such Party, nor will such failure or omission constitute a waiver of the right of such Party to insist upon future performance by another Party of any such term or provision or any other term or provision of this Agreement.

9.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, together with the Disclosure Schedules, the Related Agreements, all Exhibits and Schedules hereto and the documents, agreements, certificates and instruments referred to herein and therein, constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties hereto and with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior representations, warranties, agreements, and understandings, oral or written, with respect to such matters and other than any written agreement of the Parties that expressly provides that it is not superseded by this Agreement.

9.6 <u>Headings; Interpretation</u>. The headings in this Agreement are intended solely for convenience of reference and will be given no effect in the construction or interpretation of this Agreement. Unless the context otherwise requires, the singular includes the plural, and the plural includes the singular. Whenever the words "include", "includes' or "includes' are used in this Agreement, they are deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation." If any notice or other action or omission is required to be taken by a Party under this Agreement on a day that is not a Business Day, then such notice or other action or omission shall be deemed to require to be taken on the next occurring Business Day. Any reference contained in this Agreement to specific statutory or regulatory provisions or to any specific Governmental or Regulatory Authority means and includes any successor statute or regulation, or successor Governmental or Regulatory Authority, as the case may be. Any reference to "U.S." shall mean and refer to the United States.

9.7 No Assignment; Licensing; Binding Effect. This Agreement is not assignable by any Party without the prior written consent of the other Party; provided, however, for the avoidance of doubt, Purchaser may, without the Selling Securityholders' consent, (a) at any time, sell, assign, contribute or otherwise transfer this Agreement and its rights and obligations hereunder in whole or in part to an Affiliate, (b) subject to the requirements of Section 3.2(a) (Efforts with Respect to Development and Commercialization of Products), assign all or any part of its rights or obligations hereunder to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in connection with a merger or consolidation of Purchaser or not assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security and Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security and Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security and Security and Security Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security Purchaser is business or assets and (c) grant or permit any Lien or assignment to any Person (whether or not an Affiliate of Purchaser) in Security Purchaser is performent.

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connection with a financing for Purchaser (or an Affiliate of Purchaser to which any rights under this Agreement have been assigned or sublicensed) from time to time, in each case of clauses (a), (b) or (c) above, without Purchaser being relieved of any of its obligations hereunder. Purchaser may grant licenses of a Product to Purchaser's Affiliates or any Third Parties without the prior consent of the Selling Securityholders. This Agreement will be binding upon and will inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

9.8 <u>Invalidity</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement is declared to be void or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement will not be affected thereby and will remain in full force and effect to the extent feasible in the absence of the void and unenforceable declaration. The Parties furthermore agree to execute and deliver such amendatory contractual provisions to accomplish lawfully as nearly as possible the goals and purposes of the provision so held to be void or unenforceable.

9.9 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument.

9.10 Incorporation by Reference. The Disclosure Schedules, the Schedules and Exhibits and the documents referenced herein and therein constitute integral parts of this Agreement and are hereby incorporated by reference herein.

9.11 Time of the Essence. With regard to all dates and time periods set forth or referred to in this Agreement, time is of the essence.

9.12 <u>Specific Performance</u>. The Parties agree that irreparable damages would occur in the event any provision of this Agreement is not performed in accordance with the terms hereof and each of the Parties will be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof or injunctive relief, in addition to any other remedy at law or in equity that may be available under applicable Law. Except as otherwise provided herein, any and all remedies expressly conferred herein upon a Party hereto shall be deemed to be cumulative with and not exclusive of any other remedy conferred hereby, or by law or in equity upon such Party hereto, and the exercise by a Party of any one remedy will not preclude the exercise of any other remedy.

9.13 <u>No Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. Except for <u>ARTICLE 7 (Indemnification)</u> as provided therein, the terms and provisions of this Agreement are intended solely for the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns, and it is not the intention of the Parties hereto to confer third party beneficiary rights upon any other Person.

9.14 <u>Electronic/Facsimile Signature</u>. Any facsimile or electronic signature attached hereto will be deemed to be an original and will have the same force and effect as an original signature.

9.15 <u>WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL</u>. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM (WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT, OR OTHERWISE) ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT MATTER.

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9.16 Expenses. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, whether or not the Transactions are consummated, each Party hereto will pay its own costs and expenses incurred in connection with the negotiation, execution and closing of this Agreement and the Related Agreements and the Transactions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Selling Securityholders agree to pay [***] in accordance with Section 6.12(b) (Transfer Taxes).

9.17 <u>Privilege: Counsel</u>. [***] has been engaged by the Company and the Selling Securityholders to represent them in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (the "<u>Special Engagement</u>"), and in connection therewith, the parties hereto other than Purchaser confirm that [***] has not acted as counsel for any individual Selling Securityholder or any other Person in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Purchaser (on its behalf and on behalf of its Affiliates) hereby agrees that: (a) in all matters relating to the Special Engagement, for all purposes, only the Selling Securityholders and the Company will be considered clients of [***], (b) all work-product (if and to the extent meeting the standards for constituting work-product under applicable Law) belonging solely to the Selling Securityholders, and not to the Company, any of its Affiliates or any other Person; (c) none of Purchaser or any of its Affiliates has, will have or will otherwise be entitled to have any right, title or authority in or to, nor any interest in, or privilege or right to access any such communications, work-product, files or other materials of [***] relating to the Special Engagement, whether or not the Closing has occurred, except as may be expressly granted by the Selling Securityholders to Purchaser or any of its Affiliates, and (d) in the event that a dispute arises after the Closing between Purchaser and/or any of its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Selling Securityholders and/or any of their Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Selling Securityholders may be directly adverse to Purchaser, the Company or any of their Affiliates, and the Company (including any of their respective Representatives) that relate in any way to this Agreement, the other Related Agreements or the selling Securityholders and shall not pass to or be claimed by Purchaser, the Company or any of their Affiliates after the Closing between Purchaser, the Company or any of their Affiliates and is all third Person in the a

[Signature Page to Follow]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, intending legally to be bound, have caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first herein above written.

COMPANY:

Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc.

By:	[***]
Print Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, intending legally to be bound, have caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first herein above written.

PURCHASER:

Pharmavant 5, Inc.

By:	[***]
Print Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the
"Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly
disclosed.

SELLING SECURITYHOLDERS:

	[***]		
	[***]		
-	[***]		

SELLING SECURITYHOLDERS:

[***]			
[]			
[***]			
[***]			

Execution Version

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Amendment No. 1 to the Stock Purchase Agreement (this "Amendment") is made as of November 17, 2020, by and among Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), Pharmavant 5, Inc. ("<u>Purchaser</u>"), and the undersigned stockholders of the Company and shall be binding on each other stockholder of the Company who executes and delivers a Joinder Agreement following the date hereof and [***] a North Carolina limited liability company, solely in its capacity as the representative of the Selling Securityholders. Capitalized terms used in this Amendment and not otherwise defined have the meanings given to them in the Purchase Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS

A. Each of the parties hereto previously entered into the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2020 (the "Purchase Agreement").

B. Each of the parties hereto wish to amend certain provisions of the Purchase Agreement as set forth in this Amendment.

C. The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the execution and delivery of this Amendment on behalf of the Company.

AGREEMENT

In consideration of the mutual covenants, conditions and agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Amendments to the Purchase Agreement

(a) The definition of "Closing Indebtedness" provided for in Section 1.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

"Indebtedness" means (i) indebtedness of the Company or its Subsidiary for borrowed money (including principal and accrued and unpaid interest), or for the deferred purchase price of property or services (other than current trade liabilities incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business and payable in accordance with customary practices and not more than ninety (90) days past due), (ii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (iii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by the Company or its Subsidiary, (iv) indebtedness of others secured by (or for which the holder of such indebtedness has an existing right, contingent or otherwise, to be secured by) any Lien or other claim on property owned or acquired by the Company or its Subsidiary,

whether or not the obligations secured thereby have been assumed, (v) guarantees by the Company or its Subsidiary of indebtedness of others, (vi) capital lease obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary, (vii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary in respect of interest rate protection agreements, foreign currency exchange agreements, caps or collar agreements or other interest or exchange rate hedging arrangements either generally or under specific contingencies, (vii) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary as an account party in respect of letters of credit and banker's acceptances, (x) obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary consisting of overdrafts (e.g., cash float reflected as a negative on the cash line), (x) any Severance Costs, (xi) any termination, pre-payment, balloon or similar fees or payments (including penalties) on account of outstanding Indebtedness, (xii) any unpaid Taxes that have currently accrued or are otherwise due and payable as of the Closing (including the employer portion of any Taxes required to be paid with respect to any Severance Costs or payments made with respect to the Company Options) and (xiii) any payments in connection with any change in control obligations of the Company or its Subsidiary arising due to, or in connection with, the closing of the Transactions (including any "single-trigger" or "double-trigger" change of control obligations); provided that "Indebtedness," specifically excludes the Convertible Notes and that certain Promissory Note, dated [***] between the Company and Purchaser in the principal amount of [***].

(b) The definition of "Estimated Upfront Payment" provided for in Section 1.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

"Estimated Upfront Payment" means an amount, in cash, of [***], plus (i) the Estimated Closing Working Capital Adjustment, minus (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, of the Estimated Closing Indebtedness, minus (iii) the Representative Fund Amount, minus (iv) the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount, plus (v) the aggregate exercise price that would be payable to the Company if all Company Options were exercised as of the Closing Date, minus (vi) the Estimated Expense Excess, minus (vii) [***].

(c) The definition of "Expense Excess" provided for in Section 1.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

"Expense Excess" means the positive amount, if any, of (i) the Expenses, minus (ii) [***].

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(d) The definition of "Final Upfront Payment" provided for in Section 1.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

"Final Upfront Payment" means [***] plus (i) the Closing Working Capital Adjustment (as finally determined pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment)), minus (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, of the Closing Indebtedness (as finally determined pursuant to Section 2.4 (Post-Closing Adjustment)) minus (iii) the Representative Fund Amount, minus (iv) the Adjustment Escrow Fund Amount, plus (v) the aggregate exercise price that would be payable to the Company of all Company Options that are outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were exercised at such time, minus (vi) the Expense Excess, minus (vii) the [***] Payments.

(e) The definition of "Working Capital Target" provided for in Section 1.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

"Working Capital Target" means an amount equal to [***].

(f) All references to "[***]" and "[***]" in the Purchase Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety.

2. Agreement References. All references to the "Agreement" in the Purchase Agreement will be deemed to be references to the Purchase Agreement as amended by this Amendment.

3. Headings. The headings set forth in this Amendment are for convenience of reference purposes only and will not affect or be deemed to affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Amendment or any of its terms or provisions.

4. Confirmation of the Purchase Agreement. Other than as expressly modified by this Amendment, all provisions of the Purchase Agreement remain unmodified and in full force and effect.

5. Miscellaneous Provisions. The provisions of Article 9 of the Purchase Agreement apply to this Amendment as if fully set forth in this Amendment mutatis mutandis.

[Signature page follows.]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, intending legally to be bound, have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first herein above written.

COMPANY:

Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc.

By: [***]

Print Name: [***]

Title: [***]

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Purchase Agreement]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.
PURCHASER:
Pharmavant 5, Inc.
By: [***]
Print Name: [***]

Title: [***]

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Purchase Agreement]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the
"Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly
disclosed.

SELLING SECURITYHOLDERS:

[***]	
[***]	
[***]	
[***]	

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Purchase Agreement]



BERMUDA THE COMPANIES ACT 1981 MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES (Section 7(1) and (2))

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

Valor Biotechnology Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company")

1. The liability of the members of the Company is limited to the amount (if any) for the time being unpaid on the shares respectively held by them.

2. We, the undersigned, namely,

NAME	ADDRESS	BERMUDIAN STATUS (Yes/No)	NATIONALITY	NUMBER OF SHARES SUBSCRIBED
Michael G. Frith	Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda	Yes	British	One
David J. Doyle	33	Yes	British	One
Emily Costa	55	No	British	One

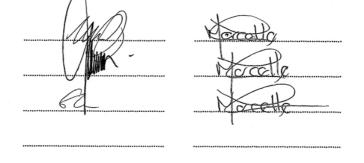
do hereby respectively agree to take such number of shares of the Company as may be allotted to us respectively by the provisional directors of the Company, not exceeding the number of shares for which we have respectively subscribed, and to satisfy such calls as may be made by the directors, provisional directors or promoters of the Company in respect of the shares allotted to us respectively.

- 3. The Company is to be an exempted company as defined by the Companies Act 1981 (the "Act").
- 4. The Company, with the consent of the Minister of Finance, has power to hold land situate in Bermuda not exceeding _____ in all, including the following parcels:- N/A
- The authorized share capital of the Company is US\$95,000,000.00 divided into 25,000,000 Common Shares of US\$1.00 each and 70,000,000 Alternative Common Shares of US\$1.00 each. [See attached amendment]
- 6. The objects for which the Company is formed and incorporated are unrestricted.
- 7. The following are provisions regarding the powers of the Company
 - Subject to paragraph 4, the Company may do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of its objects and shall have the capacity, rights, powers and privileges of a natural person, and
 - pursuant to Section 42 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issue preference shares which are, at the option of the holder, liable to be redeemed;
 - (ii) pursuant to Section 42A of the Act, the Company shall have the power to purchase its own shares for cancellation; and
 - (iii) pursuant to Section 42B of the Act, the Company shall have the power to acquire its own shares to be held as treasury shares.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

5. The authorised share capital of the Company is \$10,000, divided into Common Shares of US\$0.0000001 each.

Signed by each subscriber in the presence of at least one witness attesting the signature thereof



(Subscribers)

(Witnesses)

SUBSCRIBED this April 2, 2014

FORM NO. 3a

Registration No. 48931



BERMUDA

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON CHANGE OF NAME

I HEREBY CERTIFY that in accordance with section 10 of *the Companies Act 1981* Valor Biotechnology Ltd. by resolution and with the approval of the Registrar of Companies has changed its name and was registered as Roivant Sciences Ltd. on the 5th day of November 2014.





June 30, 2021

CONYERS DILL & PEARMAN LIMITED Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Mail: PO Box HM 666, Hamilton HM CX, Bermuda T +1 441 295 1422 convers.com

> Matter no.: 367954 Doc Ref: 19401119 +1441-298-7861 robert.alexander@conyers.com

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom

Dear Sirs,

Re: Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company")

We have acted as special Bermuda legal counsel to the Company in connection with a registration statement on form S-4 (File No. 333-256165) filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on May 14, 2021 (the "Registration Statement", which term does not include any other document or agreement whether or not specifically referred to therein or attached as an exhibit or schedule thereto) relating to the registration under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act") of:

- an aggregate of 51,339,779 common shares, par value \$0.000000007 per share (the "Shares"), which term does not include any other document or agreement whether or not specifically referred to therein or attached as an exhibit or schedule thereto);
- (ii) 30,750,276 warrants of the Company (the "Warrants", and together with the Shares, the "Securities"), entitling the warrant holders of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("MAAC"), to exercise each such Warrant for one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share (each a "Warrant Share", and collectively, "Warrant Shares", and together with the Shares, the "Registered Shares") pursuant to the Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, between MAAC and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the "Warrant Agreement"), with respect to which the Company is to be the successor upon consummation of the business combination (the "Business Combination") that will be consummated pursuant to that certain Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021 (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Business Combination Agreement"), by and among the Company, MAAC and Rhine Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

For the purposes of giving this opinion, we have examined a copy of the Registration Statement. We have also reviewed the memorandum of association and the bye-laws of the Company as certified by the Secretary of the Company on the date hereof, and unanimous written resolutions of its directors passed on May 14, 2021 (collectively, the "**Resolutions**"), and such other documents and made such enquiries as to questions of law as we have deemed necessary in order to render the opinion set forth below.

We have assumed (a) the genuineness and authenticity of all signatures and the conformity to the originals of all copies (whether or not certified) examined by us and the authenticity and completeness of the originals from which such copies were taken, (b) that where a document has been examined by us in draft form, it will be or has been executed and/or filed in the form of that draft, and where a number of drafts of a document have been examined by us all changes thereto have been marked or otherwise drawn to our attention, (c) the accuracy and completeness of all factual representations made in the Registration Statement and other documents reviewed by us, (d) that the Resolutions were passed at one or more duly convened, constituted and quorate meetings, or by unanimous written resolutions, remain in full force and effect and have not been rescinded or amended, (e) that there is no provision of the law of any jurisdiction, other than Bermuda, which would have any implication in relation to the opinions expressed herein, (f) that upon issue of any Shares by the Company the Company will receive consideration for the full issue price thereof which shall be equal to at least the par value thereof, (g) that the Company will have sufficient authorised capital to effect the issue of any of the Warrant Shares a the time of issuance, whether as a principal issue or on the conversion, exchange or exercise of any Warrants, (h) that the form and terms of any and all Securities or other securities (or other obligations, rights, currencies, commodities or other subject matter) comprising the same or subject thereto (in the case of the Warrants), the issuance and sale thereof by the Company, and the Company's incurrence and performance of its obligations thereunder or in respect thereof (including, without limitation, its obligations under any related agreement or supplement thereto) in accordance with the terms thereof will not violate the memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company nor any applicable law, regulation, order or decree in Bermuda, (i) that all necessary corporate action will be taken to authorise and approve any issuance of any Securities, the terms of the offering thereof and related matters, (j) that the issuance and sale of and payment for the Securities will be in accordance with the applicable purchase, underwriting or similar agreement duly approved by the Board of Directors and the Registration Statement (including the prospectus set forth therein and any applicable supplement thereto), (k) that upon the issue of any Warrant Shares the Company will receive consideration for the full issue price thereof which shall be equal to at least the par value thereof, and (l) that the Company's Registered Shares will be listed on an appointed stock exchange, as defined in the Companies Act 1981 as amended, and the Consent will not have been revoked or amended at the time of issuance of the Warrant Shares.

We have made no investigation of and express no opinion in relation to the laws of any jurisdiction other than Bermuda. This opinion is to be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Bermuda and is limited to and is given on the basis of the current law and practice in Bermuda. This opinion is issued solely for the purposes of the filing of the Registration Statement and is not to be relied upon in respect of any other matter.

On the basis of and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

 The Company is duly incorporated and existing under the laws of Bermuda in good standing (meaning solely that it has not failed to make any filing with any Bermuda government authority or to pay any Bermuda government fees or tax which would make it liable to be struck off the Register of Companies and thereby cease to exist under the laws of Bermuda).

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- 2. When issued and paid for as contemplated by the Registration Statement, the Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable (which term means when used herein that no further sums are required to be paid by the holders thereof in connection with the issue of such shares).
- 3. Upon the due issuance of the Warrant Shares and payment of the consideration therefor in accordance with the Warrant Agreement, such Warrant Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable (which term means when used herein that no further sums are required to be paid by the holders thereof in connection with the issue of such shares)

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not hereby admit that we are experts within the meaning of Section 11 of the Securities Act or that we are within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the Rules and Regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

Yours faithfully,

/s/ Conyers Dill & Pearman Limited

Conyers Dill & Pearman Limited

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10017

June 30, 2021

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "**Company**"), in connection with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-256165) (the "**Registration Statement**") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "**Commission**") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), relating to, among other things, the registration of 30,750,276 warants of the Company (the "**Warrants**"), entitling the warrant holders of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("**MAAC**"), to exercise each such Warrant for one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share pursuant to the Warrant Agreement", dated as of October 6, 2020, between MAAC and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the "**Warrant Agreement**"), with respect to which the Company is to be the successor upon consummation of the business **combination**") that will be consummated pursuant to that certain Business Combination Agreement", bard as of May 1, 2021 (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "**Business Combination**") that will be consummated

We, as your counsel, have examined originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such documents, corporate records, certificates and other instruments, and have conducted such other investigations of fact and law, as we have deemed necessary or advisable for the purpose of rendering the opinions expressed herein, including: (i) the Registration Statement; (ii) the Business Combination Agreement; (iii) the Warrant Agreement; and (iv) a specimen warrant certificate of the Company.

Based upon the foregoing, and subject to the additional assumptions and qualifications set forth below, we are of the opinion that, upon effectiveness of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, each issued and outstanding Warrant will be (i) issued in accordance with and in the manner described in the Registration Statement and the Business Combination Agreement and (ii) assuming that the Warrants have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company insofar as Bermuda law is concerned, a valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability; *provided* that we express no opinion as to the validity, legally binding effect or enforceability of any provision in the Warrants that requires or relates to adjustments to the exercise price at a price or in an amount that a court would determine in the circumstances under applicable law to be commercially unreasonable or a penalty or forfeiture.

In rendering the opinions expressed herein, we have, without independent inquiry or investigation, assumed that (i) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic and complete, (ii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform to authentic, complete originals, (iii) all documents filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement that have not been executed will conform to the forms thereof, (iv) all signatures on

Davis Polk Roivant Sciences Ltd.

all documents that we reviewed are genuine, (v) all parties executing documents had the power, corporate or other, to enter into and perform all obligations thereunder and the due authorization by all requisite action, corporate or other, and the execution and delivery by such parties of such documents and the validity and binding effect thereof on such parties, (vi) all statements in certificates of public officials and officers of the Company that we reviewed were and are accurate and (vii) all representations made by the Company ato matters of fact in the documents that we reviewed were and are accurate. As to any facts material to the opinions expressed herein that we did not independently establish or verify, we have relied upon statements and representations of officers and other representatives of the Company and others and of public officials. In giving the following opinions, we have relied (without further verification) upon the legal opinion of Conyers Dill & Pearman Limited filed as Exhibit 5.2 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-4/A (No. 333-256165) on June 30, 2021.

We are members of the Bar of the State of New York and the foregoing opinion is limited to the laws of the State of New York and the federal laws of the United States of America.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and further consent to the reference to our name under the caption "Legal Matters" in the proxy statement/prospectus, which is a part of the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP

June 30, 2021

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+44 20 7418 1300 davispolk.com Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP 5 Aldermanbury Square London EC2V 7HR

June 30, 2021

Roivant Sciences Ltd. Suite 1, 3rd Floor 11-12 St. James's Square London SW1Y 4LB United Kingdom

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "**Company**"), as to certain matters of United Kingdom tax law in connection with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-256165) (the "**Registration Statement**") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), relating to, among other things, the business combination that will be consummated pursuant to that certain Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2021 (as it may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time), by and among the Company, Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation.

We hereby confirm our opinion set forth under the caption "Material United Kingdom Tax Considerations".

We express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than the laws of England and Wales as applied by the English courts and on the generally published practice of HM Revenue & Customs, as at the date of this opinion. This opinion does not extend to (A) any law relating to tax made by the Scottish Parliament, the National Assembly for Wales or the Northern Irish Assembly, (B) any other law relating to any law so made, or (C) any practice relating to any such law, and we express no opinion on any such matters.

We hereby consent to the filing, as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, of this opinion, and further consent to the reference to our name under the caption "Legal Matters" in the proxy statement/prospectus, which is a part of the Registration Statement.

In giving such consent we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP

Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP is a limited liability partnership formed under the laws of the State of New York, USA and is authorised and regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority with registration number 566321. Davis Polk includes Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP and its associated entities

Exhibit 10.12

EXECUTION VERSION CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

LICENSE AGREEMENT

November 21, 2018

by and between

CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER

a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio

"Licensor"

and

ARUVANT SCIENCES GMBH

a company organized under the laws of Switzerland

"Licensee"

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LICENSE AGREEMENT

THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into as of November 21, 2018 (the "Effective Date"), by and between Children's Hospital Medical Center, a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio and doing business as CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER, and having an address [***] ("Licensor"), and Aruvant Sciences GmbH, a company organized under the laws of Switzerland and having an address of [***] ("Licensor"). Licensor and Licensee may be referred to herein individually as a "Party" or collectively as the "Parties".

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Licensor owns or controls certain patents, know-how and data relating to innovative gene therapies for sickle cell anemia and certain other hemoglobinopathies; and

WHEREAS, Licensee is a newly-formed hemoglobin gene therapy-focused company that desires to obtain from Licensor, and Licensor desires to grant to Licensee, an exclusive or, in the case of certain intellectual property rights specified below, a non-exclusive worldwide license to develop, manufacture and commercialize products that utilize Licensor's gene therapies for hemoglobinopathies, all subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, Licensor and Licensee hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

"Accounting Standards" shall mean internationally recognized accounting principles (including IFRS, US GAAP, and the like), in each case, as generally and consistently applied by the applicable Selling Entity.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to a Party or a Third Party, any entity that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such Party or Third Party, as applicable, but for only so long as such control exists. As used in this definition of "Affiliate", "control" means (a) to possess, directly or indirectly, the power to direct the management or policies of an entity, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract relating to voting rights or corporate governance, or otherwise; or (b) direct or indirect beneficial ownership of more than fifty percent (50%) (or such lesser percentage which is the maximum allowed to be owned by a foreign corporation in a particular jurisdiction) of the voting share capital or other equity interest in such entity. [***].

"Applicable Laws" means the applicable provisions of any and all national, supranational, regional, state and local laws, treaties, statutes, rules, regulations, administrative codes, guidance, ordinances, judgments, decrees, directives, injunctions, orders, permits (including MAAs) of or from any court, arbitrator, Regulatory Authority or Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over or related to the subject item.

"Aruvant Controlled Affiliates" means ASL and any of its Subsidiaries.

"ASL" means Aruvant Sciences Ltd., a company organized under the laws of Bermuda.

"Auditor" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.10 (Audit Dispute).

"BLA" means a biologics license application submitted to the FDA pursuant to the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 262.

"Business Day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a bank or other public holiday in Basel, Switzerland; or New York, New York.

"Calendar Year" means each respective period of twelve (12) consecutive months ending on December 31.

[***].

"Claims" means all Third Party demands, claims, actions, proceedings and liability (whether criminal or civil, in contract, tort or otherwise) for losses, damages, fees, costs (including reasonable attorneys' fees), and other expenses of any nature.

"Clinical Data" means all information and other Data now or hereafter in Licensor's possession that is included in, generated in connection with, or made a part of the file of any patient who participated in any clinical trial relating to a Compound or Licensed Product, including all related studies, reports, manuscripts, correspondence and other records of regulatory interactions, but excluding medical records of individual patients to be directly identified.

"Clinical Trial" means the study [***].

"CMC" means chemistry, manufacturing, and controls.

"CMO" means a Third Party contract manufacturing organization.

"Combination Product" means any Licensed Product comprising a Compound and at least one other active compound or ingredient, either formulated together (i.e., a fixed dose combination) or packaged together and sold for a single price.

"Commercialization" means the conduct of any and all activities (whether conducted before and after Regulatory Approval) relating to the promotion, marketing, sale and distribution (including importing, exporting, transporting, customs clearance, warehousing, invoicing, handling and delivering Licensed Products to customers) of Licensed Products in the Territory, including: (a) sales force efforts, detailing, advertising, medical education, planning, marketing.

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sales force training, and sales and distribution; and (b) scientific and medical affairs. For clarity, Commercialization does not include any Development activities, whether conducted before or after Regulatory Approval. "Commercialize", "Commercialized", and "Commercializing" have correlative meanings.

"Commercially Reasonable Efforts" means, (a) with respect to Licensee's obligations under this Agreement relating to Development or Commercialization activities relating to Licensed Products, those efforts and resources that are consistent with the exercise of customary scientific and business practices that a company within the pharmaceutical or biopharmaceutical industry similarly situated to such Party would expend for development, regulatory, manufacturing and commercialization activities conducted with respect to products at a similar stage of development or commercialization and having similar commercial potential, taking into account all relevant factors, including relative safety and efficacy, product profile, stage in product lifecycle, the regulatory environment, payors' policies and regulations, competitiveness of the marketplace and the market potential of such products, the nature and extent of market exclusivity, including patent coverage and regulatory data protection, and price and reimbursement status and (b) with respect to the efforts to be expended by a Party with respect to any objective or activity other than those described in clause (a), those reasonable, good faith efforts to accomplish such objective or perform such activity as such Party would normally use to accomplish a similar objective under similar circumstances, taking into account all relevant factors, including a Party's operations and policies, existing obligations to third parties, litigation risk, patient privacy, a Party's capacity, the availability of eligible patients, and government regulations. With respect to clause (a), the Parties hereby agree that the level of effort may be different for different markets and may change over time, reflecting changes in the status of the aforementioned attributes and potential of the Licensed Product(s).

"Compound" means any gene therapy construct Controlled by Licensor or its Affiliate that is a viral vector to deliver a gamma globin gene that promotes production of modified fetal hemoglobin and that is (a) consistent with the functional map attached hereto as Exhibit 1.4 or (b) disclosed in any of the Licensor Existing Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1, and, in the case of any of the foregoing, any modification, variant, or derivative of such construct.

"Confidential Information" of a Party means all Know-How, materials, and other proprietary scientific, marketing, financial, or commercial information that is: (a) disclosed by or on behalf of such Party or any of its Affiliates or otherwise made available to the other Party or any of its Affiliates, whether made available orally, in writing, or in electronic form; or (b) learned or obtained by the other Party in connection with the activities contemplated by this Agreement, in each case, regardless of whether any of the foregoing are marked "confidential" or "proprietary". The terms of this Agreement are the Confidential Information of both Parties. All information disclosed by a Party or its Affiliate under the Confidentiality Agreement that relates to any Licensed Product or the transaction under this Agreement is deemed the Confidential Information of such Party under this Agreement.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Mutual Nondisclosure Agreement between Licensor and Roivant Sciences, Inc., dated July 18, 2018.

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"Control" or "Controlled" means, with respect to any Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights, the legal authority or right (whether by ownership, license or otherwise but without taking into account any rights granted by one Party to the other Party pursuant to this Agreement) of a Party to grant access, a license or a sublicense of or under such Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights to the other Party or to otherwise disclose proprietary or trade secret information to such other Party, without breaching the terms of any agreement with a Third Party, or misappropriating the proprietary or trade secret information of a Third Party.

"Cover" means, with respect to a claim of a Patent related to a Compound or a Licensed Product, that such claim would be infringed, absent a license, by the manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale or importation of such Compound or Licensed Product. "Covered" has a correlative meaning.

"Data" means any and all scientific, technical and test data pertaining to a Compound or Licensed Product, including research data, clinical pharmacology data, CMC data (including analytical and quality control data and stability data), pre-clinical data, Clinical Data or submissions made in association with an IND or MAA with respect to any Compound or Licensed Product, in each case that is Controlled by a Party.

"Develop" means any and all actions directed to obtaining, maintaining or expanding Regulatory Approval(s) for a Compound or Licensed Product, including to research, develop (including clinical, non-clinical and CMC development), analyze, test and conduct preclinical, clinical and all other regulatory trials for a Compound or Licensed Product, including all post-approval clinical trials, as well as all related regulatory activities. "Developing" and "Development" have correlative meanings.

"Development Plan" means the plan attached hereto as Exhibit 3.2, as amended from time to time in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

"Disclosing Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.1(a) (Duty of Confidence).

"Dollar" means United States dollars and "\$" shall be interpreted accordingly.

"EMA" means the European Medicines Agency or any successor agency thereto.

"European Union" means the economic, scientific and political organization of member states known as the European Union, as its membership may be altered from time to time, and any successor thereto.

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[***].

"Excluded Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.9(g) (Dispute Resolution).

"Existing Agreements" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.3(s) (Additional Licensor Representations, Warranties and Covenants).

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or any successor agency thereto.

"Field" means [***].

"First Commercial Sale" means, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis, the first sale by or on behalf of Licensee or any of its Affiliates to a Third Party for end use or consumption of a Licensed Product in a given country in the Territory after Regulatory Approval has been granted with respect to such Licensed Product in such country; <u>provided</u> that "First Commercial Sale" shall not include sale, disposal or use of a Licensed Product for marketing, regulatory, development or charitable purposes, such as clinical trials, pre-clinical trials, compassionate use, named patient use, or indigent patient programs, without consideration.

"Fiscal Quarter" means each of the following three (3)-month periods during each Fiscal Year: January 1 through March 31; April 1 through June 30; July 1 through September 30; and October 1 through December 31; provided that the first Fiscal Quarter shall commence on the Effective Date and end on December 31, 2018.

"Fiscal Year" means the period from April 1 of a Calendar Year through March 31 of the following Calendar Year.

"Generic Competition" means, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis, that, in a given Fiscal Quarter, one or more Third Parties is selling a Generic Product to such Licensed Product in such country.

"Generic Product" means, with respect to a Licensed Product in a country, any product sold in such country by a Third Party (which may be called, for example, a "biogeneric," "follow-on biologic," "follow-on piological product," "follow-on protein product," "interchangeable product," "similar biological medicinal product," or "biosimilar product") that relied in whole or in part on the approved MAA for such Licensed Product as a basis for approval and that was approved by way of an abbreviated regulatory mechanism by the applicable Regulatory Authority, but limited, in each case, to a product that has not been licensed by Licensee or its Affiliates to such Third Party in such country.

"Governmental Authority" means any national, international, federal, state, provincial or local government, or political subdivision thereof, or any multinational organization or any authority, agency or commission entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, judicial, legislative, police, regulatory or taxing authority or power, any court or tribunal (or any department, bureau or division thereof, or any governmental arbitrator or arbitral body).

"IND" means any investigational new drug application, clinical trial application, clinical trial exemption or similar or equivalent application or submission for approval to conduct human clinical investigation filed with or submitted to a Regulatory Authority in conformance with the requirements of such Regulatory Authority.

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure).

"Indemnifying Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure).

"Invention" means any process, method, composition of matter, article of manufacture, discovery, finding or other invention, whether or not patentable, that is made, generated, conceived or otherwise invented by a Party, whether alone or jointly with others, in the course of exercising rights, performing obligations or otherwise conducting activities under this Agreement (including Development or Commercialization of Licensed Products), whether directly or indirectly through its Affiliates, agents, consultants or independent contractors, together will all intellectual property rights therein.

"JAMS Rules" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.9(b) (Dispute Resolution).

"Joint Inventions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Joint Patents" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Know-How" means any information, discoveries, compounds, compositions, formulations, formulas, inventions, dosage regimens, practices, procedures, processes, methods, knowledge, know-how, trade secrets, techniques, designs, drawings, correspondence, computer programs, documents, apparatus, results, strategies, regulatory documentation, information and submissions petraining to, or made in association with, filings with any Governmental Authority or patent office, Data, assays, chemical formulations, specifications, material, product and other samples, physical, chemical and biological materials and compounds, and the like, in written, electronic, oral or other tangible or intangible form, now known or hereafter developed, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, but in all cases excluding any Patents.

"Knowledge" means, when used in connection with Licensor or Licensee, with respect to any matter in question, the actual knowledge [***].

"Licensed Product" means any product in the Field that contains (or that is Developed or Commercialized based on or using) the Compound.

"Licensee Data" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(a) (Data).

"Licensee Indemnitee" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.1 (Indemnification by Licensor).

"Licensee Know-How" means all Know-How that Licensee or any other Aruvant Controlled Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that is necessary or reasonably useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory, including the Licensee Data, Licensee's Sole Inventions, and Licensee's interest in Joint Inventions. For the avoidance of doubt, "Licensee Know-How" does not include any Licensor Know-How.

"Licensee Patents" means all Patents that Licensee or any other Aruvant Controlled Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that relate to or are reasonably useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product in the Field in the Territory, including Licensee's interest in Joint Patents. For the avoidance of doubt, "Licensee Patents" does not include any Licensor Patents.

"Licensee Technology" means the Licensee Know-How and the Licensee Patents.

"Licensor Existing Manufacturing Patents" means any Licensor Existing Patents that Licensor or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date and that relate generally to manufacturing processes or the manufacture of biopharmaceutical products and that do not specifically relate to any Compound or Licensed Product, including those Patents specifically identified as Licensor Existing Manufacturing Patents on Exhibit 1.1.

"Licensor Existing Manufacturing Technology" means the Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How and the Licensor Existing Manufacturing Patents, including Licensor's rights in and to any Inventions necessary to manufacture Licensed Products.

"Licensor Existing Patents" means all Patents in the Territory that Licensor or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date that Cover any Licensed Product in the Field, including all Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1, and also including any other Patents in the Territory that Licensor or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date to which any of such Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 claim priority.

"Licensor Existing Patent Prosecuting Party" means: (a) at any time, with respect to Licensor Existing Patents (other than (i) Licensor Platform Patents; or (ii) the Licensor PreviouslyLicensed Existing Patents), Licensee; and (b) with respect to the Licensor Previously-Licensed Existing Patents: [***].

"Licensor Existing Platform Patents" means any Licensor Platform Patents that Licensor or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date, including those Patents specifically identified as Licensor Existing Platform Patents on Exhibit 1.1.

"Licensor Future Patents" means (a) all Patents in the Territory with an effective filing date on or after the Effective Date that Licensor or its Affiliates Control and that, during the Term, Cover any Licensed Product in the Field; and (b) all Patents in the Territory with an effective filing date on or after the Effective Date that Licensor or its Affiliates Control [***].

Promptly after notifying Licensee of the filing of any Licensor Future Patent in accordance with Section 8.2(b)(i) (Patent Prosecution and Maintenance-Licensor Patents and Joint Patents.), Licensor shall promptly add such Licensor Future Patent to Exhibit 1.3 and provide an updated copy thereof to Licensee.

"Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How" means any Licensor Know-How that relates generally to manufacturing processes or the manufacture of biopharmaceutical products and that does not specifically relate to any Compound or Licensed Product.

"Licensor Indemnitee" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Licensee).

"Licensor Know-How" means all Know-How that Licensor or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that is necessary or reasonably useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product, including Licensor's Sole Inventions and Licensor's interest in Joint Inventions, together with all intellectual property rights (other than Patents) of Licensor or such Affiliates therein, including the Know-How listed on Exhibit 1.2.

"Licensor Patents" means, collectively, Licensor Existing Patents and Licensor Future Patents.

"Licensor Platform Patents" means any Licensor Patents that Licensor or its Affiliates Control during the Term and that do not claim any Compound or Licensed Product.

"Licensor Previously-Licensed Existing Patents" [***].

"Licensor Technology" means the Licensor Know-How, the Licensor Patents, and Licensor's rights in and to any Inventions.

"MAA" means an application to the appropriate Regulatory Authority for approval to market for commercial sale a Licensed Product (but excluding Pricing Approval) in a country, including (a) an NDA, (b) a BLA, or (c) an application for authorization to market and/or sell a drug product submitted to a Regulatory Authority in a country other than the U.S., in each case ((a), (b) or (c)), including all amendments and supplements thereto.

"Major Market" means each of the United States, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, and Japan.

"Manufacturing Field" [***].

"Material Adverse Effect" means a material adverse effect on (a) the validity or enforceability of this Agreement or (b) the ability of Licensee to perform any of its material obligations under this Agreement.

"NDA" means a new drug application submitted to the FDA pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. §

9

355(b).

"Net Sales" means [***]:

(a) [***]
(b) [***]
(c) [***]
(d) [***]
(e) [***]
(f) [***]
(g) [***]
(h) [***]
(i) [***]

[***].

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Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

EXECUTION VERSION CONFIDENTIAL

- [***]
- [***]

- [***]

[***] [***] [***] [***] [***]

[***] [***]

"Patents" means (a) all patents, utility models, certificates of invention, applications for certificates of invention, priority patent filings and patent applications, and similar statutory rights for the protection of inventions and (b) any renewals, divisions, continuations (in whole or in part), or requests for continued examination of any of such patents, certificates of invention and patent applications, any and all patents or certificates of invention issuing thereon, and any and all reissuances, reexaminations, extensions, divisions, renewals, substitutions, confirmations, registrations, revisions, and additions of or to any of the foregoing.

"Person" means an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, joint stock company, trust, incorporated association, joint venture or similar entity or organization, including a government or political subdivision, department or agency of a government.

"PMDA" means Japan's Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency or any successor entity thereto.

"Pricing Approval" means such governmental approval, agreement, determination or decision establishing prices for a Licensed Product that can be charged or reimbursed in a regulatory jurisdiction where the applicable Governmental Authorities approve or determine the price or reimbursement of pharmaceutical products and where such approval or determination is reasonably necessary for the commercial sale of such Licensed Product in such jurisdiction.

"Primary Licensor Technology" means the Licensor Technology other than the Licensor Previously-Licensed Existing Patents.

"Product Infringement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.4(a) (Notice).

"Public Official or Entity" means any: (a) officer or employee of a Governmental Authority or of a public international organization, or any person acting in an official capacity for or on behalf of such person; (b) officer, employee or person acting in an official capacity on behalf of a political party; (c) candidate for political office; (d) officer or employee of a government-

owned or government-controlled entity or company, including public stock companies in which the majority shareholders are government-owned or government-controlled entities or companies, regardless of the officer's or employee's rank or title; (e) uncompensated honorary officials who have influence in the award of business; (f) members of royal families; (g) any entity hired to review or accept bids for a Governmental Authority; (h) officials, whether elected, appointed or under a contract, permanent or temporary, who hold a legislative, administrative, or judicial position of any kind in a country or territory; (i) person who performs public functions in any branch of the national, local, or municipal governments of a country or territory or who exercises a public function for any public agency or public enterprise of such country or territory; (j) executive, officer, agent or employee acting in a business (even if privately owned) providing a service to the general public; or (k) immediate family members of any of the persons listed above. An immediate family member is a parent, spouse, significant other, child, or sibling.

"Receiving Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.1(a) (Duty of Confidence).

"Regulatory Approval" means all approvals, including Pricing Approvals and MAAs, that are necessary for the commercial sale of a Licensed Product in a given country or regulatory jurisdiction.

"Regulatory Authority" means any applicable Governmental Authority responsible for granting Regulatory Approvals for Licensed Product, including the FDA, the EMA, the PMDA, and any corresponding national or regional regulatory authorities.

"Regulatory Documentation" means all applications, filings, submissions, approvals, licenses, registrations, permits, notifications and authorizations (or waivers), all correspondence submitted to or received from Regulatory Authorities (including minutes and official contact reports relating to any communications with any Regulatory Authority), all reports and documentation in connection with studies and tests (including study reports and study protocols, and copies of all interim study analysis), and all Data contained in any of the foregoing, with respect to the testing, Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product, including any IND, NDA, MAA, Regulatory Approval, manufacturing data and drug master files.

"Regulatory Exclusivity" means any exclusive marketing rights or data exclusivity rights conferred by any Regulatory Authority with respect to a pharmaceutical product other than Patents, including orphan drug exclusivity, new chemical entity exclusivity, data exclusivity, or pediatric exclusivity.

"Remedial Action" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.4 (Remedial Actions).

[***].

"Royalty Term" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.4(b) (Royalty Term).

"SEC" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.7(a) (Disclosure to the SEC).

"Selling Entity" means Licensee and any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees, in each case in its capacity as seller of Licensed Products.

"Sole Inventions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Sublicense" means sublicense granted by Licensee under the licenses granted by Licensor to Licensee in Section 2.1 (License to Licensee).

"Sublicensee" means a Third Party to whom Licensee or its Affiliates has granted a Sublicense in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

"Subscription Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1 (Equity in Licensee).

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to a Party or a Third Party, any entity that now or in the future, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries is controlled by such Party or Third Party, as applicable, but for only so long as such control exists (as "control" is defined in the definition of "Affiliate" in this Article 1).

"Tax" or "Taxes" means any (a) all federal, provincial, territorial, state, municipal, local, foreign or other taxes, imposts, rates, levies, assessments and other charges in the nature of a tax (and all interest and penalties thereon and additions thereto imposed by any Governmental Authority), including all income, excise, franchise, gains, capital, real property, goods and services, transfer, value added, gross receipts, windfall profits, severance, ad valorem, personal property, production, sales, use, license, stamp, documentary stamp, mortgage recording, employment, payroll, social security, unemployment, disability, escheat, estimated or withholding taxes, and all customs and import duties, together with all interest, penalties and additions thereto imposed with respect to such amounts, in each case whether disputed or not; (b) any liability for the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (a) as a result of being or having been a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group; and (c) any liability for the payment of any amounts as a result of being party to any tax sharing agreement or arrangement or as a result of any express or implied obligation to indemnify any other person with respect to the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (a) or (b).

"Term" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.1 (Term).

"Territory" means worldwide.

"Third Party" means any Person other than Licensor or Licensee or an Affiliate of Licensor or Licensee.

"Transfer Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.3 (Initial Transfer of Know-How and Materials).

"Transfer Tax" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.8(c) (Transfer Tax).

"United States" or "U.S." means the United States of America, including its territories and possessions.

"Valid Claim" means a claim of an issued and unexpired Patent that has not been revoked or held unenforceable, unpatentable or invalid by a decision of a court or other governmental agency of competent jurisdiction that is not appealable or has not been appealed within the time allowed for appeal, and that has not been abandoned, disclaimed, denied or admitted to be invalid or unenforceable through reissue, re-examination or disclaimer or otherwise.

ARTICLE 2 LICENSE GRANT

2.1 License to Licensee. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Licensor hereby grants to Licensee the following royaltybearing licenses, with the right to grant Sublicenses including through multiple tiers in accordance with Section 2.2 (*Sublicense Rights*), to research, Develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize Licensed Products in the Territory:

- (a) the Licensor Existing Patents, excluding Licensor Existing Manufacturing Patents, are licensed to Licensee on an exclusive basis in the Field, subject to [***];
- (b) the Licensor Future Patents are licensed to Licensee on a non-exclusive basis in the Field;
- (c) the Licensor Know-How, excluding the Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How, is licensed to Licensee on an exclusive basis in the Field, subject to [***];
- (d) the Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How, is licensed to Licensee on a non-exclusive basis in the Field, subject to Section 2.1(f);
- (e) the Licensor Existing Manufacturing Patents are licensed to Licensee on an exclusive basis in the Manufacturing Field; and
- (f) the Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How is licensed to Licensee on an exclusive basis in the Manufacturing Field.

For the avoidance of doubt, the exclusive license of Licensor Technology granted to Licensee in this Section 2.1 (*License to Licensee*) includes an exclusive (including as to Licensor, but subject to [***] license of all of Licensor's right, title and interest in and to the Clinical Data now or hereafter Controlled by Licensor for all purposes, including to obtain Regulatory Approval. Licensor will provide to Licensee copies of all Clinical Data (in electronic or other format) currently in Licensor's possession in accordance with the Transfer Plan. Subject to [***] and to Licensor's rights in Section 2.3 (*Reservation of Rights*), Licensor shall not, directly or indirectly, provide the Clinical Data to any Third Party, and shall not use, or permit any Third Party to use, any of the Clinical Data in seeking Regulatory Approval; except that Licensor will continue to be permitted to use and disclose Clinical Data as contemplated under Section 1.4 (*Publication*).

2.2 Sublicense Rights. Subject to the terms of this Section 2.2 (Sublicense Rights), Licensee may grant Sublicenses of the license granted in Section 2.1 (License to Licensee), including through multiple tiers, to Affiliates of Licensee or to any Third Parties without the prior written consent of Licensor; provided that (i) Licensee shall not grant to any Third Party any Sublicense of any Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How or any Sublicense to the Licensor Platform Patents, in each case, for the purpose of making any products that are not Licensed Products, and (ii) Licensee shall not grant a Sublicense to any prospective Sublicensee incorporated outside the United States without the prior written approval of Licensor, which approval shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld or delayed. Any Sublicense granted hereunder, whether to an Affiliate or Sublicensee, shall be in writing and shall incorporate terms and conditions sufficient to enable Licensee to comply with this Agreement. No Sublicenses granted by Licensee States without the prior Written approval by Licensee States will relieve Licensee of its obligations under this Agreement.

2.3 Reservation of Rights.

(a) Notwithstanding the exclusivity of the license granted in Section 2.1 (*License to Licensee*), Licensor, on behalf of itself and its Affiliates and investigators, hereby reserves the right to utilize and practice the Licensor Technology solely (i) for non-commercial clinical and non-clinical research, testing, educational or patient care purposes, including the sponsored research agreement referenced in Section 2.6 (*Post-Effective Date Agreements*); and (ii) for the purpose of licensing the Licensor Patents to other not-for profit organizations at no charge or for a fee for their own non-commercial research, testing, educational and patient care purposes.

(b) Notwithstanding the exclusivity of the license granted in Section 2.1 (*License to Licensee*), Licensee agrees and acknowledges that Licensor, on behalf of itself and its Affiliates and investigators, has the right to utilize, practice, and license to Third Parties that are not-for-profit and other organizations the Licensor Existing Manufacturing Technology outside the Manufacturing Field for clinical and non-clinical research, testing, or educational purposes at no charge or for a fee. For clarity, Licensor in all cases reserves the right to use the Licensor Technology to test patient samples that have undergone gene therapy or perform testing of products that have been manufactured in support of gene therapy.

(c) Notwithstanding the exclusivity of the license granted in Section 2.1 (License to Licensee), Licensee agrees and acknowledges [***].

2.4 Funding from Governments and Non-Governmental Authorities. The license rights in this Agreement may also be subject to certain rights of the United States federal government if the Licensor Technology were created or invented in the course of United States federal government-funded research. Such rights may include, for example, a royalty-free license to the government and the requirement that any product produced for sale in the United States will be manufactured substantially in the United States. Licensee acknowledges such

rights and agrees to comply and cause its Affiliates, Sublicensees and agents to comply with all such requirements set forth in 35 U.S.C. Section 200 et seq. and regulations pertaining thereto (or any successor statutes or regulations). Moreover, certain aspects of the Licensor Technology in existence on the Effective Date may be subject to the terms of the research grant as in effect on the Effective Date that is listed on Exhibit 2.4 and that Licensor Technology created or arising after the Effective Date may in the future be subject to the terms of research grants from a non-Governmental Authority under which funding for the development of such Licensed Technology is provided. If any term of this Agreement fails to conform with the foregoing statutes, regulations, or research grants, the relevant term will be unenforceable and subject to the severability provisions in Section 13.7 (Severability).

2.5 Initial Transfer of Know-How and Materials. Promptly following the Effective Date, the Parties shall agree in writing on a plan for the transfer of Licensor Know-How (including the Data therein) to Licensee (the "Transfer Plan"), which shall include the terms set forth on Exhibit 2.5. As soon as practical and pursuant to the Transfer Plan, Licensor shall commence disclosing and making available to Licensee the Licensor Know-How and materials listed in the Transfer Plan, according to the timeline set forth in the Transfer Plan. Until all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals are transferred to Licensee in accordance with Section 4.2 (Regulatory Documentation), Licensor shall provide Licensee with continuous and reasonable access to all documentation and batch records associated with Licensor Know-How in a manner constitute with the Transfer Plan. Upon transfer of the Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals to Licensee in accordance with Section 4.2 (Regulatory Documentation), transfer of Know-How shall only be transferred through a scientific advisory board to be created by the Licensee. The Parties shall cooperate with each other in good faith to enable a smooth transfer of the Licensor Know-How to Licensee. Until all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals are transferred to Licensee in accordance with Section 4.2 (Regulatory Documentation), and upon Licensee's reasonable request, Licensor shall provide reasonable technical assistance, including making appropriate employees available to Licensee at reasonable times, places, and frequency, and upon reasonable prior notice, for the purpose of assisting Licensee to understand and use the Licensor Know-How in connection with Licensee's Development of Licensed Products; provided that such assistance does not create an unreasonable burden on the business or operations of Licensor or its Affiliates and Licensor is reimbursed for any documented out-of-pocket cost and expenses that Licensor or its Affiliates reasonably incur in connection with providing such requested reasonable assistance. If (a) one or both Parties become aware of Licensor Know-How that was Controlled by Licensor or its Affiliates as of the Effective Date but was not transferred to Licensee; or (b) one or both Parties become aware of Licensor Know-How that first came within the Control of Licensor or its Affiliates after the Effective Date; then, in each case of (a) and (b), Licensor shall promptly upon identifying any such Licensor Know-How, disclose and transfer such Licensor Know-How to Licensee, and Licensor shall provide reasonable technical assistance, including making appropriate employees available to Licensee at reasonable times, places, and frequency, and upon reasonable prior notice, for the purpose of assisting Licensee to understand and use such Licensor Know-How in connection with Licensee's Development of Licensed Products.

2.6 Post-Effective Date Agreements. The Parties agree to negotiate in good faith and to use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to execute and deliver within [***] after the Effective Date one or more agreements pursuant to which Licensor will conduct research for

further Development of Compounds and Licensed Products, which agreement(s) shall include the terms set forth on Exhibit 2.6. Any Know-How that arises out of Licensor's development activities under any such sponsored research agreement will constitute Licensor Technology licensed to Licensor hereunder.

2.7 No Implied Licenses; Negative Covenant. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, neither Party shall acquire any license or other intellectual property right or interest, by implication or otherwise, under or to any Patents, Know-How or other intellectual property owned or controlled by the other Party. Each Party shall not, and shall not permit any of its Affiliates to, practice any Patents or Know-How licensed to it by the other Party outside the scope of the licenses granted to it under this Agreement.

2.8 Licensor Reserved Product.

(a) [***]

(b) [***]

(c) [***] i. [***] ii. [***] (d) [***] 2.9 [***] (a) [***]

EXECUTION VERSION CONFIDENTIAL

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(c) [***]

(b) [***]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

ARTICLE 3 DEVELOPMENT

3.1 General. Licensee shall be responsible for the Development of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory, including the performance of preclinical and clinical studies of any Licensed Product in the Field and the manufacture and supply of Licensed Products for use in such Development work. As between the Parties, Licensee shall be solely responsible for the cost for the Development of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. The Parties agree and acknowledge that Licensee's Affiliate, Roivant Sciences Ltd., has agreed to contribute, or cause to be contributed, whether as contributions to capital, equity investments, or otherwise, up to [***] of cash to Licensee to fund Licensee's Development activities under this Agreement.

3.2 Development Diligence. Licensee, directly or indirectly through Affiliates or Sublicensees, shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to Develop and to seek Regulatory Approval for at least one Licensed Product in the Field in at least one Major Market, in each case in accordance with the Development Plan. Licensee shall modify and update the Development Plan from time to time as Licensee, in its sole discretion, believes is reasonably necessary in connection with the Development Plan from time to time as Licensee, in its sole discretion, believes is reasonably necessary in connection with the Development of Licensed Products. Following the Effective Date and until such time as the earlier of: (a) the first Regulatory Approval of a Licensed Product; or (b) Licensee (or any successor entity) is a public reporting company under Section 12, 13(b) or 15 of the Exchange Act (such period, the "Development Reporting Period"), on or prior to each June 30 and December 31, License eshall provide Licensor with a reasonably detailed written summary of its material Development activities conducted during the [***] prior to such report. Upon License's neuronable request in writing. Licensee shall, during the [***] period immediately following Licensee's delivery of a summary report, make a member of its senior management available for reasonable follow-up telephone calls or video conferences with Licensor to discuss Licensee's Development activities in additional detail.

3.3 Development Records. Licensee shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to maintain reasonably complete, current and accurate records of all Development activities conducted by or on behalf of Licensee, its Affiliates and Sublicensees for any Licensed Product in the Field, and all data and other information resulting from such activities. Such records shall properly reflect all work done and results achieved in the performance of the Development activities in good scientific manner appropriate for regulatory and patent purposes.

3.4 Compliance. Licensee agrees that, in performing its obligations under this Agreement, (a) it, its Affiliates, and their respective employees, contractors, and other personnel and representatives shall comply in all material respects with all Applicable Laws, and (b) it shall not employ or engage any Person who has been debarred or disqualified by any Regulatory Authority, or, to its Knowledge, is the subject of debarment or disqualification proceedings by a Regulatory Authority.

3.5 Subcontractor. Licensee may engage subcontractors for the performance of its obligations under the Agreement and shall cause the subcontractors engaged by it to be bound by written obligations of confidentiality and non-use of Licensor's Confidential Information and invention assignment consistent with those contained herein, and Licensee shall remain primarily responsible for the performance of such subcontractors.

ARTICLE 4 REGULATORY

4.1 Regulatory Responsibilities. Licensee shall be responsible for all regulatory activities necessary to obtain and maintain Regulatory Approval of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. Licensee shall keep Licensor informed of material regulatory developments related to Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory.

4.2 Regulatory Documentation. Licensor shall assign to Licensee all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals related to any Licensed Product (including any IND filed by Licensor with respect to any Licensed Product and any copies (in electronic or other format) of any Regulatory Documentation owned by Licensor with respect to any Licensed Product and any copies (in electronic or other format) of any Regulatory Documentation owned by Licensor with respect to assign any such IND to Licensee), in each case in accordance with the Transfer Plan and prior to consent of the next patient under any IND. Licensor will execute and deliver to Licensee such endorsements, assignments and other documents as may be reasonably necessary to assign, convey, transfer and deliver to Licensee shall prepare and submit all Regulatory Documentation for Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory and shall own all Regulatory Documentation for Licensee Products in the Field in the Territory and shall own all Regulatory Documentation for Licensee Arounce request by Licensor shall provide Licensee with, or provide Licensee access to, all raw data underlying or referenced in, any Regulatory Documentation, to the extent not provided as part of the transfer contemplated under Section 2.5 (*Initial Transfer of Know-How and Materials*); provided, however, that if Licensor is not able under Applicable Laws to provide access to Licensee to such raw data, and if such data is required or requested by any Regulatory Authority, Licensor shall provide such raw data directly to such Regulatory Authority on Licensee's behalf upon requested by any Regulatory Authority, Licensor shall provide such raw data directly to such Regulatory Authority on Licensee's behalf upon requested by any Regulatory Authority, Licensor shall provide such raw data directly to such Regulatory Authority on Licensee's behalf

4.3 Rights of Reference. Licensor hereby grants Licensee and its Affiliates, sublicensees and collaborators the right to use and reference all Regulatory Documentation (including data contained therein) and Regulatory Approvals for the Compounds and Licensed Products (including any of the foregoing that may relate to Licensor's gene therapy technologies used in connection with the Compounds and Licensed Products).

4.4 Remedial Actions. Each Party shall notify the other Party immediately, and promptly confirm such notice in writing, if it obtains information indicating that a Licensed Product may reasonably be expected to be subject to any recall, corrective action, or other regulatory action with respect to the Licensed Product taken by virtue of Applicable Laws (a "Remedial Action"). The Parties shall assist each other in gathering and evaluating such information as is necessary to determine the necessity of conducting a Remedial Action.

ARTICLE 5 MANUFACTURING

5.1 Manufacturing Responsibilities. Subject to Section 5.2 (*Clinical Supply Agreement*), Licensee shall be responsible for all preclinical, clinical, and commercial manufacture and supply of Licensed Products for all uses under this Agreement, [***]. Licensee may conduct such manufacturing activities itself or through a CMO, subject to Section 3.5 (*Subcontractor*).

5.2 Clinical Supply Agreement. The Parties agree to negotiate in good faith and to use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to execute and deliver a clinical supply agreement within [***] after the Effective Date that will contain the terms set forth in Exhibit 5.2 hereto and such other terms on which the Parties may agree.

5.3 Existing Supply of Licensed Products. Within [***] following the Effective Date, Licensor agrees to transfer to Licensee, without further consideration, title to its existing supply of Licensed Products intended for human subjects, which are specifically identified on Exhibit 5.3, as well as any such supply of Licensed Products intended for human subjects (if any) that may be produced by Licensor during such [***] period.

ARTICLE 6 COMMERCIALIZATION

6.1 General. Licensee shall be responsible for all aspects of the Commercialization of the Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory, including: (a) developing and executing a commercial launch and pre-launch plan, (b) negotiating with applicable Governmental Authorities regarding the price and reimbursement status of the Licensed Products and obtaining and maintaining Pricing Approvals; (c) marketing, medical affairs, and promotion; (d) booking sales and distribution and performance of related services; (e) handling all aspects of order processing, invoicing and collection, inventory and receivables; (f) providing customer support, including handling medical queries, and performing other related functions; and (g) conforming its practices and procedures to Applicable Law relating to the marketing, detailing and promotion of Field in the Field in the Territory. As between the Parties, Licensee shall be [***] of Commercialization of the Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory.

6.2 Commercial Diligence. Licensee, directly or indirectly through Affiliates or Sublicensees, shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to Commercialize at least one Licensed Product in the Field in at least one Major Market. Approximately [***] prior to the planned date of First Commercial Sale of a Licensed Product, Licensee shall provide Licensor with a commercialization plan for such Licensed Product, including launch plans. Licensee shall provide Licensor with semi-annual written or teleconference updates of its then-existing Commercialization plans, progress and results for each Licensed Product.

ARTICLE 7 FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

7.1 Equity in Licensee. Upon the Effective Date, the Parties shall enter into a separate subscription agreement in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 7.1(a) (Subscription Agreement) (the "Subscription Agreement") pursuant to which ASL will issue to Licensor that number of ASL's common shares equal to twelve percent (12%) of ASL's fully-diluted shares immediately following and after giving effect to such issuance.

7.2 Upfront Payment; Patent Expenses During Term.

(a) Licensee shall make a one-time, non-refundable upfront payment of Twenty-Five Million Dollars (\$25,000,000) to Licensor within [***] after receipt of an invoice issued by Licensor on or promptly after the Effective Date (it being understood that Licensor may set forth in such invoice separate allocations of portions of such payments to specific elements of the license of Licensor Technology granted in Section 2.1 (License to License)).

(b) In addition to the foregoing upfront payment, Licensee will also [***] Licensor promptly upon receipt of reasonably detailed invoice for [***] of all out-of-pocket fees for patent filing, prosecution and maintenance, including legal fees therefor, incurred by Licensor or its Affiliates following the Effective Date associated with Licensor Platform Patents, the Licensor Previously-Licensed Existing Patents, during the time Licensor is the Licensor Existing Patent Prosecuting Party, and Licensor Future Patents. Licensee will have no obligation to pay or [***] Licensor for patent and legal fees incurred for Licensor or its Affiliates on or prior to the Effective Date and associated with the Licensor Patents.

7.3 Milestone Payments.

(a) Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments.

(i) Within [***] after the first achievement of each Milestone Event below by or on behalf of Licensee or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees, Licensee shall notify Licensor of the achievement of such Milestone Event. Licensor shall invoice Licensee for the applicable non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment corresponding to such milestone event as shown below. Licensee shall remit payment to Licensor within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Milestone Event	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(ii) For clarity, the milestone payments set forth in Section 7.3(a)(i) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) shall be payable only once, upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by a Licensed Product, even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product.

(b) Sales Milestone Payment. Within [***] after the first achievement of the First Commercial Sale of a Licensed Product by or on behalf of Licensee or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees, Licensee shall notify Licensor of the achievement of such milestone event. Licensor shall invoice Licensee for a non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment of [***] corresponding thereto. Licensee shall remit payment to Licensor within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Sales Milestone Event	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]

7.4 Royalty Payments.

(a) Royalty Rate. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Licensee shall make non-refundable, non-creditable royalty payments to Licensor on the Net Sales of Licensed Products sold in the Territory during the applicable Royalty Term, as calculated by multiplying the applicable royalty rate set forth below by the corresponding amount of Net Sales of all Licensed Products sold in the Territory in the applicable Fiscal Year.

	Royalty
Net Sales of Licensed Products in the Territory	Rate
Annual Net Sales up to and equal to [***]	[***]
Annual Net Sales exceeding [***]	[***]

(b) Royalty Term. Royalties shall be paid on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis from the First Commercial Sale of such Licensed Product in such country in the Territory until the latest of (i) expiration of the last-to-expire Valid Claim of the Licensor Existing Patents or any Joint Patents that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Compound therein) in such country in the Territory; (ii) ten (10)

years after the First Commercial Sale of such Licensed Product in such country; and (iii) expiration of Regulatory Exclusivity for such Licensed Product in such country (the "Royalty Term" for such Licensed Product and country).

(c) Royalty Adjustment. Royalties due pursuant to this Section 7.4 (Royalty Payments) are subject to adjustment on a country-by-country, Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product, and Fiscal Quarter-by-Fiscal Quarter basis as a result of the events set forth below (such adjustments to be prorated for the then-current Fiscal Quarter in which the reduction becomes applicable); provided that, in no event shall all such adjustments result in an aggregate reduction of more than [***] of the royalty that would otherwise by payable pursuant to Section 7.4(a) (Royalty Rate).

(i) Royalty Adjustment for Third Party License Payments. If Licensee, its Affiliates, or Sublicensees, in their

reasonable judgment, are required or determine it is appropriate to make any payments to a Third Party for a license under any Patent to make, have made, use, offer for sale, sell or import any Licensed Product in the Field in any country in the Territory, then the amount of royalties payable under Section 7.4(a) (*Royalty Rate*) shall be reduced by [***] of the amount of such payments to such Third Party on account of the sale of the Licensed Products in such country in such Fiscal Quarter.

(ii) Royalty Adjustment for Expiration of Valid Claim. After the expiration of the last-to-expire Valid Claim of the Licensor Existing Patents that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Compound therein) in a country in the Territory, the royalties payable under Section 7.4(a) (*Royalty Rate*) on the sale of such Licensed Product in such country shall be reduced by [***].

(iii) Royalty Adjustment for Generic Competition. If there is Generic Competition for a particular Licensed Product in a particular country in a particular Fiscal Quarter, the royalties payable to Licensor on the sales of such Licensed Product in such country in such Fiscal Quarter shall be reduced by [***].

7.5 Payment; Reports. Within (a) [***] after the end of each Fiscal Quarter (other than the last Fiscal Quarter of a Fiscal Year) and (b) [***] after the end of the last Fiscal Quarter of a Fiscal Year, commercing with the First Commercial Sale of any Licensed Product is made anywhere in the Territory (whichever is earlier), Licensee shall provide Licensor with a report that contains sufficient detail to permit confirmation of the accuracy of the payments made, including, without limitation the following information for the applicable Fiscal Quarter, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis: (i) the Net Sales in the Territory; (ii) a calculation of the royalty payment due on Net Sales in the Territory; and (iii) the exchange rates used. For any Fiscal Quarter during which the aggregate amount of deductions set forth in subparagraphs (a) through (i) of the definition of "Net Sales" as a percentage of the amount of Net Sales for such Fiscal Quarter is more than seven and one-half (7.5) percentage points greater than the percentage of such deductions for the immediately preceding Fiscal Quarter, the report for such Fiscal Quarter will include an explanation of such increase. Licensor shall invoice Licensee for the corresponding royalty payment. Licensee shall remit payment to Licensor within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

7.6 Exchange Rate; Manner and Place of Payment. All payments hereunder shall be payable in Dollars. When conversion of payments from any currency other than Dollars is required, such conversion shall be at the exchange rate published by *The Wall Street Journal* (U.S. edition), on the last day of the Fiscal Quarter in which the applicable sales were made. All payments owed under this Agreement shall be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a bank and account designated in writing by Licensor, unless otherwise specified in writing by Licensor.

7.7 Late Payments. If any payment due and not subject of a good faith dispute is not paid by the due date, Licensor may charge interest on any outstanding amount of such payment, accruing as of the original due date, at an annual rate equal to the rate of prime [***] or the maximum rate allowable by Applicable Law, whichever is less. The payment of such interest shall not limit the Party entitled to receive payment from exercising any other rights it may have as a consequence of the lateness of any payment.

7.8 Taxes

(a) Taxes on Income. Notwithstanding anything else in this Section 7.8 (*Taxes*), each Party shall solely bear and pay all Taxes imposed on such Party's net income or gain (in each case, however denominated), including to the extent arising directly or indirectly from the activities of the Parties under this Agreement.

(b) Tax Cooperation. The Parties shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to cooperate with one another and shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to avoid or reduce, to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, tax withholding or similar obligations in respect of royalties, milestone payments, and other payments by Licensee to Licensor under this Agreement. If withholding taxes are imposed on any such payment, the liability for such Taxes shall be the sole responsibility of Licensor, and Licensee shall (i) deduct or withhold such Taxes from the payment made to Licensor, (ii) timely pay such Taxes to the proper taxing authority, and (iii) send proof of payment to Licensor within [***] following such payment. To the extent that amounts are so withheld and paid to the proper taxing authority, such amounts shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid to the persons with respect to whom such amounts were withheld. Each Party shall comply with (or provide the other Party with) any certification, identification or other reporting requirements that may be reasonably necessary in order for Licensee to not withhold Tax or to withhold Tax at a reduced rate under an applicable bilateral income tax treaty. Each Party shall provide the other with commercially reasonable assistance to enable the recovery, as permitted by Applicable Laws, of withholding Taxes or similar obligations resulting from payments made under this Agreement, such recovery to be for the benefit of Licensor as the Party bearing the cost of such withholding Tax under this Section 7.8(b) (*Tax Cooperation*).

(c) Transfer Tax. Subject to Section 7.8(a) (*Taxes on Income*), [***]. Each party shall cooperate with the other to file any Tax returns (as required to be filed under Applicable Law) with respect to such Transfer Taxes in a manner consistent with the foregoing.

7.9 Financial Records and Audit. Licensee shall (and shall ensure that its Affiliates and Sublicensees will) maintain complete and accurate records in sufficient detail to permit Licensor to confirm the accuracy of any royalty payments and other amounts payable under this Agreement and to verify the achievement of milestone events under this Agreement. Upon at least [***] prior notice, such records shall be open for examination, during regular business hours, for a period of [***] from the end of the Fiscal Year to which such records pertain, and [***], by an independent certified public accountant selected by Licensor (which, if not one of the Big 4 accounting firms, shall be reasonably acceptable to Licensee), for the sole purpose of verifying for Licensor the financial reports furnished by Licensee under this Agreement or of any payments made, or required to be made, by Licensee to Licensor pursuant to this Agreement. The independent certified public accountant shall disclose to Licensor only whether the audited reports are correct or incorrect and the specific details concerning any discrepancies. No other information shall be provided to Licensor. No record may be audited monore. Licensor shall bear the full cost of such audit unless such audit reveals an underpayment by Licensee of for the reasonable costs for such audit. Licensee shall pay to Licensor any underpayment discovered by such audit within [***] after the accountant's report, plus interest (as set forth in Section 7.7 (*Late Payments*)) from the original due date. If the audit reveals an overpayment by Licensee that Licensee that the tore short.

7.10 Audit Dispute. If Licensee disputes the results of any audit conducted pursuant to Section 7.9 (*Financial Records and Audit*), the Parties shall work in good faith to resolve the disagreement. If the Parties are unable to reach a mutually acceptable resolution of any such dispute within [***], the dispute shall be submitted for resolution to a certified public accounting firm jointly selected by each Party's certified public accountants or to such other person as the Parties shall mutually agree (the "Auditor"). The decision of the Auditor shall be final and the costs of such procedure as well as the initial audit shall be allocated between the Parties in such manner as the Auditor shall determine appropriate, with the Auditor allocating such costs to the Party in inverse proportion to which Party's position more closely approximated the result reached in the Auditor's decision. If the Auditor determines that there has been an underpayment by Licensee, Licensee shall pay to Licensor the underpayment within [***] after the Auditor's decision, plus interest (as set forth in Section 7.7 (*Late Payments*)) from the original due date. If the Auditor determines that there has been an overpayment by Licensee, then Licensee may take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to Licensor.

7.11 Third Party Payments. Licensor shall be solely responsible for all payments, if any, due with respect to any Compound or Licensed Product pursuant to any agreement Licensor has in place with a Third Party.

ARTICLE 8 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

8.1 Ownership.

(a) Data. All Data generated in connection with any Development, regulatory, manufacturing or Commercialization activities with respect to any Compound or any Licensed Product conducted by or on behalf of Licensee or its Affiliates or Sublicensees (the "Licensee Data") shall be the [***]. To the extent the Licensee has the right to do so, Licensee hereby grants to Licensor a perpetual, fully paid-up, worldwide, internal research use license for the Licensee Data solely for internal non-commercial clinical and non-clinical research, testing, educational or patient care purposes; provided that subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.4 (Government Funding), any Inventions or intellectual property rights generated only by inventors of Licensor or any of its Affiliates indicated on Exhibits 1.1 or 1.2 through the exercise of such license will be [***]. Licensor hereby grants to Licensor or any of its Affiliates indicated on Exhibits 1.1 or 1.2 through the exercise of such license or or its Affiliates indicated on Exhibits 1.1 or 1.2 through the exercise of such license or or its Affiliates indicated on Exhibits 1.1 or 1.2 to research, develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize products in the Field in the Territory. [***] agrees to disclose promptly to [***] all such Inventions or intellectual property rights to be assigned by [***] to [***] under this Section 8.1(a) (Ownership-Data) after they arise, and, in the case of Inventions or intellectual property rights to be assigned by [***] to [***], to execute and deliver to [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by Licensee to vest exclusive ownership of such Inventions or intellectual property rights to be assigned by [***] to [***] and the file in the restrictory. [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by Licensee to vest exclusive ownership of such Inventions or intellectual property rights to be assigned by [***] to [***] to [***]

(b) Ownership of Inventions. Ownership of all Inventions shall be based on inventorship, as determined in accordance with the rules of inventorship under United States patent laws. Each Party shall [***] any Inventions made [***], [***] shall [***] own any Inventions that are [***]. Subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.4 (*Government Funding*), all Patents claiming [***] shall be referred to herein as [***]. Licensee hereby grants to Licensor a non-exclusive, sublicensable (including through multiple tiers), fully paid up license under the [***] to research, develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize products outside the Field in the Territory. [***].

(c) Disclosure of Inventions. Licensor shall promptly disclose to Licensee all [***] of Licensor that are related to any Compound or Licensed Product in any material respect, including [***] submitted to Licensor by its employees, agents or independent contractors describing such Inventions, and shall promptly respond to reasonable requests from Licensee for additional information relating to such Inventions.

8.2 Patent Prosecution and Maintenance.

(a) Licensee Patents. [***] shall have the [***] to control the preparation, filing, prosecution [***] and maintenance of [***] and by counsel of its own choice.

(b) Licensor Patents and Joint Patents.

(i) [***] shall have the right, at its option and subject to Section 8.2(b)(ii), to control the preparation, filing, prosecution [***] and maintenance of all [***] and [***], by counsel selected by [***] and reasonably acceptable to [***] <u>provided</u> that [***] shall obtain [***] written consent [***] prior to [***] filing any [***] substantially related to [***] as of the Effective Date. [***] shall consult with [***] and keep [***] reasonably informed of the status of such Patents and shall promptly provide [***] with all material correspondence received from any patent authority in connection therewith. In addition, [***] shall promptly provide [***] with drafts of all proposed material filings and correspondence to any patent authority with respect to such Patents for [***] to the submission of such proposed filings and correspondence. [***] shall confer with [***] prior to submitting such filings and correspondence, [***] of receiving the draft filings and correspondence from [***]

(ii) [***] may abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of any [***] in its [***] <u>provided</u> that, if [***] determines to abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of any [***] shall provide [***] In such case, upon [***] written election provided no later than [***] after such notice from [***] may, assume prosecution and maintenance of such Patent at [***] and [***] shall promptly assign to [***] all of [***] right, title and interest in and to such Patent [***]

[***] subject to [***] retaining a non-exclusive, sublicensable (including through multiple tiers), fully paid up license under such Patent to research, develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize products outside the Field in the Territory. If such election is timely provided by [***] to [***] agrees to execute and deliver to [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by [***] to vest exclusive ownership of such Patent in [***] If [***] does not provide such election within [***] after such notice from [***] may, in [***] continue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent or discontinue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent.

(iii) [***] shall have the right, at its option and subject to Section 8.2(b)(iv), to control the preparation, filing, prosecution [***] and maintenance of all [***] and by counsel selected by [***] and reasonably acceptable to the other Party. [***] shall consult with the [***] and such [***] reasonably informed of the status of such Patents and shall [***] provide [***] with all material correspondence received from any patent authority in connection therewith. In addition, [***] shall [***] provide [***] with drafts of all proposed material filings and correspondence to any patent authority with respect to such Patents for the [***] review and comment prior to the submission of such proposed filings and correspondence. [***] shall confer with [***] and shall not reject any of [***] comments prior to submitting such filings and correspondence. provided that [***] provides such comments within [***] of receiving the draft filings and correspondence from [***]

(iv) [***] may abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of any [***] provided that, if [***] determines to abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of any [***] shall provide [***]. In such case, upon [***] written election provided no later than [***] after such notice from [***] the other Party may assume prosecution and maintenance of such Patent [***] and, if the [***] is the [***] shall [***] assign to [***] all of [***] right, title and interest in and to such Patent [***] If, where the [***] is the [***] such election is [***]

provided by [***] to [***] agrees to execute and deliver to [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by Licensee to vest exclusive ownership of such Patent in [***] If [***] does not provide such election within [***] after such notice from [***] may, [***] continue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent or discontinue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent

(v) [***] may abandon or cease Commercialization, prosecution, or maintenance of any [***] provided that, if [***] determines to abandon or cease Commercialization, prosecution, or maintenance of any [***] shall provide [***] In such case, upon [***] written election provided no later than [***] after such notice from [***] may assume prosecution and maintenance of such [***] at [***] and [***] shall promptly assign to [***] all of [***] right, title and interest in and to such [***] for [***] subject to [***] training a non-exclusive, sublicensable (including through multiple tiers), fully paid up license under such [***] to research, develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize products in the Field in the Territory. If such election is timely provided by [***] to [***] agrees to execute and deliver to [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by [***] to ovest exclusive ownership of such [***] If [***] for such [***] and pitchers] for [***] and pitchers] for [***] and provide and therwise Commercialize products in the Field in the Territory. If such election is timely provided by [***] to [***] agrees to execute and deliver to [***] any assignments or other documents reasonably requested by [***] to vest exclusive ownership of such [***] if [***] after such notice from [***] may, [***] continue Commercialization, prosecution, and maintenance of such [***] or discontinue Commercialization, prosecution, and maintenance of such [***].

8.3 Cooperation of the Parties. If either Licensor or Licensee becomes aware of any challenges by any Third Parties to the validity of any of any Licensor Patent, Licensee Patent, or Joint Patent, it will [***] Any such notice shall include [***] Each Party agrees to cooperate fully in the preparation, filing, prosecution, and maintenance of Patents under Section 8.2 (*Patent Prosecution and Maintenance*), [***] Such cooperation includes: [***].

8.4 Infringement by Third Parties.

(a) Notice. If either Licensor or Licensee becomes aware of any infringement or threatened infringement by a Third Party of any Licensor Patent, Licensee Patent, or Joint Patent, which infringing activity involves the using, making, importing, offering for sale or selling of a Licensed Product, or the submission to a Party or a Regulatory Authority of an application for

a product referencing a Licensed Product, or any declaratory judgment or equivalent action challenging any Licensor Patent, Licensee Patent, or Joint Patent in connection with any such infringement (each, a "**Product Infringement**"), [***].

(b) Licensor Patents and Joint Patents.

(i) Subject to this Section 8.4(b) (*Licensor Patents and Joint Patents*), [***] shall have the [***] as between Licensor and Licensee, [***] to bring an appropriate suit or take other action against any Person engaged in, or to defend against, a Product Infringement of any [***] and its counsel of its own choice. [***] may, [***], be represented in any such action by counsel of its own choice, and [***] and its counsel will reasonably cooperate with [***] and its counsel in strategizing, preparing, and prosecuting any such action or proceeding. If [***] fails to bring an action or proceeding with respect to such Product Infringement of any. [***] within (A) [***] following the notice of alleged infringement or declaratory judgment or (B) [***] before the time limit, if any, set forth in the appropriate laws and regulations for the filing of such actions, whichever comes first, [***] shall have [***] to bring and control any such action [***] and by counsel of its own choice, and [***] be represented in any such action [***] and by counsel of its own choice.

(ii) Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties as part of a cost-sharing arrangement, any recovery or damages realized as a result of such action or proceeding with respect to Licensor Patents shall be used [***].

(c) Licensee Patents. [***] shall have the [***] as between Licensor and Licensee, [***] to bring an appropriate suit or take other action against any Person engaged in, or to defend against, a Product Infringement of any Licensee Patents [***] and by counsel of its own choice. Any recovery or damages realized as a result of such action or proceeding by Licensee with respect to Licensee Patents in the Territory shall be used [***].

(d) Cooperation. In the event a Party brings an action in accordance with this Section 8.4 (Infringement by Third Parties), the other Party shall [***] including, if required to bring such action, the [***].

(c) Other Infringement. [***] shall have the [***] but not the [***] to bring and control, [***] and to receive [***] of any settlement, royaties, or other recovery of damages resulting from, any legal action in connection with any infringement of any Licensor Patent that is not a Product Infringement, or of any Joint Patent that it assumes ownership pursuant to Section 8.2(b)(v). [***] shall have the [***] to bring and control, [***] and to receive [***] of any settlement, royatiles, or other recovery of damages resulting from, any legal action in connection with any infringement of any Licensee Patent or Joint Patent (if owned by Licensee) that is not a Product Infringement.

(f) Biosimilars. [***] shall be responsible for determining the strategy with respect to certifications, notices and patent enforcement procedures regarding [***] under the U.S. Food, Drug & Cosmetics Act and the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009 (the "BPCIA"). [***] shall cooperate, as reasonably requested by [***] in a manner consistent with this Section 8.4(f) (*Biosimilars*). [***] hereby authorizes [***] to: (i) provide in any BLA or in connection with the BPCIA, a list of [***] as required under the BPCIA; (ii) [***]; and (iii) [***] including (A) [***]; movided that with respect to [***] exercise of rights under the BPCIA, [***] shall consult with a representative of [***] designated by [***] in writing and qualified to receive confidential information pursuant to § 262(*I*)(1) of the BPCIA with respect to [***] exercise of any rights exercisable as reference product sponsor, including such representative with timely copies of material correspondence relating to such matters, providing such representative the opportunity, reasonably in advance of any related [***] action, to comment thereon and to consult with and consider in good faith the requests and suggestions of [***] with respect to such matters.

8.5 Infringement of Third Party Rights. Each Party shall promptly notify the other in writing of any allegation by a Third Party that the manufacture, Development, or Commercialization of any Compound or Licensed Product infringes or may infringe the intellectual property rights of a Third Party. If a Third Party asserts that any of its Patents or other rights are infringed by the manufacture, Commercialization or Development by Licensee or its Affiliates of any Licensed Product, [***] shall have [***] to defend against any such assertions at [***] If [***] elects not to defend against such Third Party claims within [***] of learning of same, [***] shall have [***], to defend against such an action. In any event, the other Party shall cooperate fully and shall provide full access to documents, information and witnesses as reasonably requested by the Party defending such action. [***] Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties' rights and obligations under this Section 8.5 (*Infringement by Third Parties*), including payment obligations, will be subject to the terms of ARTICLE 10 (*Indemnification*).

8.6 Consent for Settlement. Neither Party shall [***] enter into any settlement or compromise of any action or proceeding under this ARTICLE 8 (*Intellectual Property*) that would in any manner be reasonably expected to [***] in any material respect of the other Party's rights under this Agreement without the prior written consent of such other Party, which shall [***].

8.7 Patent Marking. Licensee shall mark and ensure that its Affiliates mark all patented Licensed Products they sell or distribute pursuant to this Agreement in accordance in all material respects with the applicable patent statutes or regulations in the country or countries of manufacture and sale thereof.

8.8 Patent Extensions. [***] shall have [***] regarding, and [***] shall cooperate with [***] in obtaining, patent term restoration, supplemental protection certificates or their equivalents, and patent term extensions with respect to the [***] in any country in the Territory where applicable. [***] shall file for such extensions at [***].

8.9 Trademarks. Licensee shall own and be responsible for all trademarks, trade names, branding or logos related to Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. Licensee shall be responsible, in its sole discretion, for selecting, registering, prosecuting, defending, and maintaining all such marks at [***].

ARTICLE 9

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES AND COVENANTS; DISCLAIMER

9.1 Mutual Representations and Warranties. Each Party represents and warrants to the other that, as of the Effective Date: (a) it is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or formation, and has full corporate or other power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to carry out the provisions hereof; (b) it is duly authorized to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder, and the person or persons executing this Agreement on its behalf has been duly authorized to do so by all requisite corporate action; (c) this Agreement is legally binding upon it, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and equitable principles, and does not conflict with any agreement, instrument or understanding, oral or written, to which it is a Party or by which it may be bound, nor violate any material law or regulation of any court, governmental body or administrative or other agency having jurisdiction over it; and (d) it has the right to grant the licenses granted by it under this Agreement.

9.2 Mutual Covenants.

(a) **Employees, Consultants and Contractors.** Each Party covenants that it has obtained or will obtain written agreements from each of its employees, consultants and contractors who perform Development activities pursuant to this Agreement, which agreements will obligate such persons to obligations of confidentiality and non-use and to assign Inventions in a manner consistent with the provisions of this Agreement.



(b) Debarment. Each Party represents, warrants and covenants to the other Party that it is not debarred or disqualified under the U.S. Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as may be amended, or comparable laws in any country or jurisdiction other than the United States, and it does not, and will not during the Term, employ or use the services of any person who is debarred or disqualification on the tativities relating to any Licensed Product. If either Party becomes aware of the debarment or disqualification or threatened debarment or disqualification of any person providing services to such Party, including the Party itself or its Affiliates, that directly or indirectly relate to activities contemplated by this Agreement, such Party shall immediately notify the other Party in writing and such Party shall cease employing, contracting with, or retaining any such person to perform any such services.

(c) Compliance. Each Party covenants as follows:

(i) In the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, such Party shall comply and shall cause its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors to comply with all Applicable Laws, including all anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws and regulations, economic, trade and financial sanctions, and trade embargoes.

(ii) Such Party and its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors shall not, in connection with the performance of their respective obligations under this Agreement, directly or indirectly through Third Parties, pay, promise or offer to pay, or authorize the payment of, any money or give any promise or offer to give, or authorize the giving of anything of value to a Public Official or Entity or other person for purpose of obtaining or retaining business for or with, or directing business to, any person, including either Party (and each Party represents and warrants that as of the Effective Date, such Party, and to its Knowledge, its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors, have not directly or indirectly promised, offered or Provided any corrupt payment, gratuity, emolument, bribe, kickback, illicit gift or hospitality or other illegal or unethical benefit to a Public Official or Entity or any other person in connection with the performance of such Party's obligations under this Agreement, and each Party covenants that it and its Affiliates' employees and contractors shall not, directly or indirectly, engage in any of the foregoing).

(iii) Neither Party, nor any of its directors, officers, employees or subcontractors, or, to its Knowledge, agents, is subject to economic, trade and financial sanctions under Applicable Law. Licensor will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the transactions contemplated hereby, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds, to any individual or entity otherwise subject to such sanctions.

(iv) Each Party may suspend or terminate this Agreement in its entirety where there is a credible finding, after a reasonable investigation, that the other Party, in connection with performance of such other Party's obligations under this Agreement, has violated any anticorruption or anti-bribery laws or regulations, economic, trade or financial sanctions, or trade embargoes, in each case under Applicable Law.

9.3 Additional Licensor Representations, Warranties and Covenants. Licensor represents, warrants and covenants, as applicable, to Licensee that, as of the Effective Date:

(a) it is the sole owner of all Licensor Existing Patents and Licensor Know-How;

- (b) [***]
- (c) [***]
- (d) [***]
- (e) [***]

(f) it has control over the preparation, filing, prosecution (including any interferences, reissue proceedings, derivation proceedings, reexaminations, an inter partes review before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, and post-grant review proceedings) and maintenance of all Licensor Patents licensed to Licensee on an exclusive basis under Section 2.1 (*License to Licensee*);

(g) [***]

(h) all issued Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 (i) are subsisting and, to Licensor's Knowledge, are not invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part and (ii) have been prosecuted, filed and maintained in accordance in all material respects with Applicable Law and all applicable fees have been paid on or before the due date for payment. With respect to any pending applications listed on Exhibit 1.1, such applications, unless otherwise indicated in Exhibit 1.1, are being diligently prosecuted in the respective patent offices in the Territory in accordance in all material respects with Applicable Law and, to Licensor's Knowledge, Licensor and its Affiliates have presented all relevant references, documents, and information of which it or the inventors are aware to the relevant patent examiner at the relevant patent office;

 true, complete and correct copies of the file wrappers and other documents and materials relating to the prosecution, defense, maintenance, validity and enforceability of the Licensor Existing Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 have been provided or made available to Licensee prior to the Effective Date;

(j) each employee or contractor of Licensor and, to Licensor's Knowledge, any other person who has or has had any rights in or to any Licensor Existing Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 or any Licensor Know-How, has assigned and has executed an agreement assigning his, her or its entire right, title, and interest in and to such Licensor Existing Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 or Licensor's Knowledge, no current officer, employee, agent, or consultant of Licensor or any of its Affiliates is in violation of any term of any assignment or other agreement regarding the protection of the Licensor Existing Patents listed on Exhibit 1.1 or other intellectual property or proprietary Know-How of Licensor or such Affiliate or of any employment contract relating to the relationship of any such person with Licensor;

(k) Licensor has not received any written or, to Licensor's Knowledge, oral notice from a Third Party that the Development of any Licensed Product conducted by Licensor prior to the Effective Date has infringed any Patents of any Third Party or misappropriated any other intellectual property of any Third Party and Licensor does not have Knowledge of any imminent threat from a Third Party of such infringement or misappropriation;

(l) [***]

(m) to Licensor's Knowledge, no Third Party is infringing or misappropriating any of the Licensor Technology;

(n) to Licensor's Knowledge, the Development and Commercialization of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory by Licensee or its Affiliates in accordance with the Development Plan would not reasonably be expected to infringe or misappropriate the intellectual property or proprietary rights of any Third Party;

(o) no claim or action has been brought or, to Licensor's Knowledge, threatened in writing by any Third Party alleging that the Licensor Patents are invalid or unenforceable, and no Licensor Patent is the subject of any interference, derivation, opposition, cancellation or other protest proceeding of which Licensor has received notice;

(p) [***]

- (q) [***]
- (r) [***]

(s) Exhibit 9.3(s) sets forth a list of all agreements to which Licensor or any of its Affiliates is a party under which Licensor grants a sublicense of rights obtained under such agreement to Licensee pursuant to this Agreement ("Existing Agreements"). All Existing Agreements are in full force and effect, no notice has been delivered to or by Licensor of any

breach under such Existing Agreements and no rights granted herein are inconsistent with any Existing Agreement. Licensor and its Affiliates, and to Licensor's Knowledge, the other parties to the Existing Agreements are in compliance in all material respects with the Existing Agreements. Licensor has provided true and complete copies of such Existing Agreements to Licensee;

(t) neither Licensor nor any Affiliate of Licensor has received any written notice from any Regulatory Authority of, and to Licensor's Knowledge, there are no circumstances currently existing that would reasonably be expected to lead to, any loss of or refusal to renew any Regulatory Approval or result in an investigation, corrective action or enforcement action by any other Regulatory Authority with respect to any Compound;

- (u) [***]
- (v) [***]
- (w) [***]
- (x) [***]
- (y) [***]

(z) [***]

9.4 No Other Warranties.

- (a) Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, nothing in this Agreement will be construed as:
- a warranty or representation by Licensor or any other Person as to the validity or scope of any Patent or that any pending patent applications under the Patents will issue;
- a warranty or representation that anything made, used, sold or otherwise disposed of under any license granted in this Agreement is
 or will be free from infringement of patents, copyrights, trade secrets or other intellectual property of Third Parties;
- (iii) an obligation of Licensor to bring or prosecute actions or suits against Third Parties for infringement;
- (iv) granting by implication, estoppel or otherwise any licenses under patents of Licensor other than Licensed Patents; or
- (v) an obligation to furnish any technology, technological information or other materials other than as expressly identified herein.

(b) EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT, NEITHER PARTY MAKES, AND EACH PARTY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS, ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF DESIGN, MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, VALIDITY OF PATENTS, NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES, OR ARISING FROM A COURSE OF DEALING, USAGE OR TRADE PRACTICES. LICENSOR ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITIES OR LIABILITY WHATSOEVER WITH RESPECT TO THE PATENTS, TECHNOLOGY OR ANY BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS OR THE USE, SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION BY LICENSEE OR ITS AFFILIATES, SUBLICENSEES, VENDEES OR OTHER AGENTS OR TRANSFEREES OR END USERS OF PRODUCTS OR PROCESSES INCORPORATING OR MADE BY USE OF ANY LICENSED TECHNOLOGY OR LICENSED PATENTS LICENSED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT OR BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS (IF ANY), FURNISHED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT, LICENSEE WAIVES ALL RIGHTS TO MAKE ANY CLAIM WHATSOEVER AGAINST LICENSOR WITH RESPECT TO

ANY OF THE FOREGOING. LICENSEE SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES THAT LICENSEE OR ITS AGENTS, SUBLICENSEES OR AFFILIATES MAKE TO THIRD PARTIES WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE FOREGOING.

ARTICLE 10 INDEMNIFICATION

- 10.1 Indemnification by Licensor. Licensor shall indemnify and hold Licensee and its Affiliates, and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees ("Licensee Indemnitees") harmless from and against any Claims to the extent arising or resulting from:
 - (a) [***];
 - (b) the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any of the Licensor Indemnitees;
 - (c) any breach of any of the warranties or representations made by Licensor to Licensee under this Agreement; or
 - (d) any breach by Licensor of its covenants pursuant to this Agreement;

in each case, except to the extent such Claims are Claims that arise out of or result from any breach of representation, warranty, or covenant of Licensee set forth in this Agreement or from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any of the Licensee Indemnitee. The foregoing indemnity obligation shall not apply to the extent that the Licensee Indemnitees fail to comply with the indemnification procedures set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure) and Licensor's defense of the relevant Claims is prejudiced by such failure.

10.2 Indemnification by Licensee. Licensee shall indemnify and hold Licensor, its Affiliates, and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees ("Licensor Indemnitees") harmless from and against any Claims to the extent arising or resulting from:

(a) the research, development (both pre-clinical and clinical), manufacture, promotion, or commercialization of any Licensed Product by or on behalf of Licensee, its Affiliates, or Sublicensees on or after the Effective Date;

- (b) the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any Licensee Indemnitees;
- (c) any breach of any of the warranties or representations made by Licensee to Licensor under this Agreement; or
- (d) any breach by Licensee of its covenants pursuant to this Agreement;

in each case, except to the extent such Claims are Claims that arise out of or result from any breach of representation, warranty, or covenant of Licensor set forth in this Agreement or from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any of the Licensor Indemnitee. The foregoing indemnity



obligation shall not apply to the extent that the Licensor Indemnitees fail to comply with the indemnification procedures set forth in Section 10.3 (*Indemnification Procedure*) and Licensee's defense of the relevant Claims is prejudiced by such failure.

10.3 Indemnification Procedure. If either Party is seeking indemnification under Sections 10.1 (Indemnification by Licensor) or 10.2 (Indemnification by Licensee) (the "Indemnified Party"), it shall inform the other Party (the "Indemnifying Party") of the Claim giving rise to the obligation to indemnify pursuant to such section as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving notice of the Claim. The Indemnifying Party may assume the defense of any such Claim for which it is obligated to indemnify the Indemnifying Party may assume the defense of any such Claim for which it is obligated to indemnify the Indemnified Party. The Indemnified Party shall cooperate with the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnifying Party's insurer as the Indemnifying Party may assumed by the Indemnifying Party. Neither Party shall have the obligation to indemnify the other Party in connection with any settlement made without such Party's written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld, or delayed. If the Parties cannot agree as to the application of Section 10.1 (Indemnification by Licensor) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Licensee) as to any Claim, with each Party retaining the right to claim indemnification from the other Party in accordance with Section 10.1 (Indemnification by Licensor) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Licensor) or Section 10.1 (Indemnification by Licensor) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification b

10.4 Mitigation of Loss. Each Indemnified Party shall take and shall procure that its Affiliates take all such reasonable steps and action as are reasonably necessary or as the Indemnifying Party may reasonably require in order to mitigate any Claims (or potential losses or damages) under this ARTICLE 10 (Indemnification). Nothing in this Agreement shall or shall be deemed to relieve any Party of any common law or other duty to mitigate any losses incurred by it.

10.5 Special, Indirect and Other Losses. EXCEPT IN THE EVENT OF LICENSOR'S BREACH OF ITS EXCLUSIVITY OBLIGATIONS UNDER SECTION 2.1 (*LICENSE TO LICENSEE*) OR SECTION 2.8 (*Licensor Reserved Product*), EITHER PARTY'S BREACH OF ARTICLE 11 (CONFIDENTIALITY), OR A CLAIM BASED ON OR ARISING FROM EITHER PARTY'S GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR WILLFUL MISCONDUCT, NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM THE OTHER PARTY ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY LICENSE GRANTED HEREUNDER; <u>provided, however</u>, that this Section 10.5 (*Special, Indirect and Other Losses*) shall not be construed to limit either Party's indemnification obligations under Section 10.1 (*Indemnification by Licensor*) or Section 10.2 (*Indemnification by Licensee*), as applicable.

10.6 Insurance. Each Party, [***], shall maintain product liability and other appropriate insurance (or self-insure) in an amount consistent with sound business practice and reasonable in light of its obligations under this Agreement during the Term. Each Party shall provide a certificate of insurance (or evidence of self-insurance) evidencing such coverage to the other Party upon request.

ARTICLE 11 CONFIDENTIALITY; PUBLICATION

11.1 Duty of Confidence. Subject to the other provisions of this ARTICLE 11 (Confidentiality; Publication):

(a) all Confidential Information disclosed by a Party (the "Disclosing Party") or its Affiliates under this Agreement will be maintained in confidence and otherwise safeguarded by the recipient Party (the "Receiving Party") and its Affiliates using at least the same standard of care as the Receiving Party uses to protect its own proprietary or Confidential Information (but in no event less than reasonable care);

(b) the Receiving Party may only use any such Confidential Information for the purposes of performing its obligations or exercising its rights under this Agreement;

(c) the Receiving Party may disclose Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party only to: (i) the Receiving Party's Affiliates and, in the case of Licensee as the Receiving Party, its Sublicensees; and (ii) employees, directors, agents, contractors, consultants and advisers of the Receiving Party and its Affiliates and, in the case of Licensee as the Receiving Party, Sublicensees, in each case to the extent reasonably necessary for the purposes of, and for those matters undertaken pursuant to, this Agreement; <u>provided</u> that such persons are bound to maintain the confidential Information in a manner consistent with this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*);

(d) all Licensor Know-How that is specific to the Development and/or manufacture of any Compound or the Licensed Product, and the terms of this Agreement, shall be considered Confidential Information of both Licensee and Licensor (it being understood that both Licensee and Licensor with respect to be the Disclosing Party with respect thereto, the exceptions in Section 11.2(a) (*Exceptions*) shall not apply to Licensor with respect to such KnowHow or to either Party with respect to the terms of this Agreement and that, subject to the confidentiality obligations of Licensor with respect thereto, Licensor shall be permitted to use and exploit (i) Licensor Know-How outside the Field and as permitted by Section 2.3 (*Reservation of Rights*) and (ii) Licensor General Manufacturing Know-How in any and all fields); <u>provided</u> that (i) the terms of this Agreement that relate to the scope of rights granted by Licensor hereunder may be disclosed by Licensor to is prospective or existing licensees, <u>provided</u> that, in each case, any such Third Party agrees to be bound by terms of confidentiality and non-use that are no less stringent than those contained in this Agreement, and (ii) Licensor shall be permitted to use such Licensor Know-How that is specific to the Development and/or manufacture of any Compound or Licensee Product to [***]

(e) [***]

11.2 Exceptions. The foregoing obligations as to particular Confidential Information of a Disclosing Party shall not apply to the extent that the Receiving Party can demonstrate by competent evidence that such Confidential Information:

(a) is known by the Receiving Party at the time of its receipt, and not through a prior disclosure by the Disclosing Party, as shown by contemporaneous written documents of the Receiving Party;

(b) is in the public domain by use or publication before its receipt from the Disclosing Party, or thereafter enters the public domain through no fault of, or breach of this Agreement by, the Receiving Party;

(c) is subsequently disclosed to the Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis by a Third Party who may lawfully do so and is not under an obligation of confidentiality to the Disclosing Party; or

(d) is developed by the Receiving Party independently and without use of or reference to any Confidential Information disclosed to it by or on behalf of the Disclosing Party, as shown by contemporaneous written documents of the Receiving Party.

11.3 Authorized Disclosures. Notwithstanding the obligations set forth in Section 11.1 (*Duty of Confidence*), the Receiving Party may disclose Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party to the extent such disclosure is reasonably necessary in the following instances:

- (a) filing or prosecuting of Patents as permitted by this Agreement;
- (b) enforcing the Receiving Party's rights under this Agreement or performing the Receiving Party's obligations under this Agreement;
- (c) in Regulatory Documentation for Licensed Products that such Party has the right to file under this Agreement;
- (d) prosecuting or defending litigation as permitted by this Agreement;

(e) to the Receiving Party's directors, Affiliates, actual or potential Sublicensees (in the case of Licensee), commercial partners, independent contractors, consultants, attorneys, independent accountants or financial advisors who, in each case, have a need to know such Confidential Information in order for the Receiving Party to exercise its rights or fulfill its obligations under this Agreement, <u>provided</u> that, in each case, any such person is obligated by applicable professional or ethical obligations) at least as restrictive as those set forth in this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*);

(f) to actual or potential investors, investment bankers, lenders, other financing sources or acquirors (and attorneys and independent accountants thereof) in connection with potential investment, acquisition, collaboration, merger, public offering, due diligence or similar investigations by such Third Parties or in confidential financing documents, <u>provided</u> that, in each

case, any such Third Party agrees to be bound by terms of confidentiality and non-use (or, in the case of the Receiving Party's attorneys and independent accountants, such Third Party is obligated by applicable professional or ethical obligations) that are no less stringent than those contained in this Agreement (except to the extent that a shorter confidentiality period is customary in the industry);

(g) such disclosure is required by court order, judicial or administrative process or Applicable Law, provided that in such event the Receiving Party shall promptly inform the Disclosing Party of such required disclosure and provide the Disclosing Party an opportunity to challenge or limit the disclosure obligations. Confidential Information that is disclosed as required by court order, judicial or administrative process or Applicable Law shall remain otherwise subject to the confidentiality and non-use provisions of this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*), and the Receiving Party shall take all steps reasonably necessary, including seeking of confidential treatment or a protective order, to ensure the confidential treatment of such Confidential Information; and

(h) obtaining and maintaining the [***].

11.4 Publication. Subject to the remainder of this Section 11.4 (*Publication*), Licensor reserves the right for itself and its Affiliates and investigators to present, publish or otherwise disseminate the results of its and their research on the inventions claimed in the Licensor Patents and Licensor Technology. However, Licensor agrees to submit copies of any abstract or manuscript proposed for written or oral presentation or publication regarding any inventions claimed in the Licensor Patents to Licensee at least [***] in advance of the submission or presentation. If Licensee does not, within [***] after receipt of the manuscript, object in writing, Licensor may proceed with the presentation or publication. However, if Licensee notifies Licensor in writing within such period that it has a reasonable belief that such presentation or publication would reveal Licensors specifically identifying the information giving rise to the belief. Licensor will, as applicable, either remove Licensee's Confidential Information or not publish or present the information so identified by Licensee until such time as a patent application has been filed or the expiration or [***] after the date of submission of the manuscript or abstract to Licensee, whichever occurs first. Licensee will keep all submissions made by Licensor hereunder confidential in accordance with Article 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*), until such time as Licensor or its Affiliates or investigators make the applicable publication or presentation.

11.5 Publicity: Use of Names. No disclosure of the terms of this Agreement (except as expressly permitted under Section 11.1(d) and Section 11.3) and no public announcement of the existence of this Agreement may be made by either Party or its Affiliates, and neither Party shall use the name, trademark, trade name or logo of the other Party, its Affiliates or their respective employees in any publicity, promotion, news release or disclosure relating to this Agreement or its subject matter, without the prior express written permission of the other Party, except as set forth in Section 11.7 (*Disclosure to the SEC*) or as otherwise may be required by law. Notwithstanding the above, each Party and its Affiliates may disclose on its website and in its promotional materials that the other Party is a development partner of such Party for the Licensed Products and may use the other Party's name and logo in conjunction with such disclosure.

11.6 Prior Confidentiality Agreement. As of the Effective Date, the terms of this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality*; *Publication*) shall supersede any prior non-disclosure, secrecy or confidentiality agreement between the Parties (or their Affiliates) relating to the subject of this Agreement, including the Confidentiality Agreement. Any information disclosed pursuant to any such prior agreement shall be deemed Confidential Information for purposes of this Agreement.

11.7 Disclosure to the SEC.

(a) A Party may disclose this Agreement and its terms, and material developments or material information generated under this Agreement, in securities filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") (or equivalent foreign agency) to the extent required by law after complying with the procedure set forth in this Section 11.7 (Disclosure to the SEC). In such event, the Party seeking to make such disclosure will prepare a draft confidential treatment request and proposed redacted version of this Agreement to request confidential treatment for this Agreement, and the other Party agrees to promptly (and in any event, no less than [***] after receipt of such confidential treatment request and proposed redactions) give its input in a reasonable manner in order to allow the Party seeking disclosure to file its request within the time lines prescribed by applicable SEC regulations. The Party seeking such disclosure shall exercise Commercially Reasonable Efforts to obtain confidential treatment of this Agreement from the SEC as represented by the redacted version reviewed by the other Party.

(b) Further, each Party acknowledges that the other Party may be legally required, or may be required by the listing rules of any exchange on which the other Party's or its Affiliate's securities are traded, to make public disclosures (including in filings with the SEC or other agency) of certain material developments or material information generated under this Agreement and agrees that each Party may make such disclosures as required by law or such listing rules, <u>provided</u> that the Party seeking such disclosure shall provide the other Party with a copy of the proposed text of such disclosure sufficiently in advance of the scheduled release to afford such other Party a reasonable opportunity to review and comment thereon.

11.8 Press Release.

(a) If either Party desires to issue a press release or make a public announcement concerning the material terms of this Agreement or the Development or Commercialization of the Licensed Product under this Agreement, such as the achievement of Regulatory Approvals of the Licensed Product, such Party shall provide the other Party with the proposed text of such announcement for prior review and approval by such other Party (such approval not to be unreasonably conditioned, withheld, or delayed).

(b) The Parties agree that after a public disclosure has been made or a press release or other public announcement has been issued in compliance with this Agreement, each Party may make subsequent public disclosures or issue press releases or other public announcements disclosing the same content without having to obtain the other Party's prior consent and approval.

11.9 Reporting of Financial Information. From and after the Effective Date, to the extent required by the SEC in connection with Licensee or an Affiliate of License registering securities in a public offering, Licensor shall reasonably cooperate with Licensee or its Affiliates and their respective accountants and auditors by providing access to information, books, and records related to the Licensed Products that are at that time in existence and in the possession of Licensor as Licensee may reasonably request in connection with the preparation by Licensee or its Affiliates of historical and pro forma financial statements related to the Licensed Products as may be required to be included in any filing made by Licensee or any of its Affiliates under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including Regulation S-X. Licensor shall provide all financial information reasonably available to Licenser that Licensee reasonably requests to comply with any SEC requirements that apply in connection with Licensee or an Affiliate of Licensee registering securities in a public offering. The cooperation provided by Licensee's auditors, (ii) providing Licensee or its Affiliates and their respective accountants and auditors with access to [***] by Licensor to Licensor's accountants, auditors, and counsel. Licensor hereby consents to the inclusion or incorporation by reference of any financial Information) in any filing by Licensee or its Affiliates with the SEC and, upon request therefor of Licensee, argrees to request that any auditor of Licensor that any financial statements provided to Licensee or its Affiliates with the SEC and, upon request therefor of Licensee, argrees to request that any auditor of Licensor that audits any financial statements provided to Licensee or its Affiliates with the SEC and, upon request therefor of Licensee, argrees to request that any auditor of Licensor that audits any financial statements provide

ARTICLE 12 TERM AND TERMINATION

12.1 Term. Unless earlier terminated as permitted by this Agreement, the term of this Agreement commences upon the Effective Date and continues in full force and effect, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product basis, until the expiration of the Royalty Term for such Licensed Product in the Territory (the "Term"). Upon the expiration (but not early termination) of the Term for such Licensed Product, the licenses granted to Licensee shall continue in effect, as non-exclusive, fully paid-up, royalty-free, transferable, perpetual and irrevocable, with the right to grant Sublicenses, including through multiple tiers, with respect to such Licensed Product in the Field in the Territory.

12.2 Termination

(a) Termination by Licensee for Convenience. At any time, Licensee may terminate this Agreement, at its sole discretion and for any reason or no reason, by providing written notice of termination to Licensor, which notice includes an effective date of termination at least (i) [***] after the date of the notice is given before the Regulatory Approval of any Licensed Product; or (ii) [***] after the date of the notice if the notice if the notice if the notice is given after the Regulatory Approval of any Licensed Product.

(b) Termination for Cause. If either Party is in material breach of its obligations hereunder, then the non-breaching Party may deliver notice of such breach to the other Party. The allegedly breaching Party shall have [***] to cure such breach from the receipt of the notice; <u>provided</u>, that if such breach (other than a payment breach) is capable of being cured but cannot be cured within such [***] period, the breaching Party may cure such breach during an additional period as is reasonable in the circumstances by initiating actions to cure such breach during such [***] period and using reasonable efforts to pursue such actions. If the allegedly breaching Party fails to cure that breach within the applicable period set forth above, then the Party originally delivering the notice of breach may terminate this Agreement on written notice of termination. Any right to terminate this Agreement under this Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*) shall be stayed and the applicable cure period tolled if, during such cure period, the Party alleged to have been in material breach shall have initiated dispute resolution in accordance with Section 13.9 (*Dispute Resolution*) with respect to the alleged breach, which stay and tolling shall not relieve the breaching Party of any liability for damages suffered by the non-breaching Party during such tolling period. If a Party is determined to be in material breach of this Agreement, the other Party may terminate this Agreement if the breaching Party fails to cure the breach within [***] after the conclusion of the dispute resolution procedure (and such termination shall then be effective upon written notification from the notifying Party to the breaching Party.

(c) Termination for Bankruptcy. This Agreement may be terminated at any time during the Term by either Party upon the other Party filing or institution of bankruptcy, reorganization, liquidation or receivership proceedings, or upon an assignment of a substantial portion of the assets for the benefit of creditors by the other Party; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in the case of any involuntary bankruptcy proceeding such right to terminate shall only become effective if the Party consents to the involuntary bankruptcy or such proceeding is not dismissed within [***] after the filing thereof.

12.3 Effect of Termination.

(a) Upon termination of this Agreement by either Party pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Licensee for Convenience*); Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*), or Section 12.2(c) (*Termination for Bankruptcy*), the following consequences shall apply and shall be effective as of the effective date of such termination:

(i) Licensee's license under Section 2.1 (License to Licensee) shall terminate;

(ii) Licensee shall return to Licensor or destroy, at Licensor's election, all Confidential Information of Licensor, including all copies thereof and all materials, substances and compositions delivered or provided by Licensor to Licensee; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Licensee may keep one copy of such Confidential Information in its legal files solely for the purpose of enabling it to comply with the provisions of this Agreement, and Licensee shall not be required to remove such Confidential Information management systems; and

(iii) Licensor shall be solely responsible for all future Development, manufacture and Commercialization of Licensed Products in the Field, [***],

(b) Upon termination of this Agreement by Licensee pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Licensee for Convenience*) or by Licensor pursuant to Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*) or Section 12.2(c) (*Termination for Bankruptcy*), the following consequences shall apply and shall be effective as of the effective date of such termination:

(i) Licensee hereby grants to Licensor, effective only upon such termination and without any warranty and at Licensor's sole risk, a non-exclusive, worldwide perpetual and irrevocable license, with the right to grant sublicenses, including through multiple tiers, under the Licensee Technology, the Joint Inventions (if owned by Licensee) and the Joint Patents (if owned by Licensee), to research, Develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export, and otherwise Commercialize any Licensee its Affiliates or Sublicensees immediately prior to the effective date of such termination) (for clarity, Licensor shall be responsible for the payment of any monies payable to a Third Party licensor of Licensee or its Affiliates for rights to intellectual property included in Licensee Technology based upon the Development, manufacture and Commercialization of Licensee Products in the Field by Licensor, its Affiliates or licensee);

(ii) if this Agreement is terminated by:

- (A) Licensee pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Licensee for Convenience*), then the Parties shall negotiate the terms of the license set forth in Section 12.3(b)(i) (*Effect of Termination*) in good faith for a period not to exceed [***], including milestone payments to become due upon the achievement of the then-remaining development milestone events set forth in Section 7.3(a) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) and the salesbased milestone event set forth in Section 7.3(b) (*Sales Milestone Payments*), together with royalty payments; if the Parties are unable to agree on the terms and execute a definitive agreement with respect to the license during such [***] negotiation period, then they shall have such terms determined pursuant to Section 13.10 (*Baseball Arbitration*); and
- (B) Licensor pursuant to Section 12.2(b) (Termination for Cause) or Section 12.2(c) (Termination for Bankruptcy), then the license set forth in Section 12.3(b)(i) (Effect of Termination) shall be fully paid-up and royalty-free;

(iii) Licensee shall assign to Licensor all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals for any Licensed Product;

(iv) Licensee shall disclose to Licensor all Licensee Know-How to the extent not already known to Licensor that is useful for Licensor to Develop, manufacture and Commercialize Licensed Products in the Field; in addition, Licensee shall, at Licensor's request, provide reasonable technical assistance and transfer all Licensee Know-How necessary to manufacture Licensed Products to Licensor or its designee; provided that the reasonable direct costs incurred by Licensor in providing such assistance and transferring such Licensee Know-How [***];

(v) Licensee shall, at Licensor's request and election, use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to facilitate negotiations between Licensor and Licensee's Third Party providers of clinical research, manufacturing, or distribution services; and

(vi) Licensee shall, and hereby does, effective on such termination, assign to Licensor all of Licensee's and its Affiliates' right, title and interest in and to any and all trademarks used by Licensee and its Affiliates in the Territory in connection with its Development, manufacture or Commercialization of Licensed Products (excluding any such trademarks that include, in whole or part, any corporate name or logo of Licensee or its Affiliates), including all goodwill therein, and Licensee shall promptly take such actions and execute such instruments, assignments and documents as may be necessary to effect, evidence, register and record such assignment.

12.4 Reserved.

12.5 Survival. Expiration or termination of this Agreement shall not relieve the Parties of any obligation accruing prior to such expiration or termination, nor shall expiration or any termination of this Agreement preclude either Party from pursuing all rights and remedies it may have under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to breach of this Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the provisions of Sections 7.4 (*Royalties*), 7.5 (*Payment; Reports*); 7.6 (*Exchange Rate; Manner and Place of Payment*) and 7.7 (*Late Payments*), in the case of each of the foregoing, to the extent they relate to royalty payment obligations that accrued prior to such expiration or termination, Section 7.8 (*Taxes*), Section 7.9 (*Financial Records and Audi*); Section 7.11 (*Third Party Payments*) : Section 8.1 (*Ownership*)(with respect to Inventions and intellectual property rights generated or made during the Term), Section 8.2(b)(*Patent Prosecution and Maintenance-Licensor Patents and Joint Patents*) (with respect to the obligations and license rights of any Party that, prior to such expiration or termination, abandons responsibility to prosecute and maintain Licensor Existing Patents or Joint Patents) (with respect to 12.6 (*Termination*), Article 10 (*Confidentiality; Publication*) (except for Sections 11.4 (*Publication*) and 11.8 (*Press Release*)), Section 12.3 (*Effect of Termination*), this Section 12.5 (*Survival*), Section 12.6 (*Termination Not Sole Remedy*), and Article 13 (*General Provisions*) (except for Sections 13.2 (*Assignment*) and 13.6 (*Force Majeure*) hereof shall survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement. In addition, the applicable provisions of Section 2.5 (*Initial Transfer of Know-How and Materials*), (*******], and Section 7.2(b) (*Upfront Payment*) will survive, in each case, solely to the extent required to make final reimbursements, reconciliations or other payments or any other costs and expenses incurred or accrued prior to the date of terminati

12.6 Termination Not Sole Remedy. Termination is not the sole remedy under this Agreement and, whether or not termination is effected and notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, all other remedies will remain available except as agreed to otherwise herein.

ARTICLE 13 GENERAL PROVISIONS

13.1 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to any rules of conflict of laws with the exception of sections 5-1401 and 5-1402 of New York General Obligations Law.

13.2 Assignment. Except as expressly provided hereunder, neither this Agreement nor any rights or obligations hereunder may be assigned or otherwise transferred by either Party without the prior written consent of the other Party (which consent shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld, or delayed); provided, however, that either Party may assign or otherwise transfer this Agreement and its rights and obligations hereunder without the other Party's consent: (a) in connection with the transfer or sale of all or substantially all of the business or assets of such Party to which this Agreement relates to a Third Party, whether by merger, consolidation, divesture, restructure, sale of stock, sale of assets or otherwise (whether or not this Agreement is any such transaction or a transaction in which such Party is equired by a Third Party by stock purchase, merger or otherwise (whether or not this Agreement is actually assigned to or is assumed by the acquiring party by operation of law), intellectual property rights of the acquiring party to such transaction or a transaction or (if other than one of the Parties to this Agreement) and its Affiliate, provided that the assigning Party shall remain liable and responsible to the non-assigning Party hereto for the performance and observance of all such duties and obligations by such Affiliate. The rights and obligations of the Parties under this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors and permitted assigns of the Parties, and the name of a Party appearing herein will be deemed to include the name of such Party's successors and permitted assigns to the extent necessary to carry out the intent of this section. Any assignment not in accordance with this Section 13.2 (Assignment) shall be null and void.

13.3 Entire Agreement; Modification. This Agreement is both a final expression of the Parties' agreement and a complete and exclusive statement with respect to all of its terms. This Agreement supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements and communications, whether oral, written or otherwise, concerning any and all matters contained herein. This Agreement may only be modified or supplemented in a writing expressly stated for such purpose and signed by the Parties to this Agreement.

13.4 Relationship Between the Parties. The Parties' relationship with one another, as established by this Agreement, is solely that of licensor and licensee. This Agreement does not create any partnership, joint venture or similar business relationship between the Parties. Neither Party is a legal representative of the other Party. Neither Party can assume or create any obligation, representation, warranty or guarantee, express or implied, on behalf of the other Party for any purpose whatsoever.

13.5 Non-Waiver. The failure of a Party to insist upon strict performance of any provision of this Agreement or to exercise any right arising out of this Agreement shall neither impair that provision or right nor constitute a waiver of that provision or right, in whole or in part, in that instance or in any other instance. Any waiver by a Party of a particular provision or right shall be in writing, shall be as to a particular matter and, if applicable, for a particular period of time and shall be signed by such Party.

13.6 Force Majeure. Neither Party shall be held liable to the other Party nor be deemed to have defaulted under or breached this Agreement for failure or delay in performing any obligation under this Agreement to the extent such failure or delay is caused by or results from causes beyond the reasonable control of the affected Party, potentially including embargoes, war, acts of war (whether war be declared or not), acts of terrorism, insurrections, riots, civil commotions, strikes, lockouts or other labor disturbances, fire, floods, or other acts of God, or acts, omissions or delays in acting by any Governmental Authority or unavailability of materials related to the manufacture of Compounds or Licensed Products. The affected Party shall notify the other Party of such force majeure circumstances as soon as reasonably practical and shall promptly undertake and continue diligently all reasonable efforts necessary to cure such force majeure circumstances shall not delay or excuse a Party's payment obligations hereunder.

13.7 Severability. If any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement is held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby, unless the absence of the invalidated provisions adversely affects the substantive rights of the Parties. The Parties shall in such an instance use their best efforts to replace the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions with valid, legal and enforceable provisions which, insofar as practical, implement the purposes of this Agreement.

13.8 Notices. Any notice to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and delivered either (a) in person, (b) by air mail (postage prepaid) requiring return receipt, (c) by overnight courier, or (d) by e-mail with delivery and return receipts requested and confirmation of delivery thereafter, to the Party to be notified at its address(es) given below, or at any address such Party may designate by prior written notice to the other. Notice shall be deemed sufficiently given for all purposes upon the earliest of: (i) the date of actual receipt; (ii) if air mailed, [***] after the date of postmark; (iii) if delivered by overnight courier, the next day the overnight courier regularly makes deliveries or (iv) if sent by e-mail, the date of confirmation of receipt.

[***]
[***] [***] [***] [***]
[***]
[***] [***] [***] [***]
[***]
[***] [***] [***] [***]

13.9 Dispute Resolution

(a) The Parties shall negotiate in good faith and use reasonable efforts to settle any dispute, controversy or claim arising from or related to this Agreement or the breach thereof. Subject to Section 13.9(h) (*Dispute Resolution*), in the event the Parties cannot resolve such dispute, controversy or claim within a period of [***], then the matter shall be referred to designated senior executives of the Parties for resolution by the sending of a Notice of Dispute(s) for Executive Resolution. The designated senior executives shall endeavor to meet in person within [***] following transmittal of the Notice of Dispute(s) for Executive Resolution. The initial designated senior executives shall be [***] on behalf of Licensee, and [***] of Licensor (or his or her duly appointed successor). Each Party shall be entitled to name substitute senior executives upon written notice to the other Party.

(b) Except as expressly set forth in Section 13.9(h) (*Dispute Resolution*), if, after going through this procedure, the Parties do not fully settle, and a Party wishes to pursue the matter, each such dispute, controversy or claim that is not an Excluded Claim (defined in Section 13.9(g) (*Dispute Resolution*)) shall be finally resolved by binding arbitration administered by JAMS pursuant to JAMS' Streamlined Arbitration Rules and Procedures then in effect (the "JAMS Rules").

(c) The arbitration shall be conducted by a panel of three (3) neutral arbitrators, each of whom shall have significant legal or business experience in the pharmaceutical industry, and none of whom shall be a current or former employee or director, or

a current significant shareholder, of either Party or any of their respective Affiliates or any Sublicensee: within [***] after initiation of arbitration, each Party shall select one (1) person to act as arbitrator and the two (2) Party-selected arbitrations shall select a third (3rd) arbitrator within [***] of their appointment. If the arbitrators selected by the Parties are unable or fail to agree upon the third (3rd) arbitrator, the third (3rd) arbitrator shall be appointed by JAMS. The place of arbitration shall be New York, New York, and all proceedings and communications shall be in English. Within [***] after selection of the third arbitrator, the arbitrators shall conduct the Preliminary Conference (as defined in the JAMS Rules). In addressing any of the subjects within the scope of the Preliminary Conference, the arbitrators shall take into account both the desirability of making discovery efficient and cost-effective and the needs of the Parties for an understanding of any legitimate issue raised in the arbitration. The award rendered by the arbitrators shall be entered upon it in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) Either Party may apply to the arbitrators for interim or preliminary injunctive relief until the arbitration award is rendered or the controversy is otherwise resolved. The arbitrators' authority to award punitive or any other type of damages not measured by a Party's compensatory damages shall be subject to the limitation set forth in Section 10.5 (*Special, Indirect and Other Losses*). [***].

(e) The existence, content, or results of an arbitration shall be deemed Confidential Information of both Licensee and Licensor. In no event shall an arbitration be initiated after the date when commencement of a legal or equitable proceeding based on the dispute, controversy or claim would be barred by the applicable New York statute of limitations.

(f) The Parties agree that, in the event of a dispute over the nature or quality of performance under this Agreement, neither Party may terminate this Agreement until final resolution of the dispute through arbitration or other judicial determination. The Parties further agree that any payments made pursuant to this Agreement pending resolution of the dispute shall be refunded if an arbitrator or court determines that such payments are not due.

(g) As used in this Section 13.9 (*Dispute Resolution*), the term "Excluded Claim" means a dispute, controversy or claim that concerns (i) the construction, scope, validity, enforceability, inventorship or infringement of a patent, patent application, trademark or copyright; or (ii) any antitrust, anti-monopoly or competition law or regulation, whether or not statutory.

(h) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall deny either Party the right to seek injunctive or other equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction in the context of a *bona fide* emergency or prospective irreparable harm, and such an action may be filed and maintained notwithstanding any ongoing discussions between the Parties or any ongoing arbitration proceeding. In addition, either Party may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to resolve disputes pertaining to the validity, construction, scope, enforceability, infringement or other violations of Patents or other intellectual property rights (including the breach of any exclusive license rights granted by Licensor to Licensee hereunder), and no such claim shall be subject to arbitration pursuant to Sections 13.9(b) (*Dispute Resolution*) and 13.9(c) (*Dispute Resolution*). The Parties agree and acknowledge that damages for any breach or violation asserted

in any such action brought pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence is and will be inadequate, and in the event of any such breach or violation, the Party affected thereby shall be entitled to seek an injunction restraining the other Party from breaching or otherwise violating the relevant provision of this Agreement, without the necessity of proving actual damages or posting bond.

13.10 Baseball Arbitration. This Section 13.10 (*Baseball Arbitration*) shall apply to disputes arising under Section 12.3(b) (*Effect of Termination*) to be resolved by baseball arbitration and in connection with the calculation of Net Sales for Combination Products. Baseball arbitration will be conducted by one (1) arbitrator who shall be reasonably acceptable to the Parties and who shall be appointed in accordance with the JAMS Rules. Any arbitrator chosen under this Section 13.10 (*Baseball Arbitration*) shall have significant legal or business experience in the pharmaceutical industry, and shall not be a current or former employee or director, or a current significant shareholder, of either Party or any of their respective Affiliates or any Sublicensee. Within [***] after the selection of the arbitrator, each Party shall submit to the arbitrator and the other Party a proposed resolution of the dispute that is the subject of the arbitrator, each Party shall submit to the arbitrator and the other Party a proposed resolution of the last Proposal to the arbitrator, each Party may submit a written rebuttal of the other Party's Proposal and may also amend and re-submit its original Proposal. The Parties have one (1) hour to argue in support of its Proposal. The Parties have the right to call any witnesses in support of their arguments, nor compel any production of documents or take any discovery from the other Party in preparation for the meeting. Within [***] after the terms of either final Proposal and may not resolve the dispute that a Proposal and may not resolve the dispute in a manner other than by selection of one of the submitted final Proposals. If a Party fails to submit a Proposal within the initial [***] time frame set forth above, the arbitrator shall select the Proposal of the other Party as the resolution of the dispute, but may not alter the terms of either final Proposal and may not resolve the dispute in a manner other than by selection of one of the submitted final Proposals. If a Party fails

13.11 Performance by Affiliates. Each Party may discharge any obligations and exercise any rights hereunder through any of its Affiliates. Each Party hereby guarantees the performance by its Affiliates of such Party's obligations under this Agreement, and shall cause its Affiliates to comply with the provisions of this Agreement in connection with such performance. Any breach by a Party's Affiliate of any of such Party's obligations under this Agreement shall be deemed a breach by such Party, and the other Party may proceed directly against such Party without any obligation to first proceed against such Party's Affiliate.

13.12 Headings. The captions to the several Articles, Sections and subsections hereof are not a part of this Agreement, but are merely for convenience to assist in locating and reading the several Articles and Sections hereof.

13.13 Waiver of Rule of Construction. Each Party has had the opportunity to consult with counsel in connection with the review, drafting and negotiation of this Agreement. Accordingly, the rule of construction that any ambiguity in this Agreement shall be construed against the drafting Party shall not apply.

13.14 Business Day Requirements. If any notice or other action or omission is required to be taken by a Party under this Agreement on a day that is not a Business Day, then such notice or other action or omission shall be deemed to require to be taken on the next occurring Business Day.

13.15 English Language. This Agreement has been prepared in the English language, and the English language shall control its interpretation. In addition, all notices required or permitted to be given hereunder, and all written, electronic, oral or other communications between the Parties regarding this Agreement shall be in the English language.

13.16 Interpretation. All references in this Agreement to the singular include the plural where applicable. Unless otherwise specified, references in this Agreement to any Article include all Sections, subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article and references to any Section. The word "including" and similar words means including without limitation. The words "herein," "hereof" and "hereunder" and other words of similar import refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular Section or other subdivision. The word "or" is disjunctive but not necessarily exclusive. All references to days in this Agreement mean calendar days, unless otherwise specified. Except as otherwise specified herein, references to a person are also to its permitted successors and assigns.

13.17 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

LICENSOR

CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER LICENSEE

ARUVANT SCIENCES GMBH

By: Name: Title:

SIGNATURE PAGE TO LICENSE AGREEMENT

[***]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

LIC	CENS	SOF	2

By: Name: Title:

LICENSEE

CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER

[***]

SIGNATURE PAGE TO LICENSE AGREEMENT

Licensor Patents as of the Effective Date Licensor Know-How as of the Effective Date Exhibit 1.1

Exhibit 1.2 Licensor Future Patents

Exhibit 1.3

Compound Funding from Governments and Non-Governmental Authorities Initial Transfer of Know-How Post-Effective Date Agreements Exhibit 1.4 Exhibit 2.4

Exhibit 2.5 Exhibit 2.6

 Exhibit 3.2
 Development Plan

 Exhibit 5.2
 Clinical Supply Agreement

 Exhibit 5.3
 Existing Supply of Licensed Product

 Exhibit 7.1(a)
 Subscription Agreement

 Exhibit 9.3(s)
 Existing Agreements

EXECUTION VERSION CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

THIS SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is entered into as of November 21, 2018 by and between Aruvant Sciences Ltd., an exempted limited company incorporated in Bermuda with its registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda (the "Company") and Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center, a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio with a registered office at 333 Burnet Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio (the "Subscriber"). For purposes of this Agreement, the Company and the Subscriber are each a "Party" and together may be referred to as the "Parties".

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company's indirect subsidiary, Aruvant Sciences GmbH ("ASG"), and the Subscriber are parties to that certain License Agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "License Agreement");

WHEREAS, in partial consideration for the rights being granted by the Subscriber to ASG under the License Agreement, the Company wishes to issue nine million (9,000,000) Shares to the Subscriber, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Subscriber wishes to acquire such Shares, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified person, any other person who directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such person, including without limitation any parent or direct or indirect subsidiary.

"Dollar" means United States dollars and "\$" shall be interpreted accordingly.

"Effective Date" means the Effective Date, as defined in the License Agreement.

"Liabilities" means any damages, debts, obligations and other liabilities, losses, claims, taxes, interest obligations, deficiencies, judgments, assessments, fines, fees, penalties, expenses (including amounts paid in settlement, interest, court costs, costs of investigators, reasonable fees and expenses of attorneys, accountants, financial advisors, consultants and other experts, and other expenses of litigation), whether direct or indirect, fixed or unfixed, contingent or absolute, matured or unmatured, liquidated or unfiquidated, accrued or not accrued, asserted or unasserted, known or unknown, disputed or undisputed, joint or several, secured or unsecured, determined, determinable or otherwise, whenever or however arising.

"Licensed Products" shall have the meaning set forth in the License Agreement.

"Material Adverse Effect" means a material adverse effect on the business, assets (including intangible assets), Liabilities, financial condition, property, prospects or results of operations of the Company.

[***]

"Share" means a common share in the capital of the Company, \$0.00001 par value per share, having the rights provided for under the memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company.

"Shareholders Agreements" means that certain Investor Rights Agreement in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Investor Rights Agreement") and that certain Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B (the "Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement"), in each case, of even date herewith and by and among the Company, the Subscriber and the other parties thereto.

ARTICLE II SUBSCRIPTION FOR SHARES BY SUBSCRIBER

Section 2.1 The Subscriber hereby subscribes for and requests that the Company allot to it nine million (9,000,000) Shares (the "**Closing Shares**") and the Top-up Shares (defined below), if and when issued in accordance with Section 2.5 (*Top-up*) in partial consideration for entering into the License Agreement and performing its obligations thereunder.

Section 2.2 Upon the Effective Date, the Company shall issue the Closing Shares to the Subscriber, and the Company shall deliver evidence of such issuance on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.

Section 2.3 Each Closing Share subscribed for pursuant to the foregoing clause, and each Top-up Share (if and when issued in accordance with Section 2.5 (*Top-up*)) shall be credited as fully-paid and on issue shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with other Shares in issue.

Section 2.4 The Subscriber agrees to take the Closing Shares and Top-up Shares (together, the "Subscriber Shares") subject to the memorandum of association and the bye-laws of the Company and the Shareholders Agreements (as such may be amended from time to time), and authorizes the Company to enter its name and address as set forth in Schedule 1 in the register of members of the Company.

Section 2.5 <u>Top-up</u>. In addition to the Closing Shares to be issued to the Subscriber, the Company will issue the Top-up Shares (defined below) to the Subscriber on the earliest of the following events (the **"Top-up Event"**): (a) immediately prior to the consummation of any transaction that would constitute a "Change of Control" (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement); (b) immediately following the date and time on which the Company has issued, in the aggregate, equity securities, or other securities or instruments that are convertible or exchangeable into equity securities of the Company, in exchange for an aggregate cash

consideration amount to the Company equal to or in excess of one hundred and fifty million U.S. dollars (\$150,000,000) (which shall include cash amounts contributed by Affiliates of the Company (whether as contributions to capital, equity investments or otherwise)), and (c) immediately prior to the effectiveness of the Company's registration statement registering the securities being offered and sold in the Company's "IPO" (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement). At the time of the Top-up Event, the Company will issue to the Subscriber an additional number of Shares equal to the difference between twelve percent (12.0%) of the Company's then Fully Diluted Share Capital (defined below), minus the Closing Shares (as adjusted for any stock combination, stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization or other similar transaction effected after the Effective Date and through the Top-up Event) (such additional Shares being the "**Top-up Shares**"). For purposes of this Agreement, the "**Fully Diluted Share Capital**" shall equal the sum of: (x) the number of issued and outstanding Shares as of the date and time of the Top-up Event; and (y) the number of Shares issuable, as of the date and time of the Top-up Event, upon exercise or conversion of other equity securities of the Company; but in all cases excluding from the calculation of the Fully Diluted Share Capital any securities included within clauses (b), (d) and (e) in the definition of "Exempted Securities" (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement), except any Shares underlying equity compensation awards outstanding as of the date of the Top-up Event shall be included in the Fully Diluted Share Capital. For the avoidance of doubt, in no instance shall both a Derivative Security (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement) and the Shares actually issued upon the exercise or conversion of such Derivate Security be included in the Fully Diluted Share Capital.

ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 3.1 <u>Company Representations and Warranties</u>. The Company makes the following representations and warranties to the Subscriber as of the Effective Date:

(a) The Company is an exempted limited company duly organized, validly existing and is in good standing under the laws of Bermuda (meaning solely that it has not failed to make any filing with any Bermuda governmental authority, or to pay any Bermuda government fee or tax, which would make it liable to be struck off the Register of Companies and thereby cease to exist under the laws of Bermuda) and has all requisite corporate power and authority to carry on its business as presently conducted and as proposed to be conducted. The Company is duly qualified to transact business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the failure to so qualify would have a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) (i) It has an authorized share capital of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), consisting of one billion (1,000,000,000) Shares having a par value of \$0.00001, of which sixty-six million (66,000,000) are issued and outstanding and (ii) that immediately following the issuance to the Subscriber of the Closing Shares in accordance with Article II (*Subscription for Shares by Subscriber*), Subscriber will beneficially own twelve percent (12.0%) of the Company's outstanding capital stock as of the Effective Date. All of the outstanding Shares have

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been duly authorized, are fully paid and non-assessable (which term when used herein means that no further sums are required to be paid by the holders thereof in connection with the issue thereof) and were issued in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities laws. No Shares have been reserved for issuance for any purpose, but the Company intends that, on or after the Effective Date, up to [***] Shares will be reserved for future issuance under an equity incentive plan to be established by the Company (the "Plan"). Other than the commitments to: (x) issue the [***] up to a number of Shares equal to [***] percent [***] of the outstanding Shares, as determined immediately post-Closing [***], (subject to (1) creation of the [***] and (2) approval of any such issuance by the board of directors of the Company (the "Bard")), (y) issue the Top-up Shares, and (z) issue [***] Shares from the Plan to a potential employee of ASG in connection with an outstanding options, warrants, rights (including conversion or preemptive rights and rights of first refusal or similar rights), or agreements, orally or in writing, to purchase or acquire from the Company any Shares, or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for any Shares.

(c) The Subscriber Shares, when issued, sold and delivered in accordance with the terms and for the consideration set forth in this Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and free of restrictions on transfer other than restrictions on transfer under the Shareholders Agreements, applicable state and federal securities laws and liens or encumbrances created by or imposed by the Subscriber. Assuming the accuracy of the representations of the Subscriber in Section 3.3 (Subscriber Representations and Warranties) of this Agreement, the Subscriber Shares will be issued in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities laws.

(d) No "bad actor" disqualifying event described in Rule 506(d)(1)(i)-(viii) of the Securities Act (a "Disqualification Event") is applicable to the Company or, to the Company's knowledge, any Company Covered Person, except for a Disqualification Event as to which Rule 506(d) (2)(ii- iv) or (d)(3), is applicable. For the purposes of this Agreement, "Company Covered Person" means, with respect to the Company as an "issuer" for purposes of Rule 506 (d)(1).

(e) Other than wholly-owned subsidiaries, including ASG, the Company does not currently own or control, directly or indirectly, any interest in any other corporation, partnership, trust, joint venture, limited liability company, association, or other business entity. The Company is not a participant in any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement.

(f) The memorandum of association and the bye-laws of the Company are in the form provided to the Subscriber. The copy of the minute books of the Company provided to the Subscriber contains minutes of all meetings of directors and shareholders and all actions by written consent without a meeting by the directors and shareholders since the date of incorporation of the Company and accurately reflects in all material respects all actions by the directors (and any committee of directors) and shareholders with respect to all transactions referred to in such minutes.

(g) Assuming the accuracy of the representations made by the Subscriber in Section 3.3 (Subscriber Representations and Warranties) of this Agreement, no consent, approval,

order or authorization of, or registration, qualification, designation, declaration or filing with, any federal, state or local governmental authority is required on the part of the Company in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except for filings pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act, and applicable state securities laws, which have been made or will be made in a timely manner, if applicable.

(h) Except as contemplated by the License Agreement and this Agreement, the Company does not hold, nor has it held, any material assets and has not incurred, directly or indirectly, through any Affiliate, any obligations or Liabilities or engaged in any business activities of any type or kind whatsoever or entered into any agreements or arrangements with any person.

Section 3.2 <u>Mutual Representations and Warranties</u>. Each Party to this Agreement makes the following representations and warranties as of the Effective Date:

(a) All corporate authorizations and all other applicable governmental, statutory, regulatory or other consents, licenses, authorizations, waivers or exemptions required to be obtained by it in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been obtained and are valid and subsisting.

(b) This Agreement constitutes legal, valid and binding obligations of the Party.

(c) The execution, delivery and performance by the Party of this Agreement does not and will not violate, breach or result in a contravention of:

(i) any law;

(ii) any authorization, ruling, consent, judgment, order or decree of any governmental, statutory or regulatory agency; or

(iii) the memorandum of association and articles of association or bye-laws or any other similar constitutional document of the

Party.

(d) All information provided by one Party to the other Party under or in connection with this Agreement, the Shareholders Agreements and the License Agreement is true in all material respects and is not, by omission or otherwise, misleading in any material respect.

Section 3.3 <u>Subscriber Representations and Warranties</u>. The Subscriber makes the following representations and warranties as of the Effective Date:

(a) The Shares to be acquired by the Subscriber will be acquired for investment for the Subscriber's and its Affiliates' own account, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to the resale or distribution of any part thereof, and that the Subscriber has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same; and the Subscriber does not presently have any contract, undertaking, agreement or arrangement with any person to sell, transfer or grant participations to such person or to any third person, with respect to any of the Shares.

(b) It understands that: (i) the Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), by reason of a specific exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act which depends upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of the Subscriber's representations as expressed herein; (ii) the Shares are "restricted securities" under applicable U.S. federal and state securities laws and that, pursuant to these laws, the Subscriber must hold the Shares indefinitely unless they are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and qualified by state authorities, or an exemption from such registration and qualification requirements is available; (iii) the Company has no obligation to register or qualify the Shares for resale except as set forth in the Shareholders Agreements; and (iv) if an exemption from registration or qualification is available, it may be conditioned on various requirements including, but not limited to, the time and manner of sale, the holding period for the Shares, and on requirements relating to the Company which are outside of the Subscriber's control, and which the Company is under no obligation and may not be able to satisfy.

(c) It understands that no public market now exists for the Shares, and that the Company has made no assurances that a public market will ever exist for the Shares.

(d) It understands that the Shares and any securities issued in respect of or exchange for the Shares, may bear the following legend: THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE WERE ORIGINALLY ISSUED ON , 20 , HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS ("STATE ACTS") AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED, SOLD, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED, HYPOTHECATED OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF ("TRANSFERRED") (A) IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR STATE ACTS OR AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION THEREUNDER OR (B) UNLESS THE TRANSFEREE IS APPROVED BY APPLICABLE BERMUDA REGULATORY AUTHORITIES IF SUCH APPROVAL IS REQUIRED.

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE BYE-LAWS OF THE COMPANY. ANY TRANSFEREE OF THESE SECURITIES TAKES SUBJECT TO THE TERMS THEREOF.

(e) It is an accredited investor as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act.

(f) It has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the laws of its jurisdiction in connection with any invitation to subscribe for the Shares or any use of this Agreement, including any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such purchase and the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, redemption, sale, or transfer of the Shares.

(g) Neither the Subscriber, nor any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders or partners has either directly or indirectly, including through a broker or finder (i) engaged in any general solicitation, or (ii) published any advertisement in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares.

ARTICLE IV CLOSING DELIVERABLES

Section 4.1 <u>Company Closing Deliverables</u>. The closing of the transactions contemplated herein (the "Closing") shall take place on the Effective Date. At the Closing, the Company shall deliver the following to the Subscriber:

(a) a certificate from the sole Director of the Company certifying that: (i) the representations and warranties of the Company set forth in Section 3.1 (Company Representations and Warranties) and Section 3.2 (Mutual Representations and Warranties) are true and correct in all respects as of the Effective Date, and (ii) the Company has performed and complied with all covenants, agreements, obligations and conditions contained in this Agreement that were required to be performed or complied with by the Company on or before the Effective Date;

(b) the Investor Rights Agreement, executed by the Company and each "Investor" named therein;

(c) the Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement, executed by the Company, each "Investor" named therein and each "Key Holder" named therein;

(d) a certificate by an officer of the Company certifying: (i) the bye-laws of the Company, (ii) the memorandum of association of the Company, (iii) and resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company approving this Agreement and the Shareholders Agreements; and

(e) good standing certificates (or equivalent) from each jurisdiction in which the Company is either organized or qualified to do business.

Section 4.2 <u>Subscriber Closing Deliverables</u>. At the Closing, the Subscriber shall deliver an accurate and complete signed copy of IRS Form W-9 and an accurate and complete signed copy of the applicable Common Reporting Standard Self-Certification Form that is reasonably satisfactory to the Company.

ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

Section 5.1 <u>Survival of Representations and Warranties</u>. Unless otherwise set forth in this Agreement, the representations and warranties of the Company and the Subscriber contained in or made pursuant to this Agreement shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the issuance of Shares hereunder and shall in no way be affected by any investigation or knowledge of the subject matter thereof made by or on behalf of the Subscriber or the Company.

Section 5.2 <u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision.

Section 5.3 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms and conditions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the respective successors and assigns of the Parties. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any party, other than the Parties hereto or their respective successors and assigns, any rights, remedies, obligations or Liabilities under or by reason of this Agreement, except as expressly provided in this Agreement.

Section 5.4 Costs. Each Party shall pay its own costs relating to the negotiation, preparation, execution and implementation by it of this Agreement and of each document referred to in it.

Section 5.5 Entire Agreement.

(a) Save as set forth in the Shareholders Agreements and the License Agreement, this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding of the Parties and supersedes any previous agreement between the Parties relating to the subject matter of this Agreement.

(b) Each of the Parties acknowledges and agrees that in entering into this Agreement it does not rely on, and shall have no remedy in respect of, any statement, representation, warranty or understanding (whether negligently or innocently made) of any person (where Party to this Agreement or not) other than as expressly set out in this Agreement or any exhibit thereto as a representation or warranty. The only remedy available to it for breach of the representations or warranties shall be for breach of contract under the terms of this Agreement. Nothing in this clause shall, however, operate to limit or exclude any Liability for fraud.

Section 5.6 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed an original but all such counterparts shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of a counterpart signature page by facsimile transmission or by e-mail transmission of an Adobe Portable Document Format file (or similar electronic record) shall be effective as delivery of an executed counterpart signature page.

Section 5.7 <u>Variation</u>. No variation of or amendment to this Agreement shall be valid unless it is in writing and signed by or on behalf of each of the Parties.

Section 5.8 <u>Governing Law; Dispute Resolution</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in all respects in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York, as such laws are applied to agreements among New York residents entered into and performed entirely within New York, without giving effect to conflict-of-law principles thereof. Any dispute, controversy or claim arising from or related to this Agreement or the breach thereof shall exclusively be resolved in the manner set forth in Section 13.9 (*Dispute Resolution*) of the License Agreement, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference (*mutatis mutandis*).

Section 5.9 <u>Construction</u>. In this Agreement: (a) the clause headings are included for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement; (b) words denoting the singular number include the plural and vice versa; and (c) words denoting one gender include the other genders.

Section 5.10 [***] <u>Covenants</u>. Following the Closing and for so long as Subscriber continues to beneficially hold at least [***] Shares (as adjusted for any stock split, stock dividend, combination, or other recapitalization or reclassification effected after the date hereof) and during the term of the License Agreement, (i) the Company shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts (as defined in the License Agreement) to cause the [***] (A) to acknowledge publicly ASG's collaboration with the Subscriber in any material public communications (e.g., material press releases) relating to the [***] and (B) to only publicly disseminate such communications with the consent of Subscriber (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed); and (ii) the Company shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to cause the [***] to include a representative of the Subscriber as a member of any board of directors or other advisory committee [***].

Section 5.11 <u>Public Announcements</u>. The terms of Section 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*) of the License Agreement are incorporated herein by reference (*mutatis mutandis*).

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

ARUVANT SCIENCES LTD.

CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER

By:	[***]	By:
Name:	[***]	Name:
Title:	[***]	Title:

Signature Page to Subscription Agreement

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

ARUVANT SCIENCES LTD.

CINCINNATI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER

By:	By:	[***]
Name:	Name:	[***]
Title:	Title:	[***]

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE 1

SUBSCRIBER NAME AND ADDRESS

[***]

CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

LICENSE AGREEMENT

November 19, 2018

by and between

INTRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

a company organized under the laws of the Republic of Korea

"iNtRON"

and

PHARMAVANT 1 GMBH IN FORMATION

a company organized under the laws of Switzerland

"Lysovant"

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LICENSE AGREEMENT

THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into as of November 19, 2018 (the "Effective Date"), by and between iNtRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC., a company organized under the laws of the Republic of Korea and having an address of [***] ("iNtRON"), and PHARMAVANT 1 GMBH IN FORMATION, a company organized under the laws of Switzerland and having an address of [***] ("Lysovant"). iNtRON and Lysovant may be referred to herein individually as a "Party" or collectively as the "Parties".

RECITALS

WHEREAS, iNtRON is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company that has identified and developed certain antimicrobial endolysins, including a product identified by iNtRON as SAL200, and owns or controls certain patents, know-how and data relating to such endolysins; and

WHEREAS, Lysovant desires to obtain from iNtRON, and iNtRON desires to grant to Lysovant, an exclusive worldwide license to develop, manufacture and commercialize products containing SAL200, and an exclusive option to obtain an exclusive license to develop, manufacture and commercialize products containing certain other endolysins, all subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, iNtRON and Lysovant hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

"Accounting Standards" means International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), in each case, as generally and consistently applied by the applicable Selling Entity.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to a Party or a Third Party, any entity that now or in the future, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such Party or Third Party, as applicable, but for only so long as such control exists. As used in this definition of "Affiliate", "control" means (a) to possess, directly or indirectly, the power to direct the management or policies of an entity, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract relating to voting rights or corporate governance, or otherwise, or (b) direct or indirect beneficial ownership of more than fifty percent (50%) (or such lesser percentage which is the maximum allowed to be owned by a foreign corporation in a particular jurisdiction) of the voting share capital or other equity interest in such entity. [***].

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"Alternative Transaction" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(b) (Option Exclusivity).

"Applicable Laws" means the applicable provisions of any and all national, supranational, regional, state and local laws, treaties, statutes, rules, regulations, administrative codes, guidance, ordinances, judgments, decrees, directives, injunctions, orders, permits (including MAAs) of or from any court, arbitrator, Regulatory Authority or Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over or related to the subject item.

"Auditor" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.9 (Audit Dispute).

"Bankruptcy Laws" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.4 (Rights Upon Bankruptcy).

"BLA" means a biologics license application submitted to the FDA pursuant to the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 262.

"BPCIA" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.4(f) (Biosimilars).

"Business Day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a bank or other public holiday in Basel, Switzerland; New York, New York; or Seoul, Republic of Korea.

"Calendar Year" means each respective period of twelve (12) consecutive months ending on December 31.

"cGMP" means the then-current standards for Good Manufacturing Practices, as defined in FDA rules and regulations or as defined in another Regulatory Authority's rules and regulations, that apply to the manufacture of Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product, including (a) the United States regulations set forth in Title 21 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations Parts 11, and 820 and the corresponding regulation of any other applicable Regulatory Authority, (b) the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 13485, and (c) all additional Regulatory Authority documents that correspond to, replace, amend, modify, supplant, or complement any of the foregoing.

"Claims" means all Third Party demands, claims, actions, proceedings and liability (whether criminal or civil, in contract, tort or otherwise) for losses, damages, fees, costs (including reasonable attorneys' fees), and other expenses of any nature.

"CMC" means chemistry, manufacturing, and controls.

"CMO" means a Third Party contract manufacturing organization.

"Combination Product" means any Licensed Product comprising a Licensed Endolysin and at least one other therapeutically active product or pharmaceutical ingredient (including another Licensed Endolysin), whether formulated together (i.e., a fixed dose combination) or packaged together and sold for a single price.

"Commercialization" means the conduct of any and all activities (whether conducted before or after Regulatory Approval) relating to the promotion, marketing, sale and distribution (including importing, exporting, transporting, customs clearance, warehousing, invoicing, handling and delivering Licensed Products to customers) of Licensed Products in the Territory, including: (a) sales force efforts, detailing, advertising, medical education, planning, marketing.

sales force training, and sales and distribution, and (b) scientific and medical affairs. For clarity, Commercialization does not include any Development activities, whether conducted before or after Regulatory Approval. "Commercialize", "Commercialized", and "Commercializing" have correlative meanings.

"Commercially Reasonable Efforts" means, (a) with respect to Lysovant's obligations under this Agreement relating to Development or Commercialization activities relating to Licensed Products, those efforts and resources that are [***] for development, regulatory, manufacturing and commercialization activities conducted with respect to products at a similar stage of development or commercialization and having similar commercial potential, taking into account all relevant factors, including relative safety and efficacy, product profile, stage in product lifecycle, the regulatory environment, approved labeling, payors' policies and regulations, competitiveness of the marketplace and the market potential of such products, the nature and extent of market exclusivity, including patent coverage and regulatory data protection, and price and reimbursement status, and (b) [***]. With respect to clause (a), the Parties hereby agree that the level of effort may be different for different markets and may change over time, reflecting changes in the status of the aforementioned attributes and potential of the Licensed Product(s).

"Confidential Information" of a Party means all Know-How, materials, and other proprietary scientific, marketing, financial, or commercial information that is (a) disclosed by or on behalf of such Party or any of its Affiliates or otherwise made available to the other Party or any of its Affiliates, whether made available orally, in writing, or in electronic form, or (b) learned or obtained by the other Party in connection with the activities contemplated by this Agreement, in each case, regardless of whether any of the foregoing are marked "confidential" or "proprietary". The existence and terms of this Agreement are the [***] of both Parties. All information disclosed by a Party or its Affiliate under the Confidentiality Agreement that relates to any Licensed Product or the transaction under this Agreement is deemed the Confidential Information of such Party under this Agreement. For clarity, all iNtRON Know-How and Lysovant Know-How are considered Confidential Information of the Party disclosing such KnowHow under this Agreement, subject to Section 11.1(d) (*Duty of Confidence*).

[***]

"Control" or "Controlled" means, with respect to any Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights, the legal authority or right (whether by ownership, license or otherwise but without taking into account any rights granted by one Party to the other Party pursuant to this Agreement) of a Party to grant access, a license or a sublicense of or under such Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights to the other Party to grant access, a license or a sublicense of or under such Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights to the other Party to grant access, a license or a sublicense of or under such Know-How, materials, Patents or other intellectual property rights to the other Party, or to otherwise disclose proprietary or trade secret information to such other Party.

"Cover" means, with respect to a claim of a Patent and a Licensed Endolysin or a Licensed Product, that such claim would be infringed, absent a license thereunder or ownership thereof, by the manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale or importation of such Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product (considering claims of patent applications to be issued for purposes of determining infringement). "Covered" has a correlative meaning.

"Data" means any and all scientific, technical and test data pertaining to a Licensed Endolysin, New Endolysin, additional endolysin being considered for inclusion in this Agreement pursuant to Section 2.8 (*Additional Initial or New Endolysins*), or Licensed Product, including research data, clinical pharmacology data, CMC data (including analytical and quality control data and stability data), pre-clinical data, clinical data or submissions made in association with an IND or MAA with respect to any Licensed Endolysin New Endolysin, additional endolysin being considered for inclusion in this Agreement pursuant to Section 2.8 (*Additional Initial or New Endolysin*), or Licensed Product, in each case that is Controlled by a Party.

"Develop" means any and all actions directed to obtaining, maintaining or expanding Regulatory Approval(s) for a Licensed Product, including to research, develop (including clinical, non-clinical and CMC development), analyze, test and conduct preclinical, clinical and all other regulatory trials for a Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product, including all post-approval clinical trials, as well as all related regulatory activities. "Developing" and "Development" have correlative meanings.

"Development Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.2 (Development Diligence).

"Disclosing Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.1(a) (Duty of Confidence).

"Dollar" means United States dollars and "\$" shall be interpreted accordingly.

"EMA" means the European Medicines Agency or any successor agency thereto.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

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[***]

"Excluded Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.11(g) (Dispute Resolution).

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or any successor agency thereto.

"Field" means all uses, including the treatment, prevention and diagnosis of any and all human and animal diseases, disorders and conditions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Field excludes any use of any Licensed Product via topical administration.

"First Commercial Sale" means, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis, the first sale by or on behalf of Lysovant or any of its Affiliates to a Third Party for end use or consumption of a Licensed Product in a given country in the Territory after Regulatory Approval has been granted with respect to such Licensed Product in such country; provided that "First Commercial Sale" shall not include sale, disposal or use of a Licensed Product in a country (a) without charge for marketing, regulatory, development or charitable purposes, such as (if applicable) clinical trials, pre-clinical trials, compassionate use, distribution of free samples, named patient use, or indigent patient programs, or (b) not granted any Regulatory Exclusivity in such country.

"Fiscal Quarter" means each of the following three (3)-month periods during each Fiscal Year: January 1 through March 31; April 1 through June 30; July 1 through September 30; and October 1 through December 31; provided that the first Fiscal Quarter shall commence on the Effective Date and end on [***].

"Fiscal Year" means the period from April 1 of a Calendar Year through March 31 of the following Calendar Year.

"Generic Competition" means, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis, that, in a given Fiscal Quarter, one or more Third Parties is selling a Generic Product to such Licensed Product in such country and the unit volume of all Generic Products to such Licensed Product sold in such country in such Fiscal Quarter exceeds [***] of the combined unit volume of such Generic Products and such Licensed Product sold in such country in such Fiscal Quarter, where the number of units of the Generic Products and the Licensed Product sold in the relevant country and Fiscal Quarter are as reported by IQVIA or any successor thereto (or based on equivalent data reported by any other independent sales auditing firm mutually agreed by the Parties).

"Generic Product" means, with respect to a Licensed Product in a country, any product sold in such country by a Third Party (which may be called, for example, a "biogeneric," "follow-on biologic," of "biogeneric," "follow-on biologic," of "biogeneric," "follow-on biologic," of "biogeneric," "follow-on biologic," of "biosimilar product," of the same therapeutically active ingredient(s) as the active ingredient(s) in such Licensed Product and (b) is sold under an approved MAA that relied in whole or in part on the approved MAA for such Licensed Product as a basis for approval and that was approved by way of an abbreviated regulatory mechanism by the applicable Regulatory Authority, and is approved for an indication for which such Licensed Product is approved in such country, but limited, in each case, to a product that has not been licensed by Lysovant or its Affiliates to such Third Party in such country and that was not obtained in a chain of distribution that includes any of Lysovant or its Affiliates or Sublicensees.

"Governmental Authority" means any national, international, federal, state, provincial or local government, or political subdivision thereof, or any multinational organization or any

authority, agency or commission entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, judicial, legislative, police, regulatory or taxing authority or power, any court or tribunal (or any department, bureau or division thereof, or any governmental arbitrator or arbitral body).

"ICH" means the International Conference on Harmonisation (of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use).

"IND" means any investigational new drug application, clinical trial application, clinical trial exemption or similar or equivalent application or submission for approval to conduct human clinical investigation filed with or submitted to a Regulatory Authority in conformance with the requirements of such Regulatory Authority.

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure).

"Indemnifying Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure).

"Initial Endolysin" means (a) SAL200; (b) any other endolysin generated or developed by or on behalf of iNtRON or its Affiliate that (1) is Covered by an iNtRON Patent other than a Patent added to the Agreement after Lysovant exercises the New Endolysin Option for any New Endolysin in this Agreement pursuant to Section 2.7 (Option for New Endolysins); and (2) Lysovant elects to include in the license pursuant to Section 2.8 (Additional Initial or New Endolysins) and (c) any modification, variant, or derivative of the endolysins in (a) and (b). Each time Lysovant licenses an Initial Endolysin pursuant to Section 2.8 (Additional Initial or New Endolysins); the Parties shall update Exhibit A to include the structure and/or any other specifications for such Initial Endolysin.

"Initial Licensed Product" means any product containing an Initial Endolysin as an active ingredient, alone or in combination with one or more other therapeutically active products or pharmaceutical ingredients (but excluding any product or ingredient that is proprietary to iNtRON that is not a Licensed Endolysin), in any formulation, but excluding any formulation for topical administration.

"Initial Public Offering" means either: (a) the first underwritten public offering of equity securities by Lysovant or any Lysovant Controlled Affiliate pursuant to the Securities Act; or (b) any transaction in which fifty percent (50%) or more of the equity securities of Lysovant or any other Lysovant Controlled Affiliate are acquired by an entity with a class of securities registered under Section 12(b) or 12(g) of the Exchange Act and in which Lysovant's or such Lysovant Controlled Affiliate's stockholders immediately prior to such transaction will hold a majority of the voting securities of the surviving entity immediately after such transaction.

"Initial Transfer Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.5(a) (Transfer Plan).

"Initiation" means, with respect to a clinical trial, the first dosing (whether with investigational drug, comparator drug or placebo) of the first subject in such clinical trial. "Initiate" has the correlative meaning.

"iNtRON Indemnitee" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Lysovant).

"iNtRON Know-How" means, subject to Section 2.9 (*Third Party Licenses*), all Know-How that iNtRON or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that is reasonably necessary or useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product in the Field in the Territory, including iNtRON's interest in Joint Inventions.

"iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2(a) (Manufacturing Technology Transfer).

"iNtRON Patents" means, subject to Section 2.9 (*Third Party Licenses*), all Patents that iNtRON or its Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that Cover any Licensed Product in the Field or that are reasonably necessary or useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product in the Field in the Territory including, but not limited to, iNtRON's interest in any Joint Patents, and any Patents directly or indirectly prepared or filed by iNtRON after the Effective Date that claim any iNtRON Know-How. Without limiting the foregoing, the iNtRON Patents include those Patents set forth on Exhibit B, which the Parties shall update from time to time and each time Lysovant (a) exercises the New Endolysin Option for any New Endolysin in this Agreement pursuant to Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysins*) or (b) elects to license any additional endolysin pursuant to Section 2.8 (*Additional Initial or New Licensed Endolysins*)

"iNtRON Technology" means the iNtRON Know-How and the iNtRON Patents.

"Invention" means any process, method, composition of matter, article of manufacture, discovery, finding or other invention, whether or not patentable, that is made, generated, conceived or otherwise invented by a Party, whether alone or jointly with others, in the course of exercising rights, performing obligations or otherwise conducting activities under this Agreement (including Development or Commercialization of Licensed Products), whether directly or indirectly through its Affiliates, agents, consultants or independent contractors, together will any and all intellectual property rights therein.

[***]

"Joint Inventions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Joint Patents" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Know-How" means any information, discoveries, compounds, compositions, formulations, formulas, Inventions, dosage regimens, practices, procedures, processes, methods, knowledge, know-how, trade secrets, techniques, designs, drawings, correspondence, computer programs, documents, apparatus, results, strategies, regulatory documentation, information and submissions pertaining to, or made in association with, filings with any Governmental Authority or patent office, Data, assays, chemical formulations, specifications, material, product and other samples, physical, chemical and biological materials and compounds, and the like, in written, electronic, oral or other tangible or intangible form, now known or hereafter developed, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, but in all cases excluding any Patents.

"Knowledge" means, with respect to any matter in question, the actual knowledge of the head of the department responsible for the applicable matter, obtained after making reasonable inquiry as to such matter where it would be commercially reasonable to do so.

"Licensed Endolysin" means (a) any Initial Endolysin and (b) any New Licensed Endolysin.

"Licensed Product" means (a) any Initial Licensed Product and (b) any New Licensed Product. For the avoidance of doubt, Licensed Product includes any Combination Products.

"Lysovant Controlled Affiliates" means [***].

"Lysovant Data" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(a) (Data).

"Lysovant Indemnitee" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.1 (Indemnification by iNtRON).

"Lysovant Know-How" means all Know-How that Lysovant or any Lysovant Controlled Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that is reasonably necessary or useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product, including the Lysovant Data, Lysovant's Sole Inventions and Lysovant's interest in Joint Inventions.

"Lysovant Patents" means all Patents that Lysovant or any Lysovant Controlled Affiliates Control as of the Effective Date or during the Term that Cover any Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product or that are reasonably necessary or useful for the Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product in the Field, including Lysovant's interest in Joint Patents.

"Lysovant Technology" means the Lysovant Know-How and the Lysovant Patents.

"MAA" means an application to the appropriate Regulatory Authority for approval to market for commercial sale a Licensed Product (but excluding Pricing Approval) in a country, including (a) an NDA, (b) a BLA, or (c) an application for authorization to market and/or sell a drug product submitted to a Regulatory Authority in a country other than the U.S., in each case ((a), (b) or (c)), including all amendments and supplements thereto.

"Major Market" means each of the [***].

"Manufacturing Transfer Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2(a) (Manufacturing Technology Transfer).

"NDA" means a new drug application submitted to the FDA pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 355(b).

[***]

[***]

(i) [***]

(h) [***]

(g) [***]

(f) [***]

(e) [***]

(d) [***]

(c) [***]

(b) [***]

(a) [***]

"Net Sales" "Net Sales" means [***]:

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

(1) [***]

- [***]
- [***]

- [***]

- [***]
- [***]
- Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.
- CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

(2) [***] (3) [***]

"New Endolysin" means any endolysin created or developed by, or on behalf of, iNtRON or its Affiliates as of the Effective Date and/or at any time during the Term that is [***].

"New Endolysin Diligence Package" means, with respect to each New Endolysin, documents in a virtual data room to which Lysovant is given access, containing the following [***]:

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(a) [***] (b) [***] (c) [***] (d) [***]

(e) [***]

(f) [***]

"New Endolysin Evaluation Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(e) (New Endolysin Diligence Package).

"New Endolysin Exclusivity Period" means, subject to earlier termination as provided in Section 2.7(f)(iii) (*New Endolysin Option Exercise*), (a) with respect to a given New [***] Endolysin, the period extending from the [***] until the earliest of [***] or (b) with respect to a given New [***] Endolysin, the period extending from [***] until the earliest of [***].

"New Endolysin Initial Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(c) (Notification).

"New Endolysin Initial Response" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(d) (New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation).

"New Endolysin Milestone Event" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments).

"New Endolysin Option" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(a) (New Endolysin Option).

"New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(a) (New Endolysin Option).

"New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(d) (New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation).

"New [***] Endolysin" means any New Endolysin that is [***].

"New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(f)(ii) (New Endolysin Option Exercise).

"New [***] Endolysin" means any New Endolysin that is [***].

"New Licensed Endolysin" means (a) for each New [***] Endolysin for which Lysovant exercises the New Endolysin Option and pays the option exercise fee pursuant to Section 2.7(f)(i) (New Endolysin Option Exercise): (1) the New [***] Endolysin; [***] or (b) for each New [***] Endolysin for which the Parties agree on terms pursuant to Section 2.7(f)(ii) (New Endolysin Option Exercise): (1) the New [***] Endolysin; [***].

"New Licensed Product" means any product containing any New Licensed Endolysin as an active ingredient, alone or in combination with one or more other therapeutically active products or pharmaceutical ingredients (but excluding any product or ingredient that is proprietary to iNtRON that is not a Licensed Endolysin), in any formulation, but excluding any formulation for topical administration.

"New Transfer Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.5(b) (New Transfer Plan).

"Ongoing Clinical Trials" means (a) [***] in each case as being conducted by iNtRON or its Affiliates as of the Effective Date.

"Person" means an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, joint stock company, trust, incorporated association, joint venture or similar entity or organization, including a government or political subdivision, department or agency of a government.

"Patents" means (a) all patents, utility models, certificates of invention, applications for certificates of invention, priority patent filings and patent applications, and similar statutory rights for the protection of inventions, and (b) any renewals, divisions, continuations (in whole or in part), or requests for continued examination of any of such patents, certificates of invention and patent applications, any and all patents or certificates of invention issuing thereon, and any and all reissuances, reexaminations, extensions, divisions, renewals, substitutions, confirmations, registrations, revisions, and additions of or to any of the foregoing.

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

[***]

"Phase 1 Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial that would satisfy the requirements for a Phase 1 study as defined in 21 CFR § 312.21(a) (or any amended or successor regulations) or any equivalent regulations in other countries in the Territory, regardless of where such clinical trial is conducted.

"Phase 2 Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial that would satisfy the requirements for a Phase 2 study as defined in 21 CFR § 312.21(b) (or any amended or successor regulations) or any equivalent regulations in other countries in the Territory, regardless of where such clinical trial is conducted.

"Phase 3 Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial that would satisfy the requirements for a Phase 3 study as defined in 21 CFR § 312.21(c) (or any amended or successor regulations) or any equivalent regulations in other countries in the Territory, regardless of where such clinical trial is conducted. A Phase 3 Clinical Trial includes (a) a human clinical trial that is designed to satisfy the requirements of both 21 C.F.R. § 312.21(b) and 21 C.F.R. § 312.21(c) or equivalent regulations outside the U.S. (i.e., a Phase 2/3 trial) and (b) a Phase 2 Clinical Trial that is subsequently optimized or expanded to satisfy the requirements of 21 C.F.R. § 312.21(c) or to provide sufficient data to support the preparation and submission of an MAA, in which case the first dosing of the first subject in such trial shall be deemed to have been achieved upon the first dosing of the first subject under the optimized or expanded protocol for such clinical trial.

"PMDA" means Japan's Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency or any successor entity thereto.

"Pricing Approval" means such governmental approval, agreement, determination or decision establishing prices for a Licensed Product that can be charged or reimbursed in a regulatory jurisdiction where the applicable Governmental Authorities approve or determine the price or reimbursement of pharmaceutical products and where such approval or determination is reasonably necessary for the commercial sale of such Licensed Product in such jurisdiction.

"Product Infringement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.4(a) (Notice).

"Proposals" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.12 (Baseball Arbitration).

"Public Official or Entity" means any: (a) officer or employee of a Governmental Authority or of a public international organization, or any person acting in an official capacity for or on behalf of such person: (b) officer, employee or person acting in an official capacity on behalf of a political party: (c) candidate for political office; (d) officer or employee of a government-owned or government-controlled entity or company, including public stock companies in which the majority shareholders are government-owned or government-controlled entity or company, including public stock companies in which the majority shareholders are government-owned or government-controlled entities or companies, regardless of the officer's or employee's rank or title; (e) uncompensated honorary officials who have influence in the award of business; (f) members of royal families; (g) entity hired to review or accept bids for a Governmental Authority; (h) officials, whether elected, appointed or under a contract, permanent or temporary, who hold a legislative, administrative, or judicial position of any kind in a country or territory; (i) person who performs public functions in any branch of the

national, local, or municipal governments of a country or territory or who exercises a public function for any public agency or public enterprise of such country or territory; (j) executive, officer, agent or employee acting in a business (even if privately owned) providing a service to the general public; or (k) immediate family members of any of the persons listed above. An immediate family member is a parent, spouse, significant other, child, or sibling.

"Qualified Event" means the earliest to occur of: (a) an Initial Public Offering; (b) one or more capital contributions to Lysovant or any other Lysovant Controlled Affiliate with aggregate gross offering proceeds to Lysovant or any other Lysovant Controlled Affiliate of at least [***] (which shall include amounts contributed to Lysovant or any other Lysovant Controlled Affiliate after the Effective Date by Affiliates of Lysovant (whether as contributions to capital, equity investments or otherwise)), as well as offering proceeds raised by the surviving entity as described in clause (b) of the definition of Initial Public Offering); (c) a sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets or business of Lysovant or any other Lysovant Controlled Affiliate pertaining to Licensed Products to a Third Party; (d) the acquisition by a Third Party of more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting power of the outstanding voting securities of Lysovant or other such Lysovant Controlled Affiliate immediately prior to such merger or consolidation will hold at least fifty percent (50%) of the voting power of the outstanding securities of the acquisition or consolidation, as the case may be, immediately after such acquisition or consolidation.

"Receiving Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.1(a) (Duty of Confidence).

"Regulatory Approval" means all approvals, including Pricing Approvals (if any) and MAAs, that are necessary for the commercial sale of a Licensed Product in a given country or regulatory jurisdiction.

"Regulatory Authority" means any applicable Governmental Authority responsible for granting Regulatory Approvals for Licensed Product, including the FDA, the EMA, the PMDA, and any corresponding national or regional regulatory authorities.

"Regulatory Documentation" means all applications, filings, submissions, approvals, licenses, registrations, permits, notifications and authorizations (or waivers), all correspondence submitted to or received from Regulatory Authorities (including minutes and official contact reports relating to any communications with any Regulatory Authority), all reports and documentation in connection with studies and tests (including study reports and study protocols, and copies of all interim study analysis), and all Data contained in any of the foregoing, with respect to the testing, Development, manufacture or Commercialization of any Licensed Product, including any IND, NDA, MAA, Regulatory Approval, manufacturing data and drug master files.

"Regulatory Exclusivity" means any exclusive marketing rights or data exclusivity rights conferred by any Regulatory Authority with respect to a pharmaceutical product other than Patents, including orphan drug exclusivity, new chemical entity exclusivity, data exclusivity, or pediatric exclusivity.

"Remedial Action" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.4 (Remedial Actions).

"Royalty Term" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.3(b) (Royalty Term).

"Safety Data" means Data related solely to any adverse drug experiences and serious adverse drug experiences as such information is reportable to Regulatory Authorities. Safety Data also includes "adverse events", "adverse drug reactions" and "unexpected adverse drug reactions" as defined in the ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline for Clinical Safety Data Management: Definitions and Standards for Expedited Reporting.

"SAL200" means the endolysin referred to by iNtRON as SAL200 and having the structure and/or any other specifications set forth in Exhibit A.

"SAL200 Milestone Event" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments).

"SEC" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.7(a) (Disclosure to the SEC).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Selling Entity" means Lysovant and any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees, in each case in its capacity as seller of Licensed Products.

"Sole Inventions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(b) (Ownership of Inventions).

"Sublicense" means sublicense granted by Lysovant under the licenses granted by iNtRON to Lysovant in Section 2.1 (License to Lysovant).

"Sublicensee" means a Third Party to whom Lysovant or its Affiliates has granted a Sublicense in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to a Party or a Third Party, any entity that now or in the future, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, is controlled by such Party or Third Party, as applicable, but for only so long as such control exists. As used in this definition of "Subsidiary", "control" means (a) to possess, directly or indirectly, the power to direct the management or policies of an entity, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract relating to voting rights or corporate governance, or otherwise, or (b) direct or indirect beneficial ownership of more than fifty percent (50%) (or such lesser percentage which is the maximum allowed to be owned by a foreign corporation in a particular jurisdiction) of the voting share capital or other equity interest in such entity.

"Tax" or "Taxes" means (a) all federal, provincial, territorial, state, municipal, local, foreign or other taxes, imposts, rates, levies, assessments and other charges in the nature of a tax (and all interest and penalties thereon and additions thereto imposed by any Governmental Authority), including all income, excise, franchise, gains, capital, real property, goods and services, transfer, value added, gross receipts, windfall profits, severance, ad valorem, personal property, production, sales, use, license, stamp, documentary stamp, mortgage recording.

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employment, payroll, social security, unemployment, disability, escheat, estimated or withholding taxes, and all customs and import duties, together with all interest, penalties and additions thereto imposed with respect to such amounts, in each case whether disputed or not, (b) any liability for the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (a) as a result of being or having been a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group; and (c) any liability for the payment of any amounts as a result of being party to any tax sharing agreement or arrangement or as a result of any express or implied obligation to indemnify any other person with respect to the payment of any amounts of the type described in clause (a) or (b).

"Term" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.1 (Term).

"Territory" means worldwide.

"Third Party" means any Person other than iNtRON or Lysovant or an Affiliate of iNtRON or Lysovant.

"Third Party License" means any Third Party agreement that is deemed to be a Third Party License pursuant to Section 2.9 (Third Party Licenses).

"Transfer Plan" means, as applicable, (a) the Initial Transfer Plan, or (b) a New Transfer Plan.

"Transfer Tax" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.7(c) (Transfer Tax).

"United States" or "U.S." means the United States of America, including its territories and possessions.

"Valid Claim" means (a) a claim of an issued and unexpired Patent that has not been revoked or held unenforceable, unpatentable or invalid by a decision of a court or other governmental agency of competent jurisdiction that is not appealable or has not been appealed within the time allowed for appeal, and that has not been abandoned, disclaimed, denied or admitted to be invalid or unenforceable through reissue, re-examination or disclaimer or otherwise or (b) [***].

ARTICLE 2 LICENSE GRANT

2.1 License to Lysovant. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, iNtRON, on behalf of itself and its Affiliates, hereby grants to Lysovant an exclusive (even as to iNtRON and its Affiliates, but subject to Section 2.3 (*Retained Rights*)), royalty-bearing license, with the right to grant Sublicenses, including through multiple tiers, in accordance with Section 2.2 (*Sublicense Rights*), under the iNtRON Technology to research, Develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise Commercialize Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory.

2.2 Sublicense Rights. Subject to the terms of this Section 2.2 (*Sublicense Rights*), Lysovant may grant Sublicenses of the license granted in Section 2.1 (*License to Lysovant*), including through multiple tiers, to Affiliates of Lysovant or any Third Parties without the consent of, but with prior written notice to, iNtRON. Such notice shall include the name of the applicable Affiliates (s) or Third Party and description of the applicable Licensed Product and scope of the license granted. Lysovant shall not need to provide such notice for the grant of any sublicense entered into by Lysovant in the ordinary course of its business to a Third Party subcontractor conducting activities on behalf of Lysovant in order for Lysovant to perform its obligations under this Agreement. Lysovant shall remain responsible for the performance of all of its Affiliate or Sublicensees to the same extent as if such activities were conducted by Lysovant. Any Sublicense granted hereunder, whether to an Affiliate or Sublicensee, such that iNtRON will have the same rights thereto under this Agreement as if such to Data and Inventions made or generated by Lysovant, subject to such Affiliate's or Sublicensee's consent and any Applicable Law. Within [***] after execution, Lysovant shall provide iNtRON with a copy of each agreement granting a Sublicensee to any Third Party (other than any sublicense entered into by Lysovant with a Third Party subcontractor conducting activities on behalf of Lysovant, subject to such Affiliate's or Sublicense of its business in order for Lysovant to perform its obligations under this Agreement as if such Data and Inventions were made or generated by Lysovant, subject to such Affiliate's or Sublicensee to any Third Party (other than any sublicense entered into by Lysovant with a Third Party subcontractor conducting activities on behalf of Lysovant in the ordinary course of its business in order for Lysovant to perform its obligations under this Agreement), which copy may be redacted of any confidential info

2.3 Retained Rights. iNtRON hereby expressly reserves (a) all rights to practice, and to grant licenses under, the iNtRON Technology outside the scope of the exclusive license granted in Section 2.1 (*License to Lysovant*), for any and all purposes, and (b) the right to conduct research for the purpose of generating additional endolysins and conducting pre-clinical development of such endolysins, subject to Section 2.8 (*Additional Initial or New Endolysins*).

2.4 License to iNtRON. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Lysovant, on behalf of itself and its Affiliates, hereby grants to iNtRON a non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free, license, with the right to grant sublicenses through multiple tiers, under the Lysovant Patents and Lysovant Know-How that is reasonably necessary or useful to research, develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export and otherwise commercialize products containing Licensed Endolysins formulated for topical administration. Lysovant will discuss with iNtRON in good faith a mechanism for disclosing such Lysovant Know-How to iNtRON, provided that with respect to Data included in the Lysovant Know-How, Lysovant will only need to provide material Data that is reasonably necessary or useful for products containing Licensed Endolysins formulated for topical administration.

2.5 Transfer of Know-How and Materials

(a) Initial Transfer Plan. Within [***] after the Effective Date, the Parties shall agree on a plan for the transfer to Lysovant of (i) any iNtRON Know-How (including the Data therein) with respect to the Initial Licensed Product, and (ii) certain materials that are reasonably necessary or useful for the Development or manufacture of the Initial Licensed Product, in each case Controlled by iNtRON or its Affiliates as of the Effective Date, which plan shall be attached hereto as Exhibit C (the "Initial Transfer Plan"). Such INtRON Know-How will be transferred in the English language.

(b) New Transfer Plans. Within [***] after Lysovant's exercise of the New Endolysin Option for any New Endolysin pursuant to Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysins*) or Lysovant's election to license any additional Initial Endolysin or New Endolysin pursuant to Section 2.8 (*Additional Initial or New Endolysins*), the Parties shall (A) agree on a plan for the transfer of (1) any iNRON Know-How (*including the Data therein*) with respect to the applicable Initial Licensed Product or New Licensed Product, and (2) any other materials that are reasonably necessary or useful for the Development or manufacture of such Initial Licensed Product or New Licensed Product, in each case Controlled by iNRON or its Affiliates as of the date of such transfer to Lysovant (the "New Transfer Plan"), and (B) update Exhibit C with such New Transfer Plan. Such Know-How and materials will be provided by iNRON in the English language.

(c) Transfer. As soon as reasonably practical and pursuant to the applicable Transfer Plan, iNtRON shall commence disclosing and making available to Lysovant the iNtRON Know-How and materials listed in such Transfer Plan, according to the timeline set forth in such Transfer Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, iNtRON agrees to use reasonable efforts to complete the foregoing transfers no later than [***] or such other period as reasonably agreed to by the Parties to complete such transfer right in case of the transfer with respect to any Initial Licensed Product, or (ii) the Parties agree on the applicable New Transfer Plan in case of the transfer with respect to any Initial Licensed Product, or (ii) the Parties agree on the applicable New Transfer Plan in case of the transfer in good faith to enable a smooth transfer of the applicable iNtRON Know-How and materials to Lysovant. Upon Lysovant's reasonable request and upon reasonable prior notice, iNtRON shall provide up to [***] of reasonable technical assistance (including making appropriate employees available to Lysovant at reasonable times, places, and frequency, and facilitating Lysovant's contact to the respective research laboratories, contract manufacturing organization and contract research organizations), for the purpose of assisting Lysovant to understand and use the iNtRON Know-How in connection with Lysovant's Development of Licensed Products. NitRON shall consider in good faith any requests for assistance in excess of solt [***] which will be provided up iNtRON or its Affiliates as of the Effective Date or the date that the Parties gareed on the New Transfer Plan, as applicable, but was not transferred to Lysovant; or (B) one or both Parties become aware of iNtRON Know-How that first came within the Control of iNtRON Know-How to Lysovant; or request, iNtRON shall promptly disclose and transfer Plan, as applicable Party will notify the other Party, and upon Lysovant's request, iNtRON shall promptly disclose and transfer Plan, as and plicable intresp

(d) Materials. All materials provided by iNtRON under this Section 2.5 (*Transfer of Know-How and Materials*) and under Section 5.2 (*Manufacturing Technology Transfer*) shall remain the sole property of iNtRON. Lysovant shall use such materials solely to Develop and manufacture Licensed Products in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and shall not use such materials in research or testing involving human subjects, unless expressly

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agreed by iNtRON. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, the materials provided by iNtRON under this Section 2.5 (*Transfer of Know-How and Materials*) are provided on an "as-is" basis without any representation or warranty of any type, express or implied, including any representation or warranty of merchantability, noninfringement, title or fitness for a particular purpose, each of which is hereby expressly disclaimed by iNtRON.

2.6 No Implied Licenses; Negative Covenant. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, neither Party shall acquire under this Agreement any license or other intellectual property right or interest, by implication or otherwise, under or to any Patents, Know-How or other intellectual property owned or controlled by the other Party. Each Party shall not, and shall not permit any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees to, practice any Patents or Know-How licensed to it by the other Party outside the scope of the licenses granted to it under this Agreement.

2.7 Option for New Endolysins.

(a) New Endolysin Option. iNtRON, on behalf of itself and its Affiliates, hereby grants to Lysovant, on a New Endolysin-by-New Endolysin basis, an option, exercisable during the applicable New Endolysin Exclusivity Period, to [***] either on or before the Effective Date or during the first [***] of the Term under the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement (as to each such option, the "New Endolysin Option"). For purposes of this Section 2.7(a) (*New Endolysin Option*), a New Endolysin, ull be considered created or developed during the first [***] of the Term if [***] before the date that is [***] from [***]. With respect to each such New Endolysin, Lysovant shall have the right, but not the obligation, to exercise the New Endolysin Option in its sole discretion at any time during the applicable New Endolysin Exclusivity Period by delivering written notice of such exercise to INRON (the "New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice") and complying with the applicable terms and conditions of this Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysins*). iNtRON shall [***] to research and develop New Endolysins until after this period of time has elapsed.

(b) Option Exclusivity. iNtRON hereby covenants that during the New Endolysin Exclusivity Period for each New Endolysin: (i) iNtRON and its Affiliates shall not, and iNtRON shall ensure that its Affiliates do not, directly or indirectly, enter into any agreement or arrangement with any Third Party which includes [***] and (ii) iNtRON and its Affiliates shall not, and iNtRON shall ensure that its Affiliates do not, directly or indirectly; [***].

(c) Notification.

(i) During the Term, iNtRON shall notify Lysovant in writing of each New Endolysin at least [***] but no more than [***] prior to the anticipated [***] such New Endolysin (notwithstanding the foregoing, it being understood that (A) prior to such notice, iNtRON or its Affiliates shall have completed [***] (B) iNtRON shall make such notification prior to a submission of any [***] in connection with the applicable New Endolysin, and (C) iNtRON shall not Initiate any [***] for such New Endolysin during the applicable New Endolysin Exclusivity Period) (such notification, the "New Endolysin Initial Notice").

(ii) Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, during the first [***] of the Term, the Parties shall have a discussion at least [***] every [***]. iNtRON shall consider Lysovant's comments with respect to such research and development activities in good faith.

(d) New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation. Within [***] after receiving the New Endolysin Initial Notice (the "New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation Period"), Lysovant shall inform iNtRON in writing as to whether Lysovant desires to proceed with the evaluation of the applicable New Endolysin by receiving a New Endolysin Diligence Package with respect to such New Endolysin pursuant to Section 2.7(e) (New Endolysin Diligence Package) (such notice, the "New Endolysin Initial Response").

(e) New Endolysin Diligence Package. If Lysovant sends iNtRON a New Endolysin Initial Response within the New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation Period indicating that Lysovant is interested in further evaluating the applicable New Endolysin, then within [***] after receipt of such New Endolysin Initial Response, iNtRON shall make available to Lysovant the New Endolysin Diligence Package for such New Endolysin (which, for clarity, shall mean that relevant employees, agents, contractors or consultants of Lysovant who are under confidentiality obligations reasonably acceptable to iNtRON have access to the virtual data room(s) containing the contents of the New Endolysin Diligence Package). Commencing upon the date on which Lysovant is provided access to the complete New Endolysin Diligence Package

pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence and continuing for [***] thereafter (the "New Endolysin Evaluation Period"), specifically identified employees, agents, contractors and consultants of Lysovant will have the right to review the information in such New Endolysin Diligence Package solely to evaluate the applicable New Endolysin for the purpose of determining whether to exercise the New Endolysin Option thereto. During the New Endolysin Evaluation Period, Lysovant and its Affiliates may make reasonable requests to iNtRON for additional information and records related to the applicable New Endolysin that would be reasonably necessary or useful for Lysovant's decision of whether to exercise the New Endolysin Option (including the requests to gain access to iNtRON's subject matter experts for discussions, presentations and/or Q&A sessions), and iNtRON shall use reasonable efforts to respond to such requests within [***] thereof; <u>provided</u> that if iNtRON does not provide such reasonably requested additional information, if available to and Controlled by iNtRON, to Lysovant within such [***] period, then the New Endolysin Evaluation Period shall be extended by a period of time equal to the number of days after such [***] period during which iNtRON fails to provide such reasonably requested additional information, if iNtRON or any of its Affiliates comes into possession and Control of any additional material data, information, reports or correspondence specifically related to the New Endolysin Evaluation Period, NHRON shall promptly, but in all cases within [***] after such data, information, report or correspondence comes into iNtRON's or any of its Affiliates' possession and Control of any additional provide such Atata, information, reports or correspondence to Lysovant. At Lysovant's reasonable request, iNtRON shall provide to Lysovant during the New Endolysin Evaluation Period sufficient quantities of New Endolysin (in the requested form) or other materials related to such New Endolysin for Lysovant's

(f) New Endolysin Option Exercise.

(i) If Lysovant provides a New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice with respect to a New Endolysin that is a New [***] Endolysin during the New Endolysin Evaluation Period and pays the [***] fee under Section 7.1 (Upfront Payments) within the time frame set forth in that section for such New [***] Endolysin, then such New [***] Endolysin shall be included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin as of the date of such New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice, Augoant will inform iNtRON if it has determined that it intends to develop such New [***] Endolysin only for use in [***] (A) an [***] or (B) one or more other [***]. The determination that such New [***] Endolysin will be developed only for use in [***] will be made [***] but in good faith discussions with iNtRON. Lysovant may only determine that such New [***] Endolysin will be developed only for use in [***] if all or substantially all of the [***] performed by [***] with respect to such New [***] Endolysin will be developed only for use in [***] Endolysin will be developed only for use in [***] Endolysin was for use in [***] with not beveloped only for use in [***] Endolysin was for use in [***] with not beveloped only for use in [***] Endolysin on its own and not as part of a [***].

(ii) If Lysovant provides a New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice with respect to a New [***] Endolysin, then commencing upon the date of such New Endolysin Option Exercise Notice and for [***] thereafter, the Parties shall exclusively negotiate in good faith the terms of any upfront payments, development milestone payments, regulatory milestone payments and royalty payments, if any, in connection with the applicable New [***] Endolysin (such negotiation period, the "New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period"). iNtRON shall [***] with respect to the foregoing terms during the New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period.

(A) If the Parties reach an agreement on the foregoing terms within the New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period, then such New [***] Endolysin shall be included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin as of the date of such agreement or any other date the Parties agreed on. For the avoidance of doubt, the upfront payment, development milestone payment, regulatory milestone payment, and royalty payment terms the Parties agreed on in accordance with Section 2.7(f)(ii) (New Endolysin Option Exercise) shall replace the applicable terms in ARTICLE 7 (Financial Provisions) in connection with the applicable New [***] Endolysin and any associated New Licensed Product, however any other terms and conditions hereof, including Section 7.2(b) (Sales Milestone Payments), shall apply with respect to such New Licensed Product after a good faith discussion, provided that such amended terms and conditions shall be [***] to the corresponding terms and conditions herein).

(B) [***].

(iii) If, with respect to any New Endolysin, Lysovant (A) fails to provide the New Endolysin Initial Response within the applicable New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation Period, (B) fails to exercise the New Endolysin Option pursuant to Section 2.7 (*New Endolysin Option Exercise*) within the applicable New Endolysin Evaluation Period (if any); (C) fails to reach agreement with iNtRON during the applicable New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period (if any); or (D) notifies iNtRON during such New Endolysin Pre-Evaluation Period, New Endolysin Period (if any), or New [***] Endolysins Negotiation Period (if any) that it is not interested in the applicable New Endolysin, then in each case (A)-(D) [***].

2.8 Additional Initial or New Endolysins. iNtRON shall have the right, at all times, to conduct research for the purpose of generating additional endolysins Covered by iNtRON Patents included in this Agreement. iNtRON shall not file an IND for any such additional endolysin until the expiration of Lysovant's rights thereto under this Section 2.8. In addition, upon Lysovant's request, the Parties shall discuss in good faith any such research that Lysovant desires iNtRON to conduct. [***].

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2.9 Third Party Licenses.

(a) Subject to Section 7.3(c)(i) (Royalty Adjustment for Third Party License Payments), after the Effective Date, if iNtRON becomes aware of any Know-How or Patents owned by a Third Party that are [***] iNtRON will promptly notify Lysovant and provide Lysovant with a reasonable opportunity to negotiate the terms of a license to such KnowHow or Patents with such Third Party. If Lysovant does not enter into any license for such KnowHow or Patents and iNtRON enters into any agreement with the Third Party after [***] that includes a license from such Third Party to iNtRON under such Know-How or Patents then iNtRON shall promptly notify Lysovant, identifying the relevant Know-How or Patents. [***].

(b) [***].

ARTICLE 3 DEVELOPMENT

3.1 General. Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including in the applicable Transfer Plan), as between the Parties, (a) Lysovant shall be responsible for the Development of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory, including the performance of preclinical and clinical studies of any Licensed Product in the Field and the manufacture and supply of Licensed Products for use in such Development work, and (b) Lysovant shall be solely responsible for the cost for the Development of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. [***].

3.2 Development Diligence. Lysovant, directly or indirectly through its Lysovant Controlled Affiliates or Sublicensees, shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to Develop and to seek Regulatory Approval for at least [***]. Lysovant and its Affiliates and Sublicensees shall conduct all Development of Licensed Products according to a comprehensive development plan prepared by Lysovant within [***] after Lysovant's receipt of the clinical study reports of the Ongoing Clinical Trials, and updated thereafter by Lysovant as reasonably necessary (but at least every [***]) in connection with the Development and Regulatory Approval of the Licensed Product ("Development Plan"). Lysovant shall provide the initial Development Plan and each amendment and update thereto to iNtRON for its review and comment, and shall consider all comments of iNtRON thereto in good faith. The Development Plan shall include reasonably detailed descriptions of and estimated timelines for all material non-clinical and clinical studies of Licensed Products and material regulatory strategy for Licensed Products in the Territory. If any portion of the Development Plan contradicts, or creates inconsistencies or ambiguities with, the terms of this Agreement, then the terms of this Agreement will govern.

3.3 Development Records and Updates. Lysovant shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to maintain reasonably complete, current and accurate records of all Development activities conducted by or on behalf of Lysovant, its Affiliates and Sublicensees for any Licensed Product in the Field, and all data and other information resulting from such activities. Such records shall properly reflect all work done and results achieved in the performance of the Development activities in good scientific manner appropriate for regulatory and patent purposes. Subject to this Section 3.3 (Development Records and Updates), Lysovant shall keep iNtRON regularly informed of the status of all material Development activities conducted with respect to

Licensed Products in the Field. Without limiting the foregoing, with respect to each Licensed Product, following the Effective Date and until such time as (a) the First Regulatory Approval of a Licensed Product or (b) the Initial Public Offering, at least once every [***], Lysovant shall provide iNtRON with a summary in reasonable detail of all material data and results generated or obtained in the course of Lysovant's and its Affiliates' and Sublicensees' performance of Development activities with respect to such Licensed Product, covering subject matter at a level of detail reasonably requested by iNtRON and sufficient to enable iNtRON to determine Lysovant's compliance with its diligence obligations under Section 3.2 (Development Diligence). Lysovant shall promptly respond to any reasonable inquiries from iNtRON with respect to the Development of Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products, including, if reasonably necessary, by arranging discussions between the responsible personnel of Lysovant or its Affiliate and iNtRON management at reasonable frequency, [***] to discuss the progress of such Development.

3.4 Compliance. Lysovant agrees that, in performing its obligations and exercising its rights under this Agreement, (a) it and its Affiliates and Sublicensees shall comply with all Applicable Laws, and (b) neither it nor its Affiliates nor Sublicensees shall employ or engage any person who has been debarred or disqualified by any Regulatory Authority, or, to its Knowledge, is the subject of debarrent or disqualification proceedings by a Regulatory Authority.

3.5 Subcontractor. Each Party may engage subcontractors for the performance of its obligations under the Agreement and shall cause the subcontractors engaged by it to be bound by written obligations of confidentiality and non-use of the other Party's Confidential Information and invention assignment consistent with those contained herein, and such Party shall remain primarily responsible for the performance of such subcontractors.

ARTICLE 4 REGULATORY

4.1 Regulatory Responsibilities. As between the Parties, except for regulatory activities with respect to the Ongoing Clinical Trials, Lysovant shall be responsible for all regulatory activities necessary to obtain and maintain Regulatory Approval of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. Lysovant shall keep iNtRON informed of material regulatory developments related to Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory.

4.2 Regulatory Documentation. Effective at a time to be determined by the Parties but promptly following completion of the Ongoing Clinical Trials, iNRON shall and hereby does assign to Lysovant all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals related to any Licensed Product, excluding any Data therein that are not required in the Development of such Licensed Product, and iNtRON shall promptly take all actions reasonably requested by Lysovant to effect and evidence such assignment. [***]. Except for Regulatory Documentation in connection with the Ongoing Clinical Trials prior to the assignment thereof to Lysovant shall prepare and submit all Regulatory Documentation for Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory and shall own all Regulatory Documentation for Licensed Products in the Field in Lysovant, iNtRON shall provide Lysovant with, or provide Lysovant access to, all raw data underlying or

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referenced in, any Regulatory Documentation, to the extent not provided as part of the transfer contemplated under Section 2.3 (*Initial Transfer of Know-How and Materials*); provided, that if iNtRON is not able under Applicable Laws to provide access to Lysovant to such raw data, and if such data is required or requested by any Regulatory Authority, iNtRON shall provide such raw data directly to such Regulatory Authority on Lysovant's behalf upon request of Lysovant.

4.3 Rights of Reference. iNtRON hereby grants Lysovant and its Affiliates and Sublicensees the right to reference all Regulatory Documentation (including data contained therein) for the Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products. Lysovant hereby grants iNtRON and its Affiliates and licensees the right to reference all Regulatory Documentation (including data contained therein) for the Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products. Lysovant hereby grants iNtRON and its Affiliates and licensees the right to reference all Regulatory Documentation (including data contained therein) for the Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products, solely for the purposes of developing and commercializing products containing Licensed Endolysins formulated for topical administration.

4.4 Remedial Actions. Each Party shall notify the other Party immediately, and promptly confirm such notice in writing, if it obtains information indicating that a Licensed Product may be subject to any recall, corrective action, or other regulatory action with respect to the Licensed Product taken by virtue of Applicable Laws (a "Remedial Action"). iNtRON shall provide any assistance reasonably requested by Lysovant in connection with its gathering and evaluating such information as is necessary to determine the necessity of conducting a Remedial Action. Lysovant shall be solely responsible for conducting any Remedial Action, [***] to provide any related assistance.

4.5 [***].

ARTICLE 5 MANUFACTURING

5.1 Manufacturing Responsibilities. Lysovant shall be solely responsible, [***] for the non-clinical, clinical and commercial manufacture and supply of Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products for all uses under this Agreement, except for the Ongoing Clinical Trials. Lysovant may conduct such manufacturing activities itself or through its Affiliate or a CMO, including a CMO used by iNtRON, to manufacture Licensed Endolysins or Licensed Products. Upon Lysovant's reasonable request, iNtRON shall provide any authorizations reasonably necessary for its CMO to use iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How in connection with such manufacture and supply to Lysovant.

5.2 Manufacturing Technology Transfer. In order to enable Lysovant or its CMO to manufacture Licensed Products, iNtRON shall perform or facilitate technology transfer to Lysovant or its CMO as set forth below:

(a) During a mutually agreed time period of at least [***] (the "Manufacturing Transfer Period") from the date Lysovant elects to manufacture Licensed Products, iNtRON shall make available and transfer to Lysovant copies of the iNtRON Know-How and any materials that are necessary for the manufacture of the Licensed Products and that as of such date are being used by iNtRON to manufacture the Licensed Products (the "iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How") solely for Lysovant, its Affiliates or its CMO to manufacture or have manufacture the Licensed Products in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. [***].

(b) During the Manufacturing Transfer Period, upon Lysovant's request, iNtRON shall make available to Lysovant, its Affiliates or its CMO a reasonable number of appropriately trained personnel to provide, on a mutually convenient timetable, [***] of reasonable technical assistance (both on site and otherwise) in the transfer and demonstration of the iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How that is necessary to manufacture Licensed Products at no cost. After the Manufacturing free Period, if requested by Lysovant, iNtRON shall use reasonable efforts to provide additional technical assistance in the transfer of iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How to Lysovant. [***].

ARTICLE 6 COMMERCIALIZATION

6.1 General. As between the Parties, subject to the terms of this Agreement, Lysovant shall be responsible for all aspects of the Commercialization of the Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory, including: (a) developing and executing a commercial launch and pre-launch plan;

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(b) negotiating with applicable Governmental Authorities regarding the price and reimbursement status of the Licensed Products and obtaining and maintaining Pricing Approvals; (c) marketing, medical affairs, and promotion; (d) booking sales and distribution and performance of related services; (e) handling all aspects of order processing, invoicing and collection, inventory and receivables; (f) providing customer support, including handling medical queries, and performing other related functions; and (g) conforming its practices and procedures to Applicable Law relating to the marketing, detailing and promotion of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. As between the Parties, Lysovant shall be solely responsible for the costs and expenses of Commercialization of the Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory.

6.2 Commercial Diligence. Lysovant, directly or indirectly through Affiliates or Sublicensees, shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to Commercialize each Licensed Product in the Field in each Major Market in which it obtains Regulatory Approval for such Licensed Product. Lysovant will also consider in good faith any opportunities presented by iNtRON to Commercialize any Licensed Products in the Field in any country in the Territory outside the Major Markets for which Lysovant has Regulatory Approval but is not Commercializing a Licensed Product at the time and in which Lysovant has no plans to Commercialize a Licensed Product.

6.3 Commercialization Plan and Report. No later than [***] the first anticipated Regulatory Approval of a Licensed Product in any country in the Territory, Lysovant shall prepare and provide to iNtRON for discussion a nonbinding plan for the Commercialization (including marketing, promotion and pricing) of Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory during the [***] after such Regulatory Approval, which plan shall be consistent in scope and detail with commercialization plans prepared by Lysovant or its Affiliates for internal use. The obligation to provide this report shall cease upon an Initial Public Offering. Commencing on the First Commercial Sale of any Licensed Product anywhere in the Territory, the Parties shall arrange discussions between the responsible personnel of Lysovant or its Affiliate and iNtRON management at reasonable frequency, [***] to discuss any material updates to the Commercialization of the Licensed Product.

ARTICLE 7 FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

7.1 Upfront Payments. Lysovant shall make a one-time, non-refundable upfront payment of ten million U.S. Dollars (\$10,000,000) to iNtRON within [***] after receipt of an invoice issued by iNtRON on or promptly after the Effective Date. For each New [***] Endolysin for which Lysovant exercises the New Endolysin Option pursuant to Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysins*), Lysovant shall make a one-time, non-refundable option exercises payment of [***] to iNtRON within [***] after receipt of an invoice issued by iNtRON on or promptly after such election. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (a) if Lysovant exercises the New Endolysin Option pursuant to Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysin for New Endolysins*) with respect to a New [***] Endolysin and has determined in accordance with Section 2.7(f)(i) that it intends to Develop such New [***] Endolysin only for use [***] then the payment due under this Section 7.1 (*Upfront Payments*) for the exercise of the New Endolysin Option shall be reduced to [***]

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provided that if Lysovant Develops such New [***] Endolysin [***] Lysovant shall make an additional payment of [***] upon beginning such Development; and (b) if Lysovant exercises the New Endolysin Option pursuant to Section 2.7 (*Option for New Endolysins*) with respect to a New [***] Endolysin and has determined in accordance with Section 2.7(f(i) that it intends to Develop such New [***] Endolysin only for use [***] only one payment of [***] under this Section 7.1 (*Upfront Payments*) shall be due for the exercise of the New Endolysin Option with respect to all such New Endolysins, provided that if Lysovant chooses to Develop any of such New [***] Endolysins [***] Lysovant shall make an additional payment of [***] upon beginning such Development of each New [***] Endolysins.

7.2 Milestone Payments.

(a) Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments.

(i) Subject to the terms and conditions herein, within [***] after the first achievement of each milestone event below in connection with an Initial Licensed Product containing SAL200 by or on behalf of Lysovant or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees (each, an "SAL200 Milestone Event"). Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the applicable non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment corresponding to such SAL200 Milestone Event as shown below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Milestone Event	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(ii) The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be payable only once, upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing SAL200, even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product. If a Combination Product containing SAL200 is the first Licensed Product to achieve a SAL200 Milestone Event then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(i)

(Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product. For clarity,

- (A) if a New Endolysin Milestone Event is achieved by a Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 and the corresponding milestone payment made under 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) and a SAL200 Milestone Event corresponding to such New Endolysin Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by a Licensed Product containing SAL200, then Lysovant will only have to pay to iNtRON the difference between the milestone payment previously paid for the achievement of such New Endolysin Milestone Event and the milestone payment previously paid for the achievement of such SAL200 Milestone Event under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments).
- (B) If a Combination Product containing SAL200 and one or more different Licensed Endolysins achieves a SAL200 Milestone Event and such SAL200 Milestone Event has not previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product containing SAL200 or a Combination Product containing SAL200, then only the payment set forth under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for such Combination Product and no additional payment set forth under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due even if one or more of the different Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product has not previously achieved a New Endolysin Milestone Event.
- (C) [***].
- (D) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the maximum amount payable by Lysovant under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) is [***].

(iii) Subject to the terms and conditions herein, within [***] after the first achievement of each milestone event below (each, a "New Endolysin Milestone Event") by or on behalf of Lysovant or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees in connection with (a) a New Licensed Product (except with respect to any New Licensed Product containing any New [***] Endolysin) or (b) an Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 (if a corresponding SAL200 Milestone Event has not previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product), Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the applicable non-refutable milestone payment corresponding to such New Endolysin Milestone Event as shown below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

New Endolysin Milestone Event (except with	
respect to New [***] Endolysins)	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(iv) The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) shall be payable only once for all New Licensed Products containing a New Licensed Endolysin upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Products containing the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin event if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (ortersponding to such New Endolysin). The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) shall be payable only once for all Licensed Products containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achieved by another Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achieved by another Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achieved by another Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achieved by another Licensed Product containing and the due if a corresponding SAL200 Milestone Event has previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product. If a Combination Product achieves a New Endolysin Milestone Event, only one payment under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) shall be due for such Combination Product and no payment shall be due for a specific milestone event for every Licensee Endolysin in a Combination Product, no milestone payment and Regulatory Milestone Payments) or Section 7.2(a)(ii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) as been made for a specific milestone event for every Licensee Endolysin in a Combination

- (A) if a SAL200 Milestone Event is achieved by any Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product containing SAL200 and the corresponding milestone payment paid under Section 7.2(a)(i) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*), and a New Endolysin Milestone Event corresponding to the SAL200 Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by an Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200, no milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Event Containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200, no milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (<i>Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) will be due for the use of such Initial Endolysin in such Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product.
- (B) if a New Endolysin Milestone Event is achieved by any Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 or a Combination Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 and the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a) (iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) paid and a SAL200 Milestone Event corresponding to the New Endolysin Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by (1) an Initial Licensed Product containing SAL200 or (2) a Combination Product containing SAL200, then Lysovant will pay to iNtRON the difference between the milestone payment paid for the Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) and the milestone payment due for the corresponding SAL200 milestone Event under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) for the use of SAL200 in such Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product.
- (C) If a SAL200 Milestone Event has not been achieved by any Licensed Product containing SAL200 and a Combination Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 is the first Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 to achieve a New Endolysin Milestone Event then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product.
- (D) If a New Endolysin Milestone Event has not been achieved by any Licensed Product containing a New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) and a Combination Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Product containing

the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product.

- (E) [***].
- (F) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the maximum amount payable by Lysovant under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) for all Licensed Products containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 or all Licensed Products containing an endolysin falling within the definition of a New Licensed Endolysin is [***].

(v) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the milestone payments payable under this Section 7.2(a) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) in connection with the [***] respectively) shall be reduced by [***] if the [***] requires the Initial Licensed Product or New Licensed Product, as applicable, [***].

(b) Sales Milestone Payments. Within [***] after the end of each Fiscal Year in which annual Net Sales of all Licensed Products (including Initial Licensed Products and New Licensed Products (including those containing the New [***] Endolysins)), in the Field in the Territory first reach any threshold indicated in the milestone events listed below, Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant sholl or the corresponding non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment set forth below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

Annual Net Sales Milestone Events	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

For purposes of determining whether a Net Sales milestone event has been achieved, Net Sales of all Licensed Products in the Territory in a given Fiscal Year shall be aggregated. For clarity, in no event will any of the Net Sales milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(b) (Sales Milestone Payments) be paid more than once. The maximum amount payable by Lysovant under this Section 7.2(b) (Sales Milestone Payments) is five [***].

7.3 Royalty Payments.

(a) Royalty Rate. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Lysovant shall make non-refundable, non-creditable royalty payments to iNRON on the Net Sales of all Licensed Product (except with respect to any New Licensed Product containing a New [***] Endolysin, which shall be subject to the terms agreed by the Parties pursuant to Section 2.7(f)(ii) (*New Endolysin Option Exercise*)) sold in the Territory during the applicable Royalty Terms, as calculated by multiplying the applicable royalty rate set forth below by the corresponding amount of Net Sales of all Licensed Products sold in the Territory in the applicable Fiscal Year.

Net Sales of Licensed Products in the Territory	Royalty Rate
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(b) Royalty Term. Royalties shall be paid on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis from the First Commercial Sale of such Licensed Product in such country in the Territory until the latest of (i) expiration of the last-to-expire Valid Claim of the iNtRON Patents that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Licensed Endolysin therein) in such country, (ii) ten (10) years after the First Commercial Sale of such Licensed Product in such country, and (iii) expiration of Regulatory Exclusivity for such Licensed Product in such country (the "Royalty Term" for such Licensed Product and country).

(c) Royalty Adjustment. Royalties due pursuant to this Section 7.3 (*Royalty Payments*) are subject to adjustment on a country-by-country, Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product, and Fiscal Quarter-by-Fiscal Quarter basis as a result of the events set forth below (such adjustments to be prorated for the then-current Fiscal Quarter in which the reduction becomes applicable); [***].

(i) Royalty Adjustment for Third Party License Payments. If Lysovant, its Affiliates, or Sublicensees, in their reasonable

judgment, are required or determine it is appropriate to make any payments to a Third Party for a license under any Patent to make, have made, use, offer for sale, sell or import any Licensed Product in the Field in any country in the Territory then the amount of royalties payable under Section 7.3(a) (*Royalty Rate*) on Net Sales of such Licensed Products in any country in any Fiscal Quarter shall be reduced by [***] of royalty payments to such Third Party on account of the sale of such Licensed Products in such country in such Fiscal Quarter. [***]. Notwithstanding the above, the amount of royalties payable under Section 7.3(a) (*Royalty Rate*) shall be reduced by the [***] of (a) [***]

and (b) any [***].

(ii) Royalty Adjustment for Lack of Valid Claim. After the expiration of the last-to-expire Valid Claim of the iNtRON Patents that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Licensed Endolysin therein) in a country in the Territory or if no Valid Claim of the iNtRON Patents exists in a country in the Territory that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Licensed Endolysin therein), the royalties payable under Section 7.3(a) (*Royalty Rate*) on the sale of such Licensed Product in such country shall be reduced by [***]. Such royalty reduction will be calculated by determining the portion of total Net Sales of the relevant Licensed Product in a Fiscal Quarter that is attributable to the country in which such reducting by [***] the applicable portion (based on Net Sales) of total royalties attributable to the country in which such reduction gaplies.

(iii) Royalty Adjustment for Generic Competition. If there is Generic Competition for a particular Licensed Product in a particular country in a particular Fiscal Quarter, the royalties payable to iNtRON under Section 7.3(a) (*Royalty Rate*) on the sales of such Licensed Product in such country in such Fiscal Quarter shall be reduced by [***]. Such royalty reduction will be calculated by determining the portion of total Net Sales of the relevant Licensed Product in a Fiscal Quarter that is attributable to the country in which such reduction applies, and by determining the total royalties for the Territory without reduction, and then reducing by [***] the applicable portion (based on Net Sales) of total royalties attributable to the country in which such reduction applies.

7.4 Payment; Reports. Within (a) [***] after the end of each [***] commencing with the First Commercial Sale of any Licensed Product anywhere in the Territory, Lysovant shall provide iNtRON with a report that contains the following information for the applicable [***] on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product and country-by-country basis: [***]. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the corresponding royalty payment. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within ten [***] of such invoice.

7.5 Exchange Rate; Manner and Place of Payment. All payments hereunder shall be payable in Dollars. When conversion of payments from any currency other than Dollars is required, [***]. All payments owed under this Agreement shall be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a bank and account designated in writing by iNtRON, unless otherwise specified in writing by iNtRON, provided, that, iNtRON shall designate its account at its designated "foreign exchange bank" under the meaning of applicable Korean law.

7.6 Late Payments. If any undisputed payment due is not paid by the due date, iNtRON may charge interest on any outstanding amount of such payment, accruing as of the original due date, at an annual rate equal to the rate of prime [***] or the maximum rate allowable by Applicable Law, whichever is less. The payment of such interest shall not limit the Party entitled to receive payment from exercising any other rights it may have as a consequence of the lateness of any payment.

7.7 Taxes.

(a) Taxes on Income. Except as expressly provided in this Section 7.7 (Taxes), each Party shall solely bear and pay all [***].

(b) Tax Cooperation. The Parties shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to cooperate with one another and shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to avoid or reduce, to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, tax withholding or similar obligations in respect of royalties, milestone payments, and other payments made by Lysovant to iNtRON under this Agreement. If withholding Taxes are imposed on any such payment, the liability for such Taxes shall be the sole responsibility of [***]. Each Party shall comply with (or provide the other Party with) any certification, identification or other reporting requirements that may be reasonably necessary in order for Lysovant to not withhold Tax or to withhold Tax at a reduced rate under an applicable bilateral income tax treaty. Subject to the following sentence, to the extent that amounts are so withheld and paid to the proper taxing authority, such amounts shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid to the persons with respect to whom such amounts were withheld. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if as a result of any assignment or sublicense by Lysovant, any change in Lysovant's tax residency, any change in the entity that originates the payment, or any failure on the part of Lysovant to Comply with Applicable Laws (including filing or record retention requirements), withholding Taxes are imposed that were not otherwise applicable ("Incremental Withholding Taxes"), then [***].

(c) Transfer Tax. Subject to Section 7.7(a) (*Taxes on Income*), [***] of any transfer, stamp, value added, sales, use, or similar Taxes or obligations ("Transfer Tax") imposed on amounts payable by Lysovant to iNtRON in connection with this Agreement. Each party shall cooperate with the other to file any Tax returns (as required to be filed under Applicable Law) with respect to such Transfer Taxes.

7.8 Financial Records and Audit. Lysovant shall (and shall ensure that its Affiliates and Sublicensees will) maintain complete and accurate records in sufficient detail to permit iNtRON to confirm the accuracy of any royalty payments and other amounts payable under this Agreement and to verify the achievement of milestone events under this Agreement. Upon at least [***] prior notice, such records shall be open for examination, during regular business hours, for a period of [***] from the end of the Fiscal Year to which such records [***] by an independent certified public accountant selected by INtRON and reasonably acceptable to Lysovant, for the sole purpose of verifying for INtRON the accuracy of the financial reports furnished by Lysovant under this Agreement of any payments made, or required to be made, by Lysovant to iNtRON pursuant to this Agreement. The independent certified public accountant shall disclose to INtRON only whether the audited reports are correct or incorrect and the specific details concerning any discrepancies. No other information shall be provided to iNtRON. No record may be audited more than [***]. [***]. Lysovant shall pay to iNtRON any underpayment discovered by such audit within [***] after the accountant's report, plus interest (as set forth in Section 7.6 (*Late Payments*) from the original due date. If the audit reveals an overpayment by Lysovant, then Lysovant may take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to iNtRON.

7.9 Audit Dispute. If Lysovant disputes the results of any audit conducted pursuant to Section 7.8 (*Financial Records and Audit*), the Parties shall work in good faith to resolve the disagreement. If the Parties are unable to reach a mutually acceptable resolution of any such dispute within [***] the dispute shall be submitted for resolution to a certified public accounting firm jointly selected by each Party's certified public accountants or to such other person as the Parties shall mutually agree (the "Auditor"). The decision of the Auditor shall be final and the costs of such procedure as well as the initial audit shall be borne between the Parties in such manner as the Auditor shall determine. If the Auditor's decision, plus interest (as set forth in Section 7.6 (*Late Payments*)) from the original due date. If the Auditor determines that there has been an overpayment by Lysovant, then Lysovant may take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to iNtRON (it being understood that if Lysovant does not owe any future payments to iNtRON, iNtRON shall pay to Lysovant the overpayment within [***] after the Auditor's decision, plus interest (as set forth in Section 7.6 (*Late Payments*)) from the original due date.

7.10 Third Party Payments. iNtRON shall be solely responsible for all payments, if any, due with respect to the Licensed Endolysins or Licensed Products pursuant to any agreement iNtRON has in place with a Third Party as of the Effective Date.

ARTICLE 8 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

8.1 Ownership.

(a) Data. All Data generated in connection with any Development, regulatory, manufacturing or Commercialization activities with respect to any [***] or any [***] conducted by or on behalf of Lysovant or its Affiliates or Sublicensees (the "Lysovant Data"), solely, with a Third Party, or, solely if [***] shall be the sole and exclusive property of Lysovant or of its Affiliates or Sublicensees, as applicable.

(b) Ownership of Inventions. Ownership of all Inventions shall be based on inventorship, as determined in accordance with the rules of inventorship under United States patent laws. Each Party shall [***] any Inventions made [***]. The Parties shall [***] any Inventions that are [***]. All Patents claiming [***] shall be referred to herein as [***]. Subject to the licenses granted in Sections 2.1 (*License to Lysovant*) and 2.4 (*License to iNtRON*), each Party shall be entitled to [***].

(c) Disclosure of Inventions. Each Party shall promptly disclose to the other Party [***] of such Party that are related to [***] including any [***] submitted to such Party by its employees, agents or independent contractors describing such Inventions, and shall promptly respond to reasonable requests from the other Party for additional information relating to such Inventions.

8.2 Patent Prosecution and Maintenance.

(a) Lysovant Patents. [***] shall have the [***] to control the preparation, filing, prosecution [***]

and maintenance of all [***] and by counsel of its own choice. On an annual basis, [***] shall provide [***] with a list of and status update for each of the [***].

(b) iNtRON Patents and Joint Patents.

(i) [***] shall have the right, at its option and subject to Section 8.2(b)(ii) (*Patent Prosecution and Maintenance*), to control the preparation, filing, prosecution [***] and maintenance of all [***] and by counsel selected by [***] and reasonably acceptable to iNtRON. [***] shall consult with [***] and keep [***] reasonably informed of the status of such Patents and shall promptly provide [***] with all material correspondence received from any patent authority in connection therewith. In addition, [***] shall promptly provide [***] with drafts of all proposed material filings and correspondence to any patent authority with respect to such Patents for [***] prior to the submission of such proposed filings and correspondence. [***] of receiving the draft filings and correspondence from Lysovant. Lysovant shall not [***] that may have a material adverse effect on the scope of any [***] without the prior written consent of [***].

(ii) [***] may elect not to file or may abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of any [***] in its [***] provided that, if [***] determines to abandon or cease prosecution or maintenance of, or not to file in any country, [***] shall provide [***] In such case, upon [***] written election provided no later than [***] after such notice from Lysovant, iNtRON may assume prosecution and maintenance of such Patent [***] does not provide such election [***] after such notice from [***] may, in its sole discretion, continue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent or discontinue prosecution and maintenance of such Patent.

8.3 Cooperation of the Parties. If either iNtRON or Lysovant becomes aware of any challenges by any Third Parties to the validity of any iNtRON Patent, Lysovant Patent, or Joint Patent, it will [***]. Any such notice shall include [***]. Each Party agrees to cooperate

fully in the preparation, filing, prosecution, and maintenance of Patents under Section 8.2 (Patent Prosecution and Maintenance), [***]. Such cooperation includes: [***].

8.4 Infringement by Third Parties.

(a) Notice. If either iNtRON or Lysovant becomes aware of any infringement or threatened infringement by a Third Party of any iNtRON Patent, Lysovant Patent, or Joint Patent, which infringing activity involves the using, making, importing, offering for sale or selling of a Licensed Product, or the submission to a Party or a Regulatory Authority of an application for a product referencing a Licensed Product, or any declaratory judgment, revocation, or equivalent action challenging any iNtRON Patent, Lysovant Patent, or Joint Patent in connection with any such infringement (each, a "Product Infringement"), it will [***].

(b) iNtRON Patents and Joint Patents.

(i) Subject to this Section 8.4(b) (*iNtRON Patents and Joint Patents*), [***] shall have the [***] as between iNtRON and Lysovant, [***] to bring an appropriate suit or take other action against any Person engaged in, or to defend against, a Product Infringement of any iNtRON Patents or Joint Patents, [***] and by counsel of its own choice (it being understood that, if [***] or any of its Affiliates shall be the state state and state and the state sta

(ii) Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties as part of a cost-sharing arrangement, any recovery or damages realized as a result of such action or proceeding with respect to iNtRON Patents or Joint Patents shall be used [***].

(c) Lysovant Patents (Excluding Joint Patents). [***] shall have the [***] as between iNtRON and Lysovant, [***] to bring an appropriate suit or take other action against any Person engaged in, or to defend against, a Product Infringement of any Lysovant Patents, excluding Joint Patents, [***] and by counsel of its own choice. Any recovery or damages realized as a result of such action or proceeding by [***] with respect to Lysovant Patents, excluding Joint Patents, in the [***] shall be used [***].

(d) Cooperation. In the event a Party brings an action in accordance with this Section 8.4 (Infringement by Third Parties), the other Party shall [***] including, if required to bring and maintain such action, [***].

(e) Other Infringement. [***] shall have the [***] but not the [***] to bring and control, [***] any legal action in connection with any infringement of any iNtRON Patent that is not a Product Infringement. [***] shall have the [***] but not the [***] to bring and control, [***] any legal action in connection with any infringement of any [***] that is not a Product Infringement. With respect to any infringement of a [***] that is not a Product Infringement, the Parties will confer in good faith to determine a course of action, provided that [***] shall have the right to bring and control, [***] any legal action in connection with any infringement of any [***] that is not a Product Infringement.

(f) Biosimilars. [***] shall be responsible for determining the strategy with respect to certifications, notices and patent enforcement procedures rediting [***] under the U.S. Food, Drug & Cosmetics Act and the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009 (the "BPCIA"). [***] shall cooperate, as reasonably requested by Lysovant and [***] in a manner consistent with this Section. [***] hereby authorizes [***] to: (i) provide in any BLA or in connection with the BPCIA, a list of [***] as required under the BPCIA; (ii) [***] and (iii) [***] including (A) [***] and (B) [***] provided that with respect to [***] exercise of rights under the BPCIA, [***] shall

consult with a representative of [***] designated by [***] in writing and qualified to receive confidential information pursuant to § 262(l)(1) of the BPCIA with respect to [***] exercise of [***] including providing such representative with timely copies of material correspondence relating to such matters, providing such representative the opportunity, reasonably in advance of any related [***] action, to comment thereon and to consult with and consider in good faith the requests and suggestions of [***] with respect to such matters. [***] shall be [***] for determining the strategy with respect to certifications, notices and patent enforcement procedures regarding [***] or [***] under the BPCIA.

8.5 Infringement of Third Party Rights. Each Party shall promptly notify the other in writing of any allegation by a Third Party that the manufacture, Development, or Commercialization of any Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product infringes or may infringe the intellectual property rights of a Third Party. If a Third Party asserts that any of its Patents or other rights are infringed by the manufacture, Commercialization or Development by Lysovant or its Affiliates of any Licensed Product. [***] shall have the [***] to defend against any such assertions at its [***]. If [***] elects not to defend against such Third Party claims within [***] of learning of same, [***] shall [***] to defend against such an action. In any event, the other Party shall cooperate fully and shall provide full access to documents, information and witnesses as reasonably requested by the Party defending such action. [***]. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties' rights and obligations under this Section 8.5, including payment obligations, will be subject to the terms of ARTICLE 10 (Indemnification).

8.6 Consent for Settlement. Neither Party shall [***] enter into any settlement or compromise of any action or proceeding under this ARTICLE 8 (*Intellectual Property*) that would in any manner [***] of the other Party's rights under this Agreement without the prior written consent of such other Party, which shall [***].

8.7 Patent Extensions. [***] shall have [***] regarding, and [***] shall cooperate with [***] at [***] in obtaining, patent term restoration, supplemental protection certificates or their equivalents, and patent term extensions with respect to the iNtRON Patents, Lysovant Patents, and Joint Patents in any country in the Territory where applicable [***] shall file for such extensions at [***].

8.8 Third Party Licenses. With respect to any iNtRON Patents licensed to iNtRON under a Third Party License, the Parties' rights and obligations under this ARTICLE 8 (Intellectual Property) shall be subject to the terms of such Third Party License.

8.9 Trademarks. Lysovant shall own and be responsible for all trademarks, trade names, branding or logos related to Licensed Products in the Field in the Territory. Lysovant shall be responsible, in its sole discretion, for selecting, registering, prosecuting, defending, and maintaining all such marks at [***].

ARTICLE 9 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES AND COVENANTS

9.1 Mutual Representations and Warranties. Each Party represents and warrants to the other that, as of the Effective Date: (a) it is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or formation, and has full corporate or other power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to carry out the provisions hereof; (b) it is duly authorized to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder, and the person or persons executing this Agreement on its behalf has been duly authorized to do so by all requisite corporate action; (c) this Agreement is legally binding upon it, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and equitable principles, and does not conflict with any agreement, instrument or understanding, oral or written, to which it is a Party or by which it may be bound, nor violate any material law or regulation of any court, governmental body or administrative or other agency having jurisdiction over it; and (d) it has the right to grant the licenses granted by it under this Agreement.

9.2 Mutual Covenants.

(a) Employees, Consultants and Contractors. Each Party covenants that it has obtained or will obtain written agreements from each of its employees, consultants and contractors who perform Development activities pursuant to this Agreement, which agreements will obligate such persons to obligations of confidentiality and non-use and to assign Inventions in a manner consistent with the provisions of this Agreement.

(b) Debarment. Each Party represents, warrants and covenants to the other Party that it is not debarred or disqualified under the U.S. Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as may be amended, or comparable laws in any country or jurisdiction other than the United States, and it does not, and will not during the Term, employ or use the services of any person who is debarred or disqualified, in connection with activities relating to any Licensed Product. If either Party becomes aware of the debarment or disqualification or threatened debarment or disqualification of any person providing services to such Party, including the Party itself or its Affiliates, that directly or indirectly relate to activities contemplated by this Agreement, such Party shall immediately notify the other Party in writing and such Party shall cease employing, contracting with, or retaining any such person to perform any such services.

(c) Compliance. Each Party represents, warrants and covenants, as applicable, as follows:

(i) In the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, such Party shall comply and shall cause its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors to comply with all Applicable Laws, including all anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws and regulations, economic, trade and financial sanctions, and trade embargoes.

(ii) Such Party and its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors shall not, in connection with the performance of their respective obligations under this Agreement, directly or indirectly through Third Parties, pay, promise or offer to pay, or authorize the payment of, any money or give any promise or offer to give, or authorize the giving of anything of value to a Public Official or Entity or other person for purpose of obtaining or retaining business for or with, or directing business to, any person, including either Party (and each Party represents and warrants that as of the Effective Date, such Party, and to its Knowledge, its and its Affiliates' employees and contractors, have not directly or indirectly promised, offered or provided any corrupt payment, gratuity, emolument, bribe, kickback, illicit gift or hospitality or other illegal or unethical benefit to a Public Official or Entity or any other person in connection with the performance of such Party's obligations under this Agreement, and each Party covenants that it and its Affiliates' employees and contractors shall not, directly or indirectly is and of the foregoing).

(iii) Neither Party, nor any of its directors, officers, employees or subcontractors, or, to its knowledge, agents, is subject to economic, trade and financial sanctions under Applicable Law. iNtRON will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the transactions contemplated hereby, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds, to any individual or entity otherwise subject to such sanctions.

(iv) Each Party may suspend or terminate this Agreement in its entirety where there is a credible finding, after a reasonable investigation, that the other Party, in connection with performance of such other Party's obligations under this Agreement, has violated any anti-corruption or anti-bribery laws or regulations, economic, trade or financial sanctions, or trade embargoes, in each case under Applicable Law.

9.3 Additional iNtRON Representations, Warranties and Covenants. [***]

(a) [***]

(b) [***]

(c) [***] (d) [***] (h) [***] (i) [***]

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(k) [***] **(l)** [***]

(m) [***]

(j) [***]

(g) [***]

(f) [***]

(e) [***]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

(n) [***]

(0) [***]

(p) [***]

ARTICLE 10 INDEMNIFICATION

10.1 Indemnification by iNtRON. iNtRON shall indemnify, defend and hold Lysovant, its Affiliates and Sublicensees, and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees ("Lysovant Indemnitees") harmless from and against any Claims to the extent arising or resulting from:

(a) [***]

(b) the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any of the iNtRON Indemnitees;

(c) any material breach of any of the warranties or representations made by iNtRON to Lysovant under this Agreement; or

(d) any material breach by iNtRON of its covenants pursuant to this Agreement;

in each case, except to the extent such Claims arise out of or result from any breach of any representation, warranty or covenant of Lysovant set forth in this Agreement or the gross negligence, willful misconduct or violation of Applicable Law by any Lysovant Indemnitee. The foregoing indemnity obligation shall not apply to the extent that the Lysovant Indemnitees fail to comply with the indemnification procedures set forth in Section 10.3 (Indemnification Procedure) and iNtRON's defense of the relevant Claims is prejudiced by such failure.

10.2 Indemnification by Lysovant. Lysovant shall indemnify, defend and hold iNtRON, its Affiliates, and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees ("iNtRON Indemnitees") harmless from and against any Claims to the extent arising or resulting from:

(a) [***]

(b) the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any Lysovant Indemnitees;

(c) any material breach of any of the warranties or representations made by Lysovant to iNtRON under this Agreement; or

(d) any material breach by Lysovant of its covenants pursuant to this Agreement;

in each case, except to the extent such Claims arise out of or result from any breach of any representation, warranty or covenant of Lysovant set forth in this Agreement or the gross negligence, willful misconduct or violation of Applicable Law by any iNRON Indemnite. The foregoing indemnity obligation shall not apply to the extent that the iNtRON Indemnites fail to comply with the indemnification procedures set forth in Section 10.3 (*Indemnification Procedure*) and Lysovant's defense of the relevant Claims is prejudiced by such failure.

10.3 Indemnification Procedure. If either Party is seeking indemnification under Sections 10.1 (Indemnification by iNtRON) or 10.2 (Indemnification by Lysovant) (the "Indemnified Party"), it shall inform the other Party (the "Indemnifying Party") of the Claim giving rise to the obligation to indemnify pursuant to such section as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving notice of the Claim. The Indemnifying Party may assume the defense of any such Claim for which it is obligated to indemnify the Indemnifying Party. The Indemnifying Party shall cooperate with the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnifying Party's insurer as the Indemnifying Party may reasonably request, and at the Indemnifying Party's [***]. The Indemnified Party shall cooperate with the Indemnifying Party shall have the obligation to indemnify the other Party in connection with any settlement made without such Party's written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld, or delayed. If the Parties cannot agree as to the application of Section 10.1 (Indemnification by iNtRON) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Lysovant) as to any Claim, with each Party retaining the right to claim indemnification from the other Party in accordance with Section 10.1 (Indemnification by iNtRON) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by iNtRON) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by iNtRON) or Section 10.2 (Indemnification by Lysovant) upon resolution of the underlying Claim.

10.4 Mitigation of Loss. Each Indemnified Party shall take and shall procure that its Affiliates take all such reasonable steps and action as are reasonably necessary or as the Indemnifying Party may reasonably require in order to mitigate any Claims (or potential losses or damages) under this ARTICLE 10 (Indemnification). Nothing in this Agreement shall or shall be deemed to relieve any Party of any common law or other duty to mitigate any losses incurred by it.

10.5 Special, Indirect and Other Losses. [***] NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM THE OTHER PARTY ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY LICENSE GRANTED HEREUNDER; [***].

10.6 Insurance. Each Party, [***] shall maintain product liability and other appropriate insurance (or self-insure) in an amount [***]. Each Party shall provide a certificate of insurance (or evidence of self-insurance) evidencing such coverage to the other Party upon request.

ARTICLE 11 CONFIDENTIALITY; PUBLICATION

11.1 Duty of Confidence. Subject to the other provisions of this ARTICLE 11 (Confidentiality; Publication):

(a) all Confidential Information disclosed by a Party (the "Disclosing Party") or its Affiliates under this Agreement will be maintained in confidence and otherwise safeguarded by the recipient Party (the "Receiving Party") and its Affiliates using at least the same standard of care as the Receiving Party uses to protect its own proprietary or Confidential Information (but in no event less than reasonable care);

(b) the Receiving Party may only use any such Confidential Information for the purposes of performing its obligations or exercising its rights under this Agreement;

(c) the Receiving Party may disclose Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party only to: (i) the Receiving Party's Affiliates and, in the case of Lysovant as the Receiving Party, its Sublicensees; and (ii) employees, directors, agents, contractors, consultants and advisers of the Receiving Party and its Affiliates and, in the case of Lysovant as the Receiving Party, bullicensees, in each case to the extent reasonably necessary for the purposes of, and for those matters undertaken pursuant to, this Agreement; <u>provided</u> that such persons are bound to maintain the confidential Information in a manner consistent with this ARTICLE 11 (Confidentiality; Publication);

(d) all iNtRON Know-How and all iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How that is solely related and specific to the Development and/or Manufacture of the Licensed Endolysins or the Licensed Products shall during the Term with respect to such Licensed Endolysin or Licensed Product be considered Confidential Information of Lysovant and of iNtRON (it being understood that Lysovant and iNtRON will each be deemed to be the Disclosing Party with respect thereto and the exception in Section 11.2(a) (*Exceptions*) shall not apply to iNtRON); and

(e) the terms of this Agreement shall be considered Confidential Information of both Lysovant and iNtRON (it being understood that both Lysovant and iNtRON will be deemed to be the Disclosing Party with respect thereto and the exception in Section 11.2(a) (*Exceptions*) shall not apply to either Party with respect to the terms of this Agreement).

11.2 Exceptions. The foregoing obligations as to particular Confidential Information of a Disclosing Party shall not apply to the extent that the Receiving Party can demonstrate by competent evidence that such Confidential Information:

(a) is known by the Receiving Party at the time of its receipt, and not through a prior disclosure by the Disclosing Party, as shown by contemporaneous written documents of the Receiving Party;

(b) is in the public domain by use or publication before its receipt from the Disclosing Party, or thereafter enters the public domain through no fault of, or breach of this Agreement by, the Receiving Party;

(c) is subsequently disclosed to the Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis by a Third Party who may lawfully do so and is not under an obligation of confidentiality to the Disclosing Party; or

(d) is developed by the Receiving Party independently and without use of or reference to any Confidential Information disclosed to it by or on behalf of the Disclosing Party, as shown by contemporaneous written documents of the Receiving Party.

11.3 Authorized Disclosures. Notwithstanding the obligations set forth in Section 11.1 (Duty of Confidence), the Receiving Party may disclose Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party and the terms of this Agreement to the extent such disclosure is reasonably necessary in the following instances:

(a) filing or prosecuting of Patents as permitted by this Agreement;

(b) enforcing the Receiving Party's rights under this Agreement or performing the Receiving Party's obligations under this Agreement;

(c) in Regulatory Documentation for Licensed Products that such Party has the right to file under this Agreement;

(d) prosecuting or defending litigation as permitted by this Agreement;

(e) to the Receiving Party's directors, Affiliates, actual or potential Sublicensees (in the case of Lysovant), commercial partners, independent contractors, consultants, attorneys, independent accountants or financial advisors who, in each case, have a need to know such Confidential Information in order for the Receiving Party to exercise its rights or fulfill its obligations under this Agreement, <u>provided</u> that, in each case, that any such person agrees to be bound by terms of confidentiality and non-use (or, in the case of the Receiving Party's attorneys and independent accountants, such person is obligated by applicable professional or ethical obligations) at least as restrictive as those set forth in this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*);

(f) to actual or potential investors, investment bankers, lenders, other financing sources or acquirors (and attorneys and independent accountants thereof) in connection with potential investment, acquisition, collaboration, merger, public offering, due diligence or similar investigations by such Third Parties or in confidential financing documents, <u>provided</u> that, in each case, that any such Third Party agrees to be bound by terms of confidentiality and non-use (or, in the case of the Receiving Party's attorneys and independent accountants, such Third Party is obligated by applicable professional or ethical obligations) that are no less stringent than those contained in this Agreement (except to the extent that a shorter confidentiality period is customary in the industry);

(g) such disclosure is required by court order, judicial or administrative process or Applicable Law, <u>provided</u> that in such event the Receiving Party shall promptly inform the Disclosing Party of such required disclosure and provide the Disclosing Party an opportunity to challenge or limit the disclosure obligations before such disclosure. Confidential Information that is disclosed as required by court order, judicial or administrative process or Applicable Law or pursuant to sub-section (c) above shall remain otherwise subject to the confidentiality and non-use provisions of this ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*), and the Receiving Party shall take all steps reasonably necessary, including seeking of confidential treatment or a protective order, to ensure the continued confidential treatment of such Confidential.

11.4 Publication. [***] shall not publish nor otherwise publicly disclose any [***] related to any [***]. [***] without the prior written consent of [***] does not have any data, results, or publications currently under review that may be published or otherwise publicly disclosed after the Effective Date. [***] may freely publish and give presentations on [***].

11.5 Publicity; Use of Names. No public disclosure of [***] and neither Party shall use the [***] in any publicity, promotion, news release or disclosure relating to this Agreement or its subject matter, without [***] except as set forth in [***] or as otherwise may be required by Applicable Law. Notwithstanding the above, each Party and its Affiliates may disclose on its website and in its promotional materials that the other Party is a development partner of such Party for the Licensed Products and may use the other Party's name and logo in conjunction with such disclosure.

11.6 [***].

11.7 Disclosure to the Regulatory Authority.

(a) A Party may disclose this Agreement and its terms, and material developments or material information generated under this Agreement, in securities filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), KOSDAQ or the Korea Exchange (or equivalent foreign agency) to the extent required by Applicable Laws after complying with the procedure set forth in this Section 11.7 (*Disclosure to the SEC*). In the event of a filing of the terms of this Agreement, the Party seeking to make such disclosure will prepare a draft confidential treatment request and proposed redacted version of this Agreement to request confidential treatment for this Agreement, and the other Party agrees to promptly (and in any event, no less than [***] after receipt of such confidential treatment request and proposed redactions) give its input in a reasonable manner in order to allow the Party seeking disclosure to file its request within the time lines prescribed by applicable SEC regulations. The Party seeking such disclosure shall consider in good faith all timely comments provided by the other Party and shall exercise Commercially Reasonable Efforts to obtain confidential treatment for this Agreement for the SEC as represented by the redacted version reviewed by the other Party.

(b) Further, each Party acknowledges that the other Party may be legally required, or may be required by the listing rules of any exchange on which the other Party's or its Affiliate's securities are traded, to make public disclosures (including in filings with the SEC or other agency) of certain material developments or material information generated under this Agreement and agrees that each Party may make such disclosures as required by law or such listing rules, <u>provided</u> that the Party seeking such disclosure shall provide the other Party with a copy of the proposed text of such disclosure sufficiently in advance of the scheduled release to afford such other Party a reasonable opportunity to review and comment thereon and shall consider in good faith all timely comments provided by the other Party.

11.8 Press Release.

(a) The Parties will issue a joint press release announcing the entry into this Agreement, substantially in the form of Exhibit D, on or after the Effective Date. If either Party desires to issue any other press release or make a public announcement concerning the material terms of this Agreement or the Development or Commercialization of the Licensed Product under this Agreement, such as the achievement of Regulatory Approvals of the Licensed Product, such Party shall provide the other Party with the proposed text of such announcement (in the local language and English) for prior review and approval (not to be unreasonably conditioned, withheld or delayed) by such other Party; provided that any public disclosures required under Applicable Laws will be subject to Section 11.7(b) (Disclosure to the Regulatory Authority) and will not require the other Party's approval.

(b) The Parties agree that after a public disclosure has been made or a press release or other public announcement has been issued in compliance with this Agreement, each Party may make subsequent public disclosures or issue press releases or other public announcements disclosing the same content without having to obtain the other Party's prior consent and approval, provided that such information content remains accurate.

11.9 Reporting of Financial Information. From and after the Effective Date, to the extent required by the SEC in connection with Lysovant or an Affiliate of Lysovant registering securities in a public offering, INtRON shall (a) cooperate with Lysovant or its Affiliates and their respective accountants and auditors by providing access to information, books, and records related to the Licensed Products as Lysovant may reasonably request in connection with the preparation by Lysovant or its Affiliates of historical and pro forma financial statements related to the Licensed Products as may be required to be included in any filing made by Lysovant or any of its Affiliates under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including Regulation S-X and (b) without limiting the foregoing, shall provide Lysovant with such information as is required for Lysovant or its Affiliates [***] (or such shorter period as agreed to by Lysovant) and information required to be filed by Lysovant and reasonably necessary to prepare any applicable pro forma financial information required to be Hield by Lysovant with the SEC. Such cooperation shall include, as applicable, (i) [***] to the extent required in connection with any such audit performed by Lysovant's auditors, and (iii) using reasonable efforts to cause iNRON's accountants and auditors, and course to intRON's accountants, auditors, and course to use the Section 11.9 (*Reporting of Financial Information*). If iNRON is required to provide Lysovant or its Affiliates and the discretion of iNRON [***] and accurately present in all material respects the financial position of the Licensed Products as of the dates thereof. iNRON hereby consents to the inclusion or incorporation by reference of any financial statements provided to Lysovant or its Affiliates under this Section 11.9 (*Reporting of Financial Information*) in any filing by Lysovant or its Affiliates under this Section 11.9 (*Reporti*

ARTICLE 12 TERM AND TERMINATION

12.1 Term. Unless earlier terminated as permitted by this Agreement, the term of this Agreement commences upon the Effective Date and continues in full force and effect, on a Licensed Product-by-Licensed Product basis, until the expiration of all Royalty Terms for such Licensed Product (the "Term"). Upon the expiration (but not early termination) of the Term for any Licensed Product, the license granted to Lysovant) shall continue in effect, as non-exclusive, fully paid-up, royalty-free, transferable, perpetual and irrevocable, with the right to grant Sublicenses including through multiple tiers, with respect to such Licensed Product in the Field in the Territory.

12.2 Termination.

(a) Termination by Lysovant for Convenience. At any time, Lysovant may terminate this Agreement, at its sole discretion and for any reason or no reason, by providing written notice of termination to iNRON, which notice includes an effective date of termination at least (i) [***] after the date of the notice is given before the Regulatory Approval of any Licensed Product; or (ii) [***] after the date of the notice if the notice is diven before the Regulatory Approval of any Licensed Product; or (iii) [***] after the date of the notice if the n

(b) Termination for Cause. If either Party is in material breach of its obligations hereunder, then the non-breaching Party may deliver notice of such breach to the other Party. The allegedly breaching Party shall have [***] days in the case of any payment breach) to cure such breach from the receipt of the notice; <u>provided</u>, that if such breach is not a payment breach and is capable of being cured but cannot be cured within such [***] the breaching Party may cure such breach during an additional period, not to exceed [***] as is reasonable in the circumstances by providing a cure plan reasonably acceptable to the non-breaching Party and initiating actions to cure such breach in accordance with such cure plan during such [***] and diligently implementing such cure plan. If the allegedly breaching Party fails to cure that breach within the applicable period set forth above, then the Party originally delivering the notice of breach may terminate this Agreement on written notice of termination. Any right to terminate this Agreement under this Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*) shall be stayed and the applicable cure period tolled if, during such cure period, the Party alleged to have been in material breach disputes in good faith the existence or materiality of such breach and shall have initiated dispute resolution in accordance with Section 13.11 (*Dispute Resolution*). If a Party is determined to be in material breach of this Agreement, the other Party may terminate this Agreement if the breaching Party fails to cure the breach in from the notifying Party trais to ture have been in material breach dispute resolution from the notifying Party is determined to be in material breach of this Agreement, the other Party may terminate this Agreement if the breaching Party fails to cure the breach within [***] after the conclusion of the dispute resolution procedure (and such terminate this Agreement if the breaching Party fails to cure the breach with [***] after the conclusion of the dispute resolution procedu

(c) Termination for Bankruptcy. This Agreement may be terminated at any time during the Term by either Party upon the other Party's filing or institution of bankruptcy, reorganization, liquidation or receivership proceedings, or upon an assignment of a substantial portion of the assets for the benefit of creditors by the other Party; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in the case of any involuntary bankruptcy proceeding such right to terminate shall only become effective if the Party consents to the involuntary bankruptcy or such proceeding is not dismissed within [***] after the filing thereof.

(d) Termination for [***] [***] shall have the right to terminate this Agreement [***] upon written notice to [***] if [***] provided that nothing herein will prevent [***] from [***].

12.3 Effect of Termination.

(a) Upon termination of this Agreement by Lysovant pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Lysovant for Convenience*); or by either Party pursuant to Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*), or Section 12.2(c) (*Termination for Bankruptc*); or by iNtRON pursuant to Section 12.2(d) (Termination for Patent Challenge), in each case, the following consequences shall apply and shall be effective as of the effective date of such termination:

(i) Lysovant's license under Section 2.1 (License to Lysovant), and all Sublicenses granted thereunder, shall [***];

(ii) Lysovant shall return to iNtRON or destroy, at iNtRON's election, all Confidential Information of iNtRON, including all copies thereof and all materials, substances and compositions delivered or provided by iNtRON to Lysovant, it being understood that all iNtRON Know-How and iNtRON Manufacturing Know-How will be considered Confidential Information of iNtRON and not of Lysovant; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Lysovant may keep one copy of such Confidential Information, subject to its surviving obligations under ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality; Publication*), in its legal files solely for the purpose of enabling it to comply with the provisions of this Agreement, and Lysovant shall not be required to remove such Confidential Information records, including its electronic laboratory notebook and laboratory information management systems; and

(iii) as between the Parties, iNtRON shall be solely responsible for all future Development, manufacture and Commercialization of Licensed Products in the Field, [***].

(b) Upon termination of this Agreement by Lysovant pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Lysovant for Convenience*); or by iNtRON pursuant to Section 12.2(b) (*Termination for Cause*), Section 12.2(c) (*Termination for Bankruptcy*) or Section 12.2(d) (*Termination for Patent Challenge*), in each case, the following consequences shall apply and shall be effective as of the effective date of such termination:

(i) Lysovant hereby grants to iNtRON, effective only upon such termination and without any warranty and at iNtRON's sole risk, an [***] license, [***] under the Lysovant Technology, including Joint Inventions and Joint Patents, to research, Develop, make, have made, use, distribute, sell, offer for sale, have sold, import, export, and otherwise Commercialize [***];

(ii) if this Agreement is terminated by:

- (A) Lysovant pursuant to Section 12.2(a) (*Termination by Lysovant for Convenience*), then the Parties shall negotiate the terms of the license set forth in Section 12.3(b)(i) (*Effect of Termination*) in good faith for a period not to exceed [***]; and
- (B) iNtRON pursuant to Section 12.2(b) (Termination for Cause), Section 12.2(c) (Termination for Bankruptcy), or Section 12.2(d) (Termination for Patent Challenge), then the license set forth in Section 12.3(b)(i) (Effect of Termination) shall be [***];

(iii) Lysovant shall (i) and hereby does, effective on such termination, assign to iNtRON all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals for any [***] (ii) deliver to iNtRON true and complete copies of all Regulatory Documentation and Regulatory Approvals, (iii) take such other actions and execute such other instruments, assignments and documents as may be necessary to effect and evidence such assignment; and (iv) provide reasonable assistance, [***] with any inquiries and correspondence with Regulatory Authorities regarding any Licensed [***] for a period of [***] after termination;

(iv) Lysovant shall disclose to iNtRON all Lysovant Know-How to the extent not already known to iNtRON that is [***] for iNtRON to Develop, manufacture and Commercialize [***]; in addition, Lysovant shall, at iNtRON's request, provide reasonable technical assistance and transfer all Lysovant Know-How necessary to Develop and manufacture [***] to iNtRON or its designee, and [***];

(v) Lysovant shall, at iNtRON's request and election, transfer to iNtRON all then-existing [***];

equal [***]; and

(vi) iNtRON shall have the right to purchase from Lysovant any or all of the [***] as of the effective date of termination, at a price

(vii) Lysovant shall, and hereby does, effective on such termination, assign to iNtRON all of Lysovant's and its Affiliates' right, title and interest in and to any and all trademarks used by Lysovant and its Affiliates in the Territory in connection with its Development, manufacture or Commercialization of Licensed Products (excluding any such trademarks that include, in whole or part, any corporate name or logo of Lysovant or its Affiliates), including all goodwill therein, and Lysovant shall promptly take such actions and execute such instruments, assignments and documents as may be necessary to effect, evidence, register and record such assignment.

12.4 Survival. Expiration or termination of this Agreement shall not relieve the Parties of any obligation accruing prior to such expiration or termination, nor shall expiration or any termination of this Agreement preclude either Party from pursuing all rights and remedies it may have under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to breach of this Agreement. In addition, the provisions of ARTICLE 1 (*Definitions*), Section 7.6 (*Late Payments*), Section 7.7 (*Taxes*), Section 7.8 (*Financial Records and Audit*), Section 7.9 (*Audit Dispute*), Section 8.1 (*Ownership*), ARTICLE 10 (*Indemnification*), ARTICLE 11 (*Confidentiality*; *Publication*) (except for Section 11.4 (*Publication*)), Section 12.3 (*Effect of Termination*), Section 12.4 (*Survival*), Section 12.5 (*Termination Not Sole Remedy*), Section 13.11 (*Dispute Resolution*), and ARTICLE 13 (*General Provisions*) hereof shall survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement. Solely as to Joint Inventions and Joint Patents, the following provisions shall also survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement. Social 8.2 (*Patent Prosecution and Maintenance*), Section 8.3 (*Cooperation of the Parties*), and Section 8.4 (*Infringement by Third Parties*).

12.5 Termination Not Sole Remedy. Termination is not the sole remedy under this Agreement and, whether or not termination is effected and notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, all other remedies will remain available except as agreed to otherwise herein.

ARTICLE 13 GENERAL PROVISIONS

13.1 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to any rules of conflict of laws with the exception of sections 5-1401 and 5-1402 of New York General Obligations Law.

13.2 Assignment. Except as expressly provided hereunder, neither this Agreement nor any rights or obligations hereunder may be assigned or otherwise transferred by either Party without the prior written consent of the other Party (which consent shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld, or delayed); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that either Party may assign or otherwise transfer this Agreement and its rights and obligations hereunder without the other Party's consent: (a) in connection with the transfer or sale of all or substantially all of the business or assets of such Party to which this Agreement relates to a Third Party, whether by merger, consolidation, divesture, restructure, sale of stock, sale of assets or otherwise; <u>provided</u> that in the event of any such

transaction or a transaction in which such Party is acquired by a Third Party by stock purchase, merger or otherwise (whether or not this Agreement is actually assigned to or is assumed by the acquiring party by operation of law). [****] (b) to an Affiliate, <u>provided</u> that the assigning Party shall remain liable and responsible to the non-assigning Party hereto for the performance and observance of all such duties and obligations by such Affiliate. Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party of any such permitted assignment. The rights and obligations of the Parties under this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors and permitted assigns of the Parties, and the name of a Party appearing herein will be deemed to include the name of such Party's successors and permitted assigns to the extent necessary to carry out the intent of this section. Any assignment not in accordance with this Section 13.2 (*Assignment*) shall be null and void.

13.3 Entire Agreement; Modification. This Agreement is both a final expression of the Parties' agreement and a complete and exclusive statement with respect to all of its terms. This Agreement supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements and communications, whether oral, written or otherwise, concerning any and all matters contained herein. This Agreement may only be modified or supplemented in a writing expressly stated for such purpose and signed by the Parties to this Agreement.

13.4 Rights Upon Bankruptcy. All rights and licenses granted under or pursuant to this Agreement are, and shall otherwise be deemed to be, for purposes of Section 365(n) of Title 11 of the United States Code and other similar laws in any jurisdiction in the Territory (collectively, the "Bankruptcy Laws"), licenses of rights to "intellectual property" as defined under the Bankruptcy Laws. If a case is commenced during the Term by or against a Party under Bankruptcy Laws then, unless and until this Agreement is rejected as provided in such Bankruptcy Laws, such Party (in any capacity, including debtor-in-possession) and its successors and assigns (including, without limitation, a trustee) shall perform all of the obligations provided in this Agreement is rejected as provided in the Bankruptcy Laws, this Agreement is rejected as provided in the Bankruptcy Laws, and the other Party elects to retain its rights hereunder as provided in the Bankruptcy Laws and the other Party elects to retain its rights hereunder as provided in the Bankruptcy Laws and the other Party copies of all information necessary for such other Party to prosecute, maintain and enjoy its rights under the terms of this Agreement promptly upon such other Party's written request therefor. All rights, powers and remedies now or hereafter existing at law or in equity (including, without limitation, the Bankruptcy Laws) in the event of the commencement of a case by or against a Party under the Bankruptcy Laws. In particular, it is the intention and understanding of the Parties to this Agreement that the rights granted to the Parties under the Sacknowledge that damages are not adequate remedy if a case is commenced by or against a Party under the Bankruptcy Laws during the Term.

13.5 Exclusivity. Each Party recognizes that the exclusivity restrictions contained in ARTICLE 2 (*License Grant*) are properly required for the adequate protection of the Parties' rights hereunder, and agree that if any provision in ARTICLE 2 (*License Grant*) is determined by any court to be unenforceable by reason of its extending for too great a period of time or over too great a geographic area, or by reason of its being too extensive in any other respect, such restrictions shall be interpreted to extend only for the longest period of time and over the greatest geographic area, and to otherwise have the broadest application as shall be enforceable.

13.6 Relationship Between the Parties. The Parties' relationship with one another, as established by this Agreement, is solely that of independent contractors. This Agreement does not create any partnership, joint venture or similar business relationship between the Parties. Neither Party is a legal representative of the other Party. Neither Party can assume or create any obligation, representation, warranty or guarantee, express or implied, on behalf of the other Party for any purpose whatsoever.

13.7 Non-Waiver. The failure of a Party to insist upon strict performance of any provision of this Agreement or to exercise any right arising out of this Agreement shall neither impair that provision or right neither impair that provision or right any other instance. Any waiver by a Party of a particular provision or right shall be in writing, shall be as to a particular matter and, if applicable, for a particular period of time and shall be signed by such Party.

13.8 Force Majeure. Neither Party shall be held liable to the other Party nor be deemed to have defaulted under or breached this Agreement for failure or delay in performing any obligation under this Agreement (but excluding payment obligations) to the extent such failure or delay is caused by or results from causes beyond the reasonable control of the affected Party, potentially including embargoes, war, acts of war (whether war be declared or not), acts of terrorism, insurrections, riots, civil commotions, strikes, lockouts or other labor disturbances, fire, floods, or other acts of God, or acts, omissions or delays in acting by any Governmental Authority or unavailability of materials related to the manufacture of Licensed Endolysins or Licensed Products. The affected Party shall notify the other Party of such force majeure circumstances as soon as reasonably practical and shall promptly undertake and continue diligently all reasonable efforts necessary to cure such force majeure circumstances or to perform its obligations in spite of the ongoing circumstances.

13.9 Severability. If any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement is held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby, unless the absence of the invalidated provisions adversely affects the substantive rights of the Parties. The Parties shall in such an instance use their best efforts to replace the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions with valid, legal and enforceable provisions which, insofar as practical, implement the purposes of this Agreement.

13.10 Notices. Any notice to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and delivered either (a) in person, (b) by air mail (postage prepaid) requiring return receipt, (c) by overnight courier, or (d) by e-mail with delivery and return receipts requested and confirmation of delivery thereafter, to the Party to be notified at its address(es) given below, or at any address such

Party may designate by prior written notice to the other. Notice shall be deemed sufficiently given for all purposes upon the earliest of: (i) the date of actual receipt; (ii) if air mailed, [***] after the date of postmark; (iii) if delivered by overnight courier, the next day the overnight courier regularly makes deliveries or (iv) if sent by e-mail, the date of confirmation of receipt.

If to iNtRON:
[***] [***] [***] [***] [***] [***]
If to Lysovant:
[***] [***] [***] [***]
With copy sent c
[***]

ith copy sent concurrently to:

1)
[***]
[***]
[***]
[***]

13.11 Dispute Resolution

(a) The Parties shall negotiate in good faith and use reasonable efforts to settle any dispute, controversy or claim arising from or related to this Agreement or the breach thereof. Subject to Section 13.11(h) (*Dispute Resolution*), in the event the Parties cannot resolve such dispute, controversy or claim within a period of [***] then the matter shall be referred by either Party, by written notice to the other Party, to designated senior executives of the Parties for resolution. The designated senior executives shall endeavor to meet in person within [***] following transmittal of such notice. The initial designated senior executives shall be neitiled to name substitute senior executives upon written notice to the other Party. The foregoing duties may be delegated to the extent the person delegated with such duties is duly authorized to enter into the foregoing resolution without seeking any additional approval within Lysovant or iNtRON, as applicable.

(b) Except as expressly set forth in Section 13.11(h) (*Dispute Resolution*), if, after going through this procedure, the Parties do not fully settle, and a Party wishes to pursue the matter, each such dispute, controversy or claim that is not an Excluded Claim (defined in Section 13.11(g) (*Dispute Resolution*)) shall be finally resolved by binding arbitration administered by [***] pursuant to [***].

(c) The arbitration shall be conducted by a panel of three (3) neutral arbitrators, each of whom shall have significant legal or business experience in the pharmaceutical industry, and none of whom shall be a current or former employee or director, or a current significant shareholder, of either Party or any of their respective Affiliates or any Sublicensee: within [***] after initiation of arbitration, each Party shall select one (1) person to act as arbitrator and the two (2) Party-selected arbitrators shall select a third (3rd) arbitrator within [***] of their appointent. If the arbitrators selected by the Parties are unable or fail to agree upon the third (3rd) arbitrator, the third (3rd) arbitrator shall be appointed by [***]. The place of arbitrators shall be New York, New York, and all proceedings and communications shall be in English. Within [***] after selection of the third arbitrator, the arbitrators shall conduct the Preliminary Conference (as defined in the [***]). In addressing any of the subjects within the scope of the Preliminary Conference (as defined in the [***]). In addressing any of the subjects within the needs of the Parties for an understanding of any legitimate issue raised in the arbitrator. The award rendered by the arbitrators shall be final, binding and non-appealable, and judgment may be entered upon it in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) Either Party may apply to the arbitrators for interim injunctive relief until the arbitration award is rendered or the controversy is otherwise resolved. The arbitrators' authority to award punitive or any other type of damages not measured by a Party's compensatory damages shall be subject to the limitation set forth in Section 10.5 (*Special, Indirect and Other Losses*). [***].

(e) Except to the extent necessary to confirm or enforce an award or as may be required by law, neither Party nor an arbitrator may disclose the existence, content, or results of an arbitration without the prior written consent of the other Party. In no event shall an arbitration be initiated after the date when commencement of a legal or equitable proceeding based on the dispute, controversy or claim would be barred by the applicable New York statute of limitations.

(f) The Parties agree that, in the event of a dispute over the nature or quality of performance under this Agreement, neither Party may terminate this Agreement until final resolution of the dispute through arbitration or other judicial determination. The Parties further agree that any payments made pursuant to this Agreement pending resolution of the dispute shall be refunded if an arbitrator or court determines that such payments were not due.

(g) As used in this Section 13.11 (*Dispute Resolution*), the term "Excluded Claim" means a dispute, controversy or claim that concerns (i) the construction, scope, validity, enforceability, inventorship or infringement of a patent, patent application, trademark or copyright; or (ii) any antitrust, anti-monopoly or competition law or regulation, whether or not statutory.

(h) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall deny either Party the right to seek injunctive or other equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction in the context of a *bona fide* emergency or prospective irreparable harm, and such an action may be filed and maintained notwithstanding any ongoing discussions between the Parties or any ongoing arbitration proceeding. In addition, either Party may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to resolve disputes pertaining to the validity, construction, scope, enforceability, infringement or other violations of Patents or other intellectual property rights, and no such claim shall be subject to arbitration pursuant to Sections 13.11(b) (*Dispute Resolution*) and 13.11(c) (*Dispute Resolution*).

13.12 Baseball Arbitration. This Section 13.12 (Baseball Arbitration) shall apply to disputes arising under Section 12.3(b) (Effect of Termination) to be resolved by baseball arbitration. Baseball arbitration will be conducted by one (1) arbitrator who shall be reasonably acceptable to the Parties and who shall be appointed in accordance with the [***]. If the Parties are unable to select an arbitrator within [***] then the arbitrator shall be appointed in accordance with the [***]. Any arbitrator chosen under this Section 13.12 (Baseball Arbitration) shall have significant legal or business experience in the pharmaceutical industry, and shall not be a current or former employee or director, or a current significant shareholder, of either Party or any of their respective Affiliates or any Sublicensee. Within [***] after the selection of the arbitrator, each Party shall submit to the arbitrator and the other Party a proposed resolution of the dispute that is the subject of the arbitration, together with any relevant evidence in support thereof (the "**Proposals**"). Within [***] after the delivery of the last Proposal to the arbitrator shall meet within [***] after the Parties have submitted their final Proposals (and rebuttals, if any), at which time each Party shall have one (1) hour to argue in support of its Proposal. The Parties shall not have the right to call any witnesses in support of their arguments, nor compel any production of documents or take any discovery from the other Party in preparation for the meeting. Within [***] after such meeting, the arbitrator shall select one of the final Proposals so submitted by one of the Parties as the resolution of the dispute, but may not alter the terms of either final Proposal and may not resolve the dispute in a manner other than by selection of one of the submitted final Proposals. If a Party fails to submit a Proposal and may not resolve the dispute in a manner other than by select the Proposal of the other Party as the resolution of the dispute.

13.13 Performance by Affiliates. Each Party may discharge any obligations and exercise any rights hereunder through any of its Affiliates. Each Party hereby guarantees the performance by its Affiliates of such Party's obligations under this Agreement, and shall cause its Affiliates to comply with the provisions of this Agreement in connection with such performance. Any breach by a Party's Affiliate of any of such Party's obligations under this Agreement shall be deemed a breach by such Party, and the other Party may proceed directly against such Party without any obligation to first proceed against such Party's Affiliate.

13.14 Headings. The captions to the several Articles, Sections and subsections hereof are not a part of this Agreement, but are merely for convenience to assist in locating and reading the several Articles and Sections hereof.

13.15 Waiver of Rule of Construction. Each Party has had the opportunity to consult with counsel in connection with the review, drafting and negotiation of this Agreement. Accordingly, the rule of construction that any ambiguity in this Agreement shall be construed against the drafting Party shall not apply.

13.16 Business Day Requirements. If any notice or other action or omission is required to be taken by a Party under this Agreement on a day that is not a Business Day, then such notice or other action or omission shall be deemed to require to be taken on the next occurring Business Day.

13.17 English Language. This Agreement has been prepared in the English language, and the English language shall control its interpretation. In addition, all notices required or permitted to be given hereunder, and all written, electronic, oral or other communications between the Parties regarding this Agreement shall be in the English language.

13.18 Interpretation. All references in this Agreement to the singular include the plural where applicable. Unless otherwise specified, references in this Agreement to any Article include all Sections, subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section include all subsections and paragraphs in such Article, and references to any Section or therwing "herein," "hereof" and "hereunder" and other words of similar import refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular Section or other subdivision. The word "or" is disjunctive but not necessarily exclusive. All references to days in this Agreement mean calendar days, unless otherwise specified. Except as otherwise specified herein, references to a person are also to its permitted successors and assigns.

13.19 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

13.20 Name Change. Promptly after the Effective Date, Lysovant shall use best reasonable efforts to change its name from Pharmavant 1 GmbH to Lysovant Sciences GmbH.

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CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

INTRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

PHARMAVANT 1 GMBH IN FORMATION

By:	[***]
Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]
Date:	[***]

By:	[***]
Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]
Date:	[***]

SIGNATURE PAGE TO LICENSE AGREEMENT

CONFIDENTIAL

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

List of Exhibits

Exhibit A Licensed Endolysin Specifications

Exhibit B iNtRON Patents

Exhibit C Transfer Plan

Exhibit D Press Release

Exhibit E Schedule of Costs for Ongoing Clinical Trials

FIRST AMENDMENT to LICENSE AGREEMENT

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT ("Amendment") is made and effective as of 23 March, 2019 (the "Effective Date"), by and between iNtRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC, a company organized under the laws of the Republic of Korea and having an address of [***] ("iNtRON"), and Lysovant Sciences GmbH, formerly PHARMA V ANT 1 GMBH INFORMATION, a company organized under the laws of Switzerland and having an address of [***] ("Lysovant"), to amend the terms of the LICENSE ACREEMENT between iNtRON and Lysovant dated November 19, 2018 ("License Agreement"). iNtRON and Lysovant may be referred to herein individually as a "Party" or collectively as the "Parties".

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

The first sentence of Section 4.5 of the License Agreement entitled "Pharmacovigilance" is hereby amended and replaced with the following language:

As soon as practicable, but in any case, within [***] days from the Effective Date or such other time as the Parties may agree, the Parties shall define and finalize the actions that the Parties shall employ with respect to Licensed Endolysins and Licensed Products to protect patients and promote their well-being in a written pharmacovigilance agreement (the "**Pharmacovigilance Agreement**"). The Parties intend for [***] to be the global safety database holder ("**GSDB Holder**") and [***] shall become GSDB Holder at the time set forth in the [***].

All other terms and provisions of the License Agreement remain in full force and effect.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused this Amendment to be executed by their properly and duly authorized officers or representatives as of the Effective Date.

INtRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

LYSOVANT SCIENCES GMBH

[***]	[***]
Signature	Signature
[***]	[***]
Printed Name	Printed Name
[***]	[***]
Title	Title

Title

CONFIDENTIAL

Exhibit 10.19

EXECUTION VERSION

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

SECOND AMENDMENT TO LICENSE AGREEMENT

THIS SECOND AMENDMENT TO LICENSE AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") is entered into as of August 28, 2019 (the "Effective Date"), by and between iNtRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC., a company organized under the laws of the Republic of Korea and having an address of [***] ("iNtRON"), and LYSOVANT SCIENCES GMBH, a company organized under the laws of Switzerland and having an address of [***] ("Lysovant"). iNtRON and Lysovant may be referred to herein individually as a "Party" or collectively as the "Parties".

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into that certain License Agreement (the "License Agreement") dated November 19, 2018; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to amend the License Agreement as set forth herein.

Now, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, iNtRON and Lysovant hereby agree as follows, in accordance with Section 13.3 of the License Agreement (*Entire Agreement; Modification*):

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.1 Capitalization. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the License Agreement.

ARTICLE 2 AMENDMENTS

2.1 Amendments.

(a) Section 7.2 of the License Agreement (Milestone Payments) is amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"7.2 Milestone Payments.

(a) Developmentand Regulatory Milestone Payments.

(i) Subject to the terms and conditions herein, within [***] after the first achievement of each milestone event below in connection with an Initial Licensed 1

Product containing SAL200 by or on behalf of Lysovant or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees (each, an "SAL200 Milestone Event"), Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the applicable non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment corresponding to such SAL200 Milestone Event as shown below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Milestone Event	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(ii) The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be payable only once, upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing SAL200, even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product. If a Combination Product containing SAL200 is the first Licensed Product to achieve a SAL200 Milestone Event then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product. For Clarity,

- (A) if a New Endolysin Milestone Event is achieved by a Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 and the corresponding milestone payment made under 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) and a SAL200 Milestone Event corresponding to such New Endolysin Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by a Licensed Product containing SAL200, then Lysovant will only have to pay to iNtRON the amount that equals the milestone payment due for achievement of such SAL200 Milestone Event under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) minus the milestone payment previously paid for the achievement of such New Endolysin Milestone Event, if the amount the of the achievement of the SAL200 Milestone Event is higher than the amount paid for the achievement of the New Endolysin Milestone Tevent.
- (B) If a Combination Product containing SAL200 and one or more different Licensed Endolysins achieves a SAL200 Milestone Event and such SAL200 Milestone Event has not previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product containing 2

SAL200 or a Combination Product containing SAL200, then only the payment set forth under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for such Combination Product and no additional payment set forth under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due even if one or more of the different Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product has not previously achieved a New Endolysin Milestone Event.

- (C) If a SAL200 Milestone Event [***] is achieved and the milestone payment for [***] has not then been paid, then the payment for the [***] milestone event will be due at the same time as the payment for the [***] milestone event. For clarity, none of the milestone payments payable by Lysovant under Section 7.2(a)(i) shall be paid upon any milestone events with respect to any Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200.
- (D) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the maximum amount payable by Lysovant under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) is forty-two million five hundred thousand US Dollars (\$42,500,000).

(iii) Subject to the terms and conditions herein, within [***] after the first achievement of each milestone event below (each, a "New Endolysin Milestone Event") by or on behalf of Lysovant or any of its Affiliates or Sublicensees in connection with (a) a New Licensed Product (except with respect to any New Licensed Product containing any New [***] Endolysin) or (b) an Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 (if a corresponding SAL200 Milestone Event has not previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product), Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the applicable non-refutable milestone payment corresponding to such New Endolysin Milestone Event as shown below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

New Endolysin Milestone Event (except with	
respect to New [***] Endolysins)	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(iv) The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (*Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments*) shall be payable only once for all New Licensed Products containing a New Licensed Endolysin upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin (crucluding the New Endolysin) even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (crucluding the New Endolysin) even if the same milestone event is later achieved by another Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (crucluding the New Endolysin) orcresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin orresponding to such New Endolysin). The milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be payable only once for all Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 upon the first achievement of the applicable milestone event by any Licensed Product containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 provided that no milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be event as previously been achieved by an Initial Licensed Product. If a Combination Product achieves a New Endolysin Milestone Event, only one payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) or Sectio

- (A) if a SAL200 Milestone Event is achieved by any Initial Licensed Product or Combination Product containing SAL200 and the corresponding milestone payment paid under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments), and a New Endolysin Milestone Event corresponding to the SAL200 Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by an Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200, no milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(ii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone the SAL200, no milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for the use of such Initial Endolysin in such Initial Licensed Product.
- (B) if a New Endolysin Milestone Event is achieved by any Initial Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 or a Combination Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 and the corresponding
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milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) paid and a SAL200 Milestone Event corresponding to the New Endolysin Milestone Event is subsequently achieved by (1) an Initial Licensed Product containing SAL200 or (2) a Combination Product containing SAL200, then Lysovant will pay to iNtRON the amount that equals the milestone payment due for achievement of such SAL200 Milestone Event under Section 7.2(a)(i) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) minus the milestone payment previously paid for the achievement of such New Endolysin Milestone Event, if the amount due for the achievement of the SAL200 Milestone Event is higher than the amount paid for the achievement of the New Endolysin Milestone Event.

- (C) If a SAL200 Milestone Event has not been achieved by any Licensed Product containing SAL200 and a Combination Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 is the first Licensed Product containing an Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 to achieve a New Endolysin Milestone Event then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysins in such Combination Product.
- (D) If a New Endolysin Milestone Event has not been achieved by any Licensed Product containing a New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Licensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) and a Combination Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) and a Combination Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) is the first Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin) is on the verticensed Endolysin and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) and any other endolysins included in the definition of New Licensed Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) is the first Licensed Product containing the New Licensed Endolysin (including the New Endolysin corresponding to such New Endolysin) then the corresponding milestone payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) will be due for such Combination Product, but no additional payment under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) shall be due for the use of any other Licensed Endolysin in such Combination Product.
- (E) if a New Endolysin Milestone Event for [***] is achieved by a particular Licensed Product and the milestone payment for [***] has [***] milestone event will be due at the same time as the payment for the [***] milestone event for such Licensed Product. Similarly, if a New Endolysin Milestone Event for [***] is achieved by a particular Licensed Product and the milestone payment for [***] has not then been paid for such Licensed Product, then the payment(s)

for the [***] milestone event and/or [***] milestone event, as applicable, will be due at the same time as the payment for the [***] event for such Licensed Product.

(F) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the maximum amount payable by Lysovant under Section 7.2(a)(iii) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) for all Licensed Products containing any Initial Endolysin other than SAL200 or all Licensed Products containing an endolysin falling within the definition of a New Licensed Endolysin is thirty-seven million five hundred thousand US Dollars (\$37,500,000).

(v) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the milestone payments payable under this Section 7.2(a) (Development and Regulatory Milestone Payments) in connection with the [***], respectively) shall be reduced by [***] if the [***] requires the Initial Licensed Product or New Licensed Product, as applicable, [***].

(b) Sales Milestone Payments. Within [***] after the end of each Fiscal Year in which annual Net Sales of all Licensed Products (including Initial Licensed Products and New Licensed Products (including those containing the New [***] Endolysins)), in the Field in the Territory first reach any threshold indicated in the milestone events listed below, Lysovant shall notify iNtRON of the achievement of such milestone event. iNtRON shall invoice Lysovant for the corresponding non-refundable, non-creditable milestone payment set forth below. Lysovant shall remit payment to iNtRON within [***] of the receipt of such invoice.

Annual Net Sales Milestone Events	Milestone Payments (in Dollars)
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

For purposes of determining whether a Net Sales milestone event has been achieved, Net Sales of all Licensed Products in the Territory in a given Fiscal Year shall be aggregated. For clarity, in no event will any of the Net Sales milestone payments set forth in Section 7.2(b) (*Sales Milestone Payments*) be paid more than once. The maximum amount payable by Lysovant under this Section 7.2(b) (*Sales Milestone Payments*) is nine hundred forty million (U.S. Dollars (\$940,000,000)."

(b) Section 7.3(c)(ii) of the License Agreement (Royalty Adjustment for Lack of Valid Claim) is amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"(ii) Royalty Adjustment for Lack of Valid Claim. After the expiration of the last-to-expire Valid Claim of the iNtRON Patents that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Licensed Endolysin therein) in a country in the Territory or if no Valid Claim of the iNtRON Patents exists in a country in the Territory that Cover the manufacture, use, or sale of such Licensed Product (or the Licensed Endolysin therein), the royalties payable under Section 7.3(a) (*Royalty Rate*) on the sale of such Licensed Product in such country shall be reduced [***]. Such royalty reduction will be calculated by determining the portion of total Net Sales of the Territory without reduction, and then reducing by [***] the applicable portion (based on Net Sales) of total royalties attributable to the country in which such reduction applies, "

ARTICLE 3 GENERAL PROVISIONS

3.1 General Provisions. Article 11 (Confidentiality; Publication) and Article 13 (General Provisions) of the License Agreement are incorporated herein, mutatis mutandis, as if a part hereof.

3.2 Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

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CONFIDENTIAL

EXECUTION VERSION

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed and entered into by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

INTRON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

LYSOVANT SCIENCES GMBH

By:	[***]
Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]
Date:	[***]



By:	[***]
Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]
Date:	[***]

[***]

Certain confidential information contained in this document, marked by [***], has been omitted because Roivant Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") has determined that the information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.

RESEARCH AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT effective this 1st day of January, 2018 between Oncopia Therapeutics, LLC (hereinafter "Sponsor") and the REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, a non-profit educational institution (or its agent) of the State of Michigan (hereinafter "University").

WHEREAS, Sponsor has licensed from University certain patents, under University license agreement number [***] effective August 22, 2016 and amended September 13, 2016, through an assignment from [***] to Oncopia Therapeutics LLC on November 17, 2017 (the "[***] License Agreement"), and subsequently amended on July 30, 2018; and

WHEREAS, the Sponsor wishes to advance the development of compounds licensed to Sponsor by University under the [***] License Agreement, that covers OTT files [***] and [***] and to support research for new compounds at the University; and

WHEREAS, Sponsor and University has entered into a new license agreement with an effective July 30, 2018 (the "[***] License Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Sponsor wishes to advance the development of compounds licensed to Sponsor by University under the [***] License Agreement, that covers [***] and to support research for new compounds at the University; and

WHEREAS, the research program contemplated by this Agreement is of mutual interest and benefit to University and to Sponsor, will further the instructional and research objectives of University in a manner consistent with its status as a non-profit, tax-exempt, educational institution, and may derive benefits for both Sponsor and University through inventions, improvements, or discoveries;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and mutual covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree to the following:

ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS

As used herein, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1.1 For the purposes of this Agreement, "Affiliate" shall mean any corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other entity that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, a Party to this Agreement.

1.2 "Project Plan" shall mean the respective Project Plan and associated budget for the Contract Year as mutually agreed upon by the Parties, as described in [***] under the direction [***] as Project Director entitled [***] as appended hereto and made a part of this Agreement as Attachment A.

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1.3 "Contract Period" is from January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018, unless earlier terminated pursuant to thi.s Agreement.

1.4 "Contract Year" shall mean the year long period from January I st through December 31st during the Contract Period.

1.5 "Field of Use"

1.5.1 "Field of Use 1" means treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under items A4 and A5 of the Project Plan. In addition, Field of Use 1 includes the measurement, indication and/or prediction of the pharmacologic response to any treatment, palliation, prevention or diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under items A4 and A5 of the Project Plan.

1.5.2 "Field of Use 2" means treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under .items AI, A2 and A3 of the Project Plan. In addition, Field of Use 2 includes the measurement, indication and/or prediction of the pharmacologic response to any treatment, palliation, prevention or diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under items AI, A2 and A3 of the Project Plan.

1.6 "Intellectual Property" shall mean University Intellectual Property and Joint Intellectual Property.

1.7 "Joint Intellectual Property" shall mean individually and collectively all inventions, disclosures, improvements, modifications or discoveries that satisfy all of the following: (i) [***].

1.8 "Sponsor Intellectual Property" shall mean individually and collectively all inventions, disclosures, improvements, modifications or discoveries which are conceived or made solely as defined by U.S. Patent law, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, [***].

1.9 "University Intellectual Property" shall mean individually and collectively all inventions, disclosures, improvements, modification or discoveries, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, which are conceived or made solely as defined by U.S. Patent law [***].

ARTICLE 2 - RESEARCH WORK

2.1 University and Sponsor shall use reasonable efforts to perform such Project Plan during the Contract Year substantially in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, including Attachment A. In addition, the University represents, that it has the right to enter this Agreement and to have its employees petform their respective obligations. The Project Director may propose revisions to the Project Plan from time to time during the Contract Period. If any revision results in support of an area beyond the currently defined Field of Use, (whether such support is allocated from the existing budget or additional funds from the Sponsor) such areas will be deemed to be an amendment to the Field of Use for all purposes of this Agreement. Any revision must be approved, in advance and in writing, by the Sponsor. The Sponsor, University and Project Director acknowledge and agree that it is their understanding that a portion of the

budget will be allocated among all projects undertaken by the Project Director during the Contract Period as described in the Project Plan, as may be amended from time to time by mutual written agreement of the parties. In the event that the Project Director becomes unable or unwilling to continue the Project Plan, and a mutually acceptable substitute is not available, Sponsor shall have the option to terminate said Project Plan, or a portion thereof. In the event of such termination, University shall cooperate and assist Sponsor with a transfer of copies of records, data, and other information relating to the Project Plan to which Sponsor is entitled as of the date of termination, including, but not limited to the research tools on Attachment B.

2.2 (a) The University represents that neither the Project Director nor any person employed by the University to work on the Project Plan has been disbarred under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and that no person so disbarred will in the future be employed to perform any services in connection with the Project Plan. The University also represents that no person working on the Project Plan, including the Project Director, has a conviction which could lead to disbarrent under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b). Furthermore, the University will notify the Sponsor immediately of any action which might cause disbarrent or conviction under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b) of any person working on the Project Plan.

(b) The Project Director represents that he has not been disbarred under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and that he will not allow any person so disbarred to petform any services in connection with the Project Plan. The Project Director also represents that he has no conviction which could lead to disbarment under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b). Furthermore, the Project Director will notify the Sponsor immediately of any action which might cause disbarment or conviction under Section 306(a) or Section 306(b) of any person working on the Project Plan.

ARTICLE 3 - REPORTS AND CONFERENCES

3.1 Written program reports shall be provided by University to Sponsor not less frequently than semi-annually for the Contract year and a final report shall be submitted by University at the conclusion of the Contract Period. Formal oral program reports shall be provided by University to Sponsor on a quarterly basis and Project Director shall provide informal communications to Sponsor, in writing or by telecommunication on a regular, as-needed basis.

3.2 During the term of this Agreement, representatives of University shall meet with representatives of Sponsor at times and places mutually agreed upon, but no less frequently than annually, to review the progress and results as well as ongoing plans, or changes therein, of the Project Plan to be performed hereunder.

3.3 The Sponsor shall have the right to use certain data and research tools developed by the University as described in Attachment B during the Term of the [***] License Agreement. In addition, Sponsor may use information and data contained in reports that are generated pursuant to the Project Plan provided such use in accordance with the provisi.ons of Articles 7, 8 and 15 below. Authorized representatives of the Sponsor or its designee shall have the right, upon reasonable and advance notice, and during regular business hours, to monitor, examine and inspect the University's and Project Director's facilities and records associated with this Project Plan, and inspect and copy all work products relating to the Project Plan in accordance with this Agreement.

ARTICLE 4 - COSTS, BILLINGS, AND OTHER SUPPORT

4.1 It is agreed that total costs to Sponsor for the performance of servkes and purchase of equipment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the first 12-months of the Contract Period shall be but not exceed, [***] as shown Attachment B.

Payments to the University by Sponsor over the Contract Period are described below. All payments in US dollars shall be made in accordance with the table below:

Contract Year from January 1 to December 31	Full Amount Due
2018	[***] [***] [***] [***]
2018 Total	[***]

4.2 University shall retain title to any equipment purchased with funds provided by Sponsor under this Agreement. University may purchase equipment designated in the budget not to exceed a total of [***] of the total budget stated in Section 4.1 without Sponsor approval. Other equipment purchases must be approved in writing by Sponsor.

4.3 In the event of early termination of the Project Plan by Sponsor pursuant to this Agreement, Sponsor shall pay all actual budgeted costs accrued by University as of the date of termination, including non-cancelable obligations, which shall include all non-cancelable contracts and fellowships or postdoctoral associate appointments called for in the Project Plan, incurred prior to the effective date of termination, to the extent such personnel cannot be reassigned to other projects. After termination, any obligation of Sponsor for fellowships or postdoctoral associates shall end no later than the end of University's academic year during which termination occurs.

ARTICLE 5 - PUBLICITY

Sponsor will not use the name of University, nor of any member of University's Project Plan staff, in any advertising, news release or other promotional activity without the prior written approval of an authorized representative of University which shall not be unreasonably withheld. University will not use the name of Sponsor, nor any employee of Sponsor, in any advertising or other promotional activity without the prior written approval of Sponsor. Nothing herein shall restrict either party's right to disclose the existence of this Agreement, the identity of the parties, or the nature of the Project Plan, or to comply with any disclosure requirements of securities regulatory authorities, without consent of the other party.

ARTICLE 6 - PUBLICATIONS

Sponsor recognizes that under University policy, the results of studies conducted pursuant to the Project Plan must be available for publication and agrees that researchers engaged in the studies shall be permitted to present at symposis, national, or regional professional meetings, and to publish in journals, theses or dissertations, or otherwise of their own choosing, methods and results of the studies, provided, however, that Sponsor shall have been furnished copies of any proposed publication or presentation for review at least [***] in advance of the submission of such proposed publication or presentation to a journal, editor, or other third party. Sponsor shall have [***] after receipt of said copies, to object to such proposed presentation or proposed publication because there is patentable subject matter which needs protection or because Confidential Information disclosed pursuant to Article 15, below, is contained therein.

In the event that Sponsor makes such objection, said researcher(s) shall refrain from making such publication or presentation for a maximum of [***] from date of receipt of such objection in order for University, or Sponsor, as the case may be, to file patent application(s) with the United States Patent and Trademark Office or foreign patent office(s) directed to the patentable subject matter contained in the proposed publication or presentation. University will comply with Sponsor's request to delete or modify Confidential Information. Sponsor may also comment upon, but may not make editorial changes to, the results and conclusions set forth in such copies and researchers shall consider such comments in good faith.

ARTICLE 7 - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

7.1 a) All rights and title to University Intellectual Property outside the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2 discovered or conceived during the course of providing services under the Project Plan shall belong to [***] and shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement [***].

b) All rights and title to University Intellectual Property within the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2 shall belong to [***] and shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement [***].

7.2 All rights and title to Sponsor Intellectual Property under the Project Plan, whether within or outside of the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2 shall belong to [***] Such inventions, improvements, and discoveries shall not be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

7.3 All rights and title to Joint Intellectual Property within and outside of the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2 shall be [***] and shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement [***].

7.4 Following submission of an invention disclosure to the University's Office of Technology Transfer that describes the conception or reduction to practice of Intellectual Property by the Project Director in performance of this Agreement, the University will notify Sponsor within [***] of such disclosure. If [***] directs that a patent application or application for other intellectual property protection be filed, [***] shall promptly prepare, file, and prosecute such U.S. and foreign application in [***] name, or in the names of both parties if the invention is Joint Intellectual Property and the [***] in connection with such preparation, filing, prosecution, and maintenance of U.S. and foreign application(s). [***] shall cooperate with [***] sasure that such application(s) will cover, to the best of [***] knowledge, all items of commercial interest and importance. While [***] shall be responsible for making decisions regarding scope and content of application(s) to be filed and prosecution thereof, [***] shall [***] shall inform [***] of all developments with respect to such application(s) addshall promptly supply to [***] copies of all papers received and filed in connection with the prosecution thereof in sufficient time for [***].

7.5 The Project Director shall make a final invention report to the University's Office of Technology Transfer within [***] of the earlier of termination or expiration of this Agreement, and the University shall notify the Sponsor in accordance with section 7.4.

7.6 With respect to Joint Intellectual Property, if [***] elects not to [***] shall be free to

file or continue prosecution or maintain any such application(s), and to maintain any protection issuing thereon in the U.S. and in any foreign country at such [***]. If [***] discontinues [***] for the prosecution or maintenance of the protection of Joint Intellectual Property and [***] elects to solely continue prosecution or maintain any such applications(s), all [***] rights in the applicable patents or patent applications, shall be transferred to [***].

7.7 With respect to University Intellectual Property, if [***] elects [***] shall be free to file or continue prosecution or maintain any such application(s), and to maintain any protection issuing thereon in the U. S. and in any foreign country at [***] and all [***] rights in the applicable patents or patent applications shall be tenninated; provided, however, if [***] in [***]. If [***] lects to continue such prosecution or maintenance, which election must occur within [***] of [***] notice to [***] to the extent that such [***] is not licensed to a third party, [***] shall execute such documents and perform such ary be reasonably necessary for [***] to continue such prosecution and maintenance and all [***] rights in the patents or patent applications shall be terminated other than those retained pursuant to Section 8.5 below.

ARTICLE 8 - GRANT OF RIGHTS

8.1 University hereby grants Sponsor a royalty-free, non-exclusive license to use University Intellectual Property, whether within or outside of the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2, within its own organization for any noncommercial purpose.

8.2 University Intellectual Property and/or Joint Intellectual Property

8.2.1 With respect to University Intellectual Property and/or Joint Intellectual Property within the Field of Use 1, upon Sponsor's request, such request to be within [***] from the date of the University's disclosure to Sponsor, such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property shall be added to the definition of PATENT RIGHTS in the [***] License Agreement. All the terms and conditions of the [***] License Agreement shall apply.

8.2.2 With respect to University Intellectual Property and/or Joint Intellectual Property within the Field of Use 2, upon Sponsor's request, such request to be within [***] from the date of the University's disclosure to Sponsor, such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property shall be added to the definition of PATENT RIGHTS in the [***] License Agreement. All the terms and conditions of the [***] License Agreement shall apply.

8.3 With respect to University Intellectual Property outside the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2, University hereby grants the first option, at Sponsor's sole selection, for either (a) a [***] license to use University Intellectual Property for [***] or (b) an [***] license with a right to [***]. Upon Sponsor's exercise of the option, the parties shall promptly negotiate a new license agreement in good faith, or upon mutual agreement, the University Intellectual Property may be described and added to the definition of Patent Rights contained in any license agreement then in effect between the parties. This option shall extend for a period of [***] from the disclosure of University Intellectual Property to Sponsor.

8.4 In the event that Sponsor wishes to exclusively commercialize Joint Intellectual Property outside the Field of Use 1 or Field of Use 2, [***] shall pay full patent costs for protection and maintenance such joint inventions and shall be given an option to negotiate an agreement, containing [***] whereby the University will [***]. Upon Sponsor's exercise of the option, the parties shall promptly negotiate a license agreement in good faith. Upon mutual agreement the Joint Intellectual Property may be described and added to any license agreement then in effect between the parties or negotiate a new license agreement, as the case may be. This option shall extend for a period of [***] from the disclosure of Joint Intellectual Property to Sponsor.

8.5 In the event that Sponsor acquires an exclusive license or right under subsections 8.3 or 8.4 of this Article, the University will retain the right, to continue to use any University Intellectual Property and Joint Intellectual Property within the University for any noncommercial purpose.

8.6 Rights granted to Sponsor pursuant to this Agreement may be subject to [***].

8.7 The Sponsor shall be in materia] breach of this Agreement if Sponsor fails to make any and all of the payments due to University under this Agreement during the Contract Year as described in Section 4.1. Upon such failure to pay, all options and rights to Intellectual Property granted to Sponsor during the Contract Year under Section 8 shall be immediately revoked and terminated. Additionally, all rights and licenses to Intellectual Property generated during the Contract Year that Sponsor fails to make full payment shall be immediately removed from the Patent Rights of the [***] License Agreement, and all such rights and licenses to Intellectual Property shall be immediately revoked without the right to cure such breach under Section 9.2

ARTICLE 9 'TERM AND TERMINATION

9.1 This Agreement shall become effective upon the date first written above and shall continue in effect for the full duration of the Contract Period. The parties hereto may, however, extend the term of this Agreement for additional periods as desired under mutually agreeable terms and conditions which the parties reduce to writing and sign. Sponsor may terminate this Agreement upon [***] prior written notice to the University. The Sponsor or the University may terminate the Agreement or the Project Plan or any portion thereof, immediately if they determine that the safety of persons participating will be compromised if the work continues. The University may terminate this Agreement upon [***] prior written notice to Sponsor if in the opinion of the University, as advised by legal counsel, continuation would violate any law, or regulation. [***]. In addition, if the performance of this Agreement by the University is prevented, restricted or delayed by reason of any cause beyond the reasonable control of the University unless conclusive evidence to the contrary is provided, the University shall be excused from performing to the extent reasonable. When such circumstances arise, the parties shall discuss what, if any, modification of the terms of this Agreement may be required in order to arrive at an equitable solution.

9.2 In the event that either party commits any material breach of or default in any of the material terms or conditions of this Agreement, and fails to remedy such material default or breach within [***] after receipt of written notice thereof from the other party, the party giving notice may, at its option and in addition to any other remedies which it may have at law or in equity, terminate this Agreement by sending notice of termination in writing to the other party. Such termination shall be effective as of the date of the receipt of such notice.

9.3 Subject to Paragraph 8.7, no termination of this Agreement, however effectuated, shall release the parties from their rights and obligations accrued prior to the effective date of termination.

9.4 Upon termination of this Agreement for any reason, University shall either return or destroy, at the direction of the Sponsor and at Sponsor's cost, any Confidential Information used in connection with the Project Plan. If Sponsor instructs University to destroy such matter, University shall provide Sponsor with a written certificate that it has done so.

ARTICLE 10 - INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

10.1 University shall be deemed to be and shall be an independent contractor and as such University shall not be entitled to any benefits applicable to employees of Sponsor;

10.2 Neither party is authorized or empowered to act as agent for the other for any purpose and shall not on behalf of the other enter into any contract, warranty or representation as to any matter. Neither shall be bound by the acts or conduct of the other.

ARTICLE 11 - INSURANCE AND INDEMNIFICATION

11.1 University warrants and represents that University has adequate liability insurance, such protection being applicable to officers, employees, and agents while acting within the scope of their employment by University. University has no liability insurance policy as such that can extend protection to any other person.

11.2 Each party hereby assumes any and all risks of personal injury and property damage attributable to the negligent acts or omissions of that party and the officers, employees, and agents thereof.

11.3 Sponsor understands that the University is an educational institution created under Article 8, Section 5 of the Michigan Constitution and operated pursuant to authority conferred by the State of Michigan. As a state institution the University is prohibited from lending the credit of the state pursuant to Article 9 of the Michigan Constitution. Sponsor acknowledges that this Agreement does not confer upon Sponsor any right of claim of indemnification by the University, either express or implied.

ARTICLE 12 - GOVERNING LAW

This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Michigan.

ARTICLE 13 - ASSIGNMENT

13.1 Except as provided in Section 13.2, this Agreement shall not be assigned by either party without the prior written consent of the parties hereto.

13.2 This Agreement is assignable without consent to any Affiliate of Sponsor, or in the event Sponsor assigns this Agreement to a successor-in-interest as a consequence of a merger, consolidation, sale of substantially all of the assets of Sponsor or transfer of more than 50% of its voting securities. Sponsor shall provide written notice to University within [***] of the closing of such assignment.

ARTICLE 14 - ENTIRE AGREEMENT/MODIFICATION

This Agreement, and its Attachments contain the entire agreement between the parties. Any agreement to change the terms of this Agreement in any way shall be valid only if the change is made in writing and approved by mutual agreement of authorized representatives of the parties hereto.

ARTICLE 15 - CONFIDENTIALITY

15.1 University agrees to use the proprietary information and data acquired from Sponsor and identified as such at the time of disclosure ("Confidential Information") only in performing the services of this Agreement and not to disclose to any third party any such Confidential Information during and for a period of [***] from the date of disclosure. Confidential Information shall be disclosed in writing or reduced to writing within [***] of disclosure to University.

15.2 The obligation to protect Confidential Information shall not apply to any information that: (1) is already in the possession of, or is independently developed by, University without reliance on or reference to any information received from Sponsor; (2) becomes publicly available other than through breach of this provision; (3) is received by University from a third party with authorization to make such disclosure; (4) is released with Sponsor's written consent; or (5) is required to be released by law or court order provided Sponsor receives sufficient notice in advance of such release in order that Sponsor may apply for a protective order or other confidential treatment.

ARTICLE 16 - NOTICES

Notices hereunder shall be deemed made if given by confirmable fax or email with subsequent hard copy, registered or certified envelope, postage prepaid, and addressed to the party to receive such notice at the address given below, or such other address as may hereafter be designated by notice in writing:

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If to Sponsor: [****]
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ARTICLE 17 - SURVIVAL

Termination, relinquishment or expiration of this Agreement for any reason shall be without prejudice to the survival of any accrued rights or obligations of either the University or Sponsor under Articles 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 and Sections 3.3, 4.3, 9.3, 9.4, and Attachment B for any reason whatsoever, each in accordance with their stated term if a term is stated, and indefinitely if no term is stated.

[***] [***]

[***] [***] [***] [***]

AGREED TO:

ONCOPIA THERAPEUTICS, LLC

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

Read and Acknowledged by:

[***]

[***]

Attachment A: Project Plan

FIFTH AMENDMENT - SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT (AWD010075)

This Fifth Amendment to the Sponsored Research Agreement [***] (the "FIFTH AMENDMENT") is effective as of November 19, 2020 (the "Fifth Amendment Effective Date") between Oncopia Therapeutics Inc. ("Sponsor") having an address at [***] and the Regents of the University of Michigan, a constitutional corporation of the State of Michigan, having a place of business at [***] ("University," and together with the Sponsor, the "PARTIES").

WHEREAS, the PARTIES have entered into a Sponsored Research Agreement [***] having an effective date of January 1, 2018 (the agreement [***] and the agreement effective date, the "Original Effective Date") and amendments effective January 2, 2018 (the "FIRST AMENDMENT"), January 1, 2019 (the "SECOND AMENDMENT"), July 11, 2019 (the "THIRD AMENDMENT") and March 18, 2020 (the "FOURTH AMENDMENT", and together with the [***] the FIRST AMENDMENT, the SECOND AMENDMENT, and the THIRD AMENDMENT, the "MICHIGAN SRA") for research under the direction of [***];

WHEREAS, the PARTIES entered into that certain license agreement on August 22, 2016 and amended September 13, 2016, through an assignment from [***] to Oncopia Therapeutics, LLC on November 17, 2017, and subsequently amended on July 30, 2018 and March 15, 2019 covering OTT files [***] and which files include certain inventions related to [***] (the [***] License Agreement");

WHEREAS, the PARTIES entered into that certain license agreement on July 30, 2018 covering OTT files [***] which files include certain inventions related to [***] respectively (the "[***] License Agreement");

WHEREAS, the PARTIES entered into that certain amended and restated license agreement dated as of November 16, 2020 (the "Amended and Restated License Agreement"), which consolidated the [***] License Agreement and the [***] License Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the PARTIES now wish to amend the MICHIGAN SRA to extend the project period and add additional funding to support new and ongoing research related to discovery and optimization of [***].

NOW, THEREFORE, the PARTIES agree to hereby amend the MICHIGAN SRA as follows:

- Definition of Project Plan. Paragraph 1.2 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows: 1. "1.2 "Project Plan" shall mean the respective Project Plans and associated budget for the applicable calendar year as mutually agreed upon by the Parties under the direction of [***] as Project Director as appended hereto and made a part of this Agreement as

Attachment A and successively numbered attachments (e.g., Attachment A-2, Attachment A-3, Attachment A-4, and Attachment A-5). For clarity and notwithstanding the foregoing, the plan set forth in Attachment A-5 shall initially be deemed the Project Plan for calendar years 2021, 2022 and 2023."

- Definition of Contract Period. Paragraph 1.3 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 "1.3 "Contract Period" means the Initial Period and any Renewal Period (as defined below), unless earlier terminated pursuant to this Agreement. For purposes of this definition, the "Initial Period" means the period beginning January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2023."
- 3. Definition of Field of Use. Paragraph 1.5 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - "1.5 "Field of Use"

1.5.1 "Field of Use 1" means treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under any Project Plan. In addition, Field of Use 1 includes the measurement, indication and/or prediction of the pharmacologic response to any treatment, palliation, prevention or diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under any Project Plan.

1.5.2 "Field of Use 2" means treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of [***], conceived during the course of providing services under any Project Plan. In addition, Field of Use 2 includes the measurement, indication and/or prediction of the pharmacologic response to any treatment, palliation, prevention or diagnosis of [***] conceived during the course of providing services under any Project Plan."

4. <u>Definition of Joint Intellectual Property</u>. Paragraph 1.7 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows: "1.7 "Joint Intellectual Property" shall mean individually and collectively all inventions, disclosures, improvements, modifications or discoveries that satisfy all of the following: are conceived or made jointly as defined in U.S. Patent law or other applicable U.S. intellectual property law, whether or not patentable or copyrightable [***]."

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5. Definition of University Intellectual Property. Paragraph 1.9 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"1.9 "University Intellectual Property" shall mean individually and collectively all inventions, disclosures, improvements, modification or discoveries, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, which are conceived or made solely as defined by U.S. Patent law or other applicable U.S. intellectual property law [***]."

6. <u>Project Plan Revisions</u>. Paragraph 2.1 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby renumbered "2.1(a)" and a new Paragraph 2.1(b) is hereby added as follows:

"2.1(b) Between [***] and [***] Sponsor shall have the right to fund research projects conducted by, or under the direction of, Project Director for up to a total of [***] targets of interest (in addition to research projects for each target of interest listed in Attachment A-4). Sponsor and Project Director shall agree in writing to research projects for such targets from time to time, including in accordance with Paragraph 3.1. Further, the Parties anticipate that Sponsor will fund research projects on [***] new targets in each of calendar years [***] but Sponsor may fund (x) fewer than [***] research projects on new targets for a particular calendar year in such period (in which case, Sponsor may fund additional research projects on new targets in any following calendar year) or (y) more than [***] research projects on targets for a particular calendar year in such period, so long as, in each case, the number of research projects funded by Sponsor hereunder for calendar years [***] but founding the reasonable out-of-pocket cost associated with any such additional research project to the extent not otherwise covered by the budget for the applicable calendar year.

Upon agreement between Sponsor and University of any research project for a target in accordance with the foregoing paragraph, the Project Plan shall be deemed automatically updated to include such research project.

The Parties agree that different research projects will require different levels of effort and resources, so Sponsor and Project Director will work together in good faith to ensure that the aggregate

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research effort in each calendar year is consistent with the budget for such calendar year. For the avoidance of doubt, the Parties agree that feasibility or advisory discussions around a potential project/target will not constitute a standalone research project for such potential project/target."

7. Reports. Paragraph 3.1 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"3.1 Written program reports shall be provided by University to Sponsor not less frequently than [***] for each calendar year, and upon Sponsor's reasonable written request to University, and a final report shall be submitted by University at the conclusion of the Contract Period. Each program report shall include a summary of University's activities, including all actual and planned inventions, disclosures, improvements, modifications or discoveries that are conceived or made jointly as defined in U.S. Patent law, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, by the Project Director and one or more employees of University under his direct supervision, in performance of the Project Plan during a calendar year of the Contract Period. Formal oral program reports shall be provided by Project Director to Sponsor on a [***] and Project Director shall provide informal communications to Sponsor, in writing or by telecommunication on a regular, as-needed basis. In connection with such oral reports, the Parties shall add to the then-current Project Plan each project that has been, or is expected to be, performed as a result of the funding provided by Sponsor (including the research projects agreed by Sponsor and Project Director pursuant to Paragraph 2.1(b)), such that the Project Plan, as so revised, reflects current, and future projects performed as a result of the funding provided by Sponsor."

8. <u>Results</u>. Paragraph 3.3 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"3.3 The Sponsor may use and disclose results, information, data, know-how, research tools and reports that are generated pursuant to the Project Plan (collectively, "Results") for any and all lawful purposes, including with respect to (i) its submissions to governmental agencies (which includes submissions for regulatory approval of any of Sponsor's products and supporting patent applications), (ii) in connection with any research or development activities, to advisors, actual or potential acquisition partners, collaboration partners or investors and others on a need to know basis, in each case under appropriate confidentiality obligations, and (iii) to research, develop, manufacture and commercialize Sponsor's current or new product offerings (or improvements thereto). Project Director shall deliver to Sponsor such Results on a calendar quarter basis or as may be requested by Sponsor from time to time, and in any event, within [***] after the expiration or earlier termination of this Agreement in accordance with Paragraph 7.5. Upon Sponsor's reasonable request, University shall facilitate, and Project Director and others performing activities under the Project Plan shall provide, reasonable technical assistance for the purpose of assisting any transfer of Results. Including making Project Director and others performing activities under the Project Plan shall provide, reasonable technical assistance Plan available to answer questions regarding the Results. Authorized representatives of the Sponsor or its designee shall have the right, upon reasonable and advance notice, and during regular business hours, to monitor, examine and inspect the University's and Project Director's facilities and records associated with this Project Plan, and inspect and copy all work products relating to the Project Plan in accordance with this Agreement."

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9. Costs, Billings and Other Support. Paragraph 4.1 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"4.1 It is agreed that total costs to Sponsor for the performance of services and purchase of equipment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the first calendar year of the Contract Period shall be but not exceed, [***] as shown on Attachment B. Total costs to Sponsor for the performance of services and purchase of equipment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the second calendar year of the Contract Period shall be but not exceed, [***] as shown on Attachment B-2. Total costs to Sponsor for the performance of services and purchase of equipment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the third calendar year of the Contract Period shall be but not exceed, [***] as shown Attachment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the third calendar year of the Contract Period shall be but not exceed, [***] as shown Attachment on B-4. Total costs to Sponsor for the performance of services and purchase of equipment necessary to complete the Project Plan during the 2021, 2022, and 2023 calendar years shall be but not exceed [***] respectively, as shown on Attachment B-5.

Payments to the University by Sponsor over the Contract Period are described below. All payments in US dollars shall be made in accordance with the table below:

Calendar Year from January 1 to December 31		
1 to December 51	Full Amount Due	
[***]	[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]	[***]
Total	[***]	[***]"

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10. Patent Applications. Paragraph 7.4 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"7.4 Following submission of an invention disclosure to the University's Office of Technology Transfer that describes the conception or reduction to practice of Intellectual Property by the Project Director in performance of this Agreement, the [***] will notify [***] within [***] of such disclosure. Unless [***] directs that a patent application or application for other intellectual property protection not be filed, [***] ball promptly prepare, file, and prosecute such U.S. and foreign application in [***] name, or in the names of both parties if the invention is Joint Intellectual Property and the [***] incurred in connection with such preparation, filing, prosecution, and maintenance of U.S. and foreign application(s), [***] shall cooperate with [***] to assure that such application(s) will cover, to the best of [***] knowledge, all items of commercial interest and importance. While [***] shall be responsible for making decisions regarding scope and content of application(s) to be filed and prosecution thereof, [***] shall inform [***] of all developments with respect to such application(s) and shall promptly supply to [***] copies of all papers received and filed in connection with the prosecution thereof in sufficient time for [***] to comment thereon."

11. Grant of Rights. Paragraph 8.2 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"8.2.1 With respect to University Intellectual Property and/or Joint Intellectual Property within the Field of Use 1, unless Sponsor requests that such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property not be added to the definition of PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS in the Amended and Restated License Agreement, such request to be within [***] from the date of the University's disclosure to Sponsor, Sponsor and University agree that such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property shall be deemed to be added.

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8.2.2 With respect to University Intellectual Property and/or Joint Intellectual Property within the Field of Use 2, unless Sponsor requests that such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property not be added to the definition of ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS or FUTURE PATENT RIGHTS, as applicable, in the Amended and Restated License Agreement, such request to be within [***] from the date of the University's disclosure to Sponsor, Sponsor and University agree that such University Intellectual Property and the University's interest in Joint Intellectual Property shall be deemed to be added."

12. <u>Third Party Funding</u>. A new Paragraph 8.8 is hereby added to the MICHIGAN SRA as follows:

"8.8 University agrees that Sponsor shall be only for-profit entity to provide research funding for Project Director for any project included in the Project Plan. In the event that a different for-profit entity offers to provide research funding to Project Director related to any [***] in each case not contemplated by the then-current Project Plan, University shall notify such entity that Sponsor is providing research funding to Project Director in related areas and has the option to provide research funding in the requested area. [***]."

13. Term. Paragraph 9.1 of the MICHIGAN SRA is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"9.1 This Agreement shall become effective upon the date first written above and shall continue in effect for the full duration of the Contract Period (which as of the Fifth Amendment Effective Date, is the Initial Period). Upon Sponsor's written request provided prior to the end of the then-current calendar year, Sponsor may extend the Contract Period for up to [***] (each, a "Renewal Period"), in each case subject to mutual agreement on the Project Plan and budget to reflect the research being performed during the applicable Renewal Period, which Sponsor and the University agree to work toward in good faith. Sponsor may terminate this Agreement upon [***] prior written notice to the University. The Sponsor or the University may terminate the Agreement or the Project Plan or any portion thereof, immediately if they determine that the safety of persons participating will be compromised if the work continues. The University may terminate this Agreement upon [***] prior written notice to Sponsor if in the opinion of the University, as advised by legal counsel, continuation would violate any law, or regulation. [***]. In addition, if the performance of this Agreement by the University is prevented, restricted or delayed by reason of any cause beyond the reasonable control of the University, unless conclusive evidence to the contrary is provided, the University shall be excused from performing to the extent reasonable. When such circumstances arise, the parties shall discuss what, if any, modification of the terms of this Agreement may be required in order to arrive at an equitable solution."

- 14. Project Plan. Attachment A-5 hereto shall be added as Attachment A-5 to the MICHIGAN SRA.
- 15. <u>Budget</u>. Attachment B-5 hereto shall be added as Attachment B-5 to the MICHIGAN SRA.
- 16. <u>Diligence</u>. Sponsor agrees (directly or through one or more affiliates or other third parties) to achieve the diligence milestones listed on Attachment C hereto (which shall be added as Attachment C to the MICHIGAN SRA) within [***] of the Fifth Amendment Effective Date. If Sponsor (or any third party) does not achieve any such milestone within [***] of the Fifth Amendment Effective Date and if University provides written notice thereof within sixty [***] after the [***] aniversary of the Fifth Amendment Effective Date, Sponsor shall not have the right to renew the MICHIGAN SRA for the Renewal Period pursuant to Paragraph 9.1. This Paragraph 16 states the sole and exclusive remedy of MICHIGAN in the event Sponsor fails to achieve such milestones within such time period.
- 17. <u>General</u>. Notwithstanding the prior amendments, the provisions of this FIFTH AMENDMENT are deemed effective as of the Fifth Amendment Effective Date. Except as specifically modified and amended above, all other terms and conditions of the MICHIGAN SRA remain unchanged and in effect and are hereby ratified and adopted as though fully set forth herein.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the PARTIES have entered into this FIFTH AMENDMENT as of the FIFTH AMENDMENT EFFECTIVE DATE.

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By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***] THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

By:	[***]
Name: Title:	[***] [***]

[Signature Page to the Fifth Amendment to the Michigan SRA]

Attachment A-5 Project Plan [***]

AMENDED AND RESTATED PATENT LICENSE AGREEMENT

This Amended and Restated License Agreement (this "AGREEMENT") is effective as of November 16, 2020 (the "EFFECTIVE DATE"), between Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("LICENSEE"), having the address in Article 13 below, and the Regents of the University of Michigan, a constitutional corporation of the State of Michigan ("MICHIGAN"). MICHIGAN and the LICENSEE are each individually referred to herein as a "PARTY" or collectively referred to herein as the "PARTIES".

WHEREAS, [***] and MICHIGAN entered into that certain License Agreement, effective as of August 22, 2016, which was then amended by the First Amendment to the License Agreement [***] effective as of September 13, 2016, assigned by [***] to LICENSEE on November 17, 2017, and further amended by the Second Amendment to the [***] License Agreement, effective as of July 30, 2018 and the Third Amendment to the [***] License Agreement, effective as of March 22, 2019 (such agreement and amendments thereto, collectively, as in effect immediately prior to the EFFECTIVE DATE, the "PREDECESSOR LICENSE AGREEMENT").

WHEREAS, Oncopia Therapeutics, LLC and MICHIGAN entered into that certain Patent License Agreement, effective as of July 30, 2018 (such agreement, as in effect immediately prior to the EFFECTIVE DATE, the "ONCOPIA LICENSE AGREEMENT").

WHEREAS, Oncopia Therapeutics, LLC was converted into LICENSEE on March 15, 2019.

WHEREAS, in connection with the PREDECESSOR LICENSE AGREEMENT and ONCOPIA LICENSE AGREEMENT, LICENSEE and MICHIGAN entered into that certain Research Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2018, as amended by the First Amendment – Sponsored Research Agreement [***], effective as of January 2, 2018, the Second Amendment – Sponsored Research Agreement [***], effective as of January 1, 2019, the Third Amendment – Sponsored Research Agreement [***], effective as of July 11, 2019, the Fourth Amendment – Sponsored Research Agreement [***], effective as of March 18, 2020 and the Fifth Amendment – Sponsored Research Agreement [****], effective as of the EFFECTIVE DATE (such agreement and amendments thereto, as further amended from time to time, collectively, the "SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT").

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WHEREAS, the PARTIES wish to modify and consolidate the PREDECESSOR LICENSE AGREEMENT and ONCOPIA LICENSE AGREEMENT into a single amended and restated agreement, as set forth in this AGREEMENT.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the amount and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the PARTIES hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 – DEFINITIONS

1.1 "AFFILIATES" means with respect to a particular PARTY or other entity, another person or entity that controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such PARTY or other entity. For the purposes of the definition in this Paragraph 1.1, the word "control" (including, with correlative meaning, the terms "controlled by" or "under the common control with") means the actual power, either directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaties, to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such entity, whether by the ownership of more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting stock of such entity, or by contract or otherwise. [***].

1.2 "DIRECTED" means, with respect to a TARGET, a primary mechanism of action of degrading, inhibiting or otherwise directly modulating such TARGET or the function or expression thereof.

1.3 [***].

1.4 "FIELD OF USE" means treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of [***]. In addition, FIELD OF USE includes the measurement, indication and/or prediction of the pharmacologic response to any treatment, palliation, prevention or diagnosis of [***].

1.5 [***].

1.6 "FISCAL YEAR" means the period from April 1 of a calendar year through March 31 of the following calendar year.

1.7 "FUTURE LICENSED PROCESS(ES)" means any process or method that, but for this AGREEMENT, comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the FUTURE PATENT RIGHTS or uses a FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.8 "FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT(S)" means any product that: (a) but for this AGREEMENT comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the FUTURE PATENT RIGHTS in the country in which any such product or product part is made, used, imported, offered for sale or sold; or (b) is manufactured by using a FUTURE LICENSED PROCESS or is employed to practice a FUTURE LICENSED PROCESS. For purposes of the definition of FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT, a FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT from another FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT only if it contains an active pharmaceutical ingredient that is distinct from those active pharmaceutical ingredients included in such other FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.9 "FUTURE PATENT RIGHTS" means MICHIGAN's legal rights under the patent laws of the United States or relevant foreign countries for all of the following:

(a) all U.S. provisional patent applications directed to inventions disclosed to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer and specifically described and enabled in the invention reports submitted to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer that were conceived, created, generated or reduced to practice under the SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT for which LICENSEE is granted rights pursuant to the SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT other than ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS and PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS;

(b) all U.S. non-provisional patent applications that claim the benefit of the applications listed in (a) above, including all divisional, continuation, and continuation-in-part applications (but only those claims in the continuation-in-part applications that have the benefit of the applications listed in (a) above);

(c) all foreign patent applications in any jurisdiction in the world that claim the benefit of any of the applications identified in (a) and (b) above, including all international, e.g., PCT, and regional, e.g., EPO, applications;

(d) all patents that grant, issue, or result from any of the applications identified in (a), (b) and (c) above; and

(e) all reissues, reexaminations, extensions (including supplementary protection certificates), confirmations, and registrations of any of the patents and patent applications identified in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above.

1.10 "FUTURE TARGETS" means any TARGET other than a PREDECESSOR TARGET or an ONCOPIA TARGET.

1.11 "LICENSED PROCESS(ES)" means the FUTURE LICENSED PROCESSES, the ONCOPIA LICENSED PROCESSES and the PREDECESSOR LICENSED PROCESSES, as applicable.

1.12 "LICENSED PRODUCT(S)" means the FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCTS, the ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS and the PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCTS, as

applicable. For purposes of the definition of LICENSED PRODUCT, a LICENSED PRODUCT shall be deemed a different LICENSED PRODUCT from another LICENSED PRODUCT only if it contains an active pharmaceutical ingredient that is distinct from those active pharmaceutical ingredients included in such other LICENSED PRODUCT.

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1.13 "NET SALES" means [***]:

- (a) [***]
 (b) [***]
 (c) [***]
 (d) [***]
 (e) [***]
- (f) [***]
- (g) [***]
- [***]
- [***]

- [***] [***]
- [***]

"COMBINATION PRODUCT" means: (a) a therapeutic pharmaceutical product that consists of either (i) a LICENSED PRODUCT and/or a LICENSED PROCESS and at least one other clinically active ingredient that is not covered by the PATENT RIGHTS combined into a single formulation (i.e., a fixed dose combination); or (ii) any combination of a LICENSED PRODUCT and/or a LICENSED PROCESS and another pharmaceutical product that contains at least one other clinically active ingredient that, in each case, is not covered by the PATENT RIGHTS, where such products are not formulated together but are sold together as a single product and invoiced as one product; or (b) a product that consists of a product that may be used to indicate or predict pharmacologic response to, or clinical benefit of, or lack thereof ("DIAGNOSTIC PRODUCT"), which is a combination of a LICENSED PRODUCT and/or a LICENSED PROCESS and any other active agent that is not covered by the PATENT RIGHTS, sold together as a single product in a kit or other put-up, and invoiced as one product; or (c) a product that consists of a ling product or kit or other put-up and invoiced as one product; or (c) a product that consists of a DIAGNOSTIC PRODUCT which is not a LICENSED PRODUCT or LICENSED PROCESS and any other active agent that is covered by the PATENT RIGHTS, sold together as a single product or kit or other put-up and invoiced as one product. The other clinically active ingredient(s) in clause (a)(i), the other pharmaceutical product(s) in clause (a)(ii) the other active agent in clause (b) and the DIAGNOSTIC PRODUCT in clause (c) are each referred to as the "OTHER PRODUCT(s)".

NET SALES for a COMBINATION PRODUCT in a country shall be calculated as follows:

- [***]
- [***]

[***]

[***]

1.14 "ONCOPIA LICENSED PROCESS(ES)" means any process or method that, but for this AGREEMENT, comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS or uses an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.15 "ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT(S)" means any product that: (a) but for this AGREEMENT comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS in the country in which any such product or product part is made, used, imported, offered for sale or sold; or (b) is manufactured by using an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODESS or is employed to practice an ONCOPIA LICENSED PROCESS. For purposes of the definition of ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT, an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT shall be deemed a different ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT from another ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT only if it contains an active pharmaceutical ingredient that is distinct from those active pharmaceutical ingredients included in such other ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.16 "ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS" means MICHIGAN's legal rights under the patent laws of the United States or relevant foreign countries for all of the following:

 (a) all patents and patent applications licensed to LICENSEE under the ONCOPIA LICENSE AGREEMENT, including the patents and patent applications listed on Exhibit A hereto;

(b) all U.S. provisional patent applications directed to inventions disclosed to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer and specifically described and enabled in the invention reports submitted to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer that were conceived, created, generated or reduced to practice under the SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT pertaining to any treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of human and/or animal diseases DIRECTED to an ONCOPIA TARGET;

(c) all U.S. non-provisional patent applications that claim the benefit of the applications listed in (a) or (b) above, including all divisional, continuation, and continuation-in-part applications (but only those claims in the continuation-in-part applications that have the benefit of the applications listed in (a) or (b) above);

(d) all foreign patent applications in any jurisdiction in the world that claim the benefit of any of the applications identified in (a), (b) and (c) above, including all international, e.g., PCT, and regional, e.g., EPO, applications;

- (e) all patents that grant, issue, or result from any of the applications identified in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above; and
- (f) all reissues, reexaminations, extensions (including supplementary protection certificates), confirmations, and registrations of any of the patents and patent applications identified in (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) above.
- 1.17 "ONCOPIA TARGET" means any [***].

1.18 "PATENT RIGHTS" means the FUTURE PATENT RIGHTS, the ONCOPIA PATENT RIGHTS and the PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS, as applicable.

1.19 "Phase I Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial, the principal purpose of which is preliminary determination of safety in healthy individuals or patients as described under 21 CFR §312.21(b) (as hereafter modified or amended) (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States).

1.20 "Phase II Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial that utilizes the pharmacokinetic and/or pharmacodynamics information obtained from one or more previously conducted human clinical trial(s) and which is designed to provide a preliminary determination of efficacy of a LICENSED PRODUCT in a target patient population over a range of doses or dose regimes, as further described in 21 CFR §312.21(b) (as hereafter modified or amended) (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States).

1.21 "Phase III Clinical Trial" means a human clinical trial, the principal purpose of which is to establish safety and efficacy in patients with the disease being studied, as further described in 21 C.F.R. §312.21(c) (as hereafter modified or amended), which is designed and intended to be of a size and statistical power sufficient to serve as the pivotal study to support the filing of an application for regulatory and marketing approval for the indication being studied (including an equivalent clinical trial conducted in any country other than the United States).

1.22 "PREDECESSOR LICENSED PROCESS(ES)" means any process or method that, but for this AGREEMENT, comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS or uses a PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.23 "PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT(S)" means any product that: (a) but for this AGREEMENT comprises an infringement of (including contributory or inducement), or is otherwise covered by, a VALID CLAIM contained in the PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS in the country in which any such product or product part is made, used, imported, offered for sale or sold; or (b) is manufactured by using a PREDECESSOR LICENSED PROCESS or is employed to practice a PREDECESSOR LICENSED PROCESS. For purposes of the definition of PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT, a PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT shall be deemed a different PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT from another PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT only if it contains an active pharmaceutical ingredient that is distinct from those active pharmaceutical ingredients included in such other PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT.

1.24 "PREDECESSOR PATENT RIGHTS" means MICHIGAN's legal rights under the patent laws of the United States or relevant foreign countries for all of the following:

 (a) all patents and patent applications licensed to LICENSEE under the PREDECESSOR LICENSE AGREEMENT, including the patents and patent applications listed on Exhibit B hereto;

(b) all U.S. provisional patent applications directed to inventions disclosed to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer and specifically described and enabled in the invention reports submitted to the MICHIGAN Office of Technology Transfer that were conceived, created, generated or reduced to practice under the SPONSORED RESEARCH AGREEMENT pertaining to any treatment, palliation, prevention and diagnosis of human and/or animal diseases DIRECTED to a PREDECESSOR TARGET;

(c) all U.S. non-provisional patent applications that claim the benefit of the applications listed in (a) or (b) above, including all divisional, continuation, and continuation-in-part applications (but only those claims in the continuation-in-part applications that have the benefit of the applications listed in (a) or (b) above);

(d) all foreign patent applications in any jurisdiction in the world that claim the benefit of any of the applications identified in (a), (b) and (c) above, including all international, e.g., PCT, and regional, e.g., EPO, applications;

(e) all patents that grant, issue, or result from any of the applications identified in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above; and

(f) all reissues, reexaminations, extensions (including supplementary protection certificates), confirmations, and registrations of any of the patents and patent applications identified in (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) above.

1.25 "PREDECESSOR TARGET" means the following TARGET: [***].

1.26 "ROYALTY PERIOD(S)" means the six-month periods ending on the last days of March and September each year.

1.27 "SALE OF LICENSEE" means the acquisition of LICENSEE by another entity or person or persons, by means of any transaction or series of related transactions (including, without limitation, any reorganization, merger or consolidation) that results in [***].

1.28 "SUBLICENSEE(S)" means any person or entity sublicensed, or granted an option for a sublicense, under the PATENT RIGHTS by LICENSEE or its AFFILIATES under this AGREEMENT.

1.29 "TARGET" means a protein, peptide or other biological molecule, the activity, inactivity, function or expression of which is associated with a human disease and which is to be degraded, inhibited, or otherwise modulated in order to treat, ameliorate, prevent, or diagnose such disease, including such protein, peptide or biological molecule's (i) mutant or allelic variants (including transcriptional and post-transcriptional isoforms), (ii) homologs, (iii) post-translational modification variants, and (iv) truncated forms (including fragments thereof).

- 1.30 "TERRITORY" means all the countries of the world.
- 1.31 "THIRD PARTY" means any business entity or firm which is not an AFFILIATE of LICENSEE.
- 1.32 "USPTO" means the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

1.33 "VALID CLAIM" means a claim of (a) an issued and unexpired patent covering a LICENSED PRODUCT that has not been revoked or held unenforceable, unpatentable or invalid by a decision of a court or other governmental agency of competent jurisdiction that is not appealable or has not been appealed within the time allowed for appeal, and that has not been abandoned, explicitly disclaimed, denied or admitted in writing to be invalid or unenforceable through reissue, re-examination or disclaimer or otherwise; or (b) [***].

ARTICLE 2 - GRANT OF LICENSE

2.1 MICHIGAN hereby grants to LICENSEE an exclusive license (even as to MICHIGAN, except as expressly provided in this Agreement) under the PATENT RIGHTS, with the right to grant sublicenses through one or more tiers both subject to the terms and conditions of this AGREEMENT, in the FIELD OF USE and the TERRITORY to make, have made, import, export, use, have used, market, offer for sale and sell LICENSED PRODUCTS and to practice LICENSED PROCESSES.

2.2 MICHIGAN specifically reserves the right to practice the PATENT RIGHTS solely for academic research, internal and/or educational purposes (but excluding use in clinical trials), and the right to grant the same limited rights to other non-profit research institutions.

2.3 This AGREEMENT shall extend until expiration of the last to expire of the PATENT RIGHTS, unless sooner terminated as provided in another specific article of this AGREEMENT.

2.4 To the extent LICENSED PRODUCTS constitute "Subject Inventions" under 35 U.S.C. Sec. 200-211, 301-307, and to the extent this Paragraph 2.4 is required by law, LICENSEE agrees that LICENSED PRODUCTS used, leased or sold in the United States shall be manufactured substantially in the United States. At LICENSEE's request, MICHIGAN will apply for a waiver of the U.S. manufacturing requirements set forth in 37 CFR 401.14 with respect to the LICENSED PRODUCTS and undertake reasonable actions within its control to obtain such waiver. LICENSEE shall cooperate with MICHIGAN and provide reasonably necessary information in support of such waiver application if MICHIGAN so requests, Until such waiver is granted, LICENSEE garees that LICENSED PRODUCTS sold in the United States shall be manufactured substantially in the United States to the extent required by 37 CFR 401.14.

2.5 The licenses granted in this AGREEMENT are subject to any rights required to be granted under prior research or sponsorship agreements, or retained by the U.S. government, for example in accordance with Chapter 18 of Title 35 of U.S.C. 200-212 and the regulations thereunder (37 CFR Part 401), when applicable. As of the EFFECTIVE DATE, the PATENT RIGHTS that are subject to any rights required to be granted under prior research or sponsorship agreements or retained by the U.S. government are identified on EXHIBIT C along with an explanation of which of such rights such PATENT RIGHTS are subject to. LICENSEE agrees to comply in all respects and shall provide MICHIGAN with all reasonably requested information and cooperation for MICHIGAN to comply with applicable provisions of the same and any requirements of any contracts between MICHIGAN and any agency of the U.S. government that provided funding for the subject matter covered by the PATENT RIGHTS.

ARTICLE 3 - CONSIDERATION

- 3.1 LICENSEE shall pay to MICHIGAN the following payments:
 - (a) Intentionally Omitted.

(b) Running royalties equal to a percent of NET SALES as indicated in the table below. Royalties on NET SALES will be paid on a LICENSED PRODUCT-by-LICENSED PRODUCT (or LICENSED PROCESS)-and country-by-country basis, beginning on the [***] of a LICENSED PRODUCT (or a LICENSED PROCESS) in a country and until the expiration date of the last to expire VALID CLAIM within the PATENT RIGHTS covering such LICENSED PRODUCT (or LICENSED PROCESS) in such country or until the AGREEMENT is terminated, whichever is earlier. For purposes of this Paragraph 3.1(b), "TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES" shall mean, with respect to a LICENSED PRODUCT (or a LICENSED PROCESS), the total, worldwide NET SALES of such LICENSED PRODUCT (or such LICENSED PROCESS) sold by LICENSEE and/or SUBLICENSEES in a given FISCAL YEAR.



(i) ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS. Royalties on NET SALES of ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS shall be paid according to the following schedule and shall be subject to the terms of this Paragraph 3.1(b)(i):

TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES (US \$)	ROYALTY RATE
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that NET SALES are derived from sales by a SUBLICENSEE with respect to ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS, the running royalties due to MICHIGAN from such NET SALES shall not exceed the greater of (i) [***] of the royalties paid to LICENSEE by such SUBLICENSEE on such NET SALES; or (ii) [***] of the running royalty rates in the above schedule.

For example, if [***] of TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES with respect to ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS results in a SUBLICENSEE paying LICENSEE a royalty of [***] on such NET SALES, then LICENSEE would owe MICHIGAN a royalty of [***] on such NET SALES. If [***] of TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES with respect to ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS results in SUBLICENSEE paying LICENSEE a royalty of [***] on such NET SALES, then LICENSED WOULD A royalty of [***] on such NET SALES. If [***] of TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES with respect to ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS results in SUBLICENSEE paying LICENSEE a royalty of [***] on such NET SALES, then LICENSED PRODUCTS results in a SUBLICENSEE paying LICENSEE aroyalty of [***] on such NET SALES. If [***] of TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES, then LICENSED PRODUCTS results in a SUBLICENSEE paying LICENSEE royalty of six percent (6%) on such NET SALES, then LICENSEE would owe MICHIGAN a royalty of [***] on such NET SALES.

 PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCTS. Royalties on NET SALES of PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCTS shall be paid according to the following schedule and shall be subject to the terms of this Paragraph 3.1(b)(ii):

TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES (US \$)	ROYALTY RATE
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing royalty chart, in the event that NET SALES are derived from sales by a SUBLICENSEE with respect to PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCTS, the running royalties due to MICHIGAN from such NET SALES shall not exceed [***] of the royalties paid to LICENSEE by such SUBLICENSEE on such NET SALES.

(iii) FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCTS. Royalties on NET SALES of FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCTS shall be paid according to the following schedule and shall be subject to the terms of this Paragraph 3.1(b)(iii):

TOTAL ANNUAL NET SALES (US \$)	ROYALTY RATE
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(c) In the event a sublicense agreement between LICENSEE or any of its AFFILIATES, on the one hand, and any THIRD PARTY SUBLICENSEE(S), on the other hand, is/are completed, MICHIGAN will be entitled to a share of such "NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME" (as defined below) that LICENSEE or its AFFILIATES actually receive from such THIRD PARTY SUBLICENSEES in consideration of a sublicense of PATENT RIGHTS according to the following table:

	Share of NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

"NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME" means upfront fees, license maintenance fees, license issue fees, and milestone payments (including but not limited to milestone payments triggered by a certain amount of sales), or other payments, in each case actually received by

LICENSEE or any of its AFFILIATES from a THIRD PARTY SUBLICENSEE in consideration for any rights granted to PATENT RIGHTS under a sublicense agreement to market and sell LICENSED PRODUCTS or LICENSED PROCESSES, and excludes: [***].

To the extent that NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME represents an unallocated combined payment for both a sublicense of the PATENT RIGHTS as well as other intellectual property, undertakings or subject matter, such NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME from such sublicensing arrangement for calculating payments due to MICHIGAN shall be reasonably allocated by agreement of the PARTIES between such PATENT RIGHTS and such other intellectual property, undertaking or subject matter, based on their relative value. Neither PARTY shall be deemed to be in breach of this AGREEMENT by reason of failure to agree on such amount (or with respect to LICENSEE, to pay the disputed amount); provided in the case of LICENSEE, that it has paid the undisputed portion of such NON-SALES BASED SUBLICENSE INCOME and, following resolution pursuant to Paragraph 14.2, promptly pays any amount determined to be due thereunder.

(d) Intentionally Omitted.

(e) [***]

(f) LICENSEE shall pay to MICHIGAN minimum annual royalties of [***] (the "ANNUAL FEE 1") for each 12-month period during the term of this AGREEMENT ending March 31, starting with the 12-month period (or portion thereof following the EFFECTIVE DATE) ending on March 31, 2021 and each complete 12-month period ending March 31 thereafter prior to the [***]. Such payment shall increase to [***] for the 12-month period ending March 31 thereafter prior to the [***]. Such payment shall increase to [***] for the 12-month period ending March 31 during which the [***] occurs (the "ANNUAL FEE 2" and, together with ANNUAL FEE 1, each an "ANNUAL FEE"). LICENSEE shall pay to MICHIGAN each ANNUAL FEE by the first June 30 following the 12-month period ending March 31 for which such ANNUAL FEE accrues. LICENSEE may credit each ANNUAL FEE 1 actually paid against royalties due to MICHIGAN only up to the end of the 12-month period ending March 31 in which the [***] occurs. LICENSEE may also credit each ANNUAL FEE 2 against royalties due to MICHIGAN that accrue during either (i) the ROYALTY PERIOD ending March 31 of the same calendar year in which such ANNUAL FEE 2 is payable or (ii) the ROYALTY PERIOD ending March 31 of the same calendar year.

Should this AGREEMENT terminate or expire other than on a March 31, the ANNUAL FEE for such portion of a year shall be determined by multiplying the amount set forth above for the given year by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of days since the prior June 30 during which this AGREEMENT is in effect and the denominator of which shall be three hundred sixty-five (365).

(g) (i) Subject to Paragraph 3.1(g)(iv), LICENSEE shall pay the following payments upon achievement of the below milestones with respect to ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCTS, on an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT-by-ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT basis ("ONCOPIA MILESTONE PAYMENTS"):

(1)	[***]
(1)	LJ

- (2) [***]
- (3) [***]
- (4) [***]
- (5) [***]

(6) [***]

(ii) Subject to Paragraph 3.1(g)(iv), LICENSEE shall pay the following payments upon achievement of the below milestones with respect to PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCTS, on a PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT-by-PREDECESSOR LICENSED PRODUCT basis ("PREDECESSOR MILESTONE PAYMENTS"):

- (1) [***]
- (2) [***]
- (3) [***]
- (4) [***]
- (5) [***]
- (6) [***]

(iii) Subject to Paragraph 3.1(g)(iv), LICENSEE shall pay the following payments upon achievement of the below milestones with respect to FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCTS, on an FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT-by-FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT basis ("FUTURE MILESTONE PAYMENTS", and together with the ONCOPIA MILESTONE PAYMENTS AND PREDECESSOR MILESTONE PAYMENTS, the "MILESTONE PAYMENTS"):

(1) [***]

- (2) [***]
 (3) [***]
 (4) [***]
- (5) [***]
- (6) [***]

(iv) The adjustments and terms set forth in this Paragraph 3.1(g)(iv) shall apply with respect to the relevant MILESTONE PAYMENTS.

(A) Each milestone described in Paragraph 3.1(g)(i)–(iii) may be achieved only once with respect to a LICENSED PRODUCT and, subject to Paragraph 3.1(g)(iv)(D), only once with respect to a distinct TARGET, and each MILESTONE PAYMENT shall be due only once upon the first achievement of the corresponding milestone, if at all. For the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall LICENSED be obligated to pay to MICHIGAN amounts under (i) Paragraph 3.1(g)(i) exceeding [***] with respect to any ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT or any distinct ONCOPIA TARGET, (ii) Paragraph 3.1(g)(ii) exceeding [***] with respect to any FUTURE LICENSED PRODUCT or any distinct FUTURE TARGET.

(B) In the event that a MILESTONE PAYMENT is made on a LICENSED PRODUCT DIRECTED to a distinct TARGET, which is subsequently replaced by a BACK-UP PRODUCT DIRECTED to the same distinct TARGET in such development program, then such specific MILESTONE PAYMENT shall not be paid again on such BACK-UP PRODUCT. "BACK-UP PRODUCT" means LICENSED PRODUCT containing a compound identified, designated or selected by LICENSEE or a SUBLICENSEE as a potential replacement for the active pharmaceutical ingredient(s) in a lead LICENSED PRODUCT then being developed for DIRECTION to a particular distinct TARGET, and which is only intended to be developed to regulatory approval in the event that development of such lead LICENSED PRODUCT ceases.

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(C) MILESTONE PAYMENTS are non-refundable and non-creditable against future royalties.

(D) For purposes of Paragraph 3.1(g)(i), an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT DIRECTED at both [***] shall be deemed to be DIRECTED at the same TARGET as an ONCOPIA LICENSED PRODUCT DIRECTED at [***].

(h) [***]:

Mileston	e Payme	nts Payabl	le [***]
[***]	5		
[***]			
[***]			
[***]			
[***]			

MILESTONE PAYMENTS Described in Paragraph 3.1(g)
[***]
[***]
[***]
[***]
[***]

(i) If LICENSEE or any SUBLICENSEE is obligated or deems it reasonably necessary to pay any consideration (including, without limitation, up-front payments, license fees, lump sum payments, MILESTONE PAYMENTS and/or royalties) to any THIRD PARTY, including government agencies, that holds a patent(s) that is (or are) in the reasonable judgment of LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE reasonably necessary or commercially appropriate for the manufacture, use or sale of a LICENSED PRODUCT, LICENSEE shall be entitled to deduct up to [***] of the consideration paid to such THIRD PARTY(ies) in a straight line fashion from the royalties payable to MICHIGAN, but in no event shall the royalty payable to MICHIGAN be reduced by more than [***] of the amounts stated in this AGREEMENT; provided, however, that if LICENSEE has granted rights to a SUBLICENSEE, then LICENSEE shall only be entitled to such deduction if such SUBLICENSEE is entitled to a reduction in payments to LICENSEE in connection with payments made to such THIRD PARTY.

3.2 The PARTIES shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with one another and shall use commercially reasonable efforts to avoid or reduce, to the extent permitted by applicable laws, tax withholding or similar obligations in respect of royalties, milestone payments, and other payments made by LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE to MICHIGAN under this AGREEMENT. LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE is neglicable for the payment of all taxes, duties, levies, and other charges imposed by any taxing authority with respect to the royalties payable to MICHIGAN under this AGREEMENT. Should LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE be required under any law or regulation of any government entity or authority to withhold or deduct any portion of the payments on royalties due to MICHIGAN, [***] provided, however, this clause shall not apply to taxes or withholding imposed by any foreign government or taxing authority. In the event that LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE is required to withhold or deduct any portion of the payments due to MICHIGAN, micharges imposed by any toreign government or taxing authority. In the event that LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE is required to withhold or deduct any portion of the payments due to MICHIGAN shall provide commercially reasonable assistance to enable the recovery, as permitted by applicable laws, of withholding taxes or similar obligations resulting from payments made under this AGREEMENT to MICHIGAN, such recovery to be for the benefit of LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE, as applicable. MICHIGAN shall cooperate reasonable request by LICENSEE or any SUBLICENSEE, MICHIGAN's exemption from any such tax or deduction. Upon reasonable request by LICENSEE or any SUBLICENSEE, in connection with payments under this AGREEMENT.

3.3 LICENSEE is not obligated to pay multiple royalties if any LICENSED PRODUCT or LICENSED PROCESS is covered by more than one claim of PATENT RIGHTS or the same LICENSED PRODUCT is covered by claims in two or more countries.

3.4 Royalty payments shall be made to "The Regents of the University of Michigan" in U.S. dollars. Payments drawn directly on a U.S. bank may be made by either check to the address in Article 13 or by wire transfer. Any payment drawn on a foreign bank or foreign branch of a U.S. bank shall be made only by wire transfer. Wire transfers shall be made in accordance with the following or any other instructions as may be specified by MICHIGAN: [***]. In computing royalties, LICENSEE shall convert any revenues it receives in foreign currency into its equivalent in U.S. dollars [***].

3.5 Royalty payments shall be made on a semi-annual basis with submission of the reports required by Article 4. LICENSEE shall also pay an interest charge on any and all amounts LICENSEE pays hereunder to MICHIGAN after an applicable deadline, at a rate of the prime rate published by the [***] (or at the highest allowed rate if a lower rate is required by law), [***] beginning on the day after the due date until the date of payment. The payment of such interest shall not forcelose MICHIGAN from exercising any other rights it may have resulting from any late or failed payment. LICENSEE shall reimburse MICHIGAN for the costs, including reasonable attorney fees, for expenses paid in order to collect any amounts overdue more than [***].

3.6 All payments made under this AGREEMENT are and shall be non-refundable. MICHIGAN shall have no obligation whatsoever to pay, return, credit, or refund any amounts paid hereunder, except as may be specifically provided herein. By way of example only, notwithstanding the deductions to NET SALES, MICHIGAN shall have no obligation to pay any amounts to LICENSEE even if such deductions should result in a negative amount for NET SALES in any given ROYALTY PERIOD.

ARTICLE 4 - REPORTS

4.1 Until the [***], LICENSEE shall provide to MICHIGAN a written annual report on or before [***]. The annual report shall include: reports of progress on research and development, regulatory approvals, manufacturing, sublicensing, marketing and sales during the preceding twelve (12) months ending December 31 of the previous calendar year.

4.2 After the [***], LICENSEE shall provide semi-annual reports to MICHIGAN. By each [***] LICENSEE shall report to MICHIGAN for that ROYALTY PERIOD:

- (a) number of LICENSED PRODUCTS sold or distributed, however characterized, by LICENSEE and each SUBLICENSEE.
- (b) NET SALES, excluding the deductions provided therefor, of LICENSED PRODUCTS sold or distributed, however characterized, by LICENSEE and all SUBLICENSEES.
- (c) deductions applicable as provided in the definition for NET SALES above.
- (d) royalties due on additional payments from SUBLICENSEES under Paragraph 3.1 above, including supporting figures.
- (e) foreign currency conversion rate and calculations (if applicable) and total royalties due.

LICENSEE shall include the amount of all payments due, and the various calculations used to arrive at those amounts, including the quantity, description (nomenclature and type designation as described in Paragraph 4.3 below), country of manufacture and country of sale or use of LICENSED PRODUCTS and LICENSED PROCESSES. LICENSEE shall direct its authorized representative to certify that reports required hereunder are correct to the best of LICENSEE's knowledge and information. Failure to provide reports as required under this Article 4 that is not cured within [***] after written notice to LICENSEE of such failure shall be a material breach of this Agreement.

If no payment is due, LICENSEE shall so report to MICHIGAN that no payment is due. Failure to provide reports as required under this Article 4 that is not cured within [***] after written notice to LICENSEE of such failure shall be a material breach of this AGREEMENT. LICENSEE agrees to reasonably cooperate with MICHIGAN regarding any questions it may have relating to compliance with this AGREEMENT, for example to discuss the information in reports.

4.3 LICENSEE shall promptly establish and use commercially reasonable efforts to consistently employ a system for describing which PATENT RIGHTS cover which LICENSED PRODUCTS included in NET SALES in order to facilitate MICHIGAN's identification and segregation of such LICENSED PRODUCTS into various types where necessary for MICHIGAN's or in internal purposes. LICENSEE shall use commercial reasonable efforts to consistently employ, and shall require SUBLICENSEEs to consistently employ, such system when rendering invoices thereon and shall inform MICHIGAN, or its auditors, when requested, as to the details concerning such nomenclature system, all additions thereto and changes therein.

4.4 LICENSEE shall keep, and shall require SUBLICENSEES to keep, true and accurate records containing data reasonably required for the computation and verification of payments due under this AGREEMENT. LICENSEE shall, and it shall require all SUBLICENSEES and those making LICENSED PRODUCTS, to: (a) open such records for inspection upon reasonable notice during business hours, and no more than once per year, by an independent certified accountant selected by MICHIGAN, for the purpose of verifying the amount of payments due; and (b) retain such records for [#**] from date of origination.

4.5 The terms of this Article 4 shall survive any termination of this AGREEMENT. MICHIGAN is responsible for all expenses of such inspection, except that if any inspection reveals an underpayment greater than [***] of royalties due MICHIGAN, then LICENSEE shall pay all expenses of that inspection and the amount of the underpayment to MICHIGAN within [***] of written notice thereof. LICENSEE shall also reimburse MICHIGAN for reasonable expenses required to collect the amount underpaid. In the event such inspection reveals an overpayment, MICHIGAN shall credit such overpayment against the next following royalty payment(s) or milestone(s) due from LICENSEE until full credit is received.

ARTICLE 5 - DILIGENCE

5.1 LICENSEE shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain and retain any governmental approvals to manufacture and/or sell at least one LICENSED PRODUCT and/or use at least one LICENSED PROCESS in at least one Major Market. "Major Market" means [***].

ARTICLE 6 - SUBLICENSING

6.1 LICENSEE shall notify MICHIGAN in writing of every sublicense agreement with a THIRD PARTY and each amendment thereto within [***] after their execution, and indicate the name of the THIRD PARTY SUBLICENSEE, the territory of the sublicense, the scope of the sublicense, and the nature, timing and amounts of all fees and royalties to be paid thereunder. Upon request, LICENSEE shall provide MICHIGAN with a summary of any such sublicense agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent a sublicense is limited to the grant of

rights to a contractor (including contract research organizations, contract manufacturing organizations, distributors or resellers) to permit the performance of services or activities on behalf of and for the benefit of LICENSEE and/or its AFFILIATES or SUBLICENSEES, or exercise certain rights on behalf of LICENSEE or its AFFILIATES or SUBLICENSEES, (a) LICENSEE shall not be obligated to provide notice to MICHIGAN of execution of a sublicense agreement with such SUBLICENSEE under this Paragraph 6.1 and (b) Paragraph 6.5(a) and (b) shall not apply with respect to sublicense agreements with such SUBLICENSEE.

6.2 INTENTIONALLY OMITTED.

6.3 Each sublicense granted by LICENSEE under this AGREEMENT may, upon LICENSEE'S written notice within [***] after effectiveness of termination, survive termination of this AGREEMENT under Paragraph 11.1, 11.2, 11.3 or 14.11 as a direct license from MICHIGAN to the applicable SUBLICENSEE under the terms of this AGREEMENT, to the extent applicable to the scope of the license granted to such SUBLICENSEE, provided that all of the following apply: (a) such SUBLICENSEE is not then in breach of the sublicense agreement; (b) LICENSEE shall have provided MICHIGAN with a copy of such sublicense agreement between LICENSEE and SUBLICENSEE; (c) the subject sublicense is not otherwise inconsistent with the terms of this AGREEMENT in a manner that adversely affects MICHIGAN's rights under this AGREEMENT; (d) such SUBLICENSEE is not the parent of LICENSEE or a subsidiary of LICENSEE and (e) SUBLICENSEE hall pay MICHIGAN in financial obligations owed by LICENSEE to MICHIGAN under Paragraph 7.4. MICHIGAN shall only have an obligation to assume such rights and obligations of LICENSEE if, within [***] after said written request of SUBLICENSEE, MICHIGAN and SUBLICENSEE reduce their agreement in writing as an agreement bicken MICHIGAN and SUBLICENSEE, and such agreement includes the following terms and any others agreed to by MICHIGAN and SUBLICENSEE:

(i) MICHIGAN, aside only from the provision of a license under the PATENT RIGHTS, shall not be responsible for the performance or payment of any obligations of LICENSEE arising from any such SUBLICENSE,

(ii) reimbursement of ongoing patent expenses under Paragraph 7.4 by SUBLICENSEE during the term of such assumed sublicense for those countries in which the SUBLICENSEE has a sublicense, and

(iii) the scope of the field of use of such direct license shall not be broader than the rights sublicensed by LICENSEE to SUBLICENSEE.

6.4 INTENTIONALLY OMITTED.

- 6.5 LICENSEE shall require that all sublicenses be consistent with the terms and conditions of this AGREEMENT. With the exception of sublicenses to AFFILIATES, LICENSEE shall require that all sublicenses:
 - (a) contain the SUBLICENSEE's acknowledgment of the disclaimer of warranty and limitation on MICHIGAN's liability, as provided by Article 9 below; and

(b) contain provisions under which the SUBLICENSEE accepts duties at least equivalent to those accepted by the LICENSEE in the following Paragraphs: 4.4 (duty to keep records); 9.4 (duty to avoid improper representations or responsibilities); 10.1 and 10.2 (duty to defend, hold harmless, and indemnify MICHIGAN); 10.4 (duty to maintain insurance); 14.5 (duty to properly mark LICENSED PRODUCTS with patent notices); 14.7 (duty to restrict the use of MICHIGAN's name); 14.8 (duty to control exports).

ARTICLE 7 - PATENT APPLICATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

7.1 [***] has the right to control [***] filing, prosecuting, and maintaining all of the patents and patent applications that form the basis for the PATENT RIGHTS, interferences, and disputes (including litigation) regarding inventorship; provided, however, that [***] on the filing, prosecution, and maintenance of PATENT RIGHTS under this AGREEMENT, and [***] with respect to such actions as provided in Paragraph 7.2, and keep [***] fully informed with respect thereto.

The above notwithstanding, [***] has [***] to control any inter-parties review ("IPR"), reexamination, and post-grant review ("PGR") proceedings in the United States, any opposition proceedings in the European Patent Office ("EPO") and any other foreign counterpart proceeding [***] ("ADVERSE PATENT OFFICE PROCEEDING"). [***] shall notify [***] after receipt of notice of any such proceeding. [***] shall consult with and allow [***] the opportunity to [***] in the defense of any such action. If [***] such control, then (a) [***] counsel shall consider and treat [***] and [***] as joint clients for the purposes of the PATENT RIGHTS; (b) [***] counsel and Parties shall promptly notify each of the other if there is any concern of, or appearance of, a potential conflict of interest or divergence of interest as between [***] and [***] and [c) [***] and its counsel agree to hold confidential the terms hereunder with respect to ADVERSE PATENT OFFICE PROCEEDING and enforcement control.

7.2 [***] shall notify [***] of all information received by [***] relating to the filing, prosecution and maintenance of the patents and patent applications which form the basis of the PATENT RIGHTS within [***] of receipt of such information, and shall make reasonable efforts to allow [***]. [***] agrees to hold such information confidential and to use the information provided by [***] only for the purpose of advancing [***] PATENT RIGHTS.

7.3 [***] and [***] agree to use reasonable efforts to work effectively and cost efficiently with respect to a mutually agreed intellectual property strategy to the extent that such agreement may be made. [***] will be given opportunity to [***] regarding the PATENT RIGHTS. So long as MICHIGAN's Office of Technology Transfer has received an [***] for the applicable PATENT RIGHTS that satisfies MICHIGAN's [***] and MICHIGAN's Office of Technology Transfer has confirmed in writing to LICENSEE that [***] is subject to this Agreement, then for PATENT RIGHTS covering such [***]

shall have the right, through counsel of its choice [***] to prepare the initial draft of all patent applications worldwide for the PATENT RIGHTS. Such drafts shall be reviewed and edited at [***] discretion by [***] counsel to file with the appropriate patent offices. [***] shall receive correspondence from patent offices worldwide, and shall make available to [***] all such documents as soon as feasible after receipt. In the case where [***] and [***] disagree on a course of action or on a response or strategic position before a patent office [***]. If such disagreement is not resolved after discussion, [***].

7.4 [***].

7.5 Notwithstanding anything in this Article 7 or in Article 8 to the contrary, for so long as a sublicense agreement is in effect, MICHIGAN agrees that, in addition to LICENSEE retaining such rights, LICENSEE also may grant to SUBLICENSEE the rights of LICENSEE under this Article 7 or Article 8 with respect to the preparation, filing, prosecution and maintenance of, and/or enforcement of, PATENT RIGHTS under this AGREEMENT that are included in the sublicense to SUBLICENSEE under such sublicense agreement for so long as they continue to be so included.

7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 7, if [***] elects to abandon any patents or patent application within the PATENT RIGHTS, [***]. In addition, [***] may notify [***] in writing at any time of its election [***] with respect to any patent or patent application in one or more jurisdictions, in which case [***] may after such notice file and prosecute such applications or maintain such patents at [***] and any claim within such patents or patent applications (or patent issuing therefrom) shall be [***].

ARTICLE 8 - ENFORCEMENT

8.1 Each party shall promptly advise the other in writing of any known acts of potential infringement of the PATENT RIGHTS by another party. [***] has [***] to police the PATENT RIGHTS against infringement by other parties within [***] but [***] shall notify [***] before filing any suit. [***] shall not file any suit without a diligent investigation of the merits of such suit by its counsel, including with respect to PATENT RIGHTS. This right to police includes defending any counterclaim(s) of invalidity and/or unenforceability; and prosecuting, defending or settling all infringement and declaratory judgment actions at its expense and through counsel of its selection, except that [***].

If [***] for policing the patents, [***] shall provide reasonable assistance to [***] with respect to such actions, but only if [***] reimburses [***] for [***] incurred in connection with any such assistance rendered at [***] request or reasonably required by [***] and if [***] notifies [***] in writing [***] before filing any suit. Without limiting the foregoing, if [***] is a necessary and/or indispensable party to such suit or action (including for standing purposes), [***] shall join, and hereby consents to being joined, in such suit or action, provided that [***] (b) the parties agree [***] agreement [***] conditioned or delayed) to negotiate in good faith to joindly select primary counsel (to be at a large, nationally recognized litigation firm) and local counsel that would represent both parties, each counsel to have demonstrated significant experience in the applicable type of patent litigation (currently expected to be Hatch Waxman litigation). [***] shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless [***] with respect to any counterclaims asserted by an alleged infringer reasonably related to the enforcement of the PATENT RIGHTS under this Paragraph 8.1, including but not limited to antitrust counterclaims and claims for recovery of attorney fees.

If a declaratory judgment claim, revocation action or similar proceeding is made or instituted by any THIRD PARTY that any of the PATENT RIGHTS is invalid or unenforceable, then [***] shall have the right to [***] over the defense of such claim, and [***] shall provide reasonable cooperation in the defense of such claim. If a THIRD PARTY asserts jurisdiction for any such action solely as the result of acts of [***] and [***] exercises it right to control, then [***] but otherwise the remainder of this article shall control.

8.2 [***].

8.3 If [***] fails to take action to abate any alleged infringement of patents which form the basis for the PATENT RIGHTS within [***] of a request by [***] to do so (or within a shorter period if required to preserve the legal rights of [***] under any applicable laws) then [***] has the right to take such action (including prosecution of a suit) at its expense and [***] shall use reasonable efforts to cooperate in such action, at [***] expense. During such action [***].

ARTICLE 9 - NO WARRANTIES; LIMITATION ON MICHIGAN'S LIABILITY

9.1 MICHIGAN makes no representations or warranties that [***].

9.2 MICHIGAN, INCLUDING ITS REGENTS, FELLOWS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS, MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, EXTENDS NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITIES WHATEVER WITH RESPECT TO DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, MANUFACTURE, USE, SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION BY LICENSEE OR SUBLICENSEES OF LICENSED PRODUCTS OR LICENSED PROCESSES.

9.3 LICENSEE AND SUBLICENSEES ASSUME THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO PERFORMANCE OF LICENSED PRODUCTS AND LICENSED PROCESSES. [***] in no event shall either PARTY be responsible or liable to the other PARTY for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages or lost profits or other economic loss or damage with respect to the development or commercialization of LICENSED PRODUCTS or LICENSED PROCESSES. The above limitations on liability apply even though such first PARTY may have been advised of the possibility of such damage.

9.4 LICENSEE shall not, and shall require that its SUBLICENSEES do not, make any statements, representations or warranties whatsoever to any person or entity, or accept any liabilities or responsibilities whatsoever from any person or entity that are inconsistent with any disclaimer or limitation included in this Article 9.

ARTICLE 10 - INDEMNITY; INSURANCE

10.1 LICENSEE shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless and shall require SUBLICENSEES to defend, indemnify and hold harmless MICHIGAN, including its Regents, fellows, officers, employees, students, and agents (collectively, "MICHIGAN Indemnitees"), for and against any and all claims, demands, damages, losses, and expenses of any nature (including attorneys' fees and other litigation expenses) brought against MICHIGAN Indemnitees by a third party or LICENSEE to the extent resulting from death, personal injury, illness, property damage, or economic loss, in each case with respect to product liability arising from or in connection with, any of the following: [***].

10.2 MICHIGAN is entitled to participate at its option and expense through counsel of its own selection, and may join in any legal actions related to any such claims, demands, damages, losses and expenses under Paragraph 10.1 above. LICENSEE shall not settle any such legal action with an admission of liability of MICHIGAN without MICHIGAN's written approval.

10.3 Prior to any distribution or commercial use of any LICENSED PRODUCT or use of any LICENSED PROCESS by LICENSEE, LICENSEE shall purchase and maintain in effect commercial general liability insurance, including product liability insurance and errors and omissions insurance which shall protect LICENSEE, and MICHIGAN with respect the events covered by Paragraph 10.1. Prior to any distribution or use of any LICENSED PRODUCT or use of any LICENSEE purchase and maintain in effect commercial general liability insurance, including product liability insurance to the events covered by Paragraph 10.1. Prior to any distribution or use of any LICENSED PRODUCT or use of any LICENSED process by a SUBLICENSEE, LICENSEE shall require that the SUBLICENSEE purchase and maintain in effect commercial general liability insurance, including product liability insurance which shall protect LICENSEE, SUBLICENSEE, and MICHIGAN with respect to the events covered by Paragraphs 10.1 and 10.2. Each such insurance policy must provide reasonable coverage for all claims with respect to any LICENSED PROCESS used and any LICENSED PRODUCTS manufactured, used, sold, licensed or otherwise distributed by LICENSEE or, in the case of a SUBLICENSEE's shall furnish certificate(s) of such insurance to MICHIGAN, upon request.

10.4 In no event shall either party hereunder be liable to the other for any special, indirect, or consequential damages of any kind whatsoever resulting from any breach or default of this AGREEMENT. For clarity, nothing in this Paragraph 10.4 shall preclude either party from seeking direct damages resulting from any breach or default of this AGREEMENT.

ARTICLE 11 - TERM AND TERMINATION

11.1 If LICENSEE ceases to carry on its business, MICHIGAN shall have the right to terminate this AGREEMENT upon [***] prior written notice by MICHIGAN attempted to be delivered to the address for notices provided in Article 13; subject, however, to the rights and obligations of any SUBLICENSEE granted pursuant to Paragraph 6.3.

11.2 If LICENSEE fails to make any payment due to MICHIGAN within [***] after written notice by MICHIGAN, this AGREEMENT shall automatically terminate unless: (i) LICENSEE or any SUBLICENSEE on behalf of LICENSEE makes all such payments and reports within such [***] period; or (ii) MICHIGAN from collection of any amounts remaining unpaid or seeking other legal relief.

11.3 Upon any material breach or default of this AGREEMENT by LICENSEE (other than as specifically provided herein, the terms of which shall take precedence over the handling of any other material breach or default under this Paragraph 6.3), MICHIGAN has the right to terminate this AGREEMENT effective on [***] prior written notice to LICENSEE; subject, however, to the rights of any SUBLICENSEE granted pursuant to Paragraph 6.3. Such termination shall become automatically effective upon expiration of the [***] period unless LICENSEE cures the material breach or default before the period expires.

11.4 LICENSEE has the right to terminate this AGREEMENT at any time on [***] prior written notice to MICHIGAN if LICENSEE:

- (a) pays all amounts due MICHIGAN through the effective date of the termination;
- (b) submits a final report of the type described in Paragraph 4.2; and

(c) returns any patent documentation (including that exchanged under Article 7) and any other confidential or trade-secret materials provided to LICENSEE by MICHIGAN in connection with this AGREEMENT, or, with prior approval by MICHIGAN, destroys such materials, and certifies in writing that such materials have all been returned or destroyed.

Upon receipt of notice of intent to terminate pursuant to this Paragraph 11.4, MICHIGAN shall have the right to waive some or all of such notice period upon written notice to LICENSEE.

11.5 Upon any termination of this AGREEMENT, and except as provided herein to the contrary, all rights and obligations of the PARTIES hereunder shall cease, except (i) any previously accrued rights and obligations, and (ii) further as follows:

- (a) obligations to pay royalties and other sums, or to transfer equity or other consideration, accruing hereunder up to the day of such termination, whether or not this AGREEMENT provides for a number of days before which actual payment is due and such date is after the day of termination;
- (b) MICHIGAN's rights to inspect books and records as described in Article 4, and LICENSEE's obligations to keep such records for the required time;
- (c) any cause of action or claim of LICENSEE or MICHIGAN accrued or to accrue because of any breach or default by the other party hereunder;
- (d) the provisions of Articles 1, 9, 10, and 14; and
- (e) all other terms, provisions, representations, rights and obligations contained in this AGREEMENT that by their sense and context are intended to survive until performance thereof by either or both PARTIES.

11.6 If LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE [***] then MICHIGAN shall have the right to terminate this AGREEMENT upon [***] prior written notice to LICENSEE. Such termination shall become automatically effective upon expiration of the [***] period unless LICENSEE or SUBLICENSEE withdraws such action before the period expires.

11.7 Notwithstanding Paragraphs 11.2 or 11.3, if LICENSEE disputes in good faith a failure to pay or material breach alleged by MICHIGAN pursuant to Paragraphs 11.2 or 11.3 by written notice to MICHIGAN within such [***] or [***] notice period, as applicable, such notice period shall be tolled until, and MICHIGAN shall not have the right to terminate this AGREEMENT unless, it has been determined that this AGREEMENT was materially breached in



accordance with Paragraph 14.2 below, and LICENSEE fails to comply with its obligations alleged to have been breached within the remainder of such [***] or [***] notice period, as applicable, after such determination.

ARTICLE 12 - REGISTRATION AND RECORDATION

12.1 If the terms of this AGREEMENT, or any assignment or license under this AGREEMENT are or become such as to require that this AGREEMENT or license or any part thereof be registered with or reported to a national or supranational agency, [***] will, at its expense, undertake such registration or report. Prompt notice and appropriate verification of the act of registration or report or any agency ruling resulting from it will be supplied by [***] upon request.

12.2 [***] shall also carry out, [***] any formal recordation of this AGREEMENT or any license herein granted that the law of any country requires as a prerequisite to enforceability of this AGREEMENT or license in the courts of any such country or for other reasons, and shall promptly furnish to MICHIGAN appropriately verified proof of recordation.

ARTICLE 13 - NOTICES

13.1 Any notice, request, or report required or permitted to be given or made under this AGREEMENT by either party is effective when mailed if sent by recognized overnight carrier, certified or registered mail, or electronic mail followed by confirmation by U.S. mail, to the address set forth below or such other address as such party specifies by written notice given in conformity herewith. Any notice, request, or report not so given is not effective until actually received by the other party.

To MICHIGAN	:	To LICENSEE:
[***]		[***]
		[***]

ARTICLE 14 - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

14.1 This AGREEMENT shall be construed, governed, interpreted and applied according to United States and State of Michigan law, except that questions affecting the construction and effect of any patent shall be determined by the law of the country in which the patent was granted.

14.2 The PARTIES hereby consent to the jurisdiction of the courts in the State of Michigan over any dispute concerning this AGREEMENT or the relationship between the PARTIES. Should LICENSEE bring any claim, demand or other action against MICHIGAN, its Regents, fellows, officers, employees or agents, arising out of this AGREEMENT or the relationship between the PARTIES, LICENSEE agrees to bring said action only in the Michigan Court of Claims.

14.3 MICHIGAN and LICENSEE agree that this AGREEMENT sets forth their entire understanding concerning the subject matter of this AGREEMENT and expressly supersedes the ONCOPIA LICENSE AGREEMENT and the PREDECESSOR LICENSE AGREEMENT. The PARTIES may amend this AGREEMENT from time to time, such as to add new rights, but no modification will be effective unless both MICHIGAN and LICENSEE agree to it in writing.

14.4 If a court of competent jurisdiction finds any term of this AGREEMENT invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that term will be curtailed, limited or deleted, but only to the extent necessary to remove the invalidity, illegality or unenforceability, and without in any way affecting or impairing the remaining terms.

14.5 LICENSEE agrees to mark the LICENSED PRODUCTS sold in the United States with all applicable U.S. patent numbers. All LICENSED PRODUCTS shipped to or sold in other countries shall be marked to comply with the patent laws and practices of the countries of manufacture, use and sale.

14.6 No waiver by either party of any breach of this AGREEMENT, no matter how long continuing or how often repeated, is a waiver of any subsequent breach thereof, nor is any delay or omission on the part of either party to exercise or insist on any right, power, or privilege hereunder a waiver of such right, power or privilege. In no event shall any waiver be deemed valid unless it is in writing and signed by an authorized representative of each party.

14.7 LICENSEE shall, and shall require its subsidiaries to refrain from using and to require SUBLICENSEES to refrain from using, the name of MICHIGAN or its employees in publicity or advertising without the prior written approval of MICHIGAN. Reports in scientific literature and presentations of joint research and development work are not publicity. Notwithstanding this provision, without prior written approval of MICHIGAN, LICENSEE may state publicly that LICENSED PRODUCTS and LICENSED PROCESSES were developed by LICENSEE based upon an invention(s) developed at the University of Michigan and/or that the PATENT RIGHTS were licensed from the University of Michigan.

14.8 LICENSEE agrees to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. In particular, LICENSEE understands and acknowledges that the transfer of certain commodities and technical data is subject to U.S. laws and regulations controlling the export of such commodities and technical data, including all Export Administration Regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce. These laws and regulations prohibit or require a license for the export of certain types of technical data to certain specified countries. LICENSEE agrees to comply with all U.S. laws and regulations controlling the export of commodities and technical data, to be solely responsible for any violation of such laws and regulations by LICENSEE or its SUBLICENSEES, and to defend, indemnify and hold harmless MICHIGAN and its Regents, fellows, officers, employees and agents if any legal action of any nature results from the violation.

14.9 The relationship between the PARTIES is that of independent contractor and contractee. Neither party is an agent of the other in connection with the exercise of any rights hereunder, and neither has any right or authority to assume or create any obligation or responsibility on behalf of the other.

14.10 Except as provided below, LICENSEE may not assign this AGREEMENT and shall not pledge any of the license rights granted in this AGREEMENT as security for any creditor, in each case, without the prior written consent of MICHIGAN, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Any attempted pledge of any of the rights under this AGREEMENT or assignment of this AGREEMENT without the prior consent of MICHIGAN will be void from the beginning. Notwithstanding the language stated above, no such consent shall be required in the event of (a) an assignment to a SUBLICENSEE of this AGREEMENT pursuant to Paragraph 6.3, (b) an assignment of all or substantially all of the assets or voting control of LICENSEE to a successor-in-interest, so long as (x) such assignee is not in material breach of any then-existing contract between MICHIGAN and the assignee, and (y) the assignee agrees in writing to accept all the terms and conditions of this AGREEMENT. No assignment by LICENSEE, and such writing is provided to MICHIGAN.

ARTICLE 15 - CONFLICT OF INTEREST MANAGEMENT

15.1 Unless MICHIGAN provides appropriate formal approvals, continuing development of LICENSED PRODUCTS and LICENSED PROCESSES shall take place without the use of MICHIGAN funds, facilities, or other resources of or funds administered by MICHIGAN.

15.2 All rights and licenses granted under or pursuant to any paragraph of this AGREEMENT are, and shall otherwise be deemed to be, for purposes of Section 365(n) of Title 11, U.S. Code (the "BANKRUPTCY CODE") licenses of rights to "intellectual property" as defined in the BANKRUPTCY CODE. Both PARTIES shall retain and may fully exercise all of their respective rights and elections under Section 365(n) of the BANKRUPTCY CODE to the maximum extent permitted hereby. In addition, if during the term of this AGREEMENT, LICENSEE makes or attempts to make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, this AGREEMENT shall automatically terminate. LICENSEE shall notify MICHIGAN of any such event mentioned in this Paragraph 15.2 as soon as reasonably practicable, and in any event within [***] after any such event.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this License Agreement in duplicate originals by their duly authorized officers or representatives.

FOR ONCOPIA THERAPEUTICS, INC.

FOR THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

By	[*

By	[***]	By	[***]
	(authorized representative)		(authorized representative)
Name:	[***]	Name:	[***]
Title:	[***]	Title:	[***]

Date: 11/13/2020

Date: 11/13/2020

[Signature Page to the Amended and Restated Patent License Agreement]

Execution Version

INVESTORS' RIGHTS AGREEMENT

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INVESTORS' RIGHTS AGREEMENT

THIS INVESTORS' RIGHTS AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), is made as of the 11th day of January, 2021, by and among Pharmavant 5, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and each of the entities and investors listed on <u>Schedule A</u> hereto (each, an "Investor" and, collectively, the "Investors").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company and SK Holdings Co., Ltd., a company organized under the laws of the Republic of Korea ("SKHC"), are parties to that certain Subscription Agreement dated as of December 3, 2020 (the "Subscription Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, this Agreement sets forth certain rights of the Investors, including the right to cause the Company to register shares of Common Stock issued and issuable to the Investors, the right of the Investors to participate in future equity offerings by the Company and certain other matters, including certain governance matters relating to the Company and contingent milestone issuances of shares of Common Stock to Roivant, as set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereby agree as follows:

1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement:

1.1. "Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person who, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person; <u>provided</u> that for purposes of this Agreement neither the Company nor any Subsidiary of the Company shall be considered an Affiliate of Roivant. For purposes of this definition, "**control**" when used with respect to any Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, and the terms "**controlled**" have correlative meanings.

- 1.3. [***]
- 1.4. "Board" or "Board of Directors" means the board of directors of the Company.

1.5. "Change of Control" means any (i) sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, other than to a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, (ii) the dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company, or (iii) any other transaction or series of transactions (including by way of merger, consolidation or other business combination transaction) the result of which is that any Person or "group" (as defined in Section 13 of the Exchange Act), (in each case, excluding any of the Investors) becomes the beneficial owner (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding voting power of the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company, on a consolidated basis, provided that for the avoidance of doubt, any change in ownership (in whole or in part) of Roivant shall not be deemed to be a "Change of Control".

1.6. "Common Stock" means, as the context requires, shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (which shall include any separate classes of common stock which may be subsequently issued in the event the Company adopts a dual class stock structure pursuant to Section 9 or otherwise), or shares of the Listed Company's common stock.

1.7. **"Damages**" means any loss, damage, claim or liability (joint or several) to which a party hereto may become subject under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, or other federal or state law, insofar as such loss, damage, claim or liability (or any action in respect thereof) arises out of or is based upon: (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any registration statement of the Listed Company, including any preliminary prospectus or final prospectus contained therein or any amendments or supplements thereto; (ii) an omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein, or necessary to make the statement sherein not misleading; or (iii) any violation or alleged violation by the indemnifying party (or any of its agents or Affiliates) of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, any state securities law, or any rule or regulation promulgated under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, or any state securities law.

1.8. "Derivative Securities" means any securities or rights convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for (in each case, directly or indirectly), Common Stock, including options and warrants.

1.9. "Direct Listing" means a direct listing of the Common Stock for trading on a national stock exchange in which the Common Stock is first registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act.

- 1.10. "Equity Incentive Plan" has the meaning set forth in the Subscription Agreement.
- 1.11. "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

1.12. **"Excluded Registration**" means (i) a registration relating to the sale or grant of securities to employees of the Listed Company or any of its Subsidiaries pursuant to a stock option, stock purchase, equity incentive or similar plan; (ii) a registration relating to an SEC Rule 145 transaction; (iii) a registration on any form that does not include substantially the same information as would be required to be included in a registration statement covering the sale of the Registrable Securities; or (iv) a registration in which the only Common Stock being registered is Common Stock issuable upon conversion of debt securities that are also being registered.

1.13. "Exempted Securities" means:

(a) Common Stock or Derivative Securities issued by reason of a dividend, stock split, split-up or other distribution on Common Stock;

(b) Common Stock or Derivative Securities issued to employees or directors of, or consultants or advisors to, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries pursuant to a plan, agreement or arrangement approved by the Board of Directors;

(c) Common Stock actually issued upon the exercise of options or Common Stock actually issued upon the conversion or exchange of convertible securities, in each case provided such issuance is pursuant to the terms of such option or convertible security;

(d) Common Stock or Derivative Securities issued as acquisition consideration pursuant to the acquisition of another entity by the Company by merger, purchase of substantially all of the assets or other reorganization or to a joint venture agreement, provided that such issuances are approved by the Board of Directors; or

(e) Common Stock or Derivative Securities issued in connection with sponsored research, collaboration, license, development, OEM, supply, services, marketing or other similar agreements or strategic partnerships approved by the Board of Directors.

1.14. "FINRA" means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

1.15. **"First Valuation Event**" means the first date on which the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable, achieves a valuation of [***] as determined based on either (i) following the Initial Offering of the Listed Company, the volume weighted average trading price over a five (5) trading day period of the Listed Company's Registrable Securities on the securities exchange or trading system on which such securities are then listed or (ii) the valuation ascribed to the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable, in an equity financing involving one or more third party accredited investors investing at least [***] in aggregate in the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable.

1.1.6. "FOIA Party" means a Person that, in the reasonable determination of the Board of Directors, may be subject to, and thereby required to disclose non-public information furnished by or relating to the Company under, the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552 ("FOIA"), any state public records access law, any state or other jurisdiction's laws similar in intent or effect to FOIA, or any other similar statutory or regulatory requirement.

1.17. "Form S-1" means such form under the Securities Act as in effect on the date hereof or any successor registration form under the Securities Act subsequently adopted by the SEC.

1.18. **"Form S-3**" means such form under the Securities Act as in effect on the date hereof or any registration form under the Securities Act subsequently adopted by the SEC that permits forward incorporation of substantial information by reference to other documents filed by the Listed Company with the SEC.

1.19. "Holder" means any holder of Registrable Securities who is a party to this Agreement.

1.20. "IFRS" means International Financial Reporting Standards, as in effect from time to time.

1.21. "Immediate Family Member" means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, including, adoptive relationships, of a natural person referred to herein.

1.22. "IND" means (i) an Investigational New Drug Application filed with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §312 for authorization for the investigation of a product, and (ii) any equivalent of the foregoing in any jurisdiction outside of the United States.

1.23. "IND Effectiveness Event" shall be deemed to have occurred: (i) subject to Section (ii) below, in the United States and any other applicable country or regulatory jurisdiction, on the date of expiration of any required waiting period (for the initiation of any clinical trials) following the filing of an IND; provided that, if prior to the expiration of such required waiting period, the applicable governmental or regulatory authority notifies the sponsor of such IND that a clinical study may not begin

upon the expiration of such required waiting period, then an "IND Effectiveness Event" shall be deemed to occur as of the date a clinical study may legally begin; (ii) if required in a particular country or regulatory jurisdiction (including the United States and any such other applicable country or regulatory jurisdiction in the event such approval becomes required therefor following the Closing (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) due to any change in applicable laws), the date of receipt of any required approval from the applicable governmental or regulatory authority to conduct a clinical study; and (iii) the date of administration of the first dose of a product to the first subject in a human clinical trial allowable by the applicable governmental or regulatory authority, in each case whichever occurs first.

- 1.24. "Initial Offering" means the first to occur of (i) an IPO, (ii) a Direct Listing or (iii) a SPAC Merger.
- 1.25. "Initiating Holders" means, collectively, Holders who properly initiate a registration request under this Agreement.

1.26. "Intellectual Property" shall mean any and all intellectual and industrial property rights and other similar proprietary rights, irrespective of where any of the same were issued in any jurisdiction throughout the world, whether registered or unregistered, including all rights pertaining to or deriving from: (i) copyrights and works of authorship, whether or not copyrightable ("Copyrights"); (ii) patents and patent applications (collectively, "Patents"); (iii) inventions, invention disclosures, discoveries and improvements, whether or not patentable; (iv) trade secrets (including those trade secrets defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act and under corresponding foreign statutory Law and common law), confidential information, business and technical information, formulae and know-how (including those embodied in the technical reports), and rights to limit the use or disclosure thereof by any Person (collectively "Trade Secrets"); (v) registered and unregistered trademarks, service marks, certification marks, brands, trade dress, logos and trade names and all of the goodwill of the business connected with the use thereof (collectively, "Trademarks"); (vi) computer software and firmware, including data files, source code, object code, libraries, tools and utilities and software-related specifications and documentation (collectively "Software"); (vii) domain names; and (viii) proprietary databases and data compilations and all documentation relating to the foregoing.

1.27. "IPO" means the Listed Company's first underwritten public offering of its Common Stock under the Securities Act.

1.28. **"Listed Company**" means one of the Company, any Material Subsidiary or any successor entity of the Company or any Material Subsidiary, in each case that is either (i) the issuer, in the case of an IPO, (ii) the listed entity, in the case of a Direct Listing or (iii) the target in a SPAC Merger. References herein to the "Company" shall be deemed to refer to the Listed Company as the context requires.

1.29. "Major Investor" means any Investor that, individually or together with such Investor's Affiliates, holds at least [***] of the then outstanding Registrable Securities.

1.30. "Material Subsidiary" means Oncopia and any other Subsidiary of the Company that owns a material amount of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

1.31. "New Securities" means, collectively, equity securities of the Company, whether or not currently authorized, as well as rights, options, or warrants to purchase such equity securities, or securities of any type whatsoever that are, or may become, convertible or exchangeable into or exercisable for such equity securities.

- 1.32. "Oncopia" means Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc.
- 1.33. "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, limited liability company, association or other entity.

1.34. **"Public Offering**" means an underwritten public offering of Registrable Securities of the Listed Company pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, other than an IPO or pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-4, Form F-4 or Form S-8 or any similar or successor form.

1.35. **"Qualified Acquisition or Partnership**" means a *bona fide* acquisition, partnership, alliance or other similar transaction for the discovery, development or commercialization of drug candidates and of a type consistent with industry practice for similarly situated businesses.

1.36. "Qualified Initial Offering" means (i) an Initial Offering of the Listed Company in which the Listed Company is valued at not less than [***] by the lead underwriter of such Initial Offering, (ii) a Direct Listing of the Listed Company in which the expected valuation of the Listed Company at the time of such Direct Listing, as determined by either the Listed Company's financial advisor or the Board of Directors, is not less than [***] or (iii) a SPAC Merger of the Listed Company, in which the valuation ascribed to the Listed Company by the counterparty in connection with such SPAC Merger is not less than [***].

1.37. **"Registrable Securities**" means (i) the Common Stock held by any Investor; (ii) any Common Stock issued or issuable (directly or indirectly) upon conversion and/or exercise of any other securities of the Listed Company, acquired by the Investors after the date hereof; and (iii) any Common Stock issued as (or issuable upon the conversion or exercise of any warrant, right, or other security that is issued as) a dividend or other distribution with respect to, or in exchange for or in replacement of, the shares referenced in clauses (j) and (<u>ii</u>) above; excluding in all cases, however, any Registrable Securities sold by a Person in a transaction in which the applicable rights under this Agreement are not assigned pursuant to <u>Section 10.1</u>, and excluding for purposes of <u>Section 2</u> any shares for which registration rights have terminated pursuant to <u>Section 12.13</u> of this Agreement.

1.38. **"Registrable Securities then outstanding**" means the number of shares determined by adding the number of shares of outstanding Common Stock that are Registrable Securities and the number of shares of Common Stock issuable (directly or indirectly) pursuant to then exercisable and/or convertible securities that are Registrable Securities.

1.39. **"Related Party**" means (i) any director or executive officer of the Company (or any of its Subsidiaries), (ii) any Immediate Family Member of a director or executive officer of the Company (or any of its Subsidiaries) or (iii) a holder of more than 5% of the Registrable Securities then outstanding (or any outstanding capital stock of any of the Company's Subsidiaries) or any Affiliate thereof; *provided*, that the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be deemed Related Parties of one another.

1.40. "Related Party Transaction" means any agreement or transaction between the Company (or any of its Subsidiaries), on the one hand, and a Related Party, on the other hand.

1.41. **"Restricted Securities"** means the securities of the Listed Company required to be notated with the legend set forth in <u>Section 2.12(b)</u> hereof.

- 1.42. "Roivant" means Roivant Sciences Ltd., an exempted limited company organized under the laws of Bermuda.
- 1.43. "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 1.44. "SEC Rule 144" means Rule 144 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Act.
- 1.45. "SEC Rule 145" means Rule 145 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Act.

1.46. **"Second IND Effectiveness Event"** means the date on which the second IND Effectiveness Event occurs with respect to the one of the Company's product candidates following the Closing (as defined in the Subscription Agreement).

1.47. **"Second Valuation Event"** means the first date on which the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable, achieves a valuation of [***] or more, as determined based on either (i) following the Initial Offering of the Listed Company, the volume weighted average trading price over a five (5) trading day period of the Listed Company Registrable Securities on the securities exchange or trading system on which such securities are then listed or (ii) the valuation ascribed to the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable, in an equity financing involving one or more third party investors investing at least [***] in aggregate in the Listed Company or the Company, as applicable,.

1.48. "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

1.49. "Selling Expenses" means all underwriting discounts, selling commissions and stock transfer taxes applicable to the sale of Registrable Securities, and fees and disbursements of counsel for any Holder, except for the fees and disbursements of the Selling Holder Counsel borne and paid by the Listed Company as provided in <u>Section 2.6</u>.

1.50. "SPAC Merger" means a merger, acquisition or other business combination involving the Listed Company and a publicly traded special purpose acquisition company or other similar entity.

1.51. "Specified IPO Event" means an Initial Offering of the Listed Company on The Nasdaq Global Market, The Nasdaq Global Select Market or The New York Stock Exchange or such other securities exchange or trading or quotation system mutually agreed by Roivant and SKHC.

1.52. **"Subsidiary**" means, with respect to a specified Person, any entity of which securities or other ownership interests having ordinary voting power to elect or designate individuals possessing a majority of the votes held by members of the board of directors, or other persons performing similar functions, are at the time directly or indirectly owned by such Person.

1.53. "US GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, as in effect from time to time.

2. Registration Rights. The Company covenants and agrees as follows:

2.1. Demand Registration.

(a) Form S-1 Demand. If at any time after the date one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of the registration statement for the Initial Offering of the Listed Company, the Listed Company receives a request from Holders of the Registrable Securities then outstanding that the Listed Company confidentially submit or file a Form S-1 with respect to at least [***]), then in each case the Listed Company shall (x) within ten (10) days after the date such request is given, give notice thereof (the "Demand Notice") to all Holders other than the Initiating Holders (each such request is given, give notice thereof (the "Demand Notice") to all Holders other than the Initiating Holders (each such request is given by the Initiating Holders, initially file or confidentially submit a Form S-1 covering all Registrable Securities that the Initiating Holders, initiating Holders, instrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by any other Holders, as specified by notice given by each such Holder to the Listed Company within twenty (20) days of the date the Demand Notice is given, and in each case, subject to the limitations of Sections 2.1(c) and 2.3.

(b) Form S-3 Demand. If at any time when it is eligible to use a Form S-3 registration statement, the Listed Company receives a request from Holders of at least [***] of the Registrable Securities then outstanding that the Listed Company file a Form S-3 with respect to outstanding Registrable Securities of such Holders having an anticipated aggregate offering price, net of Selling Expenses, of at least [***] then the Listed Company shall (x) within ten (10) days after the date such request is given, give a Demand Notice to all Holders other than the Initiating Holders; and (y) as soon as practicable, and in any event within forty-five (45) days after the date such request is given by the Initiating Holders, file a Form S-3 (or file a post-effective amendment to an effective Form S-3, as applicable and at the Listed Company's sole discretion) covering all Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by any other Holders, as specified by notice given by each such Holder to the Listed Company within twenty (20) days of the date the Demand Notice is given, as discretions of Sections 2.1(c) and 2.3. The Listed Company shall only be required to effectuate one Public Offering from any such Form S-3 registration within any six-month period.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing obligations, if the Listed Company furnishes to Holders requesting a registration pursuant to this Section 2.1 a certificate signed by the chief executive officer of the Listed Company or a wholly owned Subsidiary of the Listed Company stating that in the good faith judgment of the Board of Directors it would be materially detrimental to the Listed Company and its stockholders for such registration statement to either become effective or remain effective for as long as such registration statement to therwise would be required to remain effective, because such action would (i) materially interfere with a significant acquisition, corporate reorganization, or other similar transaction involving the Listed Company; (ii) require premature disclosure of material information that the Listed Company has a *bona fide* business purpose for preserving as confidential; or (iii) upon advice of counsel, render the Listed Company unable to comply with requirements under the Securities Act or Exchange Act, then the Listed Company shall have the right to defer taking action with respect to such filing, and any time periods with respect to filing or effectiveness thereof shall be tolled correspondingly, for a period of not more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the request of the Initiating Holders is given; <u>provided, however</u>, that the Listed Company may not invoke this right more than once in any twelve (12) month period; and <u>provided further</u> that the Listed Company shall hor registration.

(d) The Listed Company shall not be obligated to effect, or to take any action to effect, any registration pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(a)</u> (i) during the period that is thirty (30) days before the Listed Company's good faith estimate of the date of the earlier of confidential submission or filing of, and ending on a date that is ninety (90) days after the effective date of, a Listed Company

initiated registration, <u>provided</u> that the Listed Company is actively employing in good faith reasonable best efforts to cause such registration statement to become effective; (ii) after the Listed Company has effected two (2) Demand Registrations by each Investor; or (iii) if the Initiating Holders propose to dispose of shares of Registratibe Securities that may be immediately registered on Form S-3 pursuant to a request made pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(b)</u>. A registration shall not be counted as "effected" for purposes of this <u>Section 2.1(d)</u> until such time as the applicable registration statement has been declared effective by the SEC, unless the Initiating Holders withdraw their request for such registration, elect not to pay the registration expenses therefor, and forfeit their right to one registration pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(d)</u>; provided, that if such withdrawal is during a period the Listed Company has deferred taking action pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(c)</u>. The Initiating Holders may withdraw their request for registration and such registration statement shall be counted as "effected" for purposes of this <u>Section 2.1(d)</u>; provided, that if such withdrawal is during a period the Listed Company has deferred taking action pursuant to <u>Section 2.1(c)</u>.

2.2. <u>Listed Company Registration</u>. If the Listed Company proposes to register (including, for this purpose, a registration effected by the Listed Company for stockholders other than the Holders) any of its Common Stock under the Securities Act in connection with the public offering of such society for cash (other than an Initial Offering or in an Excluded Registration), the Listed Company shall, such time, promptly give each Holder given within ten (10) days after such notice is given by the Listed Company, the Listed Company shall, subject to the provisions of <u>Section 2.3</u>, cause to be registered all of the Registrable Securities that each such Holder has requested to be included in such registration. The Listed Company shall have the right to terminate or withdraw any registration initiated by it under this <u>Section 2.2</u> before the effective date of such registration. The listed Company shall have the right to terminate or withdraw any registration. The registration. The such registration shall be borne by the Listed Company in accordance with <u>Section 2.6</u>.

2.3. Underwriting Requirements.

(a) If, pursuant to <u>Section 2.1</u>, the Initiating Holders intend to distribute the Registrable Securities covered by their request by means of an underwriting, they shall so advise the Listed Company as a part of their request made pursuant to <u>Section 2.1</u>, and the Listed Company shall include such information in the Demand Notice. The underwriter(s) will be selected by the Listed Company and shall be reasonably acceptable to a majority in interest of the Initiating Holders. In such event, the right of any Holder to include such Holder's Registrable Securities in such registration shall be conditioned upon such Holder's participation in such underwriting and the inclusion of such Holder's Registrable Securities in the underwriting a provided in <u>Section 2.4(e)</u>, enter into an underwriting agreement nic nustomary form with the underwriter(s) selected for such underwriting; provided, <u>however</u>, that no Holder (or any of their assignees) shall be required to make any representations, warranties or indemnities except as they relate to such Holder's ownership of shares and authority to enter into the underwriting gareement and to such Holder's intended method of distribution, and the liability of such Holder shares and authority to enter into the underwriter(s) advise(s) the Initiating Holders in writing that marketing factors require a limitation on the number of shares to be underwritten, then the Initiating Holders shall so advise all Holders in the underwriting shall be allocated as follows: (i) first, to the Initiating Holders, and the unitiating Holders (i) first, to the Initiating Holders in such registration statement based on the *pro rata* percentage of Registrable Securities held by such Holders; (ii) second, each Holder and (iii) third, to the Listed Company, which the Listed Company any allocate, at its discretion, for its own account, or for the account of other holders or employees of the Listed Company, then the number of Registrable Securities. Hold by such linitiating Holders to be included in

To facilitate the allocation of shares in accordance with the above provisions, the Listed Company or the underwriters may round the number of shares allocated to any Holder to the nearest one hundred (100) shares.

(b) In connection with any offering involving an underwriting of shares of the Listed Company's capital stock pursuant to <u>Section 2.2</u>, the Listed Company shall not be required to include any of the Holders' Registrable Securities in such underwriting unless the Holders accept the terms of the underwriting as may be reasonably agreed upon between the Listed Company and its underwriters, and then only in such quantity as the underwriters in their sole discretion determine will not jeopardize the success of the offering by the Listed Company. If the total number of securities, including Registrable Securities, requested by stockholders to be included in such offering exceeds the number of securities to be sold (other than by the Listed Company) that the underwriters in their reasonable discretion determine is compatible with the success of the offering, then the Listed Company shall be required to include in the offering only that number of such securities, including Registrable Securities, which the underwriters and the Listed Company in their sole discretion reasonably determine will not jeopardize the success of the offering. If the underwriters determine that less than all of the Registrable Securities requested to be registered can be included in such offering, then the Registrable Securities that are included in such offering shall be allocated as follows: (i) first, to the Initiating Holders based on the pro rata percentage of Registrable Securities held by such Initiating Holders; and (ii) second, among all Holders requesting to include Registrable Securities in such registration statement based on the pro rata percentage of Registrable Securities held by such Holders. To facilitate the allocation of shares in accordance with the above provisions, the Listed Company or the underwriters may round the number of shares allocated to any Holder to the nearest one hundred (100) shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall (i) the number of Registrable Securities included in the offering be reduced unless all other securities (other than securities to be sold by the Listed Company) are first entirely excluded from the offering, or (ii) the number of Registrable Securities included in the offering be reduced below thirty percent (30%) of the total number of securities included in such offering. For purposes of the provision in this <u>Section 2.3(b)</u> concerning apportionment, for any selling Holder that is a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, the partners, members, retired partners, retired members, stockholders, and Affiliates of such Holder, or the estates and Immediate Family Members of any such partners, retired partners, members, and retired members and any trusts for the benefit of any of the foregoing Persons, shall be deemed to be a single "selling Holder," and any pro rata reduction with respect to such "selling Holder" shall be based upon the aggregate number of Registrable Securities owned by all Persons included in such "selling Holder," as defined in this sentence.

2.4. <u>Obligations of the Listed Company</u>. Whenever required under this <u>Section 2</u> to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities, the Listed Company shall, as expeditiously as reasonably possible:

(a) prepare and file with the SEC a registration statement with respect to such Registrable Securities and use its reasonable best efforts to cause such registration statement to become effective and, upon the request of the Holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities registered thereunder, keep such registration statement fetctive for a period of up to one hundred twenty (120) days or, if earlier, until the distribution contemplated in the registration statement has been completed; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that (i) such one hundred twenty (120) day period shall be extended for a period of time equal to the period the Holder refrains, at the request of an underwriter of Common Stock (or other securities) of the Listed Company, from selling any securities included in such registration, and (ii) in the case of any registration of Registrable Securities on Form S-3 that are intended to be offered on a continuous or delayed basis, subject to compliance with applicable SEC rules, such one hundred twenty (120) day period shall be extended for up to sixty (60) days, if necessary, to keep the registration statement effective until all such Registrable Securities are sold;

(b) prepare and file with the SEC such amendments and supplements to such registration statement, and the prospectus used in connection with such registration statement, as may be necessary to comply with the Securities Act in order to enable the disposition of all securities covered by such registration statement;

(c) furnish to the selling Holders such numbers of copies of a prospectus, including a preliminary prospectus, as required by the Securities Act, and such other documents as the Holders may reasonably request in order to facilitate their disposition of their Registrable Securities;

(d) use its reasonable best efforts to register and qualify the securities covered by such registration statement under such other securities or blue-sky laws of such jurisdictions as shall be reasonably requested by the selling Holders; <u>provided</u> that the Listed Company shall not be required to qualify to do business or to file a general consent to service of process in any such states or jurisdictions, unless the Listed Company is already subject to service in such jurisdiction and except as may be required by the Securities Act;

(e) in the event of any underwritten public offering, enter into and perform its obligations under an underwriting agreement, in usual and customary form, with the underwriter(s) of such offering and take all such other actions as the Initiating Holders or the underwriters, if any, reasonably request in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of such Registrable Securities (including, without limitation, making available the executive officers of the Listed Company and participating in "road shows," investor presentations, marketing events and other selling efforts and effecting a share split or combination, recapitalization or reorganization);

(f) (x) use its reasonable best efforts to cause all such Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement to be listed on a national securities exchange or trading system and each securities exchange and trading system (if any) on which similar securities issued by the Listed Company are then listed and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to arrange for at least two market markers to register as such with respect to such Registrable Securities with FINRA, and (y) comply (and continue to comply) with the requirements of any self-regulatory organization applicable to the Listed Company, including without limitation all corporate governance requirements;

(g) provide a transfer agent and registrar for all Registrable Securities registered pursuant to this Agreement and provide a CUSIP number for all such Registrable Securities, in each case not later than the effective date of such registration;

(h) promptly make available for inspection by the selling Holders, any managing underwriter(s) participating in any disposition pursuant to such registration statement, and any attorney or accountant or other agent retained by any such underwriter or selected by the selling Holders, all financial and other records, pertinent corporate documents, and properties of the Listed Company, and cause the Listed Company's officers, directors, employees, and independent accountants to supply all information reasonably requested by any such seller, underwriter, attorney, accountant, or agent, in each case, as necessary or advisable to verify the accuracy of the information in such registration statement and to conduct appropriate due diligence in connection therewith;

(i) comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the SEC, and make available to its security holders, as soon as reasonably practicable, an earnings statement covering the period of at least twelve (12) months beginning with the first day of the Listed Company's first full calendar quarter after the effective date of the registration statement, which earnings statement will satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 thereunder;

(j) permit any Holder which, in its sole and exclusive judgment, might be deemed to be an underwriter or a controlling person of the Listed Company, to participate in the preparation of such registration or comparable statement and to allow such Holder to insert language therein, in form and substance satisfactory to the Listed Company and provided to the Listed Company in writing, which in the reasonable judgment of such Holder and its counsel should be included;

(k) use reasonable best efforts to (x) make available the sale of Registrable Securities pursuant to Form S-3 and (y) prevent the issuance of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of a registration statement, or the issuance of any order suspending or preventing the use of any related prospectus or suspending the qualification of any Ordinary Shares included in such registration statement for sale in any jurisdiction, and in the event any such order is issued, use reasonable best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of such order;

 use its reasonable best efforts to cause such Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement to be registered with or approved by such other governmental agencies or authorities as may be necessary to enable the sellers thereof to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities;

(m) cooperate with the Holders covered by the registration statement and the managing underwriter or agent, if any, to facilitate the timely preparation and delivery of certificates (not bearing any restrictive legends) representing securities to be sold under the registration statement, or the removal of any restrictive legends associated with any account at which such securities are held, and enable such securities to be in such denominations and registered in such names as the managing underwriter, or agent, if any, or such Holders may request;

(n) if requested by any managing underwriter, include in any prospectus or prospectus supplement updated financial or business information for the Listed Company's most recent period or current quarterly period (including estimated results or ranges of results) if required for purposes of marketing the offering in the view of the managing underwriter;

(o) take no direct or indirect action prohibited by Regulation M under the Exchange Act; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that to the extent that any prohibition is applicable to the Listed Company, the Listed Company will use its reasonable best efforts to take such action as is necessary to make any such prohibition inapplicable;

(p) cooperate with each Holder covered by the registration statement and each underwriter or agent participating in the disposition of such Registrable Securities and their respective counsel in connection with the preparation and filing of applications, notices, registrations and responses to requests for additional information with FINRA, the New York Stock Exchange, Nasdaq or any other national securities exchange on which the Common Shares are or are to be listed, and to the extent required by the rules and regulations of FINRA, retain a qualified independent underwriter acceptable to the managing underwriter;

(q) in the case of any underwritten offering, use its reasonable best efforts to obtain, and deliver to the underwriter(s), in the manner and to the extent provided for in the applicable underwriting agreement, one or more cold comfort letters from the Listed Company's independent public accountants in customary form and covering such matters of the type customarily covered by cold comfort letters;

(r) use its reasonable best efforts to provide (x) a legal opinion of the Listed Company's outside counsel, dated the effective date of such registration statement addressed to the Listed Company, (y) on the date that such Registratibe Securities are delivered to the underwriters for sale in connection with a Demand Registration, if such securities are being sold through underwriters, (A) one or more legal opinions of the Listed Company's outside counsel, dated such date, in form and substance as customarily given to underwriters in an underwritten public offering, addressed to the underwriters, and (z) customary certificates executed by authorized officers of the Listed Company as may be requested by any Holder or any underwriter of such Registratibe Securities;

(s) notify each selling Holder, promptly after the Listed Company receives notice thereof, (i) the issuance by the SEC of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of any registration statement or the initiation of any proceedings for that purpose, (ii) the receipt by the Listed Company or its counsel of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Registrable Securities for sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose, (iii) the effectiveness of each registration statement filed, of the time when such registration statement has been declared effective, notify each selling Holder of any request by the SEC that the Listed Company amend or supplement us not registration statement or prospectus.

In addition, the Listed Company shall ensure that, at all times after any registration statement covering a public offering of securities of the Listed Company under the Securities Act shall have become effective, its insider trading policy shall provide that the Listed Company's directors may implement a trading program under Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act.

2.5. <u>Furnish Information</u>. It shall be a condition precedent to the obligations of the Listed Company to take any action pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u> with respect to the Registrable Securities of any selling Holder that such Holder shall furnish to the Listed Company such information regarding itself, the Registrable Securities held by it, and the intended method of disposition of such securities as is reasonably required to effect the registration of such Holder's Registrable Securities.

2.6. Expenses of Registration. All expenses (other than Selling Expenses) incurred in connection with registrations, filings, or qualifications pursuant to <u>Section 2</u>, including all registration, filing, and qualification fees: printers' and accounting fees; fees and disbursements of counsel for the Listed Company; and the reasonable fees and disbursements, not to exceed [***] of one counsel for the selling Holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities to be registered shall be borne and paid by the Listed Company; provided, however, that the Listed Company shall not be required to pay for any expenses of any registration proceeding begun pursuant to <u>Section 2.1</u> if the registrable Securities to be registred be securities to be registered in which case all selling Holders shall bear such expenses *pro rata* based upon the number of Registrable Securities that were to be included in the withdrawn registration); provided further that if, at the time of such withdrawal, the Holders shall have learned of a material adverse change in the condition, business, or prospects of the Listed Company from that known to the Holders shall have withdrawn the request with reasonable promptness after learning of such information then the Holders shall not be required to pay any of such expenses and shall not forfeit their right to one registration pursuant to

Sections 2.1(a) or 2.1(b). All Selling Expenses relating to Registrable Securities registered pursuant to this Section 2 shall be borne and paid by the Holders pro rata on the basis of the number of Registrable Securities registered on their behalf.

2.7. <u>Delay of Registration</u>. No Holder shall have any right to obtain or seek an injunction restraining or otherwise delaying any registration pursuant to this Agreement as the result of any controversy that might arise with respect to the interpretation or implementation of this <u>Section 2</u>.

2.8. Indemnification. If any Registrable Securities are included in a registration statement under this Section 2:

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law and without limitation as to time, the Listed Company will indemnify and hold harmless each selling Holder, its Affiliates and each Holder's and it respective Affiliates' partners, managers, stockholders, fiduciaries, direct and indirect equityholders, members, officers, directors, employees, agents, and stockholders, legal counsel, representatives, consultants and accountants and any successors or assigns of the foregoing for each such Holder (each, an "Indemnified Person"); any underwriter (as defined in the Securities Act) for each such Holder, and each Person, if any, who controls such Holder or underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, against any Damages, and the Listed Company will pay to each such Holder, underwriter, controlling Person, or other Indemnified Person any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred thereby in connection with investigating or defending any claim or proceeding from which Damages may result, as such expenses are incurred; motioned the Listed Company will pay to each such Holder and each other aforementioned Person any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred thereby in connection with investigating or defending any claim or proceeding from which Damages may result, as such expenses are incurred; movided, however, the indemnify agreement contained in this Section 2.8(a) (a)shall not apply to amounts paid in settlement of any such claim or proceeding from which Damages to the extent that they arise out of or are based upon actions or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished by or on behalf of any such Holder, underwriter, controlling Person, or other Indemnified Person expressly for use in connection with such registration.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law and without limitation as to time, each selling Holder, severally and not jointly, will indemnify and hold harmless the Listed Company, and each of its directors, each of its officers who has signed the registration statement, each Person (if any), who controls the Listed Company within the meaning of the Securities Act, legal counsel and accountants for the Listed Company, and underwriter (as defined in the Securities Act), any other Holder selling securities in such registration statement, and any controlling Person of any such underwriter (as defined in the Securities and Listed Company, any underwriter) or other Holder, against any Damages, in each case only to the extent that such Damages arise out of or are based upon actions or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished by or on behalf of such selling Holder expressly for use in connection with such registration; and each such selling Holder will pay to the Listed Company and each other aforementioned Person any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred thereby in connection with investigating or defending any claim or proceeding from which Damages may result, as such expenses are incurred; provided, however, that the indemnity agreement contained in this <u>Section 2.8(b)</u> shall not apply to amounts paid in settlement of any such claim or proceeding if such settlement is effected without the consent of the Holder, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; and <u>provided further</u> that in no event shall the aggregate amounts payable by any Holder by way of indemnity or contribution under <u>Sections 2.8(b)</u> and <u>2.8(d)</u>2.8(d) exceed the proceeds from the offering received by such Holder (net of any Selling Expenses paid by such Holder), except in the case of fraud or willful misconduct by such Holder.

(c) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under this <u>Section 2.8</u> of notice of the commencement of any action (including any governmental action) for which a party may be entitled to indemnification hereunder, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against any indemnifying party under this <u>Section 2.8</u>, give the indemnifying party onlice of the commencement thereof. The indemnifying party shall have the right to participate in such action and, to the extent the indemnifying party so desires, participate jointly with any other indemnifying party to which notice has been given, and to assume the defense thereof with counsel mutually satisfactory to the parties; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that an indemnifying party together with all other indemnified party is the right to retain one separate counsel, with the fees and expenses to be paid by the indemnifying party, if represented without conflict by one counsel) shall have the right to retain one separate counsel, with the fees and expenses to be paid by the indemnifying party would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between such indemnified party and any other party represented by such counsel in such action. The failure to give notice to the indemnifying party within a reasonable time of the commencement of any such action shall relieve such indemnifying party of any liability to the indemnifying party under this Section 2.8, to the extent that such failure materially prejudices the indemnifying party otherwise than under this <u>Section 2.8</u>.

(d) To provide for just and equitable contribution to joint liability under the Securities Act in any case in which either: (i) any party otherwise entitled to indemnification hereunder makes a claim for indemnification pursuant to this <u>Section 2.8</u> but it is judicially determined (by the entry of a final judgment or decree by a court of competent jurisdiction and the expiration of time to appeal or the denial of the last right of appeal) that such indemnification may not be enforced in such case, notwithstanding the fact that this <u>Section 2.8</u> provides for indemnification in such case, or (ii) contribution under the Securities Act may be required on the part of any party hereto for which indemnification is provided under this <u>Section 2.8</u> then, and in each such case, such parties will contribute to the aggregate losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses to which they may be subject (after contribution from others) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of each of the indemnifying party and the indemnified party shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or allegedly untrue statement of material fact, or the omission or alleged omission of a material fact, relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party or by the indemnified party and the parties' relative fault of contribute any amount in excess of the public offering price of all such Registrable Securities offered and sold by such Holder pursuant to such registration statement, and (y) no Person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation; (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) will be entitled to contribute for my any amount in secres of the problem divide paysub Holder pursuant to <u>Section 2.8(d)</u>, when combined with the amounts paid or payable by such Holder pursuant to <u>Section 2.8(d)</u>, when combined with the statement price of all such Registrable Securities and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information, and opportunity to correct or pr

(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent that the provisions on indemnification and contribution contained in the underwriting agreement entered into in connection with the underwritten public offering are in conflict with the foregoing provisions, the provisions in the underwriting agreement shall control.

(f) Unless otherwise superseded by an underwriting agreement entered into in connection with the underwritten public offering, the obligations of the Listed Company and Holders under this <u>Section 2.8</u> shall survive the completion of any offering of Registrable Securities in a registration under this <u>Section 2</u>, and otherwise shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

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2.9. <u>Reports Under Exchange Act</u>. With a view to making available to the Holders the benefits of SEC Rule 144 and any other rule or regulation of the SEC that may at any time permit a Holder to sell securities of the Listed Company to the public without registration or pursuant to a registration on Form S-3, the Listed Company shall:

(a) make and keep available adequate current public information, as those terms are understood and defined in SEC Rule 144, at all times after the effective date of the registration statement filed by the Listed Company for the Initial Offering;

(b) use reasonable best efforts to file with the SEC in a timely manner all reports and other documents required of the Listed Company under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act (at any time after the Listed Company has become subject to such reporting requirements); and

(c) furnish to any Holder, so long as the Holder owns any Registrable Securities, forthwith upon request (i) to the extent accurate, a written statement by the Listed Company that it has complied with the reporting requirements of SEC Rule 144 (at any time after ninety (90) days after the effective date of the registration statement filed by the Listed Company for the Initial Offering of the Listed Company), the Securities Act, and the Exchange Act (at any time after the Listed Company has become subject to such reporting requirements), or that it qualifies as a registrant whose securities may be resold pursuant to Form S-3 (at any time after the Listed Company so qualifies); and (ii) such other information as may be reasonably requested in availing any Holder of any rule or regulation of the SEC that permits the selling of any such securities without registration (at any time after the Listed Company so qualifies to use such form).

2.10. <u>Limitations on Subsequent Registration Rights</u>. From and after the date of this Agreement, the Listed Company shall not, without the prior written consent of the Holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities then outstanding, enter into any agreement with any holder or prospective holder of any securities of the Listed Company that would (i) provide to such holder the right to include securities in any registration on other than either a *pro rata* basis with respect to the Registrable Securities or on a subordinate basis after all of the Holders have had the opportunity to include in the registration and offering all Registrable Securities that they wish to so include or (ii) allow such holder to rprospective holder to initiate a demand for registration of any securities held by such holder or prospective holder; <u>provided</u> that this limitation shall not apply to Registrable Securities acquired by any additional Investor that becomes a party to this Agreement in accordance with <u>Section 10.9</u>.

2.11. <u>"Market Stand-off" Agreement</u>. Each Holder hereby agrees that it will not, without the prior written consent of the managing underwriter(s), during the period commencing on the date of the final prospectus relating to the registration by the Listed Company or any successor of the Listed Company of shares of its Common Stock or any other equity securities under the Securities Act on a registration statement on Form S-1 or Form S-3, and ending on the date specified by the Listed Company and the managing underwriter (such period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days): (i) lend; pledge; sell; contract to sell; sell any option or contract to purchase; purchase any option or contract to sell; grant any option, right, or warrant to purchase; or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Stock or (ii) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of such securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or other securities, in cash, or otherwise.

The foregoing provisions of this <u>Section 2.11</u> shall apply only to the IPO, shall not apply to the sale of any shares to an underwriter pursuant to an underwriting agreement, or the transfer of any shares to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Holder or the immediate family of the Holder, <u>provided</u> that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth herein, and <u>provided further</u> that any such transfer shall not involve a disposition for value, and shall be applicable to the Holders only if all officers and directors are subject to the same restrictions and the Listed Company obtains a similar agreement from all stockholders individually owning more than one percent (1%) of the Listed Company's outstanding Common Stock. The underwriters in connection with such registration are intended third-party beneficiaries of this <u>Section 2.11</u> and shall have the right, power and authority to enforce the provisions hereof as though they were a party hereto. Each Holder further agrees to such agreements as may be reasonably requested by the underwriters in connection with such registration that are consistent with this <u>Section 2.11</u> or that are necessary to give further effect thereto. Any discretionary waiver or termination of the restrictions of any or all of such agreements by the Listed Company or the underwriters shall apply *pro rata* to all Listed Company may impose stop transfer instructions with respect to the Registrable Securities (and the securities of every other Person subject to the foregoing restriction) until the end of such period.

2.12. Restrictions on Transfer.

(a) Except as provided in the Right of First Refusal, Co-Sale and Drag-Sale Agreement (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) and as contemplated and permitted under Section 10.1 hereof, the Registrable Securities shall not be sold, pledged, or otherwise transferred, and the Listed Company shall not recognize and shall issue stop-transfer instructions to its transfer agent with respect to any such sale, pledge, or transfer, except in accordance with the conditions specified in this Agreement, which conditions are intended to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Securities Act. A transferring Holder will cause any proposed purchaser, pledgee, or transfere of the Registrable Securities held by such Holder to agree to take and hold such securities subject to the provisions and upon the conditions specified in this Agreement.

(b) Each certificate, instrument, or book entry representing (i) the Registrable Securities and any other securities issued in respect of the Registrable Securities upon any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, or similar event, shall (unless otherwise permitted by the provisions of <u>Section 2.12(c)</u>) be notated with a legend substantially in the following form:

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT AND HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, SUCH SHARES MAY NOT BE SOLD, PLEDGED, OR TRANSFERRED IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH REGISTRATION OR A VALID EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION AND PROSPECTUS DELIVERY REQUIREMENTS OF SAID ACT.

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY MAY BE TRANSFERRED ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE STOCKHOLDER, A COPY OF WHICH IS ON FILE WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY.

The Holders consent to the Listed Company making a notation in its records and giving instructions to any transfer agent of the Restricted Securities in order to implement the restrictions on transfer set forth in this <u>Section 2.12</u>.

(c) The holder of such Restricted Securities, by acceptance of ownership thereof, agrees to comply in all respects with the provisions of this <u>Section 2</u>. Before any proposed sale, pledge, or transfer of any Restricted Securities, unless there is in effect a registration statement under the Securities Act covering the proposed transaction, the Holder thereof shall give notice to the Listed Company of such Holder's intention to effect such sale, pledge, or transfer. Each such notice shall describe the manner and circumstances of the proposed sale, pledge, or transfer in sufficient detail and, if reasonably requested by the Listed Company, shall be accompanied at such Holder's expense by either (i) a written opinion of legal counsel who shall, and whose legal opinion shall, be reasonably satisfactory to the Listed Company, addressed to the Listed Company, to the effect that the proposed sale, pledge, or transfer of such Restricted Securities Act; (ii) a "no action" letter from the SEC to the effect that the proposed sale, pledge, or transfer of such Restricted Securities without registration under the Securities Act; whereupon the Holder of such Restricted Securities may be effected without registration under the Securities in accordance with the terms of the notice given by the Holder to the Listed Company. The Listed Company will not require such a legal opinion or "no action" letter (x) in any transaction in compliance with SEC Rule 144 or Regulation S; or (y) in any transaction in which such Holder distributes Restricted Securities to an Affiliate of such Holder for no consideration; <u>provided</u> that each transfere agrees in writing to be subject to the terms of this <u>Section 2.12 (b)</u>, except that such certificate instrument, or book entry shall not be notated with such restrictive legend if, in the opinion of coursel for such Holder and the Listed Company, such legend is not required in order to establish compliance with any provisions of the Securities Act.

2.13. <u>Termination of Registration Rights</u>. The right of any Holder to request registration or inclusion of Registrable Securities in any registration pursuant to <u>Sections 2.1</u> or 2.2 shall terminate upon a Change of Control.

3. Composition of the Board of Directors.

3.1. Size of the Board of Directors. Subject to the terms of Section 3.7, each Holder agrees to vote all shares of Common Stock in such manner as may be necessary to ensure that the size of the Board shall be no less than three (3) directors, including any Chairperson thereof.

3.2. Election of the Board of Directors. Each Holder agrees to vote, or cause to be voted, all shares of Common Stock owned by such Holder, or over which such Holder has voting control, from time to time and at all times, in whatever manner as shall be necessary to ensure that at each annual or special meeting of stockholders at which an election of directors is held or pursuant to any written consent of the stockholders, subject to <u>Section 3.7</u>, the following designees (each a "Designee") shall be elected to the Board:

 (a) Inclusive of the director that SKHC is entitled to designate under <u>Section 3.2(b)</u>, SKHC shall be entitled to designate the number of directors (of the total number of authorized directors) equal to its *pro rata* ownership of the Company (rounded down to the nearest whole number);

(b) Roivant and SKHC shall each be entitled to designate at least one (1) director for as long as it is a Major Investor; and

(c) Inclusive of the director that Roivant is entitled to designate under <u>Section 3.2(h)</u>, the Holders of a majority of the shares of Common Stock outstanding (excluding SKHC) shall be entitled to designate the remaining number of authorized directors.

3.3. <u>Chairperson of the Board</u>. The directors of the Company shall elect, from among their number, the chairperson of the Board (the "**Chairperson**"); <u>provided</u> that, prior to an Initial Offering, the Holders of a majority of the shares of Common Stock shall have the right to designate the Chairperson.

3.4. <u>Failure to Designate a Board Member</u>. In the absence of any designation from the Persons or groups with the right to designate a director as specified above, the director previously designated by them and then serving shall be reelected if willing to serve unless such individual has been removed as provided herein, and otherwise such Board seat shall remain vacant until otherwise filled as provided above.

3.5. <u>Removal of Board Members</u>. Each Holder also agrees to vote, or cause to be voted, all Common Stock owned by such Holder, or over which such Holder has voting control, from time to time and at all times, in whatever manner as shall be necessary to ensure that:

(a) no director elected pursuant to <u>Section 3.2</u> of this Agreement may be removed from office unless (i) such removal is directed or approved by the affirmative vote of the Persons or group entitled under <u>Section 3.2</u> to designate that director or (ii) the Persons originally entitled to designate or approve such director pursuant to <u>Section 3.2</u> is no longer so entitled to designate or approve such director;

(b) any vacancies created by the resignation, removal or death of a director elected pursuant to <u>Section 3.2</u> shall be filled pursuant to the provisions of this <u>Section 3</u>; and

(c) upon the request of any party entitled to designate a director as provided in <u>Section 3.2</u> to remove such director, such director shall be removed.

All Holders agree to execute any written consents required to perform the obligations of this <u>Section 3</u>, and the Company agrees at the request of any Person or group entitled to designate directors to call a special meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing directors.

3.6. <u>No Liability for Election of Recommended Directors</u>. No Holder, nor any Affiliate of any Holder, shall have any liability as a result of designating a person for election as a director for any act or omission by such designated person in his or her capacity as a director of the Company, nor shall any Holder have any liability as a result of voting for any such Designee in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

3.7. <u>"Bad Actor" Matters</u>.

(a) Each Holder hereby represents and warrants to the Company that, to such party's knowledge, none of the "bad actor" disqualifying events described in Rule 506(d)(1)(i)-(viii) promulgated under the Securities Act (each, a "**Disqualification Event**"), is applicable to such Holder or any of its Rule 506(d) Related Parties (as defined below) except, if applicable, for a Disqualification Event as to which Rule 506(d)(2)(ii) or (iii) or (d)(3) is applicable, is hereinafter referred to as a "**Disqualified Designee**". Each party with the right to designate or participate in the designation of a director as specified above hereby covenants and

agrees (i) not to designate or participate in the designation of any director Designee who, to such party's knowledge, is a Disqualified Designee and (ii) that in the event such party becomes aware that any individual previously designated by any such party is or has become a Disqualified Designee, such party shall as promptly as practicable take such actions as are necessary to remove such Disqualified Designee from the Board and designate a replacement Designee who is not a Disqualified Designee. As used herein, a "**Rule 506(d) Related Party**" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that is a beneficial owner of no less than 20% of such first Person's securities for purposes of Rule 506(d) under the Securities Act.

(b) The Company has exercised reasonable care to determine whether any Company Covered Person (as defined below) is subject to any Disqualification Event. To the Company's knowledge, no Company Covered Person is subject to a Disqualification Event. The Company has complied, to the extent required, with any disclosure obligations under Rule 506(e) of the Securities Act. For purposes of this Agreement, "Company Covered Persons" are those persons specified in Rule 506(d)(1) under the Securities Act; provided, however, that Company Covered Persons do not include (i) any Investor or (ii) any Person that is deemed to be an affiliated issuer of the Company solely as a result of the relationship between the Company and any Investor.

3.8. <u>Termination of Board Rights</u>. The covenants set forth in <u>Section 3</u> shall terminate and be of no further force or effect (i) immediately before the consummation of an Initial Offering of a Listed Company (but only with respect to such Listed Company and its Subsidiaries) or (ii) upon a Change of Control, whichever event occurs first.

3.9. <u>Subsidiary Board</u>. Each Material Subsidiary shall have, and the Company and the Holders shall cause each Material Subsidiary to have, a board of directors or similar governing body (each, a "**Material Subsidiary Board**"), the authorized size of which shall at all times be the same size as the Board, and each Holder shall be entitled to (but shall not be obliged to) nominate and appoint the same number of member(s) to each Material Subsidiary Board as provided by <u>Section 3.2</u> above. The provisions in <u>Section 3</u> shall apply to each Material Subsidiary Board in the same manner, *mutatis mutantis*, as they apply to the Board and shall be construed and applied accordingly.

3.10. <u>Board Observers</u>. Each of Roivant and SKHC shall have the right and power to appoint one (1) observer to the Board and each Material Subsidiary Board (each, a "**Board Observer**") who shall be entitled to participate in all meetings (whether in person, telephonic or otherwise) of the Board and the Material Subsidiary Board (each, a "**Board Observer**") who shall be entitled to participate in all meetings (whether in person, telephonic or otherwise) of the Board and the Material Subsidiary Board of which such Board Observer has been appointed to observe and any committees thereto in a non-voting, observer capacity and, in this respect, the Company shall, and shall procure that each Material Subsidiary Board shall, provide such observer copies of all notices, minutes, consents and other materials that it (or each such Material Subsidiary Board) provides, as and when it provides it, to the Board, the Material Subsidiary Board or any committees of either; <u>provided, however</u>, that each such Board Observer shall agree to hold in confidence all information so provided; and <u>provided further</u>, that the Company and the Material Subsidiary Board reserve the right to withhold any information and to exclude each such Board Observer from any meeting or portion thereof if access to such information or attendance at such meeting could adversely affect the attorney-client privilege between the Company and its counsel or the Material Subsidiary Board and its counsel, respectively.

3.11. <u>Special Board Approval Rights</u>. For as long as Roivant and SKHC have a right to appoint a director to the Board of Directors, the affirmative approval of the Board including at least one director designated by each of Roivant and SKHC, respectively, shall be required before the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may take any of the following actions:

(a) incur indebtedness for borrowed money in excess of [***] outstanding at any one time;

(b) enter into any new business, or permit any of its Subsidiaries to enter into any new business, which is not reasonably related to the Company's or any of its Subsidiary's current business;

(c) provide any loan to any director, officer or employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (except for the advance of expenses in the ordinary course of business);

(d) appoint or change the auditor or make any material change to the accounting or financial policies of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;

(e) amend the certificate of incorporation or bylaws or any comparable governing documents of any Material Subsidiary of the Company in a manner adverse, or that would reasonably be expected to be adverse, to any Major Investor; or

(f) authorize, agree or commit to do any of the foregoing.

- 4. Information Rights.
 - 4.1. Delivery of Financial Statements. The Company shall deliver to each Major Investor:

(a) as soon as practicable, but in any event within one hundred twenty (120) days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company (i) an audited balance sheet as of the end of such year, (ii) an audited statement of income for such year, and (iii) an audited statement of stockholders' equity as of the end of such year commencing with the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021, together with the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto prepared in accordance with US GAAP;

(b) as soon as practicable, but in any event within sixty (60) days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company (i) an unaudited audited balance sheet as of the end of such year, (ii) an unaudited statement of income for such year, and (iii) an unaudited statement of stockholders' equity as of the end of such year commencing with respect to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021, all prepared in accordance with US GAAP (except that such financial statements may be subject to income tax and normal year-end audit adjustments);

(c) as soon as practicable, but in any event within sixty (60) days after the end of each of the first three (3) fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of the Company, unaudited statements of income for such fiscal quarter, and an unaudited balance sheet as of the end of such fiscal quarter, all prepared in accordance with US GAAP (except that such financial statements may (i) be subject to income tax and normal year-end audit adjustments; and (ii) not contain all notes thereto that may be required in accordance with US GAAP);

(d) as soon as practicable, but in any event within sixty (60) days after the end of each of the first three (3) fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of the Company, a statement showing the number of shares of each class and series of capital stock and securities convertible into or exercisable for shares of capital stock outstanding at the end of the period, the Common Stock issuable upon conversion or exercise of any outstanding securities convertible or exercise pice applicable thereto, and the number of shares of issuad stock options and stock options not yet issued but reserved for issuance, if any, and the equivalent information for each

Subsidiary of the Company, all in sufficient detail as to permit the Major Investors to calculate their respective direct and indirect percentage equity ownership in the Company and in each such Subsidiary, and certified by the chief financial officer or chief executive officer of the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company, as being true, complete, and correct;

(e) as soon as practicable, but in any event sixty (60) days before the end of each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021), a budget and business plan for the next fiscal year, including an income statement, and any material revisions to the budget prepared by the Company and provided pursuant to this <u>Section 4.1(d)</u>; and

(f) such other information relating to the financial condition, business, prospects, or corporate affairs of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries as any Major Investor may from time to time reasonably request to facilitate their accounting purposes; provided, however, that the Company shall not be obligated under this <u>Section 4.1</u> to provide information (i) that the Company reasonably determines in good faith and upon written advice from counsel to be a trade secret or confidential information (unless covered by an enforceable confidentiality agreement, in a form acceptable to the Company); or (ii) the disclosure of which would adversely affect the attorney-client privilege between the Company and its counsel.

At the request of, and at the expense of, any Major Investor, the Company shall provide supporting US GAAP to IFRS reconciliation schedules.

If, for any period, the Company has any Subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with those of the Company, then in respect of such period the financial statements delivered pursuant to the foregoing sections shall be the consolidated and consolidating financial statements of the Company and all such consolidated Subsidiaries.

Notwithstanding anything else in this <u>Section 4.1</u> to the contrary, the Company may cease providing the information set forth in this <u>Section 4.1</u> during the period starting with the date thirty (30) days before the Company's good-faith estimate of the date of the earlier of the confidential submission or filing of a registration statement if it reasonably concludes it must do so to comply with the SEC rules applicable to such registration statement and related offering; <u>provided</u> that the Company's covenants under this <u>Section 4.1</u> shall be reinstated at such time as the Company is no longer actively employing its reasonable best efforts to cause such registration statement to become effective.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this agreement, or any other applicable agreements of the Company, the Company shall not be required to and will not provide to the Major Investors, and the Major Investors shall not request from the Company, any "Material Nonpublic Technical Information", as such term is defined in Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended by the Foreign Investment Risk Review Modernization Act of 2018 and any United States federal rules or regulations promulgated thereunder, as may be amended, modified, supplemented or replaced from time to time.

The Company shall, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to, reasonably cooperate in any asset valuation exercise undertaken by any Major Investor.

4.2. Inspection. Upon reasonable advance notice and at a time and date approved by the Company, the Company shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to, permit each Major Investor, at such Major Investor's expense, to visit and inspect its properties, examine its books of account and records, and discuss its affairs, finances, and accounts with its officers, during normal business hours of the Company as may be reasonably requested by the Major Investor; provided, however, that the Company shall not be obligated pursuant to this Section 4.2 to provide access to any information that it

reasonably and in good faith considers to be a trade secret or confidential information (unless covered by an enforceable confidentiality agreement, in form reasonably acceptable to the Company) or the disclosure of which would adversely affect the attorney-client privilege between the Company and its counsel.

4.3. <u>Termination of Information Rights</u>. The covenants set forth in <u>Sections 4.1</u> and <u>4.2</u> shall terminate and be of no further force or effect (i) immediately before the consummation of an Initial Offering of a Listed Company (but only with respect to such Listed Company and its Subsidiaries), (ii) when the Listed Company first becomes subject to the periodic reporting requirements of Section 12(g) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, or (iii) upon a Change of Control, whichever event occurs first.

4.4. <u>Confidentiality</u>. Each Holder agrees that such Holder will keep confidential and will not disclose, divulge, or use for any purpose (other than in connection with its investment in the Company) any confidential information obtained from the Company pursuant to the terms of this Agreement (including notice of the Company's intention to confidential usubmit or file a registration statement), unless such confidential information (a) is known or becomes known to the public in general (other than as a result of a breach of this <u>Section 4.4</u> by such Holder), (b) is or has been independently developed or conceived by such Holder without use of the Company's confidential information, or (c) is or has been made known or disclosed to such Holder by a third party without a breach of any obligation of confidentiality such third party may have to the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that a Holder may disclose confidential information (i) to its attorneys, accountants, consultants, and other advisors and professionals to the extent necessary to obtain their services in connection with its investment in the Company; (ii) to any existing or prospective Affiliate, partner, member, stockholder, or wholly owned Subsidiary of such Holder into maintain the confidentiality of such information; or (iii) as may otherwise be required by law, regulation, rule, court order or subpoena, <u>provided</u> that such Holder promptly notifies the Company of such disclosure and takes reasonable steps to minimize the extent of any such required disclosure. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions set forth in this <u>Section 4.4</u> shall survive any termination of information rights set forth in <u>Section 4.1 or 4.2</u>.

4.5. <u>Impairment</u> The Company shall, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to, reasonably cooperate with any testing of the Company's and its Subsidiaries' assets, including their respective Intellectual Property, for impairment undertaken by any Major Investor from time to time.

5. Rights to Future Stock Issuances

5.1. <u>Right of First Offer</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of this <u>Section 5.1</u> and applicable securities laws, if the Company proposes to offer or sell any New Securities, the Company shall first offer such New Securities to each Major Investor. A Major Investor shall be entitled to apportion the right of first offer hereby granted to it in such proportions as it deems appropriate, among (i) itself, (ii) its Affiliates and (iii) its beneficial interest holders, such as limited partners, members or any other Person having "beneficial **Owners**"); <u>provided</u> that each such Affiliate or Investor Beneficial Owners(); is not a FOIA Party, unless such party's purchase of New Securities is otherwise consented to by the Board of Directors, and (y) agrees to enter into this Agreement and the Right of First Refusal, Co-Sale and Drag-Sale Agreement of even date herewith among the Company, the Investors and the other parties named therein, as an "**Investor**" and "**Holder**" under such agreement (<u>provided</u> that any FOIA Party shall not be entitled to any rights as a Major Investor under <u>Sections 4.1</u> and <u>5.1</u> hereof).

(a) The Company shall give notice (the "Offer Notice") to each Major Investor, stating (i) its *bond fide* intention to offer such New Securities, (ii) the number of such New Securities to be offered, and (iii) the price and terms, if any, upon which it proposes to offer such New Securities.

(b) By notification to the Company within thirty (30) days after the Offer Notice is given, each Major Investor may elect to purchase or otherwise acquire, at the price and on the terms specified in the Offer Notice, up to that portion of such New Securities which equals the proportion that the Common Stock then held by such Major Investor (including all shares of Common Stock then issuable (directly or indirectly) upon conversion and/or exercise, as applicable, of any Derivative Securities then held by such Major Investor) bears to the total Common Stock of the Company then outstanding (assuming full conversion and/or exercise, as applicable, of all Derivative Securities then held by such Major Investor) of any outstanding (assuming full conversion and/or exercise, as applicable, of all Derivative Securities then outstanding). At the expiration of such thirty (30) period, the Company shall promptly notify each Major Investor that elects to purchase or acquire all the shares available to it (each, a "Fully Exercising Investor") of any other Major Investor's failure to do likewise. During the thirty (30) day period commencing after the Company has given such notice, each Fully Exercising Investor may, by giving notice to the Company, elect to purchase or acquire, in addition to the number of shares specified above, up to that portion of the New Securities for which Major Investor issuel and held, or issuable (directly or indirectly) upon conversion and/or exercise, as applicable, of any Derivative Securities then held, by such Fully Exercising Investors which is equal to the proportion that the Common Stock issued and held, or issuable (directly or indirectly) upon conversion and/or exercise, as applicable, of any Derivative Securities then held, by such Fully Exercising Investors who wish to purchase such unsubscribed shares. The closing of any sale pursuant to this <u>Section 5.1(b)</u> shall occur within the later of ninety (90) days of the date that the Offer Notice is given and the date of initial sale of New

(c) If all New Securities referred to in the Offer Notice are not elected to be purchased or acquired as provided in <u>Section 5.1(b)</u>, the Company may, during the ninety (90) day period following the expiration of the periods provided in <u>Section 5.1(b)</u>, offer and sell the remaining unsubscribed portion of such New Securities to any Person or Persons at a price not less than, and upon terms no more favorable to the offere ethan, those specified in the Offer Notice. If the Company does not enter into an agreement for the sale of the New Securities within such period, or if such agreement is not consummated within forty-five (45) days of the execution thereof, the right provided hereunder shall be deemed to be revived and such New Securities shall not be offered unless first reoffered to the Major Investors in accordance with this <u>Section 5.1</u>.

(d) The right of first offer in this Section 5.1 shall not be applicable to (i) the Milestone Shares (as defined below); (ii) Exempted Securities; and (iii) shares of Common Stock issued in an Initial Offering of the Company.

5.2. <u>Termination</u>. The covenants set forth in <u>Section 5.1</u> shall terminate and be of no further force or effect immediately following the consummation of the Initial Offering of the Company or (iii) upon a Change of Control, whichever event occurs first.

- 6. <u>Contingent Earnout Shares</u>.
 - 6.1. Milestone Issuances

(a) Upon the occurrence of each of the events (each, a "Milestone Event") set forth in the table below (the "Milestone Table") prior to the [***] of the Closing (as

defined in the Subscription Agreement) (the "Milestone End Date"), the Company shall promptly issue to Roivant (or its designated Affiliate) the applicable number of shares of Common Stock (the "Milestone Shares") set forth opposite such Milestone Event in the Milestone Table, which Milestone Shares shall be fully paid and free and clear of all liens other than applicable securities law restrictions:

Milestone Event	Milestone Shares of Common Stock
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

(b) Each issuance of Milestone Shares represents an independent obligation and shall become issuable upon the occurrence of the associated Milestone Event, irrespective of the order in which the Milestone Events occur relative to each other. For the avoidance of doubt, one or more Milestone Events (including without limitation Milestone Events 2, 3 and 4 in the Milestone Table) may occur at the same time.

(c) At all times prior to the Milestone End Date (the "Milestone Period"), (i) the Company shall keep available for issuance a sufficient number of unissued shares of Common Stock to permit the Company to satisfy its issuance obligations set forth in this Section 6.1 and (ii) the Company and SKHC shall take all actions required to increase the authorized number of shares of Common Stock if at any time there shall be insufficient unissued shares of Common Stock to permit such reservation.

(d) In the event that, after the date hereof and during the Milestone Period there is a Change of Control, then each of the Second IND Effectiveness Event and the Specified IPO Event shall be deemed earned and due by the Company to Roivant upon such Change of Control; provided, that if the Change of Control referred to in the preceding clause is at a valuation of the Company of [***] then the First Valuation Event shall also be deemed earned and due by the Company to Roivant upon such Change of Control (in addition to the Milestone Skares associated with the Second IND Effectiveness Event and the Specified IPO Event); provided, further, that if the Change of Control referred to in the second preceding clause is at a valuation of the Company of [***] then the Second Valuation Event shall also be deemed earned and due by the Company to Roivant upon such Change of Control (in addition to the Milestone Shares associated with the Second IND Effectiveness Event, the Specified IPO Event and the First Valuation Event), in each case, provided that such Milestone Shares associated with the applicable Milestone Event have not previously been issued to Roivant.

(e) The number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued as Milestone Shares during the Milestone Period shall be equitably adjusted to account for a stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares or similar events that may occur during the Milestone Period and shall be deemed to be Milestone Shares and shall be set aside and not issued until the Milestone Shares have been issued to Roivant or, if the Milestone Shares are not earned and issued, then all such distributions declared during the Milestone Period shall be forfeited. The foregoing shall not include any cash dividends accrued during the Milestone Period with respect to any such Common Stock prior to issuance as Milestone Shares in accordance with this Section 6.1.

7. Matters Requiring Major Investor Approval.

7.1. <u>Roivant and SKHC Approvals</u>. Notwithstanding anything else in this Agreement to the contrary (except as otherwise set forth in this Section 7.1), the following matters shall require, and the Company shall not, and, if applicable, shall cause its relevant Subsidiaries not to, directly or indirectly, do any of the following without first obtaining the affirmative approval of both Roivant and SKHC:

(a) amend the Company's Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws or any comparable governing documents of the Company in a manner adverse, or that would reasonably be expected to be adverse, to any Major Investor;

(b) make any filing for reorganization, liquidation, termination, dissolution or winding up of the Company or any of its Material Subsidiaries or the passing of any resolution for the liquidation or winding up of the Company or any Material Subsidiary, if any, or the appointment of a trustee, receiver, administrator, liquidator or similar officer, in each case, except for the [***];

(c) effect or cause (i) any alteration of the share capital of the Company or any of its Material Subsidiaries including, without limitation, the creation, authorization, issuance or granting, or obligating itself to issue any equity security (including any security convertible into or exercisable for any such equity security) of the Company or any of its Material Subsidiaries (other than a Qualified Initial Offering or an issuance of equity security incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time pursuant to clause (ii) of this Section 7.1(c)), or (ii) any material amendment to or termination of any existing stock incentive plan, or creation of any stock incentive plan, or the benefit of any of the Company's or any of its Material Subsidiaries' directors, officers or employees (other than the Equity Incentive Plan);

- (d) [***]
- (e) [***]
- (f) effect or implement any change in the size or voting rights of the Board or the board of directors of any Material Subsidiary;
- (g) declare or pay dividends or other distributions by the Company or any Subsidiary;
- (h) [***]
- (i) [***]

(j) [***]

(k) authorize, agree or commit to do any of the foregoing.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company and its Subsidiaries shall have the right, and will not be required to seek any approvals from Roivant or SKHC pursuant to this Section 7, to issue equity securities:

(x) in a non-public transaction in an amount equal to (i) up to [***] in the aggregate, in an offering in which the Company is valued at [***] or more or (ii) up to [***] in the aggregate (less any amounts issued pursuant to the exemption set forth in the preceding clause (i)), in an offering in which the Company is valued at between [***] and [***]; or

(y) in any offering in which the Company is valued at [***] or more; or

(z) having an aggregate value of up to [***] as determined by the Board in good faith in connection with all Qualified Acquisition or Partnership; provided that on or prior to the second anniversary of the date hereof, Roivant and SKHC shall meet and discuss in good faith whether to increase the dollar amount set forth in this Section 7.1(z).

To the extent that the Company (i) amends the Company's or any Material Subsidiary's Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws or any comparable governing documents of the Company or any Material Subsidiary in a manner that is not, or would not reasonably be expected to be, adverse to any Major Investor, (ii) makes an amendment to an existing stock incentive plan that does not, or would not reasonably be expected to, adversely affect the Company or its stockholders, or (iii) makes an amendment to an existing Related Party Transactions that does not, or would not reasonably be expected to, adversely affect the Company or its stockholders, the Company shall provide the Major Investors with a copy of any such amendment as soon as reasonably practicable after such amendment is effective.

8. <u>Right to Conduct Activities</u>. The Company hereby agrees and acknowledges that each Holder (together with its Affiliates) is a professional investment organization, and as such reviews the business plans and related proprietary information of many enterprises, some of which may compete directly or indirectly with the Company's or its Subsidiaries' business (as currently conducted or as currently proposed to be conducted). The Company hereby agrees that, to the extent permitted under applicable law, each Holder (and its Affiliates) shall not be liable to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for any claim arising out of, or based upon, (i) the investment by such Holder (or its Affiliates) in any entity competitive with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or (ii) actions taken by any partner, officer, employee or other representative of such Holder (or its Affiliates) assist any such competitive company or not such action was a kane as a member of the board of directors of such competitive company or otherwise, and whether or not such action has a detrimental effect on the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the foregoing shall not relieve (x) any of the Investors from liability associated with the unauthorized disclosure of the Company's confidential information obtained pursuant to this Agreement, or (y) any director or officer of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries from any liability associated with his or her fiduciary duties to the Company or any such Subsidiary.

9. [***]

10. Miscellaneous

10.1. Successors and Assigns. The rights under this Agreement may be assigned (but only with all related obligations) by a Holder to a transfere of Registrable Securities that (i) is an Affiliate of a Holder; or (ii) is a Holder's Immediate Family Member or trust for the benefit of an individual Holder or one or more of such Holder's Immediate Family Members; provided, however, that (x) the Company is, within a reasonable time after such transfer, furnished with written notice of the name and address of such transferee and the Registrable Securities with respect to which such rights are being transferred; and (y) such transferee agrees in a written instrument delivered to the Company to be bound by and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, including the provisions of <u>Section 2.11</u>. For the purposes of determining the number of shares of Registrable Securities who would not qualify individually for assignment of rights shall, as a condition to the applicable transferee; the holdings of a transferee to whould not qualify individually for assignment of rights shall, as a condition to the applicable transfer; provided further that all transferees who would not qualify individually for assignment of rights shall, as a condition to the applicable transfer, the terms and conditions of this Agreement, neeton this Agreement, neeton this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any party other than the parties hereto or their respective successors and permitted assignees any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities under or by reason of this Agreement, except as expressly provided herein.

10.2. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by the internal law of the State of New York, without regard to conflict of law principles that would result in the application of any law other than the law of the State of New York.

10.3. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two (2) or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Counterparts may be delivered via facsimile, electronic mail (including pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, *e.g.*, www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

10.4. <u>Titles and Subtitles</u>. The titles and subtitles used in this Agreement are for convenience only and are not to be considered in construing or interpreting this Agreement.

10.5. <u>Notices</u>. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon the earlier of actual receipt or (i) personal delivery to the party to be notified; (ii) when sent, if sent by electronic mail during the recipient's normal business hours, and if not sent during normal business hours, then on the recipient's next business day; (iii) five (5) days after thaving been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid; or (iv) one (1) business day after the business day of deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, freight prepaid, specifying next-day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent to the respective parties at their addresses as set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> hereto, or to the principal office of the Company and to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer, in the case of the Company, or to such email address, facsimile number, or address as subsequently modified by written notice given in accordance with this <u>Section 10.5</u>. If notice is given to the Company, a copy shall also be sent to Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10017, Attention: Michael Davis, Email: michael.davis@davispolk.com. If notice is given to SKHC, a copy shall also be sent to Dechert, Jardine House, 31st Floor, One Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong, Attention: David K. Cho, Email: david.cho@dechert.com.

10.6. <u>Amendments and Waivers</u>. Any term of this Agreement may be amended, modified or terminated and the observance of any term of this Agreement may be waived (either generally or in a particular instance, and either retroactively or prospectively) only with the written consent of (a) the Company, (b) Holders of at least a majority of the Registrable Securities then held by all Holders, (c) Roivant, and (d) SKHC; <u>provided</u> that the Company may in its sole discretion waive compliance with <u>Section 2.12(c)</u> (and the Company's failure to object promptly in writing after notification of a proposed assignment allegedly in violation of <u>Section 2.12(c)</u> (shall be deemed to be a vaiver); and <u>provided further</u> that any provision hereof may be waived by any waiving party on such party's own behalf, without the consent of any other party. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) this Agreement may not be amended, modified or terminated and the observance of any term hereof may not be waived with respect to any Holder without the written consent of such Holder, unless such amendment, modification, termination, or waiver applies to all Holders in the same fashion (it being agreed that a waiver of the provisions of <u>Section 3</u> with respect to a particular transaction shall be deemed to apply to all Investors in the same fashion (it being agreed that a waiver of the provisions of <u>Section 3</u> and any other section of this Agreement applicable to the Major Investor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, <u>Schedule A</u> hereto may be amended, modified, terminated or waived without the written consent of each Major Investor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, <u>Schedule A</u> hereto may also be amended by the Company from time to time to add transferees of any Registrable Securities in compliance with the terms of this Agreement without the consent of the other parties; and <u>Schedule A</u> hereto may also be amended by the Company after the date of this Agreement without the consent of the other parties; and <u>Schedule A</u> hereto may also be amended by

accordance with this <u>Section 10.6</u> shall be binding on all parties hereto, regardless of whether any such party has consented thereto. No waivers of or exceptions to any term, condition, or provision of this Agreement, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such term, condition, or provision.

10.7. <u>Severability</u>. In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision of this Agreement, and such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision shall be reformed and construed so that it will be valid, legal, and enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law.

10.8. <u>Aggregation of Stock</u>. All shares of Registrable Securities held or acquired by Affiliates shall be aggregated together for the purpose of determining the availability of any rights under this Agreement and such Affiliated persons may apportion such rights as among themselves in any manner they deem appropriate.

10.9. <u>Additional Investors</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, if the Company issues additional shares of Common Stock after the date hereof, whether pursuant to the Subscription Agreement or otherwise, any purchaser of such shares of Common Stock may become a party to this Agreement by executing and delivering an additional counterpart signature page to this Agreement, and thereafter shall be deemed an "Investor" for all purposes hereunder. No action or consent by the Investors shall be required for such joinder to this Agreement by such additional Investor, so long as such additional Investor has agreed in writing to be bound by all of the obligations as an "Investor" hereunder.

10.10. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement (including <u>Schedule A</u> hereto) constitutes the full and entire understanding and agreement among the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and any other written or oral agreement relating to the subject matter hereof existing between the parties is expressly canceled.

10.11. Dispute Resolution. The parties (a) hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submit to the jurisdiction of the state courts of New York and to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for the purpose of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement, (b) agree not to commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement, (b) agree not to commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement, (b) agree not to commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement except in the state courts of New York or the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and (c) hereby waive, and agree not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution, that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that this Agreement or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court.

WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL: EACH PARTY HEREBY WAIVES ITS RIGHTS TO A JURY TRIAL OF ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION BASED UPON OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS, THE SECURITIES OR THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREOF OR THEREOF. THE SCOPE OF THIS WAIVER IS INTENDED TO BE ALL-ENCOMPASSING OF ANY AND ALL DISPUTES THAT MAY BE FILED IN ANY COURT AND THAT RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS TRANSACTION, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CONTRACT CLAIMS, TORT CLAIMS (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), BREACH OF DUTY CLAIMS, AND ALL OTHER COMMON LAW AND STATUTORY CLAIMS. THIS SECTION HAS BEEN FULLY DISCUSSED BY EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND

THESE PROVISIONS WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY EXCEPTIONS. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY FURTHER WARRANTS AND REPRESENTS THAT SUCH PARTY HAS REVIEWED THIS WAIVER WITH ITS LEGAL COUNSEL, AND THAT SUCH PARTY KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH LEGAL COUNSEL.

10.12. <u>Delays or Omissions</u>. No delay or omission to exercise any right, power, or remedy accruing to any party under this Agreement, upon any breach or default of any other party under this Agreement, shall impair any such right, power, or remedy of such nonbreaching or nondefaulting party, nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of or acquiescence to any such breach or default, or to any similar breach or default thereafter occurring, nor shall any waiver of any single breach or othefault deemed a waiver of any other breach or default thereafter occurring. All remedies, whether under this Agreement or by law or otherwise afforded to any party, shall be cumulative and not alternative.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

THE COMPANY:

PHARMAVANT 5, INC.

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

INVESTORS:

SK HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

[Signature Page to Investor Rights Agreement]

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD. FORM OF INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

THIS INDEMNITY AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of this [•] day of [•], 2021 between Roivant Sciences Ltd., a Bermuda exempted limited company (the "Company"), and [•] ("Indemnitee").

RECITALS

A. Highly competent persons have become reluctant to serve companies as directors or officers or in other capacities unless they are provided with adequate protection through insurance or indemnification against inordinate risks of claims and actions against them arising out of their service to and activities on behalf of the corporation;

B. Although furnishing of insurance to protect persons serving a company and its subsidiaries from certain liabilities has been a customary and widespread practice among Bermuda companies and other business enterprises, the Company believes that, given current market conditions and trends, such insurance may be available to it in the future only at higher premiums and with more exclusions. At the same time, directors, officers, and other persons in service to companies or business enterprises are being increasingly subjected to expensive and time-consuming litigation relating to, among other things, matters that traditionally would have been brought only against the Company or business enterprise itself. The Company's Amended and Restated Bye-laws (the "**Bye-laws**") require indemnification of the officers, directors and certain other persons of the Company in accordance with Bermuda law;

C. The uncertainties relating to such liability insurance and to indemnification have increased the difficulty of attracting and retaining such persons;

D. The Board has determined that the increased difficulty in attracting and retaining such persons would be detrimental to the best interests of the Company's shareholders, and that the Company should act to assure such persons that there will be increased certainty of protection in the future;

E. It is reasonable, prudent, and necessary for the Company to contractually obligate itself to indemnify, and to advance expenses on behalf of, such persons to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will serve or continue to serve the Company free from undue concern that they will not be so indemnified;

F. This Agreement is a supplement to and in furtherance of the Company's Bye-laws and any resolutions adopted pursuant to such indemnification, and will not be deemed a substitute therefor, nor to diminish or abrogate any rights of Indemnitee; and

G. Indemnitee may have certain rights to indemnification and insurance provided by other entities or organizations which Indemnitee and such other entities and organizations intend to be secondary to the primary obligation of the Company to indemnify Indemnitee as provided in this Agreement. Subject to Section 10, the Company acknowledges and agrees that the foregoing is a material condition to Indemnitee's willingness to serve as an officer.

H. This Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety any previous indemnification agreement entered into between the Company or its subsidiary Roivant Sciences, Inc. ("RSI") and the Indemnitee.

I. To the extent applicable, the Company may extend the rights, benefits and obligations under this Agreement to officers, directors or executives of RSI.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of Indemnitee's agreement to serve as an officer or a director from and after the date first written above, the parties agree as follows:

1. Indemnity of Indemnitee. The Company agrees to hold harmless and indemnify Indemnitee to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. In furtherance of this indemnification, and without limiting the generality of such indemnification:

(a) Proceedings Other Than Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company. Subject to the terms of this Agreement (including Section 11), Indemnitee will be indemnified as provided in this Section 1(a) if, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, the Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding other than a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company. Pursuant to this Section 1(a), Indemnitee will be indemnified against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her, or on his or her behalf, in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue, or matter.

(b) Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company. Subject to the terms of this Agreement (including Section 11), Indemnitee will be indemnified as provided in this Section 1(b) if, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, the Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding brought by or in the right of the Company. Pursuant to this Section 1(b), Indemnitee will be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by the Indemnitee, or on the Indemnitee's behalf, in connection with such Proceeding if the Indemnite reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company. Indemnification will not be provided against such Expenses if made in respect of any claim, issue, or matter in such Proceeding as to which Indemnite will have been adjudged to be liable to the Company unless and to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction will determine that such indemnification may be made.

2. Additional Indemnity. The Company agrees to indemnify and hold Indemnitee harmless against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf if, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, he or she is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding (including a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company), including, without limitation, any and all liability arising out of the negligence or active or passive wrongdoing of Indemnitee. The only limitation that will exist on the Company's obligations pursuant to this Agreement will be that the Company will not be obligated to make any payment to Indemnitee pursuant to Section 11 or that is finally determined (under the procedures, and subject to the presumptions, in Sections 8 and 9) to be unlawful.

3. Contribution.

(a) Whether or not the indemnification provided in Sections 1 and 2 is available, in respect of any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit, or Proceeding in which the Company is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit, or Proceeding), the Company will pay, in the first instance, the entire amount of any judgment or settlement of such action, suit, or Proceeding without requiring Indemnitee to contribute to such payment, and the Company waives and relinquishes any right of contribution it may have against Indemnitee. The Company will be entitled to participate in the Proceeding at its own expense. The Company will not enter into any settlement of any action, claim, or Proceeding in which the Company is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, claim, or Proceeding) unless such settlement provides for a full and final release of all claims asserted against Indemnitee. The Company will not settle any action, claim or Proceeding (in whole or in part) in a manner

that would impose any penalty or admission of guilt or liability on Indemnitee without Indemnitee's written consent, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld. Indemnitee will not settle any action, claim or Proceeding (in whole or in part) in a manner that would impose any penalty or admission of guilt or liability on the Company without the Company's written consent, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.

(b) Without diminishing or impairing the rights and obligations of the Company in the preceding subparagraph, if Indemnitee elects or is required to pay all or any portion of any judgment or settlement in any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit, or Proceeding in which the Company is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit, or Proceeding), the Company yill contribute to the amount of Expenses, judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred and paid or payable by Indemnitee in proportion to the relative benefits received by the Company and all officers, directors, or employees of the Company, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit, or Proceeding), on the other hand, from the transaction from which such action, suit or Proceeding arose. To the extent necessary to conform to law, the proportion determined on the basis of relative benefits reconciled with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit or Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, in connection with the events that resulted in such expenses, judgments, fines, or settlement amounts, as well as any other equitable considerations which the applicable law may require to be considered. The relative fault of the Company and all officers, directors, or employees of the Company, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit or Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, in connection with the events that resulted in such expenses, judgments, fines, or settlement amounts, as well as any other equitable considerations which the applicable law may require to be considered. The relative fault of the Company and all officers, directors, or employees of the Company, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such action, suit or Proceeding), on the one hand, and Ind

(c) The Company agrees to fully indemnify and hold Indemnitee harmless from any claims of contribution which may be brought by the Company's officers, directors, or employees, other than Indemnitee, who may be jointly liable with Indemnitee.

(d) To the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, if the indemnification provided for in this Agreement is unavailable to Indemnitee for any reason whatsoever, the Company, in lieu of indemnifying Indemnitee, will contribute to the amount incurred by Indemnitee, whether for judgments, fines, penalties, excise taxes, amounts paid or to be paid in settlement or for Expenses, in connection with any claim relating to an indemnifiable event under this Agreement, in such proportion as is deemed fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances of such Proceeding to reflect: (i) the relative benefits received by the Company and Indemnitee as a result of the events and transactions giving cause to such Proceeding; and (ii) the relative fault of the Company (and its directors, officers, employees, and agents) and Indemnitee in connection with such events and transactions.

4. Indemnification for Expenses of a Witness. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, a witness, or is made (or asked) to respond to discovery requests, in any Proceeding to which Indemnitee is not a party, he or she will be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf in connection therewith.

5. Expenses as a Party Where Wholly or Partly Successful. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, to the extent that Indemnitee is a party to (or a participant in) and is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in any Proceeding or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, in whole or in part, the Company shall indemnity Indemnitee against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection therewith. If Indemnitee is not

wholly successful in such Proceeding, but is successful, on the merits or otherwise, as to one or more but less than all claims, issues or matters in such Proceeding, the Company shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, indemnify Indemnitee against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on his or her behalf in connection with each successfully resolved claim, issue or matter. For purposes of this Section 5 and without limitation, the termination of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding by dismissal, with or without prejudice, shall be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter.

6. Advancement of Expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Company will advance any and all reasonable Expenses incurred by or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with any Proceeding by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the Company of a statement from Indemnitee's ability to repay such amounts and without regard to Indemnitee's ultimate entitlement to indemnification under Section 8. Such statement will reasonably evidence the Expenses incurred by Indemnitee and will include or be preceded or accompanied by a written undertaking by or on behalf of Indemnitee to repay any Expenses advanced if it is ultimately determined that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified against such Expenses. Any advances and undertakings to repay pursuant to this Section 6 will be unsecured and interest free.

7. Repayment of Advances or Other Expenses. Indemnitee agrees that Indemnitee shall reimburse the Company for all Expenses advanced by the Company pursuant to Section 6, in the event and only to the extent that it shall be determined by final judgment or other final adjudication under the provisions of any applicable law (as to which all rights of appeal therefrom have been exhausted or lapsed) that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company for such Expenses.

8. Procedures and Presumptions for Determination of Entitlement to Indemnification. It is the intent of this Agreement to secure for Indemnitee rights of indemnity that are as favorable as may be permitted under Bermuda law. Accordingly, the parties agree that the following procedures and presumptions will apply in the event of any question as to whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement:

(a) To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, Indemnitee will submit to the Company a written request with such documentation and information as is reasonably available to Indemnitee and is reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification. The General Counsel of the Company or of RSI will, promptly on receipt of such a request for indemnification, advise the Board in writing that Indemnitee has requested indemnification. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any failure of Indemnitee to provide such request to the Company, or to provide such a request in a timely fashion, will not relieve the Company of any liability that it may have to Indemnitee unless, and to the extent that, such failure actually and materially prejudices the interests of the Company.

(b) On written request by Indemnitee for indemnification pursuant to the first sentence of Section 8(a), Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification will be determined in the specific case by one of the following methods, which will be at the election of the Board:

(i) by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum;

(ii) by a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum of the Board;

(iii) if there are no such Disinterested Directors or, if such Disinterested Directors so direct, by Independent Counsel in a written opinion to the Board, a copy of which shall be delivered to Indemnitee;

(iv) by any person or body appointed by the Board in accordance with applicable law to review the Company's obligations hereunder and under applicable law, which may include a member or members of the Board, independent legal counsel or any other person or body not a party to the Proceeding for which Indemnitee is seeking indemnification; or

(v) if a Change of Control shall have occurred, by Independent Counsel in a written opinion to the Board, a copy of which shall be delivered to Indemnitee.

If it is so determined that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, payment to Indemnitee shall be made within ten (10) days after such determination.

(c) If entitlement to indemnification is to be determined by Independent Counsel pursuant to Section 8(b)(v), such Independent Counsel shall be selected by Indemnitee, and Indemnitee shall give written notice to the Company advising it of the identity of the Independent Counsel selected. If entitlement to indemnification is to be determined by Independent Counsel pursuant to Section 8(b)(ii) (or if Indemnitee requests that such selection be made by the Board), such Independent Counsel shall be selected by the Company in which case the Company shall give written notice to Indemnitee advising him or her of the identity of the Independent Counsel so selected. In either event, Indemnitee or the Company, as the case may be, may, within 10 days after such written notice of selection shall have been received, deliver to the Company or to Indemnitee, as the case may be, a written objection to such selection; provided, however, that such objection may be asserted only on the ground that the Independent Counsel os selected does not meet the requirements of "Independent Counsel" as defined in this Agreement, and the objection shall set forth with particularity the factual basis of such assertion. Absent a proper and timely objection, the person so selected shall act as Independent Counsel. If such written objection is so made and substantiated, the Independent Counsel os selected may not serve as Independent Counsel and until such objection is withdrawn or a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to Section 8(a) hereof and the final disposition of the Proceeding, no Independent Counsel shall have been made by the Company or Indemnitee to the other's selection 8(b) hereof. Upon the approximate and by bjections are so resolved or the person so appointed shall act as Independent Counsel and any objection which shall have been made by the Company or Indemnitee to the other's selection of Independent Counsel and/or for the appointment as Independent Counsel of a person selected by the court or by such other person as the cou

(d) The Company agrees to pay the reasonable fees and expenses of any Independent Counsel serving under this Agreement.

(e) In making a determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification under this Agreement, the person or persons or entity making such determination will, to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, presume that Indemnite is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption will, to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence. Neither the failure of the Company, as set forth in Section 8(b), to have made a determination prior to the commencement of any action pursuant to Section 9 of this Agreement that indemnification is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct, nor an actual determination by the Company, as set forth in Section 8(b), that Indemnitee has not met such applicable standard of conduct, will be a defense to the action or create a presumption that Indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

(f) Indemnitee will be presumed to have acted in good faith if Indemnitee's action is based on the records or books of account of the Enterprise, including financial statements, or on information supplied to Indemnitee by the officers of the Enterprise in the course of their duties, or on the advice of legal counsel for the Enterprise or on information or records given or reports made to the Enterprise by an independent certified public accountant or by an appraiser or other expert selected with reasonable care by the Enterprise. In addition, the knowledge and actions, or failure to act, of any director, officer, agent, or employee of the Enterprise will not be imputed to Indemnitee for purposes of determining the right to indemnification under this Agreement. Whether or not the foregoing provisions of this Section 8(d) are satisfied, it will in any event be presumed that Indemnitee has at all times acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption will have the burden of proof and the burden of persusaion by clear and convincing evidence.

(g) If the person, persons, or entity empowered or selected under Section 8(b) to determine whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification has not have made a determination within 60 days after receipt by the Company of the request, the requisite determination of entitlement to indemnification will be deemed to have been made, and Indemnitee will be entitled to such indemnification absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnite of a material fact or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's statement not materially misleading in connection with the request for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law. Such sixty (60)-day period may be extended for a reasonable time, not to exceed an additional time to obtain or evaluate documentation or information relating thereto.

(h) Indemnitee will cooperate with the person, persons, or entity making such determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification, including providing such person, persons, or entity on reasonable advance request any documentation or information which is not privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure and which is reasonably available to Indemnitee and reasonably necessary to such determination. Any person or persons making a determination of indemnification under this Agreement, pursuant to Section 8(b), will act reasonably and in good faith in making that determination. Any costs or expenses (including attorneys' fees and disbursements) incurred by or on behalf of Indemnitee in so cooperating with the person, persons, or entity making such determination will be borne by the Company (irrespective of the determination as to Indemnifice's entitlement to indemnification), and the Company indemnifies and agrees to hold Indemnitee harmless therefrom.

(i) The Company acknowledges that a settlement or other disposition short of final judgment may be successful if it permits a party to avoid expense, delay, distraction, disruption, and uncertainty. In the event that any action, claim, or proceeding to which Indemnitee is a party is resolved in any manner other than by adverse judgment against Indemnitee (including, without limitation, settlement of such action, claim or proceeding with or without payment of money or other consideration) it will be presumed that Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise in such action, suit, or proceeding. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption will have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence.

(j) The termination of any Proceeding or of any claim, issue, or matter in any Proceeding, by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or on a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, will not (except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement) of itself adversely affect the right of Indemnitee to indemnification or create a presumption that Indemnitee did not act in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or, with respect to any criminal Proceeding, that Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

9. Remedies of Indemnitee

(a) In the event that (i) a determination is made pursuant to Section 8 that indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification under this Agreement, (ii) advancement of Expenses is not timely made pursuant to Section 8 (iii) subject to the limitations set forth herein, no determination of entitlement to indemnification is made pursuant to Section 8(b) within ninety (90) days after receipt by the Company of the request for indemnification or such determination has been made that Indemnite is entitled to indemnification or such determination is deemed to have been made pursuant to Section 8, Indemnite will be entitled to an adjudication in accordance with Section 22. Indemnite will commence such proceeding pursuant to Section 9(a). The Company will not oppose Indemnite's right to seek any such adjudication. The adjudication and final judgment may be pursued as part of the underlying proceeding or action in connection with which indemnification is sought or in a separate proceeding or action to establish rights and liabilities under this Agreement. Alternatively, in such case, Indemnite, at his or her option, may seek an award in arbitration to be conducted by a single arbitrator pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration.

(b) In the event that a determination has been made pursuant to Section 8(b) that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification, any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 9 will be conducted in all respects as a de novo trial, or arbitration, on the merits, and Indemnitee will not be prejudiced by reason of the adverse determination under Section 8(b). In any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced nuders Section 9(a), the Company shall have the burden of proving Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification or advancement of Expenses, as the case may be, and the Company may not refer to or introduce into evidence any determination pursuant to Section 8(b) of this Agreement adverse to Indemnitee for any purpose. If Indemnitee commences a judicial proceeding or arbitration pursuant to this Section 9, Indemnitee shall not be required to reimburse the Company davances pursuant to Section 7 until a final determination is made with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification (as to which all rights of appeal have been exhausted or lapsed).

(c) If a determination has been made pursuant to Section 8(b) that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, the Company will be bound by such determination in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 9, absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact or an omission of a material fact in connection with the application for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law.

(d) In the event that Indemnitee, pursuant to this Section 9, seeks a judicial adjudication of his or her rights under, or to recover damages for breach of, this Agreement, or to recover under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company, the Company will pay on his or her behalf, in advance, any and all expenses (of the types described in the definition of Expenses) actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in such judicial adjudication, regardless of whether Indemnitee ultimately is determined to be entitled to such indemnification, advancement of expenses, or insurance recovery.

(e) The Company will be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 9 that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding, and enforceable, and will stipulate in any such court that the Company is bound by all the provisions of this Agreement. The Company will indemnify Indemnitee against any and all Expenses and, if requested by Indemnitee, will (within thirty (30) days after receipt by the Company of a written request therefore) advance, subject to Section 6 and to the extent not prohibited by law, such expenses to Indemnitee, which are incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any action brought by Indemnitee for indemnification or advance of Expenses from the Company under this Agreement or under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company.

(f) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, no determination as to entitlement to indemnification under this Agreement will be required to be made prior to the final disposition of the Proceeding.

10. Non-Exclusivity; Survival of Rights; Insurance; Primacy of Indemnification; Subrogation.

(a) The rights of indemnification as provided by this Agreement will not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which Indemnitee may at any time be entitled, if expressly provided, under applicable law, the Bye-laws, a vote of shareholders, or a resolution of Board. No amendment, alteration, or repeal of this Agreement or of any provision of this Agreement will limit or restrict any right of Indemnitee under this Agreement in respect of any action taken or omitted by such Indemnitee in his or her Corporate Status prior to such amendment, alteration, or repeal. To the extent that a change in applicable law, whether by statute or judicial decision, permits greater indemnification than would be afforded currently under the Bye-laws, and this Agreement, it is the intent of the parties of this Agreement that Indemnitee will enjoy all greater benefits so afforded by such change. No right or remedy in this Agreement conferred is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every other right and remedy will be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given under this Agreement or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy under this Agreement, or otherwise, will not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other right or remedy.

(b) To the extent that the Company maintains an insurance policy or policies providing liability insurance for directors, officers, employees, or agents, or fiduciaries of the Company or of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other Enterprise that such person serves at the request of the Company, the Company will procure such insurance policy or policies under which the Indemnitee will be covered in accordance with its or their terms to the maximum extent of the coverage available for any director, officer, employee, agent, or fiduciary under such policy or policies. If, at the time of the receipt of a notice of a claim pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, the Company has director and officer liability insurance in effect, the Company will give prompt notice of the commencement of such proceeding to the insurers in accordance with the procedures in the respective policies. The Company will thereafter take all necessary or desirable action to cause such insurers to pay, on behalf of the Indemnitee, all amounts payable as a result of such proceeding in accordance with the terms of such policies.

(c) Primary Indemnification. To the extent a claim relates to Indemnitee's service to a Company's affiliate ("Vant"), or is otherwise brought by a shareholder of the Vant, or by the Vant itself or on its behalf, or by any third party by reason of any act or omission of the Indemnitee as an officer, director or employee of the Vant, then the Vant shall be the primary source of indemnification for any Expenses that may arise in relation to such Claim. In the event the indemnification offered by a Vant in connection with a Proceeding to which the Indemnitee may be made a party is inadequate in covering the Expenses incurred or sustained by Indemnitee, then the Company shall supplement such inadequate Vant indemnification by advancing such amounts or by purchasing excess liability insurance coverage as may be necessary to cover such Expenses pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

(d) Bankruptcy. In the event of Company's or RSI's bankruptcy (as may be applicable), the Company shall indemnify Indemnitee for Expenses incurred by Indemnitee in connection with such bankruptcy.

(e) In the event of any payment under this Agreement, the Company will be subrogated to the extent of such payment to all of the rights of recovery of Indemnitee, who will execute all papers required and take all action necessary to secure such rights, including execution of such documents as are necessary to enable the Company to bring suit to enforce such rights.

(f) The Company will not be liable under this Agreement to make any payment of amounts otherwise indemnifiable under this Agreement if and to the extent that Indemnitee has otherwise actually received such payment under any insurance policy, contract, agreement, or otherwise.

(g) The Company's obligation to indemnify or advance Expenses under this Agreement to Indemnitee who is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, or agent of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other Enterprise will be reduced by any amount Indemnitee has actually received as indemnification or advancement of expenses from such other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other Enterprise.

11. Exceptions to Right of Indemnification. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement, the Company will not be obligated under this Agreement to make any indemnity in connection with any claim made against Indemnitee:

(a) if the Indemnitee's conduct involved any fraud or dishonesty in relation to the Company or RSI; or if the Indemnitee failed to act in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or RSI; or with respect to any criminal proceeding, if the Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful; or to the extent prohibited by the Companies Act of 1981 of Bermuda, as amended.

(b) for which payment has actually been made to or on behalf of Indemnitee under any insurance policy of an Enterprise or other indemnity provision provided by an Enterprise, except with respect to any excess beyond the amount paid under any such insurance policy or other indemnity provision;

(c) for an accounting of profits made from the purchase and sale (or sale and purchase) by Indemnitee of securities of the Company or RSI within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act or similar provisions of statutory law or common law;

(d) in connection with any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee, including any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee against the Company or its directors, officers, employees, or other indemnitees or against RSI or its directors, officers, employees, or other indemnitees, unless (i) the Board authorized the Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) prior to its initiation, or (ii) the Company provides the indemnification, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the Company under applicable law;

(e) with respect to remuneration paid to Indemnitee if it is determined by final judgment or other final adjudication that such remuneration was in violation of law;

(f) solely to the extent applicable, in connection with any claim for reimbursement or any recovery policy of the Company or RSI by Indemnitee of any bonus or other incentive-based or equity- based compensation or of any profits realized by Indemnitee from the sale of shares of the Company, as required in each case under the Exchange Act (including any such reimbursements that arise from an accounting restatement of the Company pursuant to Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act or Section 954 of the Dodd-Frank Act, or the payment to the Company of profits arising from the purchase and sale by Indemnitee of shares or securities in violation of Section 306 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), if but only to the extent Indemnitee is held liable therefor (including pursuant to any settlement); or

(g) solely to the extent applicable, the Company will not be obligated pursuant to the terms of this Agreement to indemnify Indemnitee or otherwise act in violation of any undertaking appearing in and required by the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Act, or in any registration statement filed with the SEC under the Securities Act. Indemnitee acknowledges that paragraph (h) of Item 512 of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act currently generally requires the Company or RSI to undertake, if applicable and in connection with any registration statement filed under the Securities Act, to submit the issue of the enforceability of Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement in connection with any liability under the Securities Act on public policy grounds to a court of appropriate jurisdiction and to be governed by any final adjudication of such issue. Indemnitee specifically agrees that any such undertaking will supersede the provisions of this Agreement and to be bound by any such undertaking.

12. Duration of Agreement. All agreements and obligations of the Company contained herein will continue during the period Indemnitee is an officer or director of the Company (or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other Enterprise) and will continue thereafter so long as Indemnitee will be subject to any Proceeding (or any proceeding commenced under Section 9) by reason of his or her Corporate Status, whether or not he or she is acting or serving in any such capacity at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification can be provided under this Agreement. This Agreement will be binding on and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties of this Agreement and their respective successors (including any direct or indirect successor by purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company), assigns, spouses, heirs, executors, and personal and legal representatives.

13. Enforcement.

(a) The Company expressly confirms and agrees that it has entered into this Agreement and assumes the obligations imposed on it to induce Indemnitee to serve as an officer or director of the Company, and the Company acknowledges that Indemnitee is relying on this Agreement in serving as an officer or director of the Company.

(b) Other than as provided in this Agreement, this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to this subject matter and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral, written and implied, between the parties with respect to this subject matter.

14. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement:

(a) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(b) "Change of Control" means the earliest to occur after the date hereof of any of the following events:

(i) any "person" (as such term is used in Section 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), other than a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company acting in such capacity or an entity owned directly or indirectly by the stockholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company prior to such transaction, becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly of securities of the Company representing more than 50% of the total voting power represented by the Company's then outstanding Voting Stock;

(ii) the consummation of a reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, or sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or the acquisition of assets of another entity or enterprise, or other transaction (each, a "Business Combination"), unless, in each case, immediately following such Business Combination, the Beneficial Owners of the then outstanding shares of Voting Stock of the Company immediately prior to such Business Combination beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the combined voting power of the then outstanding shares of Voting Stock of the entity surviving or resulting from (or acquiring assets in) such Business Combination, with the power to elect at least a majority of the Board or other governing body of such surviving or resulting entity;

(iii) all or substantially all the assets of the Company are sold or disposed of in a transaction or series of related transactions;

(iv) the approval by the stockholders of the Company of a complete liquidation of the Company; or(v) the Continuing Directors cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the members of the Board.

(c) "Continuing Directors" means Current Directors and any individual becoming a director subsequent to the date hereof whose election, nomination for election by the Company's stockholders, or appointment, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the then Current Directors (either by a specific vote or by approval of the proxy statement of the Company in which such person is named as a nominee for director, without objection to such nomination).

(d) "Corporate Status" describes the status of a person who is or was a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of the Company or of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other Enterprise that such person is or was serving at the express written request of the Company.

(e) "Current Director" means an individual who, as of the date hereof, is a director of the Company.

(f) "Disinterested Director" means a non-executive director of the Company who is not and was not a party to the Proceeding in respect of which indemnification is sought by Indemnitee.

(g) "Enterprise" means the Company and any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that Indemnitee is or was serving at the express written request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary.

(h) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(i) "Expenses" includes all documented and reasonable attorneys' fees, retainers, court costs, transcript costs, fees of experts, witness fees, travel expenses, duplicating costs, printing and binding costs, telephone charges, postage, delivery service fees, and all other disbursements or expenses of the types customarily incurred in connection with prosecuting, defending, preparing to prosecute or defend, investigating, participating, or being or preparing to be a witness in a Proceeding, or responding to, or objecting to, a request to provide discovery in any Proceeding. Expenses also will include Expenses incurred in connection with any appeal resulting from any Proceeding and any federal, state, local, or foreign taxes imposed on the Indemnitee as a result of the actual or deemed receipt of any payments under this Agreement, including without limitation the premium, security for, and other costs relating to any cost bond, supersedeas bond, or other appeal bond or its equivalent. Expenses will not include amounts paid in settlement by Indemnitee.

(j) "Independent Counsel" means a law firm, or a member of a law firm, that is experienced in matters of corporate law and neither currently is, nor in the five years previous to its selection or appointment has been, retained to represent (i) the Company or Indemnitee in any matter material to either such party (other than with respect to matters concerning Indemnitee under this Agreement or of other indemnitees under similar indemnification agreements) or (ii) any other party to the Proceeding giving rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term "Independent Counsel" shall not include any person who, under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, would have a conflict of interest in representing either the Company or Indemnitee in an action to determine Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement.

(k) "Proceeding" includes any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution mechanism, investigation, inquiry, administrative hearing or any other actual, threatened or completed proceeding, whether brought by or in the right of the Company or otherwise and whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which Indemnitee was, is or will be involved as a party or otherwise, by reason of the fact that Indemnitee is or was an officer or director of the Company, by reason of any action taken by him or her or of any inaction on his or her part while acting as an officer or director of the Company, by reason of any action taken by him or her or of any inaction on his or her part while acting as an officer or director of the Company, or by reason of the fact that he or she is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other Enterprise; in each case whether or not he or she is acting or serving in any such capacity at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification can be provided under this Agreement; including one pending on or before the date of this Agreement, but excluding one initiated by an Indemnitee pursuant to Section 9 of this Agreement to enforce his or her rights under this Agreement.

(I) Sarbanes-Oxley Act" will mean the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended.

(m) "SEC" will mean the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(n) "Securities Act" will mean the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

15. Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof will in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement is intended to confer upon Indemnite indemnification rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws. In the event any provision hereof conflicts with any applicable law, such provision will be deemed modified, consistent with the aforementioned intent, to the extent necessary to resolve such conflict.

16. Modification and Waiver. No supplement, modification, termination or amendment of this Agreement will be binding unless executed in writing by both of the parties hereto. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement will be deemed or will constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor will such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

17. Notice By Indemnitee. Indemnitee agrees promptly to notify the Company in writing upon being served with or otherwise receiving any summons, citation, subpoena, complaint, indictment, information or other document relating to any Proceeding or matter which may be subject to indemnification covered under this Agreement. The failure to so notify the Company will not relieve the Company of any obligation which it may have to Indemnitee under this Agreement or otherwise unless and only to the extent that such failure or delay materially prejudices the Company.

18. Notices. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed effectively given: (a) upon personal delivery to the party to be notified, (b) when sent by confirmed electronic mail or facsimile if sent during normal business hours of the recipient, and if not so confirmed, then on the next business day, (c) 5 days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, specifying next day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications will be sent:

(a) To Indemnitee at the address on the books and records of the Company.

(b) To the Company at:

c/o Roivant Sciences, Inc. Attention: General Counsel 151 West 42nd Street 15th Floor New York, NY 10036

or to such other address as may have been furnished to Indemnitee by the Company or to the Company by Indemnitee, as the case may be.

19. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original, but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement. This Agreement may also be executed and delivered by facsimile signature, electronic mail (including .pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. Federal ESIGN Act of 2000, e.g., <u>www.docusign.com</u>) or other transmission method and in two or more counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original, but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument and be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

20. Headings. The headings of the paragraphs of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and will not be deemed to constitute part of this Agreement or to affect the construction thereof.

21. Governing Law. This Agreement, and all rights, remedies, liabilities, powers and duties of the parties of this Agreement, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Bermuda without regard to its principles of conflicts of laws.

22. Consent to Jurisdiction. The Company and Indemnitee each hereby irrevocably consent to the jurisdiction of the courts in the County of New York of the State of New York for all purposes in connection with any action or proceeding which arises out of or relates to this Agreement and agree that any action instituted under this Agreement shall be commenced, prosecuted and continued only in County of New York of the State of New York, which shall be the exclusive and only proper forum for adjudicating such a claim.

[Signature page follows.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have entered into this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

ROIVANT SCIENCES LTD.

By: Name: Title:

INDEMNITEE

By: Name: Title:

CREDIT AGREEMENT

dated as of May 14, 2021

by and among

DERMAVANT SCIENCES LTD., as Parent and Bermuda Borrower,

DERMAVANT HOLDINGS LIMITED, as English Borrower,

DERMAVANT SCIENCES IRL LIMITED, as Irish Borrower,

DERMAVANT SCIENCES GMBH, as Swiss Borrower,

EACH SUBSIDIARY OF PARENT LISTED AS A GUARANTOR ON THE SIGNATURE PAGES HEREOF as Initial Guarantors,

EACH SUBSIDIARY OF PARENT OTHERWISE PARTY FROM TIME TO TIME HERETO,

> XYQ LUXCO S.À R.L., as Lender

> > and

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Collateral Agent

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CREDIT AGREEMENT

This CREDIT AGREEMENT dated as of May 14, 2021 by and among DERMAVANT SCIENCES LTD., an exempted company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda (the "<u>Parent</u>" or the "<u>Bermuda Borrower</u>"), DERMAVANT HOLDINGS LIMITED, a private limited company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales (the "<u>English Borrower</u>"), DERMAVANT SCIENCES IRL LIMITED, a private company limited by shares incorporated under the laws of Ireland (the "<u>lish Borrower</u>") DERMAVANT SCIENCES GMBH, a limited liability company (*Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung*) incorporated and organized under the laws of Switzerland (the "<u>Swiss Borrower</u>"), EACH SUBSIDIARY OF THE PARENT LISTED AS A GUARANTOR ON THE SIGNATURE PAGES HEREOF (the "<u>Initial Guarantors</u>"), EACH OTHER SUBSIDIARY OF THE PARENT OTHERWISE PARTY FROM TIME TO TIME HERETO, as a borrower or a guarantor, XYQ LUXCO S.À R.L. (the "<u>Lender</u>"), and U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, in its capacity as collateral agent hereunder (the "<u>Collateral Agent</u>").

RECITALS

The Parent has asked the Lender for a term loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,000,000. The Lender is willing to provide such a term loan subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

In consideration of the premises and the covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS; CERTAIN TERMS

Section 1.01 Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the respective meanings indicated below:

"10 Non-Bank Rule" means the rule that the aggregate number of Lenders under this Agreement which are not Qualifying Banks must not at any time exceed ten (10), all in accordance with the meaning of the Guidelines or legislation or explanatory notes addressing the same issues that are in force at such time.

"20 Non-Bank Rule" means the rule that the aggregate number of creditors (including the Lenders), other than Qualifying Banks, of the Borrower under all its outstanding debts relevant for classification as debenture (*Kassenobligation*) (including debt arising under this Agreement) must not at any time exceed twenty (20), all in accordance with the meaning of the Guidelines or legislation or explanatory notes addressing the same issues that are in force at such time.

"Acquisition" means the acquisition (whether by means of a merger, consolidation or otherwise) of all of the Capital Stock of any Person or all or substantially all of the assets of (or any division or business line of) any Person.

"Action" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.12.

"Affected Financial Institution" means (a) any EEA Financial Institution or (b) any UK Financial Institution.

"Affiliate" of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under common control with such specified Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, the terms "controlling", "controlled by" and "under common control with"), as used with respect to any Person, means the possession, directly or indirectly, or the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by agreement or otherwise. Other than with respect to Section 6.06, as used herein with respect to the Loan Parties, at any time following the consummation of a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout, "Affiliate" shall not include the Ultimate Parent or its Affiliates (other than Affiliates controlled by the Parent or under common control with any Loan Party).

"Agreement" means this Credit Agreement, including all amendments, restatements, modifications and supplements and any exhibits or schedules to any of the foregoing, and shall refer to this Agreement as the same may be in effect at the time such reference becomes operative.

"Anti-Corruption Laws" means applicable Laws relating to bribery or corruption, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977.

"<u>Anti-Money Laundering Laws</u>" means applicable Laws relating to money laundering or terrorism, including the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, the U.S. Money Laundering Control Act of 1986, any applicable provisions of the U.S. Bank Secrecy Act of 1970 and the Executive Order.

"Applicable Law" means, as to any Person, all applicable Laws binding upon such Person or any of its property or to which such a Person is subject or any of its property is subject.

"Assignment and Acceptance" means an assignment and acceptance entered into by an assigning Lender and an assignee.

"Bail-In Action" means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an Affected Financial Institution.

"Bail-In Legislation" means (a) with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law, regulation rule or requirement for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom, Part I of the United Kingdom Banking Act 2009 (as amended from time to time) and any other law, regulation or rule applicable in the United Kingdom relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (other than through liquidation, administration or other insolvency proceedings).

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"Bankruptcy Law" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Article VII.

"Bermuda Borrower" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"<u>Board of Directors</u>" means, as to any Person, the board of directors, board of managers or similar governing body, as applicable, of such Person (or, if such Person is a partnership, the board of directors or other governing body of the general partner of such Person) or any duly authorized committee thereof. References in this Agreement to directors (on a Board of Directors) shall also be deemed to refer to managers (on a board of managers).

"Borrowers" means the Initial Borrowers, on a joint and several basis.

"Business Day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions are generally closed or are required by law to close in New York City or London, England.

"Capital Stock" means:

(1) in the case of a corporation or company, corporate stock or shares;

(2) in the case of an association or business entity, any and all shares, interests, participations, rights or other equivalents (however

designated) of corporate stock; (3) in the case of a partnership or limited liability company, partnership interests (whether general or limited) and membership interests;

and (4) any other interest or participation that confers on a Person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of assets of, the issuing Person;

in each case to the extent treated as equity in accordance with GAAP.

"<u>Capitalized Lease Obligation</u>" means, at the time any determination thereof is to be made, the amount of the liability in respect of a capital lease that would at such time be required to be capitalized and reflected as a liability on a balance sheet (excluding the footnotes thereto) in accordance with GAAP.

"Cash Equivalents" means:

(1) Dollars, pounds sterling, Swiss francs, euros or the national currency of any member state in the European Union;

(2) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government, the United Kingdom, Switzerland or any country that is a member of the European Union or any agency or instrumentality thereof, in each case maturing not more than two years from the date of accusition:

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(3) certificates of deposit, time deposits and eurodollar time deposits with maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition, bankers' acceptances with maturities not exceeding one year and overnight bank deposits, in each case with any commercial bank having capital and surplus in excess of \$250,000,000 and whose long-term debt is rated "A" or the equivalent thereof by Moody's or S&P (or reasonably equivalent ratings of another nationally recognized statistical rating organization);

(4) repurchase obligations for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (2) and (3) above entered into with any financial institution meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above;

(5) commercial paper issued by a Person (other than an Affiliate of the Parent) rated at least "A-1" or the equivalent thereof by Moody's or S&P (or reasonably equivalent ratings of another nationally recognized statistical rating organization), and in each case maturing within one year after the date of acquisition;

(6) readily marketable direct obligations issued by any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision thereof having one of the two highest rating categories obtainable from either Moody's or S&P (or reasonably equivalent ratings of another nationally recognized statistical rating organization), in each case with maturities not exceeding two years from the date of acquisition;

(7) Indebtedness issued by Persons (other than an Affiliate of the Parent) with a rating of "A" or higher from S&P or "A-2" or higher from Moody's (or reasonably equivalent ratings of another nationally recognized statistical rating organization), in each case with maturities not exceeding two years from the date of acquisition;

(8) investment funds investing at least 95% of their assets in securities of the types described in clauses (1) through (7) above; and

(9) other Investments described in Parent's investment policy as approved by Lender in writing (it being understood that the investment policy provided to Lender prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed approved in writing) and the board from time to time.

"CERCLA" means the U.S. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended.

"<u>Change in Law</u>" means the occurrence, after the date of this Agreement, of any of the following: (a) the adoption or taking effect of any law, rule, regulation, judicial ruling, judgment or treaty, (b) any change in any Law, rule, regulation or treaty or in the administration, interpretation, implementation or application thereof by any Governmental Authority or (c) the making or issuance of any request, rule, guideline or directive (whether or not having the force of law) by any Governmental Authority; provided that notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, (i) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and all requests, rules, guidelines or directives thereunder or issued in connection therewith and (ii) all requests, rules, regulations, guidelines, interpretations or directives concerning capital adequacy promulgated by the Bank for International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any successor or similar authority) or the United States or foreign regulatory authorities, in each case, pursuant to Basel III, shall, in each case, be deemed to be a "Change in Law," regardless of the date enacted, adopted or issued, promulgated or implemented.

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"Change of Control" means each occurrence of any of the following:

(1) the sale, lease or transfer, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all the assets of the Parent and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole;

(2) the sale, lease or transfer, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all the assets of any Borrower or Guarantor or of all or substantially all the Product Assets;

(3) the Parent ceasing to own, directly or indirectly, at least [***] of the total economic and voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Stock of any other Loan Party;

(4) at any time prior to the consummation of a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout, the Ultimate Parent ceasing to own, directly or indirectly, at least [***] of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Stock of the Parent; or

(5) at any time following the consummation of a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout, the Parent (or applicable Successor Company) becomes aware (by way of a report or any other filing pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, proxy, vote, written notice or otherwise) of the acquisition of the beneficial ownership by any "person" or "group" (as such terms are used within Section 13(d)(3) or Section 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act, or any successor provision), including any group acting for the purpose of acquiring, holding or disposing of securities (within the meaning of Rule 13d-5(b)(1) under the Exchange Act or any successor provision), but excluding Ultimate Parent and its Affiliates, in a single transaction or in a related series of transactions, by way of merger, analgamation, consolidation or other business combination or purchase of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, or any successor provision), of (i) [***] or more of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Stock of the Parent (or applicable Successor Company) and (ii) greater total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Stock of the Parent (or applicable Successor Company) and (ii) greater total voting power of the Exchange Act, except that in calculating the beneficial ownership of any particular "person" (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, "person" will be deemed to have beneficial ownership of all securities that such "person" has the right to acquire by conversion or exercise of other "securities, whether such right is currently exercisable or is exercisable only upon the occurrence of a subsequent condition.

"<u>Collateral</u>" means all property subject from time to time, to a Lien under any Security Document. The Collateral does not include the Excluded Assets.

"Collateral Agent" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"Collateral Agreement" means the Collateral Agreement, dated as of the date hereof, among the Initial Borrowers, the Initial Guarantors and the Collateral Agent.

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"<u>Commercialization</u>", "<u>Commercialize</u>" or "<u>Commercializing</u>" means any and all activities directed to marketing, promoting, making, manufacturing, distributing, importing, exporting, offering to sell or selling the Product, including manufacturing and activities directed to obtaining any pricing and reimbursement approvals that must be obtained from a Regulatory Authority before placing the Product on the market for sale.

"Commercially Reasonable Efforts" means [***].

"<u>Commitment</u>" means the commitment of the Lender to make the Loan to the Borrowers in the amount set forth in Schedule A to the Disclosure Letter; provided that such commitment to make the Loan shall not be effective prior to the Effective Date as provided in Section 4.01.

"Competing Product" means [***].

"<u>Connection Income Taxes</u>" means Other Connection Taxes that are imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated) or that are franchise Taxes or branch profits Taxes.

"Consolidated Interest Expense" means, with respect to any Person for any period, the sum, without duplication, of:

(1) consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Subsidiaries that are Loan Parties for such period, to the extent such expense was deducted in computing Consolidated Net Income (including amortization of original issue discount, the interest component of Capitalized Lease Obligations, and net payments and receipts (if any) pursuant to interest rate Hedging Obligations, amortization of deferred financing fees, debt issuance costs, commissions, fees and expenses, non-cash interest expense, all commissions, discounts and other fees and charges owed with respect to letters of credit or bankers acceptances and expensing of any bridge, commitment or other financing fees); plus

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(2) consolidated capitalized interest of such Person and its Subsidiaries that are Loan Parties for such period, whether paid or accrued;

minus

(3) interest income for such period.

For purposes of this definition, interest on a Capitalized Lease Obligation shall be deemed to accrue at an interest rate reasonably determined by the Parent to be the rate of interest implicit in such Capitalized Lease Obligation in accordance with GAAP.

"<u>Consolidated Net Income</u>" means, with respect to any Person for any period, the aggregate of the Net Income of such Person and its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) for such period, on a consolidated basis; provided, however, that:

(1) any net after-tax extraordinary, non-recurring, unusual or one-time gains or losses, expenses, charges, costs or other similar items shall be excluded;

(2) effects of purchase accounting adjustments (including the effects of such adjustments pushed down to such Person and such Subsidiaries) in amounts required or permitted by GAAP, resulting from the application of purchase accounting in relation to any consummated acquisition or the amortization or write-off of any amounts thereof, net of taxes, shall be excluded;

(3) the Consolidated Net Income for such period shall not include the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles during such period;

(4) any net after-tax income or loss from Disposed, abandoned, transferred, closed or discontinued operations and any net after-tax gains or losses on Disposal of Disposed, abandoned, transferred, closed or discontinued operations, and in each case all costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith that are reasonably identifiable and factually supportable, shall be excluded;

(5) any net after-tax gains or losses (less all fees and expenses or charges relating thereto) attributable to business Dispositions or asset Dispositions other than in the ordinary course of business, and all costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith that are reasonably identifiable and factually supportable, shall be excluded;

(6) any net after-tax gains or losses (less all fees and expenses or charges relating thereto) attributable to the early extinguishment of Indebtedness, and any unrealized gains and losses relating to Hedging Obligations or other derivative instruments, shall be excluded;

(7) the Consolidated Net Income for such period of any Person that is not a Subsidiary of such Person, or is an Immaterial Subsidiary, or that is accounted for by the equity method of accounting, shall be included only to the extent of the amount of dividends or distributions or other payments paid in cash (or to the extent converted into cash) to the referent Person or a Subsidiary (other than an Immaterial Subsidiary) thereof in respect of such period;

(8) any impairment charges or asset write-offs, in each case pursuant to GAAP, and the amortization of intangibles arising pursuant to GAAP shall be excluded;

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(9) accruals and reserves that are established or adjusted within 18 months after the Effective Date and that are so required to be established or adjusted in accordance with GAAP or as a result of adoption or modification of accounting policies shall be excluded;

(10) any currency translation gains and losses related to currency remeasurements of Indebtedness, and any net loss or gain resulting from Hedging Obligations, shall be excluded;

(11) solely for the purposes of calculating Restricted Payments, if positive, any permanent difference (but excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any temporary difference the Parent reasonably expects to be paid in cash in any future tax period) of (A) the Consolidated Taxes of the Parent calculated in accordance with GAAP over (B) the actual Consolidated Taxes paid in cash by the Parent during such period shall be excluded;

(12) any non-cash after-tax interest expense resulting from the application of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 470-20 "Debt—Debt With Conversion and Other Options" shall be excluded;

(13) to the extent covered by insurance and actually reimbursed, or, so long as such Person has made a determination that there exists reasonable evidence that such amount will in fact be reimbursed by the insurer and only to the extent that such amount is (a) not denied by the applicable carrier in writing and (b) in fact reimbursed within 365 days of the date of such evidence (with a deduction for any amount so added back to the extent not so reimbursed within 365 days), such loss or expense amounts as are so reimbursed, or reimbursele, by insurance providers in respect of liability or casualty events or business interruption shall be excluded;

(14) to the extent covered by fees, costs, expenses and losses that are, or (without duplication) are required to be, covered by contractual indemnities, guarantee obligations, purchase price adjustments, insurance policies or other contractual reimbursement obligations of third parties, to the extent actually indemnified or reimbursed or with respect to which the Parent has determined that a reasonable basis exists for indemnification or reimbursement, but only to the extent at such amount is actually indemnified or reimbursed within 365 days of such determination (with a deduction in the applicable future period of any amount so added back to the extent not so indemnified or reimbursed within such 365 days), shall be excluded; and

(15) fees and expenses in connection with the negotiation and structuring of the facilities under the Loan Documents and the RIPSA and any amendments related thereto and any fees and expenses in connection with any Qualified IPO, Ultimate Parent Spinout, a Cross-Over Financing or Permitted Acquisition, shall be excluded.

"<u>Consolidated Non-cash Charges</u>" means, with respect to any Person for any period, the aggregate depreciation, amortization and other non-cash expenses of such Person and its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) reducing Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period on a consolidated basis, but excluding any such charge that consists of or requires an accrual of, or cash reserve for, anticipated cash charges for any future period.

"Consolidated Taxes" means, with respect to any Person for any period, the provision for taxes for such Person and its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) based on income, profits or capital, including state, franchise, property and similar taxes and foreign withholding taxes (including penalties and interest related to such taxes or arising from tax examinations).

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"<u>Contingent Extra Premium Amount</u>" means, with respect to the Loan (or any portion thereof), as of any date of determination, (a) one hundred percent (100%) *times* (b) the amount, if any, of the present value at such date of all required interest payments due on the principal amount of such Loan (or portion) through the second anniversary of the Effective Date, computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate in respect of such date plus 100 basis points; provided, however, that if the applicable prepayment is occurring in respect of a mandatory prepayment pursuant to Section 2.05(c) or an optional prepayment pursuant to Section 2.05(a) within ten (10) Business Days following a Change of Control, the Contingent Extra Premium Amount shall be deemed to be zero.

"<u>Control Agreement</u>" means each account control agreement, account pledge, charge over accounts or similar agreement, which, in each case, is in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent (it being agreed that any agreement that shall require the Collateral Agent to indemnify any institution in its individual capacity shall not be reasonably acceptable to the Collateral Agent). For the avoidance of doubt, it is agreed that other than the Irish Debenture no Control Agreements are required in respect of accounts of the Irish Borrower located in Ireland.

"<u>Convertible Debt Securities</u>" means debt securities, the terms of which provide for conversion into, or exchange for, Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Parent, cash (in an amount determined by reference to the price of such Equity Interests) or a combination of Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) and/or cash (in an amount determined by reference to the price of such Equity Interests).

"Cover" means that the use, manufacture, sale, offer for sale, development, commercialization or importation of the subject matter in question by an unlicensed Person would infringe a claim of a Patent.

"Cross-Over Financing" means a private placement of the Parent's Capital Stock to institutional accredited investors, qualified institutional buyers or similar investors.

"Cumulative Credit" means the sum of (without duplication):

(1) [***]% of the Parent's EBITDA for the period (taken as one accounting period, the "<u>Reference Period</u>") from April 1, 2021 to the end of the Parent's most recently ended fiscal quarter for which financial statements have been delivered to the Lender pursuant to Section 6.01(a) (or, in the case such EBITDA for such Reference Period is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit); plus

(2) 100% of the aggregate cash proceeds received by the Parent after the Effective Date from the issue or sale of Equity Interests of the Parent (other than Disqualified Stock) or Convertible Debt Securities, including Equity Interests issued upon conversion of Indebtedness or upon exercise of warrants or options (other than an issuance or sale to a Subsidiary of the Parent or to an employee stock ownership plan or trust established by the Parent or any of its Subsidiaries); plus

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(3) 100% of the aggregate amount of contributions to the capital of the Parent received in cash after the Effective Date; minus

(4) the aggregate amount used to make all Permitted Investments pursuant to clause (24) of the definition thereof; minus

(5) the aggregate amount used to make all Restricted Payments pursuant to Section 6.03(b)(i), (iv) or (vi); minus

(6) the aggregate amount of all payments or distributions in respect of Disqualified Stock after the Effective Date.

"Debtor Relief Law" means any Bankruptcy Law and any other liquidation, conservatorship, bankruptcy, assignment for the benefit of creditors, moratorium, rearrangement, receivership, insolvency, reorganization, or similar debtor relief law (including any proceeding under applicable corporate law seeking a compromise or arrangement of any debts of the corporation or a stay of proceedings to enforce any of the claims of the corporation's creditors against it) of the United States or other applicable jurisdiction from time to time in effect.

"Default" means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time, or both, would constitute, an Event of Default.

"Development" means engaging in manufacturing, preclinical, clinical or other research and development activities directed towards obtaining Marketing Authorization for the Product.

"Disclosure Letter" means the Confidential Disclosure Letter, dated as of the Effective Date, delivered by Parent to the Lender.

"Disposition" or "Dispose" means, directly or indirectly, the sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, license or other disposition (whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions) (including by way of a Sale and Leaseback Transaction) of property by any Person.

"Disqualified Stock" means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock of such Person that, by its terms (or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or for which it is redeemable or exchangeable), or upon the happening of any event:

(1) matures or is mandatorily redeemable, pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise (other than as a result of a change of control or asset sale; provided that the relevant change of control or asset sale also requires prepayment in full of the Obligations);

(2) is convertible or exchangeable for Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock in another form of such Person; or

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(3) is redeemable at the option of the holder thereof, in whole or in part (other than as a result of a change of control or asset sale; provided that the relevant change of control or asset sale also requires prepayment in full of the Obligations),

in each case prior to 91 days after the earlier of the Scheduled Maturity Date and the date the Loan is no longer outstanding; provided, however, that only the portion of Capital Stock that so matures or is mandatorily redeemable, is so convertible or exchangeable or is so redeemable at the option of the holder thereof prior to such date shall be deemed to be Disqualified Stock; provided, further, however, that if such Capital Stock is issued to any employee or to any plan for the benefit of employees of the Parent or its Subsidiaries or by any such plan to such employees, such Capital Stock shall not constitute Disqualified Stock solely because it may be required to be repurchased by the Parent in order to satisfy applicable statutory or regulatory obligations or as a result of such employee's termination, death or disability: provided, further, that any class of Capital Stock of such Person that by its terms authorizes such Person to satisfy its obligations thereunder by delivery of Capital Stock that is not Disqualified Stock shall not be deemed to be Disqualified Stock; provided further, however, that Disqualified Stock shall exclude Permitted Equity Derivatives.

"Dollar," "Dollars" and the symbol "§" each means lawful money of the United States of America in the form of United States Dollars.

"EBITDA" means, with respect to any Person for any period, the Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period plus, without duplication, to the extent the same was deducted (or otherwise not included) in calculating Consolidated Net Income:

(1) Consolidated Taxes; plus

(2) Consolidated Interest Expense plus all cash dividend payments (excluding items eliminated in consolidation) on a series of Preferred Stock or Disqualified Stock of such Person and its Subsidiaries that are Loan Parties; plus

(3) Consolidated Non-cash Charges, to the extent such charges were deducted in the calculation of Consolidated Net Income; plus

(4) Consolidated Net Income attributable to, or adding to the losses attributable to, the minority equity interests of third parties in any Subsidiary that is a Loan Party and not a wholly-owned Subsidiary of such Person, except to the extent of dividends declared or paid with respect to such period or any prior period on the shares of Capital Stock of such Subsidiary held by such third parties;

less, without duplication,

(5) non-cash items increasing Consolidated Net Income for such period (excluding the recognition of deferred revenue or any items that represent the reversal of any accrual of, or cash reserve for, anticipated cash charges that reduced EBITDA in any prior period and any items for which cash was received in a prior period).

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"EEA Financial Institution" means (a) any credit institution or investment firm established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any financial institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.

"EEA Member Country," means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

"EEA Resolution Authority" means any public administrative authority or any person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.

"Effective Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.01.

"English Borrower" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"English Law Security Documents" means the following documents, each in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender: (a) that certain English-law Debenture dated as of the date hereof between the English Borrower and the Collateral Agent, (b) that certain English-law Share Charge dated as of the date hereof between the Parent and the Collateral Agent, and (c) such other documents incidental to the foregoing as the Lender may reasonably determine necessary.

"Environmental Actions" means any action, complaint, summons, citation, notice, order, claim, litigation, investigation, judicial or administrative proceeding, judgment, consent decree or settlement from any Person or Governmental Authority involving violations of any Environmental Law or any Release of Hazardous Materials in violation of Environmental Laws (a) from any assets, properties or businesses owned or operated by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries; or (b) onto any facilities which received Hazardous Materials generated, transported, treated, stored, used or disposed of by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries.

"Environmental Claim" means any claim, notice, demand, order, action, suit, proceeding or other communication alleging liability for or obligation with respect to any investigation, remediation, removal, cleanup, response, corrective action, damage to natural resources, personal injury, property damage, fine, penalty or other cost resulting from, related to or arising out of (a) the presence, Release or threatened Release in or into the environment of Hazardous Materials at any location or (b) any violation or alleged violation of any Environmental Law, and shall include any claim seeking damages, contribution, indemnification, cost recovery, compensation or injunctive relief resulting from, related to or arising out of the presence, Release or threatened Release of Hazardous Materials or alleged injury or threat of injury to health, safety or the environment.

"Environmental Laws" means any and all federal, state, local and foreign statutes, laws, regulations, ordinances, rules, judgments, orders, decrees, permits, concessions, grants, franchises, licenses, agreements or governmental restrictions relating to pollution and the protection of the environment or the release of any materials into the environment, including those related to Hazardous Materials.

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"Environmental Liabilities and Costs" means all liabilities, monetary obligations, Remedial Actions, losses, damages, natural resource damages, punitive damages, consequential damages, treble damages, costs and expenses (including all reasonable fees, disbursements and expenses of counsel, experts and consultants and costs of investigations and feasibility studies), fines, penalties, sanctions and interest (i) incurred as a result of any Environmental Action or in connection with any adverse environmental condition at, on, under or migrating from or to any assets, facilities or properties owned or operated by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective predecessors in interest or any Release of Hazardous Materials resulting from the ownership, lease, sublease or other occupation of property or the operation of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries under any Environmental Law, including any investigation, clean-up, removal, containment, monitoring or other remediation or response required of any Loan Party or any of this Subsidiaries or any of their respective predecessors in interest or any context or remediation or response required of any Loan Party or any of this Subsidiaries or any of their respective predecessors in interest by Environmental Laws (whether or not such has been required of ary Loan Party or any of other version).

"Environmental Permit" means any permit, approval, identification number, license or other authorization required under any Environmental Law.

"Equity Interests" means Capital Stock and all warrants, options or other rights to acquire Capital Stock (but excluding any Convertible Debt Securities prior to conversion or exchange).

"Equity Investors" means any Sponsor and members of management of such Sponsor.

"Equity Milestone" means a Qualified IPO, Ultimate Parent Spinout or a Cross-Over Financing that, in any case, results in a fully-diluted post-money valuation of the Parent in excess of [***].

"ERISA" means the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"ERISA Affiliate" means any trade or business (whether or not incorporated) that together with any Loan Party is treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.

"EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule" means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor person), as in effect from time to time.

"Event of Default" means any of the events set forth in Section 7.01.

"Exchange Act" means the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

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"Excluded Assets" means, subject to Section 6.09: (1) any agreement, contract or instrument if and only for so long as and to the extent that the grant of a security interest therein under the Security Documents would result in a breach or default thereunder or abandonment, invalidation or unenforceability thereof (except to the extent the relevant term that would result in such breach, default, abandonment, invalidation or unenforceability (x) is rendered ineffective pursuant to Section 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the Uniform Commercial Code (or equivalent statutes of any jurisdiction) or any other applicable law or (y) is waivable by any Affiliate of any Loan Party), (2) (a) any fee or freehold interest in real property if the greater of the cost and the book value of such interest is less than \$750,000 individually, or (b) any leasehold interest in real property if the annual base rent is less than \$1,500,000, (3) any asset or property to the extent that the grant of a security interest in such asset or property is prohibited by any applicable law or requires a consent not obtained of any Governmental Authority pursuant to applicable law (except to the extent the law prohibiting such grant or requiring such consent is rendered ineffective pursuant to Section 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the Uniform Commercial Code (or equivalent statutes of any jurisdiction) or any other applicable law), (4) any assets or property as to which the Lender, acting at the written request of the applicable Loan Party to consider such assets or property as "Excluded Assets" as contemplated in this clause (4), reasonably determines in good faith that the costs of obtaining such a security interest or Lien are excessive in relation to the value of the security to be afforded thereby, (5) any payroll accounts, payroll withholding tax accounts, pension and pension reserve accounts and employee benefit accounts to the extent funded or maintained in an amount not greater than the amount required by applicable law or to comply with prudent business practice, (6) any motor vehicles subject to certificates of title, except to the extent a security interest therein can be perfected by the filing of a Uniform Commercial Code financing statement, (7) any trademark or service mark applications filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on the basis of the intent of the applicable Loan Party to use such trademark or service mark, unless and until evidence of use of such mark acceptable to the United States Patent and Trademark Office has been filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office pursuant to Section 1(c) or Section 1(d) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C., et seq.), to the extent that granting a security interest in such application prior to such filing would adversely affect the validity or enforceability of such trademark application, (8) any vehicle that is (a) subject to a certificate of title and (b) obtained and used in the ordinary course of business,(9) the Revenue Interests, (10) any deposit accounts subject to a Permitted Lien of the type described in clauses (1), (4), (9), (24), (29), (31) and (32) of the definition thereof and (11) interests in joint ventures that constitute Permitted Investments pursuant to customary restrictions and conditions contained in agreements governing such joint ventures in the ordinary course of business, provided that the applicable Loan Party has exercised its good faith best efforts to not agree to such contractual limitations and shall have pledged its interests in such joint venture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, assets or properties of the type described in clauses (1), (2), (4), (6) and (8) of this definition shall not constitute Excluded Assets, and such assets or property shall be included in the Collateral, to the extent such assets or properties constitute any Product Asset (or portion thereof) owned by any Loan Party and pledged or required to be pledged to the RIPSA Collateral Agent to secure obligations under the RIPSA. For the avoidance of doubt, Excluded Assets shall not include cash, accounts, payment intangibles, chattel paper, financial assets, claims (including insurance claims), awards, judgments, insurance proceeds or other revenues, proceeds or income, in each case, arising out of, derived from or relating to any Excluded Asset, including in connection with any Disposition of any Excluded Asset

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"Excluded Taxes" means any of the following Taxes imposed on or with respect to a Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to a Recipient, (a) Taxes imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated), franchise Taxes, and branch profits Taxes, in each case, (i) imposed as a result of such Recipient being organized under the laws of, or having its principal office or, in the case of any Lender, its applicable lending office located in, the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (or any political subdivision thereof) or (ii) that are Other Connection Taxes, (b) Taxes attributable to such Recipient's failure to comply with Section 2.07(e), (c) any withholding Taxe imposed under FATCA, (d) Swiss Withholding Tax imposed as a result of a Lender (x) making an incorrect declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank or has ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any Change in Law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement or (y) failing to comply with its obligations under Section 10.07(b), (e) any UK Withholding Tax imposed on amounts payable to or for the account of a Lender (or an assignee (including any participant) of a Lender) with respect to an applicable interest in a Loan to the extent such Lender (or assignee) was not (subject to the completion of any relevant procedural formalities) entitled to a full exemption from UK Withholding Tax with respect to the relevant payment on the Effective Date (or in the case of an assignee, the date the assignee became a Lender in accordance with Section 10.07) or after that date is not so entitled, other than as a result of a Change in Law or change in (or in the interpretation, administration, or application of) any published practice or published concession of any relevant taxing authority) and (f) any Irish Withholding Tax (i) imposed by reason of a Lender not being, or ceasing to be, an Irish Treaty Lender or an Irish Non-Treaty Lender in respect of that payment, unless that Lender has cased to

"Executive Order" means Executive Order No. 13,224 of September 23, 2001, Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism, 66 U.S. Fed. Reg. 49079 (2001), as amended.

"Exit Fee" means, (a) with respect to a principal amount of the Loan that is prepaid, repaid, paid, applied or reduced before any Equity Milestone, an amount equal to (i) five million Dollars (\$5,000,000) *multiplied by* (ii) the percentage of the principal amount of the Loan being prepaid, repaid, paid, applied or reduced (as compared to the original principal amount of forty million Dollars (\$40,000,000)) or (b) with respect to a principal amount of the Loan that is prepaid, repaid, applied or reduced on or after any Equity Milestone, an amount equal to (i) four million Dollars (\$4,000,000) *multiplied by* (ii) the percentage of the principal amount of the Loan being prepaid, repaid, paid, applied or reduced (as compared to the original principal amount of forty million Dollars (\$40,000,000)).

"Fair Market Value" means, with respect to any asset or property, the value of the consideration obtainable in a sale of such asset or property negotiated at arm's length between a willing seller and a willing and able buyer, neither of whom is under undue pressure nor compulsion to complete the transaction.

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"<u>FATCA</u>" means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Internal Revenue Code, as of the date of this Agreement (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with) and any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code and any intergovernmental agreements entered into in connection therewith.

"FDA" means the United States Food and Drug Administration or any successor thereto.

"FDA Marketing Approval Letter" means a Marketing Authorization from the FDA.

"FFDCA" means the U.S. Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).

"Final Maturity Date" means the earliest of (a) the Scheduled Maturity Date, (b) the date of the acceleration of the Loan in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and (c) the date of the Payment In Full of all Obligations.

"<u>Financial Milestone</u>" means the initial satisfaction of each of the following events: (a) occurrence of a Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout and (b) Parent first achieving a market capitalization in excess of [***] (as measured by the reported closing price of the common stock of Parent on the stock exchange or reporting system upon which the Parent's common stock is traded or reported).

"Financial Officer," of any Person means the principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer or Controller of such Person.

"Elow of Funds Memorandum" means a flow of funds memorandum substantially in the form attached to the Disclosure Letter as Exhibit D.

"Foreign Law Security Documents" means the English Law Security Documents, the Irish Law Security Documents and the Swiss Law Security Documents and any other Security Documents that are entered into after the Effective Date and are governed, or purport to be governed, by the law of a jurisdiction other than the United States of America (or any state thereof or the District of Columbia).

"Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act" means the US Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act of 1976 (28 U.S.C. Sections 1602-1611), as amended.

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as have been approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, for all purposes hereunder, any obligations of a Person in respect of leases that would have been treated as operating leases in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 842 (regardless of whether or not then in effect) shall be treated as operating leases for purposes of all financial definitions, calculations and covenants, without giving effect to Accounting Standards Codification 842 requiring operating leases to be recharacterized or treated as capital leases.

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"Governing Documents" means, (a) with respect to any corporation or company, the memorandum, certificate or articles of incorporation and the bylaws (or equivalent or comparable constitutive documents with respect to any non-U.S. jurisdiction); (b) with respect to any limited liability company, the certificate or articles of formation or organization, and the operating agreement; (c) with respect to any partnership, joint venture, trust or other form of business entity, the partnership agreement, joint venture agreement, declaration or other applicable agreement or documentation evidencing or otherwise relating to its formation or organization, governance and capitalization; and (d) with respect to any of the entities described above, any other agreement, instrument, filing or notice with respect thereto filed in connection with its formation or organization or organization (in relation to a Swiss Obligor this includes a copy of a certified excerpt from the commercial register, a copy of the certified up-to-date articles of association (evidencing, where relevant, the capacity to enter into obligations of an up- or cross-stream nature) and, if applicable, a copy of the organizational regulations).

"Governmental Authority." means the government of the United States or any other nation, or of any political subdivision thereof, whether state or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any supra-national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

"guarantee" means a guarantee or other provision of credit support (other than by endorsement of negotiable instruments for deposit or collection in the ordinary course of business), direct or indirect, in any manner (including letters of credit and reimbursement agreements in respect thereof), of all or any part of any Indebtedness or other obligations, including by providing security therefor or by becoming a co-obligor with respect thereto; provided that the term "guarantee" shall not include customary and reasonable indemnity obligations or product warranties in effect on the Effective Date or entered into in connection with any acquisition or disposition of assets permitted under this Agreement (other than such obligations with respect to Indebtedness). The term "guarantee", when used as a verb, shall mean to provide a guarantee.

"Guarantee" means (a) the guarantee of each Guarantor party hereto contained in Article VIII hereof and (b) each other guarantee, in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender, made by any other Guarantor in favor of the Lender guaranteeing all or part of the Obligations.

"Guaranteed Obligations" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 8.01(a).

"Guarantors" means each of (a) the Initial Guarantors, and (b) each other Person that Incurs a Guarantee pursuant to Section 6.25 or Section 6.26; provided, however, upon the release or discharge of such Person from its Guarantee in accordance with this Agreement, such Person ceases to be a Guarantor.

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"Guidelines" means, together, guideline S-02.123 in relation to interbank loans of 22 September 1986 (Merkblatt "Verrechnungssteuer auf Zinsen von Bankguthaben, deren Gläubiger Bankensind (Interbankguthaben)" vom 22. September 1986), guideline S-02.130.1 in relation to money market instruments and book claims of April 1999 (Merkblatt vom April 1999 betreffend Geldmarktpapiere und Buchforderungen inländischer Schuldner), circular letter No. 34 of 26 July 2011 (1-034-V-2011) in relation to deposits (Kreisschreiben Nr. 34 "Kundenguthaben" vom 26. Juli 2011) and the circular letter No. 15 of 3 October 2017 (1-015-DVS-2017) in relation to bonds and derivative financial instruments as subject matter of taxation of Swiss federal income tax, Swiss withholding tax and Swiss stamp taxes (Kreisschreiben Nr. 15 "Obligationen und derivative Finanzinstrumente als Gegenstand der direkten Bundessteuer, der Verrechnungssteuer und der Stempelabgaben" vom 3. Oktober 2017), circular letter No. 46 of 24 July 2019 (1-046-VS-2019) in relation to syndicated credit facilities (Kreisschreiben Nr. 46 betreffend Steuerliche Behandlung von Konsorridarlehen, Schuldscheindarlehen, Wechseln und Unterbeteiligungen vom 24. Juli 2019) and circular letter No. 47 of 25 July 2019 (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 betreffend Obligationen vom 25. Juli 2019), in each case as issued, amended or replaced from time to time, by the Swiss Federal Tax Administration or as substituted or superseded and overruled by any law, statute, ordinance, court decision, regulation or the like as in force from time to time.

"<u>Hazardous Material</u>" means any and all pollutants, toxic or hazardous wastes or other substances that might pose a hazard to health and safety, the removal of which may be required or the generation, manufacture, refining, production, processing, treatment, storage, handling, transportation, transfer, use, disposal, release, discharge, spillage, seepage or filtration of which is or shall be restricted, prohibited or penalized by any applicable law, including asbestos, urea formaldehyde foam insulation, polychlorinated biphenyls, petroleum, petroleum products, lead based paint, radon gas or similar restricted, prohibited or penalized substances.

"Health Care Authorizations" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 5.24.

"Health Care Laws" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 5.24.

"Hedging Obligations" means, with respect to any Person, the obligations of such Person under a Swap Agreement.

"Hercules Credit Facility" means the \$20,000,000 term loan credit facility provided to the Borrowers pursuant to the Loan and Security Agreement dated as of May 24, 2019 among the Borrowers, the Initial Guarantors, the lenders party from time to time thereto and Hercules Capital, Inc., as agent.

"Highest Lawful Rate" means the maximum non-usurious interest rate, if any, that at any time or from time to time may be contracted for, taken, reserved, charged or received on the Obligations under laws applicable to the Lender which are currently in effect or, to the extent allowed by law, under such applicable laws which may hereafter be in effect and which allow a higher maximum non-usurious interest rate than applicable laws now allow.

"HMRC" means HM Revenue & Customs of the UK.

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"Immaterial Subsidiary" means, at any time, any Subsidiary of the Parent that (x) has not Incurred any Indebtedness for borrowed money (other than Indebtedness owing to a Loan Party) in an amount in excess of \$25,000 and (y) has, excluding its Subsidiaries, (i) total assets that are individually less than 3.75% of the consolidated total assets of the Parent and its Subsidiaries in the aggregate and (ii) gross revenues that are individually less than 3.75% of the consolidated total assets or the Parent and its Subsidiaries in the aggregate; provided, however, that if, at any time, the aggregate amount of the consolidated total assets or consolidated gross revenues attributable to all Subsidiaries of the Parent that would otherwise be Immaterial Subsidiaries exceeds 7.5% in the aggregate of the consolidated total assets or consolidated total assets or consolidated total assets or consolidated total assets of the Parent and its Subsidiaries of assets (not exceeding 7.5% in the aggregate of the consolidated total assets of the Parent and its Subsidiaries.

"Incur" means issue, assume, guarantee, incur or otherwise become liable for. The terms "Incurred" and "Incurrence" have correlative meanings.

"Indebtedness" means, with respect to any Person:

(1) any indebtedness of such Person, whether or not contingent, (a) in respect of borrowed money, (b) evidenced by or in bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments or letters of credit or bankers' acceptances (or, without duplication, reimbursement agreements in respect thereof), (c) representing the deferred and unpaid purchase price of any property (except any such balance that constitutes a trade payable or similar obligation to a trade creditor Incurred in the ordinary course of business), which purchase price is due more than six months after the date of placing the property in service or taking delivery and title thereto, (d) in respect of Capitalized Lease Obligations or (e) representing any Hedging Obligations;

(2) to the extent not otherwise included in the preceding clause (1), any obligation of such Person to be liable for, or to pay, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise, on the Indebtedness of another Person (other than by endorsement of negotiable instruments for collection in the ordinary course of business); and

(3) to the extent not otherwise included in the preceding clauses (1) or (2), a third party's liability of the sort contemplated in the preceding clauses (1) or (2) that is secured by a Lien on any asset owned by such Person (whether or not such liability is assumed by such Person); provided, however, that the amount of such liability will be the lesser of: (a) the Fair Market Value (as determined in good faith by such Person) of such asset at such date of determination; and (b) the amount of such liability to the third party;

provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing. Indebtedness shall be deemed not to include: (i) deferred or prepaid revenues; (ii) purchase price holdbacks in respect of a portion of the purchase price of an asset to satisfy warranty or other unperformed obligations of the respective seller; (iii) any earn-out obligations, purchase price adjustments, deferred purchase money amounts, milestone or bonus payments (whether performance or time-based), and royalty, licensing, revenue or profit sharing arrangements, in each case, characterized as such and arising expressly out of purchase and sale contracts, development arrangements or licensing arrangements; (iv) any obligations attributable to the exercise of appraisal rights and the settlement of any claims or actions (whether actual, contingent or potential) with respect thereto; or (v) asset retirement obligations in respect of workers' compensation (including pensions and retiree medical care) that are not overdue by more than 60 days.

"Indemnified Matters" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.15(a).

"Indemnified Taxes" means (a) Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes and, without duplication of Taxes addressed in Section 2.07(j), VAT, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by or on account of any obligation of any Loan Party under any Loan Document and (b) to the extent not otherwise described in clause (a), Other Taxes.

"Indemnitees" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.15(a).

"<u>Independent Financial Advisor</u>" means an accounting, appraisal or investment banking firm or consultant, in each case of recognized standing in the United States, that is, in the good faith determination of the Parent, qualified to perform the task for which it has been engaged, including, for the avoidance of doubt, PricewaterhouseCoopers.

"Initial Borrowers" means the Bermuda Borrower, the English Borrower, the Irish Borrower and the Swiss Borrower.

"Initial Guarantors" means the Subsidiaries of the Parent listed as Guarantors on the signature pages of this Agreement.

"Insolvency Proceeding" means any proceeding commenced by or against any Person under any provision of any Debtor Relief Law.

"<u>Insurance/Condemnation Proceeds</u>" means cash payments or proceeds paid (a) under any casualty insurance policy in respect of a covered loss thereunder in respect of any assets or property of any Loan Party or (b) as a result of the taking of any assets or property of any Loan Party by any Person pursuant to the power of eminent domain, condemnation or otherwise, or pursuant to a sale of any such assets or property to a purchaser with such power under threat of such a taking.

"Intellectual Property" means, with respect to any Person, all intellectual property and proprietary rights in any jurisdiction throughout the world, and all corresponding rights, presently or hereafter existing, including: (1) all patents, patent applications, industrial designs, industrial designa applications, and patent disclosures, together with all reissues, continuations-in-part, revisions, divisionals, extensions, and reexaminations in connection therewith; (2) all trademarks, standarak applications, servicemarks, servicemark applications, protectable trade dress, Internet domain names, and all other indicia of origin, all applications, registrations, and renewals in connection therewith, and all goodwill associated with any of the foregoing; (3) all copyrights and other works of authorship, mask works, database rights and moral rights, and all applications, registrations, and renewals in connection therewith; (4) all trade secrets, protectable know-how, and confidential and proprietary information (including inventions (whether or not patentable or reduced to practice), improvements, technologies, new drug applications, of any of the foregoing), processes,

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techniques, protocols, methods, industrial models, designs, drawings, plans, specifications, research and development, data, including technical and clinical data, customer and supplier lists, manufacturing processes, pricing and cost information, and business and marketing plans and proposals); (5) all software (including source code, executable code, databases, and related documentation); (6) all similar or equivalent proprietary rights; and (7) all copies and tangible embodiments or descriptions of any of the foregoing (in whatever form or medium).

"Intercreditor Event of Default" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement.

"Interest Percentage" means ten percent (10%) per annum.

"Internal Revenue Code" or "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Investment" means, with respect to any Person, all investments by such Person in other Persons (including Affiliates) in the form of loans (including guarantees), advances or capital contributions (excluding accounts receivable, trade credit and advances to customers and commission, travel, moving and similar advances to officers, employees, directors, advisors and consultants made in the ordinary course of business), and purchases or other acquisitions for consideration of Indebtedness, Equity Interests or other securities issued by any such other Person.

"Investment Company Act" means the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

"Investment Grade Securities" means:

(1) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government or any agency or instrumentality thereof (other than Cash Equivalents);

(2) securities that have a rating equal to or higher than "Baa3" (or equivalent) by Moody's or "BBB-" (or equivalent) by S&P, or an equivalent rating by any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization, but excluding any debt securities or loans or advances between or among any of the Loan Parties;

(3) investments in any fund that invests at least 95% in investments of the type described in clauses (1) and (2) above, which fund may also hold immaterial amounts of cash pending investment or distribution; and

(4) corresponding instruments in countries other than the United States customarily utilized for high quality investments.

"Irish Borrower" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"<u>Irish Law Security Documents</u>" means the following documents, each in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent: (a) that certain Irish-law Debenture dated as of the date hereof between the Irish Borrower and the Collateral Agent (the "Irish Debenture"), (b) that certain Irish-law Dabare Charge dated as of the date hereof between the English Borrower and the Collateral Agent, and (c) such other documents incidental thereto as the Lender may reasonably determine necessary.

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"Irish Loan Party" means the Irish Borrower and any other Loan Party incorporated under the laws of Ireland.

"Irish Non-Treaty Lender" means a Lender that is beneficially entitled to interest payable hereunder, and which is:

(1) a bank within the meaning of section 246 of the TCA which is carrying on a *bona fide* banking business in Ireland for the purposes of section 246(3)(a) of the TCA and whose lending office is located in Ireland; or

(2) a company (within the meaning of Section 246 of the TCA);

(a) which, by virtue of the law of an Irish Non-Treaty Lender Jurisdiction is resident in the Irish Non-Treaty Lender Jurisdiction for the purposes of tax and that jurisdiction imposes a tax that generally applies to interest receivable in that jurisdiction by companies from sources outside that jurisdiction; or

(b) in receipt of interest under a Loan Document which:

(i) is exempted from the charge to Irish income tax pursuant to the terms of a double taxation agreement entered into between Ireland and another jurisdiction that is in force on the date the relevant interest is paid; or

(ii) would be exempted from the charge to Irish income tax pursuant to the terms of a double taxation treaty entered into between Ireland and another jurisdiction signed on or before the date on which the relevant interest is paid but not in force on that date, assuming that treaty had the force of law on that date

provided that, in the case of both (a) and (b) above, such company does not provide its commitment in connection with a trade or business which is carried on in Ireland through a branch or agency in Ireland; or

(3) a corporation that is incorporated in the United States ("U.S.") and is taxed in the U.S. on its worldwide income provided that such U.S. company does not provide its commitment in connection with a trade or business which is carried on in Ireland through a branch or agency in Ireland; or

(4) a U.S. limited liability company ("LLC"), where the ultimate recipients of the interest payable to that LLC satisfy the requirements set out in (2) or (3) above and the business conducted through the LLC is so structured for market reasons and not for tax avoidance purposes, provided that such LLC does not provide its commitment in connection with a trade or business which is carried on by it in Ireland through a branch or agency in Ireland; or (5) a company (within the meaning of Section 246 of the TCA);

(a) which advances money in the ordinary course of a trade which includes the lending of money;

(b) in whose hands any interest payable in respect of money so advanced is taken into account in computing the trading income of that company;

(c) which has complied with the notification requirements set out in Section 246(5)(a) of the TCA; and

(d) whose lending office is located in Ireland; or

(6) a qualifying company (within the meaning of section 110 of the TCA and whose lending office is located in Ireland); or

(7) an investment undertaking (within the meaning of Section 739B of the TCA and whose lending office is located in Ireland); or

(8) an exempt approved scheme within the meaning of section 774 of the TCA and whose lending office is located in Ireland.

"Irish Non-Treaty Lender Jurisdiction" means:

(a) a member state of the European Communities (other than Ireland); or

(b) a jurisdiction with which Ireland has entered into a double taxation agreement that either has the force of law by virtue of section 826(1) TCA or which will have the force of law on completion of the procedures set out in section 826(1) TCA.

"Irish Treaty Lender" means a Lender which

(a) is treated as resident of an Irish Treaty State for the purposes of the relevant Treaty and is entitled to the benefit of such Treaty;

(b) does not carry on business in Ireland through a permanent establishment with which that Lender's participation in this Agreement is effectively connected; and

(c) which, subject to the completion of procedural formalities, is entitled to full exemption from Irish Tax on interest under that Irish Treaty.

"Irish Treaty State" means a jurisdiction having a double taxation agreement (a "Treaty") with Ireland which makes provision for full exemption from tax imposed by Ireland on interest.

"Irish Withholding Tax" means any Taxes imposed by way of deduction or withholding by Ireland.

"<u>Knowledge</u>" means the actual knowledge of an Officer.

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"Law" or "Laws" means, collectively, all international, foreign, federal, state and local statutes, treaties, rules, guidelines, regulations, ordinances, codes and administrative or judicial precedents or authorities, including the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the enforcement, interpretation or administration thereof, and all applicable administrative orders, directed duties, requests, licenses, authorizations and permits of, and agreements with, any Governmental Authority, in each case whether or not having the force of law.

"Legal Reservations" means: (a) the time barring of claims under the Statute of Limitation 1957 of Ireland and defences of set-off or counterclaim; (b) the principle that security expressed to be fixed security may take effect a floating security and the principle that the creation or purported creation of a Lien over any contract or agreement which is subject to a prohibition on transfer, assignment or charging may be void, ineffective or invalid and may give rise to a breach of the contract or agreement over which Lien has purportedly been created; and (c) any other matters which are set out as qualifications or reservations as to matters of law of general application in any legal opinions delivered by the Lender's Irish counsel pursuant to this Agreement.

"Lender" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"Lien" means, with respect to any asset, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest or encumbrance of any kind in respect of such asset, whether or not filed, recorded or otherwise perfected under applicable law (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, any lease in the nature thereof, any option or other agreement to sell, or give a security interest in, such asset); provided that in no event shall an operating lease or license be deemed to constitute a Lien.

"Loan" or "Loans" means the Loan, individually or collectively, as the context requires, made by the Lender to the Borrowers on the Effective Date pursuant to Section 2.01(a), including as may be assigned in whole or in part from time to time in accordance with the terms and conditions hereof.

"Loan Account" means the account maintained hereunder by or on behalf of the Lender on its books of account and, with respect to the Borrowers, in which (a) the Borrowers will be charged with all Loans made to, and all other Obligations incurred by, the Borrowers and (b) into which the Loan Parties shall make all payments to the Lender under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

"Loan Document" means this Agreement, including the Guarantee hereunder, the Promissory Notes (if any), any separate Guarantee, the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement, the Warrants, each Perfection Certificate, each Security Document, and any other agreement, instrument, certificate, report and other document executed and delivered pursuant hereto or thereto or otherwise evidencing or securing any Loan or any other Obligation.

"Loan Parties" means each Borrower and each Guarantor.

"<u>Marketing Authorization</u>" means, with respect to the Product, the approval of any Regulatory Authority that is required by applicable law to sell the Product for use in a given country or region.

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"<u>Material Adverse Effect</u>" means a material adverse effect, in any respect, on (a) the business, operations, affairs, financial condition, assets or properties of the Loan Parties, taken as a whole, (b) the Commercialization of the Product within the United States, (c) the ability of each Loan Party to perform its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is party, or (d) the validity or enforceability of the Loan Documents, including the validity and priority of the Liens securing the Obligations.

"<u>Material Contracts</u>" means a contract or other agreement that is material in relation to the business, operations, affairs, financial condition, assets or properties of each Loan Party party thereto or bound thereby (other than ordinary course employment contracts).

"Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or any successor to the rating agency business thereof.

"Multiemployer Plan" means a "multiemployer plan" as defined in Sections 3(37) and 4001(a)(3) of ERISA.

"<u>Net Income</u>" means, with respect to any Person, the net income (loss) of such Person and its Subsidiaries, determined in accordance with GAAP and before any reduction in respect of Preferred Stock dividends.

"Non-Bank Rules" means, together, the 10 Non-Bank Rule and the 20 Non-Bank Rule.

"Notice of Borrowing" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 2.02(a).

"NovaQuest" means NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership.

"<u>NovaQuest Funding Agreement</u>" means that certain Funding Agreement dated as of July 10, 2018 between the Swiss Borrower and NovaQuest (as amended from time to time).

"Obligations" means any principal, premium (including the Premium), interest, penalties, fees (including the Exit Fee), expenses, indemnifications, damages and other liabilities payable under this Agreement or any other Loan Document (other than the Warrant).

"Officer" means the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer or principal accounting officer, the general counsel, the president, any executive vice president, any senior vice president, any vice president, the treasurer, the secretary or any director of the Parent or other applicable Loan Party.

"Officers' Certificate" means a certificate signed on behalf of the applicable Loan Party by an Officer of such Loan Party.

"<u>Opinion of Counsel</u>" means a written opinion in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Lender.

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"Other Connection Taxes" means, with respect to any Recipient, Taxes imposed as a result of a present or former connection between such Recipient and the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (other than connections arising solely from such Recipient having executed, delivered, become a party to, performed its obligations under, received payments under, received or perfected a security interest under, engaged in any other transaction pursuant to or enforced, any Loan Document, the RIPSA or any Revenue Interest, or sold or assigned an interest in any Loan, any Loan Document, the RIPSA or any Revenue Interest).

"Other Currency" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.27.

"Other Taxes" means all present or future stamp, court or documentary, intangible, recording, filing or similar Taxes that arise from any payment made under, from the execution, delivery, performance, enforcement or registration of, from the receipt or perfection of a security interest under, or otherwise with respect to, any Loan Document, except any such Taxes that are Other Connection Taxes imposed with respect to an assignment.

"Paid In Full," "Pay In Full," "Paying In Full" or "Payment In Full" means, with respect to the Obligations or the Guaranteed Obligations, the payment in full, in cash, of all such Obligations or Guaranteed Obligations, as the case may be (other than contingent indemnification obligations to the extent no claim giving rise thereto has been asserted), and the termination of all Commitments relating to the Obligations.

"Parent" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"Participant Register" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.07(e).

"Patent Security Agreement" means each Patent Security Agreement executed and delivered by the applicable Loan Party, as grantor, in favor of the Collateral Agent, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender.

"<u>Patents</u>" means all patents (including all reissues, extensions, substitutions, confirmations, re-registrations, re-examinations, revalidations, supplementary protection certificates and patents of addition) and patent applications (including all provisional applications, requests for continuation, continuations, continuations-in-part and divisionals) and all equivalents of the foregoing in any country in the world.

"Payment Date" means each March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31.

"Pension Plan" means any Plan that is subject to the provisions of Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code.

"Perfection Certificate" means a certificate providing information with respect to the property of each Loan Party in the form attached to the Collateral Agreement and in substance satisfactory to the Lender.

"<u>Perfection Requirements</u>" means the making or procuring of appropriate registrations, filings, endorsements, notarizations, intimations, stamping and/or notifications of the Security Documents and/or any Lien expressed to be created under the Security Documents determined by the legal advisers to the Lender to be necessary in any applicable jurisdiction for the enforceability or production in evidence of the relevant Security Document.

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"Permits" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 5.23.

"<u>Permitted Acquisition</u>" shall mean any acquisition (including by way of merger) by any Loan Party of all or substantially all of the assets of another Person, or of a division or line of business of another Person, or capital stock of another Person, which is conducted in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) such acquisition is of a business or Person engaged in a line of business similar, related, or complementary to lines of business of the Loan Parties or their Subsidiaries;

(b) if such acquisition is structured as a stock acquisition, then the Person so acquired shall either (i) become a wholly-owned Subsidiary of a Loan Party or of a Subsidiary and such Loan Party shall comply, or cause such Subsidiary to comply, with Section 6.25 or 6.26 hereof or (ii) such Person shall be merged with and into a Loan Party (with such Loan Party being the surviving entity);

(c) if such acquisition is structured as the acquisition of assets, such assets shall be acquired by a Loan Party;

(d) Parent shall have delivered to Lender not less than five (5) days prior to the date of such acquisition, notice of such acquisition, copies of then-current drafts of all material documents relating to such acquisition, and historical financial statements for such acquired entity (to the extent available), division or line of business, in each case in form reasonably satisfactory to Lender and demonstrating compliance with the covenants set forth in Section 6.19, if applicable, hereof on a pro forma basis;

(e) both immediately before and immediately after such acquisition no default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(f) if the sum of the purchase price consideration paid in respect of such proposed acquisition, when taken together with all consideration paid in respect of earnouts, milestones and other similar deferred purchase price consideration as and when paid, in each case by the Loan Parties with respect thereto, and including the amount of permitted Indebtedness assumed or to which such assets, businesses or business or ownership interest or shares, or any Person so acquired, remain subject (excluding performance-based milestones, earnouts, or royalties that qualify as Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02) shall not be greater than \$20,000,000.

"Permitted Disposition" means:

(a) a Disposition of inventory (as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) or goods held for sale in the ordinary course of business;

(b) a Disposition of Cash Equivalents or Investment Grade Securities, in each case, in a manner not otherwise prohibited by the terms of this Agreement or any other Loan Document;

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(c) a Disposition of surplus, obsolete, damaged or worn-out assets, property or equipment in the ordinary course of business (including the abandonment or other Disposition of Intellectual Property, whether in whole or on a country-by-country basis, that is, in the reasonable judgment of the applicable Loan Party, no longer economically practicable or commercially reasonable to maintain or useful in any material respect in the conduct of the business of the Loan Parties, taken as a whole);

(d) a Disposition of equipment or other assets as part of a trade-in for replacement equipment;

(e) the Disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of any Loan Party in a manner permitted pursuant to Section 6.21 or Section 6.22, as applicable, or any Disposition that constitutes a Change of Control;

(f) any Restricted Payment that is permitted to be made, and is made, under Section 6.03;

(g) to the extent deemed a Disposition, the making of any Permitted Investment;

(h) the issuance or sale of Equity Interests of any Loan Party, provided, however, that all such Equity Interests so issued or sold in respect of any Loan Party (other than the Parent) have a combined aggregate Fair Market Value of less than [***];

(i) any Disposition of assets or property or the issuance of Equity Interests or other securities, by a Loan Party to another Loan Party (or to an entity that contemporaneously therewith becomes a Loan Party) so long as such issuance of Equity Interests or other securities does not result in a Change of Control in respect of the issuing Loan Party;

(j) the lease or sublease of any real or personal property (excluding any Intellectual Property or Product Assets) in the ordinary course of business;

(k) (i) any non-exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property, (ii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product in a territory outside of the United States, (iii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product (other than plaque psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, vitiligo, and primary focal hyperhidrosis) in the United States, or (iv) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement, in each case, with a Qualified Party in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for treatment of plaque psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, vitiligo, or primary focal hyperhidrosis in the United States, in

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each case, that, at the time of the grant thereof, does not, and is not reasonably expected to, materially and adversely affect the applicable Loan Party's business, condition (financial or otherwise) or prospects or the value of the Collateral, taken as a whole, and including therewith, the lease or sublease of any Product Assets (excluding any Intellectual Property) that are customarily leased or subleased in such license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement;

 any surrender or waiver of contract rights or the settlement of, release of, recovery on or surrender of contract, tort or other claims of any kind (except where such surrender or waiver could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the value of the related Intellectual Property or Product Assets);

(m) to the extent deemed a Disposition, the incurrence of any Permitted Liens;

(n) any Disposition of Capital Stock of any Loan Party pursuant to an agreement or other obligation with or to a Person (other than a Loan Party) from whom such Loan Party acquired its business and assets (having been newly formed in connection with such acquisition), made as part of such acquisition and in each case comprising all or a portion of the consideration in respect of such sale or acquisition;

(o) Dispositions of receivables in connection with the compromise, settlement or collection thereof in the ordinary course of business or in bankruptcy or similar proceedings and exclusive of factoring or similar arrangements;

(p) Dispositions resulting from any involuntary loss of title or damage to, involuntary loss or destruction of, or condemnation or other taking of, any property or assets of any Loan Party;

(q) the unwinding, settlement or termination of any obligations under or in respect of any Swap Agreements (including any Permitted Equity Derivatives and Hedging Obligations);

(r) Dispositions of regulatory approvals or Marketing Authorizations for any jurisdiction to another Loan Party or, in the case of a licensee to such licensee or an affiliate thereof, in each case organized in such jurisdiction for the purposes of Commercialization of the Product in such jurisdiction; and

(s) other Dispositions that are made for Fair Market Value; provided that (i) at the time of any Disposition, no Event of Default shall exist or shall result from such Disposition, and (ii) the aggregate Fair Market Value of all such assets Disposed by the Loan Parties shall not exceed (x) prior to the Financial Milestone, (A) [***] in any fiscal year or (B) [***] in an aggregate amount during the term of this Agreement.

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"<u>Permitted Equity Derivatives</u>" means any forward purchase agreement, accelerated share purchase agreement, or Swap Agreement, in each case, that is settled (after payment of any premium or any prepayment thereunder) through the delivery of cash and/or of Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Parent and is executed in connection with any Convertible Debt Securities (or deemed executed therewith) in customary form, the purpose of which is to repurchase Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Parent and/or mitigate dilution upon conversion of such Convertible Debt Securities (including, but not limited to, any bond hedge transaction, warrant transaction, or capped call transaction).

"Permitted Investments" means:

(1) any Investment in any Loan Party; provided, that any Collateral may be transferred pursuant to this clause (1) only to another Loan Party that complies with the applicable requirements of Section 6.09;

(2) any Investment in Cash Equivalents or Investment Grade Securities;

(3) any Investment by any Loan Party in a Person if as a result of such Investment (a) such Person becomes a Loan Party or (b) such Person, in one transaction or a series of related transactions, is merged, amalgamated or consolidated with or into, or transfers or conveys all or substantially all of its assets to, or is liquidated into, a Loan Party; provided, that any Collateral may be transferred pursuant to this clause (3) only to a Loan Party that complies with the applicable requirements of Section 6.09;

(4) without limiting the requirements of Section 2.05(b), any Investment in securities or other assets not constituting Cash Equivalents and received in connection with a Permitted Disposition;

(5) any Investment existing on, or made pursuant to binding commitments existing on, the Effective Date and listed on Schedule 5.28 to the Disclosure Letter or an Investment consisting of any extension, modification or renewal of any such Investment existing on the Effective Date; provided that the amount of any such Investment may be increased as required by the terms of such Investment as in existence on the Effective Date;

(6) advances to employees not in excess of [***] outstanding at any one time in the aggregate;

(7) any Investment acquired by any Loan Party (a) in exchange for any other Investment or accounts receivable held by any such Loan Party in connection with or as a result of a bankruptcy, workout, reorganization or recapitalization of the issuer of such other Investment or accounts receivable, (b) as a result of a foreclosure by any Loan Party with respect to any secured Investment or other transfer of title with respect to any secured Investment in default, (c) in settlement of or other resolution of claims or disputes, and, in each case, extensions, modifications and renewals thereof or (d) accepted in connection with a Permitted Disposition;

(8) Hedging Obligations and Permitted Equity Derivatives permitted under Section 6.02;

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(9) Investments by any Loan Party having an aggregate Fair Market Value, taken together with all other Investments made pursuant to this clause (9) that are at that time outstanding, not to exceed [***] (with the Fair Market Value of each Investment being measured at the time made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value); provided, however, that if any Investment pursuant to this clause (9) is made in any Person that is not a Loan Party at the date of the making of such Investment and such Person becomes a Loan Party after such date, such Investment shall thereafter be deemed to have been made pursuant to clause (1) above and shall cease to have been made pursuant to this clause (9) for so long as such Person continues to be a Loan Party;

(10) loans and advances to officers, directors and employees for business-related travel expenses, moving expenses and other similar expenses, in each case Incurred in the ordinary course of business or consistent with past practice or to fund such person's purchase of Equity Interests of the Parent, not to exceed [***] at any one time outstanding pursuant to this clause (10);

(11) Investments the payment for which consists of Equity Interests of the Parent (other than Disqualified Stock); provided, however, that such Equity Interests will not increase the amount calculated under clause (2) of the definition of "Cumulative Credit";

(12) any transaction to the extent it constitutes an Investment that is permitted by and made in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.06(b) (except transactions described in clauses (ii), (x), (xiii)(B) and (xiv) of such Section);

(13) Investments consisting of (i) the non-exclusive licensing of Intellectual Property or collaboration agreements, strategic alliances or similar arrangements in respect of Intellectual Property, in each case, for the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product in a territory outside of the United States, (iii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product in a territory outside of the United States, (iii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of intellectual Property or the development, strategic alliance or similar arrangement, in each case, with a Qualified Party in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product (other than plaque psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, vitiligo, and primary focal hyperhidrosis) in the United States, or (iv) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement, in each case, with a Qualified Party in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization agreement, str

(14) guarantees issued in accordance with Sections 6.02 with any letter of credit issued for the account of any Loan Party (including with respect to the issuance of, or payments in respect of drawings under, such letters of credit); <u>provided</u> that such guarantees shall not be for more than [***];

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(15) Investments consisting of or specifically to finance purchases and acquisitions of inventory, supplies, materials, services or equipment or purchases of contract rights or non-exclusive licenses or leases of Intellectual Property (where the applicable Loan Party is the licensee or lessee), in each case in the ordinary course of business;

(16) Investments of a Loan Party that is acquired after the Effective Date or of an entity merged into, amalgamated with, or consolidated with a Loan Party in a transaction after the Effective Date that is not prohibited by Section 6.21 or Section 6.22 to the extent that such Investments were not made in contemplation of such acquisition, merger, amalgamation or consolidation and were in existence on the date of such acquisition, merger, amalgamation or consolidation and were in existence on the date of such acquisition, merger, amalgamation or consolidation;

(17) any Investment in Loan Party in connection with intercompany cash management arrangements or related activities arising in the ordinary course of business;

(18) (i) lease, utility and other similar deposits and (ii) prepaid expenses, negotiable instruments held for collection and lease, and utility and workers' compensation, performance and other similar deposits, in each case, in the ordinary course of business;

(19) any repayment or prepayment of the Loan permitted and made in accordance with the terms of this Agreement;

(20) Investments consisting of earnest money deposits required in connection with a purchase agreement, a letter of intent or other acquisitions to the extent not otherwise prohibited by this Agreement;

(21) Investments by any Loan Party consisting of deposits, prepayments or other credits to suppliers or landlords, and guarantees of business obligations to suppliers, landlords, customers or licensees of such Loan Party;

(22) joint ventures or strategic alliances in the ordinary course of any Loan Party's business, provided that any cash Investments by Parent or a Subsidiary of Parent in connection therewith do not exceed [***] in the aggregate in any fiscal year;

(23) Investments consisting of Permitted Acquisitions; and

(24) Investments made using the Cumulative Credit.

"Permitted Liens" means, with respect to any Person:

(1) pledges or deposits by such Person under workmen's compensation laws, unemployment insurance laws or similar legislation, or good faith deposits in connection with bids, tenders, contracts (other than for the payment of Indebtedness) or leases to which such Person is a party, or deposits to secure public or statutory obligations of such Person or deposits of cash or U.S. government bonds to secure surety or appeal bonds to which such Person is a party, or deposits as security for contested taxes or import duties or for the payment of rent, in each case Incurred in the ordinary course of business;

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(2) Liens imposed by law, such as carriers', warehousemen's and mechanics' Liens, in each case for sums not yet overdue or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings or other Liens arising out of judgments or awards against such Person with respect to which such Person shall then be proceeding with an appeal or other proceedings for review;

(3) Liens for taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet due or payable or subject to penalties for nonpayment or that are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of such Person in accordance with GAAP;

(4) Liens in favor of issuers of performance and surety bonds or bid bonds or with respect to other regulatory requirements or letters of credit issued pursuant to the request of and for the account of such Person in the ordinary course of its business (including any Liens securing Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred pursuant to Section 6.02(a)(iv));

(5) minor survey exceptions, encumbrances, easements or reservations of, or rights of others for, licenses, rights-of-way, sewers, electric lines, telegraph and telephone lines and other similar purposes, or zoning or other restrictions, in each case, as to the use of real properties or incidental to the conduct of the business of such Person or to the ownership of its properties that were not Incurred in connection with Indebtedness and that do not in the aggregate materially adversely affect the value of said properties or materially impair their use in the operation of the business of such Person;

(6) Liens securing Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred pursuant to Section 6.02(a)(iii);

(7) (A) Liens existing on the Effective Date and set forth on Schedule 6.08 to the Disclosure Letter, including the grant of the security interests in the Product Assets in favor of the RIPSA Collateral Agent on the Effective Date as required under the RIPSA and in favor of NovaQuest as required under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, which security interests shall be junior to the Liens of the Collateral Agent in the Product Assets and subject at all times to the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement, and (B) Liens securing the Obligations, including Liens arising under or relating to the Security Documents;

(8) Liens in favor of any Loan Party;

(9) deposits made in the ordinary course of business to secure liability to insurance carriers;

(10) Liens upon specific items of inventory or other goods and proceeds of any Person securing such Person's obligation in respect of banker's acceptances issued or created for the account of such Person to facilitate the purchase, shipment or storage of such inventory or other goods;

(11) leases or subleases of real property granted to others in the ordinary course of business which do not materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of any Loan Party and do not secure any Indebtedness;

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(12) Liens arising from Uniform Commercial Code financing statement filings that name any Loan Party as debtor regarding operating leases entered into by such Loan Party in the ordinary course of business;

(13) Liens on assets, property or shares of stock of a Person at the time such Person becomes a Subsidiary; provided, however, that such Liens are not created or Incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such other Person becoming such a Subsidiary; provided, further, however, that such Liens may not extend to any other property owned by any Loan Party;

(14) Liens on assets or property at the time the applicable Loan Party acquired the assets or property, including any acquisition by means of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation with or into any Loan Party; provided, however, that such Liens are not created or Incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such acquisition; provided, further, however, that the Liens may not extend to any other property owned by any Loan Party;

(15) (i) any non-exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement providing for the non-exclusive license, of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in the ordinary course of business, (ii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for any treatment indicated for such product in a territory outside of the United States, (iii) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement in the ordinary course of business providing for the licensing of Intellectual Property or the development or commercialization of Intellectual Property in respect of a pharmaceutical product for the treatment of plaque psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, vitiligo, or primary focal hyperhidrosis in the United States, or (iv) any exclusive license, collaboration agreement, strategic alliance or similar arrangement, in each case, with a Qualified Party in respect of a pharmaceutical product for threatment of plaque psoriasis, atopic dermatits, vitilgo, or primary focal hyperhidrosis in the United States, in each case, that, at the time of the grant thereof, does not materially and adversely affect the applicable Loan Party's business, condition (financial or otherwise) or prospects or the value of the Collateral taken as a whole, and including therewith, the lease or sublease of any Product Assets (excluding

(16) Liens securing Indebtedness or other obligations of a Loan Party owing to another Loan Party permitted to be Incurred in accordance with Section 6.02;

(17) Liens securing Hedging Obligations not Incurred in violation of this Indenture; provided that with respect to Hedging Obligations relating to Indebtedness, such Lien extends only to the property securing such Indebtedness;

(18) Liens (other than Liens of the type described in clause (3) of the definition of Permitted Liens) on any property in favor of Governmental Authorities to secure partial, progress or advance payment pursuant to any contract or statute, not yet due and payable;

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(19) Liens on goods purchased in the ordinary course of business, the purchase price of which is financed by a documentary letter of credit issued for the account of any Borrower in respect of Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02(a)(iv);

(20) Liens securing Hedging Obligations not Incurred in violation of this Indenture; provided that with respect to Hedging Obligations relating to Indebtedness, such Lien extends only to the property securing such Indebtedness;

(21) Liens on equipment of any Loan Party granted in the ordinary course of business to such Loan Party's clients, suppliers or customers at which such equipment is located;

(22) judgment and attachment Liens not giving rise to an Event of Default and notices of *lis pendens* and associated rights related to litigation being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which adequate reserves have been made;

(23) Liens arising out of conditional sale, title retention, consignment or similar arrangements for the sale of inventory entered into in the ordinary course of business;

(24) Liens Incurred to secure cash management services in the ordinary course of business that do not, individually or in the aggregate, materially impair the value of the Collateral;

(25) any encumbrance or restriction (including put and call arrangements) with respect to Capital Stock of any joint venture or similar arrangement pursuant to any joint venture or similar agreement; provided, however, that this clause (25) shall not apply to any Liens securing Indebtedness;

(26) Liens arising on any real property as a result of eminent domain, condemnation or similar proceedings against such property;

(27) Liens arising by virtue of any statutory or common law provisions relating to banker's Liens, rights of set-off or similar rights and remedies as to deposit accounts (as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) or other funds maintained with a depository or financial institution;

(28) Liens to secure the financing of insurance premiums permitted to be Incurred pursuant to Section 6.02(a)(vii);

(29) Liens that secure Indebtedness Incurred in the ordinary course of business not to exceed [***] at any one time outstanding;

(30) security deposits in connection with real property leases;

(31) Liens on cash securing Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02(a)(xiv) in an amount not to exceed [***];

(32) Liens on cash securing Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02(a)(xv) and Section 6.02(a)(xvi); provided that, as to Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02(a)(xvi), the aggregate amount of such Indebtedness that may be secured following the date that is 90 days after a Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout, shall not exceed \$500,000; and

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(33) Liens on the identifiable proceeds of any property or asset subject to a Lien otherwise constituting a Permitted Lien;

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Lien on any Product Assets shall be a Permitted Lien other than Permitted Liens of the type described in clauses (2), (3), (7), (10), (14), (15), (18), (19), (21), (22), (23), (28), (29), or (33) of the definition of "Permitted Liens".

"<u>Permitted Non-Qualifying Bank</u>" means a Lender which is not a Qualifying Bank but has been accepted as a Lender by the Swiss Borrower.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, company, partnership, association, limited liability company, unincorporated organization, trust, joint-stock company or joint venture, a Governmental Authority or any other entity.

"<u>Plan</u>" means any employee benefit plan (within the meaning of Section 3(3) of ERISA) or other plan or arrangement providing for employee compensation or benefits, whether or not subject to ERISA, that is maintained, or to which contributions are required to be made, by any Loan Party or any ERISA Affiliate or with respect to which such Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate may have any liability.

"<u>Post-Default Rate</u>" means a rate of interest per annum equal to the rate of interest otherwise in effect from time to time pursuant to the terms of this Agreement plus 2.00%, or, if a rate of interest is not otherwise in effect, interest at the highest rate specified herein for any Loan then outstanding prior to an Event of Default plus 2.00%.

"Preferred Stock" means any Equity Interest with preferential right of payment of dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding

"Premium" means, with respect to the Loan (or any portion thereof), as of any date of determination, the premium for such date as set forth in the table below:

up.

Period	Premium
From the Effective Date to but excluding the second anniversary of the	5.00% plus the Contingent
Effective Date	Extra Premium Amount
From and including the second anniversary of the Effective Date to but	
excluding the third anniversary of the Effective Date	5.00%
From and including the third anniversary of the Effective Date to but	
excluding the fourth anniversary of the Effective Date	2.50%
From and including the fourth anniversary of the Effective Date	0.00%

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"<u>Product</u>" means that certain topical, non-steroidal and non-immunosuppressant pharmaceutical product for the treatment of dermatologic indications, known as Tapinarof (and as may be marketed under any other name) and more particularly described in <u>Schedule B</u> to the Disclosure Letter, and including any and all future iterations, improvements or modifications of such product made, developed, licensed or sublicensed by the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party for the treatment of dermatologic indications.

"Product Assets" means (i) all assets primarily related to the Product and that are owned by, licensed to or otherwise controlled by the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party, including Product IP Rights, any contract pursuant to which the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party has been or will be granted, assigned or otherwise conveyed any right, title or interest in or to any Product IP Rights, regulatory filings, product packaging, product inserts, product labels, regulatory approval applications, regulatory approvals, regulatory exclusivity, copies of correspondence with regulatory authorities, copies of pre-clinical and clinical data, copies of pharmacology and biology data, Material Contracts and inventory, and (ii) any other assets that are owned by, licensed to or otherwise controlled by the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party that are reasonably necessary for the Development, Commercialization, formulation or use of the Product, the absence of which would be reasonably expected to cause, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect. In no event shall the Product Assets include deposit or securities accounts, accounts receivable, chattel paper, negotiable instruments, Capital Stock or any other security.

"Product IP Rights" means all intellectual property relating to the Product owned or licensed by the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party, including (i) Product Know-How, (ii) all Patents Covering the Product (including its composition, formulation, delivery, manufacture or use) and (iii) all works protectable under copyright laws, trademarks, service marks and trade names that relate to the Product.

"<u>Product Know-How</u>" means, as related to the Product, all technical, scientific and other know-how and information, trade secrets, knowledge, technology, means, methods, processes, practices, formulae, instructions, skills, techniques, procedures, experiences, ideas, technical assistance, designs, drawings, assembly procedures, computer programs, apparatus, specifications, data, results and other material, including pre-clinical and clinical trial results, manufacturing procedures, test procedures and purification and isolation techniques (whether or not confidential, proprietary, patented or patentable), in written, electronic or any other form, now known or hereafter developed, and all other discoveries, developments, information and inventions (whether or not confidential, proprietary, patented or patentable), and tangible embodiments of any of the foregoing, including any discoveries, developments, information or inventions relating to the stability, safety, efficacy, operation, manufacture, ingredients, preparation, indications, presentation, formulation, means of delivery, or dosage of any pharmaceutical composition or preparation.

"Projections" means the quarterly projections of the Parent and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, for the first four (4) quarters following the Effective Date.

"<u>Promissory Note</u>" means a promissory note of the Borrowers, evidencing the Indebtedness resulting from the making of the Loan and delivered to the Lender pursuant to Section 2.03(d) hereof, as such promissory note may be modified or extended from time to time, and any promissory note or promissory notes issued in exchange or replacement therefor.

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"PTO" means the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

"Qualified IPO" means (i) the consummation of an underwritten initial public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act for the Equity Interests of the Parent and pursuant to which such Equity Interests will be listed on a U.S. or international exchange, (ii) an initial direct listing of such Equity Interests on any such exchange by the Parent (whether or not the Parent issues and sells such Equity Interests in connection with such direct listing) or (iii) the merger, acquisition or similar transaction involving the Parent and another Person (including a special purpose acquisition company but excluding any Affiliate of the Parent) after which either the Parent's Equity Interests are listed on such exchange or the Equity Interests of the surviving parent company of the Parent after the consummation of such transaction are listed on such exchange.

"Qualified Party" means [***].

"Qualifying Bank" means: (a) any bank as defined in the Swiss Federal Code for Banks and Savings Banks dated 8 November 1934 (Bundesgesetz über die Banken und Sparkassen); or (b) a person or entity which effectively conducts banking activities with its own infrastructure and staff as its principal purpose and which has a banking license in full force and effect issued in accordance with the banking laws in force in its jurisdiction of incorporation, or if acting through a branch, issued in accordance with the banking laws in the jurisdiction of such branch, all and in each case within the meaning of the Guidelines.

- "Recipient" means any Lender or the Collateral Agent.
- "Register" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.07(d).

"Registrar" shall mean the original Lender or the Person designated as the Registrar by the original Lender by written notice to the Parent, the Collateral Agent and the other Lenders; provided that any existing Registrar may announce its intention to resign as the Registrar upon providing written notice to Parent, the Collateral Agent and the other Lenders, in which case the Credit Agreement shall be promptly amended to appoint an administrative agent (in accordance with Section 10.02(f) of this Agreement), and the Registrar shall mean such appointed administrative agent. "<u>Regulatory Authority</u>" means any national, international, regional, state or local regulatory agency, department, bureau, commission, council or other Governmental Authority with authority over the distribution, importation, exportation, manufacture, production, use, storage, transport, clinical testing, pricing, sale or reimbursement of the Product, including the FDA.

"<u>Related Fund</u>" means, with respect to any Person, an Affiliate of such Person, or a fund or account managed by (x) such Person, (y) an Affiliate of such Person or (z) the same investment manager as the investment manager of such Person.

"Release" means any spilling, leaking, seepage, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, disposing, depositing, dispersing, emanating or migrating of any Hazardous Materials into or onto the environment.

"Relevant Patents" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 5.18(b).

"<u>Remedial Action</u>" means all actions required by Environmental Laws taken to (a) clean up, remove, remediate or treat Hazardous Materials in the environment; or (b) perform pre-remedial studies and investigations and post-remedial operation and maintenance activities.

"<u>Required Lenders</u>" means, as of any date of determination, one or more Lenders having or holding an aggregate principal amount of Loans outstanding as of such date representing more than 50% of the Loan or aggregate Loans outstanding hereunder as of such date. For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent the Lender is the only Lender party to this Agreement, the term "Required Lenders" shall mean the "Lender", and if there is more than one Lender party to this Agreement, all references to "Lender" shall mean references to the "Required Lenders."

"Resolution Authority" means an EEA Resolution Authority or, with respect to any UK Financial Institution, a UK Resolution Authority.

"Response" means "response" as such term is defined in CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(24)) and all other actions required by any Governmental Authority or voluntarily undertaken to clean up, remove, treat, abate or in any other way address any Hazardous Materials in the environment, prevent the Release or threat of Release, or minimize the further Release, of any Hazardous Materials or perform studies and investigations in connection therewith, as a precondition thereto or to determine the necessity of the activities described therein.

"Restricted Investment" means an Investment other than a Permitted Investment.

"Revenue Interests" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the RIPSA as in effect on the Effective Date without giving effect to any amendment to the RIPSA except as shall have been previously approved in writing by the Lender.

"<u>RIPSA</u>" means the Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of the date hereof by and among the Swiss Borrower, the RIPSA Collateral Agent and XYQ Luxco S.à r.l., NovaQuest and Marathon Asset Management, L.P., as purchasers (as amended from time to time).

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"RIPSA Collateral Agent" means U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent on behalf of the purchasers listed on the signature pages of the RIPSA.

"S&P" means S&P Global Ratings or any successor to the rating agency business thereof.

"<u>Sale and Leaseback Transaction</u>" means an arrangement relating to property now owned or acquired after the Effective Date by any Loan Party whereby such Loan Party transfers such property to a Person and such Loan Party (or an Affiliate of such Loan Party) leases it from such Person.

"Sanctions" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 5.22(a).

"<u>Scheduled Maturity Date</u>" means May 14, 2026.

"SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or any successor thereto.

"Secured Parties" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Collateral Agreement.

"Securities Act" means the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated

thereunder.

"Securitization" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 10.07(h).

"Security Documents" means the security agreements, pledge agreements, mortgages, collateral assignments, account control agreements and related agreements, as amended, supplemented, restated, renewed, refunded, replaced, restructured, repaid, refinanced or otherwise modified from time to time, creating, perfecting or otherwise evidencing (or purporting to create, evidence or otherwise perfect) the security interests or other Liens granted by any Loan Party in favor of the Collateral Agent in the Collateral as contemplated by this Agreement, including the Collateral Agreement (and all documentation required pursuant thereto), the Patent Security Agreement, the Trademark Security Agreement, the Control Agreements and the Foreign Law Security Documents.

"Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement" means that certain Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement dated as of the date hereof among the RIPSA Collateral Agent, NovaQuest Co- Investment Fund VIII, L.P., as a lender and agent under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, the Lender, in its capacity as the lender hereunder, and the Collateral Agent.

"<u>Senior Subordinated Convertible Debt</u>" means the Incurrence by the Parent, after the effective date of any Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout, of convertible notes in an aggregate principal amount of not more than [***] at any one time outstanding; provided that such convertible notes shall (a) not have (i) any scheduled payment or mandatory prepayment of principal or (ii) a scheduled maturity date or any mandatory prepayments or redemptions of principal (other than customary change of control, fundamental change or asset sale repurchase obligations and cash payments in lieu of fractional shares upon the conversion or exchange thereof)

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at the option of the holder thereof, in each case no earlier than ninety one (91) days after the Final Maturity Date, (b) be unsecured, not be guaranteed by any Subsidiary of Parent that is not a Loan Party, (c) contain usual and customary subordination terms for underwritten offerings of senior subordinated convertible notes (it being understood that the summary subordination terms provided to and expressly agreed to by the Lender prior to the Effective Date constitute usual and customary within the meaning of this clause (c)) and (d) shall specifically designate this Agreement and all Obligations as "designated senior indebtedness" or similar term so that the subordination terms referred to in clause (c) of this definition specifically refer to such convertible notes as being subordinated to the Obligations pursuant to such subordination terms.

"Solvent" means, with respect to any Person on a particular date, that on such date (a) the fair value of the property of such Person on a going concern basis is not less than the total amount of the liabilities of such Person, (b) the present fair salable value of the assets of such Person on a going concern basis is not less than the amount that will be required to pay the probable liability of such Person on its existing debts as they become absolute and matured, (c) such Person is able to realize upon its assets and pay its debts and other liabilities, contingent obligations and other commitments as they mature in the normal course of business, (d) such Person does not intend to, and does not believe that it will, incur debts or liabilities beyond such Person's ability to pay as such debts and liabilities mature, and (e) such Person is not engaged in business or a transaction, and is not about to engage in business or a transaction, for which such Person's property would constitute unreasonably small capital.

"Specified Jurisdiction" means the law governing or purporting to govern any Security Document.

"Sponsor" means any Person (other than the Collateral Agent, the Lender or any Affiliate of the Lender) that owns, directly or indirectly, Capital Stock of any Borrower.

"<u>Subordinated Indebtedness</u>" means the Senior Subordinated Convertible Debt and any other Indebtedness of the Parent that is (1) unsecured, (2) by its terms subordinated in right of payment to the Loan and any and all Borrower payment obligations under the RIPSA, in each case, on terms and conditions satisfactory to the Lender and (3) in an amount and otherwise on terms and conditions satisfactory to the Lender. For the avoidance of doubt, neither the RIPSA nor the NovaQuest Funding Agreement constitutes Subordinated Indebtedness.

"<u>Subsidiary</u>" means, with respect to any Person, (1) any corporation, association or other business entity (other than a partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or similar entity) of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof is at the time of determination owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof, and (2) any partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or similar entity of which (i) more than 50% of the capital accounts, distribution rights, total equity and voting interests or general and limited partnership interests, as applicable, are owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or a combination thereof, whether in the form of membership, general, special or limited partnership interests or otherwise, and (ii) such Person or any Subsidiary of such Person is a controlling general partner or otherwise controls

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such entity. For purposes of clarity, a Subsidiary of a Person shall not include any Person that is under common control with the first Person solely by virtue of having directors, managers or trustees in common and shall not include any Person that is solely under common control with the first Person (i.e., a sister company with a common parent).

"Swap Agreement" means any agreement with respect to any swap, forward, future or derivative transaction or option or similar agreement involving, or settled by reference to, one or more rates, currencies, commodities, equity or debt instruments or securities, or economic, financial or pricing indices or measures of economic, financial or pricing risk or value or any similar transaction or any combination of these transactions; provided that no phantom stock or similar plan providing for payments only on account of services provided by current or former directors, officers, employees or consultants of the Borrower or the Subsidiaries shall be a Swap Agreement.

"Swiss Borrower" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the preamble hereto.

"Swiss Law Security Documents" means the following documents, each in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent: (a) the quota pledge agreement between the English Borrower, as pledgor, and the Collateral Agent, as pledgee and in the name and on behalf of the other pledgees as their direct representative (*direkter Stellvertreter*), regarding the pledgor's quotas in the Swiss Borrower, (b) a bank account pledge agreement between the Swiss Borrower, as pledgor, and the Collateral Agent, as pledgee and in the name and on behalf of the other pledgees as their direct representative (*direkter Stellvertreter*), regarding certain of the pledgor's bank accounts, (c) the security assignment agreement between the Swiss Borrower, as assignor, and the Collateral Agent, as sasignee, regarding certain of the assignor's insurance receivables, intra-group receivables and trade receivables, (d) an IP pledge agreement between the Swiss Borrower, as pledgor, and the Collateral Agent, as pledgees as their direct representative (*direkter Stellvertreter*), regarding the pledgor's intellectual property rights registered in Switzerland and (e) such other documents incidental to the foregoing as the Lender may reasonably determine.

"Swiss Obligor" means a Loan Party which is incorporated in Switzerland or, if different, is considered to be tax resident in Switzerland for Swiss Withholding Tax purposes.

"Swiss Withholding Tax" means taxes imposed under the Swiss Withholding Tax Act.

"Swiss Withholding Tax Act" means the Swiss Federal Act on the Withholding Tax of 13 October 1965 (Bundesgesetz über die Verrechnungssteuer).

"Taxes" means any present or future tax, fee, duty, levy, tariff, impost, assessment or other charge or withholding of a similar nature imposed by a Governmental Authority (including penalties, interest and additions to tax applicable thereto).

"TCA" means the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997 of Ireland.

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"<u>Trademark Security Agreement</u>" means each Trademark Security Agreement executed and delivered by the applicable Loan Party, as grantor, in favor of the Collateral Agent, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Lender.

"<u>Transactions</u>" means, collectively, the transactions to occur on or about the Effective Date pursuant to the Loan Documents, including (a) the execution and delivery of the Loan Documents, the satisfaction of the conditions precedent hereunder and the making of the Loans hereunder, (b) the issuance of the Warrants to Lender or its designee and (c) the payment of all fees and expenses to be paid on or prior to the Effective Date and owing in connection with the foregoing.

"Treasury Rate" means, in respect of any prepayment date, the yield to maturity as of such prepayment date of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 that has become publicly available at least two Business Days prior to such prepayment date (or, if such Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from such prepayment date to the second anniversary of the Effective Date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used.

"Treasury Regulations" means the United States Treasury regulations issued from time to time.

"<u>UK</u>" means the United Kingdom.

"<u>UK Financial Institution</u>" means any BRRD Undertaking (as such term is defined under the PRA Rulebook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Prudential Regulation Authority) or any person falling within IFPRU 11.6 of the FCA Handbook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which includes certain credit institutions and investment firms, and certain affiliates of such credit institutions or investment firms.

"<u>UK Non-Treaty Lender</u>" means a Lender that is eligible to receive payments of interest hereunder without a deduction for UK Withholding Tax, other than a UK Treaty Lender.

"UK Resolution Authority" means the Bank of England or any other public administrative authority having responsibility for the resolution of any UK Financial Institution.

"<u>UK Treaty Lender</u>" means a Lender that, subject to the completion of procedural formalities, is eligible to receive payments of interest hereunder without a deduction for UK Withholding Tax on the basis of an applicable income tax treaty between the UK and the jurisdiction in which such Lender is resident for tax purposes.

"UK Withholding Tax" means any Taxes imposed by way of deduction or withholding by the UK.

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successor.

"Ultimate Parent" means Roivant Sciences Ltd., an exempted company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda, together with any

"Ultimate Parent Spinout" means the distribution by Ultimate Parent to its shareholders of the Equity Interest of Parent.

"Uniform Commercial Code" means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of New York.

"<u>USA PATRIOT Act</u>" means the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (PATRIOT) Act of 2001 (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56, Oct. 26, 2001) as amended by the USA Patriot Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Pub. L. 109-177, March 9, 2006).

"<u>VAT</u>" means:

(a) any tax imposed in compliance with the Council Directive of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax (EC Directive 2006/112); and

(b) any other tax of a similar nature, whether imposed in a member state of the European Union in substitution for, or levied in addition to, such tax referred to in paragraph (a) above, or imposed elsewhere.

"Voting Stock" of any Person as of any date means the Capital Stock of such Person that is at the time entitled to vote in the election of the Board of Directors of such Person.

"<u>Warrants</u>" means that certain warrant or warrants, to be dated the Effective Date, issued by the Parent to the Lender (or its designated Affiliate), in the form attached to the Disclosure Letter as Exhibit C.

"Withholding Agent" means any Loan Party.

"Write-Down and Conversion Powers" means, (a) with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule, and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom, any powers of the applicable Resolution Authority under the Bail-In Legislation to cancel, reduce, modify or change the form of a liability of any UK Financial Institution or any contract or instrument under which that liability arises, to convert all or part of that liability into shares, securities or obligations of that person or any other person, to provide that any such contract or instrument is to have effect as if a right had been exercised under it or to suspend any obligation in respect of that liability or any of the powers under that Bail-In Legislation that are related to or ancillary to any of those powers.

Section 1.02 <u>Terms Generally</u>. The definitions of terms herein shall apply equally to the singular and plural forms of the terms defined. Whenever the context may require, any pronoun or other reference shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine and neuter forms. The words "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the

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phrase "without limitation", whether or not so expressly stated in each such instance. The word "will" shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word "shall". The word "or" shall be construed to mean "and/or". Unless the context requires otherwise, (a) any definition of or reference to any agreement, instrument or other document herein shall be construed as referring to such agreement, instrument or other document herein shall be construed as referring to such agreement, instrument or other document as from time to time amended, supplemented or otherwise modified (subject to any restrictions on such amendments, supplements or modifications set forth herein), (b) any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person's successors and assigns, (c) the words "herein", "hereof" and "hereunder", and words of similar import, shall be construed to refer to this Agreement in its entirety and not to any particular provision hereof, (d) all references herein to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules shall be construed to refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement and the Exhibits and Schedules to the Disclosure Letter, (e) the words "asset" and "property" shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any right or interest in or to assets and properties of any kind whatsoever, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible and (f) all references to statutes and related regulations shall include any amendments of same and any successor statutes and regulations. References in this Agreement to "determination" by the Lender include good faith estimates made by the Lender (in the case of qualitative determinations). Any reference to cash and Cash Equivalents with respect to which the Lender is the depositary or securities intermediary, or any combination thereof shall be construed to mean cash and Cash Equivalents on deposit with or in securities accounts with the Lender only to the extent the Lender is adepositary bank or registe

Section 1.03 <u>Certain Matters of Construction</u>. A Default shall be deemed to exist at all times during the period commencing on the date that such Default occurs to the date on which such Default is waived in writing pursuant to this Agreement or, in the case of a Default (other than an Event of Default), is cured within any period of cure expressly provided for in this Agreement; and an Event of Default shall "continue" or be "continuing" until such Event of Default has been waived in writing by the Lender. Any Lien referred to in this Agreement or any other Loan Document as having been created in favor of the Lender (or any subagent or designee or delegee of the Lender), any agreement entered into by the Lender (or any subagent or designee or delegee of the Lender) pursuant to this Agreement or any other Loan Document, any payment made by or to or funds received by the Lender (or any subagent or designee or delegee of the Lender), shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be created, entered into, made or received, or taken or omitted, for the benefit or account of the Lender, hall covenants hereunder shall be given independent effect so that if a particular action or condition is not permitted by any of such covenants, the fact that it would be permitted by an exception to, or otherwise within the limitations of, another covenant shall not avoid the occurrence of a default if such action is taken or condition exists. Unless otherwise provided, all financial calculations shall be performed with inventory valued on a first-in, first-out basis. In addition, all representations and warranties hereunder shall be given independent effect so that if a particular representation or warranty proves to be incorrect or is breached, the fact that another representation or warranty concerning the same or similar subject matter is correct or is not breached will not affect the incorrectness or breach of the other particular representation on warranty hereunder.

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Section 1.04 Accounting and Other Terms.

(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, each accounting term used herein shall have the meaning given it under GAAP applied on a basis consistent with those used in preparing the Financial Statements except as noted in the definition of GAAP.

(b) All terms used in this Agreement which are defined in Article 8 or Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code and which are not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings herein as set forth therein, provided that terms used herein which are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York on the date hereof shall continue to have the same meaning notwithstanding any replacement or amendment of such statute except as the Lender may otherwise determine.

Section 1.05 <u>Time References</u>. Unless otherwise indicated herein, all references to time of day refer to Eastern Standard Time or Eastern daylight saving time, as in effect in New York on such day. For purposes of the computation of a period of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word "from" means "from and including" and the words "to" and "until" each means "to but excluding"; provided, however, that with respect to a computation of fees or interest payable to the Lender, such period shall in any event consist of at least one full day.

Section 1.06 <u>Obligation to Make Payments in Dollars</u>. All payments to be made by any Loan Party of principal, interest, premium, fees and other Obligations under any Loan Document shall be made in Dollars in same day funds, and no obligation of any Loan Party to make any such payment shall be discharged or satisfied by any payment other than payments made in Dollars in same day funds.

Section 1.07 <u>Currency</u>. For purposes of calculating financial covenants and determining compliance with covenants expressed in Dollars, foreign currencies shall be converted to Dollars in accordance with GAAP. Further, for purposes of determining compliance with any Dollar-denominated restrictions in this Agreement, the Dollar-equivalent amount in a non-U.S. currency shall be calculated based on the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date such Indebtedness or Lien was Incurred (in the case of term debt, when first committed or, in the case of revolving credit debt, when committed) or Investment was made; provided that if Indebtedness is Incurred to refinance other Indebtedness denominated in a non-U.S. currency, and such refinancing would cause the applicable Dollar-denominated restriction to be exceeded if calculated based on the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date of such refinancing, such Dollar-denominated restriction shall be deemed not to have been exceeded so long as the principal amount of such refinancing Indebtedness, does not exceed the principal amount of such Indebtedness being refinanced plus the aggregate amount of such refinancing. Indebtedness, if neurred in connection with such refinancing. The principal amount of any Indebtedness Incurred to refinance other Indebtedness, if Incurred in a different currency from the Indebtedness being refinanced, shall be calculated by the Parent based on the currency exchange rate applicable to the currencies in which such refinancings is denominated that is in effect on the date of the relevance other Indebtedness is in currency from the Indebtedness is denominated that is in effect on the date of the freinancing.

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Section 1.08 <u>Swiss Terms</u>. In this Agreement, where it relates to a Swiss Obligor, a reference to liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, winding-up, reorganization, moratorium or any proceeding under any present or future bankruptcy, insolvency or similar applicable law means that such a Swiss Obligor is unable to or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due (*zohlungsunfähig*), or is deemed to or declared to be unable to pay its debts, suspends or threatens to suspends making payments on any of its debts, or (i) has initiated against it, (ii) it is legally obliged to initiate, or (iii) initiates: (A) bankruptcy proceedings (*Konkurs*), (B) proceedings leading to a provisional or a definitive composition moratorium (*provisorische oder definitive Nachlassstundung*), (C) proceedings leading to an emergency moratorium (*Nostundung*), (D) proceedings for a postponement of bankruptcy pursuant to articles 725a or 820 in conjunction with article 725a of the Swiss Code of Obligations (*Konkursaufschub*) or (E) any proceedings pursuant to articles 731b or 819 in conjunction with article 731b, articles 736 or 821 and article 939 of the Swiss Code of Obligations, which lead to its dissolution or liquidation, or any proceeding having similar effects in force at that time.

ARTICLE II

THE LOANS

Section 2.01 Commitment

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions and relying upon the representations and warranties herein set forth, the Lender agrees to make a single Loan to the Borrowers on the Effective Date, in an aggregate principal amount equal to the Lender's Commitment of forty million Dollars (\$40,000,000), with the proceeds to be made available to or for the benefit of the Borrowers in an amount (taking into account the original issue discount applicable to the Loan) of 96% of the principal amount of the Loan in accordance with the Flow of Funds Memorandum.

(b) Any principal amount of the Loan which is repaid or prepaid may not be reborrowed.

(c) The Lender's Commitment shall terminate and be reduced to zero at 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the Effective Date.

Section 2.02 Making the Loans

(a) The Parent shall give the Lender prior telephonic notice of its intention to borrow the Loan hereunder not later than 10:00 a.m. (New York City time) on the date which is one (1) Business Day prior to the Effective Date (or such shorter period as the Lender is willing, in its sole discretion, to accommodate) immediately confirmed in writing, in substantially the form of Exhibit A to the Disclosure Letter (a "<u>Notice of Borrowing</u>") attaching the Flow of Funds Memorandum. Such Notice of Borrowing shall be deemed to have requested the principal amount of the Loan in the full amount of Lender's Commitment of forty million Dollars (\$40,000,000), subject to original issue discount as provided in Section 2.01. Each Loan shall be

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made in Dollars. The Lender may act without liability upon the basis of written, electronic or telephonic notice believed by the Lender in good faith to be from any Borrower (or from an Officer thereof). Each Borrower hereby waives the right to dispute the Lender's record of the terms of any such telephonic notice of borrowing in the absence of manifest error. The Lender shall be entitled to rely conclusively on the authority of any Officer of any Borrower to request a Loan on behalf of the Borrowers.

(b) Each Notice of Borrowing given pursuant to this Section 2.02 shall be irrevocable unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Lender and the Borrowers shall be bound to make a borrowing in accordance therewith.

(c) The Parent and the Lender hereby acknowledge and agree that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each Loan together with the Warrants issued herewith shall be treated as a part of an investment unit within the meaning of Section 1273(c)(2) of the Code. In accordance with Section 1273(c)(2) of the Code and Section 1273(c)(2)(A) of the Code, the issue price of the investment unit is equal to the amount of the Loan. The parties shall allocate that issue price among the applicable Loan and the Warrants issued herewith based on their relative fair market values, as required by Section 1273(c)(2)(B) of the Code and U.S. Treasury Regulations Section 1.1273-2(h)(1) on the issue date of such investment unit.

Section 2.03 Repayment of Loans; Evidence of Debt.

(a) The outstanding unpaid principal amount of the Loan and all accrued and unpaid interest and fees thereon shall be due and payable to the Lender on the Final Maturity Date.

(b) The Lender shall maintain in accordance with its usual practice an account or accounts evidencing the Indebtedness of the Borrowers to the Lender resulting from the Loan made by the Lender, including the amounts of principal and interest payable and paid to the Lender from time to time hereunder. The principal amount of the Loan shall be the full stated amount of the Commitment loaned to the Borrowers in accordance with Section 2.01(a) (without giving effect to any original issue discount) less any repayment or prepayment received by the Lender hereunder in accordance with the terms hereof.

(c) The entries made in the accounts maintained pursuant to Section 2.03(b) shall be *prima facie* evidence of the existence and amounts of the obligations recorded therein absent manifest error; provided that the failure of the Lender to maintain such accounts or any error therein shall not in any manner affect the obligation of the Borrowers to repay the Loan or pay interest thereon in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(d) The Lender may request that the Loan made or held by the Lender be evidenced by a promissory note. In such event, each Borrower shall execute and deliver to the Lender a promissory note payable to the Lender (or, if requested by the Lender, to the Lender and its registered assigns) in substantially the form of Exhibit B to the Disclosure Letter. Thereafter, the Loans evidenced by such promissory note and interest thereon shall at all times (including after assignment pursuant to Section 10.07) be represented by one or more promissory notes in such form payable to the payee named therein and its registered assigns.

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Section 2.04 Interest

(a) <u>Rate</u>. The Loan shall bear interest on the principal amount thereof from time to time outstanding, from the date such Loan is made until the Loan is fully repaid, at a rate per annum equal to the Interest Percentage.

(b) <u>Default Interest</u>. To the extent permitted by law and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section, upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, and upon written notice to the Parent thereof (other than with respect to any Event of Default of the type contemplated in clauses (a), (g), (h) or (q) of Section 7.01, as to which no such notice shall be required), the principal of, and all accrued and unpaid interest on, all Loans, fees, indemnities or any other Obligations of the Loan Parties under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, shall bear interest, from the date such Event of Default occurred (or, if any notice is required pursuant to this clause (b), from the date of such notice is provided) until the date such Event of Default is waived in writing in accordance herewith, at a rate per annum equal at all times to the Post-Default Rate. All interest and other amounts payable pursuant to this Section 2.04(b) shall be payable in cash and on demand at the election of the Lender.

(c) Interest Payment. Interest on the Loan shall be due and payable quarterly, in arrears, on each Payment Date and on the Final

Maturity Date.

(d) <u>Minimum Interest</u>. If a Tax deduction is required by Swiss law to be made by a Swiss Obligor in respect of any interest payable by it under this Agreement and should paragraph (a) of Section 2.07 be unenforceable for any reason, the applicable interest rate in relation to that interest payment shall be (i) the interest rate which would have applied to that interest payment (as provided for in Section 2.04(a)) in the absence of this Section 2.04(d) divided by (ii) one (1) minus the rate at which the relevant Tax deduction is required to be made (where the rate at which the relevant Tax deduction is required to be made is for this purpose expressed as a fraction of one (1) rather than as a percentage) and (a) that the Swiss Obligor shall be obliged to pay the relevant interest at the adjusted rate in accordance with this Section 2.04(d) with respect to a specific Lender if an Event of Default has not occurred or is continuing and the Non-Bank Rules would not have been violated if (i) such Lender which is not a Permitted Non-Qualifying Bank wher than as a result of any change of law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement or (ii) such Lender, in relation to which the Swiss Obligor makes the payment, was a Qualifying Bank but on that date that Lender is not or has ceased to be a Qualifying Bank wher than as a result of any change of law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement or (ii) such Lender, in relation to which the Swiss Obligor makes the payment, was a Qualifying Bank but on that date that Lender is not or has ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any change of law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement or (ii) such Lender, in relation to which the Swiss Obligor makes the payment, was a Qualifying Bank but on that date that Lender is not or has ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any change of law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement or (ii) such Lender, in relation to which the Swiss Obligor makes th

(e) General. All interest shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days, including the first day but excluding the last day, elapsed and on the basis of the full stated principal amount of the Loan (without giving effect to any original issue discount).

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Section 2.05 Prepayment of Loans.

(a) Optional Prepayment.

(i) The Borrowers may, upon at least five (5) Business Days' prior written notice to the Lender (and to the Collateral Agent in the event of a prepayment in full), prepay the principal of the Loan, in whole or in part, by paying to the Lender, in cash, by the date specified in such notice, the principal amount of the Loan to be prepaid specified in such notice. Such notice shall be irrevocable; provided that such notice may be conditioned upon the closing of a new financing, a change of control or other event specified in such notice.

(ii) Each prepayment of outstanding principal made pursuant to this Section 2.05(a) shall be accompanied by the payment of (A) accrued and unpaid interest to the date of such payment on the principal amount of the Loan prepaid, (B) the Premium, if any, payable in connection with such prepayment of the Loan and (C) the applicable Exit Fee in respect of the principal amount being prepaid.

(b) Mandatory Prepayment. Unless refused by the Lender in accordance with clause (vii) below:

(i) Subject to clause (vi) below, within five (5) Business Days of receipt by any Loan Party of cash proceeds in respect of any Disposition of remitted under clauses (e), (h) (other than with respect to Dispositions of Equity Interests of the Parent), (n) or (s) of the definition of Permitted Dispositions by any Loan Party, the Borrowers shall apply an amount equal to 100% of the cash proceeds received by such Loan Party in connection with such Disposition to prepay the outstanding principal of the Loan in accordance with clause (v) below to the extent that the aggregate amount of cash proceeds received by all Loan Parties (and not paid to the Lender as a prepayment of the Loan) exceeds [***] in any fiscal year. Nothing contained in this Section 2.05(b)(i) shall permit any Loan Party to make a Disposition of any assets or property other than in accordance with Section 6.05.

(ii) Subject to clause (vi) below, within five (5) Business Days following the date of receipt by Loan Party, or the Lender or the Collateral Agent as loss payee, of any Insurance/Condemnation Proceeds in excess of [***] for any single loss, condemnation, claim or similar event, the Borrowers shall apply an amount equal to 100% of such proceeds to prepay the outstanding principal of the Loan in accordance with clause (v) below, and hereby authorize the Lender to apply such proceeds received by the Lender or the Collateral Agent.

(iii) On the date of Incurrence by any Loan Party of any Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness permitted under Section 6.02), the Borrowers shall apply an amount equal to 100% of the cash proceeds therefrom, net of any underwriting discounts and commissions and other reasonable costs and expenses associated therewith, including reasonable legal fees and expenses, to prepay the outstanding principal of the Loan in accordance with clause (v) below. The provisions of this Section 2.05(b)(iii) shall not be deemed to be implied consent to the Incurrence of any such Indebtedness that is otherwise prohibited by the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

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(iv) Subject to clause (vi) below, within five (5) Business Days of receipt by any Loan Party of cash proceeds in respect of any issuance or sale of Equity Interests in any Subsidiary of the Parent (other than any issuance or sale to another Loan Party) in each case, at a price below fair market price, the Borrowers shall apply an amount equal to 100% of such proceeds to prepay the outstanding principal of the Loan in accordance with clause (v) below to the extent that the aggregate amount of cash proceeds received by all Loan Parties (and not paid to the Lender as a prepayment of the Loan) shall exceed [***] in any fiscal year.

(v) Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.05(d), each Dollar of cash proceeds subject to mandatory prepayment made pursuant to this Section 2.05(b) shall be apportioned to the payment of (A) accrued and unpaid interest to the date of such payment on the principal amount of the Loan prepaid, (B) the Premium, if any, payable in connection with such prepayment of the Loan (except with respect to a prepayment made in accordance with Section 2.05(b)(ii)), (C) the applicable Exit Fee in respect of the principal amount being prepaid and (D) the principal amount of the Loan prepaid.

(vi) Notwithstanding the foregoing, cash proceeds that would otherwise be required to be applied as a mandatory prepayment pursuant to clauses (b)(i), (ii) and (iv) above in any fiscal year (such amount, the "<u>Reinvestment Eligible Funds</u>") shall not be required to be so applied to the extent that such Reinvestment Eligible Funds are used to replace, repair or restore or purchase any assets or property (excluding current assets but including, in the case of Insurance/Condemnation Proceeds, inventory) used or useful in the applicable Loan Party's business; provided, however, that (A) no Default has occurred and is continuing on the date the applicable Loan Party receives such Reinvestment Eligible Funds, (B) the Parent notifies the Lender (the "<u>Reinvestment Notice</u>"), within ten (10) Business Days of receipt of such Reinvestment Eligible Funds, (G) the Parent notifies the Lender (the "<u>Reinvestment Notice</u>"), within ten (10) Business Days of receipt of such Reinvestment Eligible Funds, (C) such an Party to use such Reinvestment Eligible Funds to replace, repair, restore or purchase assets or properties used or useful in such Loan Party's business within a period specified in such notice, not to exceed 180 days after the date of receipt of such Reinvestment Eligible Funds, (C) such Reinvestment Eligible Funds are deposited in an account subject to a Control Agreement, (D) Reinvestment Eligible Funds received in respect of any Disposition permitted under clause (e) or clause (n) of the definition of Permitted Dispositions and so used to replace, repair or restore or purchase any such assets or property shall not exceed [****] in the aggregate and all such cash proceeds in excess thereof shall be applied to prepay the Obligations in accordance with clause (v) above, and (E) all Reinvestment Eligible Funds (other than those referred to in the immediately preceding clause (D) and those constituting Insurance/Condemnation Proceeds in respect of inventory) and so used to replace, repair or restore or purchase any with

(vii) Not less than three (3) Business Days prior to the date on which the Borrowers are required to make any mandatory prepayment pursuant to this clause (b), the Parent shall notify the Lender (and the Collateral Agent, in the case of a prepayment in full) of the amount of such prepayment and the Lender's option to refuse such prepayment. The Lender may exercise such option by giving written notice to the Parent of its election to do so on or before

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the first Business Day prior to the date such mandatory prepayment is required (it being understood that if the Lender does not notify the Parent of its election to exercise such option on or before the first Business Day prior to such date, the Lender shall be deemed to have elected, as of such date, not to exercise such option). Unless expressly refused by the Lender in accordance with this clause (vii), the Borrowers shall make each mandatory prepayment by the applicable deadline set forth in this clause (b).

(c) Change of Control Mandatory Prepayment.

(i) The Parent shall provide the Lender and the Collateral Agent at least ten (10) Business Days' prior written notice of a Change of Control (or if ten (10) Business Days' prior written notice is not feasible, the maximum amount of time that is feasible). Upon the later of such Change of Control and the date that is ten (10) Business Days following such notice, the Borrowers shall prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Loan in full and pay Lender the amounts required in clause (ii) below, unless refused by the Lender pursuant to clause (iii) below.

(ii) Each prepayment of outstanding principal made pursuant to this Section 2.05(c) shall be accompanied by the payment of (A) accrued and unpaid interest to the date of such payment on the amount prepaid, (B) the Premium, if any, payable in connection with such prepayment of the Loan and (C) the applicable Exit Fee in respect of the principal amount being prepaid.

(iii) The Lender may exercise its option to refuse the mandatory prepayment pursuant to this clause (c) by giving written notice to the Parent of its election to do so on or before the fifth (5th) Business Day after receipt of the notice required by the foregoing clause (c)(i) (it being understood that if the Lender does not notify the Parent of its election to exercise such option by such date, the Lender shall be deemed to have elected, as of such date, not to exercise such option). Unless expressly refused by the Lender in accordance with this clause (iii), the Borrower shall make the mandatory prepayment by the deadline set forth in this clause (c).

(d) <u>Application of Payments</u>. After the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, if the Lender has elected to apply payments and other Proceeds of Collateral in accordance with Section 3.02(a), prepayments required under Section 2.05(b) shall be applied in the manner set forth in Section 3.02(a).

(e) <u>Cumulative Prepayments</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Section 2.05, payments with respect to any subsection of this Section 2.05 are in addition to payments made or required to be made under any other subsection of this Section 2.05.

Section 2.06 Premium & Fees.

(a) <u>Premium and Exit Fee</u>. In the event of (i) an optional prepayment of the Loan pursuant to Section 2.05(a), (ii) a mandatory prepayment to Ke Loan pursuant to Section 2.05(b) or Section 2.05(c), (iii) the repayment of the Loan on the Final Maturity Date (including pursuant to Section 2.03(b)), (iv) any other payment of the Loan, or any application of proceeds thereto or other reduction in principal amount thereof, prior to, on or after the Final

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Maturity Date, for any reason, (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, scheduled payment of interest on each Payment Date) including (A) any acceleration of the Loans upon the election of the Lender after the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default (or, in the case of the occurrence of any Event of Default described in Section 7.01(g), Section 7.01(h) or Section 7.01(o), automatically upon the occurrence thereof), (B) any foreclosure and sale of Collateral, (C) the sale of Collateral in any Insolvency Proceeding, or (D) any reorganization, compromise or restructuring of the Obligations by the confirmation of a plan of reorganization or any other plan of compromise, restructure or arrangement in any Insolvency Proceeding, then, in view of the impracticability and extreme difficulty of ascertaining the actual amount of damages to the Lender or profits lost by the Lender as a result of such prepayments, repayments, applications or reductions, and by mutual agreement of the parties as to a reasonable estimation and calculation of the lost profits or damages of the Lender, the Borrowers shall pay to the Lender, for the account of the Lender, the Premium, if any, measured as of the date of any such prepayment, repayment, application or reduction, as applicable, and an applicable Exit Fee in respect of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Premium shall be required to be paid to the Lender in connection with any mandatory prepayment resulting from casualty or condemnation events pursuant to Section 2.05(b)(ii).

(b) Loan Origination Fee. On the Effective Date, the Borrowers shall pay to the Lender a non-refundable loan origination fee equal to two million Dollars (\$2,000,000), which shall be deemed fully earned when paid and which may be paid by netting the amount of such fee against the proceeds of the Loan (after giving effect to the original issue discount applicable to the Loan) as set forth in the Flow of Funds Memorandum.

(c) <u>General</u>. All premiums (including the Premium) and the Exit Fee shall be computed on the basis of the full stated principal amount of the Loan then outstanding (without giving effect to any original issue discount).

Section 2.07 Taxes.

For purposes of this Section 2.07, the term "applicable law" includes FATCA.

(a) Any and all payments by or on account of any obligation of any Loan Party hereunder or under any other Loan Document shall be made free and clear of and without deduction or withholding for any and all Taxes, except as required by applicable law or as otherwise provided in this Section 2.07. If any applicable law requires the deduction or withholding of any Tax from any such payment by a Withholding Agent (as determined in the good faith discretion of the applicable Withholding Agent), then the applicable Withholding Agent shall be entitled to make such deduction or withholding in the minimum amount required by law and shall within the time period and in the amount required by law pay the full amount deducted or withholding to reverse as a necessary so that after such deduction or withholding have need (including such deductions or withholding sapplicable to additional sums payable under this Section 2.07(a)) the applicable Recipient receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such deduction or withholding of any Tax from any such payment in respect of a payment payable to that Lender (or that there is a change in the rate or the basis of any such Tax deduction or withholding).

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(b) In addition, each Loan Party shall timely pay any Other Taxes to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law (or, at the option of the Collateral Agent or the Lender, as applicable, timely reimburse it for the payment of any Other Taxes).

(c) Without duplication of any obligation under Section 2.07(a), the Loan Parties shall jointly and severally indemnify each Recipient, within 30 days after demand therefor, for the full amount of any Indemnified Taxes (including Indemnified Taxes imposed or asserted on or attributable to amounts payable under this Section 2.07) payable or paid by such Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to such Recipient and any reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to the Parent by or on behalf of a Lender shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(d) As soon as practicable after the payment of Taxes by any Loan Party to a Governmental Authority pursuant to this Section 2.07, such Loan Party or the Parent shall, if requested by the Lender, deliver to the Lender the original or a copy of a receipt, if any, issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment, a copy of the return reporting such payment or other evidence of such payment reasonably satisfactory to the Lender.

(e) (i) Any Lender that is entitled to an exemption from or a reduction of withholding Tax with respect to payments made under any Loan Document shall deliver to the Parent, at the time or times reasonably requested by the Parent (or, with respect to UK Withholding Taxes, deliver to the Bernuda Borrower and the English Borrower or submit to the appropriate Governmental Authority (as relevant) within twenty (20) days after a written request by the Borrower or submit to the appropriate Borrower or submit to the appropriate Governmental Authority (as relevant) within twenty (20) days after a written request by the Irish Loan Party), such properly completed and executed documentation reasonably requested by the Parent as will permit such payments to be made withholding or a reduced rate of withholding. In addition, any Lender, if reasonably requested by the Parent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Parent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Parent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Parent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Loan Party to determine whether or not such Lender is subject to information reporting or U.S. federal backup withholding requirements. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the preceding two sentences, the completion, execution and submission of any such documentation shall not be required if in the Lender's reasonable judgment such completion, execution or submission would subject such Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or would materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Lender.

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(ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, a UK Treaty Lender shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of Section 2.07(e) if such Lender has either (x) notified each of the Borrowers in writing of its passport scheme reference number under the HMRC treaty passport scheme on or before the date such Lender becomes party to this Agreement; or (y) submitted an application for withholding tax relief that is correct and valid in all respects under the applicable income tax treaty to the appropriate tax authority and has sent a copy of such application to the Borrowers, in each case without regard to whether any direction required from HMRC has been obtained provided that, section 2.07(e)(ii)(y) shall cease to apply to the extent that HMRC has rejected the application referred to in (y) above, for whatever reason. The Parent shall duly complete and file HM Revenue & Customs Form DTTP2 in respect of the Loans (together with any other procedural formalities necessary to qualify for exemption from UK Withholding Tax) as soon as reasonably practicable following such Lender's satisfaction of Section 2.07(e)(ii)(x)) and shall promptly deliver a copy of such filing to the Lender. The English Borrower and any other Borrower that is a UK tax resident shall duly complete and file HM Revenue & Customs Form DTTP2 in respect of the Loans (together with as other procedural formalities necessary to qualify for exemption from UK Withholding Tax) as soon as reasonably practicable following such Lender's satisfaction of Section 2.07(e)(ii)(x)) and shall promptly deliver a copy of such filing to the Loans (together with any other procedural formalities necessary to qualify for exemption from UK Withholding Tax) as soon as reasonably practicable following such Lender's satisfaction of Section 2.07(e)(ii)(x) and shall promptly deliver a copy of such filing to the Loans (together with any other procedural formalities necessary to qualify for exemption from UK Withholding Tax) as soon as reasonably practicable following

(f) The Lender agrees that if any form or certification it previously delivered to the Borrowers or to any tax authority (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Lender's HMRC passport scheme reference number under the HMRC treaty passport scheme, in accordance with Section 2.07(e)(ii) or any confirmation under Section 2.07(h) or (i)) expires or becomes obsolete, invalid or inaccurate in any respect, it shall update such form or certification or promptly notify the Parent in writing of its legal inability to do so.

(g) If a payment made to a Lender under any Loan Document would be subject to withholding tax imposed by FATCA if such Lender were to fail to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or 1472(b) of the Code, as applicable), such Lender shall deliver to the Parent at the time or times prescribed by Law and at such time or times reasonably requested by the Parent such documentation prescribed by applicable law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Code) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by the Parent as may be necessary for the Parent to comply with their obligations under FATCA and to determine that such Lender has complied with its obligations under FATCA or to determine the amount to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this clause (g), "FATCA" shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.

(h) Each Lender which becomes a party to this Agreement after the Effective Date shall confirm, prior to becoming party to such Agreement, for the benefit of the Borrower and without liability to any Loan Party, which of the following categories it falls in:

(i) not a Qualifying Bank; or

(ii) a Qualifying Bank.

(i) Each Lender shall confirm in writing in this Agreement (or, for any assignee, in the relevant Assignment and Acceptance), on or prior to becoming a party to this Agreement, to the Borrower, and without liability to any Loan Party, which of the following categories it falls in:

(i) UK Non-Treaty Lender (and an explanation of why it is a UK Non-Treaty Lender);

 (ii) UK Treaty Lender (and, if the UK Treaty Lender holds a passport under the HMRC DT Treaty Passport scheme, and wishes that scheme to apply to this Agreement, shall also confirm its passport scheme reference number and its jurisdiction of tax residence); or
 (iii) None of the above.

(j) All amounts expressed to be payable under a Loan Document by any Loan Party to a Lender which (in whole or in part) constitute the consideration for any supply for VAT purposes are deemed to be exclusive of any VAT which is chargeable on that supply, and accordingly, if VAT is or becomes chargeable on any supply made by any Lender to any Loan Party under a Loan Document and such Lender is required to account to the relevant tax authority for the VAT, that Loan Party must pay to such Lender (in addition to and at the same time as paying any other consideration for such supply) an amount equal to the amount of the VAT (and such Lender must promptly provide an appropriate VAT invoice to that Loan Party).

(i) Where a Loan Document requires any Loan Party to reimburse or indemnify a Lender for any cost or expense, that Loan Party shall reimburse or indemnify (as the case may be) such Lender for the full amount of such cost or expense, including such part thereof as represents VAT, save to the extent that such Lender reasonably determines that it is entitled to credit or repayment in respect of such VAT from the relevant tax authority.

(ii) Any reference in this Clause 2.07(j) to any Loan Party shall, at any time when such Loan Party is treated as a member of a group for VAT purposes, include (where appropriate and unless the context otherwise requires) a reference to the representative member of such group at such time (the term "representative member" to have the same meaning as in the Value Added Tax Act 1994 or any other similar provision in equivalent VAT legislation in any other Borrower jurisdiction).

(iii) In relation to any supply made by a Lender to any Loan Party under a Loan Document, if reasonably requested by such Lender, that Loan Party must promptly provide such Lender with details of that Loan Party's VAT registration and such other information as is reasonably requested in connection with such Lender's VAT reporting requirements in relation to such supply.

(k) If any party determines, in its sole discretion exercised in good faith, that it has received a refund of any Taxes as to which it has been indemnified pursuant to this Section 2.07 (including by the payment of additional amounts pursuant to this Section 2.07) or if a UK Treaty Lender has received a Treaty Rebate in accordance with Section 2.07(i) as to which additional amounts have been paid to such UK Treaty Lender, it shall pay to the indemnifying party an amount equal to such refund or Treaty Rebate (but only to the extent of indemnity payments made, or additional amounts paid, under this Section 2.07 with respect to the Taxes

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giving rise to such refund or Treaty Rebate), net of all out-of-pocket expenses (including Taxes) of such indemnified party and without interest (other than any interest paid or credited by the relevant Governmental Authority with respect to such refund). Such indemnifying party, upon the request of such indemnified party, shall repay to such indemnified party the amount paid over pursuant to this paragraph (k) (plus any penalties, interest or other charges imposed by the relevant Governmental Authority) in the event that such indemnified party is required to repay such refund or Treaty Rebate to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this paragraph (k), in no event will the indemnified party be required to pay any amount to an indemnifying party pursuant to this paragraph (k) the payment of which would place the indemnified party in a less favorable net after-Tax position than the indemnified party would have been in if the Tax subject to indemnification and giving rise to such refund or Treaty Rebate had not been deducted, withheld or otherwise imposed and the indemnification payments or additional amounts with respect to such Tax had never been paid.

(1) If a deduction of UK Withholding Tax is required by law to be made by a Loan Party to a UK Treaty Lender and such deduction is made and the Loan Party pays additional amounts to the UK Treaty Lender, in each case in accordance with Section 2.07(a), but the UK Treaty Lender Lender is entitled to a repayment or rebate of the relevant UK Withholding Tax (a "Treaty Rebate"), by virtue of a relevant treaty, the UK Treaty Lender shall as soon as reasonably practicable following the written request to do so from the Loan Party, claim that Treaty Rebate; provided that the Loan Party shall be responsible for and indemnify the UK Treaty Lender on an after-tax basis for all costs and expenses (including legal and accounting fees) incurred by such UK Treaty Lender in connection with claiming the Treaty Rebate; provided further that a UK Treaty Lender shall not be required to claim a Treaty Rebate if in the UK Treaty Lender's reasonable judgment claiming such Treaty Rebate would subject such UK Treaty Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or would materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such UK Treaty Lender.

(m) If in respect of a Loan extended to the Initial Borrowers, (A) a Lender assigns or transfers any of its rights or obligations with respect to such Loan or changes its lending office in respect of such Loan, and (B) as a result of circumstances existing at the date the assignment, transfer or change occurs, the Borrowers would be obliged to make a payment (or increased payment) to the successor or assign or Lender acting through its new lending office under this Section 2.07 in respect of Taxes, then such successor or assign or Lender acting through its new lending office way that the section 2.07 to the same extent as the assigning or transferring Lender or Lender acting through its previous lending office would have been if the assignment, transfer or change had not occurred except to the extent of a Change in Law after such assignment, transfer or change.

(n) The Loan Parties shall not be obligated to gross up any payments to any Lender or to indemnify any Lender party pursuant to this Section 2.07, to the extent imposed as a result of (i) the failure of such Lender to deliver to the Parent (or other Loan Parties, as applicable) the forms or other documentation, as applicable to such Lender, as required pursuant to this Section 2.07, or (ii) certifications made in such forms, notifications or other documentation being untrue or inaccurate on the date delivered in any material respect; provided, however, that the Loan Parties shall be obligated to gross up any payments to any such Lender or to indemnify any such Lender pursuant to this Section 2.07 if any such failure to deliver a form, notification or

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other documentation or the failure of such form, notification or other documentation to establish a complete exemption from or reduction in applicable withholding Tax or inaccuracy or untruth contained therein resulted from a Change in Law occurring after the date on which such Lender became a Lender hereunder, which change rendered such Lender no longer legally entitled to deliver such form, notification or other documentation or otherwise no longer eligible for a complete exemption from or reduction in the applicable withholding Tax or rendered the information or certifications made in such form, notification or other documentation untrue or inaccurate in a material respect.

(o) Each Lender shall confirm in writing, prior to the payment date for any payment by an Irish Loan Party, which of the following categories it falls in:

- (i) an Irish Treaty Lender;
- (ii) a Irish Non-Treaty Lender;

(iii) neither an Irish Treaty Lender nor an Irish Non-Treaty Lender; and/or

(iv) it will become either an Irish Treaty Lender or an Irish Non-Treaty Lender on completion of certain procedural

formalities.

(p) If a Lender fails to indicate its status in accordance with paragraph (o) above, until such time as that Lender has provided the relevant notifications to the Withholding Agent and the Irish Loan Party, the Withholding Agent and any Irish Loan Party she Withholding Agent and any Irish Loan Party the Unit withholding Agent and any Irish Loan Party the Unit and the Irish Loan Party the Withholding Agent and any Irish Loan Party the Unit and the Irish Loan Party the Irish Loan Party the Unit and Irish Irish Unit and Irish Unit and Irish Irish Irish Unit and Irish Iris

(q) Following a request an Irish Loan Party in writing, a Lender shall provide to that Irish Loan Party any correct, complete and accurate information reasonably requested and available to the Lender necessary for that Irish Loan Party to comply with its obligations under Sections 891A, 891F and 891G TCA.

(r) The Lender and the Borrowers agree that the original Lender may provide confirmations and notifications under Section 2.07 as of the Effective Date pursuant to Schedule 2.07 and with respect to any subsequent Lender in an Assignment and Acceptance and that Schedule 2.07 and any Assignment and Acceptance will serve as confirmations and notifications under Section 2.07 to each Borrower.

(s) Each party's obligations under this Section 2.07 shall survive any assignment of rights by, or the replacement of, a Lender, the termination of the Commitment and the repayment, satisfaction or discharge of all obligations under any Loan Document.

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Section 2.08 Increased Costs and Reduced Return

(a) If the Lender shall have determined that any Change in Law shall (i) subject the Lender to any Taxes with respect to this Agreement or any Loan made by the Lender (other than Taxes that are (A) Indemnified Taxes, (B) Taxes described in any of clauses (b) through (f) of the definition of Excluded Taxes or (C) Connection Income Taxes) on its loans, loan principal, commitments, or other obligations, or its deposits, reserves, other liabilities or capital attributable thereto, (ii) impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve, special deposit or similar requirement against any Loan or against assets of or held by, or deposits with or for the account of, or credit extended by, the Lender or any Person controlling the Lender or (iii) impose on the Lender or any Person controlling the Lender any other condition regarding this Agreement or any Loan, and the result of any event referred to in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) above shall be to increase the cost to the Lender of making or maintaining any Loan, or agreeing to make any Loan, or to reduce any amount received or receivable by the Lender for making or maintaining any Loan, or deposits under any ondemand by the Lender, the Parent shall pay to the Lender such additional amounts as will compensate the Lender for such increased costs or reductions in amount.

(b) If the Lender shall have, in good faith, reasonably determined that any Change in Law either (i) affects or would affect the amount of capital required or expected to be maintained by the Lender or any Person controlling the Lender, and the Lender determines that the amount of such capital is increased as a direct or indirect consequence of any Loans made or maintained, the Lender's or such other controlling Person's other obligations hereunder, or (ii) has or would have the effect of reducing the rate of return on the Lender's such other controlling Person's capital to a level below that which the Lender or such controlling Person could have achieved but for such circumstances as a consequence of any Loans made or maintained, or any agreement to make Loans, or the Lender's or such other controlling Person's other obligations hereunder (in each case, taking into consideration, the Lender's or such other controlling Person's policies with respect to the Lender for such cost of maintaining such increased capital or such reduction in the rate of return on the Lender for such cost of maintaining such increased capital or such reduction in the rate of return on the Lender's or such other controlling Person's capital.

(c) All amounts payable under this Section 2.08 shall bear interest from the date that is 10 days after the date of demand by the Lender until payment in full to the Lender at a rate per annum equal to the Interest Percentage. A reasonably detailed document of the Lender claiming compensation under this Section 2.08, specifying the event herein above described and the nature of such event shall be submitted by the Lender to the Parent, setting forth the additional amount due and an explanation of the calculation thereof, and the Lender's reasons for invoking the provisions of this Section 2.08, and shall be final and conclusive absent manifest error.

(d) The Lender shall give prompt notice to Borrower of any claim for additional amounts pursuant to this Section 2.08; provided, that any failure or delay on the part of the Lender to demand compensation pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.08 shall not constitute a waiver of the Lender's right to demand such compensation; provided that the Parent shall not be required to compensate the Lender pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.08 for any increased costs incurred or reductions suffered more than six months prior to the date that the Lender notifies the Parent of the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions and of the Lender's intention to claim compensation therefor (except that, if the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions is retroactive, then the six-month period referred to above shall be extended to include the period of retroactive effect thereof).

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ARTICLE III

APPLICATION OF PAYMENTS

Section 3.01 <u>Payments; Computations and Statements</u>. The Borrowers will make each payment under this Agreement not later than 12:00 noon (New York City time) on the day when due, in Dollars and in immediately available funds, to the Loan Account. All payments received by the Lender after 12:00 noon (New York City time) on any Business Day will be credited to the Loan Account on the next succeeding Business Day. Subject to Section 2.07, all payments shall be made by the Borrowers without set-off, counterclaim, recoupment, deduction or other defense (other than payment in full) to the Lender. Whenever any payment to be made under any such Loan Document shall be stated to be due on a day other than a Business Day, such payment shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day and such extension of time shall in such case be included in the computation of interest or fees, as the case may be. All computations of fees shall be made by the Lender on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days (including the first day but excluding the last day) occurring in the period for which such fees are payable. Each determination by the Lender of an interest rate or fees hereunder shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes in the absence of manifest error.

Section 3.02 Apportionment of Payments.

(a) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or as previously agreed with the Lender in writing, the Lender shall apply all payments in respect of any Obligations and proceeds of the Collateral, subject to the provisions of this Agreement (i) <u>first</u>, ratably to pay the Obligations in respect of any fees, expense reimbursements, indemnities and other amounts then due and payable to the Collateral Agent until paid in full; (ii) <u>second</u>, ratably to pay the Obligations in respect of any fees, expense reimbursements, indemnities and other amounts then due and payable to the Lender until paid in full; (iii) <u>third</u>, ratably to pay interest then due and payable in respect of the Loans until paid in full; (iv) <u>fourth</u>, ratably to pay principal of the Loans and the Obligations in respect of the Premium, if any, and the Exit Fee then due and payable to the Lender until paid in full; (v) <u>fifth</u>, to the ratable payment of all other Obligations then due and payable until paid in full; (a) <u>(si) sixth</u>, to Borrower or such other Person entitled thereto under applicable law (as determined by the Lender in its reasonable judgment or as directed by a court of competent jurisdiction).

(b) In each instance, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing and except as otherwise expressly provided herein, Section 3.02(a) shall not be deemed to apply to any payment by the Borrowers specified by the Borrowers to the Lender to be for the payment of Obligations then due and payable under any provision of this Agreement or the prepayment of all or part of the principal of the Loan in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 2.05.

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(c) For purposes of Section 3.02(a) (other than clause (iv) thereof), "paid in full" means, with respect to any Obligations, payment in cash of all amounts owing under the Loan Documents in respect of such Obligations, including, as applicable, loan fees, exit fees, service fees, professional fees, interest (and specifically including interest accrued after the commencement of any Insolvency Proceeding), default interest, interest on interest, each arising from or related to a default, are disallowed in any Insolvency Proceeding, provided, however, that for the purposes of clause (iv), "paid in full" means payment in cash of all amounts owing under the Loan Documents in respect of such Obligations according to the terms thereof, including, as applicable, loan fees, exit fees, service fees, professional fees, interest (and specifically including interest accrued after the commencement of any Insolvency Proceeding), default interest, interest on interest, principal, premium, expense reimbursements and indemnities (specifically including interest accrued after the commencement of any Insolvency Proceeding), default interest, interest on interest, principal, premium, expense reimbursements and indemnities (specifically including in each case of the foregoing which would accrue after the commencement of any Insolvency Proceeding), whether or not the same would be or is allowed or disallowed in whole or in part in any Insolvency Proceeding.

(d) In the event of a direct conflict between the priority provisions of this Section 3.02 and other provisions contained in any other Loan Document, it is the intention of the parties hereto that both such priority provisions in such documents shall be read together and construed, to the fullest extern possible, to be in concert with each other. In the event of any actual, irreconcilable conflict that cannot be resolved as aforesaid, the terms and provisions of this Section 3.02 shall control and govern.

ARTICLE IV

CONDITIONS TO LOANS

Section 4.01 <u>Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness</u>. The Commitment shall become effective as of the Business Day (the "<u>Effective Date</u>") when each of the following conditions precedent shall have been satisfied in a manner satisfactory to the Lender or waived by the Lender:

(a) <u>Payment of Fees, etc</u>. The Borrowers shall have paid (or made arrangements to have paid) on or before the Effective Date all fees, costs and expenses then payable pursuant to Section 2.06 and Section 10.04, including the fees, costs and expenses set forth in the Flow of Funds Memorandum.

(b) <u>Representations and Warranties</u>: <u>No Default</u>. The following statements shall be true and correct as of the Effective Date: (i) the representations and warranties contained in Article V of this Agreement and in each other Loan Document, certificate or other writing delivered to the Lender pursuant hereto or thereto on or prior to the date of such Loan are true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations on warranties shall be true and correct in all respects subject to such qualification) on and as of such date as though made on and as of such date, except to the extent that any such representation or

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warranty expressly relates solely to an earlier date (in which case such representation or warranty shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations or warranties that already are qualified or modified as to "materiality" or "Material Adverse Effect" in the text thereof, which representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all respects subject to such qualification) on and as of such earlier date), and (ii) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the Effective Date or would result from this Agreement or the other Loan Documents becoming effective in accordance with its or their respective terms.

(c) Legality. The making of the Loan and the pledge of Collateral shall not contravene any law, rule or regulation applicable to any Loan Party or the Lender.

(d) <u>Delivery of Documents</u>. The Lender shall have received on or before the Effective Date the following, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender and, unless indicated otherwise, dated the Effective Date and, if applicable, duly executed by the Persons party thereto:

(i) this Agreement, duly executed by each of the parties thereto;

(ii) each Security Document, duly executed by the applicable Loan Party and each other Person to be party thereto;

(iii) financing statements in form appropriate for filing (on Form UCC-1 or otherwise) in such office or offices as may be necessary or, in the sole discretion of the Lender, desirable to perfect the security interests purported to be created by each Security Document (to the extent such security interest can be perfected by the filing of such financing statements);

(iv) the delivery to the Collateral Agent (or its designee) of any certificates evidencing Equity Interests in each Loan Party (other than the Parent), together with appropriate endorsements;

(v) the results of searches for any effective UCC financing statements, tax Liens, judgment Liens, bankruptcy filings or other court proceedings, as the Lender shall have reasonably requested, filed against or naming any Loan Party or its property, which results shall not show any such Liens (other than Permitted Liens acceptable to the Lender) or bankruptcy filings or other court proceedings (other than court proceedings acceptable to Lender);

(vi) a Perfection Certificate, duly executed by each Loan Party and completed in a manner reasonably satisfactory to the

Lender;

(vii) the Flow of Funds Memorandum;

(viii) the Warrants (contemporaneously with the closing on the Effective Date);

(ix) the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement; - 62 - (x) a copy of the resolutions of each Loan Party, certified as of the Effective Date by an Officer thereof, authorizing (A) the borrowings hereunder and the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents and the other Transactions to which such Loan Party is or will be a party and (B) the execution, delivery and performance by such Loan Party of each Loan Document to which such Loan Party is or will be a party and the execution and delivery of the other documents to be delivered by such Person in connection herewith and therewith;

(xi) a certificate of an Officer of each Loan Party, certifying the names and true signatures of the Officers of such Loan Party authorized to sign each Loan Document to which such Loan Party is or will be a party and the other documents to be executed and delivered by such Loan Party in connection herewith and therewith, together with evidence of the incumbency of such Officers;

(xii) a certificate of the appropriate official(s) of the jurisdiction of organization and, except to the extent the failure to be so qualified could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, each jurisdiction of foreign qualification of each Loan Party, other than in the case of the English Borrower and the Irish Borrower, certifying as of a recent date not more than 30 days prior to the Effective Date as to the subsistence in good standing or qualification of such Loan Party in such jurisdictions;

(xiii) a true and complete copy of the charter or bye-laws, certificate of formation or incorporation, certificate of limited partnership or other publicly filed Governing Document of each Loan Party (as applicable), other than in the case of the Irish Borrower, certified as of a recent date not more than 30 days prior to the Effective Date by an appropriate official of the jurisdiction of organization of such Loan Party which shall set forth the same complete name of such Loan Party as is set forth herein and the organizational number of such Loan Party, if an organizational number is issued in such jurisdiction and it is common practice in such jurisdiction for such document to contain the organizational number;

(xiv) a copy of the Governing Documents of each Loan Party, together with all amendments thereto, certified as of the Effective Date by an Officer of such Loan Party;

(xv) an opinion of Cooley LLP counsel to the Loan Parties as to such matters as the Lender may reasonably request;

(xvi) a capacity opinion of Cooley (UK) LLP counsel to the Loan Parties;

(xvii) an enforceability opinion of TLT LLP counsel to the Lender;

(xviii) an opinion of VISCHER AG counsel to the Loan Parties as to such matters as the Lender may reasonably request; (xix) an opinion of Convers Dill & Pearman Limited, counsel to the Loan Parties as to such matters as the Lender may

reasonably request;

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(xx) a capacity opinion of A&L Goodbody, counsel to the Loan Parties;

(xxi) an enforceability opinion of Matheson, counsel to the Lender;

(xxii) a certificate of an Officer of each Loan Party, certifying as to the matters set forth in Section 4.01(b), (e), (f) and (g);

(xxiii) a certificate of the principal financial or accounting officer of the Parent, certifying as to the solvency of the Loan Parties taken as a whole after giving effect to the Transactions, which certificate shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Lender;

(xxiv) evidence of the insurance coverage required by Section 5.21 and the terms of each Security Document, in each case, with such endorsements as to the named insured or lender loss payees thereunder as the Lender may request and providing that such policy may be terminated or canceled (by the insurer or the insured thereunder) only upon 30 days' prior written notice to the Lender and each such named insured or lender loss payee, together with evidence of the payment of all premiums due in respect thereof for such period as the Lender may reasonably request;

(xxv) certificates of an Officer of each Borrower, certifying the names and true signatures of the persons that are authorized to provide Notices of Borrowing and all other notices under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents;

(xxvi) the consolidated financial statements of the Parent referred to in Section 5.14(a) and (b);

(xxvii) the Projections referred to in Section 5.14(c); and

(xxviii)such other agreements, instruments, approvals, and other documents, each satisfactory to the Lender in form and substance, as the Lender may reasonably request in advance, including in respect of any "know-your-customer" requirements, Anti-Money Laundering Laws and Anti-Corruption Laws.

(e) <u>Material Adverse Effect</u>. No event or development shall have occurred since March 31, 2020 which has had a Material Adverse Effect.

(f) <u>Approvals</u>. All consents, authorizations and approvals of, and filings and registrations with, and all other actions in respect of, any Governmental Authority or other Person required in connection with the Transactions or the conduct of the Loan Parties' business shall have been obtained and shall be in full force and effect, including the requisite consent of NovaQuest under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement.

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(g) <u>No Claims</u>. There shall exist no claim, action, suit, investigation, litigation or proceeding (including shareholder or derivative litigation), threatened in writing or pending in any court or before any arbitrator or Governmental Authority which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(h) <u>Pay-off</u>. The Parent shall have made arrangements in form and substance satisfactory to Lender to pay in full the Hercules Credit Facility on or prior to the Effective Date from the proceeds of the Loan (net of any original issue discount, fees and expenses), terminate the Hercules Credit Facility and ensure the prompt release of collateral thereunder.

ARTICLE V

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Each Loan Party hereby represents and warrants to the Lender and the Collateral Agent as follows:

Section 5.01 Organization: Power; Authorization: Enforceability. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.01 to the Disclosure Letter, each Loan Party has been duly organized or incorporated (as applicable), is validly existing and is in good standing under the Laws of its jurisdiction of organization or incorporation (as applicable and only to the extent such concept exists in its jurisdiction of incorporation) and has obtained all licenses, permits, franchises and other governmental authorizations necessary to carry on its business as now being conducted, except where the failure to have obtained such licenses, permits, franchises and other governmental authorizations would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Loan Party is duly licensed or qualified to do business in good standing in each jurisdiction in which such license or qualification is required by Law for the business it is now conducting except where the failure to be so licensed or qualified would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Loan Party has the requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease or operate the properties and assets it purports to own, lease or operate, to carry on its business as presently conducted and to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under each Loan Document to which it is a party except where the failure to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Loan Document to which any Loan Party is a party has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by such Loan Party and constitutes the valid, legally binding and, assuming due authorization, execution and other Laws of general application relating to creditors' rights and, in the case of each Irish Loan Party, to the Legal Reservations), enforceable obligation of such Loan Party.

Section 5.02 <u>Governmental and Third Party Authorizations</u>. No exemption from, notice to, registration, filing or declaration with, or consent, approval or authorization of, any Governmental Authority or any other Person is required in connection with (a) the execution or delivery by any Loan Party of any Loan Document to which it is a party or the performance of obligations by any Loan Party under any Loan Document to which it is a party, (b) the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents, (c) the grant by any Loan Party of any security interest or other Lien granted or purported to be granted by it pursuant to the Security Documents or (d) the perfection of the Liens created under the Security Documents, other than (i) such exemptions,

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notices, registrations, filings, declarations, consents, approvals and authorizations as shall have been taken, given, made or obtained and are in full force and effect as of the Effective Date, in each case, as set forth in Schedule 5.02 to the Disclosure Letter, (ii) such filings required to be made after the Effective Date under applicable federal, state and foreign securities Laws, including applicable state "blue sky" filings, (iii) the filing of financing statements under the UCC, recordings of mortgages, recordings with the PTO and any other recordings (including in any applicable non-U.S. jurisdiction) required to perfect, or maintain perfection of, a security interest in the Collateral (including under section 409 of the Companies Act 2014 of Ireland), and (iv) such exemptions, notices, registrations, filings, declarations, consents, approvals and authorizations, as the case may be, the failure of which to take, give, make or obtain would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.03 <u>No Conflicts</u>. The execution and delivery by each Loan Party of each Loan Document to which it is a party, the performance of obligations by each Loan Party under each Loan Document to which it is a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby do not and will not (a) contravene the terms of the Governing Documents of any Loan Party, (b) violate any Law, determination or award applicable to any Loan Party or its properties or assets, (c) conflict with or result in the breach of, or constitute a default, result in the acceleration of any obligation or require any payment to be made under, any agreement binding on any Loan Party or any of its properties or assets or (d) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien (other than any Permitted Lien) upon or with respect to any of the properties or assets of any Loan Party, except in the case of clause (b), clause (c) and clause (d) where such violation, conflict, breach, default, acceleration, payment, creation or imposition would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.04 <u>Compliance with Laws</u>. Each Loan Party is in compliance with the Laws applicable to it or to its properties or assets, except in such instances in which the failure to comply therewith, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.05 <u>No Material Adverse Change</u>. Since March 31, 2020, there has not been (a) any material adverse change in the business, properties, financial condition or operations of the Loan Parties taken as a whole, (b) any transaction that is material to the Loan Parties taken as a whole, (c) any obligation or liability, direct or contingent (including any off-balance sheet obligation), incurred by any Loan Party that is material to the Loan Parties taken as a whole, (d) except as set forth on Schedule 5.05 to the Disclosure Letter, any material change in the share capital, capital stock or outstanding indebtedness of any Loan Party or (e) any dividend or distribution of any kind declared, paid or made on the share capital or capital stock of any Loan Party.

Section 5.06 Equity Interests. Schedule 5.06 to the Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete and accurate list, as of the Effective Date, of the ownership of each Loan Party's Equity Interests, the address of each Loan Party's principal place of business and each Loan Party's U.S. taxpayer identification number. All of the outstanding Equity Interests in each of the Loan Parties (other than the Parent) have been duly authorized and validly issued and are fully paid and non-assessable. The Parent does not have any Subsidiaries other than the Loan Parties.

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Section 5.07 <u>Investment Company Act Matters</u>. Before and after giving effect to the Transactions, no Loan Party will be an "investment company" or "controlled" by an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act.

Section 5.08 <u>Use of Proceeds</u>: <u>Margin Regulations</u>. No part of the proceeds from the Loans pursuant to the Loan Documents will be used, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any margin stock within the meaning of Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (12 CFR 221), or for the purpose of purchasing or carrying or trading in any securities under such circumstances as to involve any Loan Party in a violation of Regulation X of said Board (12 CFR 224) or to involve any broker or dealer in a violation of Regulation T of said Board (12 CFR 224) or to involve any broker or dealer in a violation of Regulation T of said Board (12 CFR 224). No Loan Party is engaged in the business of extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock within the meaning of Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (12 CFR 221). As used in this Section 5.08, the terms "margin stock" and "purpose of purchasing or carrying" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in said Regulation U.

Section 5.09 <u>Compliance with ERISA</u>. Each Plan maintained by each Loan Party has been operated and administered in compliance with all applicable Laws except in such instances in which the failure to comply therewith, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. No Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate has incurred any liability or penalty pursuant to Tite I or IV of ERISA or (with respect to its Plans) pursuant to the Code, and there are no pending or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, threatened claims, actions or lawsuits by any Governmental Authority with respect to any Plan maintained by such Loan Party, except, in each case, as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. No Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate currently maintains, or has in the last six years maintained, a pension plan that is subject to Title IV of ERISA. No Loan Party maintains, operates or administers any Plans that cover employees, officers, directors or independent contractors located primarily outside of the United States or Switzerland. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and under the other Loan Documents will not involve any transaction that is subject to the prohibitions of Section 406 of ERISA or in connection with which a tax could be imposed pursuant to Sections 4975(c)(1)(A)-(D) of the Code.

Section 5.10 <u>Tax Matters</u>. Each Loan Party is a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and has never filed any tax return or related report under any name other than its legal name at the time of filing. Each Loan Party has (a) timely filed or caused to be timely filed all material tax returns required by Law to be filed and all such tax returns are true and correct in all material respects and (b) duly and timely paid or caused to be timely filed and material tax returns required by Law to be filed and all such tax returns are true and correct in all material respects and (b) duly and timely paid or caused to be timely paid all material taxes, assessments, governmental fees and other governmental charges levied or imposed upon it or its properties, assets or income otherwise due and payable, except (i) those that are being contested in good faith by appropriate action and for which adequate reserves have been provided in accordance with GAAP or (ii) to the extent that the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. There is no pending or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, proposed tax assessment, deficiency or audit against any Loan Party. No Loan Party has any outstanding tax liens (other than Permitted Liens).

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Section 5.11 <u>No Defaults</u>. On the Effective Date, there exists no Event of Default or any event that would constitute a Default or an Event of Default under this Agreement.

Section 5.12 <u>Absence of Litigation</u>. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.12 to the Disclosure Letter, there are no actions, suits, proceedings, claims, disputes or investigations at law or in equity, in arbitration or before any Governmental Authority pending or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, threatened (in writing) against any Loan Party that (a) seek to prevent, alter or delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents or (b) individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.13 <u>Solvency</u>. No step has been taken or is currently intended to be taken by any Loan Party or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, any other Person for the winding-up, liquidation, dissolution, administration, merger or consolidation or for the appointment of a receiver or administrator of such Loan Party or all or any of such Loan Party sproperties or assets. Immediately after the consummation of the other Transactions on the Effective Date, no Loan Party will be rendered insolvent within the meaning of 11 U.S.C. 101(32), the Insolvency Act 1986 or any other applicable insolvency laws or regulations or be unable to pay its debts as they mature.

Section 5.14 Financial Statements; Projections.

(a) The audited financial statements of the Parent for the years ended March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 have been delivered to the Lender and (A) were prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the periods covered thereby except as disclosed in the notes thereto and (B) fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition of the Parent and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis as of the dates thereof and the results of operations of the Parent and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis for the periods covered thereby in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the periods covered thereby except as disclosed in the notes thereto.

(b) The unaudited financial statements of the Parent for the quarters ended June 30, 2020, September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 (A) were prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the periods covered thereby except as disclosed in the notes thereto and except that unaudited financial statements may not contain all footnotes required by GAAP and (B) fairly present, in all material respects, the consolidated financial statements may not contain all footnotes required by GAAP and (B) fairly present, in all material respects, the consolidated financial statements may not contain all solutions for the periods covered thereby and in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the periods covered thereby and in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the periods covered thereby except for normal yearend adjustments and as disclosed in the notes thereto and except that unaudited financial statements may not contain all footnotes required by GAAP.

(c) On and as of the Effective Date, the Projections are based on good faith estimates and assumptions made by the management of the Parent believed to be reasonable at the time made; provided, however, that the Projections are not to be viewed as facts or as a guarantee of performance and are subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, that no assurance can be given that any particular Projection will be realized and that actual results during the period or periods covered by the Projections may differ materially from such Projections.

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Section 5.15 <u>Existing Indebtedness</u>. Schedule 5.15 to the Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete list of the following types of indebtedness of each Loan Party outstanding as of the Effective Date: (a) indebtedness in respect of borrowed money; (b) any other obligation of such Loan Party to be liable for, or to pay, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise, on the indebtedness for borrowed money of another Person (other than by endorsement of negotiable instruments for collection in the ordinary course of business); and (c) to the extent not otherwise included, indebtedness for borrowed money of another Person secured by a Lien on any asset owned by such Person (whether or not such indebtedness for borrowed money is assumed by such Person).

Section 5.16 <u>Material Contracts</u>. Schedule 5.16 to the Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete list of all Material Contracts to which any Loan Party is a party. All such Material Contracts are in full force and effect and constitute the valid, legally binding and (subject to general equitable principles, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization and other Laws of general application relating to creditors' rights) enforceable obligation of such Loan Party and, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, all other parties thereto, except in each case as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, there are no oral waivers or modifications (or pending requests therefor) in respect of such Material Contracts, except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To be Knowledge of the Loan Parties, or defaults would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To any Material Contract except where such breaches or defaults would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, no other Person party to any such Material Contract is in default thereunder except where such default would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties and Adverse Effect. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, no party to any such Material Contract has given any notice of termination or breach of any such Material Contract.

Section 5.17 <u>Properties</u>. Each Loan Party has good and marketable title to, or valid leasehold interests in or rights to use, all of its tangible properties and assets material to its business as presently conducted, free and clear of all Liens other than Permitted Liens. No Loan Party owns any real property. Schedule 5.17 to the Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete and accurate list of all leases of real property to which any Loan Party owns any real where as lessor, lessee or otherwise), showing as of the date hereof the street address, county and state (or other relevant jurisdiction), lessor, lessee and expiration date. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, the lease in respect of any real property held by such Loan Party under lease has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by all parties thereto and constitutes the valid, legally binding and (subject to general equitable principles, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization and other Laws of general application relating to creditors' rights) enforceable obligation of all parties thereto except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.18 Intellectual Property; New Drug Application.

(a) Other than in China, the Swiss Borrower owns, free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens), the Product, including the future life-cycle products under Development by a Loan Party as of the Effective Date and all of the Intellectual Property that is reasonably necessary for the operation of its business as presently conducted and that is reasonably necessary for the commercialization of the Product (provided, that with respect to Intellectual Property that is related to the future life-cycle products under Development by a Loan Party as of the Effective Date, such representation is qualified to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties), except

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for the failure to own or license that would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, no product, process, method, substance, part or other material presently employed by the Swiss Borrower (including in respect of the Product) material to its business as presently conducted infringes upon or misappropriates any valid and enforceable rights held by any other Person. No claim or litigation regarding any of the foregoing is pending against any Loan Party or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, threatened (in writing).

(b) Schedule 5.18 to the Disclosure Letter contains a complete list of all Patents that are owned by or licensed to each Loan Party, in each case that are material or necessary to the Development or Commercialization of the Product as of the Effective Date (the "<u>Relevant Patents</u>") and all Patent licenses granting rights to such Loan Party to such licensed Patents. The Swiss Borrower holds all right, title and interest in and to the Relevant Patents, free and clear of any Lien (except for Permitted Liens) and has requisite power and authority, and all necessary third party consents or approvals, including from any Governmental Authority, to grant a security interest in such Relevant Patents owned by the Swiss Borrower as contemplated in the Loan Documents. The Swiss Borrower has made, or is in the process of making, all necessary recordings with the PTO and equivalent non-U.S. intellectual property offices in respect of the Relevant Patents owned by the Swiss Borrower to protect and maintain ownership of such Relevant Patents. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, at least one claim of the Relevant Patents that has issued or granted by a governmental patent office is valid and enforceable. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, there are no litigation, interference or opposition proceedings pending or threatened (in writing) relating to the Relevant Patents that would have a material adverse impact on any of the Relevant Patents. All patent applications owned by the Swiss Borrower that are material or necessary to the commercialization of the Product other than in China are being diligently prosecuted by the Swiss Borrower, and the Swiss Borrower duly maintains those Relevant Patents that have issued and are owned by it. No Loan Party has been notified in writing of any actions by any Governmental Authority challenging the validity or enforceability of any of the issued Relevant Patents.

(c) Except as set forth on Schedule 5.18(c) to the Disclosure Letter, the Loan Party's (i) own or hold each new drug application or abbreviated new drug application in respect of the Product and (ii) have not granted or assigned to any other Person, directly or indirectly, any rights to any other Person under any such new drug application or abbreviated new drug application.

Section 5.19 Environmental Matters. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.19 to the Disclosure Letter and would not have a Material Adverse Effect, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties: (a) each Loan Party and its respective business, operations, properties and assets are in compliance with, and no Loan Party has any liability under, any applicable Environmental Law; (b) each Loan Party has obtained (or applied for, with a reasonable likelihood of obtaining) all Environmental Permits required for the conduct of its respective business and operations and the ownership, operation and use of its respective properties and assets under Environmental Laws, and all such Environmental Permits are valid and in good standing; (c) there has been no Release or threatened Release of Hazardous Material on, at, under or from any properties or assets presently or formerly owned, leased or operated by such Loan Party or its respective predecessors in interest

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that would reasonably be expected to result in liability to such Loan Party under any applicable Environmental Law; (d) there is no Environmental Claim pending or threatened against such Loan Party or relating to the properties or assets currently or formerly owned, leased or operated by such Loan Party or its predecessors in interest or relating to the operations of such Loan Party, and there are no actions, activities, circumstances, conditions, events or incidents that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of such Loan Party, and there are no actions, activities, circumstances, conditions, events or incidents that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of such Loan Party is in default with respect to such obligation; and (f) no Loan Party is obligated to perform any action or otherwise incur any expense under any Environmental Law is in default with respect to such obligation; and (f) no Loan Party is obligated to perform any action or otherwise incur any expense under any Environmental Law pursuant to any order, decree, judgment or agreement by which it is bound or has assumed by contract, agreement or operation of law, and no Loan Party is conducting or financing any Response pursuant to any Environmental Law or has refused or failed to conduct or finance any Response required by Environmental Law. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, no properties or assets owned, operated or leased by any Loan Party and no properties or assets formerly owned, operated pursuant to CERCLA, listed on the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System promulgated pursuant to CERCLA or included on any similar list maintained by any Governmental Authority, including any such list relating to petroleum. No Lien has been recorded or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Party.

Section 5.20 <u>Labor Matters</u>. No Loan Party is a party to any collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract applicable to Persons employed by such Loan Party, and, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, there are no organizational campaigns, petitions or other unionization activities seeking recognition of a collective bargaining unit that would affect such Loan Party. There are no material controversies, strikes, slowdowns or work stoppages pending or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, threatened between such Loan Party and any of its employees. There are no unfair labor practice complaints pending against any Loan Party before any Governmental Authority or, to the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, any current union representation questions involving employees of such Loan Party, in each case that would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Loan Party is currently in compliance with all applicable Laws relating to employment and labor, including those related to wages, hours, collective bargaining and the payment and withholding of taxes, except where such failure to comply would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 5.21 Insurance. Each Loan Party maintains, with insurance companies that are financially sound and reputable, such public liability insurance, business interruption insurance, third party property damage insurance and casualty insurance with respect to liabilities, losses or damage in respect of its respective properties and assets as are customarily carried or maintained under similar circumstances by Persons engaged in similar businesses, in each case, in such amounts, with such deductibles, covering such risks and otherwise on such terms and conditions as are customary for such other Persons to maintain under similar circumstances in similar businesses.

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Section 5.22 Sanctions; Anti-Money Laundering Laws; Anti-Corruption Laws

(a) No Loan Party nor, to the knowledge upon due inquiry of the Loan Parties, any of its respective Affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives is in violation of any Anti-Money Laundering Laws. No Loan Party nor, to the knowledge upon due inquiry of the Loan Parties, its respective Affiliates is a Person, or is owned or controlled by a Person that is, (a) listed in the annex to, or is otherwise subject to the provisions of, the Executive Order, (b) named as a "specially designated national and blocked person" on the most current list published by the U.S. Treasury Department Office of Foreign Assets Control ("<u>OFAC</u>") at its official website or any replacement website or other replacement official publication of such list, (c) the subject of any sanctions laws, regulations or programs administered or enforced by OFAC, the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, "<u>Sanctions</u>"), or (d) located, organized or resident in a country, territory or region that is the subject of Comprehensive territorial Sanctions (or facilitate any activities or business of or with any Person who, at the time of such list, for the proceeds from the Loans will not be used (a) to fund or facilitate any activities or business of or with any Person who, at the time of such list, is (b) in any other manner that will result in a violation of Sanctions by any Person. Each Loan Party and its respective Affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives is and has been in compliance with, Sanctions and the Anti-Money Laundering Laws.

(b) No Loan Party nor, to the knowledge upon due inquiry of the Loan Parties, any of its respective Affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives has taken or will take any action in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization or approval of the payment, giving or receipt of money, property, gifts or anything else of value, directly or indirectly, to any person while knowing that all or some portion of the money or value will be offered, given or promised to anyone to improperly influence official action, to obtain business or otherwise to secure any improper advantage. Each Loan Party has conducted its business in compliance with the Anti-Corruption Laws and maintains policies and procedures reasonably designed to promote and achieve compliance with such laws. No Loan Party will directly or indirectly, use the proceeds from the Loans for the purpose of financing or facilitating any activity that would violate the Anti-Corruption Laws.

Section 5.23 Licenses and Permits. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.23 to the Disclosure Letter, each Loan Party possesses all permits, licenses, approvals, consents and other authorizations (collectively, "Permits") issued by the appropriate Governmental Authorities necessary to conduct the business now operated by it, except where the failure to so possess would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Loan Party is in compliance with the terms and conditions of all such Permits and all such Permits are valid and in full force and effect, except, in each case, where the failure so to comply or where the invalidity of such Permits or the failure of such Permits to be in full force and effect, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a Material Adverse Effect. No Loan Party has received any written notice of proceedings relating to the revocation or material modification of any such Permits. Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have or may reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, no Loan Party has received any written notice of adverse filing, warning letter, untitled letter or or ther correspondence or written notice in respect of the Product from FDA or any other regulatory authority or other Governmental Authority alleging or asserting noncompliance with FFDCA or similar U.S. federal or state or non-U.S. Law.

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Section 5.24 <u>Regulatory Filings</u>, Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have or reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (a) each Loan Party is and has been in compliance with applicable health care Laws, including the FFDCA and the U.S. Anti-Kickback Statute (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(b)) (collectively, "<u>Health Care Laws</u>"). (b) each Loan Party possesses all licenses, certificates, approvals, clearances, authorizations and permits and supplements or amendments thereto required by any such Health Care Laws and/or to carry on its businesses as now or proposed to be conducted ("<u>Health Care Authorizations</u>"), such Health Care Authorizations are valid and in full force and effect and no Loan Party is in violation of any term of any such Health Care Authorizations (c) no Loan Party has received written notice of any ongoing claim, action, suit, proceeding, hearing, enforcement, investigation, arbitration or other action from any Governmental Authority alleging that any product, operation or activity is in violation of any Health Care Laws or Health Care Authorizations or has any knowledge that any such Governmental Authority or third party is considering any such claim, action, suit, proceeding, hearing, enforcement, investigation, arbitration or other action to limit, suspend, modify or revoke any Health Care Authorizations or has any knowledge that any such Governmental Authority is considering any Health Care Authorizations or has any knowledge that any such Governmental Authority is considering any Health Care and knowledge that any such Governmental Authority is or shear any knowledge that any such Governmental Authority is considering such action and (e) each Loan Party has filed, maintained and submitted all reports, documents, forms, notices, applications, records, claims and submissions and supplements or amendments thereto as required by any Health Care Laws or Health Care Authorizations, and all such reports, documents, forms, notices, applications, records, claims, submissio

Section 5.25 <u>Clinical Trials</u>. To the Knowledge of the Loan Parties, the pre-clinical and clinical studies and trials conducted by or on behalf of such Loan Party in respect of the Product have been and, if still pending, are being conducted in all material respects with reasonable care and in accordance in all material respects with the protocols submitted to the FDA or comparable Governmental Authorities and all Health Care Laws and Health Care Authorizations. No Loan Party has received any written notice or correspondence from any Governmental Authority requiring the termination, suspension or material (as determined by such Loan Party giving due consideration to modifications in the ordinary course of dealing with the FDA or other applicable regulatory agencies) modification of any pre-clinical or clinical study or trial conducted by or on behalf of such Loan Party in respect of the Product.

Section 5.26 Internal Controls. The Parent's independent registered public accounting firm and the audit committee of the board of directors of the Parent have been advised of (a) all significant deficiencies, if any, in the design or operation of internal controls that could adversely affect the Parent's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and (b) all fraud, if any, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a role in the Parent's internal controls. All "material weaknesses" (as defined in Rule 1-02(a)(4) of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act) of the Parent, if any, have been identified to the Parent's independent registered public accounting firm and are set forth on Schedule 5.26 to the Disclosure Letter. Since the end of the Parent's most recent audited fiscal year, except as set forth on Schedule 5.26 to the Disclosure Letter. Since the end of the Parent's most recent audited fiscal year, except as forth on Schedule 5.26 to the Disclosure Letter.

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Section 5.27 <u>Accounting Controls</u>. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.27 to the Disclosure Letter, the Parent has established and maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that: (a) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; (b) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain accountability for assets; (c) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (d) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

Section 5.28 Existing Investments. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.28 to the Disclosure Letter, no Loan Party has any outstanding Investments as of the Effective Date.

Section 5.29 <u>Security Documents</u>. The representations and warranties of each Loan Party in each Security Document to which such Loan Party is a party are true and correct as of the date of such Security Document, except to the extent that any such untrue or incorrect statement, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on the Collateral or the perfection or priority of the Liens therein.

Section 5.30 <u>Proper Legal Form</u>. Subject to the Perfection Requirements and except as may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity and, subject in the case of each Irish Loan Party, to the Legal Reservations, the Loan Documents are in proper legal form under the laws of each Specified Jurisdiction to be valid, legal, effective, enforceable or admissible into evidence in the courts of each Specified Jurisdiction except for any other procedural steps that have been taken or that can be taken at any time without significant expense or delay and without prejudice to any rights or remedies the Lender may have under the Loan Documents.

Section 5.31 Security Interests. Subject to the Perfection Requirements and, in the case of each Irish Loan Party, the Legal Reservations, each Security Document creates in favor of the Lender, a legal, valid and enforceable Lien in the Collateral secured thereby except as may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity. Upon the filing of the financing statements (on Forms UCC-1 or otherwise) described in Section 4.01(d), such security interests in and Liens on the Collateral granted thereby shall be perfected, to the extent perfection can be accomplished through such filings, agreements or recordings, security interests (subject to Permitted Liens), and, except as contemplated by any Security Document, if any, no further recordings, notices or filings are or will be required in connection with the creation, perfection or enforcement of such security interests and Liens (other than, in the case of an Irish Loan Party, the filings required under section 409 of the Companies Act 2014 of Ireland and in respect of the English Borrower, the filings required under the Companies Act 2006).

Section 5.32 <u>Non-Bank Rules</u>. The Swiss Borrower is in compliance with the Non-Bank Rules; provided that the Swiss Borrower shall not be in breach of this representation if its number of creditors that are not Qualifying Banks in respect of either the 10 Non-Bank Rule or the 20 Non-Bank Rule is exceeded solely because a Lender having (a) made an incorrect

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declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank, (b) failed to comply with its obligations under Section 10.07(b)(iv) of this Agreement or (c) ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any Change in Law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement. For the purpose of the Swiss Borrower's compliance with the 20 Non-Bank Rule under this Section 5.32, the number of Lenders under this Agreement which are not Qualifying Banks shall be deemed to be ten (irrespective of whether or not there are, at any time, any such Lenders).

Section 5.33 <u>Disclosure</u>. The written information furnished by or on behalf of the Loan Parties to the Lender or the Collateral Agent in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement on or prior to the Effective Date, taken as a whole, does not contain a material misstatement of fact and does not omit any material fact necessary to make such information not materially misleading as of such date; provided that, no representation or warranty is made as to the Projections or other forward looking statements or information of a general economic or industry-specific nature.

ARTICLE VI

COVENANTS OF THE LOAN PARTIES

Until the Obligations are Paid In Full, each Loan Party agrees that, unless the Lender shall otherwise consent in writing:

Section 6.01 Reports and Other Information.

(a) Quarterly and Annual Financials.

(i) The Parent shall deliver to the Lender, within 60 days (or, following any Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout, such earlier date on which the Parent is required to file a Form 10-Q under the Exchange Act, if applicable, after giving effect to any extension made in compliance with Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act, after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal quarter of the Parent, beginning with the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2021, a consolidated balance sheet of the Parent and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such fiscal quarter and the related consolidated statements of income and cash flows for such fiscal quarter and (in respect of the second and third fiscal quarters of such fiscal year) for the then-elapsed portion of the Parent's fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for the comparable period or periods in the previous fiscal year, all prepared in accordance with GAAP; provided, however, that the Parent shall be deemed to have made such delivery of such consolidated financial statements following any Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout if such consolidated financial statements of such fiscal guarter and (in above on the SEC's EDGAR System (or any successor system adopted by the SEC); provided, further, however, that the Lender shall have no obligation whatsoever to determine whether or not such information, documents or reports have been filed pursuant to EDGAR (or its successor). Such consolidated financial statements shall be certified by a Financial Officer as, to his or her knowledge, fairly presenting, in all material respects, the consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Parent and its Subsidiaries as of the dates and for the periods specified in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, and on a basis consistent with the audited consolidated financial statements referred to under Section 6.01(a)(i)).

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subject to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Parent or any of its Subsidiaries has made an Acquisition, the financial statements with respect to an acquired entity need not be included in the consolidated quarterly financial statements required to be delivered pursuant to this Section 6.01(a)(i) until the first date upon which such quarterly financial statements are required to be so delivered that is at least 90 days after the date such acquisition is consummated; and

(ii) The Parent shall deliver to the Lender within 120 days (or, following a Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout, such earlier date on which the Parent is required to file a Form 10-K under the Exchange Act, if applicable, after giving effect to any extension made in compliance with Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act, after giving effect to any extension made in 201, a consolidated balance sheet of the Parent and its Subsidiaries as of the end of each fiscal year, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows and stockholders' equity for such fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year, all prepared in accordance with GAAP, with such consolidated financial statements to be audited and accompanied by (x) a report and unqualified opinion of the Parent's independent certified public accounting firm of recognized standing in the United States (which report and opinion shall be prepared in accordance with GAAP), stating that such financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Parent as of the dates and for the periods specified in accordance with GAAP; and (y) following a Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout (if and only if the Parent is required to comply with the internal control provisions pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such internal controls pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attesting that such inter

(b) <u>Compliance with Agreement</u>. The Parent shall deliver to the Lender, concurrently with the delivery of the annual financial statements provided for in 6.02(a)(ii), commencing with respect to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021, an Officers' Certificate certifying that to each such Officer's actual knowledge there is no Default that has occurred and is continuing or, if either such Officer does know of any such Default, such Officer shall include in such certificate a description of such Default and its status with particularity.

(c) Information During Default. The Parent shall deliver to the Lender, promptly, such additional information regarding the business or financial affairs of the Parent or any of its Subsidiaries, or compliance with the terms of this Agreement, as the Lender may from time to time reasonably request during the existence of any Default (subject to reasonable requirements of confidentiality (which shall not prohibit or otherwise prevent the delivery of any written notice of such Default under this Agreement), including requirements imposed by law or contract; and provided that the Parent shall not be obligated to disclose any information that is reasonably subject to the assertion of attorney-client privilege).

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(d) <u>Notice of Product Claims</u>. The Parent shall deliver to the Lender any written notice of any action, claim, investigation or proceeding (commenced or threatened in writing) by or before any Governmental Authority related to the Product or the Product Assets (other than prosecution with the PTO in the ordinary course of business) that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect together with any related materials no later than ten (10) Business Days after receipt by the Parent.

(e) <u>Additional Information</u>. Promptly upon written request, the Parent shall deliver such other information concerning the financial condition or operations of any Loan Party as the Lender or Collateral Agent may from time to time reasonably request.

Section 6.02 Limitation on Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock and Preferred Stock.

(a) No Loan Party shall, directly or indirectly, Incur any Indebtedness or issue any shares of Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock; provided that such prohibition shall not apply to:

(i) the Incurrence by the Loan Parties of Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this Agreement;

(ii) the Incurrence by the Swiss Borrower and each Loan Party that is a "Responsible Party" (as defined in the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, as applicable) of liabilities and obligations (x) under the RIPSA or (y) the NovaQuest Funding Agreement to the extent such liabilities and obligations constitute Indebtedness hereunder;

(iii) Indebtedness (including Capitalized Lease Obligations) Incurred by any Loan Party to finance (whether prior to or within 270 days after) the acquisition, lease, construction, repair, replacement or improvement of property (real or personal) or equipment (whether through the direct purchase of assets or the Capital Stock of any Person owning such assets) in an aggregate principal amount that, when aggregated with the principal amount of all other Indebtedness then outstanding that was Incurred pursuant to this clause (iii), does not exceed [***] at any one time;

(iv) Indebtedness Incurred by any Loan Party constituting reimbursement obligations with respect to letters of credit and bank guarantees issued in the ordinary course of business in respect of workers' compensation claims, health, disability or other benefits to employees or former employees or their families or property, casualty or liability insurance or self-insurance or in connection with the maintenance of, or pursuant to the requirements of, environmental permits or licenses from Governmental Authorities;

(v) Hedging Obligations of any Loan Party that are incurred in the ordinary course of business and not for speculative purposes but for the purpose of fixing or hedging interest rate risk with respect to any floating-rate Indebtedness permitted under this Section 6.02 or currency exchange rate risk with respect to any currency exchanges;

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(vi) Indebtedness arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business;

(vii) Indebtedness of any Loan Party consisting of (x) the financing of insurance premiums or (y) take-or-pay obligations contained in supply arrangements, in each case, in the ordinary course of business;

(viii) Indebtedness related to unfunded pension fund and other employee benefit plan obligations and liabilities to the extent they are permitted to remain unfunded under applicable law;

(ix) the Incurrence by the Parent of any Senior Subordinated Convertible Debt and any Permitted Equity Derivative;

(x) Indebtedness of a Loan Party to another Loan Party; provided, that any subsequent issuance or transfer of any Capital Stock or any other event that results in any Loan Party to which such Indebtedness is owed ceasing to be a Loan Party or any other subsequent transfer of any such Indebtedness (except to any Loan rate) or match such indebtedness constituting a Permitted Lien) shall be deemed, in each case, to be an Incurrence of such Indebtedness not permitted by this clause (x);

(xi) the Incurrence by the Parent of any Subordinated Indebtedness, not to exceed [***] at the time of Incurrence;

(xii) shares of Preferred Stock of a Loan Party (other than the Parent) issued to another Loan Party; provided that any subsequent issuance or transfer of any Capital Stock or any other event that results in any Loan Party that holds such shares of Preferred Stock of a Subsidiary ceasing to be a Loan Party or any other subsequent transfer of any such shares of Preferred Stock of a

Party) shall be deemed, in each case, to be an issuance of shares of Preferred Stock not permitted by this clause (xii);

(xiii) Indebtedness to trade creditors incurred in the ordinary course of business;

(xiv) other Indebtedness in an amount not to exceed [***] at any time outstanding;

(xv) reimbursement obligations in connection with letters of credit and cash management services and issued on behalf of a Borrower or a Subsidiary thereof in an amount not to exceed [***] at any time outstanding;

(xvi) Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business with corporate credit cards, merchant cards, and purchase cards in an amount not to exceed [***];

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(xvii) Indebtedness that also constitutes a Permitted Investment and Indebtedness consisting of obligations under deferred or contingent consideration arrangements (including earn-outs, milestone payments, royalties and other contingent or deferred obligations as long as such obligations are not evidenced by any "seller notes" or similar Indebtedness);

(xviii) reimbursement obligations in connection with the letters of credit set forth on Schedule 5.15 to the Disclosure Letter;

(xix) extensions, refinancings and renewals of any items of Indebtedness permitted by this Section 6.02, provided that the principal amount is not increased or the terms modified to impose materially more burdensome terms upon Parent or its Subsidiary, as the case may be.

Section 6.03 Limitation on Restricted Payments.

and

(a) The Parent shall not, directly or indirectly:

(i) declare or pay any dividend or make any distribution on account of the Parent's Equity Interests, including any payment made in connection with any merger, amalgamation or consolidation involving the Parent;

(ii) purchase or otherwise acquire or retire for value any Equity Interests of the Parent or any direct or indirect parent of the Parent;

(iii) make any principal payment on, or redeem, repurchase, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, in each case prior to any scheduled repayment or scheduled maturity, any Subordinated Indebtedness of the Parent (including the Senior Subordinated Convertible Debt);

(iv) make any payment in respect of, or redeem, repurchase, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, any obligations under the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement; or

(v) make any Restricted Investment;

(all such payments and other actions set forth in clauses (i) through (v) above being collectively referred to as "Restricted Payments").

(b) The provisions of Section 6.03(a) shall not prohibit:

(i) the payment of any dividend or distribution within 60 days after the date of declaration thereof in an amount up to the then current amount of the Cumulative Credit as of the date of such declaration, if at the date of declaration and at the time of payment such payment would have complied with the provisions of this Agreement and no Default has occurred and is continuing;

(ii) repurchases of Equity Interests deemed to occur upon cashless exercise of stock options or warrants if such Equity Interests represent a portion of the exercise price of such options or warrants;

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(iii) (x) Restricted Payments by the Parent to allow the payment of cash in lieu of the issuance of fractional shares upon the exercise of options or warrants or upon the conversion or exchange of Capital Stock of the Parent or Indebtedness convertible into Capital Stock of the Parent (including dividends, splits, combinations and business combinations) or (y) the issuance of Capital Stock upon conversion of Indebtedness convertible into Capital Stock of the Parent or the exercise of stock options or warrants;

(iv) the redemption, repurchase, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Subordinated Indebtedness of the Parent (including the Senior Subordinated Convertible Debt) in an amount up to the then current amount of the Cumulative Credit;

(v) payments or distributions to satisfy dissenters' rights pursuant to or in connection with a merger, amalgamation, consolidation or transfer of assets permitted by this Agreement;

(vi) payments on behalf of the Parent or the Swiss Borrower in an amount up to the then current amount of the Cumulative Credit in respect of any obligations under the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement prior to any scheduled repayment or scheduled maturity, and subject to the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement;

(vii) repurchases of (A) shares or stock from former employees, directors, or consultants of Parent under the terms of applicable repurchase agreements at the original issuance price of such securities in an aggregate amount not to exceed [***] in any fiscal year; and

(viii) the purchase of (x) any Permitted Equity Derivatives in connection with the issuance of any Convertible Debt Securities permitted hereunder (and the replacement of any such Permitted Equity Derivatives) and (y) Equity Interests of the Borrower with proceeds of any Convertible Debt Securities issued no more than 365 days prior to the date of such purchase; or

(ix) the unwinding, settlement or termination of any Permitted Equity Derivatives; provided, that the entry into such

Permitted Equity Derivative was not prohibited by this Agreement.

(c) No Loan Party (other than the Parent) shall, directly or indirectly:

(i) declare or pay any dividend or make any distribution on account of such Loan Party's Equity Interests, including any payment made in connection with any merger, amalgamation or consolidation involving such Loan Party, except to another Loan Party and, in the case of any dividend or distribution payable on or in respect of any class or series of securities issued by a Loan Party that is not a wholly-owned Subsidiary of Parent, to any third party owners of such securities; provided, however, that all such dividends or distributions made by any Loan Party that is not a wholly-owned Subsidiary of Parent shall be made on a *pro rata* basis or on a basis more favorable than a *pro rata* basis to the Parent and its Subsidiaries;

(ii) purchase or otherwise acquire or retire for value any Equity Interests of such Loan Party or any direct or indirect parent of such Loan Party:

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(iii) make any payment in respect of, or redeem, repurchase, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, any obligations under the RIPSA (including in respect of any Revenue Interests) or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement (including in respect of any payment thereunder), other than the Swiss Borrower and only in accordance with the terms thereof as in effect on the Effective Date (or otherwise approved in writing by the Lender) and subject to the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement; provided, that any payments in respect of any obligations under the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement prior to any scheduled repayment or scheduled maturity, including as a result of any Put Event (as defined under the RIPSA), any failure to obtain any Marketing Authorization by a specified deadline or any termination of the Program (as defined in the NQ Funding Agreement), shall only be made pursuant to Section 6.03(b)(vi);

(iv) in the case of the Swiss Borrower, make any payment to Ultimate Parent in respect of subrogation claims against the Swiss Borrower under the Guarantee Agreement dated as of July 10, 2018 by Ultimate Parent in favor of NovaQuest; or

(v) make any Restricted Investment

(d) No Loan Party (other than the Parent) shall create or otherwise cause or suffer to exist or become effective any contractual obligation that encumbers or restricts the ability of any Loan Party (other than the Parent) to pay dividends or make any other distributions on any of such Loan Party's Equity Interests, except to the extent provided in clause (c)(i) above.

Section 6.04 Books and Records; Inspection Rights and Quarterly Calls.

(a) Each Loan Party shall keep proper books of record and accounts in which full, true and correct entries in conformity in all material respects with GAAP shall be made of all dealings and transactions in relation to its business and activities.

(b) The Lender, from time to time (but no more frequently than once per year unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing), shall have the right to visit the Parent's offices and properties where the Parent keeps and maintains its financial books and records for purposes of conducting an audit of such books and records and to inspect, copy and audit such books and records, during normal business hours, upon ten (10) Business Days' prior written notice given by the Lender to the Parent in which case the Parent shall provide the Lender reasonable access to such books and records during regular business hours and shall permit the Lender to discuss the business, operations, affairs, assets, properties and financial and other condition of the Parent and any of its Subsidiaries with officers of the Parent or the applicable Loan Party; provided, however, that the Parent shall not be obligated pursuant to this Section 6.04(b) to provide any information that it reasonably considers subject to attorney-client privilege. The Parent los bereby irrevocably authorizes its independent registered public accounting firm to discuss such matters with the Lender during such visit. The cost of any such visit shall not be at the expense of any Loan Party unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

(c) The Parent shall organize and the Parent's officers shall participate in a teleconference call with the Lender, from time to time (but no more frequently than once per calendar quarter), to discuss the affairs, finances and accounts of the Parent and its Subsidiaries, if requested by the Lender on at least five (5) Business Days' prior notice.

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Section 6.05 <u>No Disposition</u>. The Loan Parties shall not, directly or indirectly, (a) make a Disposition of any assets or property (or any interest therein) or (b) issue or sell Equity Interests (other than directors' qualifying shares and shares issued to foreign nationals or other third parties to the extent required by applicable law) of any Loan Party (other than the Parent) other than to any other Loan Party (whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions), in each case, except for Permitted Dispositions.

Section 6.06 Transactions with Affiliates.

(a) No Loan Party shall, directly or indirectly, make any payment to, or lease or Dispose of any of its properties or assets to, or purchase any property or assets from, or enter into or make or amend any transaction or series of transactions, contract, agreement, understanding, loan, advance or guarantee with, or for the benefit of, any Affiliate of such Loan Party (each of the foregoing, an "Affiliate Transaction") involving aggregate consideration in excess of [***] unless:

(i) such Affiliate Transaction is on terms that are not less favorable to the applicable Loan Party than those that could have been obtained in a comparable transaction by such Loan Party with an unrelated Person as determined by the majority of the disinterested members of the Board of Directors of such Loan Party; and

(ii) with respect to any Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions involving aggregate consideration in excess of [***] the applicable Loan Party delivers to the Lender a resolution adopted by the majority of the disinterested members of the Board of Directors of such Loan Party, approving such Affiliate Transaction, evidenced by an Officers' Certificate certifying that such Affiliate Transaction complies with clause (i) above.

(b) The provisions of Section 6.06(a) shall not apply to any of the following:

(i) the payment of reasonable and customary compensation, benefits, fees and reimbursement of expenses paid to, and indemnity, contribution and insurance provided on behalf of, officers, directors, employees or consultants of any Loan Party;

(ii) transactions in which the Parent delivers to the Lender a letter from an Independent Financial Advisor stating that such transaction is fair to the applicable Loan Party from a financial point of view or meets the requirements of Section 6.06(a)(i);

(iii) any contract, agreement or understanding as in effect as of the Effective Date or any amendment thereto (so long as any such contract, agreement or understanding together with all amendments thereto, taken as a whole, is not more disadvantageous to the Lender in any material respect than the original contract, agreement or understanding as in effect on the Effective Date) or any transaction contemplated thereby as determined in good faith by the Parent;

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(iv) the existence of, or the performance by the Parent of its obligations under the terms of, any stockholders, equityholders or similar agreement (including any registration rights agreement or purchase agreement related thereto) to which it is a party as of the Effective Date and any amendment thereto or similar transactions, agreements or arrangements that it may enter into thereafter; provided that the existence of, or the performance by the Parent of its obligations under, any future amendment to any such existing transaction, agreement or under any similar transaction, agreement or arrangement together with all amendments thereto, taken as a whole, or new transaction, agreement or arrangement or arrangement are not otherwise more disadvantageous to the Lender in any material respect than the original transaction, agreement or arrangement as in effect on the Effective Date:

(v) the issuance of Equity Interests of the Parent to any Person;

(vi) any contribution to the capital of the Parent;

(vii) intercompany transactions undertaken in good faith for the purpose of improving the consolidated tax efficiency of the Parent and its Subsidiaries and not for the purpose of circumventing compliance with any covenant set forth in this Agreement;

(viii) the formation and maintenance of any consolidated group or subgroup for tax, accounting or cash pooling or management purposes in the ordinary course of business;

(ix) payments to an Affiliate in respect of the Loan or any other Indebtedness of any Loan Party that is permitted by this Agreement on the same basis as concurrent payments are made or offered to be made in respect thereof to non-Affiliates or on a basis more favorable to such non-Affiliates;

(x) Restricted Payments permitted by Section 6.03, Indebtedness permitted by Section 6.02, Permitted Investments (without giving effect to clause (12) of the definition of "Permitted Investments") and Permitted Dispositions;

(xi) the issuance of securities or equity awards pursuant to stock option, equity incentive, stock ownership, non-employee director compensation or similar employee or director equity plans approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent in good faith;

(xii) transactions in the ordinary course of business between a Loan Party and any Person, a director of which is also a director of such Loan Party or a director of any direct or indirect parent of such Loan Party that does not materially adversely affect the value of such Loan Party or materially impair the operation of the business of any Loan Party; provided, however, that such director abstains from voting as a director of the applicable Loan Party or such direct or indirect parent, as the case may be, on any matter involving such other Person;

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(xiii) (A) transactions with customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers or sellers of goods or services, or transactions otherwise relating to the purchase or sale of goods or services, in each case, in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice, which are fair to the applicable Loan Party in the reasonable determination of the Board of Directors or the senior management of the Parent, or are on terms that are no less favorable to the applicable Loan Party than those that could reasonably have been obtained in a comparable arm's length transaction at the applicable time with a Person that is not an Affiliate of any Loan Party or (B) transactions with joint ventures entered into in the ordinary course of business that are not otherwise prohibited by this Agreement;

(xiv) payments, advances or loans (or cancellation of loans) to officers, directors, employees or consultants of any Loan Party and employment agreements, stock option plans, indemnification agreements, severance and separation agreements and other similar arrangements with such officers, directors, employees or consultants that, in each case, are either entered to in the ordinary course of business or approved by a majority of the disinterested members of the Board of Directors of the Parent in good faith; and

(xv) transactions exclusively among the Loan Parties; provided that, after giving effect to any such transaction in reliance on this Section 6.06(b)(xv), either (x) a majority of the property, plant, and equipment of the Loan Parties shall be held by the Swiss Borrower or (y) the aggregate amount of property, plant, and equipment held by the Loan Parties other than the Swiss Borrower shall not exceed [***] (in each case, measured on a pro forma basis as of the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter for which financial statements have been delivered pursuant to Section 6.01(a)).

Section 6.07 <u>Further Instruments and Acts</u>. Each Loan Party shall execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purpose of this Agreement.

Section 6.08 Limitation on Liens. No Loan Party shall, directly or indirectly, create, Incur or suffer to exist any Lien (except Permitted Liens) on any asset or property of any Loan Party.

Section 6.09 <u>After-Acquired Property</u>. Upon the acquisition by any Loan Party of any assets or property other than Excluded Assets (such assets or property, the "<u>After-Acquired Property</u>"), such Loan Party shall promptly notify the Lender and the Collateral Agent thereof and execute and deliver such mortgages, deeds of trust, security instruments, pledge agreements or financing statements as shall be reasonably necessary to vest in the Collateral Agent a perfected security interest or other Lien, subject only to Permitted Liens, in such After-Acquired Property and to have such After-Acquired Property added to the Collateral, and shall promptly netures to Collateral security interest or other Lien, subject only to Permitted Liens, in such After-Acquired Property and to have such After-Acquired Property added to the Collateral, and shall promptly nequested by the Lender (subject to customary assumptions, exceptions and qualifications), and thereupon all provisions of this Agreement relating to the Collateral shall be deemed to relate to such After-Acquired Property to the same extent and with the same force and effect. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) newly acquired assets consisting of Intellectual Property shall only be disclosed to Lender on a quarterly basis and concurrently with the delivery of the financial statements delivered pursuant to Section 6.01(a)(i) and (ii) if any property or assets of any Loan Party originally deemed to be an Excluded Asset at any point ceases to be an Excluded Asset pursuant to the definition of "Excluded Assets", all or the applicable portion of such property or assets shall be deemed to be After-Acquired Property and shall be added to the Collateral in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Section 6.09.

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Section 6.10 <u>Product Assets; Intellectual Property</u>. Each Loan Party shall, at its sole expense, (a) maintain the Product Assets and any other Intellectual Property owned, licensed or otherwise held by such Loan Party in each case where the failure to do so would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect and (b) to the extent such Loan Party in good faith determines appropriate, defend the Product Assets and such Intellectual Property against actual infringement or interference by any other Persons and against any claims of invalidity or unenforceability by any other Persons (including by bringing any legal action for infringement or defending any counterclaim of invalidity or action for declaratory judgment of non-infringement), in each case where the failure to do so would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. No Loan Party shall disclaim or abandon, or fail to take any action the applicable Loan Party in good faith determines appropriate to prevent the disclaimer or abandonment of, the Product Assets or such Intellectual Property, in each case where such disclaimer, abandonment or failure to take any such action would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this Section 6.10 shall not apply to or otherwise limit (i) the Incurrence of any Permitted Lien permitted on the Product Assets or (ii) the consummation of any Disposition permitted by Section 6.05.

Section 6.11 Maintenance of Assets; Maintenance of Insurance.

(a) Each Loan Party shall maintain or cause to be maintained in good repair, working order and condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted, all material properties necessary in the conduct of its business, and from time to time shall make or cause to be made all appropriate repairs, renewals and replacements thereof except where the failure in any individual case or in the aggregate to maintain such properties would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Each Loan Party shall maintain, until the termination of this Agreement, with insurance companies that are financially sound and reputable, such public liability insurance, business interruption insurance, third party property damage insurance and casualty insurance with respect to liabilities, losses or damage in respect of its respective properties and assets as are customarily carried or maintained under similar circumstances by Persons engaged in similar businesses, in each case, in such amounts, with such deductibles, covering such risks and otherwise on such terms and conditions as are customary for such other Persons to maintain under similar circumstances in similar businesses.

Section 6.12 <u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Borrowers shall use the proceeds (net of any original issue discount) from the Loan in the following manner to pay the fees and expenses to be paid on or prior to the Effective Date in connection with the Transactions, to pay in full and terminate the Hercules Credit Facility and for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

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Section 6.13 Existence. Subject to the terms hereof, each of the Loan Parties will do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its respective existence, rights (charter and statutory), license and franchises.

Section 6.14 <u>FDA Approval</u>. Each applicable Loan Party shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to obtain the FDA Marketing Approval Letter to market the Product in the United States.

Section 6.15 <u>Commercialization of the Product</u>. Following the receipt of a Marketing Authorization in any jurisdiction, each applicable Loan Party shall use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to Commercialize the Product in each jurisdiction in respect of which Marketing Authorization has been received.

Section 6.16 <u>Compliance with Governing Documents</u>. Each Loan Party (a) shall comply in all material respects with its Governing Documents and (b) not amend or consent to any amendment of its Governing Documents or the Governing Documents of any other Loan Party in any manner adverse to the interests of the Lender.

Section 6.17 <u>Compliance with Applicable Law, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws</u>. The Loan Parties shall comply in all material respects with all applicable law in the conduct of their business and affairs and with respect to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and all ancillary agreements related thereto, in each case, except as could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Borrower will maintain in effect and enforce policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance by such Borrower, such Borrower's Subsidiaries, and their respective directors, officers, employees, and agents with applicable Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws.

Section 6.18 <u>Tax Matters</u>. The Loan Parties shall (a) timely file all income and other material Tax returns and reports as required by applicable law and such returns and reports shall be true and correct in all material respects, (b) pay all Taxes when due and payable, unless the same are being contested in good faith by appropriate action and for which adequate reserves have been provided in accordance with GAAP, and (c) not file any Tax return or report under any name other than its exact legal name, except, in the cases of clauses (a) to (c), to the extent such non-compliance, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to cause a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 6.19 Liquidity. The Loan Parties shall maintain, as of the end of each calendar month, at least \$10,000,000 aggregate unrestricted Cash Equivalents in accounts held by or in the name of any Loan Party and subject to a Control Agreement; provided, however, that the covenant under this Section 6.19 shall be of no further force and effect upon the earlier of the date of a Qualified IPO or Ultimate Parent Spinout and the date that XYQ Luxco Sà.rl., in its capacity as a purchaser under the RIPSA, has received cumulative payments from the Swiss Borrower under the RIPSA from and after the date of the RIPSA through and including any date of determination in an aggregate amount equal to [***].

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Section 6.20 <u>Nature of Business</u>. No Loan Party shall engage in or enter into any business other than the business in which the Loan Parties are engaged as of the Effective Date and activities reasonably related thereto.

Section 6.21 <u>Merger or Transfer of Assets by any Borrower</u>. No Borrower shall, directly or indirectly, merge, amalgamate or consolidate with or into or wind up or convert into (whether or not any Borrower is the surviving Person), or lease or Dispose of all or substantially all of its properties or assets in one or more related transactions to, any Person unless:

(a) (i) the applicable Borrower is the surviving Person or the Person formed by or surviving any such merger, amalgamation, consolidation, winding up or conversion (if other than any Borrower) or to which such lease or Disposition shall have been made is a corporation, partnership or limited liability company organized or existing under the laws of the jurisdiction of the Borrower (such Borrower or such Person, as the case may be, being herein called the <u>"Successor Company</u>"); and (ii) the Successor Company (if other than a Borrower) expressly assumes all the obligations of the applicable Borrower under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (including the Security Documents) pursuant to other documents or instruments in form reasonably satisfactory to the Lender (and in such event such Borrower will automatically and unconditionally be released and discharged from its obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents); and

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Company as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Company at the time of such transaction) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(c) the Successor Company shall have delivered to the Lender (i) an Officers' Certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such transaction and such documentation relating to such transaction complies with this Agreement and the obligations of the applicable Borrower under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain obligations of the Successor Company and confirming the necessary actions to continue the perfection and priority of the Collateral Agent's Lien in the Collateral and of the preservation of its rights therein and (ii) an Officers' Certificate stating that such necessary actions have been taken (together with evidence thereof) promptly and in any event no later than 30 days following such transaction.

Section 6.22 <u>Merger or Transfer of Assets by any Guarantor</u>. No Guarantor shall, directly or indirectly, merge, amalgamate or consolidate with or into or wind up or convert into (whether or not a Guarantor is the surviving Person), or lease or Dispose of all or substantially all of its properties or assets in one or more related transactions to, any Person unless:

(a) (i) the applicable Guarantor is the surviving Person or the Person formed by or surviving any such merger, amalgamation, consolidation, winding up or conversion (if other than such Guarantor) or to which such lease or Disposition shall have been made is a corporation, partnership or limited liability company organized or existing under the laws of the Guarantor engaging in such merger, amalgamation, consolidation winding up or conversion or making such lease or Disposition (such Guarantor or such Person, as the case may be, being herein called the "Successor Guarantor (other than such Guarantor)

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expressly assumes all the obligations of such Guarantor under this Agreement, the Guarantee and the other Loan Documents (including the Security Documents) pursuant to documents or instruments in form reasonably satisfactory to the Lender (and in such event such Guarantor will automatically and unconditionally be released and discharged from its obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents);

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Guarantor as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Guarantor at the time of such transaction) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(c) the Successor Guarantor shall have delivered to the Lender (i) an Officers' Certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such transaction and such documentation relating to such transaction complies with this Agreement and the obligations of the Guarantor under this Agreement and the Guarantee remain obligations of the Successor Guarantor and the other Loan Documents remain obligations of the Successor Guarantor and the other Loan Documents remain obligations of the Successor Guarantor and confirming the necessary actions to continue the perfection and priority of the Lender's Lien in the Collateral and of the preservation of its rights therein and (ii) an Officers' Certificate stating that such necessary actions have been taken (together with evidence thereof) promptly and in any event no later than 30 days following such transaction.

Section 6.23 Separateness Covenant, Each Loan Party shall each: (a) hold itself out as a separate entity; (b) maintain an arm's length relationship with its Affiliates; (c) conduct business in its own name; (d) not commingle its assets with those of any other Person; and (e) maintain its books and records and accounts separate from any other Person.

Section 6.24 <u>ERISA</u>. No Loan Party shall (a) become part of a Controlled Group in which any member establishes, maintains, sponsors or contributes to (or has any obligation to contribute to) a Pension Plan or (b) establish, maintain, sponsor or contribute to (or become obligated to contribute to) any Plan or Multiemployer Plan other than 401(k) plans and welfare benefit plans.

Section 6.25 <u>Future Domestic Guarantors</u>. The Parent shall cause each Subsidiary of Parent that is incorporated, formed or organized under the laws of the United States, any state of the United States or the District of Columbia or acquired after the date hereof and is incorporated, formed or organized under the laws of the United States, any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, within 15 Business Days of becoming a Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent pursuant to which such Subsidiary shall become bound hereby and guarantee the Obligations in accordance with Article VIII hereof; provided, however, that if such Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Nowever, that if such Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Inmaterial Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent pursuant to which such Subsidiary shall become bound hereby and guarantee the Obligations in accordance with Article VIII hereof. Concurrently with the execution and delivery of such joinder agreement,

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the Parent shall deliver to the Lender and Collateral Agent an Opinion of Counsel and an Officers' Certificate to the effect that such joinder agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by such Person and that, subject to the Perfection Requirements and application of Bankruptcy Laws and to the principles of equity, whether considered in a proceeding at law or in equity, this Agreement is a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Guarantor, enforceable against such Guarantor in accordance with its terms and to such other customary matters as the Lender may reasonably request.

Section 6.26 <u>Future Foreign Guarantors</u>. The Parent shall cause each Subsidiary of Parent that is incorporated, formed, organized or acquired after the date hereof, and which is organized outside of the laws of the United States or any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, within 30 Days of becoming a Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substances satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent provided, however, that this Section 6.26 shall not apply to any such Subsidiary that is an Immaterial Subsidiary; provided, further, however, that if such Subsidiary ceases to be an Immaterial Subsidiary, the Parent shall cause such Subsidiary, within 30 Days of ceasing to be an Immaterial Subsidiary, to execute and deliver to the Lender and the Collateral Agent a joinder agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender and the Collateral Agent pursuant to which such Subsidiary shall become bound hereby and guarantee the Obligations in accordance with Article VIII hereof. Concurrently with the execution and delivery of such joinder agreement, the Parent shall cluver to the Lender and Collateral Agent a pointon of Counsel and an Officers' Certificate to the effect that such joinder agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by such Person and that, subject to the Perfection Requirements, the application of Bankruptcy Laws and to the principles of equity, whether considered in a proceeding at law or in equity, this Agreement is a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Guarantor, enforceable against such Guarantor in accordance with its terms and to such other customary matters as the Lender may reasonably request.

Section 6.27 <u>Controlled Accounts</u>. No Loan Party shall open, establish or maintain any financial account (including any "deposit account", "securities account" and "commodity account" as such terms are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) with any bank, financial institution, depositary institution, broker, securities intermediary, commodity intermediary or other Person engaged in similar activities unless such financial account is subject to a Control Agreement; provided that the foregoing restriction does not apply to any such account that would be considered an "Excluded Asset" pursuant to the definition thereof. Not less than ten (10) Business Days prior to funding such a financial account, the Parent shall give written notice thereof to the Lender and the Collateral Agent. Such notice shall identify the purpose of such account and the Person with which such account is to be opened or established (together with similar information for all other existing accounts of the Loan Parties).

Section 6.28 Junior Obligations. The Swiss Borrower shall (a) comply in all material respects with its obligations under the RIPSA and the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, subject all times to the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement, and (b) not amend or consent to any amendment of the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement in any manner adverse to the interests of the Lender.

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Section 6.29 <u>Non-Bank Rules</u>. Each Swiss Borrower shall ensure that it is at all times in compliance with the Non-Bank Rules, provided that a Swiss Borrower shall not be in breach of this undertaking if its number of creditors in respect of either the 10 Non-Bank Rule or the 20 Non-Bank Rule is exceeded solely because a Lender having (a) made an incorrect declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank, (b) failed to comply with its obligations under Section 10.07(b)(iv) of this Agreement or (c) ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any Change in Law after the date it became a Lender under this Agreement. For the purpose of the Swiss Borrower's compliance with the 20 Non-Bank Rule under this Section 6.29, the number of Lenders under this Agreement which are not Qualifying Banks shall be deemed to be ten (10) (irrespective of whether or not there are, at any time, any such Lenders).

Section 6.30 <u>Payment of Claims</u>. Each Loan Party shall pay and discharge its claims, obligations and liabilities in the ordinary course of business, except to the extent that (i) such claims, obligations and liabilities are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings or (ii) the failure to pay and discharge such claims, obligations and liabilities in the ordinary course of business, either individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 6.31 <u>Post-Closing Obligations</u>. The applicable Loan Party shall deliver the following documents and take the actions specified in this Section 6.31 as promptly as practicable following the Effective Date, but in any event no later than the times prescribed herein (or such later date as agreed by the Lender in writing, which may be by email): (a) the Guarantor named Dermavant Sciences, Inc. shall, not later than sixty (60) calendar days following the Effective Date, enter into a Control Agreement with respect to the deposit account ending in *7019 and listed on the Perfection Centrificate of such Guarantor or close such deposit account, transfer the funds on deposit therein to a replacement deposit account and enter into a Control Agreement with respect to the Swiss Borrower shall, not later than ten (10) Business Days following the Effective Date, enter notarized originals of the Patent Security Agreement and Trademark Security Agreement to the Lender or its U.S. counsel.

ARTICLE VII

EVENTS OF DEFAULT

Section 7.01 Events of Default. An "Event of Default" shall exist if and when any of the following events shall occur and be continuing:

(a) any Loan Party shall fail to pay when due (whether by scheduled maturity, required prepayment, acceleration, demand or otherwise) (i) any interest on any Loan or any fee (including the Exit Fee), premium (including the Premium), indemnity or other amount payable under this Agreement (other than any portion thereof constituting principal of the Loans) or any other Loan Document, and such failure continues for a period of five (5) Business Days or (ii) all or any portion of the principal of the Loans;

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(b) any representation or warranty made or deemed made by any Loan Party in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document or any certificate delivered or required to be delivered pursuant hereto or thereto proves to have been false or incorrect in any material respect (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations or warranties that already are qualified or modified as to "materiality" or "Material Adverse Effect" in the text thereof, which representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all respects subject to such qualification) on the date as of which made (or, if such representation or warranty is given as of a specific time, as of such time) and, if such representation or warranty is curable, such Loan Party fails to cure such misrepresentation within 10 Business Days;

(c) any of the Loan Parties fails to comply with Section 6.02, Section 6.03, Section 6.05, Section 6.08, Section 6.12, Section 6.21, Section 6.22, Section 6.24, Section 6.28, Section 6.29 or Section 6.31;

(d) any of the Loan Parties fails to comply with any of its agreements in this Agreement or any other Loan Document (other than those referred to in clause (a), (c) or (n) of this Section 7.01) and such failure continues for 10 consecutive days;

(e) any of the Loan Parties fails to make any payment in respect of any liabilities, amounts or obligations under the RIPSA or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, in each case, within any applicable grace period after such payment or amount is due and payable (including at final maturity);

(f) any of the Loan Parties fails to make any payment in respect of Indebtedness within any applicable grace period after such payment is due and payable (including at final maturity) or the acceleration of any such Indebtedness by the holders thereof occurs because of a default in respect thereof, in each case, if the total amount of such Indebtedness unpaid or accelerated exceeds \$850,000 or its non-U.S. currency equivalent;

(g) any Loan Party pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law:

(i) is for relief against any Loan Party in an involuntary case;

(i) commences a voluntary case;

(ii) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case;

(iii) consents to the appointment of a Custodian of it or for any substantial part of its property; or

(iv) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors or takes any comparable action under any non-U.S. laws

relating to insolvency

(h) a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:

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(ii) appoints a Custodian of any Loan Party or for any substantial part of its property; or

(iii) orders the winding up or liquidation of any Loan Party; or any similar relief is granted under any non-U.S. laws and the order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 60 consecutive days;

(i) any Loan Party fails to pay final judgments aggregating in excess of [***] or its non-U.S. currency equivalent (net of any amounts that are covered by enforceable insurance policies issued by solvent carriers), which judgments are not discharged, bonded, rescinded, waived or stayed for a period of 60 consecutive days following the entry thereof;

(j) the Collateral Agent fails to have a perfected security interest in any portion of the Collateral with a value greater than [***] thereof and such failure continues for more than 10 days;

(k) any Guarantee ceases to be in full force and effect for more than 10 days or any Borrower or any Guarantor disaffirms its obligations under this Agreement or its Guarantee;

(1) the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement ceases to be in full force and effect for more than 10 days after or any junior creditor disaffirms its obligations thereunder;

(m) unless all of the Collateral has been released from the Liens in accordance with the provisions of the Security Documents, any Loan Party shall assert in writing that any such Lien is invalid or unenforceable;

(n) any Loan Party fails to comply for 30 consecutive days with its obligations contained in the Security Documents, except for a failure with respect to assets or property with an aggregate value of less than [***];

(o) a Change of Control occurs without an optional prepayment or mandatory prepayment offer pursuant to Section 2.05 within ten (10) Business Days of the date of such occurrence;

(p) an occurrence of an Intercreditor Event of Default; or with respect to the English Borrower,

(i) the English Borrower:

(A) suspends or threatens to suspend making payments on any of its Indebtedness; or

(B) by reason of actual or anticipated financial difficulties, commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors (excluding any Loan Party in its capacity as such) with a view to rescheduling any of its Indebtedness.

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liabilities)

(ii) the value of the assets of the English Borrower is less than its liabilities (taking into account contingent and prospective

(iii) a moratorium is declared in respect of any Indebtedness of the English Borrower. If a moratorium occurs, the ending of

the moratorium will not remedy any Event of Default caused by that moratorium.

(iv) any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step is taken in relation to:

(A) the suspension of payments, a moratorium of any Indebtedness, winding-up, dissolution, administration or reorganization (by way of voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) of the English Borrower;

(B) a composition, compromise, assignment or arrangement with any creditor of the English Borrower;

(C) the appointment of a liquidator, receiver, administrative receiver, administrator, compulsory manager or other

similar officer in respect of the English Borrower or any of its assets; or

(D) enforcement of any security over any assets of the English Borrower,

(E) or any analogous procedure or step is taken in any jurisdiction.

(v) clause (iv) above shall not apply to any winding-up petition which is frivolous or vexatious and is discharged, stayed or dismissed within 60 consecutive days of commencement;

then, and in any such event, the Lender may, by written notice to the Parent, (i) declare all or any portion of the Loans then outstanding to be due and payable, whereupon all or such portion of the aggregate principal of all Loans, all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, all fees (including the Exit Fee) and all other amounts (including the Premium, if any) payable in respect of such principal amount of Loans under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall become due and payable immediately, without presentment, demand, protest or further notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by each Loan Party and (ii) exercise any and all of its other rights and remedies under applicable law, hereunder and under the other Loan Documents; provided, however, that upon the occurrence of any Event of Default described in clause (g), (h) or (q) of this Section 7.01, without any notice to any Loan Party or any other Person or any act by the Lender, all Loans then outstanding, together with all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, all fees (including the Exit Fee) and all other amounts (including the Premium, if any) payable in respect of the Loans under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall become due and payable automatically and immediately, without presentment, demand, protest or notice of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by each Loan Party.

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The term "Bankruptcy Law" means Title 11, United States Code, or any similar U.S. federal or state law for the relief of debtors (or their non-U.S. equivalents). The term "Custodian" means any receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, custodian or similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

A Default under clause (d) or (n) above shall not constitute an Event of Default until the Lender notifies the Parent of the Default or after the date on which such Default should reasonably have been known by the defaulting party and the applicable Loan Party does not cure such Default within the time specified in such clause (d) or (n) after receipt of such notice or after such date, as applicable. The Parent shall deliver to the Lender, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, written notice in the form of an Officers' Certificate of any event that is, or with the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both would become, an Event of Default, its status and what action the applicable Loan Party is taking or proposes to take in respect thereof.

ARTICLE VIII

GUARANTEE

Section 8.01 Guarantee.

(a) Each Guarantor hereby jointly and severally and irrevocably and unconditionally guarantees as a primary obligor and not merely as a surety on a senior basis to the Lender and Collateral Agent, as applicable, and their respective successors and assigns (i) the full and punctual payment when due, whether at Final Maturity Date, by acceleration, by redemption or otherwise, of all Obligations of the Borrowers under this Agreement, whether for payment of principal of, or premium (including the Premium) or interest on, the Loans, fees (including the loan origination fee or the Exit Fee), indemnification or other monetary obligations of the Borrowers under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and (ii) the full and punctual performance of all other obligations of the Loan Parties under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, on the terms set forth in this Agreement by becoming a party to this Agreement, in each case, to the extent not paid or performed by any other Loan Party (all the foregoing being hereinafter collectively called the "Guaranteed Obligations").

(b) Each Guarantor further agrees that the Guaranteed Obligations may be extended or renewed, in whole or in part, without notice or further assent from any Guarantor, and that each Guarantor shall remain bound under this Article VIII notwithstanding any extension or renewal of any Guaranteed Obligation.

(c) Each Guarantor waives presentation to, demand of payment from and protest to any Borrower of any of the Guaranteed Obligations and also waives notice of protest for nonpayment. Each Guarantor waives notice of any default under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents or the Guaranteed Obligations. The obligations of the Guarantor waives notice of any default under this Agreement and the other Loan Collateral Agent to assert any claim or demand or to enforce any right or remedy against any Borrower or any other Person under this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any other agreement or otherwise; (ii) any extension or renewal of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or agreement; (iii) any rescission, waiver, amendment or modification of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any other agreement; (iv) the release of any security held by the Lender or the Collateral Agent for the Guaranteed Obligations or the Guarantors; or (v) any change in the ownership of any Guarantor.

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(d) Each Guarantor hereby waives the benefits of diligence, presentment, demand for payment, filing of claims with a court in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of any Borrower, and any right to which it may be entitled to (i) have the assets of such Borrower first be used and depleted as payment of such Borrower's or the Guarantor's obligations hereunder prior to any amounts being claimed from or paid by each Guarantor hereunder and (ii) require that such Borrower be sued prior to an action being initiated against such Guarantor.

(e) Each Guarantor further agrees that the Guarantee herein constitutes a guarantee of payment, performance and compliance when due (and not a guarantee of collection) and waives any right to require that any resort be had by the Lender or the Collateral Agent to any security held for payment of the Guaranteed Obligations.

(f) Except as expressly set forth herein, the obligations of each Guarantor hereunder shall not be subject to any reduction, limitation, impairment or termination for any reason, including any claim of waiver, release, surrender, alteration or compromise, and shall not be subject to any defense of setoff, counterclaim, recoupment or termination whatsoever or by reason of the invalidity, illegality or unenforceability of the Guaranteed Obligations or otherwise. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the obligations of the Guarantors herein shall not be discharged or impaired or otherwise affected by (i) the failure of the Lender or the Collateral Agent to assert any claim or demand or to enforce any remedy under this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any other agreement, (ii) any waiver or modification of any thereof, (iii) any default, failure or delay, willful or otherwise, in the performance of the obligations or (iv) any other act or thing or omission or delay to do any other act or thing that may or might in any manner or to any extent vary the risk of the Guarantors or would otherwise operate as a discharge of the Guarantors as a matter of law or equity.

(g) Each Guarantor agrees that the Guarantee shall remain in full force and effect until payment in full of the Guaranteed Obligations. Each Guarantor further agrees that the Guarantee herein shall continue to be effective or be reinstated, as the case may be, if at any time payment, or any part thereof, in respect of any Guaranteed Obligation is rescinded or must otherwise be restored by the Lender or the Collateral Agent upon the bankruptcy or reorganization of any Borrower or otherwise.

(h) In furtherance of the foregoing and not in limitation of any other right that the Lender or the Collateral Agent has at law or in equity against the Guarantors by virtue hereof, upon the failure of the Borrowers to pay the principal of any Guaranteed Obligation when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or by acceleration, or to perform or comply with any other Guaranteed Obligation, each Guarantor hereby promises to and shall, upon receipt of written demand by the Lender in accordance with this Agreement, forthwith pay, or cause to be paid, in cash, to the Lender an amount equal to the sum of (i) the unpaid principal amount of such Guaranteed Obligations and (ii) all other monetary obligations of the Borrowers then due to the Lender or the Collateral Agent (or both) in respect of the Guaranteed Obligations.

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(i) Each Guarantor agrees that it shall not be entitled to any right of subrogation in relation to the Lender in respect of any Guaranteed Obligations guaranteed hereby. Each Guarantor further agrees that, as between it, on the one hand, and the Lender or the Collateral Agent, on the other hand, (i) the maturity of the Guaranteed Obligations guaranteed hereby may be accelerated as provided herein for the purposes of the Guarantee herein, notwithstanding any stay, injunction or other prohibition preventing such acceleration in respect of the Guaranteed Obligations guaranteed hereby, and (ii) in the event of any declaration of acceleration of such Guaranteed Obligations as provided herein, such Guaranteed Obligations (whether or not due and payable) shall forthwith become due and payable by the Guarantors for the purposes of this Section 8.01.

(j) Each Guarantor also agrees to pay any and all costs and expenses (including reasonable and documented out-of-pocket attorneys' fees and expenses) incurred by the Lender or the Collateral Agent (or both) in enforcing any rights under this Section 8.01.

(k) Each Guarantor shall execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purpose of this Agreement.

Section 8.02 Limitation on Liability. Each Guarantor hereby confirms that it is its intention that the Guarantee of such Guarantor does not constitute a fraudulent transfer or conveyance for purposes of Bankruptcy Law, the Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act, the Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act or any similar U.S. federal or state law to the extent applicable to any Guarantee. To effectuate the foregoing intention, the Lender, the Collateral Agent, the Borrowers and the Guarantors hereby irrevocably agree that, any term or provision of this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, the maximum aggregate amount of the Guaranteed Obligations guaranteed hereunder by any Guarantor shall not exceed the maximum amount that, after giving effect to all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such Guarantor and after giving effect to any collections from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Guarantor under its Guarantee or pursuant to its contribution obligations under this Agreement, can be guaranteed hereby without rendering the Guarantee, as it relates to such Guarantor, void or voidable under applicable laws relating to fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally. Each Guarantor that makes a payment under its Guarantee shall be entitled upon payment in full of all Guaranteed Obligations under this Agreement to a contribution from each other Guarantor in an amount equal to such other Guarantor's *pro rata* portion of such payment based on the respective maximum liability of all the Guarantors at the time of such payment.

Section 8.03 <u>Release</u>. A Guarantee as to any Guarantor shall terminate and be of no further force or effect and such Guarantor shall be deemed to be automatically released from all obligations under this Article VIII upon the merger, amalgamation or consolidation of any Guarantor with and into any other Loan Party that is the surviving Person in such merger, amalgamation or consolidation or upon the liquidation of such Guarantor following the Disposition of all of its assets to another Loan Party.

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Section 8.04 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Article VIII shall be binding upon each Guarantor and its successors and assigns and shall inure to the benefit of the Lender, the Collateral Agent and their respective successors and assigns and, in the event of any transfer or assignment of rights by the Lender or the Collateral Agent, the rights and privileges conferred upon that party in Agreement shall automatically extend to and be vested in such transfere or assignme, all subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Section 8.05 <u>No Waiver</u>. Neither a failure nor a delay on the part of the Lender or the Collateral Agent in exercising any right, power or privilege under this Article VIII shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall a single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any right, power or privilege. The rights, remedies and benefits of the Lender and the Collateral Agent herein expressly specified are cumulative and not exclusive of any other rights, remedies or benefits that any of them may have under this Article VIII at law, in equity, by statute or otherwise.

Section 8.06 <u>Modification</u>. No modification, amendment or waiver of any provision of this Article VIII, nor the consent to any departure by any Guarantor therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Lender, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given. No notice to or demand on any Guarantor in any case shall entitle such Guarantor to any other or further notice or demand in the same, similar or other circumstances.

Section 8.07 <u>Benefits Acknowledged</u>. Each Guarantor acknowledges that it will receive direct and indirect benefits from the financing arrangements contemplated by this Agreement and that the guarantee and waivers made by it pursuant to its Guarantee are knowingly made in contemplation of such benefits.

Section 8.08 Irish Guarantee Limitation. Each Guarantee of each Guarantor that that is incorporated, formed or organized in Ireland and becomes party hereto after the Effective Date in accordance with Section 6.26 does not apply to any liability to the extent that it would result in such guarantee constituting unlawful financial assistance within the meaning of Section 82 of the Companies Act 2014 of Ireland.

ARTICLE IX

COLLATERAL AGENT

Section 9.01 Appointment and Duties.

(a) <u>Appointment of Collateral Agent</u>. Lender hereby appoints U.S. Bank National Association (together with any successor Collateral Agent pursuant to Section 9.09) as the Collateral Agent hereunder and authorizes the Collateral Agent to (i) execute and deliver the Loan Documents and accept delivery thereof on its behalf from any Loan Party, (ii) take other actions on its behalf and to exercise all rights, powers and remedies and perform the duties as are expressly delegated to the Collateral Agent under such Loan Documents and (iii) exercise such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Lender acknowledges that it has received a copy of the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement, consents to and authorizes the Collateral Agent's execution and delivery thereof on behalf of itself and the Lender and

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agrees to be bound by the terms and provisions thereof, including any purchase option contained therein. The Lender further consents to and authorizes the Collateral Agent's execution and delivery of any intercreditor or subordination agreements from time to time as expressly contemplated by the terms hereof on behalf of itself and the Lender and agrees to be bound by the terms and provisions thereof, including any purchase option contained therein.

(b) <u>Duties as Collateral Agent</u>. Without limiting the generality of clause (a) above, the Collateral Agent shall have the sole and exclusive right and authority (to the exclusion of the Lenders, except as otherwise provided herein), and is hereby authorized, to (i) act as collateral agent for Lender for purposes of the perfection of all Liens created by such agreements and all other purposes stated therein, (ii) manage, supervise and otherwise deal with the Collateral (solely in accordance with the direction of the Lender (or the Required Lenders, if applicable)), (iii) take such other action as requested by the Lender to maintain the perfection and priority of the Liens created or purported to be created by the Loan Documents, (iv) except as may be otherwise specified in any Loan Document, exercise all remedies given to the Collateral Agent and the Lender with respect to the Collateral, whether under the Loan Documents, applicable law or otherwise, and (v) to execute and deliver the Security Documents for Collateral Agent, that the Collateral Agent, including any deposit account maintained by a Loan Party with, and cash and Cash Equivalents held by the Lender.

(c) Limited Duties. Under the Loan Documents, the Collateral Agent (i) is acting solely on behalf of the Lender, with duties that are entirely administrative in nature, notwithstanding the use of the defined term "Collateral Agent", the terms "agent", "Collateral Agent" and "collateral Agent" and similar terms in any Loan Document to refer to Collateral Agent, which terms are used for title purposes only, and (ii) is not assuming and shall not have any actual or implied obligations, functions, responsibilities, duties, under any Loan Document (regardless of whether a default or Event of Default has occurred or is continuing) other than as expressly set forth therein or any role as agent, fiduciary or trustee of or for the Lender or any other Person, and the Lender, by accepting the benefits of the Loan Documents, hereby waives and agrees not to assert any claim against the Collateral Agent based on the titles, duties and legal relationships expressly disclaimed in clauses (i) and (ii) above.

Section 9.02 <u>Binding Effect</u>. The Lender, by accepting the benefits of the Loan Documents, agrees that (i) any action taken (or omitted to be taken) by the Collateral Agent in accordance with the provisions of the Loan Documents, (ii) any action taken (or omitted to be taken) by the Collateral Agent in reliance upon the instructions of the Lender and (iii) the exercise by the Collateral Agent of the powers set forth herein or therein, together with such other powers as are reasonably incidental thereto, shall be authorized and binding upon the Lender.

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Section 9.03 Use of Discretion

(a) <u>No Action without Instructions</u>. The Collateral Agent shall not be required to exercise any discretion or take, or omit to take, any action, including with respect to enforcement or collection, except any action it is required to take or omit to take (i) under any Loan Document or (ii) pursuant to instructions from the Lender or counsel to the Lender.

(b) <u>Right Not to Follow Certain Instructions</u>. Notwithstanding clause (a) above, the Collateral Agent shall not be required to take, or to omit to take, any action (i) unless, upon demand, the Collateral Agent receives an indemnification satisfactory to it from the Lender (or, to the extent applicable and acceptable to Collateral Agent, any other Person) against all liabilities that, by reason of such action or omission, may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Collateral Agent or (ii) that is, in the opinion of the Collateral Agent or its counsel, contrary to any Loan Document or applicable law.

(c) Exclusive Right to Enforce Rights and Remedies. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any other Loan Document, the authority to enforce rights and remedies hereunder and under the other Loan Documents against the Loan Parties or any of them with respect to the Collateral shall be vested exclusively in, and all actions and proceedings at law in connection with such enforcement shall be instituted and maintained exclusively by, the Collateral Agent in accordance with the Loan Documents for the benefit of all the Secured Parties; provided that the foregoing shall not prohibit (i) the Collateral Agent from exercising on its own behalf the rights and remedies that inure to its benefit (solely in its capacity as Collateral Agent) hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, (ii) the Lender from exercising setoff rights in accordance with this Section 9.03 or (iii) the Lender from exercising soft claim (and thereafter appearing and filing pleadings on its own behalf during the pendency of a proceeding relative to any Loan Party under any Bankruptcy Law or other Debtor Relief Law), but in the case of this clause (iv) if, and solely if, the Collateral Agent has not filed such proof of claim or other instrument of similar character in respect of the Obligations within fifteen (15) days before the expiration of the time to file he same.

Section 9.04 <u>Delegation of Rights and Duties</u>. The Collateral Agent may, upon any term or condition it specifies, delegate or exercise any of its rights, powers and remedies under, and delegate or perform any of its duties or any other action with respect to, any Loan Document by or through any trustee, co-agent, employee, attomey-in-fact or other Person (including the Lender), and the Collateral Agent shall, if so requested by the Lender in writing, appoint the Lender or the Lender is a garty and so delegate to the Lender or such designee its rights, powers and remedies under such Control Agreement. Any such Person shall benefit from this Article IX to the extent provided by Collateral Agent.

Section 9.05 Reliance and Liability.

(a) The Collateral Agent may, without incurring any liability hereunder, (i) treat the payee of any Note as its holder until such Note has been assigned in accordance with Section 10.07, (ii) rely on the Register, (iii) consult with any of its Affiliates and, whether or not selected by it, any other advisors, accountants and other experts (including

advisors to, and accountants and experts engaged by, any Loan Party or the Lender) and (iv) rely and act upon any document and information (including those transmitted by electronic transmission) and any telephone message or conversation, in each case believed by it in good faith to be genuine and transmitted, signed or otherwise authenticated by the appropriate parties.

(b) The Collateral Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it under or in connection with any Loan Document, and the Lender, and each Loan Party hereby waive and shall not assert any right, claim or cause of action based thereon, except to the extent of liabilities resulting primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Collateral Agent (or, as the case may be, such Related Person) each as determined in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction in connection with the duties expressly set forth herein. Without limiting the foregoing, the Collateral Agent:

(i) shall not be responsible or otherwise incur liability for any action or omission taken in reliance upon the instructions of the Lender;

(ii) shall not be responsible to any Lender or other Person for the due execution, legality, validity, enforceability, effectiveness, genuineness, sufficiency or value of, or the attachment, perfection or priority of any Lien created or purported to be created under or in connection with, any Loan Document;

(iii) makes no representation or warranty, and shall not be responsible, to the Lender or other Person for any statement, document, information, representation or warranty made or furnished by or on behalf of any Loan Party in connection with any Loan Document or any transaction contemplated therein or any other document or information with respect to any Loan Party, whether or not transmitted or (except for documents expressly required under any Loan Document to be transmitted to the Lender) omitted to be transmitted by the Collateral Agent, including as to completeness, accuracy, scope or adequacy thereof, or for the scope, nature or results of any due diligence performed by the Collateral Agent in connection with the Loan Documents;

(iv) shall not have any duty to ascertain or to inquire as to the performance or observance of any provision of any Loan Document, whether any condition set forth in any Loan Document is satisfied or waived, as to the financial condition of any Loan Party or as to the occurrence or continuation or possible occurrence or continuation of any Default or Event of Default and shall not be deemed to have notice or knowledge of such occurrence or continuation unless it has received a notice from any Loan Party, or any Lender describing such Default or Event of Default clearly labeled "notice of default" or otherwise expressly describing such occurrence or continuation as a Default or Event of Default;

(v) shall have no obligation to file financing statements, amendments to financing statements, or continuation statements, or to perfect or maintain the perfection of the Collateral Agent of the Collateral Agent's Lien on the Collateral.

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and, for each of the items set forth in clauses (b)(i) through (v) above, the Lender, and each Loan Party hereby waive and agree not to assert any right, claim or cause of action it might have against the Collateral Agent based thereon. Whether or not expressly stated in any Security Document, the rights, privileges and immunities of the Collateral Agent set forth herein shall be incorporated therein.

Section 9.06 <u>Collateral Agent Individually</u>. The Collateral Agent and its Affiliates may make loans and other extensions of credit to, acquire stock and stock equivalents of, engage in any kind of business with, any Loan Party or Affiliate thereof as though it were not acting as the Collateral Agent and may receive separate fees and other payments therefor. To the extent the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates makes any Loan or otherwise becomes a Lender hereunder, it shall have and may exercise the same rights and powers hereunder and shall be subject to the same obligations and liabilities as any other Lender and the terms "Lender", "Required Lenders" and any similar terms shall, except where otherwise expressly provided in any Loan Document, include the Collateral Agent or such Affiliate, as the case may be, in its individual capacity as a Lender or as one of the Required Lenders, respectively.

Section 9.07 Lender Credit Decision. The Lender acknowledges that it shall, independently and without reliance upon the Collateral Agent, or upon any document (including any offering and disclosure materials in connaction with the syndication of the Loans) solely or in part because such document was transmitted by the Collateral Agent, conduct its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs of each Loan Party and make and continue to make its own credit decisions in connection with entering into, and taking or not taking any action under, any Loan Document or with respect to any transaction contemplated in any Loan Document, in each case based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate. Except for documents expressly required by any Loan Document to be transmitted by the Collateral Agent to the Lender, the Collateral Agent shall not have any duty or responsibility to provide any Lender with any credit or other information concerning the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition or creditworthiness of any Loan Party or any Affiliate of any Loan Party that may come into the possession of the Collateral Agent.

Section 9.08 Expenses; Indemnities; Withholding.

(a) The Lender agrees to reimburse Collateral Agent (to the extent not reimbursed by any Loan Party) promptly upon demand, severally and ratably, for any costs and expenses (including fees, charges and disbursements of financial, legal and other advisors and Other Taxes paid in the name of, or on behalf of, any Loan Party) that may be incurred by the Collateral Agent in connection with the preparation, syndication, execution, delivery, administration, modification, consent, waiver or enforcement of, or the taking of any other action (whether through negotiations, through any work-out, bankruptcy, restructuring or other legal or other proceeding (including preparation for or response to any subpoena or request for document production relating thereto) or otherwise) in respect of, or legal advice with respect to, its rights or responsibilities under any Loan Document.

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(b) The Lender further agrees to indemnify the Collateral Agent (to the extent not reimbursed by any Loan Party), severally and ratably, from and against liabilities that may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Collateral Agent in any matter relating to or arising out of, in connection with or as a result of any Loan Document or any other act, event or transaction related, contemplated in or attendant to any such document, or, in each case, any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Collateral Agent under or with respect to any of the foregoing; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Lender shall not be liable to Collateral Agent to the extent such liability has resulted primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Collateral Agent as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final non-appealable judgment or order.

(c) The undertaking in this Section 9.08 shall survive repayment or cancellation of the Loans, any foreclosure under, or modification, release or discharge of, any or all of the Security Documents, termination of this Agreement and the resignation or replacement of Collateral Agent.

Section 9.09 Resignation or Removal of Collateral Agent.

(a) The Collateral Agent may resign at any time by delivering notice of such resignation to the Lender and the Borrower, effective on the date set forth in such notice or, if no such date is set forth therein, on the date such notice shall be effective in accordance with the terms of this Section 9.09. If the Collateral Agent delivers any such notice, the Lender shall have the right to appoint a successor Collateral Agent. If, after 30 days after the date of the retiring Collateral Agent's notice of resignation, no successor Collateral Agent has been appointed by the Lender that has accepted such appointment, then the retiring Collateral Agent may, on behalf of the Lender, appoint a successor Collateral Agent from among the Lenders.

(b) The Lender may remove the Collateral Agent at any time by delivering notice of such removal to the Collateral Agent, effective on the date set forth in such notice or, if no such date is set forth therein, on the date such notice shall be effective in accordance with the terms of this Section 9.09. If the Lender delivers any such notice, the Lender shall appoint a successor Collateral Agent that shall have accepted such appointment.

(c) Effective immediately upon its resignation or removal, (i) the retiring Collateral Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations under the Loan Documents, (ii) the Lender shall assume and perform all of the duties of the Collateral Agent until a successor Collateral Agent shall have accepted a valid appointment hereunder, (iii) the retiring Collateral Agent shall no longer have the benefit of any provision of any Loan Document other than with respect to any actions taken or omitted to be taken while such retiring Collateral Agent was, or because such Collateral Agent had been, validly acting as Collateral Agent under the Loan Documents and (iv) subject to its rights under Section 9.03, the retiring Collateral Agent under the Loan Documents. Effective immediately upon its acceptance of a valid appointment as Collateral Agent, a successor Collateral Agent shall succeed to, and become vested with, all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring Collateral Agent under the Loan Documents.

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Section 9.10 <u>Release of Collateral or Guarantors</u>. Lender hereby consents to the release and hereby directs Collateral Agent to release any Collateral to the extent expressly provided in any Loan Document in accordance with the specific terms and provisions thereof. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any other Loan Document, the Collateral Agent is hereby irrevocably authorized by the Lender (and the Lender hereby expressly consents), and the Collateral Agent to collateral Agent is hereby inrevocably authorized by the Lender (and the Lender hereby expressly consents), and the Collateral Agent hereby agrees, to take any action reasonably requested by the Borrowers to effect the release of any Collateral from the Lien created by the Security Documents: (a) upon Payment In Full of all Obligations or (b) if such Collateral is sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of to any Person other than a Loan Party in a transaction expressly permitted by this Agreement. The Lender hereby directs the Collateral Agent, and Collateral Agent hereby agrees, upon receipt by the Lender and the Collateral Agent of reasonable advance written notice (but in no event less than ten Business Days advance written notice) from the Borrowers accompanied by an Officer's Certificate stating such release complies with the Loan Documents, to, unless the Lender has provided a written objection to such release to the Collateral Agent and the Borrowers and, at the Borrowers expense, to release the Guarantees and Liens when and as directed in this Section 9.10. Upon request by the Collateral Agent any time, the Lender will confirm in writing the Collateral Agent's authority to release, or subordinate its interest in, particular types or items of Collateral Agent at no this Section 9.10 solely to the extent required by this Agreement.

Section 9.11 <u>Additional Secured Parties</u>. The benefit of the provisions of the Loan Documents directly relating to the Collateral or any Lien granted thereunder shall extend to and be available to any Lender that is not a Lender party hereto as of the Effective Date as long as, by accepting such benefits, such Lender agrees, as among Collateral Agent and all other Secured Parties, that such Lender is bound by (and, if requested by Collateral Agent (at the direction of the Lender), shall confirm such agreement in a writing in form and substance acceptable to the Lender) this Agreement.

Section 9.12 <u>Credit Bid</u>. The Lender hereby irrevocably authorizes the Collateral Agent, on behalf of all Secured Parties to take any of the following actions upon the instruction of the Lender:

(a) consent to the Disposition of all or any portion of the Collateral free and clear of the Liens securing the Obligations in connection with any Disposition pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 11 of the United States Code, including Section 363 thereof;

(b) credit bid all or any portion of the Obligations, or purchase all or any portion of the Collateral (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any Disposition of all or any portion of the Collateral pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 11 of the United States Code, including Section 363 thereof;

(c) credit bid all or any portion of the Obligations, or purchase all or any portion of the Collateral (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any Disposition of all or any portion of the Collateral pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code, including Section 9-610 or Section 9-620 of the UCC;

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(d) credit bid all or any portion of the Obligations, or purchase all or any portion of the Collateral (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any foreclosure or other Disposition conducted in accordance with applicable law following the occurrence of an Event of Default, including by power of sale, judicial action or otherwise; or

(e) estimate the amount of any contingent or unliquidated Obligations of the Lender;

it being understood that no Lender shall be required to fund any amount (other than by means of offset) in connection with any purchase of all or any portion of the Collateral by Collateral Agent pursuant to the foregoing clauses (b), (c) or (d) without its prior written consent.

Lender agrees that the Collateral Agent is under no obligation to credit bid any part of the Obligations or to purchase or retain or acquire any portion of the Collateral; <u>provided</u> that, in connection with any credit bid or purchase described under clauses (b), (c) or (d) of the preceding paragraph, the Obligations owed to all of the Secured Parties (other than with respect to contingent or unliquidated liabilities as set forth in the next succeeding paragraph) may be, and shall be, credit bid by the Collateral Agent on a ratable basis.

With respect to each contingent or unliquidated claim that is an Obligation, the Collateral Agent is hereby authorized, but is not required, to estimate the amount thereof for purposes of any credit bid or purchase described in the second preceding paragraph so long as the estimation of the amount or liquidation of such claim would not unduly delay the ability of the Collateral Agent to credit bid the Obligations or purchase the Collateral in the relevant Disposition. In the event that the Collateral Agent, in its sole and absolute discretion (at the direction of the Lender), elects not to estimate any such contingent or unliquidated claim or any such claim cannot be estimated without unduly delaying the ability of the Collateral Agent to consummate any credit bid or purchase in accordance with the second preceding paragraph, then any contingent or unliquidated claims not so estimated shall be disregarded, shall not be credit bid and shall not be entitled to any interest in the portion or the entirety of the Collateral purchased by means of such redit bid.

A Lender whose Obligations are credit bid under clauses (b), (c) or (d) of the third preceding paragraph shall be entitled to receive interests in the Collateral or any other asset acquired in connection with such credit bid (or in the Capital Stock of the acquisition vehicles or vehicles that are used to consummate such acquisition) on a ratable basis in accordance with the percentage obtained by dividing (x) the amount of the Obligations of such Lender that were credit bid in such credit bid or other Disposition, by (y) the aggregate amount of all Obligations that were credit bid in such credit bid or other Disposition.

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Section 9.13 Erroneous Payments

(a) The Lender hereby agrees that (i) if the Collateral Agent notifies in writing such Lender that the Collateral Agent has determined in its sole discretion that any funds received by such Lender from the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates were erroneously transmitted to, or otherwise erroneously or mistakenly received by, such Lender (whether or not known to such Lender) (whether as a payment, prepayment or repayment of principal, interest, fees or otherwise; individually and collectively, an "Erroneous Payment") and demands in writing the return of such Erroneous Payment (or a portion thereof) (provided, that, without limiting any other rights or remedies (whether at law or in equity), the Collateral Agent may not make any such demand under this clause (a)(i) with respect to an Erroneous Payment unless such demand is made within two Business Days of the date of receipt of such Erroneous Payment by the Lender), such Lender shall promptly, but in no event later than two Business Days after receipt of such written demand, return to the Collateral Agent the amount of any such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) as to which such a written demand was made, in same day funds (in the currency so received), together with, if identified in such written demand, interest thereon in respect of each day from and including the date such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) was received by such Lender to the date such amount is repaid to the Collateral Agent in same day funds at a rate determined by the Collateral Agent in accordance with banking industry rules on interbank compensation from time to time in effect and (ii) to the extent permitted by applicable law, such Lender shall not assert any right or claim to the Erroneous Payment, and such Lender hereby waives any claim, counterclaim, defense or right of set-off or recoupment with respect to any demand, claim or counterclaim by the Collateral Agent to any ternder under this clause (a) shall be conclusive, absed on "discharge for value" or any similar doct

(b) Without limiting immediately preceding clause (a), each Lender hereby further agrees that if it receives an Erroneous Payment from the Collateral Agent (or any of its Affiliates) (i) that is in a different amount than, or on a different date from, that specified in a written notice of payment sent by the Collateral Agent (or any of its Affiliates) with respect to such Erroneous Payment (an "Erroneous Payment Notice"), (ii) that was not preceded or accompanied by an Erroneous Payment Notice, or (iii) that such Lender otherwise becomes aware was transmitted, or received, in error or by mistake (in whole or in part), in each case, an error shall have been presumed to have been made (absent written confirmation from the Collateral Agent to the contrary) with respect to such Erroneous Payment, and to the extent permitted by applicable law, such Lender shall not assert any right or claim to the Erroneous Payment, and such Lender thereby auives, any claim, counterclaim, defense or right of set-off or recoupment with respect to any demand, claim or counterclaim by the Collateral Agent for the return of any Erroneous Payments received, including waiver of any defense based on "discharge for value" or any similar doctrine. Each Lender agrees that, in each such case, it shall promptly (and, in all events, within one Business Day of its knowledge (or deemed knowledge) of such error) notify the Collateral Agent of such occurrence and, upon demand from the Collateral Agent, it shall promptly, but in all events no later than one Business Day after receipt of such written demand, return to the Collateral Agent for any such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) as to which such a written demand was made in same day funds (in the currency so received), together with, if identified in such written demand, interest thereon in respect of each day from and including the date such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) was received by such Lender to the date such amount is repaid to the Collateral Agent in same day funds at a ra

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(c) The Borrowers and each other Loan Party hereby agree that (x) in the event an Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) is not recovered from any Lender that has received such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) for any reason, the Collateral Agent shall be subrogated to all the rights of such Lender with respect to such amount and (y) an Erroneous Payment shall not pay, prepay, repay, discharge or otherwise satisfy any Obligations owed by the Borrowers or any other Loan Party.

(d) Each party's obligations under this Section 9.13 shall survive the resignation or replacement of the Collateral Agent, the termination of the Commitments or the repayment, satisfaction or discharge of all Obligations (or any portion thereof) under any Loan Document.

ARTICLE X

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 10.01 Notices, Etc.

(a) <u>Notices Generally</u>. All notices and other communications provided for hereunder shall be in writing and shall be mailed (certified mail, postage prepaid and return receipt requested) or delivered by hand, Federal Express or other reputable overnight courier:

if to any Loan Party, at the following address:

DERMAVANT SCIENCES LTD.



with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:



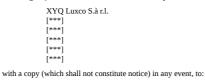
if to the Lender, to it at the following address, as applicable:

prior to a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout:



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following a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout:



[***] [***] [***] [***]

if to the Collateral Agent, to it at the following address:

U.S. Bank National Association, as Collateral Agent

[***]
[***]

[***] [***]

(b) <u>Change of Address</u>. Each party may change its address provided pursuant to this Section 10.01 by designating a new address for such party in a written notice to the other parties complying as to delivery with the terms of this Section 10.01. All such notices and other communications shall be effective, (i) if mailed (certified mail, postage prepaid and return receipt requested), when received or three (3) days after being deposited in the mails, whichever occurs first, (ii) if telecopied, when transmitted and confirmation received, or (iii) if delivered by hand, Federal Express or other reputable overnight courier, upon delivery, except that notices to the Lender pursuant to Article II or to the Collateral Agent shall not be effective until received by the Lender or the Collateral Agent, as applicable.

(c) Electronic Communications.

(i) Each of the Lender and the Loan Parties may, in its discretion, agree to accept notices and other communications to it hereunder by electronic communications pursuant to procedures approved by it; provided that approval of such procedures may be limited to particular notices or communications. Notices and other communications to the Lender hereunder may be delivered or furnished by electronic communication (including e-mail and Internet or intranet websites) pursuant to procedures approved by the Lender. Any electronic communication system used by the Lender is provided on an as-available basis, and the Lender shall have no liability for any damage caused to any Loan Party or their respective property by any third party provider of such electronic communication system.

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(ii) Unless the Lender otherwise prescribes, (A) notices and other communications sent to an e-mail address shall be deemed received upon the sender's receipt of an acknowledgement from the intended recipient (such as by the "return receipt requested" function, as available, return e-mail or other written acknowledgement), and (B) notices or communications posted to an Internet website shall be deemed received upon the deemed receipt by the intended recipient, at its e-mail address as described in the foregoing clause (A), of notification that such notice or communication is available and identifying the website address therefor; provided that, for both clauses (A) and (B) above, if such notice, email or other communication is not sent during the normal business hours of the recipient, such notice or communication shall be deemed to have been sent at the opening of business on the next Business Day for the recipient.

Section 10.02 Amendments, Etc.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 10.02(f), no amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, and no consent to any departure by any Loan Party therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Lender and the Parent; provided, that, at any time when there are two or more Lenders pursuant to one or more partial assignments made by the Lender in accordance with Section 10.07, subject to the additional requirements of Sections 10.02(b), 10.02(d) and 10.02(e), no amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, and no consent to any departure by any Loan Party therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Required Lenders and the Parent.

(b) No amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of any Loan Document, and no consent to any departure by any Loan Party therefrom, shall:

(i) extend the scheduled final maturity of any Loan without the written consent of the Lender holding such Loan;

(ii) reduce the principal amount of any Loan without the written consent of the Lender holding such Loan;

(iii) increase or reinstate the Commitment of any Lender without the written consent of such Lender;

(iv) reduce the rate of interest on any Loan (other than any waiver of any increase in the interest rate applicable to any Loan pursuant to Section 2.04(b)) without the written consent of the Lender holding such Loan;

(v) reduce any fee or premium payable under any Loan Document without the written consent of the Lender that is entitled to receive such fee or premium;

(vi) extend the time for payment of any interest on any Loan without the written consent of the Lender holding such Loan; or

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(vii) extend the time for payment of any fee (including the Exit Fee) or premium (including the Premium) payable under any Loan Document without the written consent of the Lender that is entitled to receive such fee or premium.

(c) The written consent of one or more Lenders having or holding, as of the relevant date of determination, an aggregate principal amount of Loans outstanding as of such date representing more than 75% of the Loan or aggregate Loans outstanding hereunder as of such date is required in order to release or subordinate the Liens of the Collateral Agent in all or substantially all of the Collateral, or release any Borrower from its obligations hereunder or any Guarantor from its Guarantee or subordinate the rights or claims of any Lender with respect thereto, in each case, except as expressly provided in the Loan Documents; provided, in connection with a "credit bid" undertaken by the Collateral Agent at the direction of the Required Lenders pursuant to section 363(k), section 1129(b)(2)(a)(ii) or otherwise of the Bankruptcy Code or other sale or disposition of assets in connection with an enforcement action with respect to the Collateral permitted pursuant to the Loan Documents, only the consent of the Required Lenders will be needed for such release.

(d) Without the written consent of all Lenders, no amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of any Loan Document, or consent to any departure by any Loan Party therefrom, shall:

(i) amend, modify or waive any provision of this Section 10.02 or Section 10.07 or the definition of any term used therein;

(ii) amend, modify or waive any term or condition of this Agreement or any other Loan Document that expressly provides that the consent of all Lenders is required;

(iii) amend, modify or waive any provision of the definition of "Required Lenders"; or

(iv) consent to the assignment or transfer by any Loan Party of any of its rights and obligations under any Loan Document.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no Loan Party, Equity Investor or any of their respective Affiliates that becomes a lender hereunder shall have any right to approve or disapprove any amendment, waiver or consent under the Loan Documents and any Loans held by such Person for purposes hereof shall be automatically deemed to be voted *pro rata* according to the Loans of all other Lenders in the aggregate (other than such Loan Party or Equity Investor).

(f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, this Agreement and the other Loan Documents may be amended (or amended and restated) by a written instrument signed by the Lender to (x) cure any ambiguity, omission, mistake, defect or inconsistency (as reasonably determined by the Lender) or (y) effect administrative changes of a technical or immaterial nature (including to effect administrative changes of a technical or immaterial nature to the terms, to provide for multiple lenders or to add an administrative agent hereunder to act on behalf of such lenders) and such amendment (or amendments and restatements) shall be deemed approved by the Parent if the Parent shall have received at least five (5) Business Days' prior written notice of such change and not objected thereto.

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(g) The Borrower shall promptly deliver a copy of any amendment executed pursuant to this Section 10.02 to the Collateral Agent. No amendment shall affect the rights, privileges, immunities or duties of the Collateral Agent without the consent of the Collateral Agent.

Section 10.03 <u>No Waiver; Remedies, Etc.</u> No failure on the part of the Lender to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right hereunder or under any other Loan Document shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right under any Loan Document preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right. The rights and remedies of the Lender provided herein and in the other Loan Documents are cumulative and are in addition to, and not exclusive of, any rights or remedies provided by law. The rights of the Lender under any Loan Document against any party thereto are not conditional or contingent on any attempt by the Lender to exercise any of their rights under any other Loan Document against such party or against any other Person.

Section 10.04 Expenses; Attorneys' Fees. The Borrowers will pay on demand, all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by or on behalf of the Lender and Collateral Agent, arising from or relating to: (a) the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery, performance and administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (including the preparation of any additional Loan Documents or the review of any of the agreements, instruments and documents referred to in Article VI), (b) any amendments, waivers or consents to this Agreement or the other Loan Documents (c) the defense of any claim or action asserted or brought against the Collateral Agent's rights under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, (d) the defense of any claim or action asserted or brought against the Lender or the Collateral Agent sin connection therewith, (e) the commencement or defense of, or intervention in, any court proceeding arising from or related to this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (f) the filing of any petition, complaint, answer, motion or other pleading by the Lender or the Collateral Agent, or any other Loan Document, (f) the filing of any petition, complaint, answer, motion or other pleading by the Lender or the Collateral Agent, or the taking of any action in respect of the Collateral or other security, in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (g) the protection, collection, lease, sale, taking possession of or liquidation of, any Collateral or other security in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (i) any attempt to collect from any Loan Party, (i) the rating of the Loans by one or more rating agencies in connection with the Lender's Scuritization, and (k) the receipt by the Lender or the Collateral Agent of any advice from professionals with respect to any of the aggregate in connection any that lease and expenses incurred by Lender's local Coursels in any Specified Jurisdiction (other than the United States), in each case through and

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(such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). Without limitation of the foregoing or any other provision of any Loan Document: (x) the Borrowers agree to pay all broker fees that may become due in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and (y) if any Loan Party fails to perform any covenant or agreement contained herein or in any other Loan Document, the Lender may itself perform or cause performance of such covenant or agreement, and the expenses of the Lender incurred in connection therewith shall be reimbursed on demand by the Borrowers. The obligations of the Borrowers under this Section 10.04 shall survive the repayment of the Obligations, the discharge of any Liens granted under the Loan Documents or the earlier resignation or removal of the Collateral Agent.

Section 10.05 <u>Right of Set-off</u>. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, the Lender may, and is hereby authorized to, at any time and from time to time, without notice to any Loan Party (any such notice being expressly waived by the Loan Parties) and to the fullest extent permitted by law, set off and apply any and all deposits in accounts that constitute Collateral (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final) at any time held and other Indebtedness at any time owing by the Lender or any of their respective Affiliates to or for the credit or the account of any Loan Party against any and all obligations of the Loan Parties either now or hereafter existing under any Loan Document, irrespective of whether or not the Lender shall have made any demand hereunder or thereunder and although such obligations may be contingent or unmatured. The Lender agrees to notify such Loan Party promptly after any such set-off and application made by the Lender or any of its respective Affiliates, as applicable, provided that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such set-off and application. The rights of the Lender under this Section 10.05 are in addition to the other rights and remedies (including other rights of set-off) which the Lender may have under this Agreement or any other Loan Documents of law or otherwise.

Section 10.06 <u>Severability</u>. Any provision of this Agreement that is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining portions hereof or affecting the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.

Section 10.07 Assignments and Participations.

(a) This Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of each Loan Party and the Lender and their respective successors and assigns; provided, however, that none of the Loan Parties may assign or transfer any of its rights hereunder or under the other Loan Documents without the prior written consent of the Lender and any such assignment without the Lender's prior written consent shall be null and void.

(b) The Lender may assign to one or more other lenders or other Persons all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement with respect to any Loan or portion thereof held by it with, so long as no Default has occurred and is continuing, the prior written consent the Parent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed); provided that no such consent of Parent shall be required in respect of an assignment to an existing Lender or to an Affiliate or a Related Fund of a Lender; provided, further, that (i) such assignment is in an amount which is at least \$5,000,000 or a multiple of \$100,000 in excess thereof (or the remainder of the Lender's Commitment), except that such requirements in respect of a minimum

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amount and multiples in excess thereof shall not apply to an assignment by a Lender to (x) a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender or a Related Fund of a Lender or (y) a group of new Lenders, each of whom is an Affiliate or Related Fund of each other to the extent the aggregate amount to be assigned to all such new Lenders is at least \$5,000,000 or a multiple of \$100,000 in excess thereof; (ii) the parties to each such assignment shall execute and deliver to the Lender, for its acceptance, an Assignment and Acceptance, together with the promissory note, if any, subject to such assignment; (iii) no such assignment shall be made to any Loan Party, any Equity Investor or any of their respective Affiliates; (iv) Lender shall give the Swiss Borrower notice of such assignment or transfer (along with confirmation from the proposed assignee or transferee as to whether the assignee or transferee is a Qualifying Bank) at least ten (10) Business Days prior to such assignment or transfer; (v) the Swiss Borrower may make a written objection to such Lender prior to such assignment or transfer based on the Swiss Borrower's reasonable belief that such assignment or transfer could reasonably be expected to violate the 10 Non-Bank Rule; (vi) if such objection is made, such assignment or transfer shall be effected only with the Swiss Borrower's consent, not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed (it being unreasonable to withhold consent unless such assignment or transfer could reasonably be expected to violate the 10 Non-Bank Rule, including cases where there is reasonable doubt or uncertainty whether the confirmation of the assignee or transferee being a Qualifying Bank is correct or there is reasonable doubt or uncertainty whether the assignee or transferee could be regarded as several parties by the Swiss Federal Tax Administration) and (vii) Lender shall give the Borrower notice of such assignment or transfer (along with confirmation from the proposed assignee or transferee in accordance with Section 2.07(i)). Upon such execution, delivery and acceptance, from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Acceptance and recordation on the Register, which effective date shall be at least three (3) Business Days after the delivery thereof to the Lender (or such shorter period as shall be agreed to by the Lender and the parties to such assignment), (A) the assignee thereunder shall become a "Lender" hereunder and, in addition to the rights and obligations hereunder held by it immediately prior to such effective date, have the rights and obligations hereunder that have been assigned to it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance and (B) the assigning Lender thereunder shall, to the extent that rights and obligations hereunder have been assigned by it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance, relinquish such rights and be released from such obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Acceptance covering all or the remaining portion of an assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, the Lender shall cease to be a party hereto).

(c) By executing and delivering an Assignment and Acceptance, the assigning Lender and the assignee thereunder confirm to and agree with each other and the other parties hereto as follows: (i) other than as provided in such Assignment and Acceptance, the assigning Lender makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to any statements, warranties or representations made in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness, sufficiency or value of this Agreement or any other Loan Document furnished pursuant hereto; (ii) the assigning Lender makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to the financial condition of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or the performance or observance by any Loan Party of any of its obligations under this Agreement or any other Loan Document furnished pursuant hereto; (iii) such assignee confirms that it has received a copy of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, together with such other documents and information it has deemed appropriate to make its own credit analysis and decision to enter into

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such Assignment and Acceptance; (iv) such assignee will, independently and without reliance upon the assigning Lender, and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents; and (v) such assignee agrees that it will perform in accordance with their terms all of the obligations which by the terms of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents are required to be performed by it as a Lender.

(d) The Registrar shall without liability, acting solely for this purpose as a non-fiduciary agent of the Borrowers, maintain, or cause to be maintained, a copy of each Assignment and Acceptance delivered to and, to the extent needed, accepted by it and a register (the "<u>Register</u>") for the recordation of the names and addresses of the Lenders and the Commitment of, and the principal amount of the Loans (and stated interest thereon) owing to the Lender from time to time. The entries in the Register shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error, and the Borrowers, the Collateral Agent and the Lender shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Register as a Lender hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement. The Register shall be available for inspection by the Collateral Agent, Borrowers and any Lender party hereto at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice. In connection with any amendment requiring the Collateral Agent's consent or direction to the Collateral Agent under the Loan Documents, the Collateral Agent shall be entitled to receive, and may conclusively rely on, a then-current copy of the Register, and may, in its discretion, act or refuse to act until it is provided to it this Section 10.07(d) shall be construed so that the Loans and Commitment are at all times maintained in "registered form" within the meaning of Sections 163(f), 871(h)(2), and 881(c)(2) of the Code. Additionally, the parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to the Parent any tax forms or other documentation required to be delivered pursuant to Section 2.07.

(e) In the event that the Lender sells participations in a Loan, the Lender shall, acting for this purpose as a non-fiduciary agent on behalf of the Borrowers, maintain, or cause to be maintained, a register, on which it enters the name of all participants in the Loans held by it and the principal amount (and stated interest thereon) of the portion of the Loan that is the subject of the participation (the "<u>Participant Register</u>"). A Loan (and the registered note, if any, evidencing the same) may be participated in whole or in part only by registration of such participation on the Participant Register (and each registered note shall expressly so provide). Any participation of such Loan (and the registered note, if any, evidencing the same) may be effected only by the registration of such participation on the Participant Register, which shall be available for inspection by the Borrowers and any Lender party hereto at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice. The Participant Register shall be maintained in registered form within the meaning of Section 5f.103-1(c) of the Treasury Regulations.

(f) The Lender may sell participations to one or more banks or other entities in or to all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (including all or a portion of its Commitment, the Loans made by it); provided that (i) the Lender's obligations under this Agreement (including its Commitment hereunder) and the other Loan Documents shall remain unchanged; (ii) the Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations, and the Borrowers shall continue to deal solely and directly with the Lender in connection with the Lender's rights and

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obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents; and (iii) a participant shall not be entitled to require the Lender to take or omit to take any action hereunder except (A) action directly effecting an extension of the maturity dates or decrease in the principal amount of the Loans, (B) action directly effecting an extension of the due dates or a decrease in the rate of interest payable on the Loans or the fees payable under this Agreement, or (C) actions directly effecting a release of all or a substantial portion of the Collateral or any Loan Party.

(g) Each Borrower agrees that each participant in a Loan that has not become a Lender with respect to the assigned interest shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 2.07 (subject to the requirements and limitations therein, including the requirements under Section 2.07(e) (it being understood that the documentation required from the participant or assignee under Section 2.07(e) shall be provided in the first instance to the Person through whom such participation or assigned interest is held)) to the same extent as if it were a Lender and had acquired the relevant interest in the Loan by assignment under Section 10.07(b); provided that such (1) participant or assignee (i) agrees to be subject to the provisions of Section 2.07 as if it were a Lender that was an assignee under Section 10.07(b) and (ii) shall not be entitled to receive any greater benefit than the applicable Lender would have received if such participation or assignment had been effected as an assignment pursuant to Section 10.07(b) and (2) (i) the participant shall only be entitled to such benefits (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any requirement to make an increased payment or make any payment for any Indemnified Taxes) if the effect of the participation is to make the participant the beneficial owner of the interest paid by the Borrower; and (ii) Section 2.17(l) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* as if references to an assignment in that Section included a participation.

(h) The Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement to secure obligations of the Lender, including any pledge or assignment to secure obligations to a Federal Reserve Bank or loans made to the Lender pursuant to a securitization or similar credit facility (a "Securitization"); provided that no such pledge or assignment shall release the Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for the Lender as a party hereto. The Loan Parties shall cooperate with the Lender and its Affiliates to effect the Securitization including by providing such information as may be reasonably requested by the Lender in connection with the rating of its Loans or the Securitization.

Section 10.08 <u>Counterparts</u>; <u>Execution</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same agreement. Any counterpart may be executed by facsimile or other electronic transmission, and such facsimile or other electronic transmission shall be deemed an original. The words "execution", "signed" and "signature" and words of like import in this Agreement or in any other certificate, agreement or document related to this Agreement shall include images of manually executed signature transmitted by facsimile or other electronic format (including "pdf", "tif" or "jpg") and other electronic signatures (including DocuSign and AdobeSign). The use of electronic signatures and electronic records (including any contract or other record created, generated, sent, communicated, received or stored by electronic means) shall be of the same legal effect, validity and enforceability as a manually executed signature or use of a paper-based record-keeping system to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law, including the Electronic Signatures in Global

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and National Commerce Act, the New York State Electronic Signatures and Records Act and any other applicable Law, including any state Law based on the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act or the Uniform Commercial Code. The foregoing shall apply to each other Loan Document *mutatis mutandis*. Any communication sent to Collateral Agent under this Credit Agreement that requires a signature must be in the form of a document that is signed in the manner provided above. The Loan Parties, the Lender and the Collateral Agent agree to assume all risks arising out of its use of digital signatures and electronic methods to submit communications to the Collateral Agent, including the risk of the Collateral Agent acting on unauthorized instructions (other than any instructions actually known by the Collateral Agent to be unauthorized or otherwise invalid) and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties; provided that neither any Loan Party nor the Lender assumes any such risks if such Loan Party or the Lender, respectively, incurs any loss, liability or expense as a result of the Collateral Agent's or any related person's willful misconduct or gross negligence (as determined by a final, non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction).

Section 10.09 <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS (UNLESS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED TO THE CONTRARY IN ANOTHER LOAN DOCUMENT IN RESPECT OF SUCH OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT) SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS MADE AND TO BE PERFORMED IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICT OF LAWS THEREOF THAT WOULD MANDATE THE APPLICATION OF THE LAW OF ANY OTHER JURISDICTION).

Section 10.10 CONSENT TO JURISDICTION; SERVICE OF PROCESS AND VENUE.

(a) ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT MAY BE BROUGHT IN THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK IN THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK OR OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, AND, BY EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF THIS AGREEMENT, EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY ACCEPTS IN RESPECT OF ITS PROPERTY, GENERALLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY, THE JURISDICTION OF THE AFORESALD COURTS. EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS TO THE SERVICE OF PROCESS OUT OF ANY OF THE AFOREMENTIONED COURTS AND IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING BY ANY MEANS PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, INCLUDING BY THE MAILING OF COPIES THEREOF BY REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, TO THE PARENT AT ITS ADDRESS FOR NOTICES PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.01, SUCH SERVICE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE 10 DAYS AFTER SUCH MAILING, THE LOAN PARTIES AGREE THAT A FINAL JUDGMENT IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING SHALL BE CONCLUSIVE AND MAY BE ENFORCED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS BY SUIT ON THE JUDGMENT OR IN ANY OTHER MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW. NOTHING HEREIN SHALL AFFECT THE RIGHT OF THE LENDER TO SERVICE OF PROCESS IN ANY OTHER MANNER PERMITTED BY LAW OR TO COMMENCE LEGAL PROCEEDINGS OR OTHERWISE PROCEED AGAINST ANY LOAN PARTY IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. EACH LOAN

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PARTY HEREBY EXPRESSLY AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ANY OBJECTION WHICH IT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER HAVE TO THE JURISDICTION OR LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY SUCH LITIGATION BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT REFERRED TO ABOVE AND ANY CLAIM THAT ANY SUCH LITIGATION HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM. TO THE EXTENT THAT ANY LOAN PARTY HAS OR HEREAFTER MAY ACQUIRE ANY IMMUNITY FROM JURISDICTION OF ANY COURT OR FROM ANY LEGAL PROCESS (WHETHER THROUGH SERVICE OR NOTICE, ATTACHMENT PRIOR TO JUDGMENT, ATTACHMENT IN AID OF EXECUTION OR OTHERWISE) WITH RESPECT TO ITSELF OR ITS PROPERTY, EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES SUCH IMMUNITY IN RESPECT OF ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS.

Section 10.11 <u>WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL</u>. EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM CONCERNING ANY RIGHTS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT OR THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS, OR UNDER ANY AMENDMENT, WAIVER, CONSENT, INSTRUMENT, DOCUMENT OR OTHER AGREEMENT DELIVERED OR WHICH IN THE FUTURE MAY BE DELIVERED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, OR ARISING FROM ANY FINANCING RELATIONSHIP EXISTING IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, AND AGREES THAT ANY SUCH ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM SHALL BE TRIED BEFORE A COURT AND NOT BEFORE A JURY. EACH LOAN PARTY CERTIFIES THAT NO OFFICER, REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF THE LENDER HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT THE LENDER WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVERS. EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS PROVISION IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT FOR THE LENDER ENTERING INTO THIS AGREEMENT.

Section 10.12 <u>Consent by the Lender</u>. Except as otherwise expressly set forth herein to the contrary or in any other Loan Document, if the consent, approval, satisfaction, determination, judgment, acceptance or similar action (an "<u>Action</u>") of the Lender shall be permitted or required pursuant to any provision hereof or any provision of any other agreement to which any Loan Party is a party and to which the Lender has succeeded thereto, such Action shall be required to be in writing and may be withheld or denied by the Lender, in its sole discretion, with or without any reason, and without being subject to question or challenge on the grounds that such Action was not taken in good faith.

Section 10.13 No Party Deemed Drafter. Each of the parties hereto agrees that no party hereto shall be deemed to be the drafter of this Agreement.

Section 10.14 <u>Reinstatement</u>; <u>Certain Payments</u>. If any claim is ever made upon the Lender for repayment or recovery of any amount or amounts received by the Lender in payment or on account of any of the Obligations, the Lender shall give prompt notice of such claim to the Parent, and if the Lender repays all or part of such amount by reason of (i) any judgment, decree or order of any court or administrative body having jurisdiction over the Lender or any of its property, or (ii) any good faith settlement or compromise of any such claim effected by the Lender

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with any such claimant, then and in such event each Loan Party agrees that (A) any such judgment, decree, order, settlement or compromise shall be binding upon it notwithstanding the cancellation of any Indebtedness hereunder or under the other Loan Documents or the termination of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, and (B) it shall be and remain liable to the Lender hereunder for the amount so repaid or recovered to the same extent as if such amount had never originally been received by the Lender.

Section 10.15 Indemnification; Limitation of Liability for Certain Damages.

(a) In addition to each Loan Party's other Obligations under this Agreement, each Loan Party agrees to, jointly and severally, defend, protect, indemnify and hold harmless the Lender, the Collateral Agent, the Registrar and all of their respective Affiliates, officers, directors, employees, attorneys, consultants and agents (collectively called the "Indemnitees") from and against any and all losses, damages, liabilities, obligations, penalties, fees, reasonable costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses) incurred by such Indemnitees, whether prior to . or from and after the Effective Date, whether direct, indirect or consequential, as a result of or arising from or relating to or in connection with any of the following: (i) the negotiation, preparation, execution, administration or performance or enforcement of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or of any other document executed in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) the Lender's furnishing of funds to the Borrowers for the account of the Borrowers under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, including the management of any such Loans or the Borrowers' use of the proceeds thereof, (iii) the Lender relying on any instructions of any Borrower or the handling of the Loan Account as herein provided, (iv) the Collateral Agent relying on any instructions of any Borrower and the Lender or the handling of the Collateral as provided herein or in any Security Document, (v) any matter relating to the financing transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or by any documen executed in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, (vi) all Environmental Liabilities and Costs relating to: (A) the presence, disposal, Release or threatened Release of any Hazardous Materials on any property owned or occupied by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries, (B) any investigation, lawsuit brought or threatened, settlement reached or government order relating to such Hazardous Materials, (C) any violation of Environmental Laws by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries, and (D) any Environmental Actions filed against any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, or (vii) any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether or not any Indemnitee is a party thereto (collectively, the "Indemnified Matters"); provided, however, that the Loan Parties shall not have any obligation to any Indemnitee under this subsection (a) for any Indemnified Matter caused by the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee, as determined by a final non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this Section 10.15, the terms "Collateral Agent" and "Indemnitees" shall include the Lender or the Lender's designee acting as an agent of the Collateral Agent pursuant to Section 9.04 hereof.

(b) The indemnification for all of the foregoing losses, damages, fees, costs and expenses of the Indemnitees set forth in this Section 10.15 are chargeable against the Loan Account. To the extent that the undertaking to indemnify, pay and hold harmless set forth in this Section 10.15 may be unenforceable because it is violative of any law or public policy, each Loan Party shall, jointly and severally, contribute the maximum portion which it is permitted to pay and satisfy under applicable law, to the payment and satisfaction of all Indemnified Matters incurred by the Indemnitees.

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(c) To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, no party hereto shall assert, and each party hereby waives, any claim against any other party on any theory of liability, for special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages (as opposed to direct or actual damages) arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of, this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, any Loan or the use of the proceeds thereof.

(d) The indemnities and waivers set forth in this Section 10.15 shall survive the repayment of the Obligations, discharge of any Liens granted under the Loan Documents or the earlier resignation or removal of the Collateral Agent.

(e) This Section 10.15 shall not apply with respect to Taxes, other than Taxes arising from any non-Tax claim.

Section 10.16 Joint and Several Liability. Each Borrower shall be jointly and severally liable for all of the Obligations of each other Borrower, regardless of which Borrower actually receives the proceeds or other benefits of the Loan or the manner in which Borrowers or the Lender accounts therefor in their respective books and records. Each Borrower acknowledges that it will enjoy significant benefits from the business conducted by each other Borrower because of, inter alia, their combined ability to bargain with other Persons including without limitation their ability to receive the Loan under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents which would not have been available to any Borrower acting alone. Each Borrower has determined that it is in its best interest to procure the credit facilities contemplated hereunder, with the credit support of each other Borrower as contemplated by this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. The Lender has advised each Borrower that it is unwilling to enter into this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and make available the credit facilities extended hereby or thereby to any Borrower unless each Borrower agrees, among other things, to be jointly and severally liable for the due and proper payment of the Obligations of each other Borrower. Each Borrower has determined that it is in its best interest and in pursuit of its purposes that it so induce the Lender to extend credit pursuant to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents executed in connection herewith (A) because of the desirability to each Borrower of the loan facility hereunder, (B) because each Borrower may engage in transactions jointly with other Borrowers and (C) because each Borrower may require, from time to time, access to funds provided under this Agreement for general corporate purposes. Each Borrower, individually, expressly understands, agrees and acknowledges, that the loan facility hereunder would not be made available on the terms herein in the absence of the collective credit of all the Borrowers, and the joint and several liability of all the Borrowers. Accordingly, each Borrower acknowledges that the benefit of the accommodations made under this Agreement to the Borrowers, as a whole, constitutes reasonably equivalent value, regardless of the amount of the indebtedness actually borrowed by, advanced to, or the amount of credit provided to, or the amount of collateral provided by, any one Borrower. To the extent that applicable law otherwise would render the full amount of the joint and several obligations of any Borrower hereunder and under the other Loan Documents invalid or unenforceable, such Person's obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents shall be limited to the maximum amount which does not result in such invalidity or unenforceability; provided, that each

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Borrower's obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents shall be presumptively valid and enforceable to their fullest extent in accordance with the terms hereof or thereof, as if this Section 10.16 were not a part of this Agreement. Each Borrower assumes responsibility for keeping itself informed of the financial condition of each other Borrower, and any and all endorsers and/or guarantors of any instrument or document evidencing all or any part of such other Borrower's Obligations, and of all other circumstances bearing upon the risk of nonpayment by such other Borrower of their Obligations, and each Borrower agrees that the Lender shall have no duty to advise such Borrower of information known to the Lender regarding such condition or any such circumstances or to undertake any investigation not a part of its regular business routine. If the Lender, in its sole discretion, undertakes at any time or from time to time to provide any such information to a Borrower, the Lender shall be under no obligation to update any such information or to provide any such information to such Borrower or any other Person on any subsequent occasion.

Section 10.17 <u>Records</u>. The unpaid principal and premium of and interest on the Loans, the interest rate or rates applicable to such unpaid principal and interest, the duration of such applicability, the Commitment, and the accrued and unpaid fees payable pursuant to Section 2.06 hereof, including the Premium and the Exit Fee, shall at all times be ascertained from the records of the Lender, which shall be conclusive and binding absent manifest error.

Section 10.18 <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall become effective when it shall have been executed by each Loan Party and the Lender, and thereafter shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of each Loan Party, the Lender, and their respective successors and assigns, except that the Loan Parties shall not have the right to assign their rights hereunder or any interest herein without the prior written consent of the Lender, and any assignment by the Lender shall be governed by Section 10.07 hereof.

Section 10.19 <u>Highest Lawful Rate</u>. It is the intention of the parties hereto that the Lender shall conform strictly to usury laws applicable to it. Accordingly, if the transactions contemplated hereby or by any other Loan Document would be usurious as to the Lender under laws applicable to it (including the laws of the United States of America and the State of New York or any other jurisdiction whose laws may be mandatorily applicable to the Lender notwithstanding the other provisions of this Agreement, then, in that event, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any other Loan Document or any agreement entered into in connection with or as security for the Obligations, it is agreed as follows: (i) the aggregate of all consideration which constitutes interest under law applicable to the Lender that is contracted for, taken, reserved, charged or received by the Lender under this Agreement or any other Loan Document or any agreements or otherwise in connection with the Obligations shall under no circumstances exceed the maximum amount allowed by such applicable law, any excess shall be canceled automatically and if theretofore paid shall be credited by the Lender on the principal amount of the Obligations shall have been or would thereby be Paid In Full, refunded by the Lender, as applicable, to the Borrowers); and (ii) in the event that the maturity of the Obligations is accelerated by reason of any Event of Default under this Agreement or otherwise, or in the event of any required or permitted prepayment, then such consideration that constitutes interest under law applicable to the last sentence of

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this Section 10.19, be canceled automatically by the Lender, as applicable, as of the date of such acceleration or prepayment and, if theretofore paid, shall be credited by the Lender, as applicable, on the principal amount of the Obligations (or, to the extent that the principal amount of the Obligations shall have been or would thereby be Paid In Full, refunded by the Lender to the Borrowers). All sums paid or agreed to be paid to the Lender for the use, forbearance or detention of sums due hereunder shall, to the extent permitted by law applicable to the Lender, be amortized, prorated, allocated and spread throughout the full term of the Loans until Payment In Full so that the rate or amount of interest on account of any Loans hereunder does not exceed the maximum amount allowed by such applicable law. If at any time and from time to time (x) the amount of interest payable to the Lender on any date shall be computed at the Highest Lawful Rate applicable to the Lender pursuant to this Section 10.19 and (y) in respect of any subsequent interest computation period the amount of interest otherwise payable to the Lender computed at the Highest Lawful Rate applicable to the Lender would be less than the amount of interest payable to the Lender computed at the Highest Lawful Rate applicable to the Lender until the total amount of interest payable to the Lender shall continue to be computed at the Highest Lawful Rate applicable to the Lender until the total amount of interest payable to the Lender shall equal the total amount of interest which would have been payable to the Lender until the total amount of interest which would have been payable to the Lender if the total amount of interest payable to the Lender shall equal the total amount of interest which would have been payable to the Lender if the total amount of interest had been computed without giving effect to this Section 10.19.

For purposes of this Section 10.19, the term "applicable law" shall mean that law in effect from time to time and applicable to the loan transaction between the Borrowers, on the one hand, and the Lender, on the other, that lawfully permits the charging and collection of the highest permissible, lawful non-usurious rate of interest on such loan transaction and this Agreement, including laws of the State of New York and, to the extent controlling, laws of the United States of America or any other jurisdiction from time to time where a Loan Party may be incorporated, formed or otherwise constituted.

The right to accelerate the maturity of the Obligations does not include the right to accelerate any interest that has not accrued as of the date of acceleration.

Section 10.20 <u>Confidentiality</u>. The Lender agrees (on behalf of itself and each of its affiliates, directors, officers, employees and representatives) to use reasonable precautions to keep confidential, in accordance with its customary procedures for handling confidential information of this nature and in accordance with safe and sound practices of comparable commercial finance companies, any non-public information supplied to it by the Loan Parties pursuant to this Agreement or the other Loan Documents (and which at the time is not, and does not thereafter become, publicly available or available to such Person from another source not known to be subject to a confidentiality obligation to such Person not to disclose such information, provided that nothing partners), directors, officers, employees, agents, trustees, counsel, advisors and representatives (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such information and instructed to keep such information confidential in accordance with this Section 10.20); (ii) to any other party to rescuritization so long as such assignee or participant (or prospective assignee or participant) or any party to a Securitization so long as such assignee or participant (or prospective assignee or participant) or party to a Securitization for the specific assignee or participant provisions similar

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in substance to this Section 10.20; (v) to the extent required by any Requirement of Law or judicial process or as otherwise requested by any Governmental Authority; (vi) to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or any similar organization, any examiner, auditor or accountant or any nationally recognized rating agency or otherwise to the extent consisting of general portfolio information that does not identify Loan Parties; (vii) in connection with any litigation to which the Lender is a party; (viii) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any other Loan Document or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder; or (ix) with the consent of the Parent. The Lender agrees, prior to any disclosure under clause (iv) or (vi) above to (A) any Governmental Authority that does not herevize solely in connection with an investigation, action, suit or other proceeding that does not otherwise involve the Lender or (B) any other Person that is not a Governmental Authority, to use reasonable efforts to notify the Parent of any request for the disclosure of any such confidential information so as to provide the Parent to any liability. Any confidentiality agreement executed and delivered by the Lender (or any Affiliate thereof) prior to the Effective Date shall be terminated as of the Effective Date.

Section 10.21 <u>Public Disclosure</u>. Each Loan Party agrees that neither it nor any of its Affiliates will now or in the future issue any press release or other public disclosure using the name of the Lender or any of its Affiliates or referring to this Agreement or any other Loan Document without the prior written consent of the Lender, except to the extent that such Loan Party or such Affiliate is required to do so under applicable law (in which event, such Loan Party or such Affiliate will consult with the Lender before issuing such press release or other public disclosure). Each Loan Party hereby authorizes the Lender, after consultation with the Parent, to advertise the closing of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and to make appropriate announcements of the financial arrangements entered into among the parties hereto, as the Lender shall deem appropriate, including on a home page or similar place for dissemination of information on the Internet or worldwide web, or in announcements commonly known as tombstones, in such trade publications, business journals, newspapers of general circulation and to such selected parties as the Lender shall deem appropriate.

Section 10.22 <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement, together with the other Loan Documents, reflects the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby and shall not be contradicted or qualified by any other agreement, oral or written, before the date hereof.

Section 10.23 <u>USA PATRIOT Act</u>. To the extent the Lender is subject to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act and hereby notifies the Loan Parties that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act, it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the entities composing the Loan Parties, which information includes the name and address of each such entity and other information that will allow the Lender to identify the entities composing the Loan Parties in accordance with the USA PATRIOT Act. The Loan Party agrees to take such action and execute, acknowledge and deliver at its sole cost and expense, such instruments and documents as the Lender may reasonably require from time to time in order to enable the Lender to comply with the USA PATRIOT Act.

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Section 10.24 <u>Section Headings</u>. Headings and numbers have been set forth herein for convenience only. Unless the contrary is compelled by the context, everything contained in each Section applies equally to this entire Agreement.

Section 10.25 <u>Effect of Payment in Full</u>. When all Obligations hereunder which are accrued and payable have been Paid In Full, this Agreement and the Guarantees made herein shall terminate with respect to all Obligations, except with respect to Obligations that expressly survive such repayment pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

Section 10.26 <u>Acknowledgement and Consent to Bail-In of Affected Financial Institutions</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any Affected Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document, to the extent such liability is unsecured, may be subject to the write-down and conversion powers of the applicable Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by (i) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority on any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any party hereto that is an Affected Financial Institution and (ii) the effects of any Bail-In Action on any such liability, including, if applicable: (x) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability, (y) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such Affected Financial Institution, its parent undertaking, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or (z) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the write-down and conversion powers of the applicable Resolution Authority.

Section 10.27 <u>Judgment Currency</u>. This is an international financial transaction in which the specification of a currency and payment in New York is of the essence. Dollars shall be the currency of account in the case of all payments pursuant to or arising under this Agreement or under any other Loan Document, and all such payments shall be made to the Loan Account in New York in immediately available funds. To the full extent permitted by applicable law, the obligations of each Loan Party to the Lender under this Agreement and under the other Loan Documents shall not be discharged by any amount paid in any other currency or in a place other than to the Loan Account in New York to the extent that the amount so paid after conversion under this Agreement and transfer to New York does not yield the amount of Dollars in New York due under this Agreement and under the other Loan Documents. If, for the purposes of obtaining judgment in any court, it is necessary to convert a sum due hereunder in Dollars into another currency."), to the full extent permitted by applicable law, the rate of exchange used shall be that at which the Lender could, in accordance with normal procedures, purchase Dollars with the Other Currency on the Business Day preceding that on which final judgment is given. The obligation of each Loan Party in respect of any such sum due from it to the Lender hereunder shall, notwithstanding any judgment in such Other Currency, be discharged only to the extent that, on the Business Day immediately following the date on which the Curder receives any sum adjudged to be so due in the Other Currency, the Lender may, in accordance with normal banking procedures, purchase dare less than the sum originally due to the Lender in Dollars, each Loan Party agrees, as a separate obligation and notwithstanding any such judgment, to indemnify the Lender againts such loss, and if the Dollars so purchased exceed the sum originally due to the Lender in Dollars, each Loan Party agrees, as a separate obligation and notwith

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Section 10.28 <u>Waiver of Immunity</u>. To the extent that any Loan Party has or hereafter may acquire (or may be attributed, whether or not claimed) any immunity (sovereign or otherwise) from any legal action, suit or proceeding, from jurisdiction of any court or from set-off or any legal process (whether service of process or notice, attachment prior to judgment, attachment in aid of execution of judgment, execution of judgment or otherwise) with respect to itself or any of its property, such Loan Party hereby irrevocably waives and agrees not to plead or claim, to the fullest extent permitted by law, such immunity in respect of (a) its obligations under the Loan Documents, (b) any legal proceedings to enforce such obligations and (c) any legal proceedings to enforce any judgment rendered in any proceedings to enforce such obligations. Each Loan Party hereby agrees that the waivers set forth in this Section 10.28 shall be to the full extent permitted under the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act and are intended to be irrevocable for purposes of the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act.

Section 10.29 Swiss Limitations. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, the obligations of the Swiss Borrower or any other Loan Party incorporated in Switzerland (collectively the "Swiss Loan Party") and the rights of the Collateral Agent and Lender under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents are subject to the following limitations:

(a) If and to the extent a guarantee or security interest granted or any other obligations assumed by a Swiss Loan Party under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents guarantees or secures obligations of its (direct or indirect) parent company (upstream security) or its sister companies (crossstream security) (the "Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations") and if and to the extent using the proceeds from the enforcement of such guarantee, security interest or other obligation to discharge the Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations of a (constructive) dividend (*Gewinnausschüttung*) under Swiss corporate law, the proceeds from the enforcement of such guarantee, security interest or other obligation of the legally protected reserves (*gestalich geschützte Reserven*) or the payment of a (constructive) dividend (*Gewinnausschüttung*) under Swiss corporate law, the proceeds from the enforcement of such guarantee, security interest or other obligation to be used to discharge the Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations shall be limited to the maximum amount of that Swiss Loan Party's freely disposable shareholder or quotaholder equity at the time of enforcement (the "Maximum Amount"); provided that such limitation is required under the applicable law at that time; provided, further, that such limitation shall not free the Swiss Loan Party from its obligations in excess of the Maximum Amount, but merely postpone the performance date of those obligations until such time or times as performance is again permitted under the applicable law. This Maximum Amount of freely disposable shareholder or quotaholder equity shall be determined in accordance with Swiss Loan Party on the basis of an interim audited balance sheet as of that time.

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(b) In respect of Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations, the Swiss Loan Party shall, as concerns the proceeds resulting from the enforcement of the guarantee or security interest granted or other obligations assumed under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, if and to the extent required by applicable law in force at the relevant time:

(i) procure that such enforcement proceeds can be used to discharge Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations without deduction of Swiss Withholding Tax by discharging the liability to such tax by notification pursuant to applicable law rather than payment of the tax;

(ii) if the notification procedure pursuant to sub-paragraph (i) above does not apply, deduct the Swiss Withholding Tax at such rate (currently thirty-five percent (35%) at the date of this Agreement) as is in force from time to time from any such enforcement proceeds used to discharge Upstream or Cross-Stream Secured Obligations, and pay, without delay, any such taxes deducted to the Swiss Federal Tax Administration;

(iii) notify the Collateral Agent that such notification or, as the case may be, deduction has been made, and provide the Collateral Agent with evidence that such a notification of the Swiss Federal Tax Administration has been made or, as the case may be, such taxes deducted have been paid to the Swiss Federal Tax Administration; and

(iv) in the case of a deduction of Swiss Withholding Tax, use its best efforts to ensure that any person, which is entitled to a full or partial refund of the Swiss Withholding Tax deducted from such enforcement proceeds, will, as soon as possible after such deduction,

(A) request a refund of the Swiss Withholding Tax under applicable law (including tax treaties), and

(B) pay to the Collateral Agent upon receipt any amount so refunded.

(c) The Swiss Loan Party shall promptly take and promptly cause to be taken any action, including the following:

(i) the passing of any shareholders' or quotaholders' resolutions, as may be the case, to approve the use of the enforcement proceeds, which may be required as a matter of Swiss mandatory law in force at the time of the enforcement of the security interest in order to allow a prompt use of the enforcement proceeds;

(ii) preparation of up-to-date audited balance sheet of the Swiss Loan Party;

(iii) confirmation of the auditors of the Swiss Loan Party that the relevant amount represents the Maximum Amount;

(iv) conversion of restricted reserves into profits and reserves freely available for the distribution as dividends (to the extent permitted by mandatory Swiss law);

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(v) to the extent permitted by applicable law, Swiss accounting standards, write-up or realize any of its assets that are shown in its balance sheet with a book value that is significantly lower than the market value of the assets, in case of realization, however, only if such assets are not necessary for the Swiss Loan Party's business (*nicht betriebsnotwendig*); and

(vi) all such other measures necessary to allow the Swiss Loan Party to use enforcement proceeds as agreed hereunder with a minimum of limitations.

Section 10.30 Irish Limitations. The joint and several liability of any Irish Loan Party under this section does not apply to the extent that it would result in such liability constituting unlawful financial assistance within the meaning of Section 82 of the Companies Act 2014 of Ireland.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

PARENT AND BERMUDA BORROWER:

DERMAVANT SCIENCES LTD., an exempted company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

ENGLISH BORROWER:

DERMAVANT HOLDINGS LIMITED, a private limited company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

IRISH BORROWER:

DERMAVANT SCIENCES IRL LIMITED, a private company limited by shares incorporated under the laws of Ireland

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

SWISS BORROWER:

DERMAVANT SCIENCES GMBH, a limited liability company (Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung) incorporated and organized under the laws of Switzerland

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

GUARANTORS:

DERMAVANT SCIENCES, INC., a Delaware corporation

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

DSL TREASURY HOLDINGS INC., a Delaware corporation

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

DSL TREASURY INC., a Delaware corporation

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

COLLATERAL AGENT:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS COLLATERAL AGENT

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

[Signature Page to Credit Agreement]

LENDER;

XYQ LUXCO S.À R.L.

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

[Signature Page to Credit Agreement]

Exhibit 10.32 Execution Version

Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement

dated as of May 14, 2021

by and among

Dermavant Sciences GmbH,

the Purchasers party hereto,

and

solely for purposes of Article IX hereof, U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent on behalf of the Purchasers

THE COLLATERAL AGENT IS PARTY TO THE SENIOR LENDER INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT DATED AS OF MAY 14, 2021 WITH XYQ LUXCO S.À R.L., AS SENIOR LENDER, AND THE OTHER PARTIES PARTY THERETO FROM TIME TO TIME, BY WHICH THE COLLATERAL AGENT AND EACH PURCHASER, INCLUDING THEIR RESPECTIVE SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS, ARE BOUND. THE TERMS OF THIS REVENUE INTEREST PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY RIGHTS OF ENFORCEMENT HEREUNDER, ARE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF SUCH SENIOR LENDER INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT. IN THE EVENT OF ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN THE TERMS HEREUNDER AND THE TERMS OF SUCH SENIOR LENDER INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT, THE TERMS OF SUCH SENIOR LENDER INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT WILL GOVERN AND CONTROL.

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, IN ITS CAPACITY AS THE COLLATERAL AGENT HEREUNDER, IS PARTY TO THE PARITY INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT DATED AS OF MAY 14, 2021, BY WHICH THE COLLATERAL AGENT AND EACH PURCHASER, INCLUDING THEIR RESPECTIVE SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS, ARE BOUND. THE TERMS OF THIS REVENUE INTEREST PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY RIGHTS OF ENFORCEMENT HEREUNDER, ARE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF SUCH PARITY INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT. IN THE EVENT OF ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN THE TERMS HEREUNDER AND THE TERMS OF SUCH PARITY INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT, THE TERMS OF SUCH PARITY INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT WILL GOVERN AND CONTROL.

REVENUE INTEREST PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT

This Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of May 14, 2021 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>") by and among Dermavant Sciences GmbH, a limited liability company (*Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung*) organized under the laws of Switzerland ("<u>Dermavant</u>"), and, severally and not jointly, the other entities named on the signature pages hereto (together with such entities' successors and assigns, collectively, the "<u>Purchasers</u>" and, <u>each</u>, a "<u>Purchaser</u>") and, solely for purposes of Article IX, U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent on behalf of the Purchasers (the "<u>Collateral Agent</u>"). Each of the Purchasers and Dermavant is referred to herein individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>".

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants, representations and warranties herein below, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

1.1 <u>Definitions</u>. When used and capitalized in this Agreement (other than in the headings of the Articles and Sections hereof), including in the Exhibits and Schedules attached hereto and in the Disclosure Letter, the following terms shall have the respective meanings assigned to them in this Section 1.1.

"10 Non-Bank Rule" means the rule that the aggregate number of parties to this Agreement (other than Dermavant) that are not Qualifying Banks must not at any time exceed ten (10), all in accordance with the meaning of the Guidelines or legislation or explanatory notes addressing the same issues that are in force at such time.

"20 Non-Bank Rule" means the rule that the aggregate number of creditors (including the Purchasers), other than Qualifying Banks, of the Swiss Seller Party under all of the Swiss Seller Party's outstanding debts relevant for classification as debenture (Kassenobligation) must not at any time exceed twenty (20), all in accordance with the meaning of the Guidelines or legislation or explanatory notes addressing the same issues that are in force at such time.

"AAA" means the American Arbitration Association.

"AAA Rules" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(a).

"Additional Amounts" means any additional amounts payable to the Purchasers pursuant to Section 5.6(a).

"<u>Affiliate</u>" means, with respect to a Person, any other Person, directly or indirectly, controlling, controlled by or under common control with such first Person, but only so long as such control exists. For the purposes of this definition, "controlling", "controlled" and "control" mean the possession, directly (or indirectly through one or more intermediaries), of the power to direct the management or policies of a Person, including through ownership of fifty percent (50%) or more of the Voting Securities of such Person, by contract or otherwise.

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"<u>Applicable Law</u>" means any applicable law, rule, regulation, judgment, order, writ, decree, permit or license of any Governmental Authority of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of Section 5.6, the term "<u>Applicable Law</u>" includes FATCA.

"<u>Applicable Percentage</u>" means, with respect to a given Fiscal Quarter and determined as of the earlier of (a) the last day of such Fiscal Quarter and (b) the Termination Date, an amount, expressed as a percentage, equal to the quotient of (i) the sum of (x) with respect to the first \$[***] of Net Sales invoiced in the Fiscal Year in which such Fiscal Quarter occurs, an amount equal to the product of (A) [***][%] multiplied by (B) each such dollar of such \$[***] that is invoiced in such Fiscal Quarter, (y) with respect to the next \$[***] of Net Sales invoiced in the Fiscal Year in which such Fiscal Quarter occurs, an amount equal to the product of (A) [***][%] multiplied by (B) each such dollar of such \$[***] that is invoiced in such Fiscal Quarter and (z) with respect to any Net Sales above \$[***] invoiced in the Fiscal Year in which such Fiscal Quarter, divided by (ii) the aggregate Net Sales invoiced in such Fiscal Quarter; <u>provided, however</u>, that, notwithstanding the foregoing, if (X) a Base Case Forecast Shortfall exists as of the earlier of (I) the last day of such Fiscal Quarter and (II) the Termination Date and (Y) such Fiscal Quarter or the Fiscal Quarter in which the Termination Date occurs, as applicable, ends on or after [***], then the Applicable Percentage shall be [***]% (it being understood that such [***]% shall apply to all Net Sales invoiced in such Fiscal Quarter); <u>provided, further, however</u>, that in each case any such amount shall apply to Net Sales whether or not paid or received.

"Arbitration" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(a).

"Arbitration Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(a).

"Arbitrator" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(b).

"Auditor" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.5(c).

"Bankruptcy Event of Default" means any of (i) the liquidation or dissolution of Dermavant, (ii) a Voluntary Bankruptcy or (iii) an Involuntary Bankruptcy.

"Bankruptcy Law" means Title 11, United States Code, or any similar U.S. federal or state law for the relief of debtors (or their non-U.S. equivalents).

"Base Case Forecast Shortfall" means that both (i) cumulative Quarterly Revenue Amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement with respect to all Fiscal Quarters on and prior to [***] were less than the amount set forth opposite the last day of the Fiscal Quarter ending [***] in <u>Exhibit C</u> attached hereto and (ii) cumulative Quarterly Revenue Amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement with respect to all Fiscal Quarters on and prior to the Fiscal Quarter with respect to which the Applicable Percentage is being determined were less than the amount set forth opposite the last day of such Fiscal Quarter in <u>Exhibit C</u> attached hereto.

"Bill of Sale" means that certain bill of sale to be dated as of the Funding Date executed by Dermavant and the Purchasers substantially in the form of Exhibit B attached hereto.

"Business Day." means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or any other day on which banking institutions located in New York, New York or Basel, Switzerland are generally closed or are obligated by Applicable Law to close.

"<u>Capital Securities</u>" means, with respect to any Person, all shares, interests, participations or other equivalents (however designated, whether voting or non-voting) of such Person's capital, whether now outstanding or issued after the Effective Date, including common shares, ordinary shares, preferred shares, participation rights, profit sharing certificates, membership interests or share capital in a limited liability company or other Person, limited or general partnership interests in a partnership, beneficial interests in trusts or any other equivalent of such ownership interest or any options, warrants, subscription rights and other rights to acquire such shares or interests, including rights to allocations and distributions, dividends, redemption payments.

"Change of Control" means any of the following: (i) the sale, lease or transfer, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of Dermavant, or of all or substantially all of the Product Assets, to Third Parties; (ii) at any time prior to the consummation of a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout, Ultimate Parent ceasing to own, directly or indirectly, at least [***] of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Securities of Parent; (iii) at any time following the consummation of a Qualified IPO or an Ultimate Parent Spinout, Parent becomes aware (by way of a report or any other filing pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, proxy, vote, written notice or otherwise) of the acquisition of the beneficial ownership by any "person" or "group" (as such terms are used within Section 13(d)(3) or Section 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act, or any successor provision), including any group acting for the purpose of acquiring, holding or disposing of securities (within the meaning of transactions, by way of merger, amalgamation, consolidation or other business combination or purchase of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, or any successor provision), of (x) [***] or more of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Securities of Parent that is greater than the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Securities of Parent beneficial ownership in this clause (iii), a beneficial ownership and but the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act, or "person" will be deemed to have beneficial ownership of all securities that such "person" has the right to acquire by conversion or exercise of other securities, whether such right is currently exercisable or is exercisable only upon the occurrence of a subsequent condition; (iv) Parent ceasing to own, directly or indirectly, at least [***] of the total voting and economic power of Dermavant; or (v) the m

case of this clause (v) a merger, amalgamation or consolidation of Dermavant in which holders of a majority of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Securities of Dermavant immediately prior to such merger, amalgamation or consolidation will hold a majority of the total voting power of the issued and outstanding Voting Securities of such Third Party or the surviving Person in such merger, amalgamation or consolidation, as the case may be, immediately after such merger, amalgamation or consolidation; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, with respect to a transaction described in clause (i) above, clause (iii) above or clause (v) above, if (x) the acquiring Person in such transaction is a Qualified Party, (y) to the extent Dermavant is party to such transaction but is not the surviving Person in such transaction, such surviving Person expressly agrees to assume Dermavant's obligations under the Deal Documents, and (z) there shall not have occurred and been continuing upon the consummation of such transaction a Default or an Event of Default, then such transaction shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(a).

"Code" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Collateral Agent" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"<u>Collateral Agreement</u>" means that certain RIPSA Collateral Agreement dated as of the Effective Date between Dermavant and the Collateral Agent (and all documentation required pursuant thereto, including any joinder agreement for any Controlling Affiliate).

"Collateral Assignment" means that certain Collateral Assignment dated as of the Effective Date between Dermavant and the Collateral Agent.

"<u>Combination Product</u>" means a Product that is comprised of or contains the compound set forth in <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto in addition to one or more additional active ingredients (whether co-formulated or co-packaged) that are neither the compound set forth in <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto nor generic or other non-proprietary compositions of matter.

"<u>Commercialization</u>", "<u>Commercialize</u>" or "<u>Commercializing</u>" means any and all activities directed to marketing, promoting, making, manufacturing, distributing, importing, exporting, offering to sell or selling the Product, including manufacturing and activities directed to obtaining any pricing and reimbursement approvals that must be obtained from a Regulatory Authority before placing the Product on the market for sale and including any licensing activities.

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"Commercially Reasonable Efforts" means [***].

"<u>Competing Product</u>" means [***].

"Confidential Information" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1.

"Controlling Affiliate" means, with respect to Dermavant, Parent or an Affiliate that is, directly or indirectly, under the control of Parent.

"Cover" means that the use, manufacture, sale, offer for sale, development, commercialization or importation of the subject matter in question by an unlicensed Person would infringe a claim of a Patent.

"CRE Considerations" means [***].

"Custodian" means any receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, custodian or similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

"Deal Documents" means the Transaction Documents to which Dermavant is or will be party.

"Default" means any event that, with the giving of notice or passage of time, or both, could result in an Event of Default.

"Dermavant" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"Dermavant Indemnitees" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(b).

"Develop", "Developing" or "Development" means engaging in manufacturing, preclinical, clinical or other research and development activities directed towards obtaining Marketing Approval of the Product.

"Disclosing Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1.

"Disclosure Letter" means that certain confidential disclosure letter dated as of the Effective Date delivered by Dermavant to the Purchasers.

"Disposition" or "Dispose" means, with respect to any Person, directly or indirectly, the sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, license, sublicense or other disposition (whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions) (including by way of a sale and leaseback transaction) of property or assets by any Person.

"Dispute" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(a).

"Dispute Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.3(a).

"Distributor" means (i) a Third Party distributor of any Product that has no royalty or other payment obligations to Dermavant or any of its Affiliates that are calculated based on amounts invoiced or received by such Third Party for sales of the Product or (ii) a Third Party distributor of any Product that (a) does not take title to the Product, (b) does not invoice sales of the Product to Third Party customers and (c) is responsible only for inventory management and distribution with respect to such Product on behalf of Dermavant or any of its Affiliates.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"Erroneous Payment" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.12(a).

"Erroneous Payment Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.12(b).

"Event of Default" means any of (i) any Bankruptcy Event of Default, (ii) the breach by Dermavant of (x) any payment obligations under Section 5.11, which failure to pay continues for more than 10 Business Days, or (y) any non-payment obligations under Section 5.11, (iii) the breach by Dermavant of any of its other payment obligations under this Agreement, which failure to pay continues for more than 10 Business Days, or (y) any non-payment obligations under Section 5.11, (iii) the breach by Dermavant of any of its other payment obligations under this Agreement, which failure to pay continues for more than 10 Business Days after receipt of written notice from any of the Purchasers, (iv) except as set forth in clause (ii) above or clause (iii) above, the breach by Dermavant of any of its obligations under any Deal Document, where the Required Purchasers have provided notice of such breach to Dermavant in writing and Dermavant has not cured such breach within 45 days following receipt of such notice and where such breach, if not cured, would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, (v) the failure to make any payment in respect of any indebtedness of Dermavant by the holders thereof occurs, in each case if the total principal amount of such indebtedness \$5,000,000 (but excluding any failure or default under the Senior Credit Agreement that has been waived by the lender or lenders thereunder), and in each case where such failure to pay continues for more than 10 Business Days, (vi) a breach by Dermavant of any of its obligations under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement resulting in the exercise of remedies under the security agreements related to the NovaQuest Funding Agreement or (vii) a default or event of default under the Senior Credit Agreement that results in an acceleration of the obligations thereunder, which acceleration is not rescinded, or the obligations thereunder are not paid in full.

"Event of Default Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(a).

"Event of Default Fee" means \$160,000,000 less the amount of any Revenue Interests previously paid to the Purchasers pursuant to this Agreement (but in no event less than zero).

"Exchange Act" means the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Excluded Taxes" means any of the following Taxes imposed on or with respect to a Purchaser or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to a Purchaser: (i) Taxes imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated), franchise Taxes and branch profits Taxes, in each case (x) imposed as a result of such Purchaser being organized under the laws of, or having its principal office located in, the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (or any political subdivision thereof) or (y) that are Other Connection Taxes; (ii) Taxes attributable to such Purchaser's failure to comply with Section 5.6(c), as applicable); (iii) withholding Taxes imposed under FATCA; and (iv) Swiss Withholding Tax imposed as a result of such Purchaser (x) making an incorrect declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank and as to how many lenders it counts under the Non-Bank Rules or (y) failing to comply with is obligations under Section 8.7. For the avoidance of doubt, for the purposes of this definition, any reference to a Purchaser includes any successor or assignee of such Purchaser in accordance with Section 8.7.

"FATCA" means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, as of the Effective Date (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with), any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code and any fiscal or regulatory legislation, rules or practices adopted pursuant to any intergovernmental agreement, treaty or convention among Governmental Authorities and implementing such sections of the Code.

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or any successor agency thereto.

"Fiscal Quarter" means each three-month period commencing January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1 during the Term, beginning with the January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1 of the three-month period in which the Funding Date occurs.

"Fiscal Year" means each twelve (12)-month period from April 1 through March 31.

"Funding" means the payment by the Purchasers (severally in accordance with their Percentage Interests) to Dermavant of the Purchase Price on the Funding Date.

"Funding Condition" means both (a) the Purchasers have obtained Tax Rulings confirming that they count, in the aggregate, as not more than ten lenders under the Non-Bank Rules that are not Qualifying Banks, and (b) the FDA has granted Marketing Approval of the Product (i) on or prior to June 30, 2023 and (ii) unless waived in writing by the Required Purchasers, prior to the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default.

"Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice" means a written notice from Dermavant to the Purchasers certifying that the Funding Condition has occurred, identifying the Funding Date, and providing the wire transfer instructions of Dermavant in respect of the Funding.

"<u>Funding Date</u>" means a Business Day, identified in the Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice, that is no earlier than ten (10) calendar days, and no later than thirty (30) calendar days, after the date that Dermavant provides the Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice to the Purchasers; <u>provided</u>, that failure by Dermavant to provide such Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice shall not be an excuse for the Funding not to occur if the Required Purchasers waive such condition in writing. For the avoidance of doubt, there shall be no Funding Date if the Funding Condition has not occurred (except to the extent that clause (b)(ii) thereof is waived in writing by the Required Purchasers in their sole discretion).

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in effect in the United States, as in effect on the date or for the period with respect to which such principles are applied.

"<u>Governmental Authority</u>" means the government of any nation or any political subdivision thereof or any multi-national, national, federal, state, local or foreign court or governmental agency, authority (including supranational authority), commission, instrumentality, regulatory body or central bank.

"<u>Guidelines</u>" means, together, guideline S-02.123 in relation to interbank loans of 22 September 1986 (*Merkblatt* "Verrechnungssteuer auf Zinsen von Bankguthaben, deren Gläubiger Banken sind (Interbankguthaben)" vom 22. September 1986), guideline S-02.130.1 in relation to money market instruments and book claims of April 1999 (*Merkblatt* vom April 1999 betreffend Geldmarktpapiere und Buchforderungen inländischer Schuldner), circular letter No. 34 of 26 July 2011 (1-034-V-2011) in relation to deposits (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 34* "*Kundenguthaben*" vom 26. Juli 2011), circular letter No. 15 of 3 October 2017 (1-015-DVS-2017) in relation to bonds and derivative financial instruments as subject matter of taxation of Swiss federal income tax, Swiss withholding tax and Swiss stamp taxes (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 15* "Obligationen und derivative Finanzinstrumente als Gegenstand der direkten Bundessteuer, der Verrechnungssteuer und der Stempelagbaben" vom 3. Oktober 2017, circular letter No. 46 of 24 July 2019 (1-045-V-S-2019) in relation to syndicated credit facilities (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019)) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019)) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019)) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019)) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 of 25 July 2019* (1-047-V-2019)) in relation to bonds (*Kreisschreiben Nr. 47 betreffend Stuper Gueder Tax Administration* or a substituted or superseded and overruled by any law, statute, ordinance, court decision, regulation or the like as in force

"IFRS" means international accounting standards, as in effect on the date or for the period with respect to which such standards are applied, as established by the International Financial Reporting Standards.

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.2(a).

"Indemnified Taxes" means any deductions, withholdings or Taxes (other than Excluded Taxes) in respect of which Dermavant is required to pay additional amounts pursuant to Section 5.6(a).

"Indemnifying Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.2(a).

"Intercreditor Agreements" means each of (i) the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement and (ii) that certain parity intercreditor agreement dated as of the Effective Date between the Collateral Agent and NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P.

"Involuntary Bankruptcy" means a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that: (i) is for relief against Dermavant in an involuntary case; (ii) appoints a Custodian of Dermavant or for any substantial part of its property; or (iii) orders the winding up or liquidation of Dermavant; or any similar relief is granted under any non-U.S. laws and the order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 60 consecutive days.

"Judgment Currency" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.20(b)(i).

"Key Patents" means the Patents listed on Schedule 3 to the Disclosure Letter.

"<u>Liabilities</u>" means any and all indebtedness, liabilities and obligations, whether accrued, fixed or contingent, mature or inchoate, known or unknown, reflected on a balance sheet or otherwise, including those arising under any law or judgment of any court of any kind or any award of any arbitrator of any kind, and those arising under any contract, commitment or undertaking.

"License Agreement" means (i) any license of Product Rights granted by Dermavant or its Affiliates to a Third Party, (ii) any sublicense of Product Rights granted under a license described in clause (i) above or (iii) any another arrangement that transfers, assigns or otherwise conveys or grants any access or rights in or to any Product Right (collectively, "Out-Licenses"); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the following shall not be deemed to be a "License Agreement": (a) any agreement that does not include any rights to Develop or Commercialize the Product in all or part of the United States; (b) any licenses solely for research purposes; (c) any licenses to Distributors solely in their capacities as such; or (d) any agreements granting non-exclusive rights to Product IP Rights entered into in the ordinary course of business for the benefit of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates, including manufacturing agreements, material transfer agreements and consulting agreements, that, in all cases in this clause (d), do not grant any rights to market, distribute or sell the Product.

"Licensee" means a Third Party that is granted any Product Rights under a License Agreement.

"Lien" means any mortgage, lien (statutory or otherwise), pledge, deed of trust, hypothecation, title defect, charge, security interest, encumbrance, assignment, deposit arrangement, interest in property or other priority or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever, in each case to secure payment of a debt or performance of an obligation, including any conditional sale or any sale with recourse.

"Losses" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(a).

"<u>Marketing Approval</u>" means, for the Product, any and all approvals (including supplements, amendments, pre-approvals and post-approvals), licenses, registrations or authorizations of any national, supra-national, regional, state or local regulatory agency, department, bureau, commission, council or other governmental entity, that are necessary for the manufacture, distribution, use, sale and marketing of the Product.

"<u>Material Adverse Effect</u>" means a material adverse effect, in any respect, on (i) the legality, validity or enforceability of any Transaction Document, (ii) the ability of Dermavant to perform any of its material obligations under any Transaction Document (including Dermavant being unable or failing to make payment of the Revenue Interests in accordance with the terms of this Agreement) or to consummate the transactions contemplated hereunder or thereunder, (iii) the rights or remedies of a Purchaser under any Transaction Document or (iv) the Product, the Product IP Rights or the Development or Commercialization of the Product.

"<u>Material Contract</u>" means (i) any material agreement to which Dermavant or any other Responsible Party (other than a Licensee) is a party (x) related to the Development or Commercialization of the Product within the United States, (y) that creates a Lien on, affects or otherwise relates to the Product, the Revenue Interests or any of the Product IP Rights or other Product Assets or (z) that is a License Agreement or (ii) any other agreement to which Dermavant or any other Responsible Party (other than a Licensee) is a party for which breach, non-performance, termination, cancellation or failure to renew by a party thereto would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, in the case of each of clause (i) above and clause (ii) above, Out-Licenses that are not License Agreements shall not be deemed to be Material Contracts.

"<u>Maximum Amount</u>" means, with respect to each Purchaser, an amount equal to the product of [***] multiplied by the Purchase Price paid by such Purchaser.

"Net Sales" means [***].

"Non-Bank Rules" means, together, the 10 Non-Bank Rule and the 20 Non-Bank Rule.

"Non-Compliant Purchaser" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.8(b).

"<u>NovaQuest Funding Agreement</u>" means that certain funding agreement dated as of July 10, 2018 between Dermavant and NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P., as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (or any extension, replacement or refinancing thereof).

"Other Connection Taxes" means, with respect to any Purchaser, Taxes imposed as a result of a present or former connection between such Purchaser and the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (other than connections arising solely from such Purchaser having (i) executed, delivered, become a party to, performed its obligations under, received payments under, received or perfected a security interest under, engaged in any other transaction pursuant to or enforced any of the Transaction Documents, the Revenue Interests or the Senior Credit Agreement (or the loans thereunder) or (ii) sold or assigned an interest in any of the Transaction Documents, the Revenue Interests or the Senior Credit Agreement (or the loans thereunder)).

"Other Taxes" means all present or future stamp, court, documentary, intangible, recording, filing or similar Taxes that arise from any payment made under, from the execution, delivery, performance, enforcement or registration of, from the receipt or perfection of a security interest under, or otherwise with respect to, the Revenue Interests or any Transaction Document, except any such Taxes that are Other Connection Taxes imposed with respect to an assignment (other than an assignment made at the request of Dermavant).

"Out-Licenses" has the meaning set forth in the definition of License Agreement.

"Paragraph IV Certification" means the certification submitted by a generic application alleging that a Patent Covering the Product is invalid, unenforceable, or not infringed.

"Parent" means Dermavant Sciences Ltd., an exempted company organized under the laws of Bermuda.

"Parties" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"Party" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"<u>Patents</u>" means all patents (including all reissues, extensions, substitutions, confirmations, re-registrations, re-examinations, revalidations, supplementary protection certificates and patents of addition) and patent applications (including all provisional applications, requests for continuation, continuations, continuations-in-part and divisionals) and all equivalents of the foregoing in any country in the world.

"<u>Percentage Interest</u>" of a Purchaser means the quotient, expressed as a percentage, of (i) the amount set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on <u>Exhibit A</u> attached hereto paid on the Funding Date divided by (ii) the Purchase Price paid on the Funding Date.

"Permitted Disposition" means: (i) a Disposition of inventory (as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) or goods held for sale in the ordinary course of business; (ii) a Disposition of surplus, obsolete, damaged or worn-out assets, property or equipment in the ordinary course of business (including the abandonment or other Disposition of Product IP Rights, whether in whole and on a country-by-country basis, that is, in the reasonable judgment of Dermavant, no longer economically practicable or commercially reasonable to maintain or useful in any material respect in the conduct of the business of Dermavant); (iii) a Disposition of equipment as part of a trade-in for replacement equipment; (iv) any License Agreement to the extent permitted by Section 5.14 and any Out-License that is not a License Agreement; (v) any surrender or waiver of contract rights or the settlement of, release of, recovery on or surrender of contract, tort or other claims of any kind (except where such surrender, waiver, settlement, release or recovery could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect); (vi) the incurrence of any Permitted Liens; (vii) Dispositions of receivables in connection with the compromise, settlement or collection thereof in the ordinary course of business or in bankruptcy or similar proceedings and exclusive of factoring or similar arrangements; and (viii) Disposition of Regulatory Approvals or Marketing Approvals for any jurisdiction to a Controlling Affiliate or, in the case of a Licensee, to such Licensee or an affiliate thereof, in each case organized in such jurisdiction.

"<u>Permitted Liens</u>" means: (i) Liens securing the obligations of Dermavant under the Deal Documents; (ii) Liens securing Permitted Secured Debt or obligations under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement; (iii) Liens imposed by law, such as carriers', warehousemen's and mechanics' Liens, in each case for sums not yet overdue or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings or other Liens arising out of judgments or awards against Dermavant with respect to which Dermavant shall then be proceeding with an appeal or other proceedings for review; (iv) Liens for taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet due or payable or subject to penalties for nonpayment or that are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of Dermavant in accordance with GAAP; (v) Liens upon specific items of inventory or other goods and proceeds of Dermavant securing Dermavant's obligation in respect of banker's acceptances issued or created for the account of Dermavant to facilitate the purchase, shipment or storage of such inventory or other goods; (vi) License Agreements to the extent permitted by this Agreement and Out-Licenses that are not License Agreements; (vii) Liens on goods purchased in the ordinary

course of business, the purchase price of which is financed by a documentary letter of credit issued for the account of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates; (viii) judgment and attachment Liens not giving rise to an Event of Default; (ix) Liens arising out of conditional sale, title retention, consignment or similar arrangements for the sale of inventory entered into in the ordinary course of business; (x) Liens arising from Uniform Commercial Code financing statement filings that name Dermavant as debtor regarding operating leases entered into by Dermavant in the ordinary course of business; (xi) Liens on assets or property at the time Dermavant acquired the assets or property, including any acquisition by means of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation with or into Dermavant; <u>provided, however</u>, that such Liens may not extend to any other Product Assets owned by Dermavant; (xii) Liens on the identifiable proceeds of any property or asset subject to a Lien otherwise constituting a Permitted Lien; (xiii) Liens to secure the financing of insurance premiums for insurance policies and the proceeds thereof; and (xiv) Liens existing on the Effective Date and set forth on Schedule 5.9 to the Disclosure Letter.

"Permitted Secured Debt" means: (i) Senior Secured Debt in a principal amount not to exceed \$40,000,000 outstanding at any one time; (ii) Indebtedness consisting of the financing of insurance premiums secured solely by the applicable insurance policies and the proceeds thereof; (iii) equipment financing and capital leases; <u>provided</u>, that such indebtedness is secured solely by the equipment financed and the proceeds thereof; and (iv) other secured indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business not to exceed \$1,250,000 at any one time outstanding, in each case subject to customary terms.

"Person" means any natural person, corporation, trust, joint venture, association, unincorporated organization, cooperative, company, partnership, limited liability company, Governmental Authority or other entity recognized by law.

"Pre-Funding Change of Control" means a Change of Control (without giving effect to the proviso in the definition thereof) that occurs prior to the Funding Date.

"Pre-Funding Change of Control Option" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(b).

"Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.7(b).

"Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price" means [***].

"Prepayment Amount" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.19.

"<u>Product</u>" means that certain topical, non-steroidal and non-immunosuppressant pharmaceutical product for the treatment of dermatologic indications, known as Tapinarof (and as may be marketed under any other name) and more particularly described in <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto, and including any and all future iterations, improvements or modifications of such Product made, developed, licensed or sublicensed by Dermavant or any other Responsible Party for the treatment of dermatologic indications.

"Product Assets" means (i) all assets primarily related to the Product and that are owned by, licensed to or otherwise controlled by Dermavant or any other Controlling Affiliate, including Product IP Rights, any contract pursuant to which Dermavant or any other Controlling Affiliate has been or will be granted, assigned or otherwise conveyed any right, title or interest in or to any Product IP Rights, regulatory filings, product packaging, product inserts, product labels, regulatory approval applications, regulatory approvals, regulatory exclusivity, copies of correspondence with regulatory authorities, copies of pre-clinical and clinical data, copies of pharmacology and biology data, Material Contracts and inventory, and (ii) any other assets that are owned by, licensed to or otherwise controlled by Dermavant or any other Controlling Affiliate that are reasonably necessary for the Development, Commercialization, formulation or use of the Product, the absence of which would be reasonably expected to cause, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, in the case of each of clause (i) above and clause (ii) above, any License Agreement or Out-License that does not include any rights to Develop or Commercialize the Product in all or part of the United States shall not be deemed a Product Asset. In no event shall the Product Assets include deposit or securities accounts, accounts receivable, chattel paper, negotiable instruments, Capital Securities or any other security.

"Product IP Rights" means all intellectual property relating to the Product owned or licensed by Dermavant or any other Responsible Party, including (i) Product Know-How, (ii) all Patents Covering the Product (including its composition, formulation, delivery, manufacture or use) and (iii) all works protectable under copyright laws, trademarks, service marks and trade names that relate to the Product.

"Product Know-How" means, as related to the Product, all technical, scientific and other know-how and information, trade secrets, knowledge, technology, means, methods, processes, practices, formulae, instructions, skills, techniques, procedures, experiences, ideas, technical assistance, designs, drawings, assembly procedures, computer programs, apparatus, specifications, data, results and other material, including pre-clinical and clinical trial results, manufacturing procedures, test procedures and purification and isolation techniques (whether or not confidential, proprietary, patented or patentable), in written, electronic or any other form, now known or hereafter developed, and all other discoveries, developments, information and inventions (whether or not confidential, proprietary, patented or patentable), and trajible embodiments of any of the foregoing, including any discoveries, developments, information or inventions relating to the stability, safety, efficacy, operation, manufacture, ingredients, preparation, indications, presentation, formulation, means of delivery, or dosage of any pharmaceutical composition or preparation.

"Product Rights" means licenses or rights to the Product or Product IP Rights, for or relating to Developing, Commercializing or otherwise exploiting the Product.

"Purchase Price" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2, reflecting the funding amounts provided by the Purchasers.

"<u>Purchaser</u>" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"Purchaser Indemnitees" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(a).

"Purchasers" has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereto.

"Qualified IPO" means (i) the consummation of an underwritten initial public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act for the Capital Securities of Parent and pursuant to which such Capital Securities will be listed on a United States national exchange or an international exchange, (ii) an initial direct listing of such Capital Securities on any such exchange by Parent (whether or not Parent issues and sells such Capital Securities in connection with such direct listing) or (iii) the merger, acquisition or similar transaction involving Parent and another Person (including a special purpose acquisition company, but excluding any Affiliate of Parent) after which (a) Parent's Capital Securities are listed on such exchange, (b) a successor to Parent's Capital Securities are listed on such exchange or (c) the Capital Securities of the surviving parent company of Parent after the consummation of such transaction are listed on such exchange.

"Qualified Licensee" means a Qualified Party or any controlled Affiliate of a Qualified Party.

"Qualified Party" means: [***].

"Qualifying Bank" means (i) any bank as defined in the Swiss Federal Code for Banks and Savings Banks dated 8 November 1934 (Bundesgesetz über die Banken und Sparkassen) or (ii) a Person that effectively conducts banking activities with its own infrastructure and staff as its principal purpose and that has a banking license in full force and effect issued in accordance with the banking laws in force in its jurisdiction of incorporation or, if acting through a branch, issued in accordance with the banking laws in the jurisdiction of such branch, all and in each case within the meaning of the Guidelines.

"Quarterly Deadline" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(a).

"Quarterly Report" means, with respect to the relevant Fiscal Quarter, a report detailing (i) aggregate gross sales of the Product by each of Dermavant, its Affiliates and any Licensee in such Fiscal Quarter, (ii) Net Sales for such Fiscal Quarter, including the adjustments and other reconciliations used to arrive at Net Sales invoiced for such Fiscal Quarter and the currency exchange rates used (which shall be rates of exchange determined in a manner consistent with Dermavant's method for calculating rates of exchange in the preparation of Dermavant's annual financial statements in accordance with GAAP or IFRS, as the case may be), (iii) the corresponding Quarterly Revenue Amount payable to the Purchasers with respect to such Fiscal Quarter, (iv) the amount of any Taxes withheld from the payment of such Quarterly Revenue Amount to the Purchasers, (v) the aggregate amount of payments previously made by Dermavant to the Purchasers in respect of the Revenue Interests and the aggregate amount of any Taxes withheld from turb of units or vials of Product solit in the United States during such Fiscal Quarter; provided, that for any such information to be provided by a License for which Dermavant receives such information fewer than 10 Business Days prior to the Quarterly Deadline, such information may instead be included in the following Fiscal Quarter's Quarter's Quarterly Report.

"Quarterly Revenue Amount" means, with respect to a given Fiscal Quarter, an amount, determined as of the earlier of (i) the last day of such Fiscal Quarter and (ii) the Termination Date, equal to the product of (a) the Applicable Percentage for such Fiscal Quarter multiplied by (b) the Net Sales invoiced for such Fiscal Quarter. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Termination Date occurs prior to the end of any given Fiscal Quarter, then such Quarterly Revenue Amount shall be determined for such Fiscal Quarter in a manner consistent with this definition through and including the Termination Date.

"Receiving Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1.

"Recordkeeping Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(a).

"Regulatory Approvals" means, collectively, all regulatory approvals, registrations, certificates, authorizations, permits and supplements thereto, as well as associated materials (including the product dossier), pursuant to which the Product may be marketed, sold and distributed.

"<u>Regulatory Authority</u>," means any Governmental Authority that is responsible for issuing approvals, licenses, registrations or authorizations necessary for the manufacture, import, sale and use of the Product for human therapeutic use in any applicable regulatory jurisdiction, including the FDA.

"<u>Required Purchasers</u>" means Purchasers whose Percentage Interests taken together equal at least 66-2/3%; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in the event that a Bankruptcy Event of Default has occurred, "<u>Required Purchasers</u>" means Purchasers whose Percentage Interests taken together equal at least 50.1%.

"Responsible Party." means (i) Dermavant, (ii) each Controlling Affiliate, (iii) each other Affiliate of Dermavant materially engaged in the Development or Commercialization of the Product within the United States and (iv) each Licensee to the extent that such Licensee has rights or obligations under the terms of the applicable License Agreement to Develop or Commercialize the Product within the United States.

"<u>Revenue Interests</u>" means, with respect to each Purchaser, all right, title and interest in, to and under an amount equal to the sum of each Quarterly Revenue Amount multiplied by such Purchaser's Percentage Interest, up to such Purchaser's Maximum Amount; <u>provided</u>, that, in the event that a Purchaser receives its portion of the Event of Default Fee in accordance with Section 2.7(a), then such portion of the Event of Default Fee shall count towards such Purchaser's Maximum Amount.

"Securities Act" means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Securities Agency" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and any other Governmental Authority regulating the issuance, sale or trading of securities.

"Security Agreements" means the security agreements, mortgages, collateral assignments and related agreements, as amended, supplemented, restated, renewed, refunded, replaced, restructured, repaid, refinanced or otherwise modified from time to time, creating, perfecting or otherwise evidencing (or purporting to create, evidence or otherwise perfect) the security interests or other Liens granted by Dermavant or any Controlling Affiliate in favor of the Collateral Agent in the Product Assets as contemplated by this Agreement, including the Collateral Agreement (and all documentation required pursuant thereto, including any joinder agreement for any Controlling Affiliate), the Collateral Assignment and the Swiss Security Document.

"Senior Credit Agreement" means that certain credit agreement dated as of the Effective Date among Dermavant, certain Affiliates of Dermavant, XYQ Luxco S.à r.l., in its capacity as a lender thereunder, and the Senior Lender Collateral Agent, as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (or any extension, replacement or refinancing thereof).

"Senior Lender Collateral Agent" means U.S. Bank National Association, as collateral agent on behalf of the lender under the Senior Credit Agreement (together with any successor or replacement collateral agent and any agent or other representative for any other Senior Secured Debt that replaces or refinances all or any portion of the indebtedness under the Senior Credit Agreement).

"Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement" means that certain senior lender intercreditor agreement dated as of the Effective Date among the Collateral Agent, XYQ Luxco S à r.l., in its capacity as a lender under the Senior Credit Agreement, NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P., as a lender under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement, and the Senior Lender Collateral Agent, as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (including any replacement thereof in connection with any refinancing or replacement of the Senior Credit Agreement or the NovaQuest Funding Agreement).

"Senior Secured Debt" means (i) indebtedness under the Senior Credit Agreement and (ii) any other secured indebtedness to refinance, in whole or in part, the indebtedness under the Senior Credit Agreement in accordance with the terms of the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement, provided that the lenders thereof (or the agent or representative for such lenders) have become party, as senior creditors, to the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement or other intercreditor arrangement reasonably satisfactory to the Purchasers (it being agreed that such intercreditor arrangement shall be satisfactory to the Purchasers if it provides for substantially similar intercreditor terms as the Senior Lender Intercreditor Agreement).

"Swiss Federal Tax Administration" means the tax authorities referred to in article 34 of the Swiss Withholding Tax Act.

"Swiss Security Document" means that certain IP Pledge Agreement between Dermavant as pledgor and the Collateral Agent as pledgee, regarding the pledgor's intellectual property rights registered in Switzerland.

"Swiss Seller Party" means Dermavant or any other party to this Agreement (other than any Purchaser) that is incorporated in Switzerland or, if different, is considered to be tax resident in Switzerland for Swiss Withholding Tax purposes.

"Swiss Withholding Tax" means taxes imposed under the Swiss Withholding Tax Act.

"Swiss Withholding Tax Act" means the Swiss Federal Act on the Withholding Tax of 13 October 1965 (Bundesgesetz über die Verrechnungssteuer).

"<u>Tax</u>" means all federal, provincial, territorial, state, municipal, local, foreign or other taxes, imposts, rates, levies, deductions, tariffs, assessments and other charges in the nature of a tax, including all income, excise, franchise, gains, capital, corporation, business, real property, goods and services, transfer, value added, gross receipts, windfall profits, severance, ad valorem, personal property, production, sales, use, license, stamp, documentary stamp, mortgage recording, employment, payroll, social security, unemployment, disability, estimated or withholding taxes, and all customs and import duties, together with all interest, penalties and additions thereto imposed with respect to such amounts.

"Tax Ruling" means the confirmation of the Swiss Federal Tax Administration as to how many lenders a Purchaser is counted for the purposes of the Non-Bank Rules.

"Term" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.

"Term Sheet" means the document entitled "Proposed Terms for Revenue Interest Financing for Dermavant Sciences GmbH" dated February 5, 2021 among Dermavant, Dermavant Sciences Ltd., XYQ Luxco S.à r.l., NovaQuest Capital Management, LLC and Marathon Asset Management, L.P.

"Termination Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.

"Third Party" means any Person, including a Governmental Authority, other than Dermavant or any of its Affiliates.

"Third Party Claim" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1(a).

"Transaction Documents" means this Agreement, the Security Agreements, the Intercreditor Agreements, the Bill of Sale and any other documents, instruments or financing statements required to be delivered hereunder or thereunder or in connection herewith or therewith.

"Ultimate Parent" means Roivant Sciences Ltd., an exempted limited company organized under the laws of Bermuda.

"Ultimate Parent Spinout" means the distribution by Ultimate Parent to its shareholders of the Capital Securities of Parent.

"United States" or "U.S." means the United States of America, including its 50 states, the District of Columbia and its other territories and possessions.

"U.S. Person" means any Person that is a "United States person" as defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

"<u>Voluntary Bankruptcy</u>" means Dermavant, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law: (i) commences a voluntary case; (ii) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case; (iii) consents to the appointment of a Custodian of it or for any substantial part of its property; or (iv) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors or takes any comparable action under any non-U.S. laws relating to insolvency.

"Voting Securities" means, with respect to any Person, Capital Securities of any class or kind ordinarily having the power to vote for the election of directors, managers or other voting members of the governing body of such Person.

"Withholding Payment" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.6(a).

ARTICLE II

PURCHASE AND SALE; PURCHASE PRICE; NO ASSUMED OBLIGATIONS; DELIVERABLES; PAYMENTS IN RESPECT OF REVENUE INTERESTS; EVENT OF DEFAULT AND PRE-FUNDING CHANGE OF CONTROL

2.1 Purchase and Sale.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, on the Funding Date, Dermavant shall irrevocably sell, contribute, assign, transfer, convey and grant to the Purchasers, and the Purchasers, severally but not jointly, shall purchase, acquire and accept from Dermavant, in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests, all of Dermavant's right, title and interest in, to and under the Revenue Interests, free and clear of any and all Liens, other than those Liens created in favor of the Purchasers (through the Collateral Agent or otherwise) by the Transaction Documents.

(b) Each of Dermavant and the Purchasers intends and agrees that the sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting of the Revenue Interests under this Agreement on the Funding Date shall be a true, complete, absolute and irrevocable sale and assignment by Dermavant to the Purchasers of the Revenue Interests and that such sale and assignment shall provide the Purchasers, subject to the terms of the Transaction Documents, with the full benefits of ownership of the Revenue Interests. Following the Funding Date, Dermavant disclaims any beneficial ownership interest in the Revenue Interests. Dermavant irrevocably waives any right to contest or otherwise assert that this Agreement does not constitute a true, complete, absolute and irrevocable sale and assignment by Dermavant to the Purchasers of the Revenue Interests on the Funding Date under Applicable Law, which waiver shall be enforceable against Dermavant in any Voluntary Bankruptcy or Involuntary Bankruptcy, and Dermavant

acknowledges and agrees that the Purchasers are relying on such waiver in entering into this Agreement. The sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting of the Revenue Interests on the Funding Date shall be reflected on Dermavant's financial statements and other records as a sale of assets to the Purchasers (except to the extent GAAP or IFRS, as the case may be, require otherwise with respect to Dermavant's financial statements).

2.2 <u>Purchase Price</u>. In full consideration for the sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting of the Revenue Interests on the Funding Date, and subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, each of the Purchasers shall severally but not jointly pay (or cause to be paid) to Dermavant, or Dermavant's designee, on the Funding Date, the sum set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on <u>Exhibit A</u> attached hereto, in immediately available funds by wire transfer to the account specified in the Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice (the aggregate of such amounts being the "<u>Purchase Price</u>"). Any funds released or caused to be released by a Purchaser on the Funding Date that are received within one Business Day following the Funding Date shall be deemed paid on the Funding Date regardless of whether Dermavant actually receives such funds on the Funding Date.

2.3 <u>No Assumed Obligations</u>. Notwithstanding any provision in any Transaction Document to the contrary, the Purchasers are not assuming any liability or obligation of Dermavant or any other Person of whatever nature, whether presently in existence or arising or asserted hereafter, whether under any Transaction Document or otherwise. All such liabilities and obligations shall be retained by and remain liabilities and obligations of Dermavant or such other Persons, and Dermavant or such other Persons other Persons other Persons shall remain liable with respect to all liabilities and obligations created in connection with the Revenue Interests and shall continue to perform such obligations, if any.

2.4 Effective Date Deliverables. On the Effective Date:

(a) Dermavant shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent (i) an opinion of Cooley LLP, special U.S. counsel to Dermavant, and (ii) an opinion of VISCHER AG, special Swiss counsel to Dermavant, in each case in form and substance satisfactory to the Purchasers and their counsel;

(b) Dermavant shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Purchasers a certificate of an executive officer (or equivalent) of Dermavant: (i) attaching copies, certified by such officer (or equivalent) as true and complete, of (x) a certified excerpt from the commercial register, the certified up-to-date articles of association and, if applicable, the organizational regulations of Dermavant and (y) resolutions of the managing directors of Dermavant authorizing and approving the execution and delivery of and performance of obligations by Dermavant under the Deal Documents and the transactions contemplated herein and therein; and (ii) setting forth the incumbency of the officer or officers (or equivalent) of Dermavant who have executed and delivered the Deal Documents, including therein a signature specimen of each such officer or officers (or equivalent);

(c) Dermavant shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Purchasers the Disclosure Letter; and

(d) each of the Security Agreements and the Intercreditor Agreements shall be duly executed and delivered by the parties thereto.

2.5 Funding Date Deliverables. On the Funding Date:

(a) each of the Parties shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the other Parties the Bill of Sale duly executed by such Party;

(b) Dermavant shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Purchasers a certificate of an executive officer (or equivalent) of Dermavant, certifying, as of the Funding Date, (i) that the representations and warranties of Dermavant set forth in the Deal Documents are true and correct in all material respects (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date, in which case they shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date, and except with respect to representations and warranties qualified by the term "material" or Material Adverse Effect, which representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all respects), (ii) to the effect of the certificate described in Section 2.4(b) and (iii) that no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing;

(c) each of the Purchasers shall severally but not jointly pay (or cause to be paid) to Dermavant, or Dermavant's designee, the portion of the Purchase Price set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on <u>Exhibit A</u> attached hereto, in accordance with Section 2.2; and

(d) each of the Purchasers shall have received (on or prior to the Funding Date) a favorable ruling from the Swiss Federal Tax Administration with respect to compliance with the Non-Bank Rules.

The Purchasers, upon the election of the Required Purchasers, may waive any condition in this Section 2.5, other than the occurrence of clause (b)(i) of the definition of Funding Condition, and the funding of the Purchase Price to Dermavant will otherwise occur pursuant to the terms herein as long as the Purchasers satisfy the condition set forth in Section 2.5(c).

2.6 Payments in Respect of Revenue Interests. In connection with the sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting of the Revenue Interests on the Funding Date, the Purchasers shall be entitled to receive (in accordance with their Percentage Interests) the Revenue Interests in respect of the Net Sales, as and when such payments are due under Section 5.1. Any payments to be made by Dermavant or any other Responsible Party under this Agreement, including the payment of the Quarterly Revenue Amounts pursuant to Section 5.1, shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to each of the Purchasers in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests to the bank accounts specified in <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14). For Swiss tax purposes, payments in respect of Revenue Interests shall be deemed to (a) reflect the interest component until the difference between the Maximum Amount and the Purchase Price has been paid and (b) to the extent in excess of such Aifference, as the deemed repayment of the Purchaser Price. Upon payment of the Maximum Amount for each Purchaser, all Revenue Interests due to such Purchaser, including any deemed repayment of such Purchaser's portion of the Purchase Price, upon termination of this Agreement shall be deemed to be paid in full.

2.7 Event of Default and Pre-Funding Change of Control

(a) Dermavant shall notify the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent in writing as soon as possible and in any event within two Business Days following the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default during the Term, identifying the nature of such Default or Event of Default and whether or not such Default ree shall automatically (without any action or notice by any of the Purchasers) be due and payable on the Event of Default Closing Date, the Event of Default Fee shall automatically (without any action or notice by any of the Purchasers) be due and payable on the Event of Default Closing Date, the payment of which shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the bank accounts specified in <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14). The Event of Default Fee shall be fully earned on the Effective Date. Payment of the Event of Default Fee shall occur (i) in respect of a Bankruptcy Event of Default, immediately upon the occurrence of such Bankruptcy Event of Default, (ii) in respect of any other Event of Default, on a Business Day specified in writing by Dermavant to the Purchasers, which date shall be within 15 Business Days, but no sooner than 10 Business Days, from the date that the notice described in the first sentence of this Section 2.7(a) was required to be delivered to the Purchasers (the date of such payment pursuant to clause (i) above or clause (ii) above being referred to herein as the "<u>Event of Default to Bedilvered</u> to the Purchasers (the date of such payment pursuant to clause (i) above or clause (ii) above being referred to herein as the "<u>Event of Default to Bedilvered</u> to the Purchasers (the date of such payment pursuant to clause (i) above or clause (ii) above being referred to herein as the "<u>Event of Default Closing Date</u>").

(b) Dermavant shall notify the Purchasers in writing at least ten Business Days prior to the occurrence of any Pre-Funding Change of Control during the Term. If a Pre-Funding Change of Control Occurs during the Term, Dermavant shall have the right, but not the obligation (the "<u>Pre-Funding Change of Control Option</u>"), to terminate this Agreement by paying the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price on the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Drice on the Purchasers (in accordance with their Percentage Interest) in cash, the payment of which shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the bank accounts specified in <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14); provided, that no Purchaser that is a Non-Compliant Purchaser at the time of Dermavant's exercise of the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price. If Dermavant shall not be required to pay, such Non-Compliant Purchaser's Percentage Interest of the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price. If Dermavant secrcises the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option, Dermavant shall deliver written notice to the Purchasers specifying a Business Day within 10 Business Days from such notice date (such specified Business Day being referred to herein as the "<u>Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Closing Date</u>"), which notice must be given within 60 days following the date that notice is provided pursuant to the first sentence of this Section 2.7(b); <u>provided</u>, that such notice may, at Dermavant's discretion, be given subject to one or more conditions precedent, including completion of such Pre-Funding Change of Control.

(c) Dermavant agrees that the Event of Default Fee and the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price shall be presumed to be the liquidated damages sustained by each Purchaser (in the case of an Event of Default Fee in respect of a Bankruptcy Event of Default or in the case of the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price, as the result of the early termination of this Agreement), and Dermavant agrees that such presumption is reasonable under the circumstances currently existing. The Event of Default Fee and the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price shall also be payable in the event that this Agreement is satisfied or released by foreclosure

(whether or not by power of judicial proceeding), deed in lieu of foreclosure or any other means. Dermavant expressly waives (to the fullest extent it may lawfully do so) the provisions of any present or future Applicable Law that prohibits or may prohibit the collection of the foregoing Event of Default Fee or Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price in connection with any such event. Dermavant agrees (to the fullest extent that it may lawfully do so) that (i) each of the Event of Default Fee and the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price is reasonable and is the product of an arm's length transaction between sophisticated business people, ably represented by counsel, (ii) each of the Event of Default Fee and the Pre-Funding then-prevailing market rates at the time payment is made, (iii) there has been a course of control Option Price shall be payable notwithstanding the then-prevailing market rates at the time payment is made, (iii) there has been a course of conduct between the Purchasers and Dermavant giving specific consideration in the transactions contemplated hereby for such agreement to pay the Event of Default Fee as a charge (and not interest) in the event of a Pre-Funding Change of Control and (iv) Dermavant shall be estopped from claiming differently than as agreed to in this Section 2.7(c). Dermavant expressly acknowledges that its agreement to pay each of the Event of Default Fee and the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price to the Purchasers as herein described is on the Effective Date and will continue to be a material inducement to the Purchasers to provide the Funding.

2.8 Swiss Federal Tax Administration Rulings.

(a) Each Purchaser shall notify Dermavant in writing as soon as possible and in any event within two Business Days following such Purchaser's receipt of a Tax Ruling.

(b) In the event any Purchaser does not receive a favorable ruling from the Swiss Federal Tax Administration with respect to its compliance with the Non-Bank Rules or if such Purchaser receives a Tax Ruling that would result in the Purchasers' non-compliance with respect to the Non-Bank Rules, then (i) such Purchaser (a "<u>Non-Compliant Purchaser</u>") shall work in good faith and use commercially reasonable efforts to resolve such non-favorable ruling or non-compliance with the Non-Bank Rules and obtain a favorable Tax Ruling and (ii) the other Purchasers and Dermavant shall cooperate with such Non-Compliant Purchaser in good faith and use commercially reasonable efforts to resolve such non-favorable ruling or non-compliance. If, after 60 Business Days, such Non-Compliant Purchaser is not able to obtain a Tax Ruling that would result in the Purchasers' compliance with respect to the Non-Bank Rules, Dermavant or such Non-Compliant Purchaser may terminate this Agreement with respect to the Non-Compliant Purchaser), in which case Dermavant and the other Purchasers shall work in good faith and percentages in respect to any lower resulting Purchaser Purchaser Purchaser Purchaser Shall work in good faith and percentages in respect of any lower resulting Purchase Price.

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

3.1 <u>Dermavant's Representations and Warranties</u>. Dermavant represents and warrants to each of the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent as of the Effective Date and as of the Funding Date as follows:

(a) Dermavant is a company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of Switzerland. Dermavant is duly qualified to transact business and is in good standing in every jurisdiction in which such qualification or good standing is required by Applicable Law for the business it is now conducting (except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect).

(b) No consent, approval, license, order, authorization, registration, declaration or filing with, notice to, action or registration by or filing with any Governmental Authority or other Person is required by Dermavant in connection with the execution and delivery by Dermavant of the Deal Documents, the performance by Dermavant of its obligations under the Deal Documents or the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents (including the sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting of the Revenue Interests to the Purchasers), other than (i) Marketing Approval required with respect to the Product, (ii) customary filings needed to perfect the Purchasers' liens under the Security Agreements, (iii) such exemptions, notices, registrations, filings, declarations, consents, approvals and authorizations as shall have been taken, given, made or obtained and are in full force and effect as of the Effective Date and (iv) such filings required to be made after the Effective Date under applicable federal, state and foreign securities Applicable Laws.

(c) Dermavant has all necessary corporate power and authority to (i) carry on its business as it is presently carried on by Dermavant, (ii) enter into, execute and deliver the Deal Documents and (iii) perform all of the covenants, agreements and obligations to be performed by Dermavant hereunder and thereunder. Each of the Deal Documents has been duly authorized by Dermavant. Each of the Deal Documents has been duly authorized by Dermavant. Each of the Deal Documents has been duly authorized by Dermavant and constitutes (or, in the case of the Bill of Sale, will be on or prior to the Funding Date) duly executed and delivered by Dermavant and constitutes (or, in the case of the Bill of Sale, will constitute as of the Funding Date) Dermavant's legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against Dermavant in accordance with the terms of each respective Deal Document, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar Applicable Laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and equitable principles.

(d) The execution and delivery of the Deal Documents by Dermavant, the performance by Dermavant of its obligations hereunder and thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents do not and will not (i) violate any provision of the organizational documents of Dermavant, (ii) conflict with or violate any Applicable Law that applies to Dermavant, any of its Controlling Affiliates or their respective assets or properties, (iii) violate, conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) a default under or an event that would give rise to any right of notice, modification, acceleration, payment, cancellation or termination under or in any manner release any party thereto from any obligation under any contract to which Dermavant or any of its

Controlling Affiliates is a party or by which any of their respective properties or assets are bound (including the NovaQuest Funding Agreement) or (iv) except as provided in any of the Transaction Documents, result in the creation or rimposition of any Lien on any part of the Revenue Interests, the Product Assets or the other properties or assets of Dermavant, except, in the case of each of clause (ii) above, clause (iii) above or clause (iv) above, as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(e) Except as set forth in Part 2 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter (which Part 2 to Schedule 3.1(e) shall be updated by Dermavant as of the Funding Date) and except for Permitted Dispositions after the Effective Date, Dermavant owns, licenses or controls all right, title and interest in and to (i) the Product and the Product Assets, (ii) all Patents that Cover the Product, all of which, as of the Effective Date, are listed in Part 1 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter, which Part 1 to Schedule 3.1(e) shall be updated by Dermavant as of the Funding Date, and (iii) to the knowledge of Dermavant, all material data, trade secrets, Product IP Rights, Regulatory Approvals and other intellectual property rights used by Dermavant in the Development of the Product, in each case free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens). Part 1 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter specifies as to each listed Patent (x) the respective patent or patent application numbers, (y) any Person other than Dermavant owning or having an interest in such Patent, including the nature of such interest, and (z) the scheduled expiration date or anticipated scheduled expiration date of any such issued Patent or of any Patent issuing from any such pending patent application once issued. All of the Key Patents are in full force and effect and have not lapsed, expired or otherwise terminated. To the knowledge of Dermavant, each claim that has been issued or granted by a governmental patent office included in the Key Patents is valid and enforceable. Except as set forth in Part 3 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter, as of the Effective Date, there are no licensees of any of the Patents that Cover the Product or any other Licensees or License Agreements. Except as set forth in Part 3 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter and except for Permitted Dispositions after the Effective Date, Dermavant has not sold, contributed, assigned, transferred, conveyed, granted, pledged or licensed any rights to any of the Patents that Cover the Product to any other Person. Part 3 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter shall be updated by Dermavant as of the Funding Date solely with respect to any relevant non-Permitted Dispositions that have been approved by the Purchasers. None of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates has received a written notice that any other Person that is not obligated to assign his, her or its interests to Dermavant alleges any ownership interest in any such Patent. There are no unpaid maintenance or renewal fees payable by Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates to any Governmental Authority that currently are overdue for any of such Patents. No Key Patent has lapsed or been abandoned, cancelled or expired. Subsequent to the issuance of the Key Patents, none of Dermavant or any other owner of any Key Patent has filed any disclaimer (other than a terminal disclaimer) or made or permitted any other voluntary reduction in the scope of such Key Patent. There is no pending or, to the knowledge of Dermavant, threatened opposition, interference, re-examination, reissue, post-grant review, inter partes review, derivation or other post-grant proceeding, injunction, claim, suit, action, citation, summon, subpoena, hearing, inquiry, investigation (by the International Trade Commission or otherwise), complaint, arbitration, mediation, demand, decree or other dispute, disagreement, proceeding or claim (1) challenging the legality, validity, enforceability or ownership of any of the Key Patents (other than standard patent prosecution of pending applications before patent offices), (2) by or with any Third Party against Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates involving the Product or (3) to which any of the Key Patents or the Product is subject (other than standard patent prosecution of pending

applications before patent offices). Except as set forth in Part 4 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter, which Part 4 to Schedule 3.1(e) shall be updated by Dermavant as of the Funding Date, there is no product or product candidate currently owned, licensed or under development by Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates that is a branded topical product, other than the Product.

(f) Except for the Transaction Documents, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings (whether written or oral) to which Dermavant, any of its Controlling Affiliates or Ultimate Parent is party pursuant to which any Third Party has been granted any rights, entitlements or privileges to or in respect of the Revenue Interests, in whole or in part. The Revenue Interests to be sold, contributed, assigned, transferred, conveyed and granted to the Purchasers on the Funding Date have not been and shall not be pledged, sold, contributed, assigned, transferred, conveyed or granted by Dermavant, any of its Controlling Affiliates or Ultimate Parent to any other Person. Dermavant has full right to sell, contribute, assign, transferred, convey and grant the Revenue Interests to the Purchasers, free and clear of all Liens, other than Liens in favor of the Purchasers. Upon the sale, contribution, assignment, transfer, conveyance and granting by Dermavant of the Revenue Interests to the Purchasers, and shall be the exclusive owners of the Revenue Interests.

(g) There is no action, suit, claim, demand, citation, summons, subpoena, interference, reexamination, opposition, investigation or other proceeding (whether civil, criminal, administrative, regulatory or investigative), at law or in equity, in arbitration or before any Governmental Authority pending or, to the knowledge of Dermavant, threatened against Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates that would (i) question or defeat the validity or enforceability of, or Dermavant's rights to, any Patent Covering the Product or Product IP Rights (other than standard patent prosecution of pending applications before patent offices), (ii) challenge or seek to prevent or delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents or (iii) reasonably be expected to have, individually on in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(h) To the knowledge of Dermavant, the making, use, sale, offer for sale, and import of the Product by Dermavant and any other Responsible Party authorized by Dermavant to do so does not, and, if the Product was being sold as of the Effective Date or the Funding Date, would not, as of the Effective Date or the Funding Date, as the case may be, infringe any issued patent claim of any Third Party or misappropriate or make any unauthorized use of any issued patent or intellectual property rights of any Third Party. To the knowledge of Dermavant, no Third Party is infringing, misappropriating or making any unauthorized use of a Patent Covering the Product or Product Know-How, and Dermavant has not received any written notice of any such infringement or any misappropriation of unauthorized use of any Product IP Rights, other than as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. None of the Patents Covering the Product or Product IP Rights is subject to any outstanding decree, order, judgment or stipulation restricting in any manner the use or licensing thereof by Dermavant, other than as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. To the knowledge of Dermavant, there is no pending or threatened, and no event has occurred or circumstance exists that (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) could reasonably be expected to give rise to or serve as a basis for any, action, suit, proceeding, investigation or claim, and Dermavant has not received any written

notice of the foregoing, that claims that the manufacture, use, marketing, sale, offer for sale, importation or distribution of the Product does or could infringe on any patent or other intellectual property rights of any other Person or constitute misappropriation of any other Person's trade secrets or other intellectual property rights, <u>provided</u>, that, in respect of such representation and warranty made on the Funding Date, none of the foregoing would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(i) All Material Contracts to which Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party as of the Effective Date are listed in Schedule 3.1(i) shall be updated by Dermavant as of the Funding Date. All Material Contracts to which Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party are in full force and effect and are the legal, valid and binding obligations of Dermavant to such Controlling Affiliates, as the case may be, and, to the knowledge of Dermavant, the other parties thereto, enforceable against each such party thereto in accordance with their respective terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar Applicable Laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and equitable principles, except in each case as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Subject to any applicable Controlling Affiliates is a party, Dermavant is in compliance with and has not materially breached, violated or defaulted under, or received written notice that it has materially breached, violated or defaulted under, any of the terms or conditions of any such Material Contract to which it is a party, except as would not reasonably be expected to constitute such an aware of any event that has occurred or circumstance or conduction that exists that would or would reasonably be expected to constitute such a material breach, violation or default with the lapse of time or giving of notice or both. Other than Material Contracts disclosed to and provided to the Purchasers (subject to any applicable confidentiality obligations), here are no contracts, agreements, commitments or undertakings pursuant to which Dermavant in-licenses or otherwise has rights under any Patent or intellectual property rights of any Third Party that are material to the Development or Commercialization of the Product within the United States.

(j) Dermavant currently holds or has the right to acquire all applicable approvals and authorizations from Governmental Authorities necessary for Dermavant to conduct its business in the manner in which such business is being conducted with respect to the Product, including the Development and testing of the Product, and all such approvals and authorizations affecting Commercialization in the United States are in good standing and in full force and effect. None of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates have received any written notice or any other communication from any Governmental Authority regarding any actual or possible revocation, withdrawal, suspension, cancellation, termination or material modification of any such approvals or authorizations affecting Commercialization in the United States. None of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates have received any written notice or any other Governmental Authority, failed to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed to any Regulatory Authority or any other Governmental Authority, failed to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed to any Regulatory Authority or other Governmental Authority, or committed an act, made a statement or failed to make a statement that provides or would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA or other Governmental Authority to invoke the FDA's policy respecting "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) or any similar policy of any other Governmental Authority affecting Commercialization in the United States.

Dermavant is not and has never been, and, to the knowledge of Dermavant, none of the Controlling Affiliates have or have ever been, (i) debarred by a Governmental Authority, (ii) a party to a settlement, consent or similar agreement with a Governmental Authority regarding the Product or (iii) charged with, or convicted of, violating Applicable Law regarding the Product. The Product is being, and, to the knowledge of Dermavant, at all times has been, Developed, tested, labeled and stored in compliance in all material respects with, and Dermavant and its Controlling Affiliates and their respective agents are in material compliance with, all Applicable Laws, including with respect to investigational use, premarket clearance, good clinical practices, good laboratory practices, good manufacturing practices, labeling, advertising, record keeping, security and filing of reports (including reporting of adverse events). The Product has never been the subject of or subject to (as applicable) any recall, suspension, market withdrawal, seizure, warning letter, other written communication asserting lack of compliance with any Applicable Law in any material respect, or serious adverse event. None of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates has received from any Governmental Authority any Forms 483, notices of adverse findings or warning letters or other correspondence in which such Governmental Authority asserted that the operations of any of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates may not be in material compliance with Applicable Laws in connection with their respective activities relating to the Product. No clinical trial of the Product has been suspended, put on hold or terminated prior to completion as a result of any action by any Regulatory Authority or other Governmental Authority or voluntarily. To the knowledge of Dermavant, no event has occurred or circumstance exists that is reasonably likely to give rise to or serve as a basis for any of the foregoing events. Dermavant has, with respect to the Product and its Development, made available to the Purchasers true and complete copies of all material pre-clinical and clinical data, reports and analyses, all material correspondence with the FDA, all material interim analyses from ongoing trials, all material tables from recently completed clinical trials where no clinical study report is available, and any other information that is material to the Development or Commercialization of the Product within the United States. Dermavant has made available to the Purchasers true, correct and complete corporation of the reports or other written communications received from any Governmental Authority that would indicate that any Regulatory Authority (x) is not likely to approve the Product, (y) is likely to revise or revoke any current Regulatory Approval with respect to the Product or (z) is likely to pursue any material compliance actions against Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates, in each case, that would affect Commercialization in the United States.

(k) As of the Effective Date, Dermavant does not own any Capital Securities. As of the Effective Date, Ultimate Parent directly owns a majority of the outstanding Capital Securities of Parent, and Parent indirectly owns all of the outstanding Capital Securities of Dermavant.

(1) Commencing on the Funding Date, Dermavant is in compliance with the Non-Bank Rules; <u>provided</u>, that Dermavant shall not be in breach of this representation if its number of creditors that are not Qualifying Banks in respect of either the 10 Non-Bank Rule or the 20 Non-Bank Rule is exceeded solely because any Purchaser has (i) made an incorrect declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank or as to how many lenders it counts under the Non-Bank Rules, (ii) failed to comply with its obligations under Section 8.7 or (iii) ceased to be a Qualifying Bank other than as a result of any change in Applicable Law after the date it became party to this Agreement. For the purpose of Dermavant's compliance with the 20 Non-Bank Rule under this Section 3.1(1), the number of Purchasers).

(m) Upon consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents and the application of the proceeds therefrom, (i) the fair saleable value of Dermavant's assets will be greater than the sum of its debts, liabilities and other obligations, including contingent liabilities, (ii) the present fair saleable value of Dermavant's assets will be greater than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liabilities on its existing debts, liabilities and other obligations, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and matured, (iii) Dermavant will be able to realize upon its assets and pay its debts, liabilities and other obligations, including contingent obligations, as they mature, (iv) Dermavant will not be rendered insolvent (within the meaning of any Applicable Law or otherwise), will not have unreasonably small capital with which to engage in its business and will not be unable to pay its debts as they mature, (v) Dermavant has not incurred, will not incur and does not have any present plans or intentions to incur debts or other liabilities or obligations beyond its ability to pay such debts or other liabilities or obligations as they become asbleve and matured and (vi) Dermavant will not have become subject to any Voluntary Bankruptcy or Involuntary Bankruptcy. No step has been taken or is intended by Dermavant or, so far as it is aware, any other Person to make Dermavant subject to a Voluntary Bankruptcy or Involuntary Bankruptcy.

(n) Dermavant has filed (or caused to be filed) all tax returns and reports required by Applicable Law to have been filed by it and has paid all Taxes required to be paid by it, except (i) any such Taxes that are being diligently contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which adequate reserves in accordance with GAAP or IFRS, as the case may be, have been set aside on its books or (ii) to the extent that the failure to do so would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(o) None of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates has taken any action that would entitle any Person other than Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC to any commission or broker's fee in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents.

(p) The claims and rights of the Purchasers created by any Transaction Document in and to the Revenue Interests are not and shall not be subordinated to any creditor of any of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates, except for any Permitted Secured Debt.

(q) Dermavant's exact legal name is, and since the date of its organization has been, "Dermavant Sciences GmbH". Dermavant's principal place of business (including the location where Dermavant keeps its books and records regarding the Revenue Interests) is, and since the date of its organization has been, located in Switzerland. Dermavant's jurisdiction of organization is, and since the date of its organization has not been the subject of any merger, amalgamation, consolidation or other corporate or other reorganization in which its identity or status was materially changed, except in each case when it was the surviving or resulting Person.

(r) Dermavant is not engaged in the business of extending credit for the purpose of buying or carrying margin stock, and no portion of the Purchase Price shall be used by Dermavant for a purpose that violates Regulation T, U or X promulgated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from time to time.

(s) Neither Dermavant nor any of its properties or assets has any immunity from the jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process (whether through service or notice, attachment prior to judgment, attachment in aid of execution or otherwise) under the Applicable Laws of Switzerland.

3.2 <u>Purchasers' Representations and Warranties</u>. Each of the Purchasers, severally but not jointly, represents, warrants and covenants to Dermavant as follows as to itself:

(a) Such Purchaser is a Person duly organized, validly existing and (to the extent relevant in its jurisdiction of organization) in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization.

(b) No consent, approval, license, order, authorization, registration, declaration or filing with, notice to, action or registration by or filing with any Governmental Authority or other Person is required by such Purchaser in connection with the execution and delivery by such Purchaser of the Transaction Documents to which it is or will be party, the performance by such Purchaser of its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is or will be party or the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

(c) Such Purchaser has all necessary power and authority to (i) carry on its business as it is presently carried on by such Purchaser, (ii) enter into, execute and deliver the Transaction Documents to which it is or will be party and (iii) perform all of the covenants, agreements and obligations to be performed by such Purchaser hereunder and thereunder, except, in the case of clause (i) above, where such failure would not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on such Purchaser's ability to perform its obligations hereunder. Each of the Transaction Documents to which such Purchaser is or will be party has been duly authorized by such Purchaser. Each of the Transaction Documents to which such Purchaser is or will be party has been (or, in the case of the Bill of Sale, will be on or prior to the Funding Date) duly executed and delivered by such Purchaser and constitutes (or, in the case of the Bill of Sale, will constitute as of the Funding Date) such Purchaser's legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against such Purchaser in accordance with the terms of each such Transaction Document, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar Applicable Laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and equitable principles.

(d) The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents to which such Purchaser is or will be party by such Purchaser, the performance by such Purchaser of its obligations hereunder and thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby do not and will not (i) violate any provision of the organizational documents of such Purchaser, (ii) conflict with or violate any Applicable Law that applies to such Purchaser or its assets or properties or (iii) violate, conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) a default under or an event that would give rise to any right of notice, modification, acceleration, payment, cancellation or termination under or in any manner release any party thereto from any obligation under any contract to which such Purchaser is a party or by which any of its properties or assets are bound (including, to the extent that such Purchaser

is NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII, L.P. or an Affiliate thereof, the NovaQuest Funding Agreement), except, in the case of each of clause (ii) above and clause (iii) above, as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on such Purchaser's ability to perform its obligations hereunder.

(e) There is no action, suit, claim, demand, citation, summons, subpoena, interference, reexamination, opposition, investigation or other proceeding (whether civil, criminal, administrative, regulatory or investigative), at law or in equity, in arbitration or before any Governmental Authority pending or, to the knowledge of such Purchaser, threatened against such Purchaser that would challenge or seek to prevent or delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents or have a material adverse effect on the ability of such Purchaser to perform any of its obligations hereunder.

(f) Such Purchaser will have on the Funding Date sufficient funds available to pay its portion of the Purchase Price set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on Exhibit A attached hereto and otherwise satisfy all of its obligations in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

(g) Such Purchaser's signature page to this Agreement identifies whether or not such Purchaser is a Qualifying Bank and as to how many lenders it counts under the Non-Bank Rules.

(h) Such Purchaser has submitted an application to the Swiss Federal Tax Administration for a Tax Ruling.

3.3 Limitation of Liability. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement, no Party will be liable to any other Party, to any Affiliate of any other Party or to any other Responsible Party for any indirect, incidental, consequential, exemplary, punitive or special damages of any kind or any loss of goodwill, any lost profits (including multiples), any business interruption or any loss of any contract or other business opportunity arising out of or in connection with this Agreement, however caused and on any theory of liability (whether in contract, tort (including negligence), strict liability, or otherwise), even if such Party was advised or otherwise aware of the likelihood of such damages and regardless of any notice of the possibility of such damages; <u>provided</u>, that the foregoing shall not limit the obligations set forth in Article VII. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Dermavant's liability (if a breach of this Agreement shall not exceed [***] (\$[***]) in the aggregate less any payments made to, or for the benefit of, the Purchaser; <u>provided</u>, that the foregoing shall not limit the obligations set forth in Article VII in respect of Third Party Claims. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, a Purchaser's liability for a breach of this Agreement shall not exceed, for such Purchaser, an amount equal to such Purchaser's provided. The Purchase Price set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on <u>Exhibit A</u> attached hereto; <u>provided</u>, that the foregoing shall not limit the obligation of doubt, this Section 3.3 shall not apply to any obligations due and owing to the Collateral Agent under this Agreement.

ARTICLE IV

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

4.1 <u>Definition of Confidential Information</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Confidential Information</u>" of a Party means any confidential or proprietary information furnished by or on behalf of such Party or its Affiliates (the "<u>Disclosing Party</u>") to another Party or its Affiliates (the "<u>Receiving Party</u>") pursuant to and relating to this Agreement or anti-money laundering or know-your-customer requirements of a Party. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Confidential Information shall not include information that, in each case as demonstrated by written documentation or other competent evidence:

(a) was already known to the Receiving Party, other than under an obligation of confidentiality, at the time it was disclosed to or learned by the Receiving Party hereunder;

(b) was generally available to the public or otherwise part of the public domain at the time it was disclosed to or learned by the Receiving Party hereunder;

(c) became generally available to the public or otherwise part of the public domain after it was disclosed to or learned by the Receiving Party hereunder, other than through any act or omission of the Receiving Party in breach of this Agreement;

(d) was lawfully disclosed to the Receiving Party, after it was disclosed to or learned by the Receiving Party hereunder, by a Person that is not bound by any obligation of confidentiality with respect to such information; or

(e) is independently developed by the Receiving Party without the benefit or use of the Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party.

For the avoidance of doubt, each Quarterly Report and the information contained therein shall be Confidential Information of Dermavant.

4.2 <u>Obligations</u>. Except as authorized in this Agreement (including Section 4.3 and Section 4.4) or any other Transaction Document or except upon obtaining the Disclosing Party's prior written permission to the contrary, the Receiving Party agrees that, for the Term and for five (5) years thereafter, it will:

(a) maintain in confidence, and not disclose to any Person, the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information;

(b) not use the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information for any purpose, except for performing the Receiving Party's obligations and exercising its rights under this Agreement and for performing anti-money laundering or know-your-customer due diligence; and

(c) protect the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in its possession by using the same degree of care as it uses to protect its own Confidential Information (but, in any event, no less than a reasonable degree of care). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Disclosing Party will be entitled to injunctive relief to restrain the breach or threatened breach by the Receiving Party of this Section 4.2 without having to prove actual damages or threatened irreparable harm or post any bond or other security. Such injunctive relief will be in addition to any rights and remedies available to the Disclosing Party at law, in equity and under this Agreement for such breach or threatened breach.

4.3 Permitted Disclosures

(a) The Receiving Party may disclose the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information (without the Disclosing Party's prior written permission) if such disclosure is made to the Receiving Party's Affiliates or any of its or their actual or potential equityholders, members, limited partners, partners, managers, directors, trustees, officers, employees, agents, consultants, tax advisors, bankers, financial advisors, lenders, investors, co-investors, collaborators, purchasers, acquirers, assignees, contractors, licensees, sublicensees, accountants, attorneys or other representatives, in each case, who need to know such Confidential Information and who are, prior to receiving such disclosure, bound by written or professional confidentiality and non-use obligations no less stringent than those contained herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party shall be responsible for any breach of this Section 4.3(a) by any Person described in this Section 4.3(a) to which it discloses Confidential Information (as if such Person were bound by the terms of this Section 4.3(a)) and shall take all reasonably necessary measures to restrain such Person from unauthorized disclosure or use of the Confidential Information.

(b) The Receiving Party may disclose the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information (without the Disclosing Party's prior written permission) to any Person to the extent such disclosure is necessary (i) for regulatory, tax or customs purposes, (ii) to prosecute or defend lifugation or (iii) to comply with Applicable Law (including the Securities Act and the Exchange Act), applicable stock exchange requirements or an order or subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction or other Governmental Authority; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Receiving Party, to the extent it may legally do so, shall give reasonable advance notice to the Disclosing Party of such disclosure and, at the Disclosing Party's reasonable request and expense, the Receiving Party shall use its reasonable efforts to secure confidential treatment of such Confidential Information prior to its disclosure (whether through protective orders or otherwise). Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Receiving Party and its Affiliates may, without notice to any Disclosing Party, disclose Confidential Information to any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over the Receiving Party or its Affiliates in connection with routine regulatory examinations.

4.4 <u>Terms of Agreement</u>. The Parties agree that they will each treat the existence, contents and terms of this Agreement and the Term Sheet as confidential, and no Party shall make any press release or other public disclosure that discloses or otherwise concerns this Agreement or the Term Sheet or any terms hereof or thereof, without the prior written consent of the other Parties, except to the extent allowed under Section 4.3 or as otherwise permitted in accordance with this Section 4.4. Consistent with Section 4.3(b), the Parties agree to use reasonable efforts to provide the other Parties with a copy of that portion of any filing required by a securities agency or any stock exchange on which its securities are traded (or to which an application for listing has been submitted) regarding this Agreement or the Term Sheet or its respective terms to review prior to filing and to consider any comments of the other Parties in good faith, and, to the extent any Party

is required to file or disclose this Agreement or the Term Sheet with a securities agency or stock exchange, such Party shall consider in good faith the other Parties' comments with respect to confidential treatment of the terms of this Agreement or the Term Sheet and shall redact this Agreement or the Term Sheet in a manner allowed by the securities agency or stock exchange to protect sensitive terms, and shall be permitted to file this Agreement or the Term Sheet, as so redacted, with the securities agency or stock exchange. For purposes of clarity, each Party is free to discuss with any other Person the information regarding this Agreement or the Term Sheet and the Parties' relationship disclosed in such securities filings and any other authorized public announcements, and no review or consent of a Party shall be required with respect to disclosure by any Party to the extent such disclosure is consistent with disclosure otherwise previously approved or publicly filed or disclosed pursuant to this Section 4.4.

4.5 <u>Use of Names</u>. No Party shall mention or otherwise use the name, insignia, symbol, trademark, trade name or logotype of any other Party or any Affiliate of any other Party (or any abbreviation or adaptation thereof) in any publication, press release, promotional material or other form of publicity without the prior written approval of such other Party in each instance. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the restrictions imposed by this Section 4.5 shall not prohibit the Receiving Party from making any disclosure identifying any Person, with prior written notice to such Person, to the extent required by Applicable Law or the rules of a stock exchange on which the securities of the Disclosing Party are listed (or to which an application for listing has been submitted) or as permitted pursuant to Section 4.4.

4.6 <u>No Effect on Confidentiality Provisions under NovaQuest Funding Agreement</u>. For purposes of this Article IV, NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII shall not be deemed to be an Affiliate of NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund XVII, L.P. Any exercise by NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund VIII of its rights to use and disclose the Confidential Information (as defined for this purpose in the NovaQuest Funding Agreement) with respect to which it is deemed to be a Receiving Party under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement shall not constitute a breach of this Article IV by NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund XVII, L.P. or any other Affiliate of NovaQuest Co-Investment Fund XVII, L.P.

ARTICLE V

COVENANTS

5.1 Quarterly Reports; Payments on Account of the Revenue Interests.

(a) Dermavant shall, promptly after the end of each Fiscal Quarter (but in no event later than 45 days following the end of the first three Fiscal Quarters of any Fiscal Year and 75 days following the end of the fourth Fiscal Quarter of any Fiscal Year (the "<u>Quarterly Deadline</u>")), produce and deliver to the Purchasers a Quarterly Report for such Fiscal Quarter, together with a certificate of Dermavant certifying that (i) such Quarterly Report is a true and complete copy and (ii) any statements, data and information therein are true, correct and accurate in all material respects.

(b) Dermavant shall, promptly after the end of each Fiscal Quarter (but in no event later than the Quarterly Deadline), pay to each Purchaser its Percentage Interest of the applicable Quarterly Revenue Amount then due to the respective bank accounts of each such Purchaser specified in <u>Schedule</u> 2 attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14); <u>provided</u>, that, for any Net Sales made by a Licensee for which payment is received by Dermavant fewer than 10 Business Days prior to the Quarterly Deadline, the Quarterly Revenue Amount in respect of such Net Sales may instead be paid with the following Fiscal Quarter's Quarterly Revenue Amount.

(c) Dermavant shall, following the Termination Date (if the Termination Date occurs as a result of Section 6.1(f)), pay: (i) to each Purchaser its Percentage Interest of all unpaid Quarterly Revenue Amounts, to the respective bank accounts of each such Purchaser specified in <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14); and (ii) all other outstanding obligations under any Deal Document, in each case, through the Termination Date, no later than the Quarterly Deadline for the Fiscal Quarter in which such Termination Date occurs.

(d) The Purchasers shall be entitled to request and convene a teleconference or videoconference in respect of each Fiscal Quarter with representatives of Dermavant's senior management team in order to review and discuss the Quarterly Report in respect of such Fiscal Quarter.

(e) Dermavant shall, and shall ensure the Controlling Affiliates shall, invoice all sales of the Product in the ordinary course in accordance with GAAP.

5.2 Payments. All payments under this Agreement to the Purchasers shall be made in U.S. dollars by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the respective bank accounts of each such Purchaser specified in <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (as may be amended pursuant to Section 8.14). With respect to Net Sales invoiced in a currency other than U.S. dollars, such Net Sales shall be converted into the U.S. dollar equivalent using the exchange rate existing in the United States (as reported in *The Wall Street Journal*, New York edition) for the applicable currency on the last Business Day of the applicable Fiscal Quarter. If The Wall Street Journal ceases to publish such exchange rate, then the rate of exchange to be used shall be that reported in such other business publication of national circulation in the United States on which the Parties reasonably agree.

5.3 Late Interest. In the event that a payment under this Agreement is not made when due, such outstanding payment shall accrue interest, beginning on the date when the payment was due, at an annual rate equal to three and one-half percent (3.5%), plus the prime rate as reported in *The Wall Street Journal*, New York edition, on the first due date of such outstanding payment (or the maximum rate permitted under Applicable Law, whichever is less). Such accrued interest shall be compounded annually. Payment of accrued interest shall accompany payment of the outstanding payment.

5.4 Recordkeeping and Notifications.

(a) Dermavant shall, and shall ensure that the other Responsible Parties shall, keep and maintain for a period of three (3) years from the end of any calendar month accounts and records of all data reasonably required to verify (i) any information required to be provided to the Purchasers under this Agreement, (ii) the gross amount invoiced by any Responsible Party to Third

Parties for sales of the Product, (iii) the calculation of Net Sales and (iv) all payments paid or payable with respect to the Revenue Interests. The recordkeeping obligations of Dermavant and the other Responsible Parties shall survive until the date that is three (3) years from the date when the last possible payment of Revenue Interests is made (the "<u>Recordkeeping Period</u>").

(b) Dermavant shall promptly (but in no event more than five Business Days later) notify the Purchasers in writing if Dermavant is or becomes aware, and Dermavant shall use commercially reasonable efforts to require each other Responsible Party to notify Dermavant upon such Responsible Party becoming aware, of the occurrence of (i) the imposition by any Regulatory Authority in the United States of, or the communication by any Regulatory Authority in the United States of its intent to impose, a suspension or clinical hold regarding the Product, (ii) any decision to cease or significantly reduce the Development or Commercialization of the Product in any material respect, (iii) the actual or written threatened revocation, withdrawal, suspension, cancellation, termination or material adverse modification of any approvals or authorizations of Governmental Authorities with respect to the Product affecting Commercialization in the United States, (iv) Dermavant's or, following the knowledge of Dermavant, any other Responsible Party's being debarred, excluded, suspended or otherwise ineligible to participate in government health care programs in the United States, (v) the receipt by Dermavant or any other Responsible Party of any material written notice (adverse or otherwise) from any Governmental Authority regarding the approvability or approval of the Product, (vi) the commencement of (or receipt of written notice of the actual or threatened commencement of) any material dispute, claim, suit, litigation, injunction or arbitration proceeding related to the Product, a Material Contract, the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents, the Revenue Interests, the U.S. Patents Covering the Product, or any License Agreement, including (A) those disputes, claims, suits, litigation, injunctions or arbitration proceedings alleging a Third Party's infringement or misappropriation of any of the Patents Covering the Product or Product IP Rights owned or licensed by Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates and those alleging a Responsible Party's (or any of their respective Affiliates', licensees' or sublicensees') infringement or misappropriation of a Third Party's intellectual property in the Development or Commercialization of the Product in the United States, in which case under this clause (vi) such notification shall contain a reasonable summary of the event described therein and, at the request of the Purchasers, Dermavant shall promptly discuss with the Purchasers the applicable matter), and (B) any notice pursuant to Section 505(b)(3) or 505(j)(2)(B) of the U.S. Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of a Paragraph IV Certification with respect to the Product, (vii) any actual or alleged material violation, breach, default or termination by any Person under or of any License Agreement or (viii) any other adverse event or circumstance affecting the Product Assets or the Revenue Interests that would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) Promptly (but in no event more than five Business Days) after receipt by a Responsible Party of any notice with respect to any Governmental Authority in the United States taking final patent office action (i) where Dermavant does not plan to file a request for continued examination or a continuation or divisional application and (ii) that cannot be appealed as part of the patent prosecution process under relevant patent office procedures relating to the status or validity, or change thereto, of any Patents Covering the Product, Dermavant shall also keep the Purchasers informed on an annual basis with respect to material developments in the status of the Patents Covering the Product in the United States (i.e., pending, granted, abandoned or expired, other than any unpublished filings).

(d) Promptly (but in no event more than ten Business Days) after Dermavant receives from any Third Party any written notice, demand, certificate, offer, proposal, correspondence, report or other communication relating to any License Agreement, the Patents Covering the Product, the Revenue Interests or the Product, which notice, demand, certificate, offer, proposal, correspondence, report or other communication would, or relates to any event or circumstance that would, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, Dermavant shall provide to the Purchasers, subject to the terms of the Transaction Documents, written notice thereof (including reasonable details to enable the Purchasers to understand the applicable matters involved, the facts, events or circumstances that gave rise to such matters, any relief or remedies being sought, any proposed corrective action to be taken, and relevant timelines for any exercise of remedies or for any proposed corrective action), together with a copy of such written notice, demand, certificate, offer, proposal, correspondence, report or other communication.

(e) Dermavant shall notify the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent in writing not less than 30 days prior to any change in, or amendment or alteration of, Dermavant's (i) legal name, (ii) form or type of organizational structure or (iii) jurisdiction of organization.

(f) Subject to applicable confidentiality restrictions and attorney-client privilege and work product immunities, Dermavant shall make available such other information as a Purchaser may, from time to time, reasonably request with respect to (i) the Revenue Interests, (ii) the Product, (iii) compliance with any License Agreement, (iv) any infringement of the Patents Covering the Product or (v) the condition or operations, financial or otherwise, of Dermavant that is reasonably likely to impact or affect the performance of Dermavant's obligations under the Transaction Documents or Dermavant's compliance with the terms, provisions and conditions of the Transaction Documents.

(g) Dermavant shall provide the Funding Condition Satisfaction Notice to the Purchasers in writing within five Business Days of the occurrence of the Funding Condition.

5.5 Audit Rights

(a) From the Effective Date until the expiration of the Recordkeeping Period, upon prior written notice to Dermavant, the Purchasers shall have the right to audit, through an independent certified public accountant of national recognition selected by the Required Purchasers and reasonably acceptable to Dermavant, those accounts and records of Dermavant and its Affiliates involved in the Commercialization of the Product in the United States as may be reasonably necessary to verify compliance by Dermavant and such Affiliates with this Agreement (including to verify the accuracy of the Revenue Interests paid to the Purchasers hereunder and the accuracy of any Quarterly Report and the calculation of the related Quarterly Revenue Amount); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that such audit right shall cease with respect to any accounts and records on the third (3rd) anniversary of the date of such accounts or records. Such audits must occur during normal business hours and upon providing at least twenty (20) Business Days prior written notice, and may occur no more than once per Fiscal Year; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if the independent certified public accountar's report shows an underreporting of Net Sales of at least ten percent (10%), then the Purchasers shall have the right to audit the accounts and records of Dermavant and its Affiliates twice per Fiscal Year in accordance with the terms of this Section 5.5. The Purchasers shall be solely responsible for the cost of any such audit, unless the independent certified public

accountant's report shows, in respect of any Fiscal Year then being reviewed, an underreporting of Net Sales for such Fiscal Year by more than ten percent (10%), in which case Dermavant shall be responsible for the expenses incurred by the Purchasers for the independent certified public accountant's services. If any such audit results in a determination that any portion of the Revenue Interests was not properly paid to the Purchasers, unless Dermavant disputes the results of such audit in accordance with Section 5.5(c), then such portion of the Revenue Interests shall be paid, within thirty (30) days after the receipt of such audit results, by Dermavant to the Purchasers (in accordance with their Percentage Interests) in accordance with Section 5.2.

(b) If Dermavant completes an audit of a Licensee's books and records prior to the end of the Recordkeeping Period, Dermavant shall, subject to reasonable confidentiality obligations and any applicable limitations under Applicable Law, share with the Purchasers the written results of any such audit. In addition, prior to the expiration of the Recordkeeping Period, if, with respect to any Licensee, Dermavant does not during any consecutive twelve (12) month period undertake an audit reasonably sufficient to verify such Licensee's compliance with the terms of this Agreement applicable to a Licensee (including as a Responsible Party), then, upon the reasonable request of the Required Purchasers, Dermavant shall undertake such an audit of such Licensee's books and records, in accordance with the provisions of the applicable License Agreement and subject to any limitations under Applicable Law, and the Purchasers shall (severally in proportion to their Percentage Interests, but not jointly) reimburse Dermavant for the reasonable out-of-pocket costs of such audit unless the results of the audit shows, in respect of any Fiscal Year then being reviewed, an underreporting of Net Sales for such Fiscal Year by more than ten percent (10%), in which case Dermavant shall be responsible for such costs.

(c) If Dermavant disputes the results of any audit conducted pursuant to this Section 5.5, the Parties shall work in good faith to resolve the disagreement. If the Parties are unable to reach a mutually acceptable resolution of any such dispute within thirty (30) days, the dispute shall be submitted for resolution to a certified public accounting firm jointly selected by each Party's certified public accountants or to such other Person as the Parties shall mutually agree (the "<u>Auditor</u>"). The decision of the Auditor shall be final and the costs of such procedure as well as the initial audit shall be borne among the Parties in such manner as the Auditor shall determine. If the Auditor determines that there has been an underpayment by Dermavant, then Dermavant shall pay to the Purchasers (in accordance with their Percentage Interests) in accordance with Section 5.2 the underpayment within thirty (30) days after the Auditor's decision, plus interest (as set forth in Section 5.3) from the original due date. If the Auditor determines that there has been an overpayment by Dermavant, then Dermavant shall take a credit for such overpayment against any future payments due to the Purchasers hereunder.

5.6 <u>Taxes</u>

(a) All payments made by or on behalf of Dermavant in respect of the Transaction Documents and the Revenue Interests will be made free and clear of and without deduction or withholding of Taxes, except as required by Applicable Law. If any Applicable Law requires the deduction or withholding of any amount from, or any Purchaser to pay any present or future Tax, assessment or other governmental charge on, any such payment to any Purchaser (<u>"Withholding Payment</u>"), then Dermavant (or its representatives) shall be entitled to make such deduction or withholding and will, in addition to paying such Purchaser (in accordance with its Percentage

Interest) such reduced payment, simultaneously pay such Purchaser (in accordance with its Percentage Interest) such additional amounts so that, after such Withholding Payment (which may include deductions, withholdings or Taxes (other than Excluded Taxes) applicable to additional sums payable under this Section 5.6(a)) has been made, such Purchaser receives the full contractual amount of the applicable payment from Dermavant as if no such Withholding Payment had occurred; <u>provided</u>, that Dermavant shall not be required to pay such additional amounts with respect to any Withholding Payment that is attributable to any Excluded Taxes of such Purchaser. Dermavant shall timely pay the full amount of any Withholding Payment deducted or withheld by it to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with Applicable Law.

(b) Upon the reasonable request of Dermavant, if a Purchaser is legally entitled to an exemption from or reduction of a Withholding Payment with respect to payments made under this Agreement, such Purchaser shall deliver to Dermavant, at the time or times reasonably requested by Dermavant, such properly completed and executed documentation reasonably requested by Dermavant as will permit such payments to be made without withholding or at a reduced rate of withholding. In addition, a Purchaser, if reasonably requested by Dermavant, shall deliver such to ther documentation prescribed by Applicable Law or reasonably requested by Dermavant as will enable Dermavant, shall deliver such tother documentation prescribed by Applicable Law or reasonably requested by Dermavant as will enable Dermavant to determine whether or not such Purchaser is subject to backup withholding or information reporting requirements. Notvithstanding anything to the contrary in the preceding two sentences, the completion, execution and submission of such documentation or such such auber documentation prescribed by Dermavant, such uprchaser is subject to backup withholding prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Purchaser and, for clarity, such Purchaser shall be deemed to have complied with its obligations under this Section 5.6(b) if it has so exercised its reasonable judgment or if such Purchaser shall be deemed to have complied with its obligations under this Section 5.6(b) if it has so exercised its reasonable previously delivered to Dermavant expires or becomes obsolete, invalid or inaccurate in any respect, such Purchaser shall update such form or certification or notify Dermavant is rejust to do so, in either case within a reasonable amount of time following Dermavant's request for an update.

(c) Without limiting the generality of Section 5.6(b), in the event that Dermavant assigns its rights and obligations hereunder to an Affiliate that is a U.S. Person, each Purchaser agrees severally but not jointly to deliver to Dermavant from time to time, upon the reasonable request of Dermavant, executed copies of IRS Form W-9 or W-8, as applicable.

(d) If a payment made to a Purchaser under any Transaction Document would be subject to U.S. federal withholding Tax imposed by FATCA if such Purchaser were to fail to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or Section 1472(b) of the Code, as applicable), then such Purchaser shall deliver to Dermavant at the time or times prescribed by Applicable Law and at such time or times reasonably requested by Dermavant such documentation prescribed by Applicable Law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b) (3)(C)(i) of the Code) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by Dermavant as may be necessary for Dermavant to comply with its obligations under FATCA and to determine that such Purchaser has complied with its obligations under FATCA or to determine the amount, if any, to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this Section 5.6(d), FATCA shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the Effective Date.

(e) As soon as practicable after any payment of Taxes by Dermavant to a Governmental Authority pursuant to this Section 5.6, Dermavant shall deliver to the relevant Purchaser the original or a certified copy of any receipt issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment, a copy of the return reporting such payment or other evidence reasonably satisfactory to the relevant Purchaser.

(f) For United States federal, state and local and non-U.S. tax purposes, unless otherwise required by Applicable Law, Dermavant and the Purchasers shall treat this Agreement as effecting a sale of the Revenue Interests by Dermavant to the Purchasers and the Revenue Interests as a contractual right to receive payments in respect of the Revenue Interests. The Parties do not intend that the Revenue Interests be treated as an equity, profit-participating or ownership interest in Dermavant or as creating an actual or constructive partnership, joint venture, employment, franchise, agency, fiduciary or similar business relationship between or among the Parties for such purposes, and no Party shall take any action inconsistent with such treatment.

(g) In the event that Dermavant is expected to be required to make any Withholding Payments, Dermavant shall promptly notify the relevant Purchasers in writing, and, if Dermavant is required to pay any Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 5.6(a), the Parties shall, at Dermavant's reasonable request, use commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate in good faith at Dermavant's expense to restructure the transactions contemplated hereby or take other relevant actions (without (i) materially adversely affecting the economic arrangement hereunder, (ii) subjecting a Purchaser to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or (iii) otherwise being materially disadvantageous to any Purchaser) to reduce or eliminate such obligation to pay such additional amounts.

(h) Dermavant shall timely pay to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with Applicable Law, or at the option of the relevant Purchaser timely reimburse such relevant Purchaser for the payment of, any Other Taxes.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, for purposes of calculating (i) the amounts of Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, treated as paid by Dermavant to the Purchasers, (ii) the Event of Default Fee and (iii) the Prepayment Amount, Dermavant shall be treated as paying, and the Purchasers shall be treated as receiving, the gross amounts of Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, paid to the Purchasers under this Agreement; <u>provided</u>, that if any Indemnified Taxes are withheld from payments to any Purchaser or are payable directly by any Purchaser to the relevant Governmental Authority, in each case in respect of such Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable (and/or Additional Amounts payable to such Purchaser in respect of such Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, or any Other Taxes are paid by any Purchaser, then the amount treated as paid by Dermavant and received by the applicable Purchaser (A) shall include all Additional Amounts paid to such Purchaser in respect of such Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, and reimbursments for Other Taxes paid to such Purchaser in respect of such Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, or nelted Additional Amounts paid to such Purchaser in respect of such Revenue Interests or Quarterly Revenue Amounts, as applicable, or related Additional Amounts, and any Other Taxes paid by such Purchaser.

(j) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 5.6, Dermavant shall not be obligated to pay any Additional Amounts to any Purchaser pursuant to this Section 5.6 to the extent imposed as a result of (i) the failure of such Purchaser to deliver to Dermavant the forms or other documentation, as applicable to such Purchaser, as required pursuant to this Section 5.6, or

(ii) certifications made in such forms or other documentation being untrue or inaccurate on the date delivered in any material respect; provided, however, that Dermavant shall be obligated to pay such Additional Amounts to the extent any such failure to deliver a form or other documentation or the failure of such form or other documentation to establish a complete exemption from or reduction in applicable withholding Tax or untruth or inaccuracy contained therein resulted from a change in any Applicable Law or any written interpretation of any of the foregoing by a Governmental Authority occurring after the Effective Date, which change rendered such Purchaser no longer legally entitled to deliver such form or other documentation or certifications made in such form or other documentation untrue or inaccurate in a material respect.

(k) If any Purchaser determines, in its sole discretion exercised in good faith, that it has received a refund of any Taxes with respect to which it has received any Additional Amount under this Section 5.6, such Purchaser shall pay to Dermavant as soon as practical thereafter an amount equal to such refund (but only to the extent of Additional Amounts paid with respect to the Taxes giving rise to such refund), net of all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including Taxes) of such Purchaser and without interest (other than any interest paid or credited by the relevant Governmental Authority with respect to such refund). Dermavant, upon the request of such Purchaser, shall repay to such Purchaser the amount paid over pursuant to this Section 5.6(k) (plus any penalties, interest or other charges imposed by the relevant Governmental Authority) in the event that such Purchaser is required to repay such refund to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 5.6(k), in no event will a Purchaser be required to pay any amount to Dermavant pursuant to this Section 5.6(k) the payment of which would place such Purchaser in a less favorable net after-Tax position than such Purchaser would have been in if the Tax with respect to which Additional Amounts were required to be made and giving rise to such refund had not been deducted, withheld or otherwise imposed and the Additional Amounts with respect to such Tax had never been paid. This Section 5.6(k) shall not be construed to require any Purchaser to make available its tax returns (or any other information relating to its Taxes that it deems confidential) to Dermavant or any other Person.

5.7 Limitations on Dispositions. Without the prior written consent of the Required Purchasers, Dermavant shall not (and Dermavant shall ensure that each of its other Controlling Affiliates does not) Dispose of (including to an Affiliate of Dermavant) all or any of Dermavant's right, title or interest in or to any Product Assets (including any inventory or intellectual property in connection with the Product) except for Permitted Dispositions.

5.8 Limitations on Secured Indebtedness. Without the prior written consent of the Required Purchasers, Dermavant shall not create, incur, assume or suffer to exist indebtedness secured by a Lien on any of the Product Assets, except for Permitted Secured Debt or obligations under the NovaQuest Funding Agreement.

5.9 Limitations on Liens. Without the prior written consent of the Required Purchasers, Dermavant shall not create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien (or exercise any right of rescission, offset, counterclaim or defense) upon or with respect to the Revenue Interests (or the right to receive the Revenue Interests) or the Product Assets, except for Permitted Liens.

5.10 Limitations on Additional Revenue Interests. Without the prior written consent of the Required Purchasers, Dermavant shall not create, incur, sell, issue, assume, enforce or suffer to exist any additional revenue interests (or similar economic equivalents) with respect to Net Sales of the Product in the United States unless such additional revenue interests (or such economic equivalents) are subordinated to the Revenue Interests as to payment, security and enforcement.

5.11 <u>Limitations on Change of Control</u>. Dermavant shall not, directly or indirectly, effectuate or consummate a Change of Control; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Dermavant may, directly or indirectly, effectuate or consummate a Pre-Funding Change of Control by exercising its Pre-Funding Change of Control Option if it pays, within ten Business Days of its exercise of such Pre-Funding Change of Control Option, the Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

5.12 Intellectual Property Matters.

(a) Except as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, Dermavant shall (and shall cause each Controlling Affiliate to, and in the case of clause (v) below, shall cause each other Responsible Party to) use Commercially Reasonable Efforts, taking into account CRE Considerations, to (i) prosecute and maintain in full force and effect all Patents Covering the Product owned or controlled by it on or after the Effective Date, including payment of maintenance fees or annuities, affecting Commercialization in the United States, (ii) maintain, keep in full force and effect and seek available patent term extensions (and applicable supplemental protection certificates) for any such Patents Covering the Product affecting Commercialization in the United States, (iii) defend any challenge to the validity, patentability, enforceability, non-infringement or ownership of any of the Patents Covering the Product flecting Commercialization in the United States (or is millar action) to any of the Patents Covering the Product in any court, administrative agency or other forum (including by bringing any legal action for infringement or defending any opposition, inter partes review (or similar action), counterclaim of invalidity or other action of a third party for declaratory judgment of non-infringement or cease, including by initiating legal proceedings against any Third Party infringer, and (v) maintain all material Product Know-How in confidence.

(b) Dermavant shall not disclaim or abandon, or fail to take any action necessary or desirable to prevent the disclaimer or abandonment of, any of the Patents Covering the Product, other than the filing of terminal disclaimers to address obviousness-type double patenting rejections to the extent in response to comments from the applicable patent authority; <u>provided</u>, that Dermavant shall have the right to disclaim or abandon such Patents (other than Key Patents) in the ordinary course of business in a manner that would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) Dermavant shall, and shall cause each other Responsible Party to, promptly inform the FDA of any Patents Covering the Product to the extent listable in the FDA's "Orange Book".

(d) In the case of receipt of notice of a Paragraph IV Certification with respect to the Product in the United States, Dermavant shall timely file a patent infringement action asserting the Patent(s) that are the subject of the Paragraph IV Certification within 45 days of receipt of such notice, unless the Required Purchasers timely agree in writing that such a patent infringement action should not be filed (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld).

(e) If Dermavant recovers monetary damages from a Third Party in an action brought for such Third Party's infringement of any Patents Covering the Product, where, and to the extent, such damages, whether in the form of judgment or settlement, are awarded for such infringement of such Patents within the United States, (i) such recovery will be allocated first to the reimbursement of any expenses incurred by Dermavant (or any party to any license or License Agreement in respect of such Patents entitled to such reimbursement under any such license or License Agreement) in bringing such action (including all reasonable attorney's fees), (ii) any remaining amounts will be reduced, if applicable, to comply with allocation of recovered damages with licensors of such Patents required under any license or License Agreement in respect of such Patents, if any, and (iii) any residual amount of such damages after application of clause (i) above and clause (ii) above will be treated as Net Sales for purposes of the payments under the Revenue Interests under this Agreement.

5.13 <u>Development and Commercialization</u>. Dermavant shall, and shall ensure that each other Responsible Party shall, use Commercially Reasonable Efforts during the Term to (a) Develop the Product in a manner that is intended to ensure that Dermavant is reasonably likely to obtain Marketing Approval in the United States and (b) Commercialize the Product for sale on the market, including any licensing activities, in the United States, in each case taking into account the CRE Considerations.

5.14 License Agreements.

(a) After the execution of any License Agreement, Dermavant shall provide the Purchasers with a true and complete copy of such License Agreement within fifteen (15) Business Days following the execution thereof; <u>provided</u>, that Dermavant shall be permitted to redact confidential terms, such as economic terms. If any such License Agreement is amended, then Dermavant shall provide the Purchasers with a copy of such amendment within fifteen (15) Business Days following the execution thereof.

(b) Dermavant shall not enter into any License Agreement that provides for the exclusive right to Commercialize the Product in the United States, unless (i) the Licensee party to such License Agreement is a Qualified Licensee or a Controlling Affiliate (and, if it is a Controlling Affiliate, such Controlling Affiliate agrees not to assign or sublicense its rights under such License Agreement to a Person that is not a Qualified Licensee or a Controlling Affiliate, (ii) such License Agreement provides for payments by the Licensee party thereto to Dermavant of

amounts with respect to sales of the Product at least equal to the corresponding amount of the Applicable Percentage of Net Sales of the Product (after taking into account any tax withholding) and (iii) such License Agreement includes terms with respect to recordkeeping, reporting and audit rights substantially similar to those set forth for Dermavant in this Agreement.

(c) Dermavant shall, and shall cause each of its Controlling Affiliates to, (i) perform and comply in all material respects with its duties and obligations under any License Agreement to which it is party, (ii) not assign, amend, modify, supplement, restate, waive, cancel or terminate, in whole or in part, any License Agreement to which it is party or any provision thereof or right thereunder in a manner that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, (iii) not breach any of the provisions of any License Agreement to which it is party, (iv) not waive any obligation of, or grant or withhold any consent to, any other Person in respect of any License Agreement to which it is party in a manner that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect or that would conflict with or violate the terms of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document and (v) not agree to do any of the foregoing.

(d) At Dermavant's request, the Purchasers shall enter into a reasonable, mutually-acceptable non-disturbance and attornment agreement (or similar agreement) in connection with the entry by Dermavant into any License Agreement that is not otherwise prohibited under the Transaction Documents.

5.15 <u>Material Contracts</u>. Dermavant shall comply with all terms and conditions of, and fulfill all of its obligations under, all of the Material Contracts to which Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party, except, in each case, for such noncompliance that could not reasonably be expected to give rise, individually or in the aggregate, to a Material Contract to which Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party. Effect. Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party to enforce, against the other party or parties to each Material Contract to which Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates is a party all material terms and conditions thereunder, except where the failure of the other party or parties to perform would not reasonably be expected to give rise, individually or in the aggregate, to a Material Adverse Effect. Dermavant shall not, and shall cause each of its Controlling Affiliates not to, amend any Material Contract in any material respect or issue any waivers or consents or other approvals under any Material Contract without the prior written consent of the Required Purchasers (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), except where such amendment, waiver or consent would not reasonably be expected to give rise, individually or in the aggregate, to a Material Adverse Effect. Dermavant shall not, and shall cause each other Controlling Affiliate not to, enter into any Material Contract that would reasonably be expected to (a) conflict with the Transaction Documents or the rights granted to the Purchasers hereunder or thereunder, (b) impair Dermavant's ability to perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents or (c) reduce or limit the Revenue Interests.

5.16 <u>Compliance with Law</u>. With respect to the performance of obligations under the Transaction Documents and the activities contemplated by the Transaction Documents, except as would not reasonably be expected to give rise, individually or in the aggregate, to a Material Adverse Effect, Dermavant shall comply, and shall cause each other Responsible Party to comply, with all Applicable Laws.

5.17 <u>Non-Bank Rules</u>. Commencing on the Funding Date, Dermavant shall ensure that it is at all times in compliance with the Non-Bank Rules; <u>provided</u>, that Dermavant shall not be in breach of this covenant if its number of creditors that are not Qualifying Banks in respect of either the 10 Non-Bank Rule or the 20 Non-Bank Rule is exceeded solely because a Purchaser has (a) made an incorrect declaration of its status as to whether or not it is a Qualifying Bank or as to how many lenders it counts under the Non-Bank Rules or (b) failed to comply with its obligations under Section 8.7. Each of the Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to collaborate with each other to ensure compliance with the Non-Bank Rules.

5.18 Existence. Subject to Section 5.11, Dermavant shall (a) preserve and maintain its existence, (b) preserve and maintain its rights, franchises and privileges unless failure to do any of the foregoing would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, (c) qualify and remain qualified in good standing in each jurisdiction where the failure to do so would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, including appointing and employing such agents or attorneys in each jurisdiction where it shall be necessary to take action under this Agreement, and (d) comply with its organizational documents.

5.19 <u>Prepayment Amount</u>. Dermavant shall have the right to terminate this Agreement by paying to each Purchaser (in accordance with its Percentage Interests), at any time, such Purchaser's Maximum Amount (less all Quarterly Revenue Amounts and any Event of Default Fee previously paid by Dermavant to such Purchaser's Maximum Amount (less all Quarterly Revenue Amounts and any Event of Default Fee previously paid by Dermavant to such Purchaser's Maximum Amount (less all Quarterly Revenue Amounts and any Event of Default Fee previously on ob the provisions of any present or future Applicable Law that prohibits or may prohibit the collection of the foregoing Prepayment Amount in connection with any such event. Dermavant agrees that the Prepayment Amount shall be presumed to be the liquidated damages sustained by each Purchaser as the result of the early termination of this Agreement, and Dermavant agrees that such presumption is reasonable under the circumstances currently existing. Dermavant agrees (to the fullest extent that it may lawfully do so) that (a) the Prepayment Amount is reasonable under the circumstances in arm's length transaction between sophisticated business people, ably represented by counsel, (b) the Prepayment Amount and is the product of an arm's length transaction between sophisticated business people, ably cerpresented by counsel, (b) the Prepayment Amount as a charge (and not interest) in the event of the early termination of this Agreement and (d) Dermavant shall be estopped from claiming differently than as agreed to in this Section 5.19. Dermavant expressly acknowledges that its agreement to pay the Prepayment Amount to the Purchasers as herein described is on the Effective Date and will continue to be a material inducement to the Purchasers to provide the Funding.

5.20 <u>Disclosure Updates</u>. On the Funding Date, Dermavant shall provide to the Purchasers updated versions of Part 1, Part 2, Part 3 (but solely with respect to non-Permitted Dispositions that have been approved by the Purchasers) and Part 4 to Schedule 3.1(e) to the Disclosure Letter and Schedule 3.1(i) to the Disclosure Letter, reflecting information as of the Funding Date.

ARTICLE VI

TERM AND TERMINATION; SURVIVAL

6.1 Term and Termination. Subject to Section 6.2, with respect to a given Purchaser, the term of this Agreement (the "Term") shall commence as of the Effective Date and shall terminate on the Termination Date. The "Termination Date" is, with respect to a given Purchaser, the earliest of (a) the mutual written agreement of all of the Parties, (b) July 30, 2023 if the Funding shall not have occurred on or prior to such date, (c) the date on which Dermavant has paid the Maximum Amount (for all Purchasers) or the Prepayment Amount to the Purchasers (in accordance with their Percentage Interests) pursuant to this Agreement, (d) in the event of a Bankruptcy Event of Default, the payment by Dermavant to such Purchaser of its portion of the Event of Default Fee in accordance with Section 2.7(a), (e) the payment by Dermavant to all Purchasers of othe Pre-Funding Change of Control Option Price in accordance with Section 2.7(b), (f) the later of (i) December 31, 2036 and (ii) the date on which all the Key Patents have expired and (g) a termination pursuant to Section 2.8(b)). This Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall remain in full force and effect and continue to be effective if any petiton is filed by or against Dermavant for liquidation or reorganization, if Dermavant becomes insolvent or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, if a receiver or trustee is appointed for all or any significant part of any of Dermavant's assets, or if any payment or transfer of Revenue Interests or any part thereof to the Collateral Agent is rescinded, avoided or avoidable, is reduced in amount, must otherwise be restored or returned by, or is recovered from, the Collateral Agent, any Purchaser or any obligee thereto, whether as a "voidable preference," (fraudulent conveyance" or otherwise, all as though such payment, performance or transfer of the Revenue Interests had no theer make, avoidable, restored, returned for the Transaction Documents shall be deemed, without any further action or documentation, to have b

6.2 <u>Survival</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, Article IV, Section 5.1 (solely to the extent specified in Section 5.1(c)), Section 5.4, Section 5.6, this Section 6.2, Article VII, Article VII, Article IX, and all payment obligations that have accrued as of the date of termination, shall survive the termination of this Agreement for any reason. Termination of this Agreement shall not relieve any Party of liability in respect of breaches under this Agreement by such Party on or prior to such termination.

ARTICLE VII

INDEMNIFICATION

7.1 General Obligations

(a) Dermavant hereby agrees to indemnify, defend, hold harmless and reimburse each Purchaser and its respective Affiliates and their respective partners, managers, members, directors, officers, employees and agents and its and their respective successors, heirs and assigns (collectively, the Purchaser Indemnitees") from and against, and to pay to each Purchaser Indemnitee the amount of, any losses, costs, claims, counterclaims, damages Liabilities, assessments, awards, causes of action, charges, deductions, defenses, fines, obligations, off-sets, penalties, reductions, rescissions, set-offs or expenses (including reasonable and documented out-of-pocket attorneys' and professional fees and other reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses of litigation and investigation) (collectively, "<u>Lossee</u>") awarded against or actually incurred or suffered by Purchaser Indemnitees arising out of claims, suits, actions or demands, in each case whether or not brought by a Third Party, or settlements or judgments arising therefrom (including personal injury, products liability, and intellectual property infringement or misappropriation claims) (each a "<u>Claim</u>"): (i) against a Purchaser Indemnitee by any Third Party (a "<u>Third Party Claim</u>") as a result or arising out of: (A) a Responsible Party's, or its or their respective agent's or contractor's, Development, promotion, marketing, handling, manufacture, packaging, labeling, storage, distribution, pricing, reimbursement, transport, use, sale or other disposition of the Product; (B) any product liability claims relating to the Product; (C) any claims of infringement or misappropriation of any intellectual property rights by any Third Parties against such Purchaser, Parent, Dermavant or any other Responsible Party; (D) the failure by Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates to comply with Applicable Law; (E) the transactions contemplated in any Transaction Document or any License Agreement; or (F) any fees, expenses, costs, liabilities or other amounts incurred or owed by Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates to any brokers, financial advisors or comparable other Persons retained or employed by any of them in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (ii) otherwise as a result of or arising out of: (A) any breach by Dermavant of a representation, warranty or certification of Dermavant contained in any of the Transaction Documents; or (B) any breach by Dermavant of any covenant, agreement or obligation of Dermavant contained in any of the Transaction Documents; or (B) any breach by Dermavant of any covenant, agreement or obligation of Dermavant any Claim based on or resulting from (x) the willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Purchaser Indemnitee or any of such Purchase Indemnitee's controlled affiliates or any of its or their respective officers, directors, employees or agents, in each case who are involved in or aware of this Agreement (as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final and non-appealable decision) or (y) a material breach of the obligations (if any) of such Purchaser Indemnitee under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party. Any amounts due to any Purchaser Indemnitee hereunder shall be payable by Dermavant to such Purchaser Indemnitees upon demand. Dermavant's obligations pursuant to this Section 7.1(a) shall not apply to the extent such Claims result from negligence or willful misconduct by any of the Purchaser Indemnitees or the breach of the terms and conditions of this Agreement by any of the Purchaser Indemnitees, including the representations and warranties made by the Purchasers in this Agreement or (in respect of any particular Purchaser) any failure by such Purchaser to pay its portion of the Purchase Price when due and payable, or any disputes between and among Purchaser Indemnitees to the extent such disputes do not arise from any act or omission of Dermavant or any of its Controlling Affiliates. This Section 7.1(a) shall not apply with respect to Taxes, other than Taxes arising from any non-Tax Claim.

(b) Each Purchaser hereby severally but not jointly agrees to indemnify, defend, hold harmless and reimburse Dermavant and its Affiliates and their respective managers, directors, officers, employees and agents and their respective successors, heirs and assigns (collectively, the "Dermavant Indemnitees") from and against, and to pay to each Dermavant Indemnitee the amount of, any Losse awarded against or actually incurred or suffered by Dermavant Indemnitees arising out of a Claim as a result or arising out of: (i) any breach by such Purchaser of a representation, warranty or certification of such Purchaser contained in any of the Transaction Documents to which such Purchaser is party that would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; or (ii) any breach by such Purchaser of any Dermavant Indemnitee hereunder shall be payable by any such Purchaser to such Dermavant Indemnitees upon demand. A Purchaser's obligations pursuant to this Section 7.1(b) shall not apply to the extent such Claims result from negligence or wilfful misconduct by any of the Dermavant Indemnitees and conditions of this Agreement by any of the Dermavant Indemnitees, including the representations and warranties made by Dermavant in this Agreement.

7.2 Procedures.

(a) A Person seeking indemnification (the "<u>Indemnified Party</u>") under Section 7.1 shall give prompt written notice to the other Person or Persons against which indemnification may be sought hereunder (such Person or Persons being referred to herein as the "<u>Indemnifying Party</u>") of the assertion of any claim in respect of which indemnity may be sought hereunder. Such notice shall include a description of the claim and the nature and amount of the applicable Loss, to the extent known at such time. The failure of an Indemnified Party to notify the Indemnifying Party on a timely basis will not relieve the Indemnifying Party of any liability that the Indemnifying Party may have to the Indemnified Party unless the Indemnifying Party demonstrates that the defense of such action is materially prejudiced by the Indemnified Party's failure to give such notice. The Indemnifying Party shall provide the Indemnifying Party with copies of all papers and official documents received in connection with any Claims for which indemnifying Party shall keep each other information with respect thereto as the Indemnifying Party may reasonably request. The Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party shall keep each other informed of any facts or circumstances that may be of material relevance in connection with the Loss for which indemnification is sought.

(b) The Indemnifying Party may assume, at the Indemnifying Party's sole cost and expense, the defense of any Claim for which indemnity is sought hereunder by giving written notice thereof to the Indemnified Party within thirty (30) calendar days after the Indemnifying Party's receipt of a notice provided pursuant to Section 7.2(a). Upon assuming the defense of a Claim, the Indemnifying Party may appoint as lead counsel in the defense of the Claim any legal counsel selected by the Indemnifying Party and reasonably acceptable to the Indemnified Party. In the event the Indemnifying Party assumes the defense of a Claim, the Indemnifying Party all original notices and documents (including court

papers) received by the Indemnified Party in connection with the Claim. Should the Indemnifying Party assume the defense of a Claim, except as provided in Section 7.2(c), the Indemnifying Party shall not be liable to the Indemnified Party for any legal expenses subsequently incurred by the Indemnified Party in connection with the analysis, defense or settlement of the Claim other than reasonable costs of investigation.

(c) Without limiting Section 7.2(b), the Indemnified Party shall be entitled to participate in, but not control, the defense of the related Claim and to employ counsel of its choice for such purpose. However, such employment shall be at the Indemnified Party's own expense unless (i) the employment thereof has been specifically authorized by the Indemnifying Party in writing, (ii) the Indemnifying Party has failed to assume the defense and employ counsel in accordance with Section 7.2(b) (in which case the Indemnified Party shall control the defense) or (iii) the interests of the Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party with respect to such Claim are sufficiently adverse to prohibit the representation by the same counsel of both the Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party under Applicable Laws, ethical rules or equitable principles.

(d) With respect to any Claim, the Indemnifying Party shall have the sole right to consent to the entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement with respect to such Claim, on such terms as the Indemnifying Party, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate, so long as such judgment or settlement (i) does not involve any relief other than the payment of monetary damages, which shall be paid in full by the Indemnifying Party, (ii) does not involve any finding or admission of any violation of Applicable Law by the Indemnified Party or any violation of the rights of any Person by the Indemnified Party and (iii) includes, as an unconditional term thereof, the giving by the Indemnifying Party or any other Person, as applicable, of a full and unconditional release of the Indemnifying Party from all liability with respect to the matters that are subject to such Claim. Except as set forth in this Section 7.2(d), the Indemnifying Party shall not consent to the entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement with respect to any Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.

(e) Regardless of whether the Indemnifying Party chooses to defend any Claim in respect of which indemnity is sought hereunder, the Indemnified Party shall, and shall cause each of its indemnitees to, cooperate in the defense or prosecution thereof and shall furnish such records, information and testimony, provide such witnesses and attend such conferences, discovery proceedings, hearings, trials and appeals as may be reasonably requested in connection therewith. Such cooperation shall include access during normal business hours afforded to the Indemnified Party of, necords and information that are reasonably relevant to such Claim and making the Indemnified Party and other employees and agents available on a mutually convenient basis to provide additional information and explanation of any material provided hereunder, and the Indemnifying Party shall reimburse the Indemnified Party for all its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in connection therewith.

(f) If the Indemnifying Party denies or fails to timely admit any of its obligations under this Article VII regarding a Claim or fails to assume and diligently conduct the defense of any such Claim or indemnify and hold harmless the Indemnified Party with respect to any Losses arising out of such Claim throughout the period that such claim exists, then the Indemnifying Party's right to defend that Claim shall terminate and the Indemnified Party may assume the defense of, and settle, such Claim with counsel of its own choice and on such terms as the Indemnified Party deems

appropriate, without any obligation to obtain the consent of the Indemnifying Party. Additionally, the Indemnifying Party will be obligated to indemnify and hold harmless the Indemnified Party for such defense and settlement if the Indemnifying Party is determined to have breached its obligations under this Article VII with respect to such Claim and the Claim is subject to the indemnification provisions of this Article VII.

7.3 Limitations. No Person shall be entitled to recover under this Article VII for any Claim to the extent such Claim is actually recovered by such Person under any applicable insurance policies or other collateral sources. If there is such a recovery by a Person under any insurance policy or from any other collateral source subsequent to its indemnification by the Indemnifying Party, then such Person shall promptly pay over the amount of such recovery to the Indemnifying Party (but no more than the amount that such Person received from the Indemnifying Party for such Claim).

7.4 Tax Treatment of Indemnification Payments. The Parties shall treat any payments under this Article VII as adjustments to the Purchase Price for all tax purposes to the extent permitted by Applicable Law.

ARTICLE VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

8.1 <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed, interpreted and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, as applied to agreements executed and performed entirely in the State of New York, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law thereof other than Section 5-1401 of the General Obligations Law of the State of New York.

8.2 Waiver of Jury Trial. EACH PARTY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING IN CONNECTION WITH OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY AND THEREBY (WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER THEORY). EACH PARTY (I) CERTIFIES THAT NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER AND (II) ACKNOWLEDGES THAT SUCH PARTY AND THE OTHER PARTIES HAVE BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION 8.2.

8.3 Dispute Resolution

(a) Subject to Section 8.4, prior to the initiation of any arbitration among the Parties, any dispute, controversy or claim arising under, out of or in connection with this Agreement, including any subsequent amendments, regarding the validity, enforceability, construction, performance or breach hereof (a "<u>Dispute</u>") shall be first addressed among the Parties, who will attempt in good faith to reach a mutually acceptable resolution to it, which attempt will include promptly meeting in-person to the extent practicable. If a Party believes that such discussions are not proving satisfactory, then such Party shall have the right to notify such other parties in writing thereof (a "<u>Dispute</u>"). If a Party provides a Dispute Notice and the Parties have not reached a mutually acceptable resolution to the Dispute within fifteen (15) calendar days after the delivery of the Dispute Notice, then upon any Party's written notice to the other Parties (an "<u>Arbitration Notice</u>"). such Dispute shall be resolved exclusively and with final and binding effect by arbitration conducted under the Commercial Arbitration Rules (the "<u>AAA Rules</u>") of the AAA, as amended from time to time, except as provided in this Section 8.3 ("<u>Arbitration</u>").

(b) The Arbitration tribunal shall consist of three (3) arbitrators, which shall be selected as follows: (i) one (1) arbitrator shall be selected by Dermavant; (ii) one arbitrator shall be selected by the Purchasers; and (iii) one (1) arbitrator shall be selected by the two (2) foregoing arbitrators (each such arbitrator, an "<u>Arbitrator</u>"). No Arbitrator shall be current or former employees, officers or directors of, or consultants or advisors to, any Party. In the event that (x) any such Arbitrator to be selected pursuant to clause (i) above or clause (ii) above is not selected within ten (10) calendar days of the Arbitration Notice or (y) the two (2) Arbitrators selected by the Parties fail to select the third Arbitrator within ten (10) calendar days after the selection of the first two (2) Arbitrators by the Parties, then, at the request of any Party, the AAA shall make such selection(s) on behalf of the Parties in accordance with the AAA Rules. The third Arbitrator shall be a rational of a country other than that of any of the Parties (unless otherwise agreed by the Parties) and shall serve as the chairperson of the Arbitration tribunal.

(c) The venue of the Arbitration shall be New York, New York. The Arbitration shall be conducted in the English language, and all foreign language documents shall be submitted in the original language and shall be accompanied by a translation into English.

(d) Upon the written mutual agreement of all Parties, any time period specified in this Section 8.3 or the AAA Rules shall be extended or accelerated according to the Parties' written mutual agreement. The Arbitrators shall take into account both the desirability of making discovery efficient and cost-effective and the needs of the Parties for an understanding of any legitimate issue raised in the Arbitration.

(e) The costs of the Arbitration, including fees and expenses to be paid to the Arbitrators and the out-of-pocket costs (including the costs incurred for translation of documents into English, attorneys' and expert witness fees, and travel expenses) of the prevailing Party or Parties shall be bome by (i) the losing Party or Parties, if the Arbitrators rule in favor of one Party or Parties on all disputed issues in the Arbitration, and (ii) by the Parties, as allocated in writing by the Arbitrators rule in favor of one Party or Parties on all disputed issues in the Arbitration, if the Arbitrators rule in favor of one Party or Parties with respect to some issues and in favor of the other Party or Parties with respect to other issues and, in either case of clause (i) above or clause (ii) above, paid within thirty (30) calendar days from the final decision by the Arbitrators.

(f) The decision by the Arbitrators shall be final and binding on the Parties, non-reviewable and non-appealable, and judgment upon any arbitral award may be entered and enforced by any court or other judicial authority of competent jurisdiction.

(g) The existence of any Dispute, any settlement negotiations, the Arbitration, and any submissions or rulings in connection therewith shall be deemed to be Confidential Information and shall be maintained in confidence by the Parties under industry standard terms or such other terms upon which the Parties agree in writing. The Arbitrators shall have the authority to impose sanctions for unauthorized disclosure of such Confidential Information.

8.4 Equitable Relief. Each of the Parties acknowledges that the other Parties may have no adequate remedy at law if such Party fails to perform any of its obligations under any of the Transaction Documents to which such Party is or will be party. In such event, each of the Parties agrees that the other Parties shall have the right, in addition to any other rights they may have (whether at law or in equity), to pursue equitable remedies such as injunction and specific performance for the breach or threatened breach of any provision of such Transaction Documents from any court of competent jurisdiction. Each of the Parties may pursue such specific performance or other equitable remedies without first exhausting any available remedies under Article VII.

8.5 Expenses. Except as expressly set forth in the Transaction Documents, each Party shall be responsible for and bear all of its own costs and expenses (including any legal fees, any accountants' fees and any brokers', finders' or investment banking fees or any prior commitment in respect thereof) with respect to the negotiation and consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents and the Term Sheet; provided, however, that Dermavant shall pay all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent associated with the preparation, negotiation, execution, delivery and administration of the Transaction Documents and the Collateral Agent associated with the preparation, negotiation, execution, delivery and administration of the Transaction Documents and the Term Sheet (including (a) the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent associated with the decould all sourch local counsel for all Purchasers other than XYQ Luxco S.à r.l., in an aggregate amount not to exceed [***] as of the Effective Date, and (ii) one external local counsel per local jurisdiction for the Purchasers, in an amount not to exceed [***] for all such local counsel as of the Effective Date, it being understood that the amounts set forth above in this clause (a) may be increased with the consent of Dermavant, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, and (b) all out-of-pocket expenses of the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent in respect of the Transaction Documents and the Term Sheet (including the reasonable and documented fees, disbursements and other charges of one external counsel per Purchasers and the Collateral Agent per jurisdiction) in connection with the enforcement of, and preservation of rights under, the Transaction Documents and the Term Sheet (including the reasonable and documented fees, disbursements and other charges of one external counsel per Purchaser and the Collateral Agent per jurisdiction) in connection with the enforceme

8.6 <u>Relationship of the Parties</u>. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to be construed so as to suggest that any Party (except as expressly set forth herein) is obligated to provide, directly or indirectly, any advice, consultations or other services to the other Parties. No Party shall have any responsibility for the hiring, termination or compensation of the other Parties' employees or for any employee benefits of any such employee. No employee or representative of a Party shall have any authority to bind or obligate the other Parties for any sum or in any manner whatsoever or to create or impose any contractual or other liability on the other Parties without such Parties' approval. For all purposes and notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, each Party's legal relationship under this Agreement to the other Parties shall be that of independent contractor. This Agreement is not a partnership agreement, and nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to establish a relationship of employment, partners, association, joint venturers or any other kind of entity or legal form among the Parties. No Party has any fiduciary or other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the other Parties or any other special relationship with the parties or an

8.7 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. Subject to the following paragraph, neither this Agreement nor any rights or obligations hereunder may be assigned in whole or in part by any Party, by operation of law or otherwise, without the prior written consent of Dermavant (in the case of an assignment by a Purchaser) or the Purchasers (in the case of an assignment by Dermavant), such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed, it being acknowledged that compliance with the Non-Bank Rules may be considered by Dermavant in providing any such consent; provided, however, that (a) without the prior written consent of Dermavant, a Purchaser may assign this Agreement (or any rights or obligations hereunder) in whole or in part to any Affiliate of such Purchaser, (b) without the prior written consent of Dermavant, a Purchaser may assign this Agreement to rosent of any Purchaser, Dermavant may assign this Agreement to any Berson, and (c) without the prior written consent of any Purchaser, Dermavant may assign this Agreement pursuant to a transaction with a Qualified Party contemplated by and effectuated in accordance with the proviso to the definition of Change of Control. Any assignment or attempted assignment not in accordance with this Section 8.7 shall be null and void.

Notwithstanding the prior paragraph, (i) any Purchaser shall give the Swiss Seller Party notice of any assignment of any rights or obligations hereunder in whole or in part (along with the proposed assignee's confirmation as to whether the assignee is a Qualifying Bank and, if it is not, as to how many lenders it counts under the Non-Bank Rules) at least five (5) Business Days prior to such assignment, (ii) the Swiss Seller Party's reasonable belief that such assignment would violate the 10 Non-Bank Rule and (iii) if such objection is made, such assignment shall be effected only with the Swiss Seller Party's consent, not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed (it being unreasonable to withhold, condition or delay such consent unless such assignment would violate the 10 Non-Bank Rule).

Dermavant may assume that any assignee or successor of a Purchaser is not a Qualifying Bank unless such assignee or successor confirms to Dermavant that it is a Qualifying Bank.

In addition, the parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to Dermavant any tax forms or other documentation required to be delivered pursuant to Section 5.6.

8.8 <u>Notices</u>. All notices, consents, waivers, requests and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person, posted by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, with postage prepaid, sent by confirmed electronic mail, sent by confirmed facsimile transmission or sent by overnight courier (e.g., Federal Express), to the Parties as follows:

If to Dermavant:		
l	Dermavant Sciences GmbH [***] [***]	
	with a copy to:	
[Dermavant Sciences, Inc. ****] ****]	

If to a Purchaser, as set forth in such Purchaser's signature page hereto

If to the Collateral Agent:

U.S. Bank National Association, as Collateral Agent
[***]
[***]
[***]

Each Party may, by notice given in accordance herewith to the other Parties, designate any further or different address to which subsequent notices, consents, waivers, requests and other communications shall be sent. Any such notice, consent, waiver, request or other communication shall be deemed given (a) when actually received when so delivered personally or by overnight courier, (b) if mailed, other than during a period of general discontinuance or disruption of postal service due to strike, lockout or otherwise, on the fifth (5th) calendar day after its postmarked date thereof, or (c) if sent by electronic mail or facsimile transmission, at the time that receipt of such electronic mail or facsimile transmission has been confirmed by the recipient.

8.9 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision hereof should be held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith a valid, legal and enforceable substitute provision that most nearly reflects the original intent of the Parties. All other provisions hereof shall remain in full force and effect in such jurisdiction and shall be liberally construed in order to carry out the intentions of the Parties as nearly as possible. Such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect the validity, legality or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction. Nothing in this Agreement shall be interpreted so as to require a Party to violate any Applicable Law.

8.10 <u>Waivers</u>. Any term or condition of this Agreement may be waived at any time by the Party or Parties that is or are entitled to the benefit thereof, but no such waiver shall be effective unless set forth in a written instrument duly executed by or on behalf of such Party or Parties waiving such term or condition. No waiver by any Party of any term or condition of this Agreement, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be, or construed as, a waiver of the same or any other term or condition of this Agreement on any future occasion.

8.11 Entire Agreement. This Agreement (including the Exhibits and Schedules attached hereto and the Disclosure Letter), together with the other Transaction Documents, set forth all of the covenants, promises, agreements, warranties, representations, conditions and understandings among the Parties relating to the subject matter hereof and supersede and terminate all prior agreements and understandings among the Parties, including any confidentiality agreement to which Dermavant (or any Affiliate of Dermavant) and any Purchaser (or any Affiliate of any Purchaser) is party or bound, and any such confidentiality agreement is hereby terminated without further force and effect.

8.12 <u>Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties, the Collateral Agent and their permitted successors, legal representatives and assigns and, in the case of Article VII, the other Purchaser Indemnitees and Dermavant Indemnitees. Except with respect to the Purchaser Indemnitees and the Dermavant Indemnitees under Article VII, and rights, benefits and remedies under this Agreement are solely intended for the benefit of the Parties (including their permitted successors, legal representatives and assigns), and no Person other than the Parties and the Collateral Agent (except the Purchaser Indemnitees and the Dermavant Indemnitees with respect to their rights, benefits and remedies under Article VII and except for the Parties' permitted successors, legal representatives and assigns) shall have any rights whatsoever to (a) enforce any obligation contained in this Agreement, (b) seek a benefit or remedy for any breach of this Agreement or (c) take any other action relating to this Agreement under any legal theory, including actions in contract or tort (including negligence, gross negligence and strict liability) or as a defense, setoff or counterclaim to any action or claim brought or made by the Parties (or any of their permitted successors, legal representatives and assigns).

8.13 Interpretation. When a reference is made in this Agreement to Articles, Sections, Exhibits or Schedules, such reference shall be to an Article or Section of, or Exhibit or Schedule to, this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. The words "include", "includes" and "including" when used herein shall be deemed in each case to be followed by the words "without limitation" and shall not be construed to limit any general statement that it follows to the specific or similar items or matters immediately following it. The headings and captions (and any table of contents) in this Agreement are for convenience and reference purposes only and shall not be considered a part of or affect the construction or interpretation of any provision of this Agreement. Unless specified otherwise, all statements of, or references to, monetary amounts in this Agreement are to U.S. dollars. Each accounting term used herein that is not specifically defined herein shall have the meaning given to it under GAAP, but only to the extent consistent with its usage and the other definitions in this Agreement, consent or approval be specific and in writing, whether by written agreement, letter, approved minutes or otherwise. Words of any gender include any other gender, and words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number, respectively. No Party hereto shall be deemed to be the drafter of this Agreement for be purposes of construing this Agreement against any Party. Where any payment is to be made, any funds are to be applied or any calculation is to be made under this Agreement against any Party.

made on the succeeding Business Day, and payments shall be adjusted accordingly. Unless specified otherwise, if any notice or other action or omission is required to be taken by a Party under this Agreement on a day that is not a Business Day, then such notice or other action or omission shall be deemed to be required to be taken on the next occurring Business Day. Unless otherwise defined, all terms that are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York shall have the meanings stated therein. The word "or" is not exclusive. Unless otherwise specified, references to an agreement or other document include references to such agreement or document as from time to time amended, restated, reformed, supplemented or otherwise modified in accordance with the terms thereof (subject to any restrictions on such amendments, restatements, reformations, supplements or modifications set forth in any of the Transaction Documents) and include any annexes, exhibits and schedules attached thereto. Unless specified otherwise, references to any Applicable Law shall include such Applicable Law as from time to time in effect, including any amendment, modification, codification, replacement or reenactment thereof or any substitution therefor. Unless specified otherwise, references to any Person shall be construed to include such Person's successors and permitted assigns (subject to any restrictions on assignment, transfer or delegation set forth herein), and any reference to a Person in a particular capacity excludes such Person in other capacities. The word "will" shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word "shall". The words "hereof", "herein", "hereunder" and similar terms when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision hereof. In the computation of a period of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word "from" means "from and including" and each of the words "to" and "until" means "to but e

8.14 <u>Amendments</u>. This Agreement, including any Exhibits and Schedules attached hereto and the Disclosure Letter, may be amended, modified, supplemented, restated, waived or changed only by a written amendment or agreement signed by an authorized officer (or equivalent) of each Party. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (a) any Purchaser may, by providing written notice to the other Parties, amend the information set forth opposite such Purchaser's name on <u>Schedule</u> 2 attached hereto without any written amendment or agreement signed by any other Party and (b) the provisions of Article IX may be amended, modified, supplemented, restated, waived or changed by the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent without any written amendment or agreement signed by Dermavant.

8.15 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if each of the Parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one agreement. The words "execution", "signed" and "signature" and words of like import in this Agreement or in any other certificate, agreement or document related to this Agreement (to the extent permissible under governing documents) shall include images of manually executed signatures transmitted by facsimile or other electronic format (including "pdf", "tif" or "jpg") and other electronic signatures (including DocuSign and AdobeSign). The use of electronic signatures and electronic records (including any contract or other record created, generated, sent, communicated, received or stored by electronic means) shall be of the same legal effect, validity and enforceability as a manually executed signature or use of a paper-based record-keeping system to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, the New York State Electronic Signatures and Records Act and any other applicable law, including any state law based on the

Uniform Electronic Transactions Act or the Uniform Commercial Code. The foregoing shall apply to each other Transaction Document *mutatis mutandis*. Any communication sent to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement that requires a signature must be in the form of a document that is signed in the manner provided above. Dermavant, the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent agree to assume all risks arising out of the use of digital signatures and electronic methods to submit communications to the Collateral Agent, including the risk of the Collateral Agent acting on unauthorized instructions (other than any instructions actually known by the Collateral Agent to be unauthorized or otherwise invalid) and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties; <u>provided</u>, that neither Dermavant nor any Purchaser assumes any such risks if Dermavant or such Purchaser, respectively, incurs any loss, liability or expense as a result of the Collateral Agent's or any related Person's willful misconduct or gross negligence (as determined by a final, non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction).

8.16 <u>Further Assurances</u>. Each of the Parties shall execute and deliver such additional documents, certificates and instruments, and shall perform such additional acts, as may be reasonably requested and necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of all of the provisions of this Agreement and to consummate all of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

8.17 <u>Remedies</u>. The rights and remedies of the Parties under this Agreement are cumulative and not alternative. Neither the failure nor any delay by any Party in exercising any right, power or privilege under this Agreement will operate as a waiver of such right, power or privilege, and no single or partial exercise of such right, power or privilege will preclude any other or further exercise of such right, power or privilege or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. Unless specifically and expressly stated in this Agreement as exclusive, each remedy of the Parties specified in this Agreement is not exclusive, and, subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Parties shall be entitled to pursue any available legal or equitable remedy for breach of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

8.18 <u>Survival</u>. All representations, warranties and covenants made in the Transaction Documents shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Funding. The rights hereunder to indemnification, payment of Losses or other remedies based on such representations, warranties and covenants shall not be affected by any investigation conducted with respect to, or any knowledge acquired (or capable of being acquired) at any time (whether before or after the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Funding) in respect of the accuracy or inaccuracy of or compliance or non-compliance with, any such representation, warranty or covenant. The waiver of any condition based on the accuracy of any representation or warranty, or on the performance of or compliance with any covenant, shall not affect the rights hereunder to indemnification, payment of Losses or other remedies based on such representations, warranties and covenants.

8.19 <u>Waiver of Sovereign Immunity</u>. To the extent that Dermavant may in any jurisdiction claim for itself or its assets immunity (to the extent such immunity may now or hereafter exist, whether on the grounds of sovereign immunity or otherwise) from suit, execution, attachment (whether in aid of execution, before judgment or otherwise) or other legal process (whether through service of notice or otherwise), and to the extent that in any such jurisdiction there may be attributed to itself or its assets such immunity (whether or not claimed), Dermavant irrevocably agrees with respect to any matter arising under this Agreement for the benefit of the Purchasers not to claim, and irrevocably waives, such immunity to the full extent permitted by the Applicable Laws of such jurisdiction.

8.20 Currency of Account; Conversion of Currency; Currency Exchange Restrictions

(a) U.S. dollars are the sole currency of account and payment for all sums payable by Dermavant under or in connection with this Agreement, including damages related thereto. Any amount received or recovered in a currency other than U.S. dollars by any Purchaser (whether as a result of, or as a result of the enforcement of, a judgment or order of a court of any jurisdiction, in the winding up or dissolution of Dermavant or otherwise) in respect of any sum expressed to be due to it from Dermavant shall only constitute a discharge to Dermavant to the extent of the U.S. dollar amount, which the recipient is able to purchase with the amount so received or recovered in that other currency on the date of that receipt or recovery (or, if it is not practicable to make that purchase on that date, on the first date on which it is practicable to do so). If that U.S. dollar amount is less than the U.S. dollar amount expressed to be due to the recipient of the SAgreement, Dermavant shall indemnify the recipient against any loss sustained by it as a result in accordance with Section 8.20(b). In any event, Dermavant shall indemnify the recipient against the cost of making any such purchase. For the purposes of this Section 8.20, it will be sufficient for such Purchaser to certify in a satisfactory manner (indicating sources of information used) that it would have suffered a loss had an actual purchase of U.S. dollars been made with the amount so received in that other currency on the date of receipt or recovery (or, if a purchase of U.S. dollars on such date had not been practicable, on the first date on which it is practicable to a sole of making any such purchase. For the purposes of this Section 8.20, it will be sufficient for such Purchase to certify in a satisfactory manner (indicating sources of information used) that it would have suffered a loss had an actual purchase of U.S. dollars been made with the amount so received in that other currency on the date of receipt or recovery (or, if a purchase of U.S. dollars on su

(b) Dermavant covenants and agrees that the following provisions shall apply to conversion of currency in the case of this Agreement:

- (i) if for the purpose of obtaining judgment in, or enforcing the judgment of, any court in any country, it becomes necessary to convert into a currency (the "<u>Judgment Currency</u>") an amount due in any other currency (the "<u>Base Currency</u>"), then the conversion shall be made at the rate of exchange prevailing on the Business Day before the day on which the judgment is given or the order of enforcement is made, as the case may be (unless a court shall otherwise determine);
- (ii) if there is a change in the rate of exchange prevailing between the Business Day before the day on which the judgment is given or an order of enforcement is made, as the case may be (or such other date as a court shall determine), and the date of receipt of the amount due, Dermavant will pay such additional (or, as the case may be, such lesser) amount, if any, as may be necessary so that the amount paid in the Judgment Currency when converted at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of receipt will produce the amount in the Base Currency originally due; and

(iii) in the event of the winding-up of Dermavant at any time while any amount of damages owing under this Agreement, or any judgment or order rendered in respect thereof, shall remain outstanding. Dermavant shall indemnify and hold the Purchasers harmless against any deficiency arising or resulting from any variation in any rates of exchange between (1) the date as of which the non-U.S. currency equivalent of the amount due or contingently due under this Agreement (other than under this clause (iii)) is calculated for the purposes of such winding-up and (2) the final date for the filing of proofs of claim in such winding-up (which shall be the date fixed by the liquidator or otherwise in accordance with the relevant provisions of Applicable Laws as being the latest practicable date as at which liabilities of Dermavant may be ascertained for such winding-up prior to payment by the liquidator or otherwise in respect thereof).

(c) The obligations contained in this Section 8.20 shall constitute separate and independent obligations from the other obligations of Dermavant under this Agreement, shall give rise to separate and independent causes of action against Dermavant, shall apply irrespective of any waiver or extension granted by any Purchaser from time to time and shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding any judgment or order or the filing of any proof of claim in the winding-up of Dermavant for a liquidated sum in respect of amounts due hereunder (other than under Section 8.20(b)(iii)) or under any such judgment or order. Any such deficiency as aforesaid shall be deemed to constitute a loss suffered by the Purchasers and no proof or evidence of any actual loss shall be required by Dermavant or the liquidator or otherwise. In the case of Section 8.20(b)(iii), the amount of such deficiency shall not be deemed to be reduced or increased by any variation in any rate of exchange occurring between the said final date and the date of any liquidating distribution.

(d) For purposes of this Section 8.20, the term "rate of exchange" shall mean the rate of exchange quoted by Reuters at 10:00 a.m. (New York City time) for spot purchases of the Base Currency with the Judgment Currency other than the Base Currency and includes any premiums and costs of exchange payable.

8.21 <u>Swiss Terms</u>. In this Agreement, where it relates to Dermavant, a reference to any liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, winding-up, reorganization, moratorium or other proceeding under any present or future bankruptcy, insolvency or similar Applicable Law means that Dermavant is unable to or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due (*zahlungsunfähig*) or is deemed or declared to be unable to pay its debts or suspends or threatens to suspends making payments on any of its debts or (a) has initiated against it, (b) is legally obliged to initiate or (c) initiates (i) bankruptcy proceedings (*Konkurs*), (ii) proceedings leading to a provisional or a definitive composition moratorium (*provisorische oder definitive Nachlassstundung*), (iii) proceedings leading to an emergency moratorium (*Notstundung*), (iv) proceedings pursuant to article 820 in conjunction with article 725a of the Swiss Code of Obligations (*Konkursaufschub*) or (v) any proceedings pursuant to article 819 in conjunction with article 821 and 939, of the Swiss Code of Obligations that lead to its dissolution or liquidation, or any proceeding having similar effects in force at that time.

ARTICLE IX

COLLATERAL AGENT

9.1 Appointment and Duties.

(a) Each of the Purchasers hereby appoints U.S. Bank National Association (together with any successor Collateral Agent pursuant to Section 9.9) as collateral agent on behalf of the Purchasers for purposes of this Agreement and authorizes the Collateral Agent to (i) execute and deliver the Transaction Documents to which it is or will be party and accept delivery thereof from any Party, (ii) take other actions, exercise the rights, powers and remedies and perform the duties as are expressly delegated to the Collateral Agent under the Transaction Documents and (iii) exercise such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. Each of the Purchasers consents to and authorizes the Collateral Agent's execution and delivery of any intercreditor or subordination agreements from time to time as expressly contemplated by the terms hereof on behalf of such Purchasers and agrees to be bound by the terms and provisions thereof, including any purchase option contained therein.

(b) Without limiting the generality of Section 9.1(a), the Collateral Agent shall have the sole and exclusive right and authority (to the exclusion of the Purchasers), and is hereby authorized, to (i) act as collateral agent for the Purchasers for purposes of holding, and the perfection of, all Liens created by the Transaction Documents and all other purposes stated therein, (ii) manage, supervise and otherwise deal with the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents (solely in accordance with the direction of the Required Purchasers (or all Purchasers, if applicable)), (iii) take such other action as requested by the Transaction Documents, (iv) except as may be otherwise specified in any Transaction Document, exercise all remedies given to the Collateral Agent and the Purchasers with respect to the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents, whether under the Transaction Documents, Applicable Law or otherwise, and (v) execute and deliver the Transaction Documents to which it is or will be party; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Collateral Agent and the collateral adject thereto to the Collateral Agent, and each of the Purchasers hereby agrees to take such further actions to the extent, and only to the extent, so authorized and directed.

(c) Under the Transaction Documents, the Collateral Agent (i) is acting solely on behalf of the Purchasers, with duties that are entirely administrative in nature, notwithstanding the use of the defined term "Collateral Agent" and the terms "agent", "Collateral Agent" and "collateral agent" and similar terms in any Transaction Document that refer to the Collateral Agent, which terms are used for title purposes only, and (ii) is not assuming and shall not have any actual or implied obligations, functions, responsibilities or duties under any Transaction Document (regardless of whether an Event of Default has occurred or is continuing) other than as expressly set forth therein or any role as agent, fiduciary or trustee of or for any Purchaser or any other Person, and each of the Purchasers, by accepting the benefits of the Transaction Document, hereby waives and agrees not to assert any claim against the Collateral Agent based on the roles, duties and legal relationships expressly disclaimed in clause (i) above.

(d) In relation to Security Agreements that are governed by Swiss law, (i) with respect to Liens of accessory nature (*akzessorisch*), each present and future Purchaser appoints and authorizes the Collateral Agent to act in the name and on behalf of the Purchasers as their direct representative (*direkter Stellvertreter*), and (ii) with respect to Liens of non-accessory nature (*nicht-akzessorisch*), each present and future Purchaser appoints and authorizes the Collateral Agent to act in the add for the account of the Purchasers as their indirect representative (*indirekter Stellvertreter*).

9.2 <u>Binding Effect</u>. Each of the Purchasers, by accepting the benefits of the Transaction Documents, agrees that (a) any action taken (or omitted to be taken) by the Collateral Agent in accordance with the provisions of the Transaction Documents, (b) any action taken (or omitted to be taken) by the Collateral Agent in reliance upon the instructions of any Purchaser (or, where expressly required by the terms of this Agreement, a greater proportion of the Purchasers) and (c) the exercise by the Collateral Agent of the powers set forth herein or therein, together with such other powers as are reasonably incidental thereto, shall be authorized and binding upon all of the Purchasers.

9.3 Use of Discretion.

(a) The Collateral Agent shall not be required to exercise any discretion or take, or omit to take, any action, including with respect to enforcement or collection, except any action it is required to take or omit to take (i) under any Transaction Document or (ii) pursuant to instructions from any Purchaser (or, where expressly required by the terms of this Agreement, a greater proportion of the Purchasers) or counsel to such Purchasers.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 9.3(a), the Collateral Agent shall not be required to take, or omit to take, any action (i) unless, upon demand, the Collateral Agent receives an indemnification satisfactory to it from the Purchasers (or, to the extent applicable and acceptable to the Collateral Agent, any Purchaser or certain of the Purchasers or any other Person or Persons) against all Liabilities that, by reason of such action or omission, may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Collateral Agent or (ii) that is, in the opinion of the Collateral Agent or its counsel, contrary to any Transaction Document or Applicable Law.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any other Transaction Document, the authority to enforce rights and remedies hereunder and under the other Transaction Documents against the Responsible Parties or any of them with respect to the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents shall be vested exclusively in, and all actions and proceedings at law in connection with such enforcement shall be instituted and maintained exclusively by, the Collateral Agent in accordance with the Transaction Documents for the benefit of all the Purchasers; provided, that the foregoing shall not prohibit (i) the Collateral Agent from exercising on its own behalf the rights and remedies that inure to its benefit (solely in its capacity as Collateral Agent) hereunder and under the other Transaction Documents, (ii) any Purchaser from exercising any setoff rights in accordance with this Agreement or (iii) any Purchaser from filing proofs of claim (and thereafter appearing and filing pleadings on its own behalf during the pendency of a proceeding relative to any Responsible Party under any bankruptcy or other debtor relief law), but in the case of this clause (iii) if, and solely if, the Collateral Agent has not filed such proof of claim or other instrument of similar character within five (5) days before the expiration of the time to file the same.

9.4 <u>Delegation of Rights and Duties</u>. The Collateral Agent may, upon any term or condition it specifies, delegate or exercise any of its rights, powers and remedies under, and delegate or perform any of its duties or any other action with respect to, any Transaction Document by or through any trustee, co-agent, employee, attorney-in-fact or other Person, in each case, selected with due care and with experience acting as a collateral agent for similar collateral (but excluding any Purchaser or any Affiliate of a Purchaser unless the Required Purchasers have consented thereto); <u>provided</u>, that the Collateral Agent shall remain fully responsible for all obligations delegated or performed by any such trustee, co-agent, employee, attorney-in-fact or other Person, but shall incur no liability unless the Collateral Agent has engaged in gross negligence or willful misconduct in the appointment of such agent. Any such Person shall benefit from this Article IX to the extent that the Collateral Agent benefits from this Article IX.

9.5 Reliance and Liability.

(a) The Collateral Agent may, without incurring any liability hereunder, (i) consult with (whether or not selected by it) any advisors, accountants and other experts (including advisors to, and accountants and experts engaged by, any Responsible Party or any of the Purchasers) and (ii) rely and act upon any document and information (including those transmitted by electronic transmission) and any telephone message or conversation, in each case believed by it to be genuine and transmitted, signed or otherwise authenticated by the appropriate parties.

(b) The Collateral Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it under or in connection with any Transaction Document, and each of the Parties hereby waives and shall not assert any right, claim or cause of action based thereon, except to the extent of liabilities resulting primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Collateral Agent (as determined in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction) in connection with the duties expressly set forth herein. Without limiting the foregoing, the Collateral Agent (i) shall not be responsible or otherwise incur liability for any action or omission taken in reliance upon the instructions of any Purchaser (or, where expressly required by the terms of this Agreement, a greater proportion of the Purchasers), (ii) shall not be responsible to any Purchaser or other Person for the due execution, legality, validity, enforceability, effectiveness, genuineness, sufficiency or value of, or the attachment, perfection or priority of any Lien created or purported to be created under or in connection with, any Transaction Document, (iii) makes no representation or warranty, and shall not be responsible, to any Purchaser or other Person for any statement, document, information, representation or warranty made or furnished by or on behalf of any other party to a Transaction Document in connection with such Transaction Document or any transaction contemplated therein or any other document or information with respect to any other party to a Transaction Document, whether or not transmitted or (except for documents expressly required under any Transaction Document to be transmitted to the Purchasers) omitted to be transmitted by the Collateral Agent in connection with the Transaction Document, whether or not transmitted by the Collateral Agent in connection with the Transaction Document, is satisfied or waived, as to the financial condition of any of any Transaction Document, whether any condition set forth in any T

Responsible Party or as to the existence or continuation or possible occurrence or continuation of any Event of Default and shall not be deemed to have notice or knowledge of such occurrence or continuation unless it has received a notice from a Party describing such Event of Default clearly labeled "notice of default", and (v) shall have no obligation to file financing statements, amendments to financing statements, or continuation statements, or to perfect or maintain the perfection of the Collateral Agent's Lien on the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents. For each of the items set forth in the preceding sentence, each of the Parties hereby waives and agrees not to assert any right, claim or cause of action it might have against the Collateral Agent based thereon. Whether or not expressly stated in any Transaction Document, the rights, privileges and immunities of the Collateral Agent set forth herein shall be incorporated therein.

9.6 <u>Collateral Agent Individually</u>. The Collateral Agent and its Affiliates may make loans and other extensions of credit to, acquire stock and stock equivalents of, and engage in any kind of business with, any Party or Affiliate thereof as though it were not acting as the Collateral Agent and may receive separate fees and other payments therefor.

9.7 <u>Credit Decision</u>. Each of the Purchasers acknowledges that it shall, independently and without reliance upon the Collateral Agent or any other Purchaser or upon any document solely or in part because such document was transmitted by the Collateral Agent, conduct its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs of the Responsible Parties and make and continue to make its own credit decisions in connection with entering into, and taking or not taking any action under, any Transaction Document or with respect to any transaction contemplated in any Transaction Document, in each case based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate. Except for documents expressly required by any Transaction Document to be transmitted by the Collateral Agent to the Purchasers, the Collateral Agent shall not have any duty or responsibility to provide any Purchaser with any credit or other information concerning the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition or creditworthiness of any Responsible Party that may come into the possession of the Collateral Agent.

9.8 Expenses and Indemnities.

(a) Dermavant agrees to reimburse the Collateral Agent promptly upon demand for any costs and expenses (including fees, charges and disbursements of financial, legal and other advisors and Other Taxes paid in the name of, or on behalf of, any Party) that may be incurred by the Collateral Agent in connection with the preparation, execution, delivery, administration, modification, consent, waiver or enforcement of, or the taking of any other action (whether through negotiations, through any work-out, bankruptcy, restructuring or other legal or other proceeding (including preparation for or response to any subpoena or request for document production relating thereto) or otherwise) in respect of, or legal advice with respect to, its rights or responsibilities under any Transaction Document. This Section 9.8(a) shall survive termination of this Agreement.

(b) Dermavant further agrees to indemnify the Collateral Agent from and against Liabilities that may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Collateral Agent in any matter relating to or arising out of, in connection with or as a result of any Transaction Document or any other act, event or transaction related, contemplated in or attendant to any such document, or, in each case, any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Collateral Agent under or with

respect to any of the foregoing; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Dermavant shall not be liable to the Collateral Agent to the extent such liability has resulted primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Collateral Agent, as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final non-appealable judgment or order. This Section 9.8(b) shall survive termination of this Agreement.

(c) To the extent that Dermavant does not timely indemnify the Collateral Agent pursuant to Section 9.8(b), each Purchaser agrees, severally but not jointly, to indemnify the Collateral Agent from and against Liabilities that may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Collateral Agent in any matter relating to or arising out of, in connection with or as a result of any Transaction Document or any other act, event or transaction related, contemplated in or attendant to any such document, or, in each case, any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Collateral Agent under or with respect to any of the foregoing; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Purchasers shall not be liable to the Collateral Agent to the extent such liability has resulted primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Collateral Agent, as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final non-appealable judgment or order. This Section 9.8(c) shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

9.9 Resignation or Removal of Collateral Agent.

(a) The Collateral Agent may resign at any time by delivering notice of such resignation to the Parties, effective on the date set forth in such notice or, if no such date is set forth therein, on the date such notice shall be effective in accordance with the terms of this Section 9.9. If the Collateral Agent delivers any such notice, the Required Purchasers shall have the right to appoint a successor Collateral Agent. If, after 30 days after the date of the resigning Collateral Agent's notice of resignation, no successor Collateral Agent has been appointed by the Required Purchasers and has accepted such appointment, then the resigning Collateral Agent may, on behalf of the Purchasers, appoint a successor Collateral Agent from among the Purchasers.

(b) The Required Purchasers may remove the Collateral Agent at any time by delivering notice of such removal to the Collateral Agent, effective on the date set forth in such notice or, if no such date is set forth therein, on the date such notice shall be effective in accordance with the terms of this Section 9.9. If the Required Purchasers deliver any such notice, the Required Purchasers shall appoint a successor Collateral Agent that shall have accepted such appointment.

(c) Effective immediately upon a Collateral Agent's resignation or removal, (i) the resigning or removed Collateral Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations under the Transaction Documents, (ii) the Purchasers shall assume and perform all of the duties of the Collateral Agent until a successor Collateral Agent shall have accepted a valid appointment hereunder, (iii) the resigning or removed Collateral Agent shall no longer have the benefit of any provision of any Transaction Document other than with respect to any actions taken or omitted to be taken while such resigning or removed Collateral Agent under the Transaction Document other than bene, validly acting as Collateral Agent under the Transaction Document and (iv) subject to its rights under Section 9.3, the resigning or removed Collateral Agent under the Transaction Documents and (iv) subject to its rights under Section 9.3, the resigning or removed Collateral Agent under the Transaction Documents. Effective immediately upon its acceptance of a valid appointment as Collateral Agent, a successor Collateral Agent shall succeed to, and become vested with, all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the resigning or removed Collateral Agent under the Transaction Documents.

9.10 <u>Release of Collateral</u>. Each of the Purchasers hereby consents to the release and hereby directs the Collateral Agent to release any collateral identified in the Transaction Documents in accordance with the specific terms and provisions of the Transaction Documents. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any other Transaction Document, the Collateral Agent is hereby irrevocably authorized by each Purchaser (and each such Purchaser hereby expressly consents), and the Collateral Agent hereby agrees with Dermavant, to take any action reasonably requested by Dermavant to effect the release of any collateral from the Lien created by the Security Agreements (a) upon the occurrence of the Termination Date for all Purchasers (provided that all amounts due and payable under this Agreement through the Termination Date have been paid in full) or (b) if such collateral is sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of to a Person other than a Controlling Affiliate in a transaction expressly permited by this Agreement. In addition, the Collateral Agent is hereby irrevocably authorized by each Purchaser (and each such Purchaser hereby expressly consents), and the Collateral Agent hereby agrees with Dermavant, to, at Dermavant's request, neri into such documents as Dermavant may reasonably request to enter a non-disturbance agreement (or similar agreement) in connection with the entry by Dermavant, the Collateral Agent and the Purchasers. The Purchasers hereby direct the Collateral Agent, and the Collateral Agent hereby agrees, upon receipt by the Purchasers and the Collateral Agent of reasonable advance written notice (but in no event less than ten Business Days advance written notice) from Dermavant accompanied by an officer's certificat stating such release complies with the Transaction Documents, to, unless any Purchaser has provided a written objection to such release to the Collateral Agent and the Purchasers Witten notice, execute and deliver such documents and to perform other actions reason

9.11 <u>Credit Bid</u>. Each of the Purchasers hereby irrevocably authorizes the Collateral Agent, on behalf of all the Purchasers, to take any of the following actions upon the instruction of the Required Purchasers:

(a) consent to the disposition of all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents, free and clear of the Liens securing the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder, in connection with any disposition pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 11 of the United States Code, including Section 363 thereof;

(b) credit bid all or any portion of the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder, or purchase all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any disposition of all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents, pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 11 of the United States Code, including Section 363 thereof;

(c) credit bid all or any portion of the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder, or purchase all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any disposition of all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code, including Section 9 610 or Section 9 620 of the Uniform Commercial Code;

(d) credit bid all or any portion of the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder, or purchase all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents (in each case, either directly or through one or more acquisition vehicles), in connection with any foreclosure or other disposition conducted in accordance with Applicable Law following the occurrence of an Event of Default, including by power of sale, judicial action or otherwise; or

(e) estimate the amount of any contingent or unliquidated obligations of any of the Purchasers hereunder;

it being understood that no Purchaser shall be required to fund any amount (other than by means of offset) in connection with any purchase of all or any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents by the Collateral Agent pursuant to clause (b) above, clause (c) above or clause (d) above without its prior written consent.

Each of the Purchasers agrees that the Collateral Agent is under no obligation to credit bid any part of the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder or to purchase or retain or acquire any portion of the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents; <u>provided</u>, that, in connection with any credit bid or purchase described under clause (b) above, clause (c) above or clause (d) above, the obligations of the Responsible Parties hereunder (other than with respect to contingent or unliquidated liabilities as set forth in the next paragraph) may be, and shall be, credit bid by the Collateral Agent on a ratable basis.

With respect to each contingent or unliquidated claim that is an obligation of the Responsible Parties hereunder, the Collateral Agent is hereby authorized, but is not required, to estimate the amount thereof for purposes of any credit bid or purchase described in the first paragraph of this Section 9.11 so long as the estimation of the amount or liquidation of such claim would not unduly delay the ability of the Collateral Agent to credit bid such obligation or purchase such collateral in the relevant disposition. In the event that the Collateral Agent, in its sole and absolute discretion (at the direction of the Required Purchasers), elects not to estimate any such contingent or unliquidated claim or any such claim cannot be estimated without unduly delaying the ability of the Collateral Agent to consummate any credit bid or purchase in accordance with the first paragraph of this Section 9.11, then any contingent or unliquidated claims not so estimated shall be disregarded, shall not be credit bid and shall not be entitled to any interest in the portion or the entirety of such collateral purchased by means of such credit bid.

Each Purchaser whose obligations are credit bid under clause (b) above, clause (c) above or clause (d) above shall be entitled to receive interests in the collateral identified in the Transaction Documents or any other asset acquired in connection with such credit bid (or in the stock of the acquisition vehicle or vehicles that are used to consummate such acquisition) on a ratable basis in accordance with its Percentage Interests.

9.12 Erroneous Payments

(a) Each Purchaser hereby agrees that (i) if the Collateral Agent notifies in writing such Purchaser that the Collateral Agent has determined in its sole discretion that any funds received by such Purchaser from the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates were erroneously transmitted to, or otherwise erroneously or mistakenly received by such Purchaser (whether or not known to such Purchaser) (individually and collectively, an "<u>Erroneous Payment</u>") and demands in writing the return of such Erroneous Payment (or a portion thereof) (provided, that, without limiting any other rights or remedies (whether at law or in equity), the Collateral Agent may not make any such demand under this clause (i) with respect to an Erroneous Payment unless such demand is made within two Business Days of the date of receipt of such Erroneous Payment by the applicable Purchaser), such Purchaser shall promptly, but in no event later than two Business Days after receipt of such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) as to which such a written demand was made, in same day funds (in the currency so received), together with, if identified in such written demand, interest thereon in respect of each day from and including the date such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) was received by such Purchaser to the date such amount is repaid to the Collateral Agent in same day funds (in the extent permitted by Applicable Law, such Purchaser shall not assert any right or claim to the Erroneous Payment, and such Purchaser hereby waives any claim, counterclaim, defense or right of set-off or recoupment with respect to any demand, claim or counterclaim by the Collateral Agent for the return of any Erroneous Payments received, including waiver of any defense based on "discharge for value" or any similar doctrine. A written notice of the Collateral Agent to any Purchaser under this Section 9.12(a) shall be conclusive, absent manifest error.

(b) Without limiting Section 9.12(a), each Purchaser hereby further agrees that, if it receives an Erroneous Payment from the Collateral Agent (or any of its Affiliates) (i) that is in a different amount than, or on a different date from, that specified in a written notice of payment sent by the Collateral Agent (or any of its Affiliates) with respect to such Erroneous Payment (an "<u>Erroneous Payment Notice</u>"), (ii) that was not preceded or accompanied by an Erroneous Payment Notice or (iii) that such Purchaser otherwise becomes aware was transmitted, or received, in error or by mistake (in whole or in part), in each case, an error shall have been presumed to have been made (absent written confirmation from the Collateral Agent to the contrary) with respect to such Erroneous Payment, and, to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, such Purchaser shall not assert any right or claim to the Erroneous Payment, and such Purchaser hereby waives any claim, counterclaim, defense or right of set-off or recoupment with respect to any demand, claim or counterclaim by the Collateral Agent for the return of any Erroneous Payments received, including waiver of any defense based on "discharge for value" or any similar doctrine. Each Purchaser agrees that, in each such case, it shall promptly (and, in all events, within one Business Day of its knowledge (or deemed knowledge) of such error) notify the Collateral Agent of such occurrence and, upon written demand, from the Collateral Agent, such Purchaser shall promptly, but in all events no later than two Business Days after receipt of such written demand, fin the currency so received), together with, if identified in such written demand, interest thereon in respect to f each day from and including the date such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) was received by such Purchaser to the date such amount is repaid to the Collateral Agent in same day funds at a rate determined by the Collateral Agent in accordance with banking industry rules on interbank compensation from time to

(c) Each Party hereby agrees that (i) in the event an Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) is not recovered from any Purchaser that has received such Erroneous Payment (or portion thereof) for any reason, the Collateral Agent shall be subrogated to all the rights of such Purchaser with respect to such amount, and (ii) an Erroneous Payment shall not satisfy any obligations owed by Dermavant hereunder.

(d) Each Party's obligations under this Section 9.12 shall survive the resignation or replacement of the Collateral Agent or the satisfaction of obligations owed by Dermavant hereunder.

{Signature pages follow}

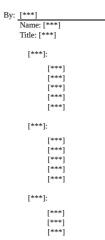
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Revenue Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date.

DERMAVANT SCIENCES GMBH

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

PURCHASER:

XYQ LUXCO S.À R.L.



PURCHASER:	
NOVAQUEST CO-INVESTMENT FU	ND XVII, L.P.
[***]	
By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]	
Notice Information:	
[***] [***] [***] [***] [***]	
[***] ([***] notice) to:	
[***] [***] [***] [***] [***]	
[***]	
[***] [***] [***]	
	[Signature Page t

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PURCHASER:

MAM TAPIR LENDER, LLC

By:	[***]	
	Name: [***]	
	Title: [***]	
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Solely for purposes of Article IX:

COLLATERAL AGENT:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION:

By: [***] Name: [***] Title: [***]

List of Subsidiaries of Roivant Sciences Ltd.

* The names of certain other subsidiaries of Roivant Sciences Ltd. are omitted because, considered in the aggregate, they would not constitute a "significant subsidiary."

	Jurisdiction of Incorporation or
Company	Formation
Affivant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Affivant Sciences Ltd.	Bermuda
Affivant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Alyvant GmbH	Switzerland
Alyvant Holdings, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Alyvant Ltd.	Bermuda
Alyvant Therapeutics, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Alyvant, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Aruvant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Aruvant Sciences Ltd.	Bermuda
Aruvant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Cytovant Sciences Co., Ltd.	China
Cytovant Sciences HK Limited	Hong Kong
Dermavant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Dermavant Sciences Ltd.	Bermuda
Dermavant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
DSL Treasury Holdings, Inc.	United States – Delaware
DSL Treasury, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Genevant Sciences BioVentures GmbH	Switzerland
Genevant Sciences Corporation	Canada
Genevant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Genevant Sciences Utd.	Bermuda
Genevant Sciences. Inc.	United States – Delaware
Immunovant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Immunovant Sciences Ghibir	United Kingdom
Immunovant Sciences Holdings Emilieu	Bermuda
Immunovant. Inc.	United States – Delaware
IMUT Corporation	United States – Delaware
Izana Bioscience Limited	United Kingdom
Kinevant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
	Bermuda
Kinevant Sciences Ltd.	
Kinevant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Lokavant Holdings, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Lokavant, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Lysovant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Lysovant Sciences Ltd.	Bermuda
Lysovant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Oncopia Therapeutics, Inc. d/b/a/ Proteovant Therapeutics, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Pharmavant 3 Ltd.	Bermuda
Pharmavant 3, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Pharmavant 8, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Proteovant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Roivant Asia Cell Therapy Holdings Ltd.	Bermuda
Roivant China Holdings Ltd.	Bermuda
Roivant Sciences GmbH	Switzerland
Roivant Sciences, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Roivant Treasury Holdings, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Roivant Treasury, Inc.	United States – Delaware
Sinovant Sciences HK Limited	Hong Kong
VantAI Holdings, Inc.	United States – Delaware
VantAI, Inc.	United States – Delaware

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM'S CONSENT

We consent to the inclusion in this Registration Statement of Roivant Sciences Ltd. on Form S-4 (Amendment No. 1) (File No. 333-256165) of our report dated March 22, 2021, except for the effects of the restatement discussed in Note 2 as to which the date is May 13, 2021, with respect to our audit of the financial statements of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. as of December 31, 2020 and for the period from July 6, 2020 (inception) through December 31, 2020, which report appears in the Proxy Statement and Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to our Firm under the heading "Experts" in such Proxy Statement and Prospectus.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP Costa Mesa, California June 30, 2021

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated June 30, 2021, included in the Proxy Statement of Montes Archimedes Acquisition Corp. that is made a part of Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-256165) and Prospectus of Roivant Sciences Ltd. for the registration of 51,339,779 common shares and 30,750,276 warrants to purchase common shares.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Iselin, New Jersey June 30, 2021